CALL FOR PROPOSALS EAC/S20/2019

Sport as a tool for integration and social inclusion of refugees

1. INTRODUCTION – BACKGROUND


Considering the growing number of refugees settling in the European Union, there is an increasing need for effective integration and social inclusion initiatives.

Sport can be an efficient tool in order to facilitate a successful integration of refugees; and local sport projects have an increasing role in facilitating refugees' integration into new communities. Across the European Union, at Member States' level or within European Union programmes, a wide range of initiatives have been taken and innovative projects are already being implemented.

The potential of sport as a tool for social inclusion has now been well documented. Sport projects contribute to the social inclusion of refugees in host communities; the opportunities they provide are more and more exploited in many EU Member States. This preparatory action is a contribution to this effort and to a better integration of refugees through sport.

2. OBJECTIVE(S) – THEME(S) – PRIORITIES

In the continuation of the 2016 call for proposals on "Promoting HEPA policy measures and actions for refugees", and of the 2017 and 2018 call for proposals "Sport as a tool for integration and social inclusion of refugees", the current preparatory action aims at supporting sport projects focused on the integration of refugees. Approximately 10 projects would be selected.

Through concrete actions aiming at integrating refugees through sport, which will constitute the main share of funded projects, and additional action aiming at building networks and disseminating good practices in the EU, the expected outcomes of this preparatory action will include:
• Promoting the direct engagement of refugees and host communities;
• Promoting a Europe-wide approach, increasing the potential for host communities to successfully engage and integrate refugees through sport.
• Developing the links between organisations promoting the integration of refugees through sport at EU level.
• Creating a platform of projects aiming at promoting sport as a tool for integration and social inclusion of refugees
• Collecting and disseminating good practices, through IT tools, workshops, seminars and conferences, relating to available results of projects and initiatives aimed at the integration of refugees through sport.

The term "refugee" indicates people having formal refugee status in an EU Member State as well as people who have officially applied for refugee status in the EU and whose applications have not yet been processed. People with a migration background who are not "refugees" are excluded from the scope of this call for proposals.

The implementation of the pilot project will take due regard to complementarity with the EU Erasmus+ Sport programme, with the actions eligible under the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF), as well as with those currently funded under the pilot project ‘promoting health-enhancing physical activity across Europe.’

This preparatory action will be implemented through 2 lots.

**Lot 1:** organisation of sport activities in order to promote integration and social inclusion of refugees. The expected outputs would be the following:

• Organise sport activities for refugees
• Promote the practice of sport and physical activity by refugees
• Promote the cooperation of refugees and host communities in the organisation of sport activities
• Promote European Wide practices and methodologies increasing the potential of European host communities to successfully engage and integrate refugees through sport
• Participate in the European Network (see lot 2) in order to valorise the outcome of the project

**Lot 2:** networking and dissemination. The expected outputs would be the following:

• Create and maintain links between projects selected under the current call for proposals, with the aim of selecting and spreading good practices
• Organize a platform of projects selected under PP/PA promoting “sport as a tool for integration and social inclusion of refugees” (years 2016-2019)
• Support the dissemination of good practices and initiatives taken throughout the EU
• Raise awareness about the strategies implemented in order to promote the integration and social inclusion of refugees through sport.
• Organise an yearly meeting/conference of the concerned projects.

3. **TIMETABLE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Steps</th>
<th>Date and time or indicative period</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Publication of the call</td>
<td>May 2019</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) <strong>Deadline for submitting applications</strong></td>
<td>04/07/2019 (12:00pm Brussels time)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) Evaluation period</td>
<td>July-October 2019</td>
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<td>(d) Information to applicants</td>
<td>November 2019</td>
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<tr>
<td>(e) Signature of grant agreements</td>
<td>December 2019</td>
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4. **BUDGET AVAILABLE**

The total budget earmarked for the co-financing of projects under this call for proposals is estimated at 2,900,000 EUR.

The EU grant is limited to a maximum co-financing rate of 80% of eligible costs.

The maximum amount to be awarded per project under lot 1 is 300,000 EUR. The minimum amount would be of 200,000 EUR.

The maximum amount to be awarded per project under lot 2 is 600,000 EUR. The minimum amount would be of 400,000 EUR.

The Commission expects to fund approximately 9 proposals under lot 1.

The Commission expects to fund 1 project under lot 2.

The Commission reserves the right not to distribute all the funds available.

5. **ADMISSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

In order to be admissible, applications must be:

- sent no later than the deadline for submitting applications referred to in section 3;
- submitted in writing (see section 14), using the electronic submission system available at [https://ec.europa.eu/sport/calls_en](https://ec.europa.eu/sport/calls_en); and
- drafted in one of the EU official languages.

