





## Why do we need data sharing?

State of play of tourism data sharing

Highly complex and interconnected landscape

Lack of efficient data use

SI Lack of sector-wide principles and governance · O Unrealized opportunities

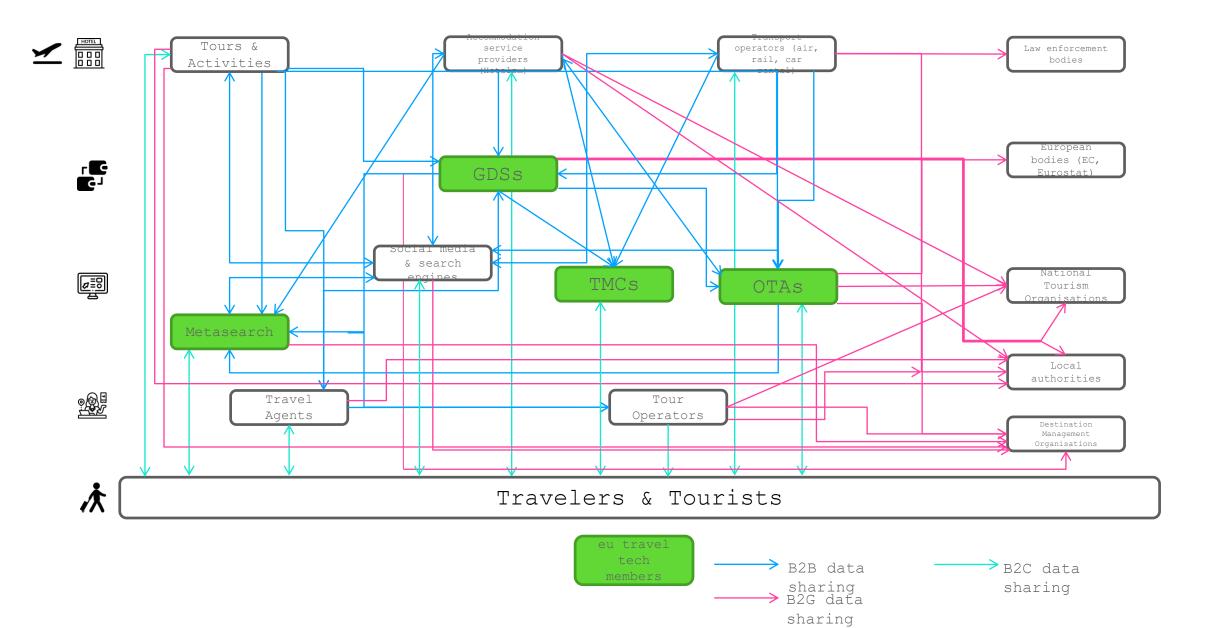


**New Challenges for** 

**Europe's Cohesion** 

#EURegionsWeek

### Data sharing in the tourism ecosystem





## Data sharing to support tourism's New Challenges for green transition

REGIONS & CITIES European tourism is going through its own "twin 2003 - 2022 transition"

- > Green transition
- > Digital transition

Data-sharing is key to harness digitalisation to make travel more sustainable!

"Sustainable tourism is about the efficient use of destinations' limited resources and capacity to maximise benefits for locals and visitors alike. Unlocking the potential of big data and other digital tools is vital for achieving this and making sustainability an opportunity and not a cost for the sector."



# Data sharing to better manage tourism flows

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

Addressing "overtourism" is about ensuring adequate management of demand (tourism flows) vs offer (destinations capacities).
Data availability is critical

- Such data is collected by a number of players: OTAs, telcos, travel services providers...
- It is required by national and local authorities to ensure adequate planning and design adapted policies

#### Examples:

- Mobility planning by local authority enabled by sharing mobility apps' demand data.
- ✓ Anticipation of travelers flows enabled by sharing online travel platforms data.
- ✓ Design of adequate STR policies enabled by sharing STR platforms data through Eurostat.





# Data sharing to direct demand towards more sustainable offers

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

□ Travelers do want to travel in a more sustainable way.

- > 61% of travelers are taking sustainability as a booking criteria (Booking sustainability report, 2021)
- However, they don't always have access to the information they need.
- Need for adequate data-sharing to increase consumer awareness of tourism's sustainability impacts

#### Examples:

- ✓ Transparency on carbon footprint enabled by sharing transport operators' data (e.g. CO2 emissions/flight)
- ✓ Transparency on CO2 optimal travel options enabled by sharing transport operators data (travel options)
- Transparency on environmental performance enabled by sharing providers data (e.g. environmental labels).





### **Tourism data sharing Code of Conduct**

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

#### **Sector-led Drafting Committee**







#### New Challenges for What have we done so far? Europe's Cohesion

The Drafting Committee has achieved:



