



Energy Biosciences Institute Linking Biotechnology and Energy

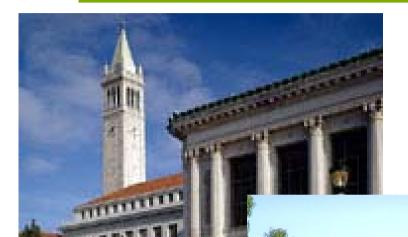
March 25, 2010
Paul Willems, TVP Energy Biosciences
EBI Associate Director





EBI Partners





This Extraordinary partnership builds upon and extends strengths in the area of alternative biofuels.









EBI design factors

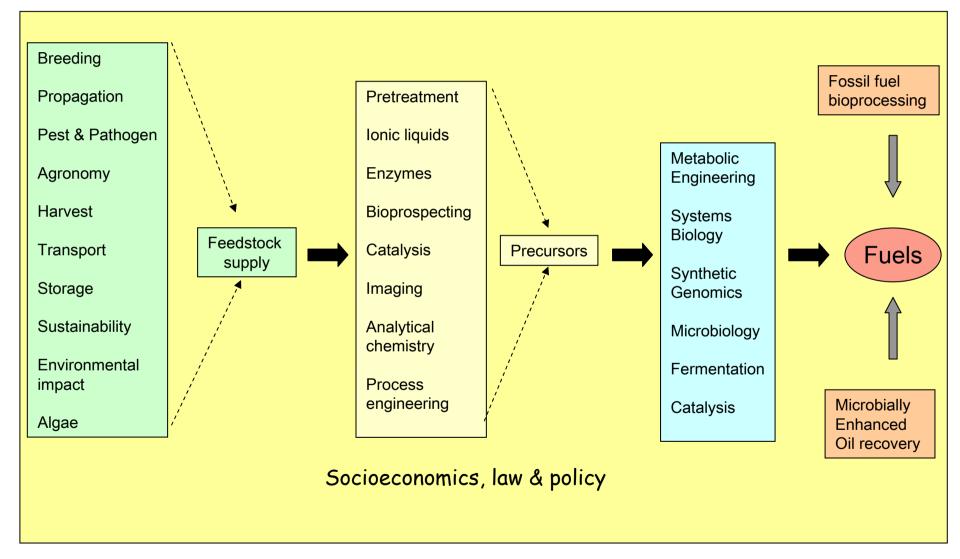


- A mission oriented multidisciplinary research institution
- Single organization doing open and proprietary work
 - Open work in Fundamental Energy Biosciences
 - Co-locate some BP researchers
- A substantial and long-term commitment to engage quality researchers (\$500m over 10 years)
- Host at a world-class institution to maximize academic presence and interdisciplinary interaction.



Technical reach of the EBI







Summary of LC research priorities

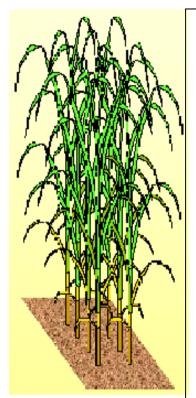


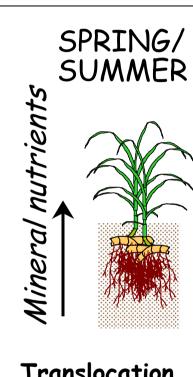
- Develop energy crops and associated agronomic practices
- Identify or create more active catalysts for conversion of biomass to sugars and sugars to fuels
- Develop improved industrial microorganisms
- Develop new types of microorganisms that produce and secrete hydrophobic compounds
- Understand the social, economic, and environmental implications



Nitrogen use efficiency





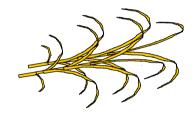


Translocation from rhizomes to growing shoot



Translocation to rhizome as shoot senesces

WINTER





Lignocellulose dry shoots harvested, nutrients stay in rhizomes Courtesy of Steve Long et al



Miscanthus giganteus



Yield of 26.5 tons/acre observed by Long & colleagues in Illinois, without irrigation

