CALL FOR PROPOSALS 2021CE16BAT012

Support for the implementation of the EU Strategy for the Alpine Region (EUSALP)
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1. **Introduction – Background**

This is a call for proposals for funding a technical assistance action within the meaning of article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2021/1060, Technical assistance at the initiative of the Commission, Common Provisions Regulation for the period 2021-2027, from appropriations in the 2021 budget as announced in the Commission Implementing Decision C(2021) 2359, annual work programme for 2021.

This call for proposal intends to provide support for the implementation of the EU Strategy for the Alpine Region (EUSALP). Since the launch of the Strategy in 2016, cooperation and coordination between the countries and regions concerned, to address shared challenges and better exploit opportunities, was improved.

Upon demand from partner states of EUSALP, the Commission has drafted a concept paper with cornerstones around the creation of a new Technical Support Structure (TSS). The applicants should present a project proposal corresponding to the missions given to the TSS by the EUSALP Executive Board, specifying the division of tasks and roles as well as the dedicated human and financial resources to the overall structure and to each task. They should also indicate the location they envisage for the TSS, the qualifications in terms of human resources as well as envisaged key staff.

The applicants shall pay attention to the consistency of the project partnership, project budget and project duration with the envisaged activities and outputs. For the reason of transferability into an INTERREG co-financed project, the concept shall already comply with the INTERREG specific legal framework. The project shall end no later than 31 December 2022.

The project shall furthermore be based on a slim and efficient project structure and organisation:

This shall be especially reflected in a limited number of work packages and work package responsible. A general coordinator of all the TSS activities needs to be indicated as well.

The applicants are encouraged to keep the project partnership as small as possible, so to ensure operability.

The working language of the TSS will be English.

All tasks of the new TSS shall take stock and build upon the AlpGov2-project to avoid overlaps and guarantee a smooth transition between both. As the TSS will, after the initial phase, continue as an Alpine Space Programme (ASP) project, it is important to establish a link and ensure compliance between the implementation of the TSS and the ASP. This will be ensured by a technical counsel consisting of Alpine Space MA, JS and EUSALP Presidency. DG REGIO has set aside funds to bridge the gap until the new Alpine Space Programme is operational.

2. **Objective(s) – Theme(s) – Priorities**

The new TSS needs to adapt to the cooperation frameworks already in place in the Alpine area. So far, some tasks were performed within an Interreg project. Therefore, a coordination with the Alpine Space project AlpGov2is indispensable:
All tasks of the new TSS shall take stock and build upon the AlpGov2-project to avoid overlaps and guarantee a smooth transition between both.

**One of these tasks is communication: Building stronger ties between EUSALP and relevant institutions.** This includes the Management of communication tools, including management of EUSALP website; providing support to the future Stakeholder’s platform and Youth Online Platform (ideally located in the EUSALP Website), and youth shaping. EUSALP social media; maintaining an up to date list of national coordinators (NCs), Action group leaders/members & EUSALP stakeholders, and correspondent mailing lists; organizing regular communication between ASP Monitoring Committee, JS and relevant EUSALP actors; ensuring coordination of communication activities between the ASP JS and the EUSALP TSS; providing and managing communication and publicity tools/materials (e.g. Newsletter, website, brochures, etc.) and the further development of visual identity and communication tools.

**Concerning the support to EUSALP governance bodies and stakeholders, the new TSS shall** provide support for the respective EUSALP presidency in their tasks, namely by supporting the hosting country and the European Commission in organizing the Annual Forum; Facilitate horizontal activities between Action group leaders (AGL’s) and between national coordinators (NCs), AGL’s and PC/JS of the future Alpine Transnational Programme; provide information regarding EUSALP & AG projects; support to knowledge management tools developed by the AGs; involve stakeholders (including a Stakeholder Platform); administrative support to Youth Council and other youth activities as for example Pitch your project and support for NCs and AG leaders and supporting them to build up their networks.

**In the field of capacity building,** training and support for EB members and AG leaders / members & activities, exchange of experiences between implementers and stakeholders and coordination between AGs are required.

**Horizontal coordination should** ensure close contact with managing authorities of ESIF and animating the network of Managing Authorities and involve creating a joint EB/AG calendar/newsletter/project.

**Regarding monitoring and evaluation the TSS will be required to provide** consolidated reports, analytical documents and reflection papers to facilitate pro-active and informed decision-making to the Executive Board and the General Assembly for defining EUSALP’s future direction.