Failure to comply with those requirements will lead to rejection of the application.
6. **Eligibility Criteria**

6.1. **Eligible applicants**

For both lot 1 and lot 2, in order to be eligible, projects must be presented by applicants meeting the following criteria:

- be a public or private organisation with legal personality who are mainly active in the sport field and that regularly organise sport competitions, at any level;
- have their registered legal office in one of the EU Member States.

Proposals may be submitted by any of the following applicants (the list is not exhaustive and is given for example only):

- International or European Sport federations
- Non-profit organisation (private or public);
- Public authorities (national, regional, local);
- International or European organisations;
- Sport clubs;
- Universities;
- Educational institutions;
- Research centres;
- Companies.

Natural persons are not eligible to apply for a grant under this call.

For British applicants:

Please be aware that eligibility criteria must be complied with for the entire duration of the grant. If the United Kingdom withdraws from the EU during the grant period without concluding an agreement with the EU ensuring in particular that British applicants continue to be eligible, you will cease to receive EU funding (while continuing, where possible, to participate) or be required to leave the project on the basis of Article II.17.2 of the grant agreement.

**Supporting documents**

In order to assess the applicants' eligibility, the following supporting documents are requested:

- **private entity**: extract from the official journal, copy of articles of association, extract of trade or association register, certificate of liability to VAT (if, as in certain countries, the trade register number and VAT number are identical, only one of these documents is required);
- **public entity**: copy of the resolution, decision or other official document establishing the public-law entity.

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1. Articles 194(1)(b) and 197 FR
6.2.  Eligible activities

The activities must be enshrined within the framework of European common values\(^2\) and respect these essential principles and more particularly non-discrimination, tolerance and gender equality.

A non-exhaustive list of the main activities eligible under this call for proposals is listed below:

**Lot 1**

- Sport activities aimed at promoting participation of refugees into EU societies
- Preparation and training of sport coaches and staff who will work on integration and social inclusion of refugees through sport
- Development, of activities and identification of good practices about participation of refugees into sport activities aimed at their integration into host societies.

**Lot 2**

- Creation of a European Network in order to valorise the outcome of the projects selected under Lot 1 and to maintain links between those projects, with the aim of selecting and spreading good practices.
- Design and development of networks at EU level amongst organisations engaged into the integration of refugees through sport.
- Organisation of workshops, seminars and conferences aimed at making accessible information, expertise and cooperation opportunities relating to integration of refugees into EU societies through sport.

These activities must take place in the EU Member States. The duration of the project will be of a minimum of 24 months and of a maximum of 36 months.

Implementation period:

- Activities may not start before 01-01-2020
- Activities are to be completed by 31-12-2022.

Applications for projects scheduled to run for a shorter or longer period than that specified in this call for proposals will not be accepted.

7.  **Exclusion Criteria**

7.1.  Exclusion

The authorising officer shall exclude an applicant from participating in call for proposals procedures where:

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\(^2\) As specified under article 2 of the Treaty on European Union ((Official Journal C 326, 26/10/2012 P. 0001 – 0390): “The Union is founded on the values of respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law and respect for human rights, including the rights of persons belonging to minorities. These values are common to the Member States in a society in which pluralism, non-discrimination, tolerance, justice, solidarity and equality between women and men prevail.”
(a) the applicant is bankrupt, subject to insolvency or winding-up procedures, its assets are being administered by a liquidator or by a court, it is in an arrangement with creditors, its business activities are suspended, or it is in any analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for under EU or national laws or regulations;

(b) it has been established by a final judgment or a final administrative decision that the applicant is in breach of its obligations relating to the payment of taxes or social security contributions in accordance with the applicable law;

(c) it has been established by a final judgment or a final administrative decision that the applicant is guilty of grave professional misconduct by having violated applicable laws or regulations or ethical standards of the profession to which the applicant belongs, or by having engaged in any wrongful intent or gross negligence, including, in particular, any of the following:
   (i) fraudulently or negligently misrepresenting information required for the verification of the absence of grounds for exclusion or the fulfilment of eligibility or selection criteria or in the performance of a contract, a grant agreement or a grant decision;
   (ii) entering into agreement with other applicants with the aim of distorting competition;
   (iii) violating intellectual property rights;
   (iv) attempting to influence the decision-making process of the [Commission] [Agency] during the award procedure;
   (v) attempting to obtain confidential information that may confer upon it undue advantages in the award procedure;

