

ESPN – Flash report

Increase of the minimum wage in Portugal in a context of continued austerity







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	Portugal
Theme(s):	Social Inclusion
Title:	Increase of the minimum wage in Portugal in a context of
	continued austerity
Category:	Policy measure
Abstract:	The Portuguese Government has recently approved the increase of
	the minimum wage, after a freezing of almost four years. The
	minimum wage has now been increased from EUR 485 to EUR 505
	per month. This uprate will reach approximately 400 thousand
	workers, benefitting over 10% of the total workforce.
Description:	The minimum wage (retribuição mínima mensal garantida, RMMG)
	in Portugal had been increased for the last time in 2010, in spite of
	a formal agreement signed in December 2006 among social
	partners that defined the conditions for a regular uprating of the
	national minimum wage: the RMMG would be annually increased
	until it reached EUR 500 by the end of 2011. The freezing of that
	uprate till the beginning of October 2014 was based on the
	evolution of the economic situation thereafter. Following a recent
	decision by the coalition government, the uprated minimum wage
	has now been set at EUR 505 per month, starting on the first
	October 2014. According to the Government, it will cover
	approximately 400 thousand workers (12% of the total workforce,
	8.7% men and 16.5% women).
	The decision to increase the RMMG is relevant from a social
	inclusion standpoint. The latest data from Eurostat show that, in
	2012, 10.5% of the working population was at risk of poverty,
	compared to 18.7% overall. However, throughout time, the
	working poor population has been representing a significant part of
	the poor. In 2012, it represented approximately 30%, which
	demonstrates the importance of the phenomenon that finds its
	roots in a labour market largely based on low salaries and on the
	system of social protection. The issue raised immediate
	controversy/debate among social partners. The left wing
	Confederation of Portuguese Workers (CGTP-IN), the largest trade
	union federation, considered the decision to be tardy and
	insufficient. As a response, the Government accused the CGTP-IN
	of firstly demanding the increase and then of devaluing its
0 11 1 0	accomplishment.
Outlook &	The decision to uprate the RMMG rekindled the ongoing debate
Commentary:	regarding the protection granted by the minimum wage regarding
	poverty. In fact, even after the increase, the minimum wage will
	only achieve to pull people out of poverty if the worker has no
	dependents. This shows that, in Portugal, having a job is not a firm
	guarantee of protection against poverty. The new value of the

	RMMG will be in place until December 31, 2015. The Portuguese Government recently reaffirmed its commitment to respect the 2015 deadline for Portugal to exit the Excessive Deficit Procedure, and will thus maintain austerity.
Further	Decree-Law 144/2014 of September 30 available at
reading:	http://www4.seg-
	social.pt/documents/10152/6829461/DL_144_2014
	"Acordo relativo à atualização da retribuição mínima mensal garantida, competitividade e promoção do emprego" (Text of the Agreement regarding the uprate of the national minimum salary, competition and employment promotion), 24 September 2014 available at http://cip.org.pt/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/2014-09-24-CIP-Acordo-tripartido-RMMG.pdf
	"Governo e parceiros sociais acordam no aumento do salário
	mínimo para 505 euros", in Portuguese Government webpage,
	released on September 24 available at
	http://www.portugal.gov.pt/pt/os-ministerios/ministerio-da- solidariedade-e-seguranca-social/mantenha-se-
	atualizado/20140924-msess-salario-minimo.aspx
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