

# Single Market Scoreboard

*Performance per Member State*

## Slovakia

*(Reporting period: 2015)*



## Transposition of law

**Transposition deficit: 0.4%** (last report: 0.4%) – Stable backlog. Slovakia is one of the 13 Member States that reached the 0.5% proposed target.

*EU average = 0.7%; Proposed target (in Single Market Act) = 0.5%*

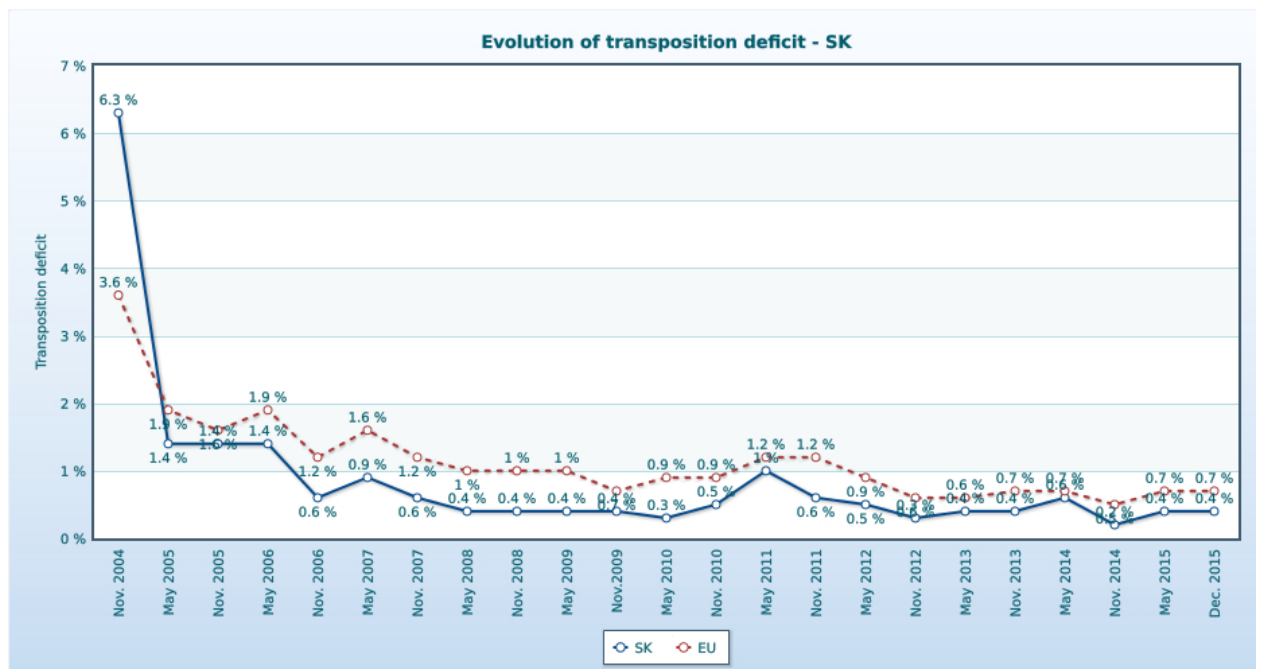
**Overdue directives: 4** (last report: 5) – **None** more than 2 years overdue.

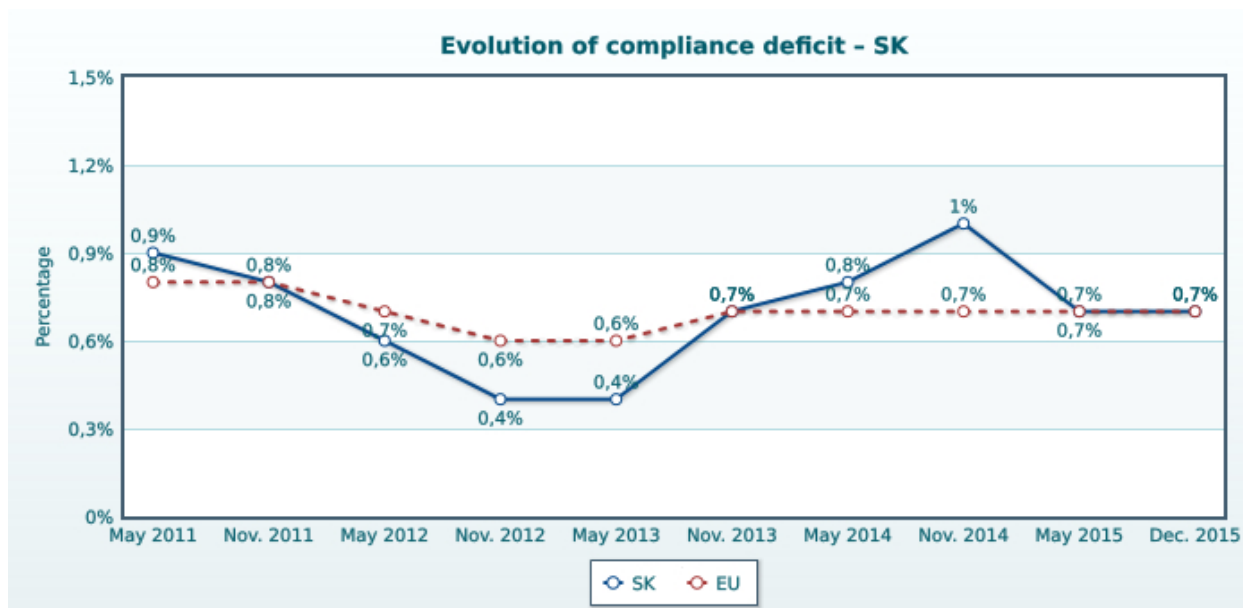
**Average delay: 6.8 months** (last report: 2.9 months) – Slovakia is one of the top 5 Member States with the smallest transposition delay. It recorded a slight increase but is still a lot better than the EU average.