**Further activities:** EUSALP Executive Board can decide, in future, other activities to be fulfilled by the TSS.

**For these tasks it is considered beneficial to have proven experience, both the applicants and the team of human resources dedicated to the EUSALP TSS, in:** active involvement in Macro-regional strategies environment or other transnational policy collaboration; active involvement in legal and institutional structures of Alpine cooperation and preferably EUSALP (including experience on both EB and AG level); management of transnational administrative support; European project development and management, preferably with different funding instruments; communication, social/institutional networking and application of IT based communication, interaction and knowledge management; stakeholders engagement and development of networks and activities; administration of ERDF funds in order to animate network(s) of managing authorities and public procurement.
Especially the workforce dedicated to the TSS will need to demonstrate skills acquired for instance working in high-level political, policy and strategic fields (minimum of five years for the head of TSS) and in leading (for the head of TSS) respectively working in a team in a multinational, multicultural and multilingual environment; Fluency in English (C1 - speaking and writing) and proficiency in one language of the Alpine Region (B2 – speaking and writing) and coordination in complex social/cultural/institutional environments (multi-level, cross-sectorial, intercultural, political/administrative/civil society).

The EUSALP TSS shall be located within good reach via public transport from all Alpine states.

3. **TIMETABLE**

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<tr>
<th>Steps</th>
<th>Date and time or indicative period</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Publication of the call</td>
<td>16/07/2021</td>
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<tr>
<td>(b) <strong>Deadline for submitting applications</strong></td>
<td><strong>01/09/2021– 13:00 Central European Time (CET)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) Evaluation period</td>
<td>September – October 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Information to applicants</td>
<td>October 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Signature of grant agreement</td>
<td>November 2021</td>
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</table>

4. **BUDGET AVAILABLE**

The total budget earmarked for the co-financing of projects under this call for proposals is estimated at EUR 450.000,00.

The maximum grant will be EUR 450.000,00.

The Commission expects to fund one proposal.

The Commission reserves the right not to distribute all the funds available.

5. **ADMISSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS**

In order to be admissible, applications must be:

- sent no later than the deadline for submitting applications referred to in section 3;
- drafted in one of the EU official languages.

Failure to comply with those requirements will lead to rejection of the application.
6. **Eligibility Criteria**

6.1. **Eligible applicants**

Proposals may be submitted by any of the following applicants:

- public authorities (national, regional, local); or public-equivalent bodies
- international organisations;
- universities;
- educational institutions;
- research centres;

Natural persons and profit-making entities are not eligible.

**Affiliated entities**

Entities affiliated to the applicants are not eligible to receive funding under this Call for proposals. They may take part in the action as affiliated entities at their own costs only.

**Country of establishment**

Only applications from legal entities established in the following countries are eligible:

- EU Member States;
- EFTA and EEA countries: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland;

**Supporting documents**

In order to assess the applicants' eligibility, the following supporting documents are requested:

- **private entity**: extract from the official journal, copy of articles of association, extract of trade or association register, certificate of liability to VAT (if, as in certain countries, the trade register number and VAT number are identical, only one of these documents is required);
- **public entity**: copy of the resolution, decision or other official document establishing the public-law entity;
- **natural persons**: photocopy of identity card and/or passport; certificate of liability to VAT, if applicable (e.g. some self-employed persons)
- **entities without legal personality**: documents providing evidence that their representative(s) have the capacity to undertake legal obligations on their behalf.

6.2. **Eligible activities**

The eligible activities shall be those necessary to carry out the measures and realise the intended outputs/results in accordance with the objectives, themes and target audience as listed under section 2 of this call for proposals.
Examples:
The following types of activities are eligible under this call for proposals:

- Cooperation projects;
- Creation of a secretariat with staff and office;
- Communication activities (workshops, website, roadshow);
- Conferences, seminars;
- Training activities;
- Awareness and dissemination actions;
- Actions aiming at the creation and improvement of networks, exchanges of good practices;

**Implementation period**
- activities may not start before 01/09/2021;

7. **EXCLUSION CRITERIA**

7.1. **Exclusion**
The authorising officer shall exclude an applicant from participating in call for proposals procedures where:

(a) the applicant is bankrupt, subject to insolvency or winding-up procedures, its assets are being administered by a liquidator or by a court, it is in an arrangement with creditors, its business activities are suspended, or it is in any analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for under EU or national laws or regulations;

(b) it has been established by a final judgment or a final administrative decision that the applicant is in breach of its obligations relating to the payment of taxes or social security contributions in accordance with the applicable law;

(c) it has been established by a final judgment or a final administrative decision that the applicant is guilty of grave professional misconduct by having violated applicable laws or regulations or ethical standards of the profession to which the applicant belongs, or by having engaged in any wrongful intent or gross negligence, including, in particular, any of the following:

(i) fraudulently or negligently misrepresenting information required for the verification of the absence of grounds for exclusion or the fulfilment of eligibility or selection criteria or in the performance of a contract, a grant agreement or a grant decision;

(ii) entering into agreement with other applicants with the aim of distorting competition;

(iii) violating intellectual property rights;

(iv) attempting to influence the decision-making process of the Commission during the award procedure;

(v) attempting to obtain confidential information that may confer upon it undue advantages in the award procedure;
(d) it has been established by a final judgment that the applicant is guilty of any of the following:


(ii) corruption, as defined in Article 4(2) of Directive (EU) 2017/1371 or Article 3 of the Convention on the fight against corruption involving officials of the European Communities or officials of Member States of the European Union, drawn up by the Council Act of 26 May 1997, or conduct referred to in Article 2(1) of Council Framework Decision 2003/568/JHA, or corruption as defined in the applicable law;

