COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) …/…

of XXX

amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 as regards the conditions of approval of the active substance clothianidin

(Text with EEA relevance)
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THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repealing Council Directives 79/117/EEC and 91/414/EEC¹, and in particular the second alternative of Article 21(3), Article 49(2) and Article 78(2) thereof,

Whereas:


(2) Active substances included in Annex I to Directive 91/414/EEC are deemed to have been approved under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and are listed in Part A of the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011³.

(3) Regulation (EU) No 485/2013⁴ amended the conditions of approval of the active substance clothianidin and required the applicant to provide confirmatory information as regards:

   (a) the risk to pollinators other than honey bees;

   (b) the risk to honey bees foraging in nectar or pollen in succeeding crops;

   (c) the potential uptake via roots to flowering weeds;

   (d) the risk to honey bees foraging on insect honey dew;

   (e) the potential guttation exposure and the acute and the long-term risk to colony survival and development, and the risk to bee brood resulting from such exposure;

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(f) the potential exposure to dust drift following drill and the acute and the long-
term risk to colony survival and development, and the risk to bee brood
resulting from such exposure;

(g) the acute and long term risk to colony survival and development and the risk to
bee brood for honeybees from ingestion of contaminated nectar and pollen.

(4) In December 2014, the applicants submitted additional information concerning bees
(i.e. honey bees, bumble bees and solitary bees) to the rapporteur Member State
Belgium within the time period provided for its submission. They provided updated
dossiers in March 2015 and June 2015.

(5) Belgium assessed the additional information submitted by the applicants. It submitted
its assessment, in the form of an addendum to the draft assessment report, to the other
Member States, the Commission and the European Food Safety Authority (‘the
Authority’) on 31 August 2015.

(6) The Commission consulted the Authority which presented its opinion on the risk
assessment of clothianidin on 13 October 2016\(^5\). The Authority identified for most
crops high acute risks for bees from plant protection products containing the active
substance clothianidin. In particular, as regards exposure via dust, the Authority
identified high acute risks for bees for winter cereals and high chronic risks to bees
cannot be excluded for sugar beets. For the consumption of residues in contaminated
pollen and nectar, high acute and chronic risks were identified or a high risk cannot be
excluded for most field uses. Chronic and acute risks to bees were also identified in
the succeeding crops for all field uses. For forestry nursery, no data was provided by
the applicants and risks to bees can therefore not be excluded. Furthermore the
Authority identified a number of data gaps.

(7) The draft assessment report, the addendum to the draft assessment report and the
opinion of the Authority were reviewed by the Member States and the Commission
within the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed and finalised on 13
December 2017 in the form of a revised addendum to the Commission review report
for clothianidin.

(8) The Commission invited the applicants to submit their comments on the revised
addendum to the review report for clothianidin. The applicants submitted their
comments which have been carefully examined.

(9) Having reviewed the information submitted by the applicant, the Commission has
concluded that further risks to bees cannot be excluded without imposing further
restrictions. Bearing in mind the need to ensure a level of safety and protection
consistent with the high level of protection of animal health that is sought within the
Union, it is appropriate to prohibit all outdoor uses. Therefore, it is appropriate to limit
the use of clothianidin to permanent greenhouses and to require that the resulting crop
stays its entire life cycle within a permanent greenhouse, so that it is not replanted
outside.

(10) The Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 should therefore be
amended accordingly.

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\(^5\) EFSA (European Food Safety Authority), 2016. Conclusion on the peer review of the pesticide risk
assessment for the active substance clothianidin in light of confirmatory data submitted. EFSA Journal
Taking into account the risks for bees from treated seeds, the placing on the market and the use of seeds treated with plant protection products containing clothianidin should be subject to the same restrictions as the use of clothianidin. It is therefore appropriate to provide that seeds treated with plant protection products containing clothianidin shall not be placed on the market or used, except where the seeds are intended to be used only in permanent greenhouses and the resulting crop stays within a permanent greenhouse during its entire life cycle.

Member States should be allowed sufficient time to amend or withdraw authorisations for plant protection products containing clothianidin.

For plant protection products containing clothianidin, where Member States grant a grace period pursuant to Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, that period should, at the latest, expire on [Office of Publications please insert date 6 months from the date of entry into force].

The prohibition of placing on the market and use of treated seeds should apply only as of [Office of Publications please insert date 6 months from the date of entry into force] in order to allow for a sufficient period of transition.

The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed, HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1
Amendment to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011
Part A of the Annex to Implementing Regulation (EU) No 540/2011 is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2
Prohibition of the placing on the market and use of treated seeds
Seeds treated with plant protection products containing clothianidin shall not be placed on the market or used, except where:
(a) the seeds are intended to be used only in permanent greenhouses, and
(b) the resulting crop stays within a permanent greenhouse during its entire life cycle.

Article 3
Transitional measures
Member States shall, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009, where necessary amend or withdraw existing authorisations for plant protection products containing clothianidin as active substance by [Office of Publications please insert date 3 months from the date of entry into force] at the latest.

Article 4
Grace period
Any grace period granted by Member States in accordance with Article 46 of Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 shall be as short as possible and shall expire by [Office of Publications please insert date 6 months from the date of entry into force] at the latest.
Article 5
Amendment to Regulation (EU) No 485/2013

Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 485/2013 is deleted as of [Office of Publications please insert date 6 months from the date of entry into force] as regards seeds which have been treated with plant protection products containing clothianidin.

Article 6
Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

However, Article 2 shall apply as of [Office of Publications please insert date 6 months from the date of entry into force].

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Commission
The President
Jean-Claude JUNCKER