*EU average = 10.1 months*

**Compliance deficit: 0.7%** (last report: 0.7%) – Stable result still in line with the EU average.

*EU average = 0.7%; Proposed target (in Single Market Act) = 0.5%*





## Infringements

**Pending cases: 27** (6 new cases and 2 cases closed; last report: 23 pending cases) – Substantial increase and now above the EU average number of single market-related cases.

(EU average = 26 cases)

### Problematic sectors:

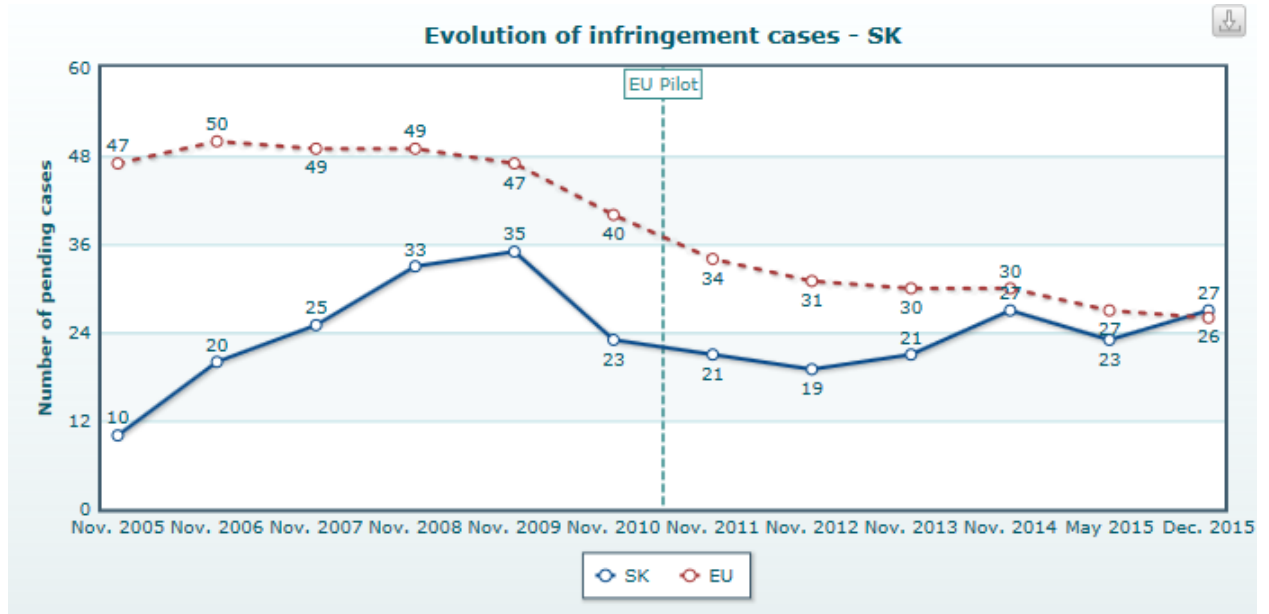
- water protection and management (4 cases)
- air transport (3)
- free movement of capital (3)
- justice (3)

**Average case duration: 24.7** months for the 24 cases not yet sent to the Court (last report: 24.4 months) – Stable result, better than the EU average duration of cases.

(EU average = 30.7 months)

**Compliance with court rulings: 1.4** months for the only case at this stage of the procedure (last report: 1.4 months) - No new cases at this stage.