(d) it has been established by a final judgment that the applicant is guilty of any of the following:
   (ii) corruption, as defined in Article 4(2) of Directive (EU) 2017/1371 or Article 3 of the Convention on the fight against corruption involving officials of the European Communities or officials of Member States of the European Union, drawn up by the Council Act of 26 May 1997, or conduct referred to in Article 2(1) of Council Framework Decision 2003/568/JHA, or corruption as defined in the applicable law;
   (iii) conduct related to a criminal organisation, as referred to in Article 2 of Council Framework Decision 2008/841/JHA;
   (iv) money laundering or terrorist financing within the meaning of Article 1(3), (4) and (5) of Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council;
   (v) terrorist offences or offences linked to terrorist activities, as defined in Articles 1 and 3 of Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA, respectively, or inciting, aiding, abetting or attempting to commit such offences, as referred to in Article 4 of that Decision;
(vi) child labour or other offences concerning trafficking in human beings as referred to in Article 2 of Directive 2011/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council;

(e) the applicant has shown significant deficiencies in complying with main obligations in the performance of a contract, a grant agreement or a grant decision financed by the Union's budget, which has led to its early termination or to the application of liquidated damages or other contractual penalties, or which has been discovered following checks, audits or investigations by an authorising officer, OLAF or the Court of Auditors;

(f) it has been established by a final judgment or final administrative decision that the applicant has committed an irregularity within the meaning of Article 1(2) of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95;

(g) It has been established by a final judgement or final administrative decision that the applicant has created an entity in a different jurisdiction with the intent to circumvent fiscal, social or any other legal obligations of mandatory application in the jurisdiction of its registered office, central administration or principal place of business;

(h) it has been established by a final judgement or final administrative decision that an entity has been created with the intent referred to in point (g);

(i) for the situations referred to in points (c) to (h) above, the applicant is subject to:

   (i) facts established in the context of audits or investigations carried out by European Public Prosecutor's Office after its establishment, the Court of Auditors, the European Anti-Fraud Office or the internal auditor, or any other check, audit or control performed under the responsibility of an authorising officer of an EU institution, of a European office or of an EU agency or body;

   (ii) non-final judgments or non-final administrative decisions which may include disciplinary measures taken by the competent supervisory body responsible for the verification of the application of standards of professional ethics;

   (iii) facts referred to in decisions of persons or entities being entrusted with EU budget implementation tasks;

   (iv) information transmitted by Member States implementing Union funds;

   (v) decisions of the Commission relating to the infringement of Union competition law or of a national competent authority relating to the infringement of Union or national competition law; or

   (vi) decisions of exclusion by an authorising officer of an EU institution, of a European office or of an EU agency or body.

7.2. Remedial measures

If an applicant declares one of the situations of exclusion listed above (see section 7.4), it must indicate the measures it has taken to remedy the exclusion situation, thus demonstrating its reliability. This may include e.g. technical, organisational and personnel measures to correct the conduct and prevent further occurrence, compensation of damage or payment of fines or of any taxes or social security contributions. The relevant documentary evidence which illustrates the remedial measures taken must be provided in annex to the declaration. This does not apply for situations referred in point (d) of section 7.1.

3 Article 136(7) FR
7.3. Rejection from the call for proposals
The authorising officer shall not award a grant to an applicant who:
(a) is in an exclusion situation established in accordance with section 7.1; or
(b) has misrepresented the information required as a condition for participating in the procedure or has failed to supply that information; or
(c) was previously involved in the preparation of documents used in the award procedure where this entails a breach of the principle of equal treatment, including distortion of competition, that cannot be remedied otherwise.

Administrative sanctions (exclusion)⁴ may be imposed on applicants if any of the declarations or information provided as a condition for participating in this procedure prove to be false.

7.4. Supporting documents⁵
Applicants must provide a declaration on their honour certifying that they are not in one of the situations referred to in Articles 136(1) and 141 FR, by filling in the relevant form attached to the application form accompanying the call for proposals.

8. Selection criteria⁶

8.1. Financial capacity⁷
The financial capacity will be assessed based on the following methodology and its annexes: https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/methodology-grants-eac_en.pdf.

Applicants must have stable and sufficient sources of funding to maintain their activity throughout the duration of the grant and to participate in its funding. The applicants’ financial capacity will be assessed on the basis of the following supporting documents to be submitted with the application:

Grants with a pre-financing value of EUR 600 000 or less

For grants of this type, proof of financial capacity is constituted by a declaration on the honour by the grant applicant (see Annex 1 of the Application form).