(iii) conduct related to a criminal organisation, as referred to in Article 2 of Council Framework Decision 2008/841/JHA;

(iv) money laundering or terrorist financing within the meaning of Article 1(3), (4) and (5) of Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council;

(v) terrorist offences or offences linked to terrorist activities, as defined in Articles 1 and 3 of Council Framework Decision 2002/475/JHA, respectively, or inciting, aiding, abetting or attempting to commit such offences, as referred to in Article 4 of that Decision;

(vi) child labour or other offences concerning trafficking in human beings as referred to in Article 2 of Directive 2011/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council;

(e) the applicant has shown significant deficiencies in complying with main obligations in the performance of a contract, a grant agreement or a grant decision financed by the Union's budget, which has led to its early termination or to the application of liquidated damages or other contractual penalties, or which has been discovered following checks, audits or investigations by an authorising officer, OLAF or the Court of Auditors;

(f) it has been established by a final judgment or final administrative decision that the applicant has committed an irregularity within the meaning of Article 1(2) of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95;

(g) It has been established by a final judgement or final administrative decision that the applicant has created an entity in a different jurisdiction with the intent to circumvent fiscal, social or any other legal obligations of mandatory application in the jurisdiction of its registered office, central administration or principal place of business;

(h) it has been established by a final judgement or final administrative decision that an entity has been created with the intent referred to in point (g);

(i) for the situations referred to in points (c) to (h) above, the applicant is subject to:

(i) facts established in the context of audits or investigations carried out by European Public Prosecutor's Office after its establishment, the Court of Auditors, the European Anti-Fraud Office or the internal auditor, or any other check, audit or control performed under the responsibility of an authorising officer of an EU institution, of a European office or of an EU agency or body;
(ii) non-final judgments or non-final administrative decisions which may include disciplinary measures taken by the competent supervisory body responsible for the verification of the application of standards of professional ethics;

(iii) facts referred to in decisions of persons or entities being entrusted with EU budget implementation tasks;

(iv) information transmitted by Member States implementing Union funds;

(v) decisions of the Commission relating to the infringement of Union competition law or of a national competent authority relating to the infringement of Union or national competition law; or

(vi) decisions of exclusion by an authorising officer of an EU institution, of a European office or of an EU agency or body.

7.2. Remedial measures

If an applicant declares one of the situations of exclusion listed above (see section 7.4), it must indicate the measures it has taken to remedy the exclusion situation, thus demonstrating its reliability. This may include e.g. technical, organisational and personnel measures to correct the conduct and prevent further occurrence, compensation of damage or payment of fines or of any taxes or social security contributions. The relevant documentary evidence which illustrates the remedial measures taken must be provided in annex to the declaration. This does not apply for situations referred in point (d) of section 7.1.

7.3. Rejection from the call for proposals

The authorising officer shall not award a grant to an applicant who:

(a) is in an exclusion situation established in accordance with section 7.1; or

(b) has misrepresented the information required as a condition for participating in the procedure or has failed to supply that information; or

(c) was previously involved in the preparation of documents used in the award procedure where this entails a breach of the principle of equal treatment, including distortion of competition, that cannot be remedied otherwise.

The same exclusion criteria apply to affiliated entities.

Administrative sanctions (exclusion) may be imposed on applicants, or affiliated entities where applicable, if any of the declarations or information provided as a condition for participating in this procedure prove to be false.

7.4. Supporting documents

Applicants and affiliated entities must provide a declaration on their honour certifying that they are not in one of the situations referred to in Articles 136(1) and 141 FR, by filling in the relevant form attached to the application form accompanying the call for proposals and available at https://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/en/newsroom/funding-opportunities/calls-for-proposal/.

This obligation may be fulfilled in one of the following ways:
For mono-beneficiary grants:

(i) the applicant signs a declaration in its name and on behalf of its affiliated entities; OR
(ii) the applicant and its affiliated entities each sign a separate declaration in their own name.

For multi-beneficiary grants:

(i) the coordinator of a consortium signs a declaration on behalf of all applicants and their affiliated entities; OR
(ii) each applicant in the consortium signs a declaration in its name and on behalf of its affiliated entities; OR
(iii) each applicant in the consortium and the affiliated entities each sign a separate declaration in their own name.

8. SELECTION CRITERIA

Applicants must have stable and sufficient sources of funding to maintain their activity throughout the duration of the grant and to participate in its funding. The applicants' financial capacity will be assessed on the basis of the following supporting documents to be submitted with the application:

- a declaration on their honour, and

EITHER

➢ the profit and loss account as well as the balance sheet for the last two financial years for which the accounts were closed;

➢ for newly created entities: the business plan might replace the above documents;

OR

➢ the table provided for in the application form, filled in with the relevant statutory accounting figures, in order to calculate the ratios as detailed in the form.

