### **TERRITORIAL AGENDA 2030 PILOT ACTIONS**

#### Overview and state of play November/December 2020

Besides outlining objectives and priorities for an inclusive and sustainable Europe that holds a future for all people and places, the Territorial Agenda 2030 also stresses the need for translating the objectives and priorities into practice. It calls upon key players all around Europe to support and commit to the application process and introduces also the idea of dedicated implementation actions, which are called 'pilot actions':

"To inspire joint actions across Europe, pilot actions demonstrate, test and develop practices which contribute to achieving Territorial Agenda priorities. These actions mirror increasing recognition of the importance of place-based policies by showing how the territorial dimension of regional, national and European policies can be actively addressed. They focus on learning, sharing best practices, joint working groups developing ways forward, or implementation." (Paragraph 77, Territorial Agenda 2030)

A first set of six pilot actions has been launched together with the adoption of the Territorial Agenda 2030 at the informal ministerial meeting on 01 December 2020.

These six pilot actions mirror the increasing recognition of the importance of place-based policies by showing how the territorial dimension of regional, national and European policies can be actively addressed. They focus on learning, sharing best practices, joint working groups developing ways forward, and implementation. Everybody is encouraged to closely follow them, take inspiration and come forward with proposals for new actions.

The six pilot actions have broad spatial and thematic coverage and illustrate the diversity of possible applications of the Territorial Agenda 2030. They address different types of territories, including cities and small towns ('Climate action in Alpine towns', 'Small places matter'), rural and remote areas ('Climate change adaptation and resilience through landscape transition', 'A future for lagging regions'), and functional cross-border regions ('Vision for a zero-carbon cross-border functional region'). The pilot action 'Region-focused Territorial Impact Assessment' will be implemented in different types of territories.

Each pilot action addresses one or several priorities of the Territorial Agenda 2030. The first six pilot actions focus on the priorities 'Balanced Europe' (3 pilot actions), 'Functional regions' (4 pilot actions), 'Integration beyond borders' (2 pilot actions), and 'Healthy Environment' (3 pilot actionsThe pilot actions cover a broad range of topics relevant for spatial development – from decarbonisation, resilience and climate change adaptation to territorial impact assessments, participatory bottom-up governance approaches and vision building.

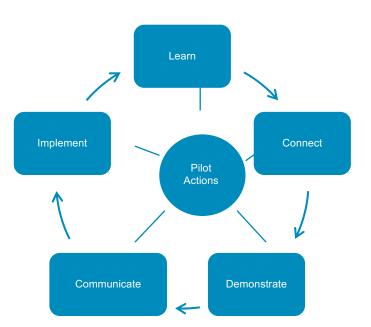
The pilot actions run for two to three years. During this time, partners from different countries work together under the leadership of different EU (Germany, Luxembourg, Poland, Portugal) and non-EU (Norway, Switzerland) countries. Together with their partners, they refine the scope of the pilot action and agree and work towards tangible aims and ensure that the pilot action delivers useful results. Most of the pilot actions have no or only very limited dedicated funding. Therefore, the partners of each pilot

#### #TerritorialAgenda A future for all places

action participate mostly on own resources and their engagement is driven by expectations of direct benefits from the work on the pilot action and an idea of how they want to use the outcomes later on.

The pilot actions will deliver valuable opportunities to:

- *Demonstrate*: The pilot actions will deliver concrete actions that demonstrate how to usefully apply and work with the Territorial Agenda and its priorities.
- *Learn*: By working across stakeholder groups and territories the pilot actions will be an important learning tool.
- *Connect:* The pilot actions will build capacity and networks of engagement within and across themes and territories.
- Communicate: Within the pilot actions, communication, including exchange of ideas, dissemination, and feedback, will be fundamental. The pilot actions themselves will also be a basis for wider communication and engagement activities.
- *Implement*: The pilot actions will offer examples of practical implementation steps.



#### Figure: Pilot action opportunities

The pilot actions will report (regularly) to the Network of Territorial Cohesion Contact Points and hopefully inspire other players to join in, make use of their experience and/or initiate own pilot actions.

Interested parties find more information on the pilot actions at <u>https://territorialagenda.eu/actions.html</u> or may contact the pilot actions lead partner if they want to have more information or are interested in following a pilot actions more closely. In some cases, it may even still be possible to join as a partner.