However, in case of doubt and only for grants exceeding EUR 60 000, the assessment committee reserves the right to request supporting documents and to carry out a financial analysis as described at point 4 of the above mentioned methodology (cf. Article 198(4) of the FR).

Moreover for grants exceeding EUR 60 000, entities falling into one of the high-risk categories mentioned at point 3.1 of the methodology must provide proof of their financial capacity and are required to undergo the financial analysis provided for in point 4 of the same methodology.

⁴ Article 138 FR
⁵ Article 137 FR
⁶ Article 198 FR
⁷ Article 198 FR.
On the basis of the documents submitted, if the Commission considers that financial capacity is weak, s/he may:

- request further information;
- decide not to give pre-financing;
- decide to give pre-financing paid in instalments;
- decide to give pre-financing covered by a bank guarantee (see section 11.6.1 below);
- where applicable, require the joint and several financial liability of all the co-beneficiaries.

If the RAO considered that the financial capacity is insufficient s/he will reject the application.

8.2. Operational capacity

Applicants must have the professional competencies as well as appropriate qualifications necessary to complete the proposed action. In this respect, applicants have to submit a declaration on their honour, and the following supporting documents:

- curriculum vitae or description of the profile of the people primarily responsible for managing and implementing the operation (accompanied where appropriate, like in the field of research and education, by a list of relevant publications);
- an exhaustive lists of previous projects and activities performed and connected to the policy field of a given call or to the actions to be carried out;

9. AWARD CRITERIA

Eligible applications will be assessed on the basis of the following criteria:

Lot 1

- relevance of the project (criterion 1) (maximum 40 points – minimum threshold of 30 points): The extent to which the proposal contributes to the objectives and priorities of the action referred above;
  - The proposal contributes to the objective of supporting refugees' integration into EU host societies through sport.
  - The proposal is based on relevant and concrete identification of the needs of refugees and of the local host communities;
  - The objectives of the proposal are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the refugees, and to the local host communities.

- quality (criterion 2) (maximum 40 points – minimum threshold of 30 points): The quality of the overall design of the activities proposed and methodology for achieving the objectives, including cost efficiency, sustainability of the proposed
actions (the extent to which the actions will be carried out also after the end of the project) and budget proposal;
- The quality and feasibility of the activities involving refugees.
- Cost efficiency (the extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity);
- Sustainability of the proposed actions (the extent to which the actions will be carried out also after the end of the project);
- Budget proposal (the consistency between project objectives, methodology, activities and budget proposed);

- management of the project (criterion 3) (maximum 20 points – minimum threshold of 10 points): The extent to which the applicant demonstrates its ability to organise, coordinate and implement the various aspects of the proposed activities;
  - The applicant demonstrates its ability to organise, coordinate and implement the various aspects of the proposed activities.
  - The project team involves an appropriate mix of experiences and expertise supporting the successful delivery of the project expected results;
  - The composition and appropriateness of the proposed team and the roles allocated to the members of the team.

Lot 2

- relevance of the project (criterion 1) (maximum 40 points – minimum threshold of 30 points): The extent to which the proposal contributes to the objectives and priorities of the action referred above;
  - The network efficiently contributes to the objective of supporting refugees' integration into EU host societies through sport.
  - The network is based on relevant and concrete identification of the needs of refugees and of the local host communities;
  - The objectives of this network are clearly defined and realistic, address issues relevant to the refugees and to the local host communities and contribute to better coordination at EU level.

- quality (criterion 2) (maximum 40 points – minimum threshold of 30 points): The quality of the overall design of the activities proposed and methodology for achieving the objectives, including cost efficiency, sustainability of the proposed actions (the extent to which the actions will be carried out also after the end of the project) and budget proposal;
  - Cost efficiency (the extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity);
  - Sustainability of the proposed actions (the extent to which the actions will be carried out also after the end of the project);
  - Budget proposal (the consistency between project objectives, methodology, activities and budget proposed);
  - The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed.
- management of the project (criterion 3) (maximum 20 points – minimum threshold of 10 points): The extent to which the applicant demonstrates its ability to organise, coordinate and implement the various aspects of the proposed activities;
  - The applicant demonstrates its ability to organise, coordinate and implement the various aspects of the proposed activities.
  - The project team involves an appropriate mix of experiences and expertise supporting the successful delivery of the project expected results;
  - The composition and appropriateness of the proposed team and the roles allocated to the members of the team.

Points will be allocated to eligible applications out of a total of 100 on the basis of the above-specified weighting. A minimum threshold of 70 points will be applied. Applications falling below the mentioned thresholds will be rejected.

