

Facilitating social assistance provision: online management

Peer review on "Social Protection Information System"
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Host Country Discussion Paper – Lithuania

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VISIONARY ANALYTICS

Outline

- Situation in the country
- Policy measure and its results
- Difficulties and constraints
- Future developments in the context of current constraints
- Transferability

Social protection system in Lithuania

Types of support within the Lithuanian social protection system

Social Insurance

Social Support and Social Services

The State Social Insurance Fund

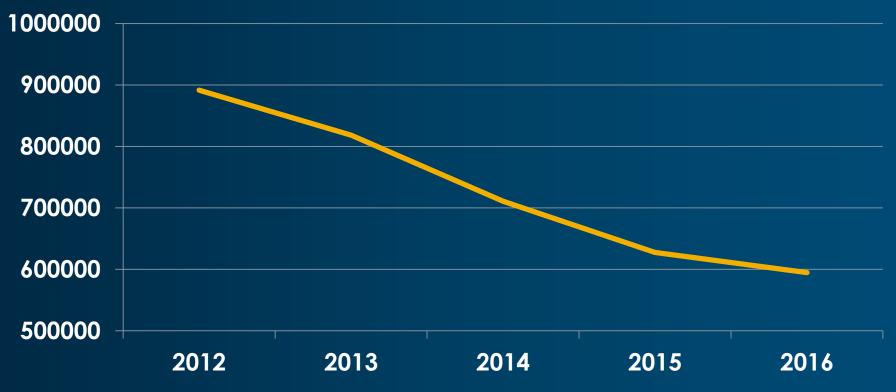
Municipalities or institutions that have the licence to do so (e.g. day care centres)

What kinds of services are provided?

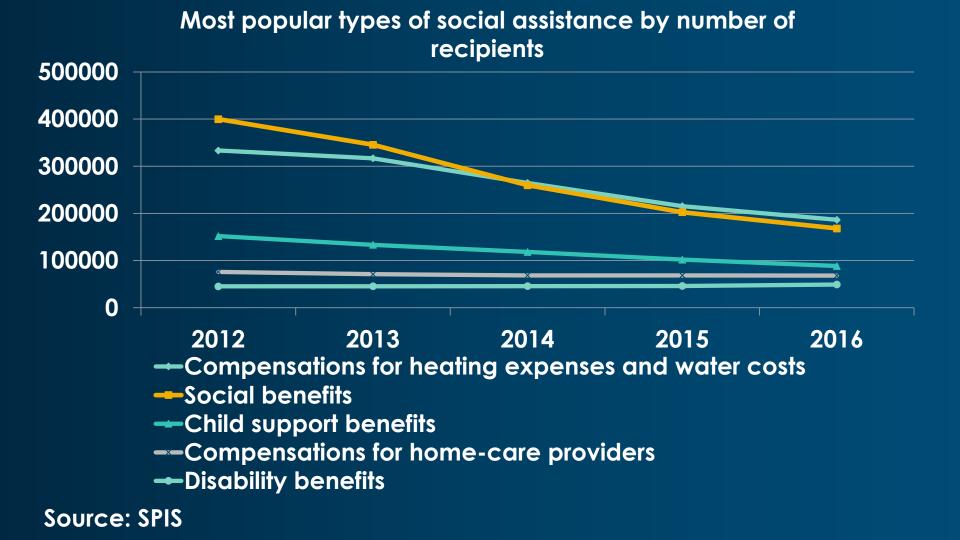
- Retirement pensions
- Temporary unemployment benefits
- Sickness and maternity insurance
- Health insurance
- Accidents at work and occupational disease insurance