## A FUTURE FOR LAGGING REGIONS: FOSTERING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SPATIAL STRATEGIES



The pilot action 'A future for lagging regions' aims to strengthen economic, social and cultural anchor points in structurally weak regions in order to maintain and increase quality of life outside urban areas. Nearby hubs for everyday services in sparsely populated areas play a decisive role for economic development and social well-being at regional level. The pilot action accompanies the implementation of measures of strategic relevance to secure services of general interest on local level, for example in the areas of supply and digitalization. The six participating pilot regions will test ways to effectively establish linkages with sectoral planning activities. In doing so, the pilot action will sustain the implementation of spatially relevant measures and shape local development perspectives for lagging regions.

	European and a standard and the second standard and the second standards and the sta
Rationale & link to Territorial Agenda	Europe's regions are diverse in terms of development conditions and potentials. One of the core priorities of the renewed Territorial Agenda – to strive for more balanced development and more equal living conditions for all regions – is put into practice and translated to the regional and local level through the pilot action on 'A future for lagging regions'. The pilot action aims to secure services of general interest and strengthen integrated regional development. It contributes to the priority of a 'Balanced Europe'.
Envisaged activities	<ul> <li>The pilot action will include implementation, transfer and upscaling activities.</li> <li>1) Implementation activities: Hands-on local and regional actions in the field of services of general interest. Based on existing spatial development concepts, integrated and transferable solutions for the provision of public services will be implemented. This includes:</li> <li>the application of digital tools for health care, supply of essential goods and services ('local marketplace'), mobility, and local communities,</li> </ul>

