The Commission has proposed the establishment of an Entry-Exit System (EES) to:

- Contribute to the modernisation of the external border management by improving the quality and efficiency of the external border controls of the Schengen Area.
- Reinforce internal security and the fight against terrorism and serious crime.
- Help Member States dealing with ever increasing number of travellers to the EU without having to increase the number of border guards.
- Systematically identify over-stayers (individuals remaining in the Schengen Area after the end of their authorised stay).
ENTRY / EXIT SYSTEM (EES)

How will the system work?

- **EES will collect:** Identity
- **EES will record:** Date and place of entry and exit, 90 days in any 180 day period, Entry refusals
- **EES will replace:** Passport

To whom will it apply?

to non-EU nationals, visa-required and visa-exempt travellers in the Schengen area.

Who is using EES data?
The competent Member State authorities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Who will be able to access data in the EES?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Member States</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law enforcement authorities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europol will have access for criminal identification and criminal intelligence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Border crossing facilitation**

- Traveller self-service kiosk
- Checks against security databases (SIS, Interpol SLTD)
- Border control lane

**Expected outcomes of EES**

It will provide:
- Precise information in a rapid and automated way to border guards during border checks;
- Information to border guards on refusals of entry of non-EU nationals and enable refusals of entry to be checked electronically in the EES;
- Precise information to travellers on the maximum length of their authorised stay;
- Precise information on who is overstaying their authorised stay;
- Evidence-based support to visa policy.

**As regards access for law enforcement purposes, the expected impact of the EES will be:**
- Support the identification of terrorists, criminals as well as of suspects and victims of crime;
- Provide a record of travel histories of non-EU nationals including crime suspects, perpetrators or victims of crime. It would thus complement the information in the SIS.