

Glossary:At-risk-of-poverty gap

Statistics Explained

The relative median at-risk-of-poverty rate gap is calculated as the difference between the median equivalised disposable income of people below the at-risk-of-poverty threshold and the at-risk-of-poverty threshold, expressed as a percentage of the at-risk-of-poverty threshold (cut-off point: 60% of median equivalised income).

Related concepts

- At-risk-of-poverty threshold
- Equivalised disposable income

Statistical data

- Living conditions in Europe - poverty and social exclusion