1. Feed Additives

1.1. Application under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003

1.1.1. New applications

2. Compounds of copper and zinc in feed for pigs - situation in the Member States

A Commission representative explained the situation on the administration of copper (Cu) and zinc (Zn) via compound feed and medicated feed according to the Community legislation. Several Member States reported about their national legislation regarding medicated feed containing Cu and Zn. Considering that excessive use of Cu and Zn present risks particularly to animal health and the environment, Member States were reminded to carefully monitor the legality of both paths of administration.

3. Exchange of views and possible opinion on the draft Regulation (EC) amending Regulation (EC) No 1444/2006 as regards the terms of the authorisation of \textit{Bacillus subtilis} C-3102 (Calsporin) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3078/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.

4. Exchange of views and possible opinion on a draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Lantarenol (Lanthanum carbonate octahydrate) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3090/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.
The Commission agreed to keep Member States informed concerning its consideration of the publication of the complete EFSA Opinion for this product.
5. Exchange of views and possible opinion on a draft Regulation (EC) amending Regulation (EC) No 109/2007 as regards the terms of the authorisation of monensin sodium (Coxidin) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3091/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.

6. Exchange of views and possible opinion on a draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Kokcisan 120G as feed additive (Document SANCO/3421/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.

7. Exchange of views and possible opinion on a draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Danisco Xylanase G/L (endo-1,4-beta-xylanase) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3082/2007)

This item was cancelled from the agenda before the meeting.

8. Exchange of views and possible opinion on the draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Natuphos (3-phytase) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3079/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.

9. Exchange of views and possible opinion on the draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of Toyocerin (Bacillus cereus var. Toyoi) as feed additive (Document SANCO/3080/2007)

A discussion took place.
The vote was taken.
The draft Regulation received a favourable opinion by qualified majority.


A discussion took place.

11. Discussion on a draft Regulation (EC) concerning the authorisation of a preparation of red carotenoid-rich bacterium Paracoccus carotinifaciens with trade name panaferd as feed additive for salmon and trout. Annex entry
A discussion took place. This application will be further discussed taking into account related issues.


A discussion took place. The discussions will continue in forthcoming meetings.

13. Update on topics related to undesirable substances in animal feed

Following the conclusions of the scientific opinion from the Scientific Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain (CONTAM Panel) of European Food Safety Authority related to cyanogenic compounds it is proposed to no longer list "Apricots – Prunus armeniaca" and "Bitter almond – Prunus dulcis" in the Annex to the Directive 2002/32/EC on undesirable substances in animal feed. Although these botanical impurities do contain cyanogenic compounds, the protection of animal and public health is ensured by the existing maximum levels for hydrocyanic acid.

Following the conclusions of the scientific opinion from the Scientific Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain of EFSA related to pyrrolizidine alkaloids it is proposed to no longer list specifically Lolium temulentum and Lolium remotum under "Weeds seeds and unground and uncrushed fruits containing alkaloids, glucosides or other toxic substances separately or in combination" in the Annex to Directive 2002/32/EC. In the scientific opinion it is mentioned that the reason for inclusion of both Lolium species is unclear. Both mentioned Lolium species are seldom found in Europe and have not been reported to be major producers of pyrrolizidine alkaloids. Hence the CONTAM Panel in EFSA recommends to omit these plant species in the Annex.

As regards Camelina sativa the Committee was informed that it is expected that EFSA will very shortly adopt a scientific opinion on glucosinolates, including an assessment on Camelina sativa and that at the next meeting the appropriateness of the continued listing of Camelina sativa in the Annex to Directive 2002/32/EC will be discussed on the basis of the outcome of this scientific assessment.

Following the conclusions of the scientific opinion from the CONTAM Panel of EFSA, it is proposed to include photoheptachlor in the residue definition of heptachlor as photoheptachlor is of significance especially in feed materials and feedingstuffs of marine origin.

Furthermore the possible increase of the maximum level of fluorine in fish feed from 150 mg/kg to 350 mg/kg was discussed as well the possible setting of a maximum level for arsenic in copper sulphate and more general in trace elements.

No objections were raised to these proposed modifications but several delegations indicated to examine the proposals in more detail before giving a final opinion.
As regards the unavoidable carry-over of authorised coccidiostats into non target feeds, possible tolerances for feedingstuffs for non target species and non target feeds should be set following the ALARA principle (As Low As Reasonably Achievable) taking into account good manufacturing practices. According to information received from professional organisations, a carry-over ranging in the area of 3-10 % with a majority of 5 % and below can be achieved after implementing severe actions to reduce carry-over. As starting point for the discussion, a general carry-over rate of 5 % with a lower rate of 2% for feeds for sensitive non-target animal species and for feeds for target animals but for periods in which the feed additive is not authorised (e.g. in the withdrawal period before slaughter). Following the first discussions in the Committee, it appears that a majority of Member States is in favour of setting tolerances taking into account a carry-over of not more than 3 % in general and 1 % for sensitive non-target animal species.

Finally, following the request of a delegation, it was agreed to discuss in detail, within the frame of the Expert Committee on undesirable substances in feed, the consequences of the application of the provisions of Regulation (EC) 396/2005 on residues of plant protection products for animal feedingstuffs.

14. A.O.B.

- Review of microbiological criteria for feedingstuffs in Member States

Member States have been requested to provide an updated version of the table provided for the next Standing Committee. The Commission acknowledges the updated contribution of Slovenia and France.