10. LEGAL COMMITMENTS

In the event of a grant awarded by the Commission, a grant agreement, drawn up in euro and detailing the conditions and level of funding, will be sent to the applicant, as well as the information on the procedure to formalise the agreement of the parties.

Two copies of the original agreement must be signed first by the beneficiary and returned to the Commission immediately. The Commission will sign it last.

11. FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

11.1. Form of the grant

11.1.1 Reimbursement of costs actually incurred

The grant will be defined by applying a maximum co-financing rate of 80% to the eligible costs actually incurred and declared by the beneficiary.

For details on eligibility of costs, please refer to section 11.2.

11.2. Eligible costs

Eligible costs shall meet all the following criteria:

- they are incurred by the beneficiary.
- they are incurred during the duration of [the action] [the work programme], with the exception of costs relating to final reports and audit certificates;

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10 Article 201 FR.
11 Articles 125 and 194(1)(c) FR.
12 Article 186 FR.
The period of eligibility of costs will start as specified in the grant agreement.

If a beneficiary can demonstrate the need to start the action before the agreement is signed, the costs eligibility period may start before that signature. Under no circumstances can the eligibility period start before the date of submission of the grant application.

- they are indicated in the estimated budget of the action;
- they are necessary for the implementation of the action which is the subject of the grant;
- they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular being recorded in the accounting records of the beneficiary and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the beneficiary is established and according to the usual cost accounting practices of the beneficiary;
- they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation;
- they are reasonable, justified, and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.

The beneficiary's internal accounting and auditing procedures must permit direct reconciliation of the costs and revenue declared in respect of the action/project with the corresponding accounting statements and supporting documents.

Eligible costs may be direct or indirect.

11.2.1. Eligible direct costs

The eligible direct costs for the action are those costs which:

**with due regard to the conditions of eligibility set out above**, are identifiable as specific costs directly linked to the performance of the action and which can therefore be booked to it directly, such as:

(a) the costs of personnel working under an employment contract with the beneficiary or an equivalent appointing act and assigned to the action, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary’s usual policy on remuneration.

Those costs include actual salaries plus social security contributions and other statutory costs included in the remuneration. They may also comprise additional remunerations, including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of the nature of those contracts, provided that they are paid in a consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required, independently from the source of funding used;

The costs of natural persons working under a contract with the beneficiary other than an employment contract or who are seconded to the beneficiary by a third party against payment may also be included under such personnel costs, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:

(i) the person works under conditions similar to those of an employee (in particular regarding the way the work is organised, the tasks that are performed and the premises where they are performed);

(ii) the result of the work belongs to the beneficiary (unless exceptionally agreed otherwise); and
(iii) the costs are not significantly different from the costs of staff performing similar tasks under an employment contract with the beneficiary;

The recommended methods for the calculation of direct personnel costs are provided in Appendix.

(b) costs of travel and related subsistence allowances, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary’s usual practices on travel;

(c) the depreciation costs of equipment or other assets (new or second-hand) as recorded in the beneficiary’s accounting statements, provided that the asset:

(i) is written off in accordance with the international accounting standards and the beneficiary’s usual accounting practices; and

(ii) has been purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement, if the purchase occurred within the implementation period;

The costs of renting or leasing equipment or other assets are also eligible, provided that these costs do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment or assets and are exclusive of any finance fee;

Only the portion of the equipment’s depreciation, rental or lease costs corresponding to the implementation period and the rate of actual use for the purposes of the action may be taken into account when determining the eligible costs. By way of exception, the full cost of purchase of equipment may be eligible under the Special Conditions, if this is justified by the nature of the action and the context of the use of the equipment or assets;

(d) costs of consumables and supplies, provided that they:

(i) are purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement; and

(ii) are directly assigned to the action;

(e) costs arising directly from requirements imposed by the Agreement (dissemination of information, specific evaluation of the action, audits, translations, reproduction), including the costs of requested financial guarantees, provided that the corresponding services are purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement;

(f) costs derived from subcontracts, provided that specific conditions on subcontracting as laid down in the grant agreement are met;

(g) costs of financial support to third parties, provided that the conditions laid down in the grant agreement are met;

(f) duties, taxes and charges paid by the beneficiary, notably value added tax (VAT), provided that they are included in eligible direct costs, and unless specified otherwise in the grant agreement.
11.2.2. Eligible indirect costs (overheads)

Not Applicable

11.3. Ineligible costs

The following items are not considered as eligible costs:

a) return on capital and dividends paid by a beneficiary;
b) debt and debt service charges;
c) provisions for losses or debts;
d) interest owed;
e) doubtful debts;
f) exchange losses;
g) costs of transfers from the Commission charged by the bank of a beneficiary;
h) costs declared by the beneficiary under another action receiving a grant financed from the Union budget. Such grants include grants awarded by a Member State and financed from the Union budget and grants awarded by bodies other than the Commission for the purpose of implementing the Union budget. In particular, beneficiaries receiving an operating grant financed by the EU or Euratom budget cannot declare indirect costs for the period(s) covered by the operating grant, unless they can demonstrate that the operating grant does not cover any costs of the action.
i) contributions in kind from third parties;
j) excessive or reckless expenditure;
k) deductible VAT.

