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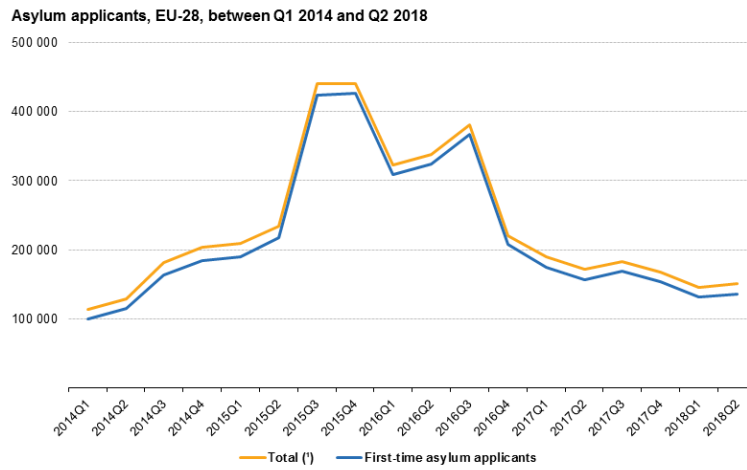
This article describes recent developments in relation to numbers of [asylum applicants](#) and first instance decisions on [asylum applications](#) in the [European Union \(EU\)](#) . Asylum is a form of international protection given by a state on its territory. It is granted to a person who is unable to seek protection in his/her country of citizenship and/or residence, in particular for fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion.

## Main trends in the numbers of asylum applicants

The number of [first-time asylum applicants](#) <sup>1</sup> in the EU-28 decreased by 12 % in the second quarter of 2018 compared with the same quarter of 2017 and increased by 4 % compared with the first quarter of 2018. Overall, the number of persons seeking asylum from non-EU countries in the [EU-28](#) during the second quarter of 2018 was 137 000, a number around the levels recorded in 2014, before the peaks of 2015 and 2016 (Figure 1, Table 2). Out of the 151 000 total asylum applicants (i.e. including repeat applicants), 137 000 (91 %) were first time applicants (Table 2).

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<sup>1</sup>First-time applicant for international protection is a person who lodged an application for asylum for the **first time** in a given Member State. The indicator 'First-time asylum applicants' excludes repeat applicants i.e. persons applying for asylum more than once in one country and therefore more accurately presents the number of persons applying for international protection in the EU Member States. The use of this indicator is possible as all Member States are able to provide it to Eurostat since 2014.



(\*) The category 'Total' includes first-time asylum applicants and repeat applicants.  
 Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)



Figure 1: Asylum applicants, EU-28, Q1 2014 – Q2 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm)

### Where do asylum applicants come from?

Citizens of 145 countries sought asylum for the first time in the EU in the second quarter of 2018. Syrian, Afghan and Iraqi were the top 3 citizenships of asylum seekers, lodging 18 300, 9 200 and 8 400 applications respectively (Table 1).

First-time asylum applicants in the EU-28 by citizenship, Q2 2017 – Q2 2018

	Q2 2017	Q3 2017	Q4 2017	Q1 2018	Q2 2018	Absolute change		Change in %		Last 12 months
						between Q1 2018 and Q2 2018	between Q2 2017 and Q2 2018	between Q1 2018 and Q2 2018	between Q2 2017 and Q2 2018	
<b>Non-EU</b>	156 015	169 500	154 400	131 365	136 665	5 300	-19 350	4	-12	591 925
Syria - (SY)	23 065	29 285	23 450	15 825	18 315	2 490	-4 750	16	-21	86 875
Afghanistan - (AF)	10 130	10 265	9 780	7 650	9 155	1 505	-980	20	-10	36 845
Iraq - (IQ)	9 840	13 255	12 945	9 210	8 355	-855	-1 485	-9	-15	43 770
Venezuela - (VE)	3 760	2 715	3 625	4 110	7 560	3 450	3 800	84	101	18 010
Nigeria - (NG)	9 930	10 000	7 510	6 430	5 885	-540	-4 045	-8	-41	29 825
Pakistan - (PK)	7 315	7 405	6 955	5 790	5 555	-230	-1 755	-4	-24	25 700
Turkey - (TR)	2 730	4 295	4 630	3 655	4 480	825	1 750	23	64	17 055
Iran - (IR)	4 315	4 175	4 250	4 145	4 420	275	105	7	2	16 990
Albania - (AL)	6 045	5 990	4 590	4 110	3 930	-185	-2 115	-4	-35	18 620
Eritrea - (ER)	5 965	7 505	4 340	3 850	3 805	-45	-2 160	-1	-36	19 495
Georgia - (GE)	2 195	2 230	3 615	4 975	3 725	-1 245	1 530	-25	70	14 545
Colombia - (CO)	1 590	710	1 050	1 280	3 325	2 045	1 730	160	109	6 365
Bangladesh - (BD)	5 540	4 845	4 175	3 735	3 185	-550	-2 355	-15	-42	15 945
Russia - (RU)	3 000	3 465	2 850	2 770	2 800	30	-200	1	-7	11 885
Somalia - (SO)	3 040	3 260	3 015	2 580	2 685	100	-355	4	-12	11 545
Guinea - (GN)	4 645	4 270	3 485	3 050	2 595	-460	-2 050	-15	-44	13 405
Ukraine - (UA)	2 300	2 085	2 205	2 075	2 180	105	-125	5	-5	8 545
Ivory Coast - (CI)	3 625	3 495	2 775	2 255	2 090	-165	-1 535	-7	-42	10 620
Algeria - (DZ)	1 860	2 200	2 665	2 520	2 080	-440	215	-17	12	9 465
Sudan - (SD)	2 225	2 570	2 240	1 650	1 870	220	-355	13	-16	8 330
Morocco - (MA)	1 800	2 100	1 970	1 940	1 790	-150	-10	-8	0	7 800
CD - (CD)	1 740	1 400	1 625	1 740	1 645	-90	-90	-5	-5	6 415
Mali - (ML)	2 500	2 660	2 250	1 760	1 510	-250	-990	-14	-40	8 180
El Salvador - (SV)	880	645	815	945	1 505	560	625	59	71	3 915
Senegal - (SN)	2 810	2 350	1 850	1 680	1 430	-250	-1 380	-15	-49	7 310
Palestine - (PS)	745	1 525	1 030	1 310	1 425	115	680	9	91	5 290
India - (IN)	1 360	1 190	1 080	1 095	1 320	220	-40	20	-3	4 685
China - (CN)	1 035	1 260	1 435	1 135	1 250	110	215	10	21	5 080
Cameroon - (CM)	1 360	1 660	1 445	1 250	1 165	-85	-190	-7	-14	5 525
Libya - (LY)	825	1 165	1 385	1 180	1 015	-160	190	-14	23	4 745
<b>Other (non-EU)</b>	27 845	29 530	29 355	25 655	24 610	-1 045	-3 235	-4	-12	109 150

Countries selected here are those with the highest number of asylum applicants registered during Q2 2018

(<sup>1</sup>) CD – Congo, the Democratic Republic of the

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)