(EU average = 21 months)



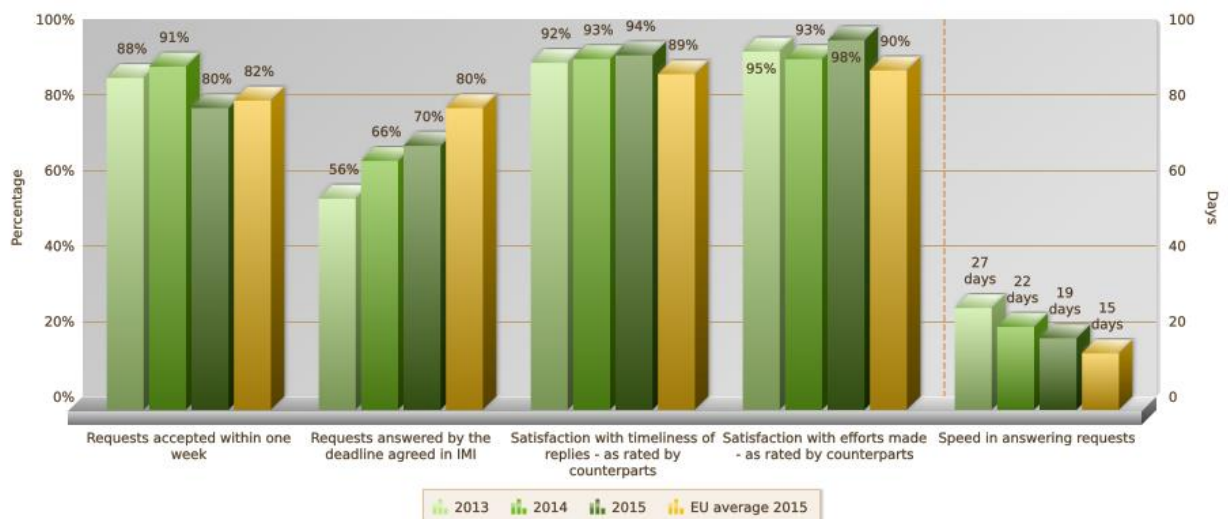
## EU Pilot

Slovakia's average response time respects the 70-day benchmark in EU Pilot.

## Internal Market Information System

**Performance** – Slovakia continues to perform well.

- The percentage of requests answered by the deadlines agreed in IMI remains quite low
- Satisfaction rates among counterparts are stable and well above the EU average
- Speed in answering requests has improved but remains below the EU average and could be improved



## EURES

National provider: [Central Office of Labour, Social Affair and Family](#)

**EURES advisers** (nationally): 28

**Performance:** Good, but this could still be improved by increasing the number of contacts with employers, which might result in a higher ratio of placements.

## Your Europe

### National equivalent?

National portal in SK, EN: [www.slovensko.sk](http://www.slovensko.sk)

### Record for this period

- some participation in Editorial Board work
- responsive to some requests for information for the website
- back-linking from national websites to Your Europe; no reported promotional activities

### Recommended action

Continue to:

- ensure stable representation on the Editorial Board
- provide information, when requested, on how Slovakia applies single market rules
- link national websites to Your Europe

### Make an effort to:

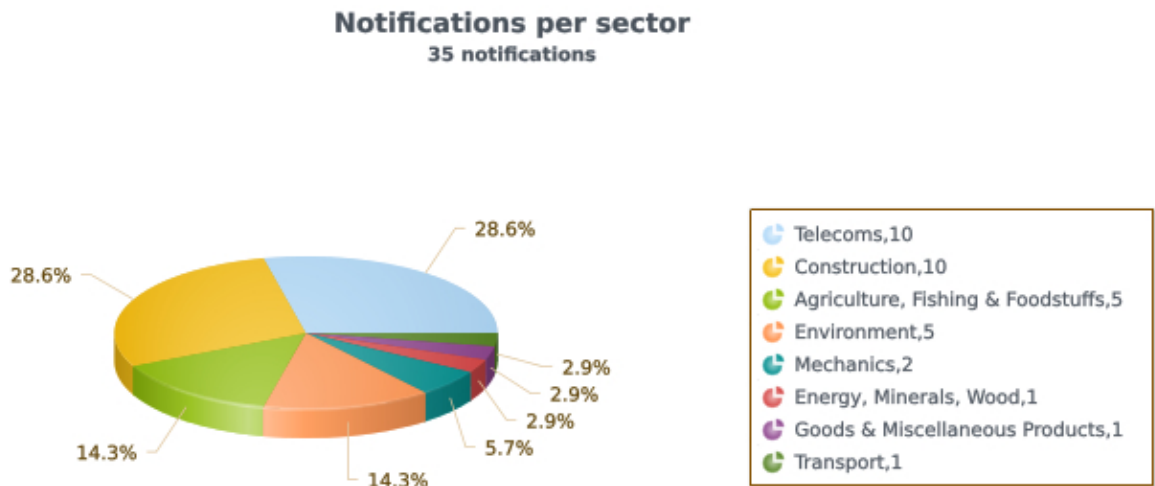
- attend the Board meetings twice a year
- provide all missing information on how the country applies single market rules
- raise awareness of Your Europe within national administration and among potential end users