• facilitation and evaluation of intermunicipal cooperation, evaluation and improvement of regional governace structures, and         • evaluation of public services.         2) Transfer activities: Regions and communities will participate in a European exchange, offering advice to other regions within and beyond the partnership to set up spatial strategies and implement related measures.         3) Upscaling activities: Regults and findings on local level will be transferred to policies, plans and programmes on all levels. Such activities will provide good examples to raise awareness of the concerns in lagging regions at national and European levels.         Envisaged       Answers to the following questions are envisaged:         How can reasoures of spatial strategies be effectively incorporated into a spatially relevant measures?         A kick-off event will take place in May 2021 in Berlin and a final event in 2023. Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be disseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foressen, as well as regular updates on the TA2030 website. The plot action will also deliver a final report.         Time planning       Dint work on truther refining the plot action (May 2021 – September 2023); boint work on truther refining the plot action (May 2021 – September 2023); coordinating and supporting the implementation activities in the participating regions, partner megions will control work how nesources for local activities.         Time planning       Cerman partner regions will controlive with own resources for local activities		• strategy-building in local communities through participative approaches,
Provision of public services.         2) Transfer activities: Regions and communities will participate in a European exchange, offering advice to other regions within and beyond the partnership to set up spatial strategies and implement related measures.         3) Upscaling activities: Results and findings on local level will be transferred to policies, plans and programmes on all levels. Such activities will provide good examples to raise awareness of the concerns in lagging regions at national and European levels.         Envisaged       Answers to the following questions are envisaged:         Iessons / results       How can regional planning measures be effectively implemented in order to create perspectives for structurally weak regions?         Envisaged       How can regional planning measures be effectively incorporated into sectoral planning and concepts in order to sustain the implementation of spatially relevant measures?         A kick-off event will take place in May 2021 in Berlin and a final event in 2023. Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be inseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foreseen, as well as regular updates on the TA2030 website. The pilot action will also deliver a final report.         Time planning       • Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.         Implementation of the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2023): Coordinating and supporting the implementation activities in the partncipating regions, partner meetings and a final event.         Resources       German partne		
exchange, offering advice to other regions within and beyond the partnership to set up spatial strategies and implement related measures.           3) Upscaling activities: Results and findings on local level will be transferred to policies, plans and programmes on all levels. Such activities will provide good examples to raise awareness of the concerns in lagging regions at national and European levels.           Envisaged <ul> <li>How can measures of spatial strategies be effectively implemented in order to create perspectives for structurally weak regions?</li> <li>How can regional planning measures be effectively incorporated into spatially relevant measures?</li> <li>A kick-off event will take place in May 2021 in Berlin and a final event in 2023. Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be implemented in two main phases:</li> <li>Joint work on further refining the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2020 until May 2021), following a preparation phases:</li> <li>Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.</li> </ul> Resources         German partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.           Indicative partnership collex berging dynamic partner store of the autoral funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.           Resources                  Gorinitz District, DE		
Envisaged       • How can measures of spatial strategies be effectively implemented in order to create perspectives for structurally weak regions?         lessons / results       • How can regional planning measures be effectively incorporated into sectoral planning and concepts in order to sustain the implementation of spatially relevant measures?         A kick-off event will take place in May 2021 in Berlin and a final event in 2023. Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be disseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foreseen, as well as regular updates on the TA2030 website. The pilot action will also deliver a final report.         Time planning       Following a preparation phase until November 2020, the pilot action will be implemented in two main phases:         .       Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020) until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.         .       Implementation of the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2023): Coordinating and supporting the implementation activities in the participating regions, partner meetings and a final event.         Resources       German partner regions will be co-funded via national funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.         Indicative partnership consists of six European regions:       • Rostock Planning Region, DE         .       Schleswig-Flensburg District, DE       • Alente		<ul><li>exchange, offering advice to other regions within and beyond the partnership to set up spatial strategies and implement related measures.</li><li>3) Upscaling activities: Results and findings on local level will be transferred to policies, plans and programmes on all levels. Such activities will provide good examples to raise awareness of the concerns in lagging regions at national and</li></ul>
Indicative partners       Sectoral planning and concepts in order to sustain the implementation of spatially relevant measures?         A kick-off event will take place in May 2021 in Berlin and a final event in 2023. Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be disseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foreseen, as well as regular updates on the TA2030 website. The pilot action will also deliver a final report.         Time planning       Following a preparation phase until November 2020, the pilot action will be implemented in two main phases:         • Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.         • Implementation of the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2023): Coordinating and supporting the implementation activities in the participating regions, partner meetings and a final event.         Resources       German partner regions will be co-funded via national funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with regards to joint working and sharing of knowledge may be covered as well. European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.         Indicative partners       Görlitz District, DE         • Alentejo CCDR, PT       • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT         • French region (tbc)       The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.         Lead	Envisaged	How can measures of spatial strategies be effectively implemented in order
Envisaged disseminationExchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be disseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foreseen, as well as regular updates on the TA2030 website. The pilot action will also deliver a final report.Time planningFollowing a preparation phase until November 2020, the pilot action will be implemented in two main phases: • Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.ResourcesGerman partner regions, partner meetings and a final event.ResourcesGerman partner regions will be co-funded via national funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions will european partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities. The partnership consists of six European regions: • Rostock Planning Region, DE • Schleswig-Flensburg District, DE • Alentejo CCDR, PT • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT • French region (tbc)Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@br.bund.de)	lessons / results	sectoral planning and concepts in order to sustain the implementation of
Time planningimplemented in two main phases: Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.Time planningImplementation of the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2023): Coordinating and supporting the implementation activities in the participating regions, partner meetings and a final event.ResourcesGerman partner regions will be co-funded via national funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with regards to joint working and sharing of knowledge may be covered as well. European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.Indicative partnersThe partnership consists of six European regions: • Rostock Planning Region, DE • Schleswig-Flensburg District, DE • Görlitz District, DE • Alentejo CCDR, PT • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT • French region (tbc) The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@br.bund.de)		Exchange and consultations with interested regions beyond the partnership will be promoted. Summaries and reports for information of the wider public will be disseminated, and articles and press releases will be drafted. Active participation in conferences at national and European level is foreseen, as well as regular
participating regions, partner meetings and a final event.ResourcesGerman partner regions will be co-funded via national funds for spatial development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with regards to joint working and sharing of knowledge may be covered as well. European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.Indicative partnersThe partnership consists of six European regions: 	Time planning	<ul> <li>implemented in two main phases:</li> <li>Joint work on further refining the pilot action (December 2020 until May 2021), followed by a kick-off event.</li> <li>Implementation of the pilot action (May 2021 – September 2023):</li> </ul>
Resourcesdevelopment. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with regards to joint working and sharing of knowledge may be covered as well. European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.Indicative partnersThe partnership consists of six European regions: • Rostock Planning Region, DE • Schleswig-Flensburg District, DE • Görlitz District, DE • Alentejo CCDR, PT • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT • French region (tbc) The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
Indicative partners• Rostock Planning Region, DE • Schleswig-Flensburg District, DE • Görlitz District, DE • Alentejo CCDR, PT • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT • French region (tbc) The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)	Resources	development. Travel and meeting expenses of European partner regions with regards to joint working and sharing of knowledge may be covered as well. European partner regions will contribute with own resources for local activities.
Indicative partners• Görlitz District, DE • Alentejo CCDR, PT • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT • French region (tbc) The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
Indicative partners       • Alentejo CCDR, PT         • Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT         • French region (tbc)         The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.         Cerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
<ul> <li>Alentejo CCDR, PT</li> <li>Land Vorarlberg / Walgau Region, AT</li> <li>French region (tbc)</li> <li>The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.</li> <li>German Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)</li> </ul>	Indicative	
French region (tbc)     The European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.     German Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
Lead stakeholderThe European Commission (DG REGIO) has expressed their interest to act as an associated partner. Further associated partners will join the partnership.Lead stakeholderGerman Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
Lead stakeholder         German Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		$\mathbf{c}$
Lead stakeholder German Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany Sina Redlich (sina.redlich@bbr.bund.de)		
	Lead stakeholder	German Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR) on behalf of the Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community (BMI), Germany
www.territorialagenda.eu/actions		www.territorialagenda.eu/actions

