

Single Market Scoreboard

Performance per Member State

United Kingdom

(Reporting period: 2013 - 2014)
(April 2015 edition -Transposition and Infringements update)



Transposition of law

Transposition deficit: 0.6 % (*last report: 0.3 %*) – doubling former deficit and now above both the EU average and the 0.5 % proposed target EU average = 0.5 %

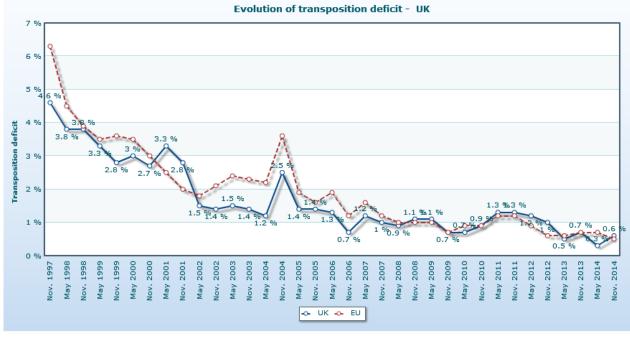
Proposed target (in Single Market Act) = 0.5 %

Overdue directives: 8 (*last report: 4*) and **one** more than 2 years overdue concerning the powers of the European Supervisory Authority

Average delay: 7.2 months (*last report: 4.8 months*) – This increase reflects the fact that the United Kingdom added 1 long overdue directive to its backlog *EU average = 9.2 months*

Compliance deficit: 1.0 % (*last report:* 0.7 %) which means that 12 directives are not correctly transposed into national law - in the top 6 of Member States with the highest deficits EU average = 0.7 %

Proposed target (in Single Market Act) = 0.5 %





Infringements

Pending cases: 35 (last report: 34)

 $(EU \ average = 30 \ cases)$

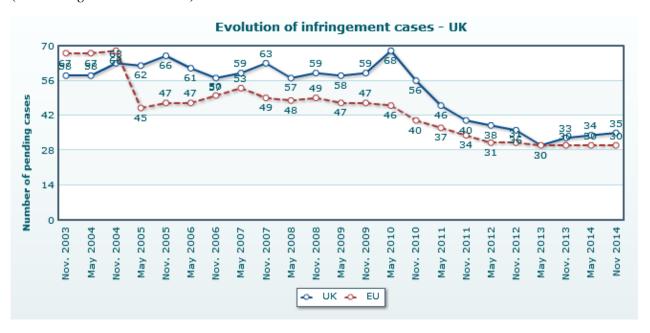
Problematic sectors: taxation, direct (3 cases) and indirect (2) and social policy with social security schemes and free movement of worker (3) and Working rights and conditions (2).

Average case duration: 26.3 months (*last report: 29.1 months*). Slight decrease of 3 months due to the fact that the United Kingdom resolved 3 "old" cases (including 1 opened for almost 5 years); in addition, 7 cases have been opened very recently and weigh less in the calculation of the duration average.

 $(EU\ average = 26.9\ months)$

Compliance with court rulings: 17.3 months (*last report: 5.3 months*). Sharp increase of 1 year namely due to the fact that the United Kingdom complied with a judgment passed 7.5 years ago in the water protection sector; 6 other cases are less than 1 year old and weigh less in the calculation of the duration average.

 $(EU \ average = 19.7 \ months)$

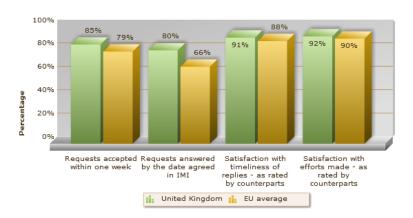


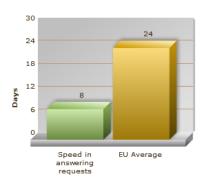
EU Pilot

The average response time of the United Kingdom is currently outside the 70-day benchmark in EU Pilot.

Internal Market Information System

- The UK is performing very well in IMI, especially given that UK authorities receive a relatively high number of requests.
- UK authorities' performance has improved significantly since the last Scoreboard, and now is well above the EU average.





