

Glossary:Arrival of tourist at the border

Statistics Explained

See [arrival disambiguation page](#) for other meanings of arrival.

Arrivals of tourists at the border refers to the number of international visitors who arrive during a given year in a given country and who are staying at least one night. The indicator includes [non-resident](#) citizens of this destination country, but excludes foreign residents in the given country. A [tourist](#) is any visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation.

This definition, used in the context of ' [European Neighbourhood Policy - South](#)' (or Southern Mediterranean) statistics, diverges somewhat from the one used in [European Union tourism statistics](#) . For the latter, an arrival at a [tourism establishment](#) is defined as a [tourist](#) , [resident](#) or [non-resident](#) of the country where the establishment is located, who arrives at a [tourist accommodation establishment \(rented-accommodation\)](#) or at [non-rented accommodation](#) (data for the latter are not collected in the scope of the Tourism Regulation, however). Consequently, the definitions differ in two aspects: arrival at the *border* versus at *tourism establishment* ; and *resident non-citizens* excluded versus included.

Related concepts

- [Nights spent](#)
- [Tourist](#)

Statistical data

- [European Neighbourhood Policy - East - tourism statistics](#)
- [European Neighbourhood Policy - South - tourism statistics](#)