#### **REGION-FOCUSED TERRITORIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**



Inequalities between places and people are prominent in development discourses around the European Union, with notions such as 'places that don't matter' or 'places left behind' or 'the geography of discontent'. The 'Region-focused Territorial Impact Assessment (TIA)' pilot action aims to better understand how different sectoral policies can shape spatial imbalances, focusing in particular on areas left behind and bringing the local levels to the forefront. By developing a better understanding of policy impacts on territories, better policies can be designed in future which are place sensitive and address more effectively the needs of communities and citizens.

Rationale & link to Territorial Agenda	The Territorial Agenda 2030 addresses inequalities between places and people and advocates for a future for all places. The action aims to create a better understanding policy impacts on territories to design better policies that are place-sensitive and address the needs of communities and citizens. Instead of implementing different TIAs across different territories and eventually comparing their outcomes, the rationale builds on existing TIA methodologies and aims to develop and test the right blend of those that best serve the purpose of the pilot action. The pilot action builds on three innovative ideas. First, the focus of the TIA starts from the characteristics and needs of the territory and agreed development goals. Different types of territories can be included, e.g. urban, rural, cross-border areas to look at effects beyond borders. Second, the TIA aims to support integrated territorial development strategies at different levels of governance. Lastly, it aims to involve local and regional players in implementation.
Envisaged activities	The process of the 'Region-focused Territorial Impact Assessment' has three main phases:
	<ul> <li>Phase 1: Collecting showcase examples and introducing them to the participating stakeholders (incl. review of existing TIA methodologies and the impact policies on the indicated areas and types of territories).</li> </ul>

	• Phase 2: Developing a flexible methodology for a tailor-made TIA, building on the results of phase 1.
	Phase 3: Implementing the methodology in case study areas.
	The pilot action combines joint and individual activities for the partners involved in the case study areas, including input on experiences, workshops, and verification of methods to the involvement of joint coordination experts.
	A general methodology will be designed, which will serve as a basis for territorially adjusted approaches in each partner State. Thus, the methodology is a base to be adapted according to the different needs of the partners, e.g. ex-ante vs. ex-post vs. ongoing; strategy vs. funding instrument; different degrees of territorial sensitivity; several policies that are interrelated vs. one policy. The aim of the methodology is to be as simple and flexible as possible and adaptable to specific needs. Coordinating the different adjustments may be challenging, given the different stakeholders involved, different policies, types of strategy etc. To facilitate the process, the general methodology will also give advice for the required elements depending on the respective focus. Further reflections on the envisaged results include:
Envisaged	• Learning about territorial impacts of different sector policies on specific territories, as well as learning about the specific needs of different territories and the variety and usefulness of different methodologies.
lessons / results	• Connections will be developed through capacity building and networks between the participating local and regional stakeholders. With a view to covering the territorial impacts of sector policies, connections will be developed between policies.
	• The pilot action demonstrates how to usefully apply and work with the Territorial Agenda and its priorities. In particular, the pilot action can identify areas of good practice, such as increasing the capacity building of different ministries representing the different sectoral policies at hand.
	• Communication will contribute to dissemination, which will be achieved through cooperation with multiplier institutions.
	• Implementation is addressed by the pilot action's aim to develop an easy-to- use TIA methodology 'blend' that can be used by the partners in their respective countries and regions and also be applied to others.
Envisaged	Capitalisation and valorisation activities will include the preparation of a final document on the guidance and experience of the implemented TIA as a common product (second half of 2022) that will be further disseminated.
dissemination	Furthermore, final results may be presented in an international event in 2022, to present project results, open to all project partners, as well as international stakeholders and other interested participants.
Time planning	The project is envisaged to run from January 2021 until the second half of 2022.
Resources	Partners bring in own resources to cover own activities, e.g. funding, personnel and knowledge. Resources for joint activities are still under elaboration.
Indicative partners	Partner states are Poland (lead), Germany, Slovenia, the Czech Republic and The Netherlands. Additional cooperation partners are the European Commission, the European Committee of the Regions and ESPON, furthermore, partners from different governance levels in interested regions of the participating countries.
Lead	Ministry of Development Funds and Regional Policy, Poland
stakeholder	Patrycja Artymowska (Patrycja.Artymowska@mfipr.gov.pl, TIApilot@mfipr.gov.pl)
	www.territorialagenda.eu/actions.html