EURES

Jobcentre Plus, which is part of the Department for Work and Pension is the EURES member organisation responsible for providing EURES services in England, Scotland and Wales. In Northern Ireland EURES services are provided by the Department for Employment and Learning (DELNI). There are currently 13 EURES Advisers in the United Kingdom. The overall performance could be improved, both with regard to the quality of the PES job vacancy exchange with EURES and the number of EURES Advisers.

Your Europe

The UK provides information for citizens and enterprises on a national government portal. The country was represented at both Editorial Board meetings, but did not, however, provide most of the requested information and did not report any promotional activities. The score is therefore orange compared to green during the previous reporting period.

The UK should resume its previous cooperation with the Commission services as regards Your Europe by:

- providing information on how the UK applies single market rules when requested via the Editorial Board member;
- attending the Editorial Board meetings organised twice a year;
- raising awareness about Your Europe within the national administrations and among potential end users;
- linking national websites to Your Europe.

SOLVIT

• Caseload – one of the five centres with highest caseload (together with Spain, France, Italy and Germany)

Submitted cases – 140(114 in 2012)

Received cases – 192 (77 in 2012)

- Resolution rate 94 %
- **Handling time** (*Home centre*)

Reply in 7 days $-80\% - \mathbf{good}$

Cases prepared in 30 days – 86 % – **good**

• **Handling time** (*Lead centre*)

Cases closed in 10 weeks – 75 % – good

Staffing

Continuity - very good

Sufficient for current caseload? SOLVIT UK delivered an **outstanding performance** in 2013, but reliance on a **single staff member** raises concerns about sustainability over time.

However, this staff member has now been integrated into the UK Single Market Centre (UKSMC) team, which should increase SOLVIT UK's capacity.

Points of Single Contact

Point of Single Contact – UK Welcomes

Performance level – high (one of the best).

Results from 2013 user testing

- *Information* plentiful, easy to find and user-friendly.
- *Online procedures* available, although not for everything.
- Accessibility for businesses from other countries needs improving (no distinction between procedures for setting up in-country and service provision from abroad. And all information in English only).

Usage trend (compared with 2012)

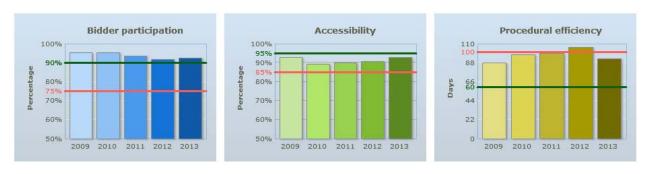
- Big increase in requests for assistance.
- Big increase in procedures launched through the site.

Planned improvements (2014) – more online procedures with better functionality and review/update of the information.

Public procurement

In 2013, the reporting year,

- the **bidder participation** score was satisfactory. Overall, between 2009 and 2013, the score was also satisfactory.
- the **accessibility** score was average. Overall, between 2009 and 2013, the score was also average.
- the **procedural efficiency** score was average. Overall, between 2009 and 2013, the score was also average.



The colored lines mark the thresholds for **satisfactory** performance (green) and **unsatisfactory** performance (red). The scores in between are regarded as an **average** performance.

Postal Services

In the Study on the Main developments in the postal sector (2010 - 2013) carried out by WIK Consult, the European countries are grouped into three clusters. Criteria for this categorisation are the absolute gross domestic product (GDP) per capita and the accession date to the European Union:

- Western Member States: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Sweden and UK;
- Southern Member States: Cyprus, Greece, Italy, Malta, Portugal and Spain;
- Eastern Member States: Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia and Croatia.

This methodology was also followed in the Scoreboard.

Evolution of domestic prices in PPPs

In the UK, domestic price levels have increased significantly in the last years – the cost of a 20 g letter was 0.63 purchasing power parities (PPPs) in 2012 compared to 0.45 PPPs in 2009, with the UK now amongst the most expensive of the Western Member States for this area.

Cross-border price developments in PPPs

Cross-border PPP price levels showed a marked increase over the review period, from 0.76 PPPs in 2009 to 1.11 PPPs in 2012. This puts the UK at the high end of the spectrum of the Western Member States for cross border prices.

Transit time performance:

Steady progress towards reaching targets was made over the review period. The transit time performance levels attained by the UK are in line with the average for Western countries, with results of 91.7 % in 2012.