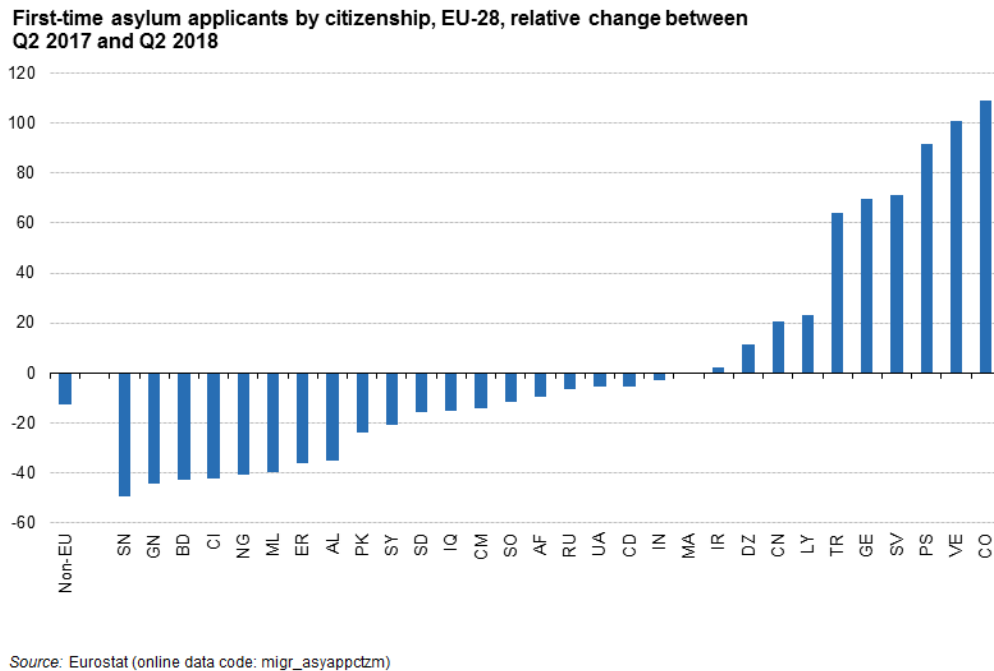


Table 1: First-time asylum applicants in the EU-28 by citizenship, Q2 2017 – Q2 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm)

Syrians (4 800 fewer applicants compared with the second quarter of 2017) contributed most to the overall decrease in first-time asylum applicants in absolute terms, followed by Nigerians (4 000 fewer) and Bangladeshis (2 400 fewer). In contrast, the number of asylum applicants increased most in absolute terms for citizens of Venezuela (3 800 more), Turkey (1 700 more) and Colombia (1 700 more) (Table 1).

The most substantial relative decrease in the number of asylum applicants in the EU in the second quarter of 2018 compared with the same quarter of 2017 was recorded for Senegalese (49 % less) and Guineans (44 % less). In contrast, Colombia and Venezuela (about two times more) and Palestine (91 % more) were the countries of citizenships which mostly increased in relative terms in the second quarter of 2018, compared with

the same quarter of 2017 (Figure 2, Table 1).



**Figure 2: First-time asylum applicants by citizenship, EU-28, relative change between Q2 2017 and Q2 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm), see country codes**

### Where do asylum applicants go to?

The highest number of first-time asylum applicants in the second quarter of 2018 was registered in Germany (with 33 700 first-time applicants, or 25 % of all applicants in the EU Member States), followed by France (26 100, or 19 %), Greece (16 300, or 12 %), Spain (16 200, or 12 %) and Italy (13 700, or 10 %). These 5 Member States together account for 78 % of all first-time applicants in the EU-28 (Table 2).

Asylum applicants, Q2 2017 – Q2 2018

	Q2 2017		Q3 2017		Q4 2017		Q1 2018		Q2 2018		Share of first-time asylum applicants (%)	absolute change between Q1 2018 and Q2 2018	change in % between Q1 2018 and Q2 2018	per million population (*) Q2 2018	last 12 months
	First-time asylum applicants	Total asylum applicants	First-time asylum applicants	Total asylum applicants	First-time asylum applicants	Total asylum applicants	First-time asylum applicants	Total asylum applicants	First-time asylum applicants	Total asylum applicants					
EU-28	156 015	171 710	169 500	183 120	154 400	168 230	131 365	145 325	136 665	150 860	91	5 300	4	267	591 925
Belgium	3 210	4 245	3 725	4 780	3 660	4 830	4 000	5 260	3 610	4 855	74	-390	-10	13	15 000
Bulgaria	685	745	885	925	665	690	295	310	260	280	93	-30	-11	-62	37
Czech Republic	275	355	285	375	280	365	300	385	295	385	77	-5	7	28	1 160
Denmark	800	835	915	930	740	760	740	775	690	715	97	-50	-6	-14	120
Germany	45 720	50 820	50 560	57 115	45 920	52 245	34 365	40 140	33 730	38 840	87	-635	-2	-26	407
Estonia	65	70	35	35	25	25	10	10	15	15	100	5	56	-79	11
Ireland	675	680	730	730	905	920	975	980	670	675	99	-305	-5	-31	138
Greece	10 540	10 975	14 600	15 050	15 280	15 770	12 985	13 345	16 340	16 835	97	3 375	26	55	1 521
Spain	9 605	12 680	8 710	8 905	8 000	8 155	8 755	8 965	16 175	16 565	98	7 420	85	68	347
France	21 440	23 485	22 305	23 985	25 745	27 700	25 255	27 195	26 080	28 790	91	830	3	22	388
Croatia	200	230	280	295	255	280	215	245	140	165	85	-75	-34	-30	34
Italy	34 155	34 690	32 505	33 110	22 990	23 615	17 825	18 755	13 670	15 005	91	-4 155	-23	-60	226
Cyprus	730	765	1 350	1 385	1 285	1 320	1 325	1 385	1 430	1 455	98	105	8	96	1 656
Latvia	105	105	55	55	35	35	50	50	30	30	100	-20	-40	-72	16
Lithuania	170	175	140	145	110	120	40	50	90	95	95	55	80	-46	33
Luxembourg	525	550	535	565	585	605	445	465	425	455	93	-20	-5	-19	703
Hungary	655	690	720	745	660	665	280	290	145	160	91	-135	-48	-77	15
Malta	410	455	425	475	395	445	395	410	425	475	89	30	7	3	889
Netherlands	3 775	4 270	4 350	4 930	3 945	4 500	4 205	4 860	4 355	5 030	87	150	4	15	254
Austria	5 540	6 090	6 215	6 720	4 855	5 335	3 420	3 980	2 645	3 105	85	-780	-23	-52	300
Poland	735	1 310	820	1 180	485	890	585	1 045	780	1 065	73	195	33	6	2 665
Portugal	260	470	235	315	270	315	245	270	215	220	98	-30	-13	-18	21
Romania	1 325	1 355	1 845	1 875	900	945	355	415	450	480	94	95	26	-66	23
Slovenia	400	410	415	420	435	455	510	525	895	905	99	385	76	124	434
Slovakia	25	30	20	25	45	50	45	50	45	55	82	0	2	77	8
Finland	1 245	1 385	1 140	1 365	925	1 135	765	1 000	710	900	79	-50	-7	-43	129
Sweden	4 725	5 730	7 255	8 135	5 815	6 780	4 425	5 485	4 000	4 870	82	-425	-10	-15	395
United Kingdom	8 020	8 115	8 455	8 570	9 175	9 285	8 575	8 675	8 345	8 435	99	-230	-3	4	21 495
Iceland	265	270	380	385	200	210	130	135	160	180	89	30	24	-39	465
Liechtenstein	35	35	20	20	30	30	50	60	45	55	82	-5	-8	42	145
Norway	1 085	1 130	650	685	445	490	435	690	645	840	77	210	48	-41	122
Switzerland	4 105	4 380	4 400	4 770	3 760	4 150	3 615	4 020	3 310	3 740	89	-305	-8	-19	15 085

Note: Total asylum applicants include first-time asylum applicants and repeat applicants.

