

## **Reporting and Payments**

**Legal Basis** 

Research and Innovation

## Types of payments (Article 21)

One pre-financing

One or several interim payments

One payment of the balance



## **Payments**

- ➤ Payments will be made to the **coordinator** to the **bank** account established in the grant agreement
- Coordinator must distribute the payments to the beneficiaries without unjustified delay
- The coordinator will inform about the **distribution of the payments**: if the Commission/Agency requires it, in the
  event of a recovery at payment of the balance, if the
  participation of a beneficiary is terminated
- ➤ If the Commission/Agency does not pay within the deadline, the beneficiaries are entitled to a late-payment interest



## 1. At the signature of the grant

## One pre-financing payment

When

 Within 30 days from the signature of the grant or 10 days before the starting date, whichever is latest

**How much** 

- Usually = maximum grant amount / number of periods
- Retention 5 % of maximum grant for Guarantee Fund

**Characteristics** 

 It remains the property of the EU until the payment of the balance



## Pre-financing: example

EXAMPLE						
Maximum grant amount (Article 5.1)	Funding rate	Reporting periods	Guarantee Fund (5 % x 1 000 000)			
1 000 000	100%	3	50 000			

Usual pre-financing = maximum grant amount / number of periods

$$1\ 000\ 000 \in /3 = 333\ 334 \in$$

#### **Pre-financing Payment**

+

283 334 €

Transferred to the consortium

50 000 €

Transferred to the Guarantee Fund

= 333 334 €



## 2.1 After the end of each interim period

Periodic report | ⇒ submitted by coordinator 60 days after end of reporting period



- explanation of the work carried out
- overview of progress (milestones and deliverables)
- summary for publication
- plan for the exploitation and dissemination of results (if required)
- answers to the questionnaire

#### Periodic Financial Report

- ✓ Financial Statement (individual & summary)
- ✓ Explanation of the use of the resources



## 2.2 After the end of each interim period

## An interim payment

When

• 90 days from reception of periodic reports

**How much** 

- EU contribution corresponding to the eligible costs incurred in the reporting period
- Limit = 90 % of the maximum grant amount

**Characteristics** 

 Ineligible costs will be rejected and not taken into account for the payment



## 3.1 After the end of the last reporting period

#### Final report

⇒ submitted by coordinator 60 days after end of last reporting period

In addition to the periodic report

#### Final Technical Report

- ✓ Summary for publication, containing:
- overview of results and their exploitation & dissemination
- conclusions of the action and its socioeconomic impact

#### Final Financial Report

- ✓ Summary Financial Statement
- ✓ Certificate on Financial Statement (if needed)



## 3.2 After the end of the last reporting period

### A payment of the balance

When

• 90 days from reception of final reports

**How much** 

- Reimburses the remaining part of the eligible cost incurred
- Includes the release of the Guarantee Fund (GF)

**Characteristics** 

- If  $\Sigma$  payments made < final grant amount : payment
- If Σ payments made > final grant amount : recovery → first by offsetting with GF released, if not enough, by a recovery order
- If applicable: receipts & reduction of the grant will be taken into account to determine the final grant amount



## Final grant amount: example

EXAMPLE						
Maximum grant amount	Approved eligible costs	Funding rate	If Receipts	If Reduction		
200	220	100%	30	20		

Step 1

Total approved eligible costs X reimbursement rate (100% research actions/70% and 100% innovation actions)

Step 2

The lower between Step 1 and the maximum amount of the grant

Lower between (220; 200) = 200

Step 3

If reduction due to the no-profit rule

(Profit (only if positive) = Step 2 + receipts – Eligible cost)

 $200 - (200 + 30 - 220) \Rightarrow 200 - 10 = 190$ 

Step 4

If reduction due to improper implementation or breach obligations under GA, the lower between Step 3 and the reduced maximum grant

Lower between  $(190; (200 - 20)) \Rightarrow$  Lower between (190; 180) = 180



#### The consortium is late: no reports on time

- The Commission/Agency will send a reminder
- The payment deadline is suspended
- If still not submitted after 30 days, the Commission/Agency may terminate the grant agreement!



#### One beneficiary is late: its report is not ready

- The Coordinator may decide to submit the reports without that beneficiary
- Beneficiary's costs will be considered 'zero' for this reporting period, but it can declare its costs with the next reporting period



## Reporting: what happens after submission?

#### The Commission / Agency analyse the reports and:



The reports are complete and satisfactory, so it pays



The reports are incomplete / further information is needed:

- © Commission/Agency request information to coordinator
- Payment deadline is suspended



In exceptional cases the Commission / Agency may:

- Reject the reports giving justification
- Suspend the payments for one or more beneficiaries
- Terminate the grant



## Reminders for the financial reports

- ➤ The reports must be in the language of the agreement: generally **English**
- ➤ The financial reports must be in €
- ➤ Linked third parties fill in a separate financial statement but only their beneficiaries can encode it in the IT system
- ➤ Don't forget to submit the **Certificate on the financial statements** (for beneficiaries and/or the linked third parties), if needed
  - \* as part of the final report
  - \* when total EU contribution claimed by the beneficiary on the basis of actual costs
  - + unit costs for average personnel ≥ EUR 325.000 (excluding e.g. flat rates!)





# Thank you for your attention!

... and stay with us for the explanations on the practical aspects