Construction 43



The two NUTS II regions of Border,

Southern and Eastern (IE02) in Ireland.

Midlands and Western (IE01) and

comprise the entire State of Ireland.

	Reference	EGF/2010/020 IE/Construction 43
2	Member State	Ireland
	Sector	Specialised construction activities
	Submitted to European Commission	9 June 2010
	Total budget planned	33 329 459
	EGF contribution	21 664 148
	Intervention criterion	Article 2 (b) Regulation (EC) No 1927/2006
	Period of reference	1.7.2009 - 31.3.2010
	Redundancies during period of reference	3 382 in 1 607 enterprises
	Active employment measures	 To be provided for 2 228 workers and include: Occupational Guidance, Training programmes (vocational / second & third level education programmes), Redundant apprentice on- and off-the-job training, Enterprise / self-employment supports, Training allowances and income supports.

BACKGROUND

- This application is part of a series of three, all concerning the construction sector in Ireland. The other two applications are in support of workers made redundant in NACE Revision 2 Divisions 41 ('Construction of buildings) and 71 ('Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis').
- The global financial and economic crisis started with the sub-prime mortgage crisis in the United States in mid-2007, with contagion rapidly spreading to the financial markets. The credit crunch severely affected the banks in Ireland, with further effects on mortgage loans and building activity in the country.
- When the crisis hit, the share of those employed in construction in Ireland dropped from 12,25 % in Q4 / 2007 to 9,2 % in Q1 / 2009 and 6,25 % by Q3 / 2010. Many of the redundancies in the sector were caused by the effective closure of the employing enterprise for reasons cited such as liquidation, receivership, closure, insolvency, end of contract and bankruptcy.
- The application relates to 3 382 redundancies in 1 607 enterprises spread throughout the whole of the State of Ireland. The entire Irish labour force is undergoing structural change primarily as a result of the collapse of the construction and banking sectors.