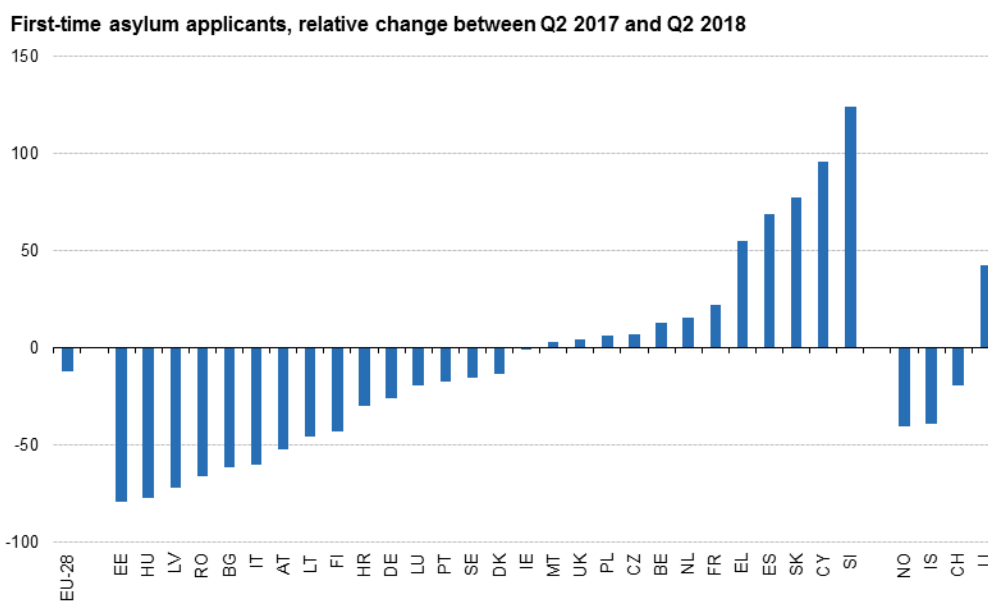
(\*) Relative to population as of 1st of January 2018

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)

Table 2: Asylum applicants, Q2 2017 – Q2 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm)

Trends in the number of asylum applicants vary from country to country in the second quarter of 2018. Italy (with 20 500 fewer applicants) was the country with the largest absolute decrease in the number of first-time applicants, followed by Germany (12 000 fewer applicants). In contrast, in Spain the number of asylum seekers has increased by 6 600 more and in Greece by 5 800 more in the second quarter of 2018 compared with the same quarter of 2017 (Table 2).

In relative terms, Estonia, Hungary and Latvia have recorded the largest relative decreases of first-time asylum seekers (more than 70 % less each). Among the countries with more than 10 000 applicants in the second quarter of 2018, Italy and Germany have recorded relative decreases (60 % and 26 % less, respectively) in the second quarter of 2018 compared with the same quarter of 2017. In contrast, Slovenia has recorded the largest relative increase of first-time asylum seekers (124 % more) in the second quarter of 2018 compared with the same quarter of 2017 (Figure 3).



Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)



**Figure 3: First-time asylum applicants, relative change between Q2 2017 and Q2 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm), see country codes**

Syrian was the main citizenship of asylum seekers in 11 EU Member States (Table 3 ). Of the 18 300 Syrians who applied for the first time for asylum in the EU in the second quarter of 2018 44 % were registered in Germany (8 100) and 27 % in Greece (4 900). 31 % of Afghans (2 800) applied for asylum in France and 35 % of Iraqis (2 900) in Germany (Table 4).

Five main citizenships of first-time asylum applicants, 2nd quarter 2018

		EU-28		# (%)									
		Syria	18 315	13									
		Afghanistan	9 155	7									
		Iraq	8 355	6									
		Venezuela	7 560	6									
		Nigeria	5 885	4									
		Other	87 395	64									
BELGIUM		# (%)		BULGARIA		# (%)		CZECH REPUBLIC		# (%)			
		Syria	615	17			Syria	95	37	Ukraine		60	21
		Palestine	370	10			Afghanistan	65	25	Georgia		30	10
		Afghanistan	200	6			Iraq	65	25	Uzbekistan		20	7
		Georgia	190	5			Iran	10	4	Azerbaijan		20	7
		Turkey	150	4			Pakistan	10	4	Russia		15	5
		Other	2 080	58			Other	15	6	Other		145	50
DENMARK		# (%)		GERMANY		# (%)		ESTONIA		# (%)			
		Eritrea	130	19			Syria	8 115	24	India		5	33
		Syria	125	18			Iraq	2 945	9				
		Georgia	80	12			Nigeria	2 765	8				
		Iran	40	6			Afghanistan	2 270	7				
		Morocco	25	4			Iran	2 185	6				
		Other	285	42			Other	15 445	46				
IRELAND		# (%)		GREECE		# (%)		SPAIN		# (%)			
		Georgia	80	12			Syria	4 945	30	Venezuela		6 920	43
		Albania	70	10			Iraq	2 380	15	Colombia		2 965	18
		Zimbabwe	60	9			Afghanistan	2 330	14	El Salvador		890	6
		Nigeria	50	7			Pakistan	1 725	11	Honduras		880	5
		Pakistan	45	7			Albania	800	5	Ukraine		540	3
		Other	365	54			Other	4 160	25	Other		3 985	25
FRANCE		# (%)		CROATIA		# (%)		ITALY		# (%)			
		Afghanistan	2 805	11			Syria	35	24	Nigeria		1 595	12
		Albania	1 495	6			Iraq	25	17	Pakistan		1 415	10
		Georgia	1 470	6			Iran	20	14	Bangladesh		1 145	8
		Ivory Coast	1 265	5			Afghanistan	10	7	Ukraine		745	5
		Guinea	1 200	5			Kosovo	5	3	Senegal		725	5
		Other	17 850	68			Other	50	34	Other		8 040	59
CYPRUS		# (%)		LATVIA		# (%)		LITHUANIA		# (%)			
		Syria	305	21			Russia	10	29	Tajikistan		30	33
		India	205	14			Turkey	5	14	Sri Lanka		15	17
		Pakistan	115	8			Ukraine	5	14	Ukraine		10	11
		Bangladesh	105	7			Azerbaijan	5	14	Belarus		5	6
		Egypt	100	7			Georgia	5	14	Turkey		5	6
		Other	600	42			Other	5	14	Other		25	28
LUXEMBOURG		# (%)		HUNGARY		# (%)		MALTA		# (%)			
		Syria	75	18			Afghanistan	65	45	Syria		125	29
		Iraq	50	12			Iraq	45	31	Somalia		100	24
		Afghanistan	50	12			Syria	15	10	Libya		85	20
		Eritrea	40	9			Pakistan	5	3	Eritrea		20	5
		Georgia	20	5			Other	15	10	Ethiopia		10	2
		Other	190	45			Other	15	10	Other		85	20
NETHERLANDS		# (%)		AUSTRIA		# (%)		POLAND		# (%)			
		Syria	705	16			Syria	880	33	Russia		535	69
		Eritrea	385	9			Afghanistan	340	13	Ukraine		70	9
		Turkey	320	7			Iran	160	6	Iraq		25	3
		Iran	275	6			Russia	155	6	Tajikistan		20	3
		Morocco	240	6			Iraq	150	6	Armenia		15	2
		Other	2 430	56			Other	960	36	Other		115	15
PORTUGAL		# (%)		ROMANIA		# (%)		SLOVENIA		# (%)			
		Angola	60	28			Iraq	170	38	Pakistan		305	34
		Ukraine	25	12			Syria	85	19	Algeria		205	23
		CD	15	7			Iran	50	11	Afghanistan		115	13
		Colombia	10	5			Turkey	40	9	Morocco		55	6
		Venezuela	10	5			Afghanistan	25	6	Syria		50	6
		Other	95	44			Other	80	18	Other		165	18
SLOVAKIA		# (%)		FINLAND		# (%)		SWEDEN		# (%)			
		Yemen	20	40			Iraq	215	30	Syria		565	14
		Pakistan	10	20			Russia	100	14	Iraq		245	6
		Azerbaijan	5	10			Iran	45	6	Iran		230	6
							Somalia	40	6	Uzbekistan		215	5
							Afghanistan	30	4	Stateless		165	4
		Other	15	30			Other	280	39	Other		2 575	64
UNITED KINGDOM		# (%)		NORWAY		# (%)		ICELAND		# (%)			
		Iraq	650	8			Turkey	215	34	Iraq		35	22
		Iran	645	8			Syria	100	16	Albania		25	16
		Pakistan	640	8			Eritrea	70	11	Pakistan		10	6
		Eritrea	590	7			Afghanistan	20	3	Afghanistan		10	6
		Albania	500	6			Iran	20	3	Syria		10	6
		Other	5 320	64			Other	215	34	Other		70	44
LIECHTENSTEIN		# (%)		SWITZERLAND		# (%)				# (%)			
		Georgia	15	38			Eritrea	650	20				
		Serbia	5	13			Afghanistan	290	9				
		Belarus	5	13			Syria	285	9				
		MK	5	13			Georgia	260	8				
		Other	10	25			Turkey	175	5				
							Other	1 655	50				