11.4. Balanced budget

The estimated budget of the action must be attached to the application form. It must have revenue and expenditure in balance.

The budget must be drawn up in euros.

Applicants for whom costs will not be incurred in euros should use the exchange rate published on the Infor-euro website available at:


The applicant must ensure that the resources which are necessary to carry out the action the work programme are not entirely provided by the EU grant.

Co-financing of the action the work programme may take the form of:

– the beneficiary's own resources,
– income generated by the action or work programme,
– financial contributions from third parties.

Overall co-financing may also include in-kind contributions from third parties, i.e. non-financial resources made available free of charge by third parties to the beneficiary or to

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13 Article 196(1)(e) FR
14 Article 190 FR
the consortium. The corresponding costs of third parties are not eligible under the grant, e.g. providing a meeting room or equipment for free, etc.

11.5. Calculation of the final grant amount

The final amount of the grant is calculated by the Commission at the time of the payment of the balance. The calculation involves the following steps:

Step 1 — Application of the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs

The amount under step 1 is obtained by applying the reimbursement rate specified in section 11.1.1 to the eligible costs actually incurred and accepted by the Commission.

Step 2 — Limit to the maximum amount of the grant

The total amount paid to the beneficiaries by the Commission may in no circumstances exceed the maximum amount of the grant as indicated in the grant agreement. If the amount obtained following Step 1 is higher than this maximum amount, the final amount of the grant is limited to the latter.

If volunteers’ work is declared as part of direct eligible costs, the final amount of the grant is limited to the amount of total eligible costs approved by the Commission minus the amount of volunteers’ work approved by the Commission.

Step 3 — Reduction due to the no-profit rule

‘Profit’ means the surplus of receipts over the total eligible costs of the action, where receipts are the amount obtained following Steps 1 and 2 plus the revenue generated by the action for beneficiaries other than non-profit organisations.

In-kind and financial contributions by third parties are not considered receipts.

The total eligible costs of the action are the consolidated total eligible costs approved by the Commission. The revenue generated by the action is the consolidated revenue established, generated or confirmed for beneficiaries other than non-profit organisations on the date on which the request for payment of the balance is drawn up.

If there is a profit, it will be deducted in proportion to the final rate of reimbursement of the actual eligible costs of the action approved by the Commission.

Step 4 — Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations

The Commission may reduce the maximum amount of the grant if the action has not been implemented properly (i.e. if it has not been implemented or has been implemented poorly, partially or late), or if another obligation under the Agreement has been breached.

The amount of the reduction will be proportionate to the degree to which the action has been implemented improperly or to the seriousness of the breach.
11.6. Reporting and payment arrangements\(^{15}\)

The beneficiary may request the following payments provided that the conditions of the grant agreement are fulfilled (e.g. payment deadlines, ceilings, etc.). The payment requests shall be accompanied by the documents provided below and detailed in the grant agreement:

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<th>Payment request(^{16})</th>
<th>Accompanying documents(^{17})</th>
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| A pre-financing payment corresponding to 60% of the maximum grant amount | - On signature of the Grant agreement  
- Provision of a pre-financing guarantee (if requested by the Commission) |
| **Payment of the balance** | (a) final technical report  
(b) final financial statement |

**The Commission will establish the amount of this payment on the basis of the calculation of the final grant amount (see section 11.5 above). If the total of earlier payments is higher than the final grant amount, the beneficiary will be required to reimburse the amount paid in excess by the Commission through a recovery order\(^{18}\).**

In case of a weak financial capacity, section 8.1 above applies.

11.6.1 Pre-financing guarantee\(^{19}\)

A pre-financing guarantee for up to the same amount as the pre-financing may be requested in order to limit the financial risks linked to the pre-financing payment.

The financial guarantee, in euro, shall be provided by an approved bank or financial institution established in one of the EU Member States. When the beneficiary is established in a third country, the Commission may agree that a bank or financial institution established in that third country may provide the guarantee if it considers that the bank or financial institution offers equivalent security and characteristics as those offered by a bank or financial institution established in a Member State. Amounts blocked in bank accounts shall not be accepted as financial guarantees.