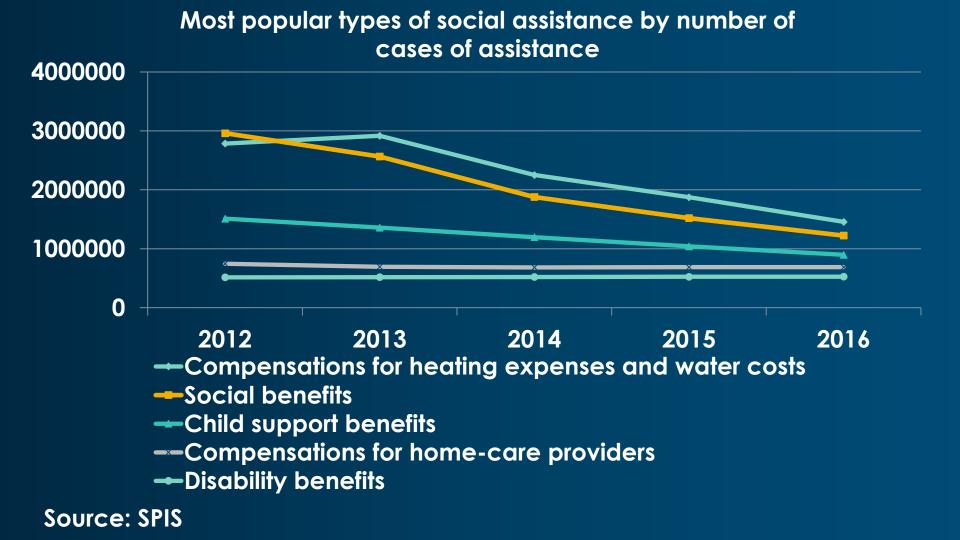
- Child benefits and child support
- Social services
- Social support
- Assistance for persons with special needs or the disabled
- Other types of unspecified social assistance





Source: SPIS





Aims of the measure

Data collection

Increased cooperation

Fraud prevention

Simplified procedures

Unified data collection

Compulsory data

+

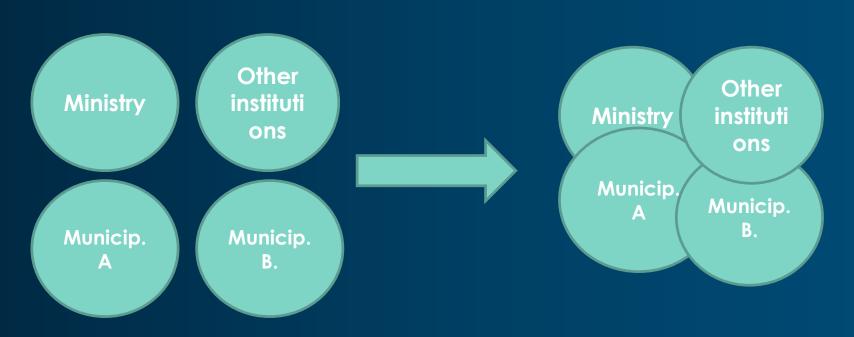
Voluntary data

Use of data

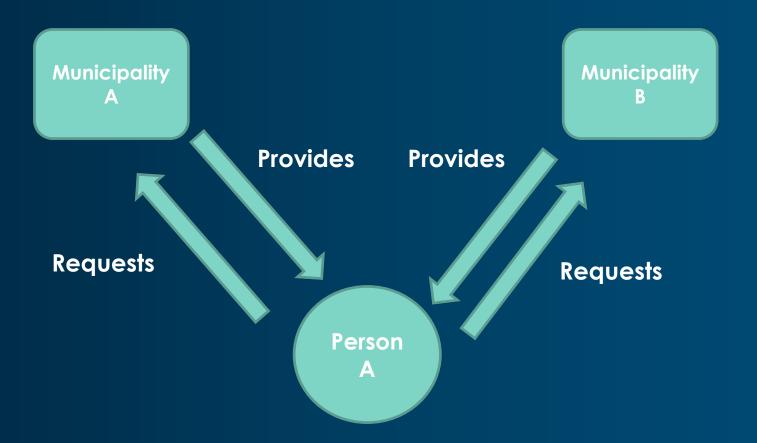
Ministry

Municipalities

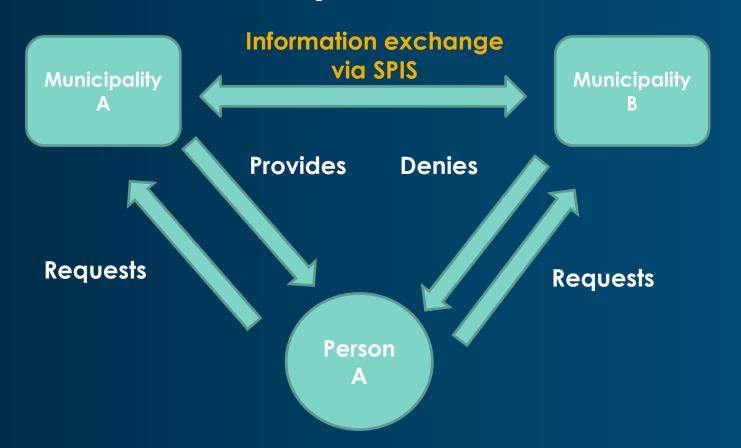
Increased cooperation: bringing institutions closer