Citizenships selected here are those with the highest number of asylum applicants registered during Q2 2018 in the EU-28  
 # Absolute number of asylum applications  
 % Percentage shares are calculated on rounded figures and may not add up to totals  
 CD – Congo, the Democratic Republic of the; MK – The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia  
 Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)

Table 3: Five main citizenships of first-time asylum applicants, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm)

Thirty main citizenships of first-time asylum applicants by destination country in the EU 28, 2nd quarter 2018

		NON-EU		# (%)	
		Germany	33 730	25	
		France	26 080	19	
		Greece	16 340	12	
		Spain	16 175	12	
		Italy	13 670	10	
		Other	30 665	22	
		<b>AFGHANISTAN - (AF)</b>			
		France	2 805	31	
		Greece	2 330	25	
		Germany	2 270	25	
		United Kingdom	420	5	
		Austria	340	4	
		Other	990	11	
		<b>NIGERIA - (NG)</b>			
		Germany	2 765	47	
		Italy	1 595	27	
		France	680	12	
		United Kingdom	315	5	
		Austria	115	2	
		Other	410	7	
		<b>IRAN - (IR)</b>			
		Germany	2 185	49	
		United Kingdom	645	15	
		Greece	380	9	
		Netherlands	275	6	
		Sweden	230	5	
		Other	700	16	
		<b>GEORGIA - (GE)</b>			
		France	1 470	39	
		Germany	640	17	
		Greece	300	8	
		Italy	295	8	
		Spain	230	6	
		Other	795	21	
		<b>RUSSIA - (RU)</b>			
		Germany	810	29	
		France	705	25	
		Poland	535	19	
		Austria	155	6	
		Spain	150	5	
		Other	450	16	
		<b>UKRAINE - (UA)</b>			
		Italy	745	34	
		Spain	540	25	
		Germany	285	13	
		France	140	6	
		Sweden	120	6	
		Other	350	16	
		<b>SUDAN - (SD)</b>			
		France	1 020	55	
		United Kingdom	385	21	
		Germany	180	10	
		Italy	85	5	
		Netherlands	55	3	
		Other	145	8	
		<b>MALI - (ML)</b>			
		Italy	695	46	
		France	590	39	
		Spain	125	8	
		Germany	70	5	
		Belgium	10	1	
		Other	20	1	
		<b>PALESTINE - (PS)</b>			
		Spain	455	32	
		Belgium	370	26	
		Greece	330	23	
		Sweden	80	6	
		United Kingdom	55	4	
		Other	135	9	
		<b>CAMEROON - (CM)</b>			
		Greece	285	24	
		Germany	220	19	
		France	205	18	
		Italy	140	12	
		Cyprus	70	6	
		Other	250	21	
		<b>IRAQ - (IQ)</b>			
		Germany	2 945	35	
		Greece	2 380	28	
		United Kingdom	650	8	
		France	610	7	
		Italy	295	4	
		Other	1 475	18	
		<b>PAKISTAN - (PK)</b>			
		Greece	1 725	31	
		Italy	1 415	25	
		United Kingdom	640	12	
		France	520	9	
		Germany	445	8	
		Other	810	15	
		<b>ALBANIA - (AL)</b>			
		France	1 495	38	
		Greece	800	20	
		United Kingdom	500	13	
		Germany	400	10	
		Italy	265	7	
		Other	475	12	
		<b>COLOMBIA - (CO)</b>			
		Spain	2 965	89	
		Italy	125	4	
		France	75	2	
		Sweden	75	2	
		Germany	30	1	
		Other	60	2	
		<b>SOMALIA - (SO)</b>			
		Germany	1 200	45	
		France	540	20	
		Italy	160	6	
		Greece	155	6	
		Austria	135	5	
		Other	490	18	
		<b>IVORY COAST - (CI)</b>			
		France	1 265	61	
		Italy	545	26	
		Germany	130	6	
		Spain	85	4	
		Belgium	25	1	
		Other	40	2	
		<b>MOROCCO - (MA)</b>			
		Italy	485	27	
		Netherlands	240	13	
		Germany	240	13	
		Spain	230	13	
		France	195	11	
		Other	395	22	
		<b>EL SALVADOR - (SV)</b>			
		Spain	890	56	
		Italy	450	28	
		Sweden	50	3	
		Belgium	35	2	
		France	35	2	
		Other	120	8	
		<b>INDIA - (IN)</b>			
		United Kingdom	415	32	
		Germany	230	18	
		Cyprus	205	16	
		Italy	195	15	
		Greece	55	4	
		Other	210	16	
		<b>LIBYA - (LY)</b>			
		United Kingdom	240	24	
		Germany	200	20	
		France	140	14	
		Netherlands	115	11	
		Italy	85	8	
		Other	235	23	
		<b>SYRIA - (SY)</b>			
		Germany	8 115	44	
		Greece	4 945	27	
		Austria	880	5	
		France	780	4	
		Netherlands	705	4	
		Other	2 890	16	
		<b>VENEZUELA - (VE)</b>			
		Spain	6 920	92	
		Italy	245	3	
		France	115	2	
		Germany	85	1	
		Belgium	75	1	
		Other	120	2	
		<b>TURKEY - (TR)</b>			
		Germany	2 040	46	
		Greece	755	17	
		France	580	13	
		Netherlands	320	7	
		United Kingdom	175	4	
		Other	610	14	
		<b>ERITREA</b>			
		Germany	1 600	42	
		United Kingdom	590	15	
		France	455	12	
		Netherlands	385	10	
		Sweden	155	4	
		Other	620	16	
		<b>BANGLADESH - (BD)</b>			
		Italy	1 145	36	
		France	995	31	
		United Kingdom	410	13	
		Greece	310	10	
		Cyprus	105	3	
		Other	230	7	
		<b>GUINEA - (GN)</b>			
		France	1 200	46	
		Germany	535	21	
		Italy	435	17	
		Spain	170	7	
		Belgium	130	5	
		Other	125	5	
		<b>ALGERIA - (DZ)</b>			
		France	730	35	
		Germany	290	14	
		Netherlands	230	11	
		Greece	210	10	
		Slovenia	205	10	
		Other	410	20	
		<b>CD - (CD)</b>			
		France	1 045	63	
		Greece	270	16	
		Belgium	80	5	
		Germany	60	4	
		United Kingdom	55	3	
		Other	140	8	
		<b>SENEGAL - (SN)</b>			
		Italy	725	51	
		France	475	33	
		Spain	90	6	
		Germany	55	4	
		Belgium	30	2	
		Other	50	4	
		<b>CHINA - (CN)</b>			
		France	620	43	
		United Kingdom	275	19	
		Greece	70	5	
		Germany	70	5	
		Italy	60	4	
		Other	355	24	

