



2 ACTION PLAN 5 KEY AREAS

The EU Maritime Security Strategy *Responding together to global challenges*

Awareness, surveillance & information sharing for enhanced decision-making

Preparedness and response rely on adequate awareness, but no single actor has access to the full picture.

Comprehensive and cost-efficient common networks and protocols are the answer to achieve critical knowledge, effective prevention and best possible response.

Sharing information on a “need to know – responsibility to share” basis across borders and sectors will provide collaborative authorities with the Maritime Situational Awareness they need.

€400m/y

Overall CISE benefits once operational (€40m/y direct savings)

€10bn/y

EU Maritime surveillance

Types, sources and formats of data

A Reporting, sensors, platforms, data bases, intelligence

B **400+** Maritime surveillance authorities in the EU

C National information systems



Cross border sectorial systems

- 1 SafeSeaNet - IMDatE **Safety & security**
- 2 EUROSUR **Border control**
- 3 E-customs **Customs**
- 4 FLUX **Fisheries control**
- 5 CECIS - Copernicus **Environmental protection**
- 6 MARSUR **Defence**
- 7 SIENA **Law Enforcement**

MAIN OBJECTIVES & BENEFITS

More knowledge and understanding for comprehensive maritime awareness

Better decision making for safer, more secure and healthier seas

EU countries and institutions are called to:

Further implement **CISE**

Improve **cross-border cooperation and information exchange** for the surveillance of the EU maritime area and external borders

Ensure adequate **coordination of EU maritime surveillance activities**