## SMALL PLACES MATTER: UNDERSTANDING HOW SMALL PLACES CAN BOOST THEIR ROLE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A WIDER TERRITORY



Small and medium-sized places are an important pillar of Europe's territorial DNA and home to a large part of Europe's population. The pilot action's focus is on the vital role of small towns and villages in the development of integrated territorial development processes, strengthening the territorial coordination of policies and cooperation between territories. The work addresses the questions: how can the Territorial Agenda become relevant for small places; and how can small places be 'boosted' in their role for territorial development? Of particular importance to the pilot action is finding new ways to strengthen the link between insights and momentum from bottom-up/local initiatives and top-down planning processes in relation to demographic change in small places and boosting their attractiveness to younger people either staying in the area or moving into it.

Rationale and link to Territorial Agenda	The pilot action directly engages with a number of priorities set out in the Territorial Agenda 2030, including 'Balanced Europe' and 'Functional Regions'. More specific links are with the aims: to encourage all area types to cooperate on improving conditions in all areas, recognise the potential in areas with specific geographies (in this case more remote areas), and support dialogue with decision makers in towns of all sizes to apply an integrated multilevel governance approach.
	The pilot action addresses key challenges set out in the Territorial Agenda 2030, in particular demographic and societal imbalances, and quality of life. The pilot action's focus on the vital role of small towns and villages in the development of integrated territorial development processes also strengthens territorial coordination of policies and cooperation between territories, which are key elements of putting the Territorial Agenda 2030 into action.
Envisaged activities	The envisaged activities include:

	<ul> <li>an initial meeting to exchange ideas and refine the focus between interested stakeholders,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>a phase to 'harvest' projects, identifying existing areas of relevant activity,</li> </ul>
	• followed by opportunities to showcase examples and network building activities.
	As experienced in one of the selected projects, there is an opportunity to build a 'cavalcade network', which would be dynamic and evolving rather than a fixed partnership. Particular areas of interest already identified are around the issue of fostering educational and business links to boost the attractiveness of small towns, through working cross-sectorally to build capacity for local skills and jobs, and address territorial needs.
	Partner exchanges have the potential to develop specific areas of interest to be followed up through targeted analyses in ESPON or Interreg projects, or working in new ways, e.g. through engagement with macroregional strategies and integrated territorial instruments.
	Key lessons/results from the pilot actions include the following elements:
	First, the pilot action will identify practical tools and approaches to address specific issues linked to demographic change in small places and boosting their attractiveness to younger people either staying in the area or moving into it.
Envisaged lessons and results	Second, the pilot action will highlight the importance of recognising and capitalising on existing activities and interactions in mobilising the Territorial Agenda. For example, Interreg programmes have already supported relevant projects. Their value and impact could be amplified through opportunities for wider exchange and support for capitalisation of their activities.
	Third, the pilot action will support better policy making, better linking the value in bottom-up, locally-oriented initiatives with regional and national level policy/strategy development and better mapping challenges and solutions, with a view to informing policy. It would also address an identified development gap which is not being addressed successfully either through market interventions or traditional regional policy interventions and demands new thinking, solutions and activities.
	Finally, the pilot action offers the scope to look to the future and consider how the COVID-19 crisis could inform thinking on small places responding to change, the desirability of more balanced development and the role of small places.
Envisaged Dissemination	The opportunity to showcase and capitalise on ongoing, innovative actions is a key part of the pilot action. Partners in the pilot action aim to build new networks and links with interested territories and also use established networks to disseminate results. The pilot action can also use the Territorial Agenda hashtag to showcase and disseminate results.
Resources	The pilot action will primarily focus on scope to link and capitalise on existing interventions. Specific areas of interest could lead to joint project proposals for ESPON and Interreg Europe, for example.
Time planning	A partner meeting is planned for December 2020. The meeting is an opportunity to broaden input on the direction and evolution of the pilot action. The pilot action is expected to run for a period of 2-3 years, i.e. until 2022 or 2023.
Indiactive	Partner contacts have been identified in Germany, Poland, Finland, Ireland and Switzerland, and also the European Commission (DG REGIO and DG AGRI).
Indicative partners	In addition, regional administrations in Norway have expressed an interest in the pilot action and links identified to a number of relevant project actions in the Baltic Sea Programme, Urbact, ESPON and Interreg VC.
Lead	Ministry of Local Government and Modernisation, Norway
stakeholder	Jan Edøy (Jan.Edoy@kmd.dep.no)
	www.territorialagenda.eu/actions.html