Citizenships selected here are those with the highest number of asylum applicants registered during Q2 2018 in the EU-28

# Absolute number of asylum applications

% Percentage shares are calculated on rounded figures and may not add up to totals

CD – Congo, the Democratic Republic of the

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asyappctzm)

Table 4: Thirty main citizenships of first-time asylum applicants by destination country in the EU 28, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asyappctzm)



Compared with the population of each Member State, the highest rate of registered first-time applicants during the second quarter of 2018 was recorded in Cyprus (1 656 first-time applicants per million population) and Greece (1 521), followed by Malta (889) and Luxembourg (703). In contrast, the lowest rates were observed in Slovakia (8 applicants per million population), Estonia (11), Hungary (15) and Latvia (16). In the second quarter 2018, there were in total 267 first-time asylum applicants per million population in the EU as a whole (Table 2).

## Decisions on asylum applications

During the second quarter of 2018, 142 700 first instance decisions<sup>2</sup> were made by the national authorities of EU Member States. Among them, 37 % were positive (i.e. granting a type of protection status) (Table 5).

**First instance decisions by outcome and recognition rates, 2nd quarter 2018**

	Total decisions	Of which					Rate of recognition, %	
		Positive	of which			Rejected	Total	of which Refugee and subsidiary protection status
			Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons			
<b>EU-28</b>	142 725	53 510	28 650	14 605	10 255	89 210	37	30
Belgium	5 900	3 385	2 780	605	-	2 515	57	57
Bulgaria	390	225	95	130	-	165	58	58
Czech Republic	310	45	10	35	0	265	15	15
Denmark	485	260	195	5	65	220	54	41
Germany	40 750	15 995	7 980	5 905	2 105	24 755	39	34
Estonia	30	5	5	0	0	25	18	18
Ireland	360	345	245	70	30	4	95	86
Greece	8 055	3 840	3 175	665	0	4 215	48	48
Spain	2 275	525	100	425	0	1 745	23	23
France	28 060	7 565	4 950	2 615	-	20 495	27	27
Croatia	105	35	20	15	0	70	33	33
Italy	24 775	9 720	1 595	975	7 150	15 055	39	10
Cyprus	380	180	15	165	0	200	48	48
Latvia	45	15	5	5	-	30	30	30
Lithuania	75	30	30	5	-	45	42	42
Luxembourg	430	350	335	20	-	80	81	81
Hungary	195	80	30	45	5	115	42	39
Malta	335	150	30	110	10	190	44	42
Netherlands	2 495	875	385	400	90	1 620	35	31
Austria	9 925	3 970	2 835	975	160	5 950	40	38
Poland	650	115	65	40	5	535	18	17
Portugal	190	105	25	80	-	85	56	56
Romania	280	140	70	70	0	140	50	50
Slovenia	75	25	25	0	-	50	36	36
Slovakia	25	0	0	0	0	20	9	4
Finland	1 050	590	445	85	60	460	56	51
Sweden	7 935	2 545	1 525	830	195	5 390	32	30
United Kingdom	7 140	2 385	1 675	335	380	4 755	33	28
Iceland	75	20	15	0	-	55	24	24
Liechtenstein	10	0	0	0	0	5	13	13
Norway	560	355	335	5	15	200	64	61
Switzerland	4 480	3 995	1 710	290	2 000	480	89	45

- Not applicable

Rate of recognition is the share of (first instance) positive decisions in the total number of decisions at first instance. In this calculation, the exact number of decisions has been used instead of the rounded numbers presented in this table. Rates of recognition for humanitarian status are not shown in this table, but are part of the total recognition rate.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydcfstq)

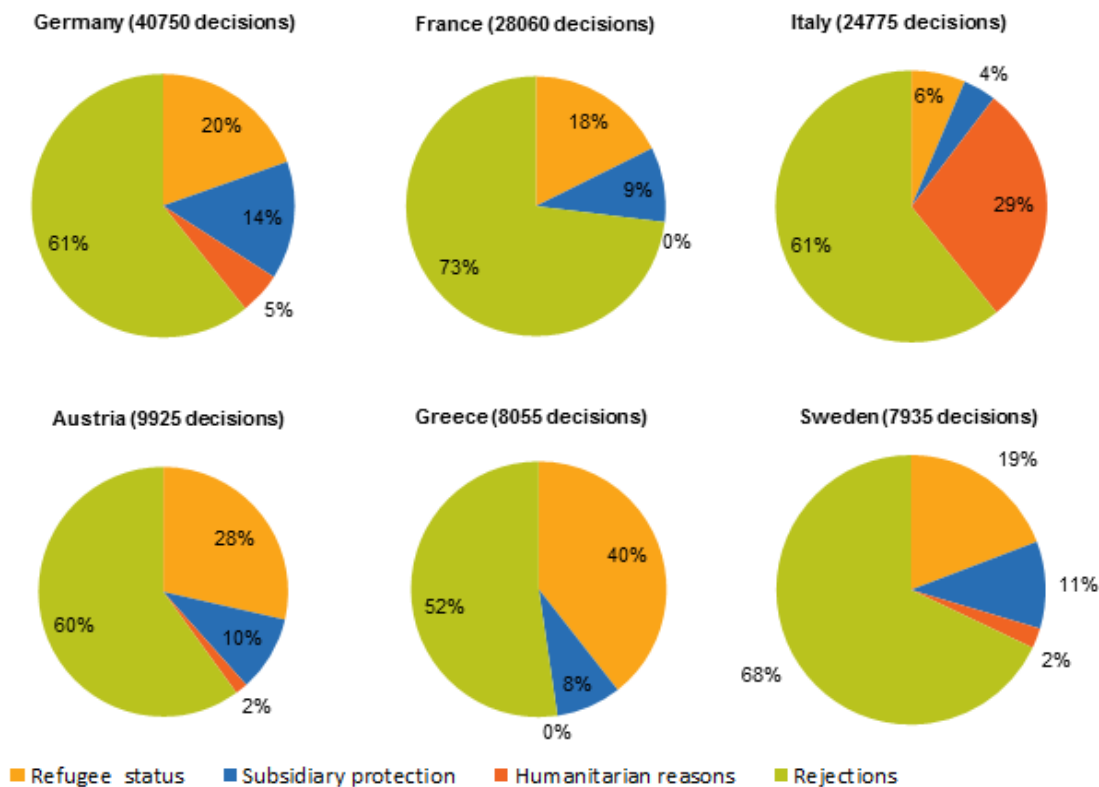
eurostat 

**Table 5: First instance decisions by outcome and recognition rates, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydcfstq)**

<sup>2</sup>Data on first instance decisions relate to decisions on applications granted to all asylum applicants i.e. First-time asylum applicants and Repeat asylum applicants.

