

# Glossary: African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP)

Statistics Explained

The **African, Caribbean and Pacific** group of states, abbreviated as **ACP**, is an organisation created by the Georgetown Agreement in 1975. Except for Cuba, all ACP countries are signatories to a partnership agreement with the [European Union \(EU\)](#) known as the [Cotonou Agreement](#).

The ACP group consists of 79 Member States: 48 countries from Sub-Saharan Africa, 16 from the Caribbean and 15 from the Pacific. They are (in order of [country code](#), first row down, then second one, etc.):

Antigua and Barbuda	AG	Republic of Guinea	GN	Rwanda	RW
Angola	AO	Equatorial Guinea	GQ	Solomon Islands	SB
Barbados	BB	Guinea-Bissau	GW	Seychelles	SC
Burkina Faso	BF	Guyana	GY	Sudan	SD
Burundi	BI	Haiti	HT	Sierra Leone	SL
Benin	BJ	Jamaica	JM	Senegal	SN
Bahamas	BS	Kenya	KE	Somalia	SO
Botswana	BW	Kiribati	KI	Suriname	SR
Belize	BZ	St Kitts and Nevis	KN	São Tomé and Príncipe	ST
Central African Republic	CF	St. Lucia	LC	Swaziland	SZ
Congo	CG	Liberia	LR	Chad	TD
Côte d'Ivoire	CI	Lesotho	LS	Togo	TG
Cook Islands	CK	Comoros	KM	Timor Leste/East Timor	TL
Cameroon	CM	Madagascar	MG	Tonga	TO
Cuba	CU	Marshall Islands	MH	Trinidad and Tobago	TT
Cape Verde	CV	Mali	ML	Tuvalu	TV
Djibouti	DJ	Mauritania	MR	Tanzania	TZ
Dominica	DM	Mauritius	MU	Uganda	UG
Dominican Republic	DO	Malawi	MW	St Vincent and the Grenadines	VC
Eritrea	ER	Mozambique	MZ	Vanuatu	VU
Ethiopia	ET	Namibia	NA	Samoa	WS
Fiji	FJ	Niger	NE	South Africa	ZA
Federated States of Micronesia	FM	Nigeria	NG	Zambia	ZM
Gabon	GA	Nauru	NR	Zimbabwe	ZW
Grenada	GD	Niue	NU		
Ghana	GH	Palau	PW		
Gambia	GM	Papua New Guinea	PG		

## Further information

- [ACP Secretariat website](#)

## Related concepts

- [European Union \(EU\)](#)