

# Glossary:Labour productivity

Statistics Explained

**Labour productivity** measures the amount of goods and services produced by each member of the labour force or the output per input of labour. It can be measured in a variety of ways.

For structural indicators, it may be measured by gross domestic product ( [GDP](#) ), expressed in terms of the [purchasing power standard \(PPS\)](#) , either relative to the number of [employed people](#) or to the number of hours worked. In both cases, it is then expressed as an index.

Within national accounts and structural business statistics, labour productivity is often defined as the [value added](#) per employed person.

## Related concepts

- [Profitability](#)
- [Resource productivity](#)

## Statistical data

- [National accounts and GDP](#)