

Vice-President of Agência para o Desenvolvimento e Coesão







New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

The Cohesion Policy role to strengthen the Multilevel Governance: Lessons and challenges from PT

 Main impacts of CP to create new instruments and improve the quality of governance in Portugal







More developed region LISBON

■ Less developed regions

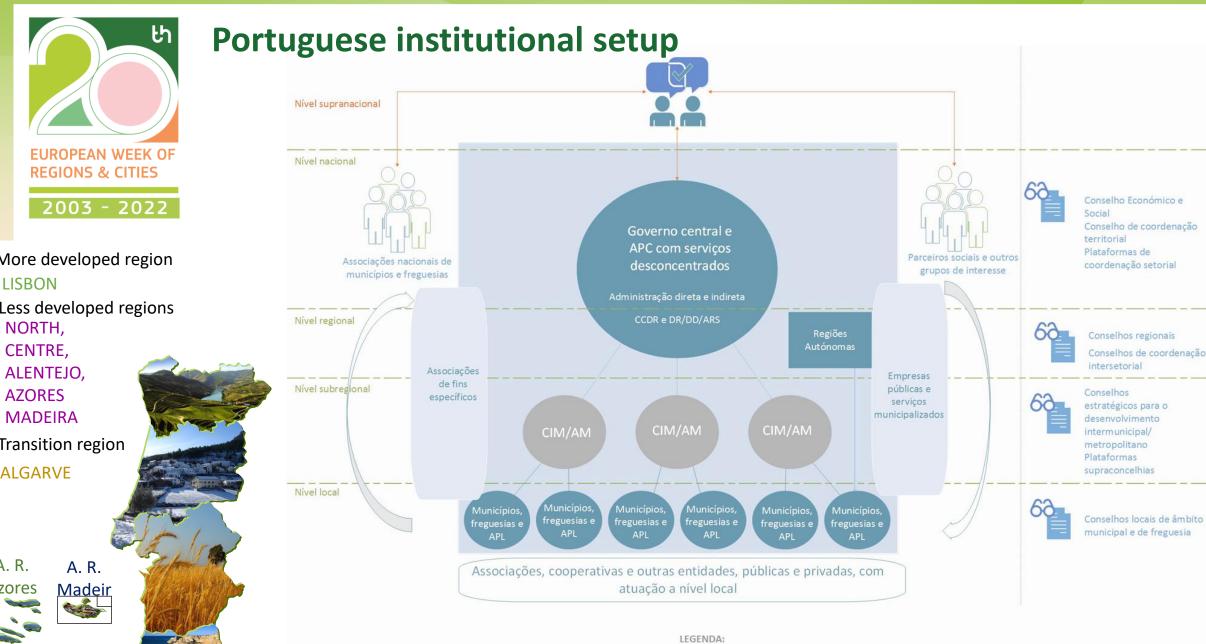
CENTRE, ALENTEJO, **AZORES MADEIRA**

■ Transition region

ALGARVE

A.R.





AM - Área Metropolitana

DD - Delegação Distrital

ARS - Administração Regional de Saúde

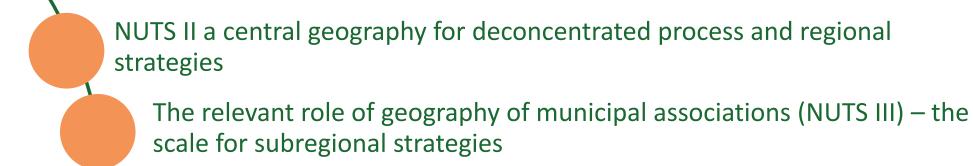
APC - Administração Pública Central CCDR - Comissão de Coordenação e Desenvolvimento Regional DR - Delegação Regional

APL - Administração Pública Local CIM - Comunidade Intermunicipal



Main results regarding geographies...

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The relevance of urban approach though mainly at inframunicipal level

Some relevant experiences with functional geographies in promoting economic development (PROVERE and LEADER)

A recent stronger focus on interior







Main results on quality of Public policies governance...

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Strategic planning and multiannual investment plans Partnership and accountability Evaluation culture and methodological developments Root of the more innovative public policies; Framework for the creation and evolution of the Multilevel governance tools

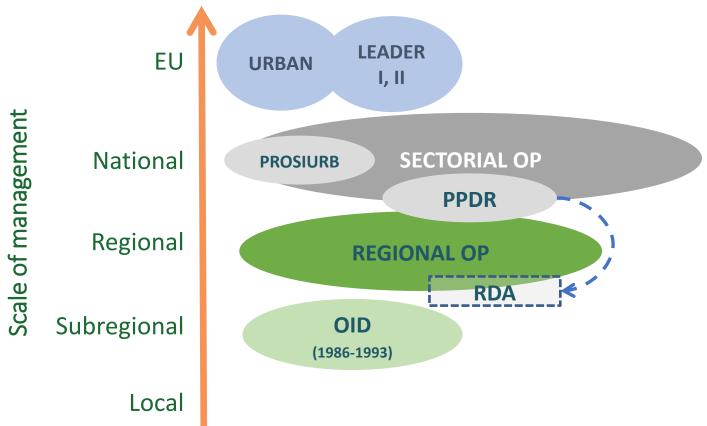






From 1986 to 1999 (CSF I and CSF II)