Germany issued by far the most total first instance decisions<sup>3</sup> during the second quarter of 2018 (40 800 decisions), followed by France (28 100), Italy (24 800), Austria (9 900), Greece (8 100) and Sweden (7 900) (Figure 4). For more detailed information about the distribution of decisions outcomes please refer to Table 6.

### First instance decisions by outcome, selected Member States, 2nd quarter 2018



Member States selected here are those reporting the highest number of first instance decisions issued during Q2 2018

Humanitarian reasons not applicable for France

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydcfstq)



Figure 4: First instance decisions by outcome, selected Member States, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydcfstq)

<sup>3</sup>Total decisions equal to positive decisions plus negative decisions.

**First instance decisions by citizenship and outcome, selected Member States, 2nd quarter 2018**

First instance decisions							
Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons	Rejections				
<b>GERMANY (40 750 decisions)</b>							
Syria	3 680	Syria	3 955	Afghanistan	860	Iraq	2 400
Iraq	730	Eritrea	1 010	Iraq	270	Afghanistan	2 160
Turkey	615	Somalia	155	Nigeria	190	Nigeria	1 630
Other	2 955	Other	785	Other	785	Other	18 570
<b>ITALY (24 775 decisions)</b>							
Nigeria	340	Iraq	160	Nigeria	1 100	Nigeria	3 770
Somalia	185	Afghanistan	155	Bangladesh	1 100	Bangladesh	2 165
Syria	95	Somalia	150	Gambia	750	Pakistan	1 690
Other	970	Other	515	Other	4 200	Other	7 430
<b>GREECE (8 055 decisions)</b>							
Syria	1 425	Iraq	345	-	-	Pakistan	1 500
Iraq	630	Afghanistan	245	-	-	Albania	670
Afghanistan	385	Somalia	35	-	-	Iraq	455
Other	730	Other	40	-	-	Other	1 595
<b>OTHER (47 980 decisions)</b>							
Syria	1 440	Syria	1 105	Iraq	90	Iraq	3 755
Eritrea	700	Afghanistan	485	Nigeria	85	Afghanistan	3 340
Afghanistan	560	Libya	345	Afghanistan	70	Nigeria	1 985
Other	3 890	Other	710	Other	395	Other	29 025

First instance decisions							
Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons	Rejections				
<b>FRANCE (28 060 decisions)</b>							
Iraq	485	Afghanistan	960	-	-	Albania	2 080
Sudan	420	Syria	400	-	-	Georgia	1 210
CD	365	Albania	215	-	-	Ivory Coast	1 140
Other	3 680	Other	1 040	-	-	Other	16 065
<b>AUSTRIA (9 925 decisions)</b>							
Syria	1 055	Afghanistan	470	Russia	25	Afghanistan	2 745
Afghanistan	680	Somalia	155	CD	5	Iraq	755
Iran	355	Iraq	135	Nigeria	5	Iran	415
Other	745	Other	215	Other	130	Other	2 035
<b>SWEDEN (7 935 decisions)</b>							
Afghanistan	385	Syria	480	Afghanistan	45	Afghanistan	1 305
Iran	200	Afghanistan	170	Palestine	40	Iraq	865
Turkey	165	Iraq	50	Stateless	25	Iran	300
Other	770	Other	130	Other	85	Other	2 915
<b>EU-28 (142 725 decisions)</b>							
Syria	8 070	Syria	6 040	Nigeria	1 385	Afghanistan	8 105
Iraq	2 750	Afghanistan	2 615	Bangladesh	1 115	Nigeria	6 930
Afghanistan	2 635	Eritrea	1 195	Afghanistan	1 040	Iraq	5 990
Other	15 190	Other	4 755	Other	6 720	Other	68 190

Member States selected here are those reporting the highest number of first instance decisions issued during Q2 2018  
 Humanitarian reasons are not applicable for FR  
 CD – Congo, the Democratic Republic of the  
 Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydcfstq)



**Table 6: First instance decisions by citizenship and outcome, selected Member States, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydcfstq)**

Most first instance decisions in the EU-28 were issued to Syrians (16 400), followed by Afghans (14 400) and Iraqis (10 200) (Table 7, Figure 5).

Syrians received the highest number of decisions granting protection status in the EU Member States, including protection based on national legislations (14 300 positive first instance decisions, or 87 % rate of recognition<sup>4</sup>), followed by Afghans (6 300, or 44 %). In contrast, of the 3 360 first instance decisions issued to citizens of Georgia only 135 were positive (or 4 % rate of recognition), while of the 1 500 issued to Serbians only 105 were positive (or 7 % rate of recognition) (Table 7).

For more detailed information by decisions outcomes please refer to Table 8.

<sup>4</sup>Rate of recognition is the share of (first instance) positive decisions in the total number of decisions at first instance. In this report, the exact number of decisions has been used instead of the presented rounded numbers. Rates of recognition for humanitarian status are not shown, but are part of the 'Total recognition rate'.

**First instance decisions by outcome and recognition rates, 30 main citizenships of asylum applicants granted decisions in the EU-28, 2nd quarter 2018**

	Total decisions	Of which					Rate of recognition, %	
		Positive	of which			Rejected	Total	of which Refugee and subsidiary protection status
			Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons			
<b>Non-EU</b>	<b>142 725</b>	<b>53 510</b>	<b>28 650</b>	<b>14 605</b>	<b>10 255</b>	<b>89 210</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>30</b>
Syria - (SY)	16 425	14 250	8 070	6 040	140	2 175	87	86
Afghanistan - (AF)	14 395	6 290	2 635	2 615	1 040	8 105	44	36
Iraq - (IQ)	10 235	4 245	2 750	1 010	485	5 990	41	37
Nigeria - (NG)	8 995	2 065	615	65	1 385	6 930	23	8
Pakistan - (PK)	6 725	1 040	340	175	520	5 690	15	8
Bangladesh - (BD)	5 390	1 325	155	55	1 115	4 065	25	4
Iran - (IR)	4 475	1 700	1 570	55	75	2 775	38	36
Albania - (AL)	4 345	350	75	225	50	4 000	8	7
Somalia - (SO)	3 795	1 970	1 105	700	165	1 820	52	48
Russia - (RU)	3 515	765	585	80	100	2 750	22	19
Eritrea - (ER)	3 475	2 880	1 595	1 195	85	595	83	80
Guinea - (GN)	3 420	1 060	520	80	465	2 355	31	17
Georgia - (GE)	3 360	135	35	25	75	3 225	4	2
Turkey - (TR)	3 355	1 410	1 300	10	95	1 945	42	39
Ivory Coast - (CI)	3 040	750	295	50	400	2 290	25	11
Gambia - (GM)	2 895	865	65	10	790	2 035	30	3
Ukraine - (UA)	2 275	450	80	100	270	1 825	20	8
Mali - (ML)	2 155	735	140	115	475	1 425	34	12
Senegal - (SN)	2 090	605	100	10	495	1 485	29	5
CD - (CD)	1 800	650	550	55	40	1 150	36	34
Algeria - (DZ)	1 665	110	55	35	20	1 555	7	5
Sudan - (SD)	1 620	855	630	190	35	765	53	51
Armenia - (AM)	1 620	120	40	40	40	1 495	8	5
Serbia - (RS)	1 500	105	70	15	20	1 395	7	5
Kosovo - (XK)	1 430	175	75	60	45	1 255	12	9
Ghana - (GH)	1 390	380	20	5	355	1 010	27	2
Morocco - (MA)	1 300	185	90	15	80	1 115	14	8
Sri Lanka - (LK)	1 215	300	230	40	35	915	25	22
China - (CN)	1 180	390	375	5	15	785	33	32
Cameroon - (CM)	1 150	340	200	30	105	815	29	20
<b>Other non-EU</b>	<b>22 505</b>	<b>7 020</b>	<b>4 280</b>	<b>1 500</b>	<b>1 245</b>	<b>15 485</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>26</b>