On the basis of the documents submitted, if the Commission considers that financial capacity is weak, it may:

- request further information;
- decide not to give pre-financing;
- decide to give pre-financing paid in instalments;
- decide to give pre-financing covered by a bank guarantee (see section 11.4 below);
- where applicable, require the joint and several financial liability of all the co-beneficiaries.

If the Responsible Authorising Officer considers that the financial capacity is insufficient s/he will reject the application.
8.1. **Operational capacity**

Applicants must have the professional competencies as well as appropriate qualifications necessary to complete the proposed action. In this respect, applicants have to submit a declaration on their honour, and the following supporting documents:

- curriculum vitae or description of the profile of the people primarily responsible for managing and implementing the operation;
- an exhaustive lists of previous projects and activities performed and connected to the policy field of a given call or to the actions to be carried out;
- a description of the technical equipment, tools or facilities and patents at the disposal of the applicant;
- an inventory of natural or economic resources involved in the project.

Additional supporting documents may be requested to confirm the operational capacity.

9. **AWARD CRITERIA**

Eligible applications/projects will be assessed on the basis of the following criteria:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>Elements to be taken into consideration</th>
<th>Weighting (points)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Relevance of the measure and contribution to the objectives of the call for proposals</td>
<td>- Relevance of the objectives of the proposal with regard to the objectives and priorities of the call for proposals&lt;br&gt;- Added value in comparison to relevant existing initiatives&lt;br&gt;- Innovative character of the project with regard to actions related to the EU and Cohesion policy</td>
<td>20 points; (minimum threshold 50%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Effectiveness of the measure</td>
<td>- Specific, measurable, attainable and relevant objectives&lt;br&gt;- Effectiveness of proposed methodologies to reach the objectives of this call, including methods to: coordinate works, increase stakeholder contributions&lt;br&gt;- Possibilities for continuation of the project beyond the requested period of EU support, sustainability of the proposed project</td>
<td>20 points; (minimum threshold 50%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Efficiency of the measure</td>
<td>- Cost-effectiveness in terms of the proposed resources, taking into account costs as well as expected results</td>
<td>20 points; (minimum threshold 50%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Geographical</td>
<td>- Diversity of Alpine regions</td>
<td>20 points;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>coverage</strong></td>
<td><strong>represented</strong>, balance between different cultures and sets of stakeholders</td>
<td>(minimum threshold 50%)</td>
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</table>
| 5. **Organisation of the project team and quality of the project management** | • Quality of the proposed **coordination** mechanisms, **quality** control systems and arrangements to manage **risks**  
• Quality of the **allocation of tasks** in view of implementing the activities of the project | 20 points; (minimum threshold 50%) |

A maximum of 100 points will be awarded for the quality of the proposal. The required minimum overall score is 60 points out of 100, while a minimum score of 50 % is required for each criterion. Only the proposals meeting the above-mentioned quality thresholds will be put onto the ranking list. Reaching the threshold does not automatically imply award of the grant.

### 10. **LEGAL COMMITMENTS**

In the event of a grant awarded by the Commission, a grant agreement, drawn up in euro and detailing the conditions and level of funding, will be sent to the applicant, as well as the information on the procedure to formalise the agreement of the parties.

Two copies of the original agreement must be signed first by the beneficiary or the coordinator on behalf of the consortium and returned to the Commission immediately. The Commission will sign it last.

The applicants understand that submission of a grant application implies acceptance of the general conditions attached to this call for proposals. These general conditions bind the beneficiary to whom the grant is awarded and shall constitute an annex to the grant decision.

### 11. **FINANCIAL PROVISIONS**

11.1. **Forms of the grant**

11.1.1 **Reimbursement of costs actually incurred**

The grant will be defined by applying a maximum co-financing rate of 80 % to the eligible costs actually incurred and declared by the beneficiary and its affiliated entities.

For details on eligibility of costs, please refer to section 11.2.

11.1.2 **Reimbursement of eligible costs declared on the basis of a flat-rate**

The grant will be defined by applying a maximum co-financing rate of 80 % to the eligible costs declared by the beneficiary and its affiliated entities on the basis of:
(a) a flat rate of 7% of the eligible direct costs (‘reimbursement of flat-rate costs’) for the following categories of costs: indirect costs.

The flat rate will be paid following acceptance of the costs to which the flat rate is to be applied.

11.2. Eligible costs

Eligible costs shall meet all the following criteria:

– they are incurred by the beneficiary.
– they are incurred during the duration of the action, with the exception of costs relating to final reports and audit certificates;
  o The period of eligibility of costs will start as specified in the grant agreement.
  o If a beneficiary can demonstrate the need to start the action before the agreement is signed, the costs eligibility period may start before that signature. Under no circumstances can the eligibility period start before the date of submission of the grant application.
– they are indicated in the estimated budget of the action;
– they are necessary for the implementation of the action which is the subject of the grant;
– they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular being recorded in the accounting records of the beneficiary and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the beneficiary is established and according to the usual cost accounting practices of the beneficiary;
– they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation;
– they are reasonable, justified, and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.