The guarantee may be replaced by:

- a joint and several guarantee by a third party or,
- a joint guarantee of the beneficiaries of an action who are parties to the same grant agreement.

The guarantee shall be released as the pre-financing is gradually cleared against interim payments or the payment of the balance, in accordance with the conditions laid down in the grant agreement.

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\(^{15}\) Articles 115, 202 and 203 FR.  
^{16} Article 115 FR  
^{17} Article 203(2) FR  
^{18} Article 115(2) FR  
^{19} Articles 152 and 153 FR
11.7. Other financial conditions

a) **Non-cumulative award**\(^{20}\)

An action may only receive one grant from the EU budget.

Under no circumstances shall the same costs be financed twice by the Union budget. To ensure this, applicants shall indicate in the grant application the sources and amounts of Union funding received or applied for the same action or part of the action or for its (the applicant's) functioning during the same financial year as well as any other funding received or applied for the same action.\(^{21}\)

b) **Non-retroactivity**\(^{22}\)

No grant may be awarded retrospectively for actions already completed.

A grant may be awarded for an action which has already begun only where the applicant can demonstrate in the grant application the need to start the action before the grant agreement is signed.

In such cases, costs eligible for financing may not have been incurred prior to the date of submission of the grant application.

c) **Implementation contracts/subcontracting**\(^{23}\)

Where the implementation of the action requires the award of procurement contracts (implementation contracts), the beneficiary may award the contract in accordance with its usual purchasing practices provided that the contract is awarded to the tender offering best value for money or the lowest price (as appropriate), avoiding conflicts of interest.

The beneficiary is expected to clearly document the tendering procedure and retain the documentation in the event of an audit.

Beneficiaries may subcontract tasks forming part of the action. If they do so, they must ensure that, in addition to the above-mentioned conditions of best value for money and absence of conflicts of interests, the following conditions are also complied with:

a) subcontracting does not cover core tasks of the action;

b) recourse to subcontracting is justified because of the nature of the action and what is necessary for its implementation;

c) the estimated costs of the subcontracting are clearly identifiable in the estimated budget;

d) any recourse to subcontracting, if not provided for in description of the action, is communicated by the beneficiary and approved by the Commission. The Commission may grant approval:

\(^{20}\) Article 191 FR
\(^{21}\) Article 196(1)(f) FR
\(^{22}\) Article 193 FR
\(^{23}\) Article 205 FR
(i) before any recourse to subcontracting, if the beneficiaries requests an amendment
(ii) after recourse to subcontracting if the subcontracting:
   – is specifically justified in the interim or final technical report and
   – does not entail changes to the grant agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants;

e) the beneficiaries ensure that certain conditions applicable to beneficiaries, enumerated in the grant agreement (e.g. visibility, confidentiality, etc.), are also applicable to the subcontractors.

d) Financial support to third parties

The applications may not envisage provision of financial support to third parties.

12. Publicity

12.1. By the beneficiaries

Beneficiaries must clearly acknowledge the European Union’s contribution in all publications or in conjunction with activities for which the grant is used.

In this respect, beneficiaries are required to give prominence to the name and emblem of the European Commission on all their publications, posters, programmes and other products realised under the co-financed project.

To do this they must use the text, the emblem and the disclaimer available at https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/use-emblem_en.pdf

If this requirement is not fully complied with, the beneficiary’s grant may be reduced in accordance with the provisions of the grant agreement.

12.2. By the Commission

With the exception of scholarships paid to natural persons and other direct support paid to natural persons in most need, all information relating to grants awarded in the course of a financial year shall be published on an internet site of the European Union institutions no later than the 30 June of the year following the financial year in which the grants were awarded.

The Commission will publish the following information:

   – name of the beneficiary;
   – address of the beneficiary when the latter is a legal person, region when the beneficiary is a natural person, as defined on NUTS 2 level if he/she is domiciled within the EU or equivalent if domiciled outside the EU;
   – subject of the grant;

24 Article 204 FR
25 Articles 38 and 189 FR.
Upon a reasoned and duly substantiated request by the beneficiary, the publication shall be waived if such disclosure risks threatening the rights and freedoms of individuals concerned as protected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union or harm the commercial interests of the beneficiaries.

13. **PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA**

The reply to any call for proposals involves the recording and processing of personal data (such as name, address and CV). Such data will be processed pursuant to Regulation (EC) 2018/1725 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data. Unless indicated otherwise, the questions and any personal data requested that are required to evaluate the application in accordance with the call for proposal will be processed solely for that purpose by European Commission, Directorate General for Education, Youth, Sport and Culture, Unit C4, Sport.