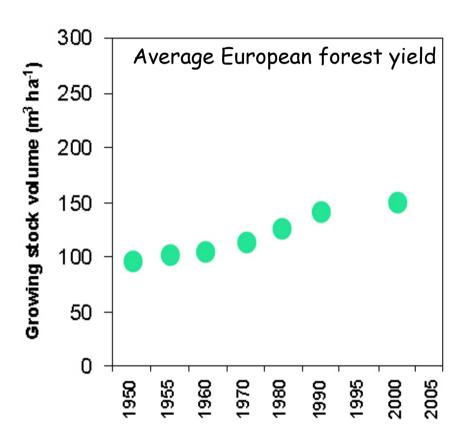


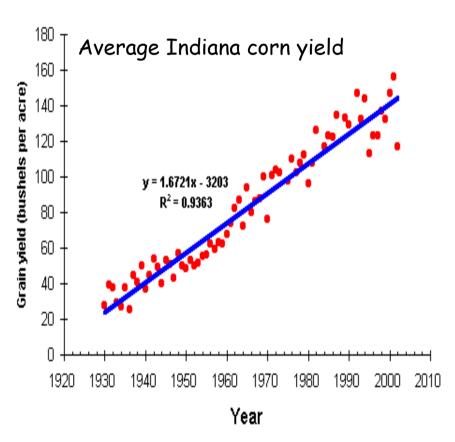
Courtesy of Steve Long et al



Crop yields have been strongly increased but biomass yields have not





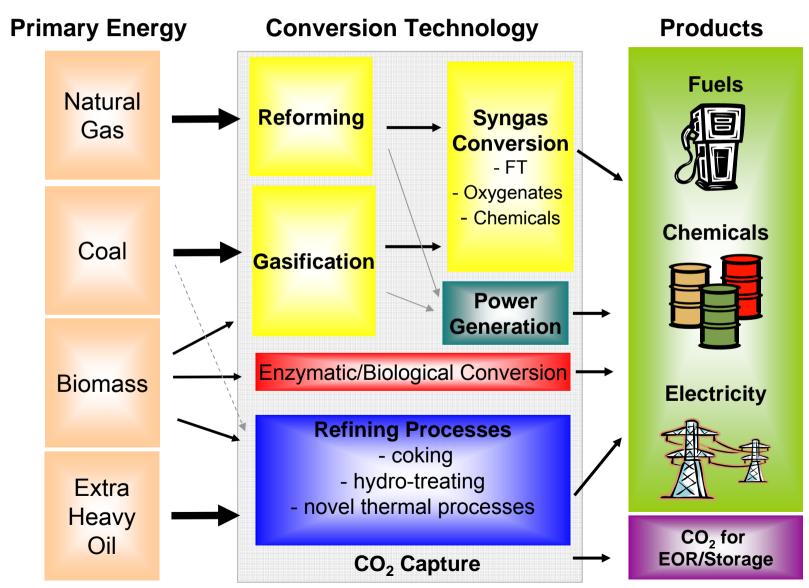


Source: European Forest Institute (www.efi.fi)
Indiana Agricultural Statistics Service



The fungibility of carbon







Key Challenges LC conversion technology

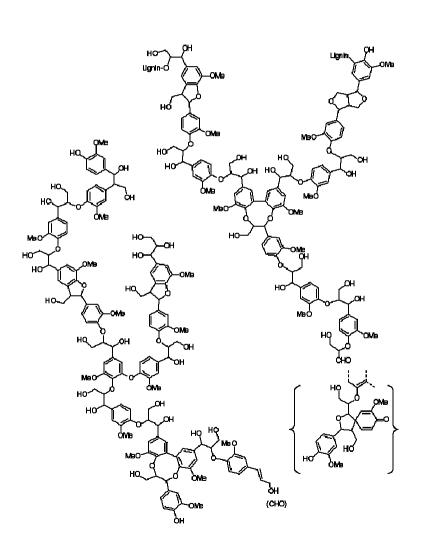


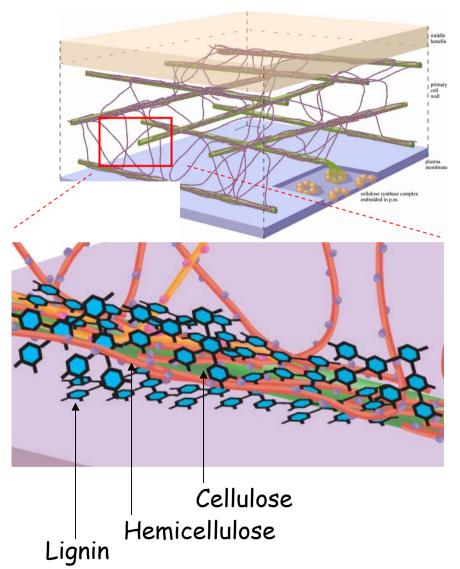
- Overcoming the recalcitrans of LC biomass
- Efficiently utilizing all sugars
- Producing better fuel molecules beyond ethanol
- Creating a highly productive, stable host organism



Lignin occludes polysaccharides





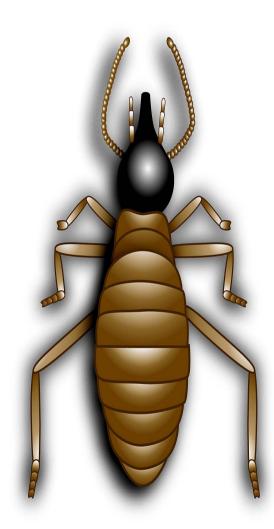




Possible routes to improved catalysts



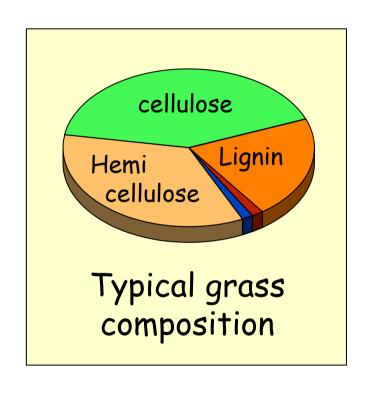
- Explore the enzyme systems used by termites for digesting lignocellulosic material
- Same for ruminants
- Compost heaps and forest floors are poorly explored
- In vitro protein engineering of promising enzymes
- Develop synthetic organic catalysts (for polysaccharides and lignin)

