

Glossary: Inequality of income distribution

Statistics Explained

Inequality of income distribution is the ratio of total income received by the 20 % of the population having the highest income (top [quintile](#)) to the total income of the 20 % of the population having the lowest income (bottom quintile).

Income is based on [equivalised disposable income](#) .

Further information

- [Comparative EU Statistics on Income and Living Conditions: Issues and Challenges](#)

Related concepts

- [Equivalised disposable income](#)

Statistical data

- [Living conditions in Europe - income distribution and income inequality](#)