## SOLVIT

- **Caseload – medium**  
*Submitted cases:* 67 (61 in 2014)  
*Received cases:* 9 (15 in 2014)
- **Resolution rate:** 78% (100% in 2014)
- **Handling time (Home centre)**  
*Reply in 7 days:* 100% (92% in 2014) – **very good**  
*Cases prepared in 30 days:* 96% (74% in 2014) – **very good**
- **Handling time (Lead centre) Cases closed in 10 weeks:** 88% (87% in 2014) – **good**

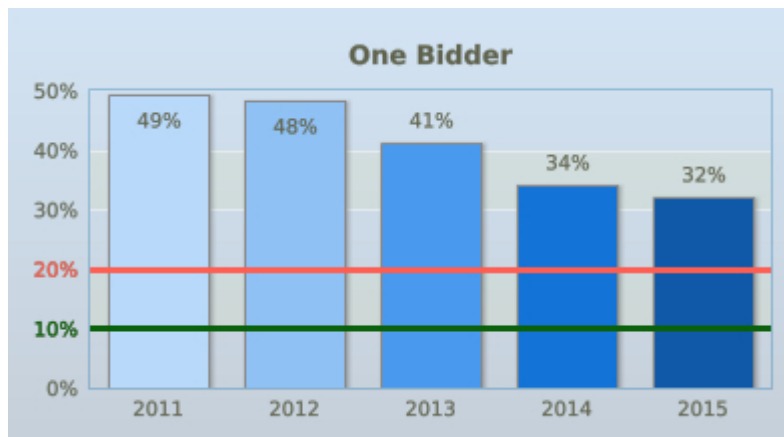
- **Staffing**  
*Continuity – good*  
*Sufficient for current caseload? Yes*

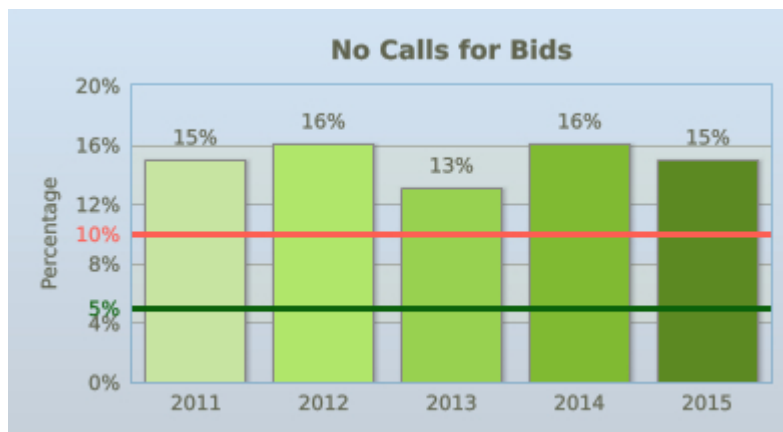
## Technical Regulations Information System



## Public procurement

Overall, Slovakia's performance in 2015 was **unsatisfactory**. See more: [Public procurement performance](#).






## Postal Services

For easier analysis, EU countries are divided into 3 groups on the basis of absolute GDP per capita and EU accession date (method used in EU postal sector study (2010–13)):

- **Western** – Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Sweden and UK
- **Southern** – Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Malta, Portugal and Spain
- **Eastern** – Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia.

Prices in purchasing power parity (PPP)

- **Domestic prices 2010–14 (in PPP):** increase from 0.93 PPPs to 1.01 PPPs
- **Cross-border price developments 2010-14 (in PPP):** rather stable prices with 1.56 PPPs in 2014
- **Transit time performance D+1 (national target: 93%):** very stable – consistently above 96% – 96.38% in 2014

 *For some countries, the reference figures for the previous period may differ slightly from the last Scoreboard, due to subsequent updates that they provided.*

## Trade in goods and services

Slovakia is the Member State with the highest trade integration in the single market for goods. For services, its trade integration is only slightly above EU average. In 2014, Slovakia registered a minor increase in its trade integration for goods and a minor decrease in its trade integration for services.

		Goods	Services
<b>Intra-EU trade integration</b>	<b>% GDP 2014</b>	67.4	7.3
	<b>Change 2013–14</b>	0.2	-0.6
<b>Intra-EU imports</b>	<b>% GDP 2014</b>	62.1	7.5
	<b>Change 2013–14</b>	0.3	4.2

## Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

In 2014, shares of inward FDI flows and FDI stocks in Slovakia remained almost unchanged.

	Share of EU FDI Flows		Share of EU FDI Stocks	
	inward	outward	inward	outward
<b>% FDI 2014</b>	0.2	0	0.6	0
<b>Change 2013–14 (in pp)</b>	0	0.1	0	0