The beneficiary's internal accounting and auditing procedures must permit direct reconciliation of the costs and revenue declared in respect of the action/project with the corresponding accounting statements and supporting documents.

The same criteria apply to costs incurred by the affiliated entities.

Eligible costs may be direct or indirect.

11.2.1. Eligible direct costs

The eligible direct costs for the action are those costs which:

with due regard to the conditions of eligibility set out above, are identifiable as specific costs directly linked to the performance of the action and which can therefore be booked to it directly, such as:

(a) the costs of personnel working under an employment contract with the beneficiary or an equivalent appointing act and assigned to the action, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary’s usual policy on remuneration.

Those costs include actual salaries plus social security contributions and other statutory costs included in the remuneration. They may also comprise additional remunerations, including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of the nature of those contracts, provided that they are paid in a
consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required, independently from the source of funding used;

The costs of natural persons working under a contract with the beneficiary other than an employment contract or who are seconded to the beneficiary by a third party against payment may also be included under such personnel costs, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:

(i) the person works under conditions similar to those of an employee (in particular regarding the way the work is organised, the tasks that are performed and the premises where they are performed);

(ii) the result of the work belongs to the beneficiary (unless exceptionally agreed otherwise); and

(iii) the costs are not significantly different from the costs of staff performing similar tasks under an employment contract with the beneficiary;

The recommended methods for the calculation of direct personnel costs are provided in Appendix.

(b) costs of travel and related subsistence allowances, provided that these costs are in line with the beneficiary’s usual practices on travel;

(c) the depreciation costs of equipment or other assets (new or second-hand) as recorded in the beneficiary’s accounting statements, provided that the asset:

   (i) is written off in accordance with the international accounting standards and the beneficiary’s usual accounting practices; and

   (ii) has been purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement, if the purchase occurred within the implementation period;

The costs of renting or leasing equipment or other assets are also eligible, provided that these costs do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment or assets and are exclusive of any finance fee;

Only the portion of the equipment’s depreciation, rental or lease costs corresponding to the implementation period and the rate of actual use for the purposes of the action may be taken into account when determining the eligible costs. By way of exception, the full cost of purchase of equipment may be eligible under the Special Conditions, if this is justified by the nature of the action and the context of the use of the equipment or assets;

(d) costs of consumables and supplies, provided that they:

   (i) are purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement; and

   (ii) are directly assigned to the action;

(e) costs arising directly from requirements imposed by the Agreement (dissemination of information, specific evaluation of the action, audits, translations, reproduction),
including the costs of requested financial guarantees, provided that the corresponding services are purchased in accordance with the rules on implementation contracts laid down in the grant agreement;

(f) costs derived from subcontracts, provided that specific conditions on subcontracting as laid down in the grant agreement are met;

(g) costs of financial support to third parties, provided that the conditions laid down in the grant agreement are met;

(h) duties, taxes and charges paid by the beneficiary, notably value added tax (VAT), provided that they are included in eligible direct costs, and unless specified otherwise in the grant agreement.

11.2.2. Eligible indirect costs (overheads)

Indirect costs are costs that are not directly linked to the action implementation and therefore cannot be attributed directly to it.

A flat-rate amount of 7 % of the total eligible direct costs of the action, is eligible as indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the action/project.

Indirect costs may not include costs entered under another budget heading.

Applicants’ attention is drawn to the fact that if they are receiving an operating grant financed by the EU or Euratom budget, they may not declare indirect costs for the period(s) covered by the operating grant, unless they can demonstrate that the operating grant does not cover any costs of the action.

In order to demonstrate this, in principle, the beneficiary should:

a. use analytical cost accounting that allows to separate all costs (including overheads) attributable to the operating grant and the action grant. For that purpose the beneficiary should use reliable accounting codes and allocation keys ensuring that the allocation of the costs is done in a fair, objective and realistic way.

b. record separately:
   
   – all costs incurred for the operating grants (i.e. personnel, general running costs and other operating costs linked to the part of its usual annual activities), and
   
   – all costs incurred for the action grants (including the actual indirect costs linked to the action)

If the operating grant covers the entire usual annual activity and budget of the beneficiary, the latter is not entitled to receive any indirect costs under the action grant.

11.3. Ineligible costs

The following items are not considered as eligible costs:

a) return on capital and dividends paid by a beneficiary;

b) debt and debt service charges;

c) provisions for losses or debts;
d) interest owed;

e) doubtful debts;

f) exchange losses;

g) costs of transfers from the Commission charged by the bank of a beneficiary;

h) costs declared by the beneficiary under another action receiving a grant financed from the Union budget. Such grants include grants awarded by a Member State and financed from the Union budget and grants awarded by bodies other than the Commission for the purpose of implementing the Union budget. In particular, beneficiaries receiving an operating grant financed by the EU or Euratom budget cannot declare indirect costs for the period(s) covered by the operating grant, unless they can demonstrate that the operating grant does not cover any costs of the action.

i) contributions in kind from third parties;

j) excessive or reckless expenditure;

k) deductible VAT.

