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Day 1

Cooperation with OLAF. Reporting of irregularities.

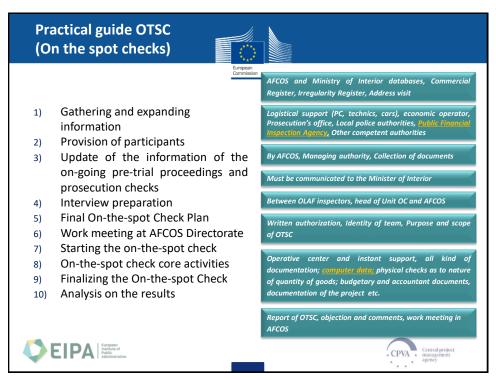
- Cooperation between national authorities and OLAF
- Reporting of Irregularities
- PACA (primary administrative or judicial finding)

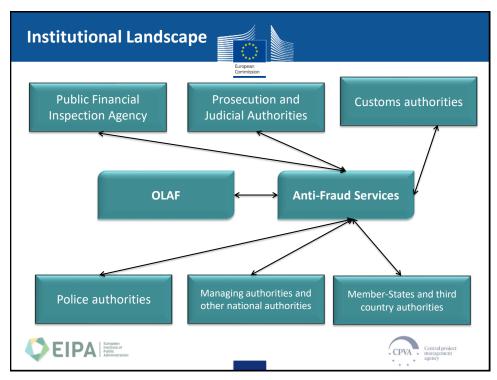


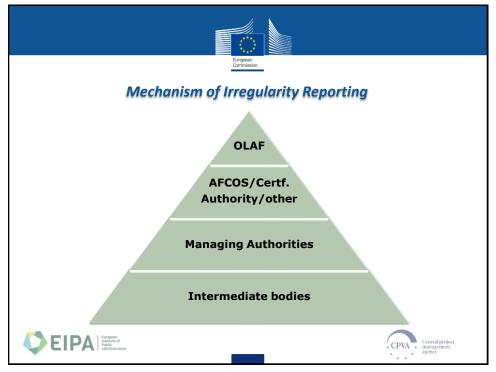
The training has been organised by EIPA and CPVA under the Framework Contract Nr 2023CE160AT004. The opinions expressed are those of the contractor only and do not represent the EC's official position.













Reporting of Irregularities – Aim of Reporting

- Reporting can vary significantly. Information includes the provision infringed, the amounts in question, the practices used to commit the irregularity, the parties involved, whether the detected irregularity constitutes 'fraud' etc.
- <u>Functions</u>: It is a <u>preventive measure</u> to support proactive risk analysis, and it also <u>allows administrative</u> and <u>judicial monitoring</u> of action taken by Member States.





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PACA - Primary administrative or judicial finding

Requisites for PACA:

- A document in writing (written assessment): a report, memorandum, resolution, recovery order, management verification report, check list any document with facts of irregularity
- An assessment by a competent authority;
- A conclusion that an irregularity has been committed.







Types of Reporting

- In EU legislation the deadlines for meeting the reporting obligation vary, based on the type of the irregularity report (initial; follow-up or special report).
- <u>Initial</u> Within two months following the end of each quarter (counting from the PACA).
- Follow up as soon as possible after obtaining the relevant information (In initiation, abonnement or conclusion of proceedings)
- Immediate if other MS is concerned
- Limitation period no envisaged (programme). In suspicion of fraud – depends on National Legislation.





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Closing and cancelling the irregularity reporting

- Canceling: if the case did not constitute an irregularity
- <u>Closing</u>: when all proceedings and procedures are concluded on national level, including the reimbursement to the EU Budget.

Examples: 1. The beneficiary recovers the unduly paid sums

- 2. the financial correction procedure is finalised;
- 3. The procedures are concluded with final administrative or judicial act
- 4. If the **court** says there was not an irregularity
- 5. If the **beneficiary fulfills its obligation** that lead to the irregularity
- 6. Removal from the trade register of the beneficiary
- 7. the **MA discovers** the irregularity **before payment** and the funding agreement is cancelled or the beneficiary agrees to cover the financial consequences
- 8. New findings opposite to the old ones