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Financial Instruments (OP)

Other governance Instruments

Local Subregional Regional National UE
Scale of main effects/impacts



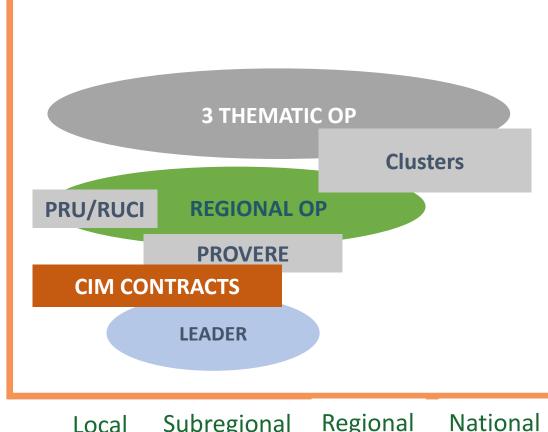




2007-2013 (NSRF)

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Other governance
Instruments

Financial

Instruments (OP)

Local Subregional Regional
Scale of main effects/impacts



UE



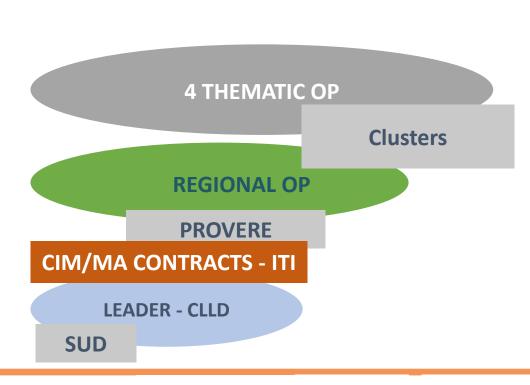




2014-2020 (Portugal 2020)

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Financial Instruments (OP)

Other governance Instruments

Local

Subregional

Regional

National

UE

Scale of main effects/impacts









Portugal 2030

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EU Scale of management **National** Regional Subregional

Local

3 THEMATIC OP + RRP

Clusters/R&I agendas

REGIONAL OP*

PROVERE

CIM/MA CONTRACTS – (incl. Urban development)

*includes:
Territorial Just Transition Plans
and other few thematic ITI

UE

Other governance
Instruments

Financial

Instruments

(OP)

Local Subregional Regional National Scale of main effects/impacts







Relevant governance tools...

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Territorial coordination council and Regional Councils

Interministerial monitoring WP for the decentralisation process

Recent permanent commission for monitoring municipal investment (Government, ANMP, AD&C, MA and RRP)

AD&C's role in coordinating instruments and promoting analysis and debate with regional and national actors

Territorial Instruments (ITI; SUD; other IT)

Policy evaluations also as a process of ownership, empowerment and debate...

The importance of cooperation with SEN for statistical information







Main persistent Challenges

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The need to improve the integration/coordination across the main regional policy instruments (EU funds, Spatial planning, Focus on interior, decentralisation and agricultural development in rural areas)

The ability to be selective and pursue different and adequate solutions in different territories (trade off specificities/equity)

Improve the sustainability of strategies, guaranteeing the credibility of public policies. For that purpose, it is important not to puzzle strategies/governance/financing;

Clarification of competences across public agents/public institutions... strengthening the consistency of "administrative geographies" in a decentralization ongoing process;

Maintain capacity-building actions at all levels (local, subregional, regional and national) and the relevance of local leadership





#EURegionsWeek



Some relevant new Challenges...

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The right balance between a focus on less developed regions of interior (internal convergence) and the need to enhance development of the more dynamic regions (external convergence) — The vision of the strategic Agenda for Portugal 2030

The efficient and effective way to provide accessible and affordable public services in all regions, mainly in the regions under depopulation and ageing pressures

Promote more flexible framework for the local agents in order to mobilize and animate the territory, rather than performing more administrative and bureaucratic duties...and avoid to replace thematic fragmentation with fragmentation in territorial strategies

The recent (and futures) uncertainty in the socioeconomic environment and the challenge to turn compatible the short and long term policies

The complexity of more fragmented framework of EU instruments (e.g. ERDF, CF, ESF, JTF, RRP, EARDF) – demarcation, coordination and capacities at all levels





2003 - 2022





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Thank You

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