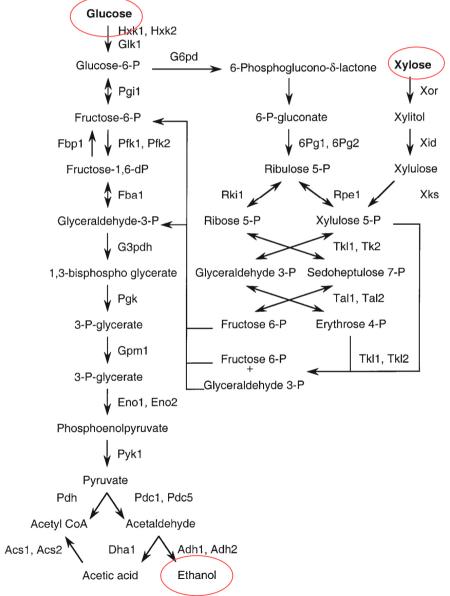




Routes to fermentation of all sugars are known



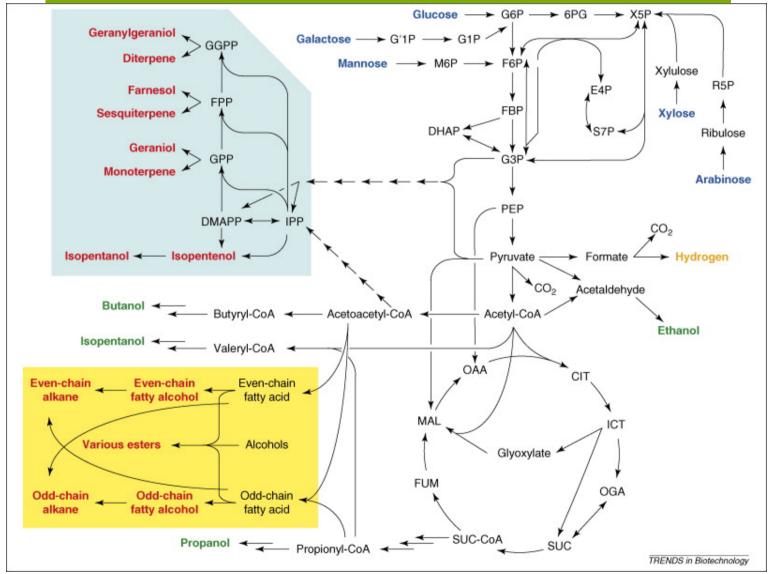






Routes to potential fuels





Fortman et al, Trends Biotechnology 26,375



Robotics have enabled high throughput assays Automated Pre-screening of feedstock-derived inhibitors of bacterial growth



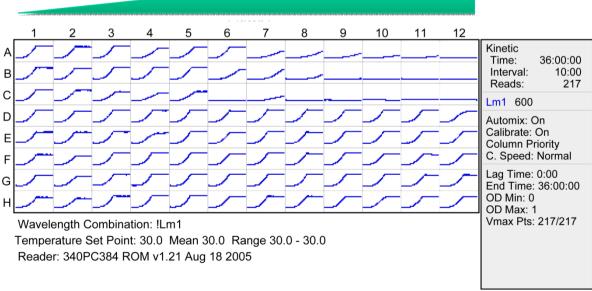


Inhibitors

Inhibitor concentration

Biomek Robot

Wavelength Combination: !Lm1



96-well microtiter plate



State of the science



- Cheap sequencing
- → lots of new data
- → lots of unknown enzymes
- → even more poorly understood enzymes
- Various HighThroughput methods
 - analytics
 - "omics" profiling
 - biological selection
 - → large amounts of empirical data to help inform genetics
- Creating deep understanding of biological systems
 - enzymes in context versus one off
 - signaling
 - regulation
- Demonstrating that we have really understood → SynBio
- Conducting efficient research



Definitions of SynBio vary



Commercialization

Building new organisms from the ground up ????

Creating de novo solutions synthetically 5-10 years

Use of gene synthesis products Now (e-mail genetic code → DNA in the mail)

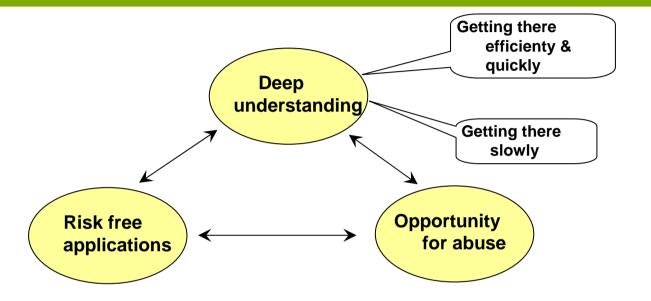
Some degree of GM
 Now

Generation & application of systemic understanding 0-5 years



Governance and risks – a dilemma





Same dilemma with other technologies

- Nuclear
- Chemistry
- Electronics

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How to minimize the negatives while capturing the positives

But

Infinite set of possibilities



Disclaimer



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