First draft of the Code of Conduct



Consideration for institutional expertise



Ongoing stakeholder consultation

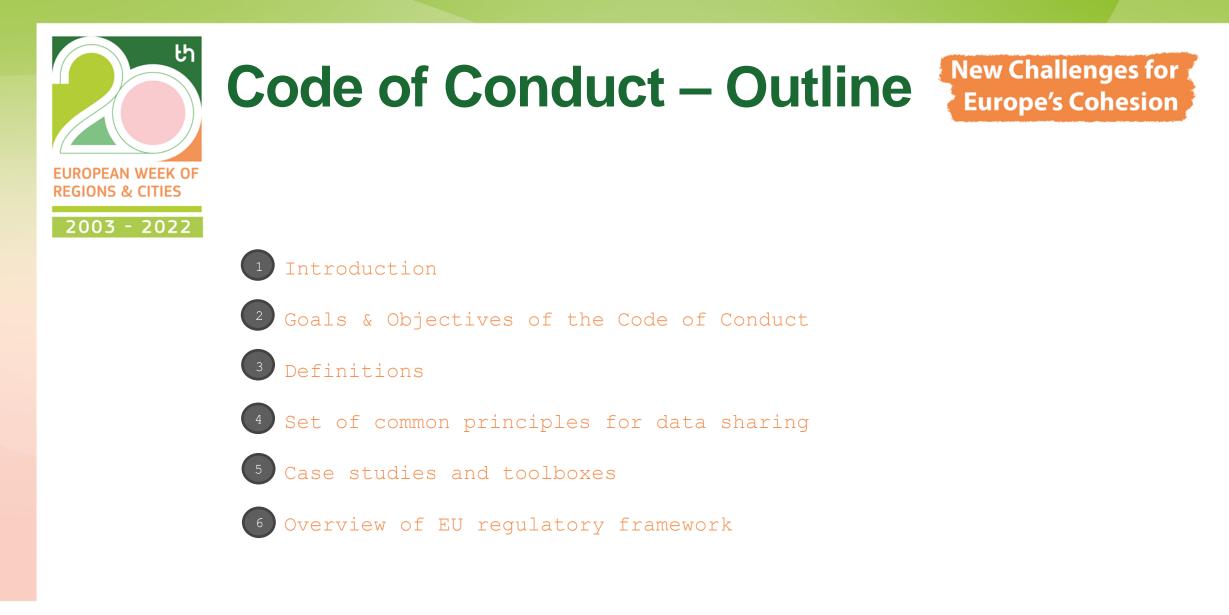
Ongoing work:

Finalization & gathering of signatories

The ¢ode of Conduct is an initiative designed for the entire EU tourism  $ec\phi system$  and will thus be open for participation and endorsements.

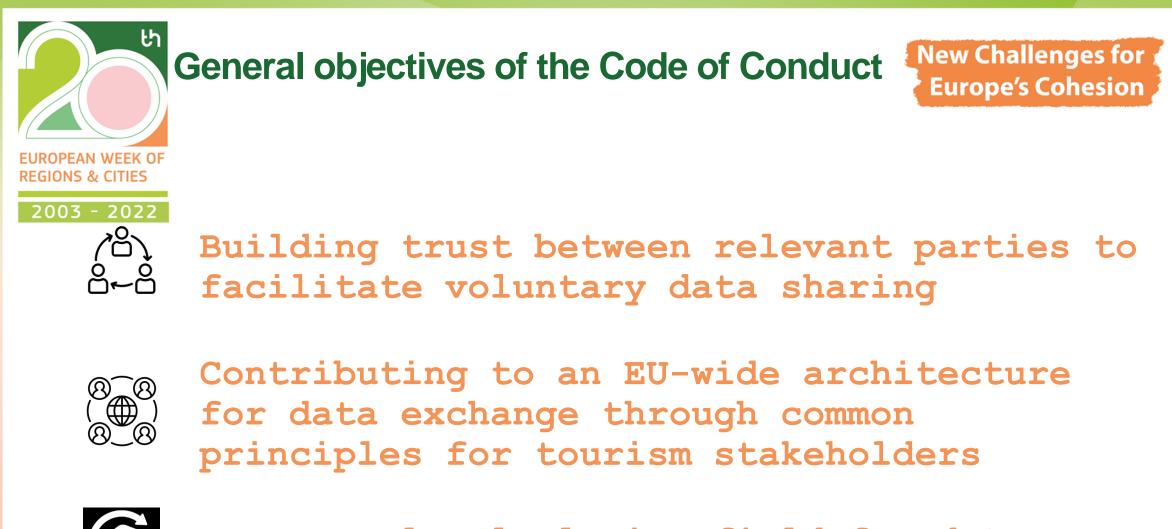














Ensure a level playing field for datasharing





# **Elements addressed (I)**

I.

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

EUROPEAN WEEK OF REGIONS & CITIES 2003 - 2022		Interoperability	Actors shall aim at facilitating data interoperability
	Ð	Data usage rights	Clear definition of access and usage rights of each party to the contract: data originator shall be able to determine who can access and use its data
	<b>)</b>	Remuneration	Data originator's right to benefit from or be compensated for the use of data it generated, under FRAND conditions
	Ē	Liability	Data originator's liability in case of damage arising from and/or connected to the receipt and/or use of its data (e.g. processing, analysis, enriching)
#EURegionsW	(ff) (eek	Competition	Need to ensure a level playing field among all operators, avoid unfair data advantages and free- riding



# **Elements addressed (II)**

ťh

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

EUROPEAN WEEK OF REGIONS & CITIES	Privacy	CoC focuses on non-personal data sharing. Application of existing privacy legislation whenever personal data may anyhow be involved.
	Security	Need to ensure the highest feasible degree of security through a security architecture taking into account the degree of sensitivity of shared data. Protection against loss, theft, unauthorized access and alteration.
(c)	Data limitation principle	Clear definition of data covered by the agreement. Purpose and time limitation of the access and use of the data.
( ntellectual Property		No infringement of IPRs: trademarks, protected designs, copyright, patents, trade secrets.
#EURegionsW	Quality	Quality of data should be preserved: integrity, authenticity, consistency and accuracy.



#### Thank you!

#### **Emmanuel Mounier**

eu travel tech Secretary General emounier@eutraveltech.eu New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion



#EURegionsWeek