# CROSS-BORDER SPATIAL PLANNING: A VISION FOR A ZERO-CARBON CROSS-BORDER FUNCTIONAL REGION



The Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning of Luxembourg is currently revising the Master Programme for Spatial Planning. This new version of the main spatial planning document will include guidelines for short to mid-term future development of the Luxembourgish territory (time horizon 2035) and strategic orientations for its long-term future development (time horizon 2050). As an input for these strategic orientations, the Ministry wants to develop a territorial vision for the ecological transition of the cross-border functional region of Luxembourg until 2050 based on the principles of decarbonisation and resilience in a process called 'Luxembourg would like to set up a pilot action to initiate a mutual learning process with partners from across Europe and allow for the transfer of this specific methodology of cross-border territorial visioning in other cross-border regions.

Rationale and link to Territorial Agenda	The pilot action based on 'Luxembourg in Transition' consists of a learning process. It allows for the transfer of a methodology for cross-border territorial visioning to other areas in Europe. The visioning process as well as the pilot action contribute to the priority of 'Integration beyond borders'. With the thematic focus of decarbonisation and resilience, it furthermore aims at aligning spatial policy with the European Green Deal and the Just Transition Mechanism, thus contributing to the priority of 'Healthy environment'.
	Together with stakeholders from the cross-border region, the Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning launched the 'Luxembourg in Transition' process in October 2020. It is based on a cooperative competition with 10 international multidisciplinary expert teams developing territorial visions and implementation strategies with concrete projects for a decarbonised resilient cross-border functional region in 2050. After methodological framework will have been developed (Oct. 2020 – Jan. 2021), it will be adapted to the territorial context of cross-border functional region (Feb. 2021 – June 2021). Finally, a vision and demonstration projects will be developed (June

	2021 – Dec. 2021). Public participation plays a vital role throughout the whole process, with a citizen advisory committee involved in the decision-making process. Key questions are:
	• How to develop a joint territorial vision for a zero-carbon cross-border functional region based on soft territorial cooperation?
	• How to translate such a territorial vision into concrete objectives, strategies and measures on both sides of the border?
	• How to tackle the cross-border dimension of a territorial vision based on decarbonisation and resilience?
	The pilot action is going to run in two main phases, each with specific activities:
Envisaged activities	Phase 1 (Dec. 2020 – Feb. 2022): The objective of the pilot action is for partners to exchange, comment on, and learn from the methodology. While this territorial visioning process is ongoing, the Ministry will share relevant documents with the partners, present the different steps of the process and organise regular (online) meetings to discuss them. This will give partners an opportunity to critically assess and learn from this territorial visioning process.
	Phase 2 (Feb. 2022 – Dec. 2022): Based on lessons and experience, partners will develop a guidance note for the potential transfer of the methodology. The guidance note will describe the different steps of the process and offer lessons. One possibility is to present this guidance note at a closing event or conference on cross-border territorial visioning.
Envisaged lessons and results	The idea of the pilot action is to share experience and facilitate the transfer of the methodology of 'Luxembourg in Transition'. The central output will be a guidance note concerning the potential transfer of the methodology. Ideally, the experiences, exchanges and lessons learned from this process could motivate the development of cross-border territorial visions in other parts of Europe.
Envisaged dissemination	General information on the process of 'Luxembourg in Transition' is available on the <u>website</u> . While the process is ongoing, the responsible Ministry will share relevant documents with all partners. The guidance note concerning the potential transfer of the methodology of 'Luxembourg in Transition' should be disseminated on a broad basis and could be presented at a closing event or conference on zero-carbon cross-border visioning.
Time planning	The visioning process of 'Luxembourg in Transition' is going to run in three stages from October 2020 until December 2021. In parallel, the pilot action is going to run in two phases from December 2020 until December 2022.
Resources	Depending on the situation in relation to COVID-19 and travel restrictions, the costs for partners could, for instance, include travel costs for attending a meeting or a site visit. It will be attempted to avoid incurring other costs.
Indicative partners	In the framework of 'Luxembourg in Transition', the Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning of Luxembourg works closely together with stakeholders from Luxembourg as well the neighbouring countries of Belgium, France and Germany. For the pilot action, the Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning of Luxembourg would like to set up a partnership with interested parties from other countries at the local, regional, national, cross-border or transnational level.
paratoro	Tentative expressions of interest have already been received from the European Commission (DG REGIO), Switzerland, and Portugal. The Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning of Luxembourg would also like to integrate relevant cross-border organisations and stakeholders in the first phase of the pilot action in order to cooperate with them as potential multipliers in the second phase.
Lead	Ministry of Energy and Spatial Planning, Luxembourg
stakeholder	Frederick-Christoph Richters (frederick-christoph.richters@mat.etat.lu)