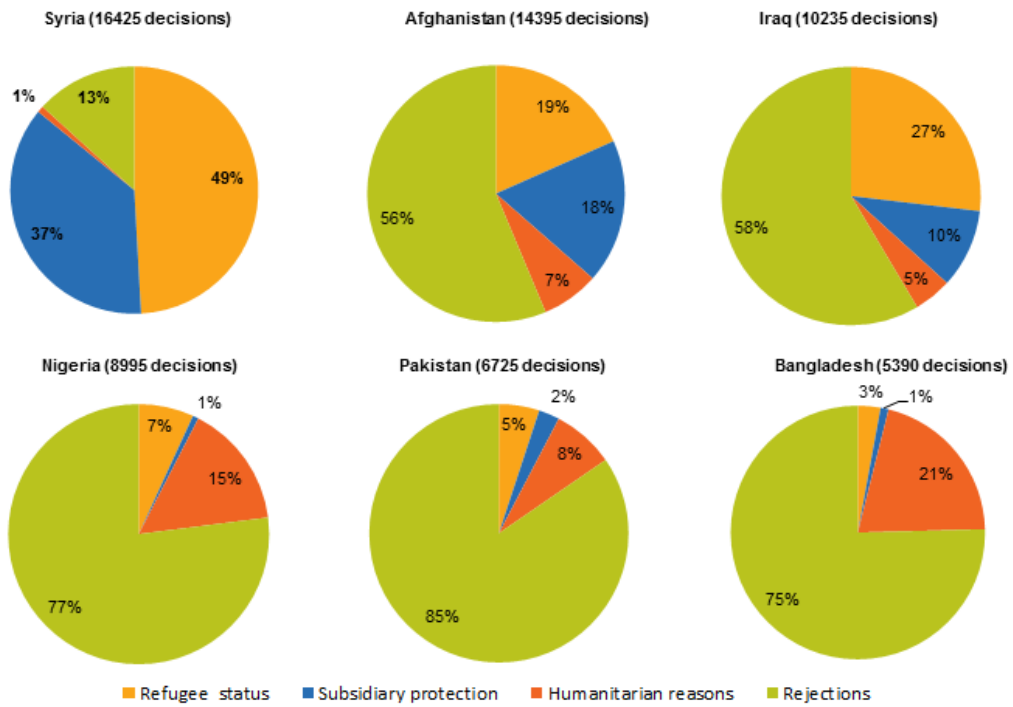
Citizenships selected here are those for which the highest number of first instance decisions was issued during Q2 2018. Rate of recognition is the share of (first instance) positive decisions in the total number of decisions at first instance. In this calculation, the exact number of decisions has been used instead of the rounded numbers presented in this table. Rates of recognition for humanitarian status are not shown in this table, but are part of the total recognition rate.

CD – Congo, the Democratic Republic of the; Kosovo – see methodological notes

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydcfstq)

**Table 7: First instance decisions by outcome and recognition rates, 30 main citizenships of asylum applicants granted decisions in the EU-28, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydcfstq)**

**First instance decisions in the EU-28 by outcome, selected citizenships, 2nd quarter 2018**



Citizenships selected here are those for which the highest number of first instance decisions was issued during Q2 2018

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydcfstq)



**Figure 5: First instance decisions in the EU-28 by outcome, selected citizenships, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydcfstq)**

**First instance decisions by destination country and outcome in the EU-28, selected citizenships of asylum applicants, 2nd quarter 2018**

First instance decisions							
Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons	Rejections				
<b>SYRIA - SY (16 425 decisions)</b>							
Germany	3 680	Germany	3 955	Germany	75	Germany	1 570
Greece	1 425	Sweden	480	Denmark	50	Belgium	130
Austria	1 055	France	400	Sweden	15	Netherlands	125
Other	1 910	Other	1 210	Other	0	Other	355
<b>IRAQ - IQ (10 235 decisions)</b>							
Germany	730	Greece	345	Germany	270	Germany	2 400
Greece	630	Italy	160	Italy	90	Sweden	865
France	485	Austria	135	UK	55	Austria	755
Other	905	Other	365	Other	75	Other	1 965
<b>PAKISTAN - PK (6 725 decisions)</b>							
UK	110	Italy	145	Italy	490	Italy	1 690
Italy	90	France	15	UK	10	Greece	1 500
France	30	Germany	5	Germany	10	Germany	930
Other	110	Other	30	Other	5	Other	1 565
<b>OTHER (80 560 decisions)</b>							
France	3 920	Germany	1 665	Italy	4 370	France	17 310
Germany	2 940	France	1 170	Germany	700	Germany	15 970
Belgium	1 725	Italy	465	UK	190	Italy	7 330
Other	5 500	Other	1 345	Other	315	Other	15 650

First instance decisions							
Refugee status	Subsidiary protection	Humanitarian reasons	Rejections				
<b>AFGHANISTAN - AF (14 395 decisions)</b>							
Austria	680	France	960	Germany	860	Austria	2 745
Germany	415	Austria	470	Austria	60	Germany	2 160
Greece	385	Belgium	355	Sweden	45	Sweden	1 305
Other	1 155	Other	835	Other	70	Other	1 895
<b>NIGERIA - NG (8 995 decisions)</b>							
Italy	340	Italy	35	Italy	1 100	Italy	3 770
Germany	180	Germany	15	Germany	190	Germany	1 630
France	40	France	5	UK	70	France	860
Other	50	Other	5	Other	20	Other	670
<b>BANGLADESH - BD (5 390 decisions)</b>							
France	65	France	30	Italy	1 100	Italy	2 165
Italy	50	Italy	15	UK	10	France	1 000
UK	15	Austria	5	Germany	*	UK	340
Other	25	Other	10	Other	5	Other	560
<b>NON-EU (142 725 decisions)</b>							
Germany	7 980	Germany	5 905	Italy	7 150	Germany	24 755
France	4 950	France	2 615	Germany	2 105	France	20 495
Greece	3 175	Italy	975	UK	380	Italy	15 055
Other	12 545	Other	5 110	Other	620	Other	28 905

Citizenships selected here are those for which the highest number of first instance decisions was issued during Q2 2018

Source: Eurostat (online data code: migr\_asydctsq)



**Table 8: First instance decisions by destination country and outcome in the EU-28, selected citizenships of asylum applicants, 2nd quarter 2018 - Source: Eurostat (migr\_asydctsq)**

## Data sources

The data used for this publication are provided to Eurostat by the interior and justice ministries or immigration agencies of the Member States and EFTA countries. Data on asylum applications are collected monthly while data on first instance decisions are collected quarterly. Data are based entirely on relevant administrative sources.

