

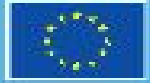
European Commission
Enterprise & Industry Directorate General

Safety For Success

2 – 3 October 2008

Cornelis Brekelmans
Adviser

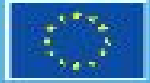
European Commission
DG Enterprise and Industry
Directorate F, Consumer Goods



Nanotechnology in Europe, a “Safe, Integrated and Responsible” Approach

Outlined in the following Commission Communications:

- Towards a European Strategy for Nanotechnology (2004)
- Nanotechnology Action Plan for Europe 2005-2009 (2005)
- Nanosciences and Nanotechnologies: An action plan for Europe 2005- 2009. First Implementation Report 2005-2007 (2007)
- Scheduled 2009 : Second Implementation Report



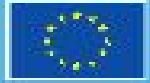
“Action Plan for Europe 2005 – 2009” as part of “Safe, Integrated and Responsible” approach:

Regulatory Review

Communication “Regulatory aspects of nanomaterials”, 17 June 2008

- Legislation
- Documents, adopted with the framework of legislation, that implement or support implementation of legislation
- Implementation and enforcement

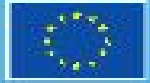
European Parliament has announced an “own initiative report” on regulatory review



Commission Communication, accompanied by Commission Staff Working Document (CSWD)

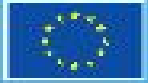
CSWD contains

- Summary of main elements of EU legislation
- Research priorities for regulatory purposes
- Measures undertaken to address the knowledge gap and related action



Regulatory framework

- Risk assessment and risk management
- Technology neutral
- “No data, no market”
- Obligation to update on permanent basis technical file, authorisations...
- Premarket intervention or direct market access
- Information and access to information; labelling
- “Tools” for Member States and regulators; market intervention mechanisms
- Simultaneous application of different regulations, directives in different areas
- Smooth implementation ensured by documents adopted within regulatory framework, e.g. guidance, standards, “comitology”



Regulatory framework

Covers in principle HSE risks

Documents that support implementation, adopted within the framework of regulation

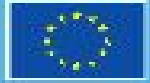
Great amount of work to be done on developing implementing rules, standards, guidance, testing methods, risk assessment models, data gathering

“Bridging the knowledge gap”

-/- “regulatory gaps”

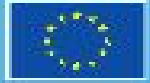
Implementation and Enforcement

Case-by-case
“No data no market”
Constant update on technical documentation, authorisations, approvals, etc.



An ongoing task

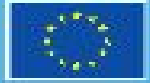
- Ensure that appropriate regulation is in place and is properly implemented and enforced
- Contribute to that essential knowledge gaps in relation to implementation of regulation are filled
- New report on review regulatory framework within 3 years



How are orientations in Communication, Commission Staff Working Document being implemented?

Some examples in relation to Cosmetics, Pharmaceuticals, Medical Devices, REACH, Food.

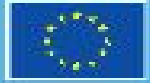
Second Implementation Report, 2009, will give overall view on actions implementing the 2005 Action Plan



Bridging the knowledge gap

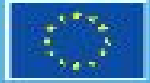
Regulatory priorities for R&D

- Nomenclature, definitions
- Data on human health and environmental effects and test methods to generate data
- Data on exposures throughout the lifecycle, exposure assessment methods
- Measurement, characterisation and analytical tools



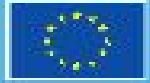
Work on Cosmetics

- EU Scientific Committees: SCCP and SCENIHR
- Increased dialogue Commission, Scientific Committees, Industry
- Cooperation under the ICCR
- Fact-finding as a basis for transparency and trust
- Recast of Directive on Cosmetic Products



Recast of Directive on Cosmetic Products Proposal February 5, 2008

- Obligation to notify presence of substances in the form of “micronised particles” ...
- Product Safety Report to pay particular consideration to any possible impacts on the toxicological profile due to inter alia particle sizes
- No provisions on “nano-labelling”
- Currently under discussion with Parliament and Council.

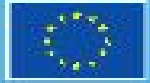


Medical Devices

Work on implementation and supporting documents

- MDEG WG New and emerging technologies on medical devices (N&ET); report on devices containing nano materials (2007)
 - i. Reclassification of devices 'Free nanoparticles' (class III)
 - ii. Voluntary Reporting Scheme
 - iii. Regulatory guidance
 - iv. Review of standards

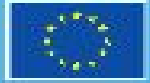
- Mandate to CEN, CENELEC for review of standards, in cooperation with ISO/IEC



Public Consultation

Recast of the Directives on Medical Devices

- Are the Directives' "essential requirements" robust enough to cover risks in relation to the use of nanomaterials ?
- Are current conformity assessment procedures appropriate to cover highest risk category devices ?

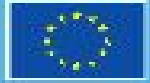


Work on Medicinal Products

EMA

Reflection paper on nanotechnology-based medicinal products for human use

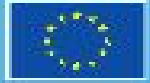
- *The existing regulatory framework is flexible enough to accommodate products arising from new technologies*
- *Nanomedicine to be evaluated on a case by case basis using established principles of benefit/risk analysis.*
- *No specific guidance documents on nanomedicinal products at present. Once sufficient scientific experience has been gained for specifically identified sub-technologies within the field of nanomedicines additional guidance maybe developed.*



Work on Medicinal Products

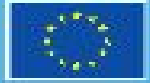
EMA

- A dedicated 'nano group' has been set up within the Innovation Task Force
- ITF nano group to provide a “forum for early dialogue with applicants on regulatory, scientific or other issues that may arise from the development of nanomedicinal products”



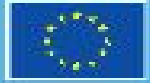
Work on Food

- Risk assessment of nanoparticles qualified by EFSA as a priority action for EFSA Advisory Forum and Scientific Committee
- June 2007, Commission request to EFSA to provide an initial scientific opinion on the risks arising from nanomaterials and nanotechnologies in the food and feed area
- Draft Opinion for public comments to be published recently (Session 7)



Work on Chemicals – REACH

- Dedicated expert group has been set up (Commission, Competent Authorities, Stakeholders) to discuss all specific aspects related to nanomaterials.
- Specific presentation in Session 7



European-wide dialogue with citizens and stakeholders at large

- Trust and transparency acknowledged as essential to the introduction of products on the market
- Various countries and sectors have set up platforms for dialogue
- Commission committed to creating a platform for citizens to voice their concerns in a dialogue with the Commission, Member States and nanotechnology professionals in relation to new products arriving on the market in the light of regulatory background
- Currently discussions Commission services on manageable and meaningful set-up

This paper was produced for a meeting organized by Health & Consumer Protection DG and represents the views of its author on the subject. These views have not been adopted or in any way approved by the Commission and should not be relied upon as a statement of the Commission's or Health & Consumer Protection DG's views. The European Commission does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this paper, nor does it accept responsibility for any use made thereof.