#### CLIMATE ACTION IN ALPINE TOWNS



Perceptions of the Alps are often rather rural than urban, even though around one third of Alpine inhabitants live in densely populated towns. This pilot action will be developed under the Swiss Presidency of the Alpine Convention in 2021/2022. The goal is to show the potential and importance of low-threshold climate action in spatial planning. The project wants to empower Alpine towns and their citizens to develop new ideas and provide a solid ground for "bottom-up" actions. The pilot wants to inspire municipalities in combining long-term climate measures with quick action: this will improve communication and builds acceptance and knowledge.

Rationale and link to Territorial Agenda	A built environment that produces low emissions plays a key role for a positive future. This pilot wants to link spatial development with climate issues more strongly, contributing to the objective of a green Europe. The aim is to bring civil society, municipalities and civil servants together, contributing to the objective of a just Europe. The pilot action wants to show how municipalities can implement low-threshold and quick climate action by building on local potential. Encouraging local cooperation and coordination will increase the support for place-based and sustainable solutions by the whole society. These actions can pave the way for the long-term climate strategies in spatial planning that are often too complex to communicate or that remain "invisible". Long-term impacts shall arise from the pilot action by building on existing resources, bottom-up actions and providing a sound framework with well-established networks in the Alpine area and beyond. The pilot action relies strongly on partners in the field (i.e. Alpine Town of the Year Association and its member towns). Therefore, the geographic scope was limited to the Alps and Alpine towns. The process and results shall be applicable to all territories and will be disseminated in wider networks (e.g. the European Commission).
Envisaged activities	'Climate action in Alpine towns' will deliver a tailor-made support framework to allow the participating Alpine towns to experiment and test approaches for citizen

	participation in relation to climate change adaptation or mitigation in ongoing planning processes. The pilot action will help the towns to improve methods and practices in the fields of citizen involvement, spatial planning and climate change by experimenting with new approaches and exchanging with the other towns. The following steps are foreseen:
	• Identify suitable towns: Start date for project activities in the first group of towns will be by the end of 2020 and for the second group in spring 2021.
	<ul> <li>Create local project teams: Set up of a project team consisting of representatives of the Alpine towns, young citizens, experts and other interested and relevant persons.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Support local planning processes: First, identify a relevant climate challenge in spatial planning which benefits from citizen involvement. Second, develop and implement a suitable planning and participation process with the local project team. It should be possible to address the identified climate challenge and develop spatial planning solutions for the local context with the involved citizens.</li> </ul>
	Anticipated outputs can range from developing strategies for the transformation of specific areas to small-scale actions. Primarily working on local level, the pilot action also seeks to reduce negative impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.
	Outputs of the pilot action are diverse, depending on the town's needs: e.g. strategies, re-designing public spaces, tree planting, mobility measures, or awareness raising activities on specific issues. In the end, the partners would like to answer the following questions:
	How can we develop low-threshold climate action in spatial planning?
Envisaged lessons and	• How can we involve civil society more carefully in planning processes that relate to climate action?
results	• How does the involvement change the awareness of citizens for a healthy environment in their town? How does this affect the perception of quality of life and the acceptance of climate adaption/mitigation measures?
	• How should climate policies and strategies be adapted to the particular territory and culture? Could the Alps become a model region?
Envisaged	Capitalisation and valorisation activities will include the preparation of a summary as a common output (by the end of 2022) that will be disseminated in the Territorial Agenda process and the Alpine Convention.
dissemination	Furthermore, a final international event is envisaged for 2022, to present project results, open to all project partners, as well as international stakeholders and other interested participants.
Time planning	Start in January 2021 and scheduled conclusion by the end of 2022.
	All partners bring in own resources, e.g. funding, personnel or knowledge. Each participating town
Resources	• will take over staff costs for the realisation of the project and participation in local workshops and international events; and
	• will receive funds for the participation process on a selected challenge related to climate change and/or spatial planning.
Indicative partners	Partners are Switzerland (lead), Germany, Austria, Slovenia, the European Commission and the Alpine Convention. The Alpine Towns of the Year Association and selected Alpine towns will play a key role in implementation.
Lead	Federal Office for Spatial Development ARE, Switzerland
stakeholder	Marc Pfister (marc.pfister@are.admin.ch)
	www.territorialagenda.eu/actions.html

