

Single Market Scoreboard

Performance per Member State

Luxembourg

(Reporting period: 2015)



Transposition of law

Transposition deficit: 1.5% (*last report: 1.1%*) – Luxembourg didn't manage to leave the red zone it reached 6 months ago — one of the 12 Member States having worsened their previous score and the worst performing Member States on that issue, with the backlog that increased the most.

EU average = 0.7%; *Proposed target (in Single Market Act)* = 0.5%

Overdue directives: 17 (*last report: 12*) including 4 in the financial services sector (= 24%) and 3 in the transport area (18%) – **No** directive is more than 2 years overdue.

Average delay: 8.2 months (*last report: 6.7 months*) – Slight increase but still better than the EU average, mainly because Luxembourg has no long-overdue directives; in addition, the 2 directives more than 1 year overdue are only a small proportion of Luxembourg's 17 overdue directives.

EU average = 10.1 *months*

Compliance deficit: 0.5% (*last report: 0.5\%*) – Stable result, in line with both the EU average and the 0.5% proposed target.

EU average = 0.7%; Proposed target (in Single Market Act) = 0.5%





Infringements

Pending cases: 11 (*1 new case and 4 cases closed; last report: 14 pending cases*) – Further improvement and with the closure of 8 out of 19 cases in the last year, the decrease in the caseload is 42% — now the 4th lowest number of single market-related cases of all countries.

(EU average = 26 cases)

Problematic sectors:

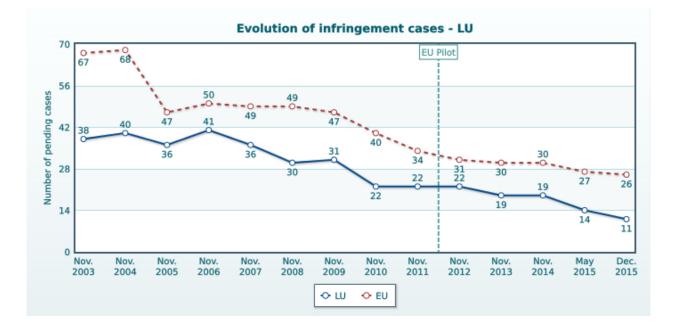
- Transport with Air transport (3 cases)
- Road & rail transport (2)

Average case duration: 29.5 months for the 7 cases not yet sent to the Court (*last report: 24.8 months*) – Further increase and now close to the EU average case duration.

(*EU average = 30.7 months*)

Compliance with court rulings: 17.1 months for the 6 cases at this stage of the procedure (*last report: 20.8 months*) – One of a group of 5 Member States that have reduced their compliance deficit, and now under the 18-months threshold.

(EU average = 21 months)



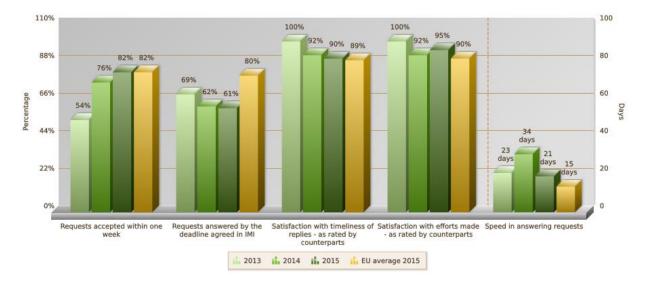
EU Pilot

Luxembourg's average response time currently exceeds the 70-day benchmark in EU Pilot by more than a week.

Internal Market Information System

Performance – Luxembourg performs well.

- It has significantly improved its answering speed, though still below the EU average
- The percentage of requests answered by the deadline agreed in IMI remains below the EU average
- Efforts needed to be made to further improve the answering speed and to meet the deadlines



EURES

National provider: <u>ADEM</u> (Agence pour le développement de l'emploi)

EURES advisers (nationally): 10

Performance: relatively good (could be improved, especially by increasing the number of contacts with jobseekers and employers, which may result in a higher placement ratio)

Your Europe

National equivalent?

National portal in FR, DE, EN: www.guichet.lu

Record for this period

- participation in Editorial Board work
- responsive to some requests for information for the website
- promotional activities and back-linking from national websites to Your Europe

Recommended action

Continue to:

- ensure stable representation on the Editorial Board
- attend the Board meetings twice a year
- provide information, when requested, on how the country applies single market rules
- raise awareness of Your Europe within national administrations and among potential end users
- link national websites to Your Europe

Make an effort to:

• provide all missing information on how the country applies single market rules

SOLVIT

- Caseload medium Submitted cases: 54 (26 in 2014) Received cases: 21 (25 in 2014)
- **Resolution rate:** 86% (80% in 2014)
- Handling time (Home centre) Reply in 7 days: 75% (69% in 2014) – good Cases prepared in 30 days: 98% (85% in 2014) – very good

- Handling time (Lead centre) Cases closed in 10 weeks: 81% (56% in 2014) good
- Staffing Continuity – good Sufficient for current caseload? No

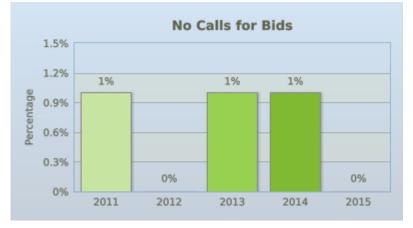
Technical Regulations Information System

In 2015, Luxembourg had only 1 notification in the telecoms sector.

Public procurement

Overall, Luxembourg's performance in 2015 was **satisfactory**. See more: <u>Public Procurement</u> <u>performance</u>.





Postal Services

For easier analysis, EU countries are divided into 3 groups on the basis of absolute GDP per capita and EU accession date (method used in EU postal sector study (2010–13):

- **Western** Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Sweden and UK
- Southern Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Malta, Portugal and Spain
- Eastern Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia.

Prices in purchasing power parity (PPP)

- **Domestic prices 2010–14 (in PPP):** quite stable from 0.44 PPPs to 0.45 PPPs
- Cross-border price developments 2010–14 (in PPP): stable from 0.63 PPPs in 2013 to 0.64 PPPs in 2014
- **Transit time performance D+1**: above 97% during the monitored period in 2014, performance reached 99.78%.

A For some countries, the reference figures for the previous period may differ slightly from the last Scoreboard, due to subsequent updates that they provided.

Trade in goods and services

Luxembourg shows an above EU average level of trade integration in the Single Market for goods. Trade integration for services is the highest of all Member States. In 2014, trade integration for goods showed a slight decrease, while trade integration for services increased strongly.

		Goods	Services
Intra-EU trade integration	% GDP 2014	28.7	91.2
	Change 2013–14	-2.2	8.8
Intra-EU imports	% GDP 2014	32.9	71.4
	Change 2013-14	-4.6	10.4

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

In 2014, the shares of both inward to and outward FDI flows to/from Luxembourg decreased, outward flows at a high rate. The shares of FDI stocks decreased only slightly.

	Share of EU FDI Flows		Share of EU FDI Stocks	
	inward	outward	inward	outward
% FDI 2014	2.8	-1.5	1.8	1.4
Change 2013–14 (in pp)	-4.2	-13.7	-0.2	-0.3