Apart from statistics on first asylum applicants, these data are supplied in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of the Regulation (EC) No 862/2007 of 11 July 2007 on Community statistics on migration and international protection. All data presented in this publication are rounded to the nearest 5, and are provisional (except as otherwise stated) and may be subject to change.

- Country abbreviations: Belgium (BE), Bulgaria (BG), Czech Republic (CZ), Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), Estonia (EE), Ireland (IE), Greece (EL), Spain (ES), France (FR), Croatia (HR), Italy (IT), Cyprus (CY), Latvia (LV), Lithuania (LT), Luxembourg (LU), Hungary (HU), Malta (MT), the Netherlands (NL), Austria (AT), Poland (PL), Portugal (PT), Romania (RO), Slovenia (SI), Slovakia (SK), Finland (FI), Sweden (SE), the United Kingdom (UK), Iceland (IS), Lichtenstein (LI), Norway (NO) and Switzerland (CH).

## Context

The Directorate-General Migration and Home Affairs (DG HOME) is responsible for developing EU policies on asylum.

The 1951 Geneva Convention relating to the status of refugees (as amended by the 1967 New York Protocol) has, for over 60 years, defined who is a refugee, and laid down a common approach towards refugees that has been one of the cornerstones for the development of a common asylum system within the EU.

Since 1999, the EU has worked towards creating a common European asylum regime in accordance with the Geneva Convention and other applicable international instruments. A number of directives in this area have been developed. The four main legal instruments on asylum — all recently recast — are:

- the Qualification Directive 2011/95/EU on standards for the qualification of non-EU nationals and stateless persons as beneficiaries of international protection, for a uniform status for refugees or for persons eligible for subsidiary protection;

- the [Asylum Procedures Directive 2013/32/EU](#) on common procedures for granting and withdrawing international protection;
- the [Reception Conditions Directive 2013/33/EU](#) laying down standards for the reception of applicants for international protection;
- the [Dublin Regulation \(EU\) No 604/2013](#) establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or stateless person.

The Hague programme was adopted by heads of state and government on 5 November 2004. It puts forward the idea of a common European asylum system (CEAS), in particular, it raises the challenge to establish common procedures and uniform status for those granted asylum or subsidiary protection. The European Commission's [policy plan on asylum](#) (COM(2008) 360 final) was presented in June 2008 which included three pillars to underpin the development of the CEAS:

- bringing more harmonisation to standards of protection by further aligning the EU Member States' asylum legislation;
- effective and well-supported practical cooperation;
- increased solidarity and sense of responsibility among EU Member States, and between the EU and non-member countries.

With this in mind, in 2009 the European Commission made a proposal to establish a European Asylum Support Office (EASO). The EASO supports EU Member States in their efforts to implement a more consistent and fair asylum policy. It also provides technical and operational support to EU Member States facing particular pressures (in other words, those EU Member States receiving large numbers of asylum applicants). The EASO became fully operational in June 2011 and has worked to increase its capacity, activity and influence, working with the European Commission and the [United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees](#) (UNHCR).

In May 2010, the European Commission presented an [action plan for unaccompanied minors](#) (COM(2010) 213 final), who are regarded as the most exposed and vulnerable victims of migration. This plan aims to set-up a coordinated approach and commits all EU Member States to grant high standards of reception, protection and integration for unaccompanied minors. As a complement to this action plan, the European Migration Network has produced a comprehensive [EU study on reception policies, as well as return and integration arrangements for unaccompanied minors](#) .

In December 2011, the European Commission adopted a Communication on ' [Enhanced intra-EU solidarity in the field of asylum](#) ' (COM(2011) 835 final). This provided proposals to reinforce practical, technical and financial cooperation, moving towards a better allocation of responsibilities and improved governance of the asylum system in the EU, namely through:

- introducing an evaluation and early warning mechanism to detect and address emerging problems;
- making the supporting role of the EASO more effective;
- increasing the amount of funds available and making these more flexible, taking into account significant fluctuations in the number of asylum seekers;
- developing and encouraging the relocation of beneficiaries of international protection between different EU Member States.

## Other articles

- [Asylum statistics](#)
- [Dublin statistics on countries responsible for asylum application](#)
- [Statistics on enforcement of immigration legislation](#)
- [Residence permits statistics](#)

## Publications

- [All publications on asylum and managed migration](#)
- [All publications on migrant integration](#)

## Main tables

- [Asylum and managed migration](#) , see:

[Asylum and new asylum applicants - monthly data \(tps00189\)](#)

[Persons subject of asylum applications pending at the end of the month - monthly data \(tps00190\)](#)

[Asylum and new asylum applicants - annual aggregated data \(tps00191\)](#)

[First instance decisions on applications by type of decision - annual aggregated data \(tps00192\)](#)

[Final decisions on applications - annual data \(tps00193\)](#)

[Asylum applicants considered to be unaccompanied minors - annual data \(tps00194\)](#)

[Resettled persons - annual data \(tps00195\)](#)

## Database

- [Asylum and managed migration](#) , see:

[Applications \(migr\\_asyapp\)](#)

[Asylum applicants by citizenship till 2007 Annual data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyctz\)](#)

[First time asylum applicants by citizenship till December 2007 Monthly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyctzm\)](#)

[Asylum and first time asylum applicants by citizenship, age and sex Annual aggregated data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyappctza\)](#)

[Asylum and first time asylum applicants by citizenship, age and sex Monthly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyappctzm\)](#)

[Persons subject of asylum applications pending at the end of the month by citizenship, age and sex - Monthly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyenctzm\)](#)

[Asylum applications withdrawn by citizenship, age and sex Annual aggregated data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asywitha\)](#)

[Asylum applications withdrawn by citizenship, age and sex - Monthly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asywithm\)](#)

[Asylum applicants considered to be unaccompanied minors by citizenship, age and sex Annual data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyunaa\)](#)

[Decisions on applications and resettlement \(migr\\_asydec\)](#)

[Decisions on asylum applications by citizenship till 2007 Annual data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asydctzy\)](#)

[Decisions on asylum applications by citizenship till December 2007 Monthly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asydctzm\)](#)

[First instance decisions on applications by citizenship, age and sex Annual aggregated data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asydcfsta\)](#)

[First instance decisions on applications by citizenship, age and sex Quarterly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asydcftq\)](#)

[Decisions withdrawing status granted at first instance decision by type of status withdrawn and by citizenship Annual aggregated data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asywifsta\)](#)

[Decisions withdrawing status granted at first instance decision by type of status withdrawn and by citizenship Quarterly data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asywifstq\)](#)

[Final decisions on applications by citizenship, age and sex Annual data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asydcfina\)](#)

[Decisions withdrawing status granted as final decision by type of status withdrawn Annual data \(rounded\) \(asywifina\)](#)

[Resettled persons by age, sex and citizenship Annual data \(rounded\) \(migr\\_asyresa\)](#)

## Dedicated section

- [Asylum and managed migration](#)

## Data visualisations

- [Asylum statistics](#)



## Methodology

- [Applications \(migr\\_asyapp\)](#) (ESMS metadata file — migr\_asyapp\_esms)
- [Decisions on applications and resettlement \(migr\\_asydec\)](#) (ESMS metadata file — migr\_asydec\_esms)

## External links

- [European Commission - DG Migration and Home Affairs - Asylum](#)
- [European Asylum Support Office - EASO](#)
- [European Migration Network - EMN](#)
- [UNHCR - Statistics](#)