Lesson 1
Establish a common set of definitions to be used by all professionals.

Lesson 2
A shared language and framing is necessary.

Lesson 3
Avoid terms that may offend the target group and/or potential allies, such as community leaders.

Lesson 4
Train practitioners to ask open questions, not judge and to be aware of their own opinions.

Lesson 5
Share uncertainties with fellow colleagues, management and/or other experts.

Lesson 6
Connect the training to the available local institutions, give instructions on how to report on it.

Lesson 7
All actors should understand the need to create their shared viewpoint on radicalisation within their own context.

Lesson 8
Use interactive approaches, case studies, up-to-date local materials, e-learning and provocative statements to enhance discussions.

Lesson 9
Dealing with individuals at risk should never be left to one single practitioner.

Lesson 10
Consider the differences between a sectoral and a multi-sectoral training course.

Best Practices
CoPPRa
Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent (WRAP)
RAN ‘Train the trainer’ programme