### CI IMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION AND RESILIENCE THROUGH LANDSCAPE TRANSITION



In recent years, Portugal suffered major wildfires that severely affected rural areas already subject to socio-demographic and economic decline processes. As a political response, the country adopted policy measures aiming to 'value' the territory through landscape transition and territorial revitalisation of rural areas. These policy measures were developed and are being implemented within the legal framework of the National Spatial Planning Policy Programme (PNPOT), approved in 2019, alongside the Landscape Transformation Programme (PTP), approved in 2020. Against this background, the pilot action 'Climate change adaptation and resilience through landscape transition', led by the Portuguese Ministry for the Environment and Climate Action, aims to develop experimental, integrated approaches for vulnerable rural areas in decline. The pilot action aims at building a long-term commitment across all levels of governance, better regulation and implementation plans, and better synergies and complementarity between EU and national funding mechanisms.

The pilot action focuses on integrated climate change adaptation and

environmental, social and economic resilience, through planning and design for a new landscape, decreasing the risk and the effects of disasters like severe wildfires. This involves integrating climate change adaptation and territorial resilience, Rationale and funding ecosystem services, promoting sustainable value chains and developing innovative governance approaches for planning systems and relevant policy and Territorial stakeholder's engagement. Linking to the Territorial Agenda 2030, the pilot action Agenda addresses the importance of well-functioning and resilient ecosystems for the mitigation of the impact of climate change, and the essential role of integrated management and cooperation beyond administrative boundaries. This pilot action is, therefore, closely related to the priorities: 'Functional regions' under the objective

link to

	Just Europe and 'Healthy environment' under Green Europe, also meeting the EU initiative Long-term Vision for Rural Areas.
Envisaged activities	Activities will focus on the role of spatial planning in landscape transition and the need to consider the resilience of rural areas and long-term commitment of the actors evolved. The pilot action seeks to strengthen the interaction between spatial planning and other relevant sectoral policies, e.g. agricultural and forestry, through an integrated and holistic landscape perspective. The pilot action addresses the allocation of public funding for sectoral policies and how they promote territorial resilience, and, crucially, develops a sense of active stakeholder participation in the process, as they are the real 'landscape transformation agents'. Concrete activities will involve various outputs such as conferences, workshops, meetings, visits, data collection through observation and stakeholder groups, communication and dissemination activities. Monitoring reports and recommendations to accompany the implementation process and to prepare for 2021 will also be discussed.
	The pilot action has four thematic priorities for a landscape transition approach:
	<ul> <li>Integrating climate change adaptation and resilience: Territories need to be better prepared for extreme events. Risks such as wildfires, loss of biodiversity and reduction in agricultural productivity become higher and more costly.</li> <li>Fostering ecosystem services and the green economy: Biodiversity must be considered a heritage component and an asset in danger of irreversible losses that must be defended and protected.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Mobilising endogenous resources and improving natural capital valorisation: Natural capital must be pursued as a differentiating and enhancing factor.</li> </ul>
Envisaged	<ul> <li>Building innovative processes of governance and stakeholder engagement in a long-term perspective: Landscape transition takes time.</li> </ul>
lessons and results	The Landscape Planning and Management Programme for Serras de Monchique and Silves, in the Algarve in southern Portugal, is one of the case studies that inspire this pilot action. This case study will
	• test solutions for transforming rural areas that stand out as particularly vulnerable to climate change and natural disasters,
	• test how functional relations embedded in rural landscapes can be the basis for integrated planning and place-based governance,
	boost local economies through a landscape transition process, and
	deliver tailor-made public policies.
	The pilot action will also integrate the results within the framework of the ESPON project 'Territorial Impacts of Natural Disasters' (TITAN-SOPORT).
Envisaged dissemination	Various means and forms of dissemination are under discussion, namely 'territorial dialogues' with stakeholders at European and national levels, events to present and promote the results and future publications.
Time planning	The implementation phase is in preparation. It will start in 2021.
Resources	Resources are still under discussion and will mainly cover costs for conferences, workshops, travelling and translations.
Indicative partners	From Portugal: Stakeholders from different administrative levels and sector policies, regional and local stakeholders and universities. Partners from other countries are still welcome to join, e.g. from Croatia, Greece and Spain (tbc).
Lood	Ministry for the Environment and Climate Action, Portugal
Lead stakeholder	Marta Magalhães (mmagalhaes@dgterritorio.pt)
	Patrícia Moreira (pmoreira@dgterritorio.pt)
	www.territorialagenda.eu/actions