VAT\(^1\) will be ineligible when the activities to be supported through the grant are taxed activities/exempt activities with right of deduction or activities engaged in by bodies governed by public law acting as a public authority of a Member State (i.e. activities resulting from the exercise of sovereign powers or prerogatives exercised by Member States under the special legal regime applicable to them in line with Article 13(1) of Council Directive 2006/112/EC: e.g. police, justice, definition and enforcement of public policies, etc.).

11.4. **Balanced budget**

The estimated budget of the action must be attached to the application form. It must have revenue and expenditure in balance.

The budget must be drawn up in euros.

Applicants for whom costs will not be incurred in euros should use the exchange rate published in the Official Journal of the European Union on the Infor-euro website available at:


The applicant must ensure that the resources which are necessary to carry out the action are not entirely provided by the EU grant.

Co-financing of the action may take the form of:

- the beneficiary's own resources,
- income generated by the action or work programme,
- financial contributions from third parties.

Overall co-financing may also include in-kind contributions from third parties, i.e. non-financial resources made available free of charge by third parties to the beneficiary or to the consortium. The corresponding costs of third parties are not eligible under the grant, e.g. providing a meeting room or equipment for free, etc.

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\(^1\) Article 186 (4) (c) of the Financial Regulation
In-kind contributions shall be presented separately in the estimated budget to reflect the total resources allocated to the action. Their approximate value shall be indicated in the estimated budget and shall not be subject to subsequent changes.

11.5. **Calculation of the final grant amount**

The final amount of the grant is calculated by the Commission at the time of the payment of the balance. The calculation involves the following steps:

**Step 1 — Application of the reimbursement rate to the eligible costs and addition of the flat-rate**

The amount under step 1 is obtained by applying the reimbursement rate specified in section 11.1.1 to the eligible costs actually incurred and accepted by the Commission, including costs declared in the form of flat rates to which the co-financing rate applies in accordance with section 11.1.2.

**Step 2 — Limit to the maximum amount of the grant**

The total amount paid to the beneficiaries by the Commission may in no circumstances exceed the maximum amount of the grant as indicated in the grant agreement. If the amount obtained following Step 1 is higher than this maximum amount, the final amount of the grant is limited to the latter.

If volunteers' work is declared as part of direct eligible costs, the final amount of the grant is limited to the amount of total eligible costs approved by the Commission minus the amount of volunteers' work approved by the Commission.

**Step 3 — Reduction due to the no-profit rule**

‘Profit’ means the surplus of receipts over the total eligible costs of the action, where receipts are the amount obtained following Steps 1 and 2 plus the revenue generated by the action for beneficiaries and affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations.

In-kind and financial contributions by third parties are not considered receipts.

The total eligible costs of the action are the consolidated total eligible costs approved by the Commission. The revenue generated by the action is the consolidated revenue established, generated or confirmed for beneficiaries and affiliated entities other than non-profit organisations on the date on which the request for payment of the balance is drawn up.

If there is a profit, it will be deducted in proportion to the final rate of reimbursement of the actual eligible costs of the action approved by the Commission.

**Step 4 — Reduction due to improper implementation or breach of other obligations**

The Commission may reduce the maximum amount of the grant if the action has not been implemented properly (i.e. if it has not been implemented or has been implemented poorly, partially or late), or if another obligation under the Agreement has been breached.

The amount of the reduction will be proportionate to the degree to which the action has been implemented improperly or to the seriousness of the breach.
11.6. **Reporting and payment arrangements**

**11.6.1 Payment arrangements**

The beneficiary may request the following payments provided that the conditions of the grant agreement are fulfilled (e.g. payment deadlines, ceilings, etc.). The payment requests shall be accompanied by the documents provided below and detailed in the grant agreement:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payment request</th>
<th>Accompanying documents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A <strong>pre-financing payment</strong> corresponding to 40% of the maximum grant amount</td>
<td>financial guarantee (see section 11.6.2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **One interim payment:**                | (a) interim technical report 
(b) interim financial statement 
(c) a certificate on the financial statements and underlying accounts |
| For the purpose of determining the amount due as interim payment, the reimbursement rate to be applied to the eligible costs approved by the Commission shall be 80%. |                                                                                       |
| The interim payment shall not exceed 40% of the amount of the maximum grant amount. |                                                                                       |
| The total amount of pre-financing and interim payments shall not exceed 80% of the maximum grant amount. |                                                                                       |
| **Payment of the balance**             | (a) final technical report 
(b) final financial statement 
(c) summary financial statement aggregating the financial statements already submitted previously and indicating the receipts 
(d) a certificate on the financial statements and underlying accounts |
| The Commission will establish the amount of this payment on the basis of the calculation of the final grant amount (see section 11.5 above). If the total of earlier payments is higher than the final grant amount, the beneficiary will be required to reimburse the amount paid in excess by the Commission through a recovery order. |                                                                                       |

In case of a weak financial capacity, section 8.1 above applies.

