

## Attica publishing II



<b>Reference</b>	EGF/2018/003 EL Attica publishing
<b>Member State</b>	Greece
<b>Submitted to European Commission</b>	22 May 2018
<b>Total expenditure (€)</b>	1,404,367
<b>EGF contribution (€)</b>	842,620
<b>Intervention criterion</b>	Article 4.1.(b) Regulation (EC) No 1309/2013
<b>Period of implementation</b>	17 October 2019 - 22 December 2020
<b>People who benefited from the assistance</b>	296 workers
<b>Active employment measures provided</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Occupational guidance, job-search assistance and promotion of entrepreneurship</li> <li>– Training, retraining and vocational training</li> <li>– Contribution to business start-up</li> <li>– Mobility and job-search allowances, and</li> <li>– Hiring incentives.</li> </ul>

### RESULTS – GOOD PRACTICES

- Social distancing and lockdown in the context of the Covid-19 pandemic made impossible to implement significant parts of the EGF support. This situation was considered a case of ‘force majeure’, which justified the interruption of the implementing period until the end of the lockdown measures.
- After the support, 233 (79%) of the participants were back into employment, 213 (91%) as employees and 20 (9%) as self-employed persons in a variety of selling activities (take away, cosmetics, do-it-yourself, wholesale of enzymes, etc.), online journalism and tourist accommodation.
- The pandemic added additional difficulties to the workers efforts to find new jobs and to the smooth implementation of the measures. With this in mind, the results in terms of reemployment are considered very successful.
- Due to the late start of the intervention (14 months later than planned), half of the dismissed workers declined to participate, because they had already found a job or were close to the retirement age. The lower than expected number of participants resulted in a low use (only 36.5%) of the mobilised funds.