Fraud prevention

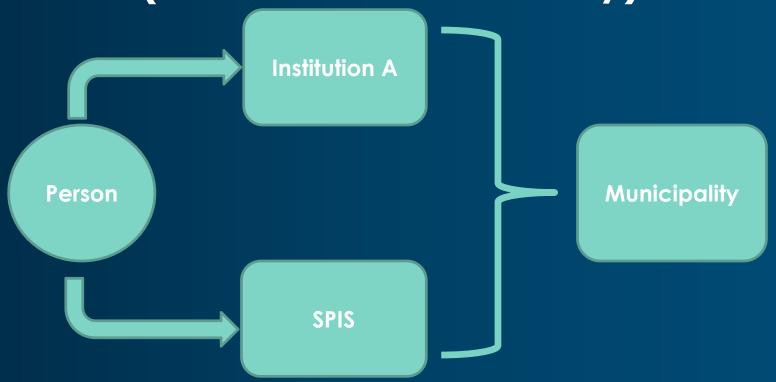


Fraud prevention

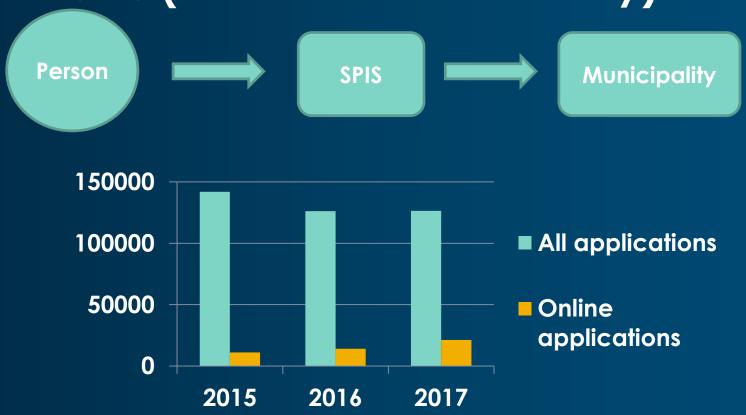


Simplified procedures: no SPIS **Institution A Institution B Municipality** Person **Institution C**

Simplified procedures: SPIS (3rd level of interactivity)



Simplified procedures: SPIS (4th level of interactivity)



Difficulties and constraints: recipients

Lack of digital skills

Need for better instructions

Higher level of interaction

Social assistance applications by level of interaction (2016)



- 3rd level of interaction
- 4th level of interaction

Source: SADM

Difficulties and constraints: municipalities

Insufficient internal capacities

Lengthy rejection of applications

Inaccessible information

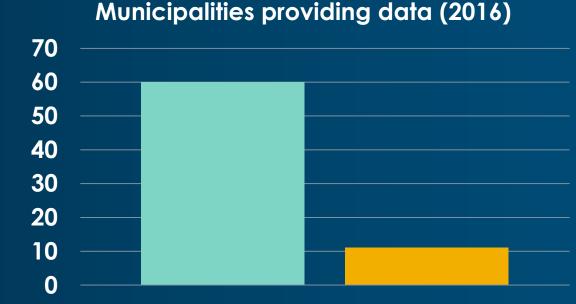


Difficulties and constraints: ministry

Legal constraints

Lengthy negotiations with other institutions

Incomplete data



■ Total ■ Data on organised alimentation

Source: SPIS

Future developments

Lack of digital skills



Help in submitting applications

Higher level of interaction

Digitalised copies

All services

provided at 4th
level of interaction

Future developments

Incomplete data
Inaccessible information



Integration of additional databases

Resourcesconsuming processes



Creation of electronic personal files

Success factors

Consent among many actors

Lasting partnerships

Sense of ownership

Clear value added



Source: Association of Lithuanian Municipalities

Transferability

Lessons for managing large and complex systems

Reaching consensus among a variety of actors

Increasing social assistance provision via online management

Lessons transferable to other policy areas

VISIONARY ANALYTICS



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Thank you!