**11.6.2 Pre-financing guarantee**

A pre-financing guarantee for up to the same amount as the pre-financing may be requested in order to limit the financial risks linked to the pre-financing payment.

The financial guarantee, in euro, shall be provided by an approved bank or financial institution established in one of the EU Member States. When the beneficiary is established in a third country, the Commission may agree that a bank or financial institution established in that third country may provide the guarantee if it considers that the bank or financial institution offers equivalent security and characteristics as those
offered by a bank or financial institution established in a Member State. Amounts blocked in bank accounts shall not be accepted as financial guarantees.

The guarantee may be replaced by:

- a joint and several guarantee by a third party or,
- a joint guarantee of the beneficiaries of an action who are parties to the same grant agreement.

The guarantee shall be released as the pre-financing is gradually cleared against interim payments or the payment of the balance, in accordance with the conditions laid down in the grant agreement.

As an alternative to requesting a guarantee on pre-financing, the Commission may decide to split the payment of pre-financing into several instalments.

11.7. **Other financial conditions**

a) **Non-cumulative award**

An action may only receive one grant from the EU budget.

b) **Non-retroactivity**

No grant may be awarded retrospectively for actions already completed.

A grant may be awarded for an action which has already begun only where the applicant can demonstrate in the grant application the need to start the action before the grant agreement is signed.

In such cases, costs eligible for financing may not have been incurred prior to the date of submission of the grant application.

c) **Implementation contracts/subcontracting**

Where the implementation of the action requires the award of procurement contracts (implementation contracts), the beneficiary may award the contract in accordance with its usual purchasing practices provided that the contract is awarded to the tender offering best value for money or the lowest price (as appropriate), avoiding conflicts of interest.

The beneficiary is expected to clearly document the tendering procedure and retain the documentation in the event of an audit.

Entities acting in their capacity as contracting authorities within the meaning of Directive 2014/24/EU or contracting entities within the meaning of Directive 2014/25/EU must comply with the applicable national public procurement rules.

Beneficiaries may subcontract tasks forming part of the action. If they do so, they must ensure that, in addition to the above-mentioned conditions of best value for money and absence of conflicts of interests, the following conditions are also complied with:

a) subcontracting does not cover core tasks of the action;
b) recourse to subcontracting is justified because of the nature of the action and what is necessary for its implementation;

c) the estimated costs of the subcontracting are clearly identifiable in the estimated budget;

d) any recourse to subcontracting, if not provided for in description of the action, is communicated by the beneficiary and approved by the Commission. The Commission may grant approval:

(i) before any recourse to subcontracting, if the beneficiaries requests an amendment

(ii) after recourse to subcontracting if the subcontracting:

- is specifically justified in the interim or final technical report and
- does not entail changes to the grant agreement which would call into question the decision awarding the grant or be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants;

e) the beneficiaries ensure that certain conditions applicable to beneficiaries, enumerated in the grant agreement (e.g. visibility, confidentiality, etc.), are also applicable to the subcontractors.

d) Financial support to third parties
The applications may not envisage provision of financial support to third parties.

12. PUBLICITY

12.1. By the beneficiaries
Beneficiaries must clearly acknowledge the European Union’s contribution in all publications or in conjunction with activities for which the grant is used.

In this respect, beneficiaries are required to give prominence to the name and emblem of the European Commission on all their publications, posters, programmes and other products realised under the co-financed project.

To do this they must use:

- the text: “With financial support from the European Union”
- the emblem available at https://europa.eu/european-union/about-eu/symbols/flag_en
- the following disclaimers:

  For publications in print or electronic format:
  ‘This publication was produced with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of <name of the author/partner> and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union’

  For websites and social media accounts:
  ‘This <website/account> was created and maintained with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of <name of the author/partner> and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union’

  For videos and other audio-visual material:
This <video/film/programme/recording> was produced with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of <name of the author/partner > and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union'.

If this requirement is not fully complied with, the beneficiary’s grant may be reduced in accordance with the provisions of the grant agreement.

12.2. By the Commission

With the exception of scholarships paid to natural persons and other direct support paid to natural persons in most need, all information relating to grants awarded in the course of a financial year shall be published on an internet site of the European Union institutions no later than the 30 June of the year following the financial year in which the grants were awarded.

The Commission will publish the following information:

– name of the beneficiary;
– address of the beneficiary when the latter is a legal person, region when the beneficiary is a natural person, as defined on NUTS 2 level if he/she is domiciled within the EU or equivalent if domiciled outside the EU;
– subject of the grant;
– amount awarded.

Upon a reasoned and duly substantiated request by the beneficiary, the publication shall be waived if such disclosure risks threatening the rights and freedoms of individuals concerned as protected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union or harm the commercial interests of the beneficiaries.

13. PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

The reply to any call for proposals involves the recording and processing of personal data (such as name, address and CV). Such data will be processed pursuant to Regulation (EU) No 2018/1725 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC. Unless indicated otherwise, the questions and any personal data requested that are required to evaluate the application in accordance with the call for proposal will be processed solely for that purpose by DG REGIO – Budget and Financial Management. Personal data may be registered in the Early Detection and Exclusion System by the Commission, should the beneficiary be in one of the situations mentioned in Articles 136 and 141 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/10468.