Personal data may be registered in the Early Detection and Exclusion System by the Commission, should the beneficiary be in one of the situations mentioned in Articles 136 and 141 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046. For more information see the Privacy Statement on:


14. **PROCEDURE FOR THE SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS**

Proposals must be submitted by the deadline set out under section 3.

No modification to the application is allowed once the deadline for submission has elapsed. However, if there is a need to clarify certain aspects or to correct clerical mistakes, the Commission may contact the applicant during the evaluation process.

Applicants will be informed in writing about the results of the selection process.

**Electronic Submission:**

Proposals must be submitted using the online application form available on the webpage of this call for proposals and attaching all required annexes (including the budget of the action, the declaration on honour, the legal entity and bank account forms, and documents proving the operational capacity of the applicant).

The model grant agreement is provided for information purposes only (not to be filled in with the application form).

**Contacts:**

DG Education, Youth, Sport and Culture
Unit C4 – Sport

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28 Articles 151 and 200(3) FR
29 Article 200 FR
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Appendix

Specific conditions for direct personnel costs

1. Calculation

The ways of calculating eligible direct personnel costs laid down in points (a) and (b) below are recommended and accepted as offering assurance as to the costs declared being actual.

The Commission may accept a different method of calculating personnel costs used by the beneficiary, if it considers that it offers an adequate level of assurance of the costs declared being actual.

a) for persons working exclusively on the action:

{monthly rate for the person
multiplied by
number of actual months worked on the action}

The months declared for these persons may not be declared for any other EU or Euratom grant.

The monthly rate is calculated as follows:

{annual personnel costs for the person
divided by 12}

using the personnel costs for each full financial year covered by the reporting period concerned.

If a financial year is not closed at the end of the reporting period, the beneficiaries must use the monthly rate of the last closed financial year available;

b) for persons working part time on the action

   (i) If the person is assigned to the action at a fixed pro-rata of their working time:

{monthly rate for the person multiplied by pro-rata assigned to the action
multiplied by
number of actual months worked on the action}

The working time pro-rata declared for these persons may not be declared for any other EU or Euratom grant.

The monthly rate is calculated as above.
(ii) In other cases:

\{\text{hourly rate for the person multiplied by number of actual hours worked on the action}\}

or

\{\text{daily rate for the person multiplied by number of actual days worked on the action}\}

(rounded up or down to the nearest half-day)

The number of actual hours/days declared for a person must be identifiable and verifiable.

The total number of hours/days declared in EU or Euratom grants, for a person for a year, cannot be higher than the annual productive hours/days used for the calculations of the hourly/daily rate. Therefore, the maximum number of hours/days that can be declared for the grant are:

\{\text{number of annual productive hours/days for the year (see below)} \}

minus

\text{total number of hours and days declared by the beneficiary, for that person for that year, for other EU or Euratom grants}.\}

The ‘\text{hourly/daily rate}\’ is calculated as follows:

\{\text{annual personnel costs for the person} \}

\text{divided by}

\{\text{number of individual annual productive hours/days} \} using the personnel costs and the number of annual productive hours/days for each full financial year covered by the reporting period concerned.

If a financial year is not closed at the end of the reporting period, the beneficiaries must use the hourly/daily rate of the last closed financial year available.

The ‘\text{number of individual annual productive hours/days}\’ is the total actual hours/days worked by the person in the year. It may not include holidays and other absences (such as sick leave, maternity leave, special leave, etc). However, it may include overtime and time spent in meetings, trainings and other similar activities.

2. Documentation to support personnel costs declared as actual costs

For \text{persons working exclusively on the action}, where the direct personnel costs are calculated following \text{point (a)}, there is no need to keep time records, if the beneficiary signs a \text{declaration} confirming that the persons concerned have worked exclusively on the action.
For **persons assigned to the action at a fixed pro-rata of their working time**, where the direct personnel costs are calculated following **point (b)(i)**, there is no need to keep time records, if the beneficiary signs a declaration that the persons concerned have effectively worked at the fixed pro-rata on the action.

For **persons working part time on the action**, where direct personnel costs are calculated following **point (b)(ii)**, the beneficiaries must keep **time records** for the number of hours/days declared. The time records must be in writing and approved by the persons working on the action and their supervisors, at least monthly.

In the absence of reliable time records of the hours worked on the action, the Commission may accept alternative evidence supporting the number of hours/days declared, if it considers that it offers an adequate level of assurance.