For more information, see the Privacy Statement on: https://ec.europa.eu/info/data-protection-public-procurement-procedures_en

14. PROCEDURE FOR THE SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Proposals must be submitted by the deadline set out under section 3.
No modification to the application is allowed once the deadline for submission has elapsed. However, if there is a need to clarify certain aspects or to correct clerical mistakes, the Commission may contact the applicant during the evaluation process.

Applicants will be informed in written about the results of the selection process.

Applicants are requested to submit their applications by email in pdf format to the following email address: REGIO-CALL-EUSALP-TSS@ec.europa.eu

The date and time of receipt of the email with the application attached will constitute the evidence of submission.

Applications sent by post or by fax will not be accepted.

**Contacts**

Any questions related to this call may be addressed to REGIO-CONTRACTS@ec.europa.eu. In order to ensure an efficient handling of any enquiry, please indicate clearly the reference of this call for proposals in the subject or in the text of the email.

The answers to the questions submitted will be published in the Q&A list at https://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/en/newsroom/funding-opportunities/calls-for-proposal/ to ensure equal treatment of all potential applicants. Questions may be sent by applicants to the above address no later than 10 days before the deadline for the submission of proposals.

- **Annexes:**
  - Application form
  - Checklist of documents to be provided
  - Model grant agreement
Appendix

Specific conditions for direct personnel costs

1. Calculation

The ways of calculating eligible direct personnel costs laid down in points (a) and (b) below are recommended and accepted as offering assurance as to the costs declared being actual.

The Commission may accept a different method of calculating personnel costs used by the beneficiary, if it considers that it offers an adequate level of assurance of the costs declared being actual.

a) for persons working exclusively on the action:

\[
\text{monthly rate for the person} \times \text{number of actual months worked on the action}
\]

The months declared for these persons may not be declared for any other EU or Euratom grant.

The monthly rate is calculated as follows:

\[
\frac{\text{annual personnel costs for the person}}{12}
\]

using the personnel costs for each full financial year covered by the reporting period concerned.

If a financial year is not closed at the end of the reporting period, the beneficiaries must use the monthly rate of the last closed financial year available;

b) for persons working part time on the action

(i) If the person is assigned to the action at a fixed pro-rata of their working time:

\[
\text{monthly rate for the person} \times \text{pro-rata assigned to the action} \times \text{number of actual months worked on the action}
\]

The working time pro-rata declared for these persons may not be declared for any other EU or Euratom grant.

The monthly rate is calculated as above.
(ii) In other cases:

\{\text{hourly rate for the person multiplied by number of actual hours worked on the action}\}

or

\{\text{daily rate for the person multiplied by number of actual days worked on the action}\}

(rounded up or down to the nearest half-day)

The number of actual hours/days declared for a person must be identifiable and verifiable.

The total number of hours/days declared in EU or Euratom grants, for a person for a year, cannot be higher than the annual productive hours/days used for the calculations of the hourly/daily rate. Therefore, the maximum number of hours/days that can be declared for the grant are:

\{\text{number of annual productive hours/days for the year (see below)}\}

\text{minus}

\{\text{total number of hours and days declared by the beneficiary, for that person for that year, for other EU or Euratom grants}\}.

The ‘hourly/daily rate’ is calculated as follows:

\{\text{annual personnel costs for the person divided by}\}

\text{number of individual annual productive hours/days}\}

using the personnel costs and the number of annual productive hours/days for each full financial year covered by the reporting period concerned.

If a financial year is not closed at the end of the reporting period, the beneficiaries must use the hourly/daily rate of the last closed financial year available.

The ‘number of individual annual productive hours/days’ is the total actual hours/days worked by the person in the year. It may not include holidays and other absences (such as sick leave, maternity leave, special leave, etc). However, it may include overtime and time spent in meetings, trainings and other similar activities.

2. Documentation to support personnel costs declared as actual costs

For \textbf{persons working exclusively on the action}, where the direct personnel costs are calculated following \textbf{point (a)}, there is no need to keep time records, if the beneficiary signs a \textbf{declaration} confirming that the persons concerned have worked exclusively on the action.
For **persons assigned to the action at a fixed pro-rata of their working time**, where the direct personnel costs are calculated following **point (b)(i)**, there is no need to keep time records, if the beneficiary signs a declaration that the persons concerned have effectively worked at the fixed pro-rata on the action.

For **persons working part time on the action**, where direct personnel costs are calculated following **point (b)(ii)**, the beneficiaries must keep **time records** for the number of hours/days declared. The time records must be in writing and approved by the persons working on the action and their supervisors, at least monthly.

In the absence of reliable time records of the hours worked on the action, the Commission may accept alternative evidence supporting the number of hours/days declared, if it considers that it offers an adequate level of assurance.