

EAA Inventory 2015

Methodological inventory/questionnaire on the compiling of Economic Accounts for Agriculture (EAA)

Questionnaire identification

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The Economic Accounts for Agriculture (EAA) provide detailed information on income from agricultural activity. The methods are laid down in the regulation (EC) 138/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Member States are requested to provide an inventory on how the data are compiled.

EAA Inventory 2015

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PART A - GENERAL FRAMEWORK

A1 INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

A1.1 INSTITUTIONAL SETTINGS, INTERDEPENDENCY EAA WITH OTHER STATISTICS

A1.1.1 Which Institution(s) are responsible for the compilation of the Economic Accounts for Agriculture (EAA) and of the unit values of agricultural products?

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS) – the Economic Accounts in Agriculture and Forestry Unit is responsible for the compilation of the Economic Accounts for Agriculture and Unit Values of agriculture products.

A1.1.2 Which Institution(s) are responsible for the compilation of the Agricultural Income Index?

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS) – the Economic Accounts in Agriculture and Forestry Unit is responsible for the compilation of the Agricultural Income Index.

A1.1.3 Is there interdependency between EAA and National Accounts (NA)? Is the bridge table compiled?

The National Accounts partly use data from the Economic Accounts in Agriculture and Forestry Unit and vice versa. The bridge table is not compiled.

A1.1.4 Is there interdependency of EAA and Regional Economic Accounts for Agriculture (REAA)?

The Regional Economic Accounts for Agriculture for the Republic of Croatia were calculated based on the EAA data, survey data of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics and administrative data of the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development.

The calculation methodology for the Regional Economic Accounts for Agriculture uses a combination of the top-down method for the quantitative indicators (intermediate consumption) and the bottom-up method (output, investments, all kinds of subsidies and labour force) using prices at the level of the Republic of Croatia per each calculation indicator.

The National Classification of Spatial Units for Statistics 2012 (NKPJS 2012) is a statistical standard used for collecting, entering, processing, analysis and dissemination of regional statistics by the level of spatial units in the Republic of Croatia (NUTS level).

A1.2 UPDATES TO EAA

A1.2.1 *At which time of the year are the updates of the EAA carried out?*

In the regular course of events, final figures for year n are available in September n + 1. Only in exceptional cases, for instance, when the Multipurpose Economic Survey was conducted in 2009, revisions are done.

A1.2.2 *Which years are covered by each of these updates? (i.e. update in September of year n for the years n-1, n-2, n-3)*

[Click here to enter text.](#)

A1.3 CONSISTENCY WITH NATIONAL EAA

A1.3.1 *If national EAA are different from those transmitted to Eurostat: what are the differences? Why are these differences kept? Are they documented? (if so, please transmit documentation.)*

THE NATIONAL ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS OF AGRICULTURE DO NOT DIFFER FROM THOSE WHICH ARE SENT TO EUROSTAT.

A1.3.2 *Are there, apart from the Eurostat Regulation, any further methodological guidelines available at national level? (If so, please transmit these guidelines.)*

AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL, THERE ARE NO METHODOLOGICAL GUIDELINES FOR THE COMPILATION OF THE EAA. EAA METHODOLOGY IS IN LINE WITH THE EC REGULATION NO. 138/2004 AS AMANDMENTS. THE CONCEPT ALSO INCLUDES DATA ON AGRICULTURAL LABOUR INPUT (ALI), UNIT VALUES STATISTICS (UV) AND REGIONAL EAA DATA (RAA AT NUTS LEVEL 2).

A2 COMPILATION OF THE EAA: GENERAL REMARKS

A2.1.1 *For which years are retropolations¹ carried out and (if they are not yet available) when will they be available?*

EAA time series are available from 2005 onwards.
Retropolations are carried out for years 2005-2008.

¹ Retropolation represents the calculation of backwards time series which are consistent with the adjusted benchmark year.

A2.1.2 Details of retropolation method used in your country: for which items are estimations made? On which assumptions are these estimations based?

In line with the process of adjusting the economic accounts in agriculture with the European statistical standards (Council Regulation (EC) 138//2004), the Multipurpose Economic Survey was carried out in 2009. The analysis, adjustment and application of results of this Survey related to the economic accounts in agriculture, in the period from 2005 to 2008, were carried out within the MB IPA 2008 FWC Programme.

A3 DATA USERS AND CONFIDENTIALITY

A3.1.1 Who are the main users of economic accounts for agriculture data? (e.g. National Accounts; other units / departments in your organisation (please specify); other international organisations (please specify); ministry of agriculture; other ministries; scientific institutes and universities; other users (please specify); unknown)

The main users of economic accounts for agriculture data are:

- National Accounts (in CBS)
- Agricultural Prices Department (in CBS) uses EAA data for weighting scheme
- Ministry of Agriculture
- Researches/Students
- Journalists

A3.1.2 Are there any confidentiality rules applied to microdata used for EAA compilation in your country? If yes, please describe your confidentiality rules.

The rules of statistical confidentiality are regulated by the Law on Official Statistics (Official Gazette No. 59/12; 103/03; 75/09; Article 59- 66th), and the data, issued by the Director General of the CBS.

This Act regulates the fundamental principles of official statistics, organization, position, operations and coordination of the official statistics. The Development Strategy of Official Statistics of the Croatian Program of Statistical Activities of the Republic of Croatia regulates the collection, processing and storage of statistical material, registers, dissemination and use of statistics, confidentiality and protection of statistical data, international cooperation in statistics and other issues relevant to official statistics.

A3.1.3 If applicable, please provide any comments on the amount of data affected by embargo.

All the EAA output data underlies very restrictive embargo until it is published by CBS (press release); from that moment, no embargo exists any more.

PART B - STANDARD QUESTIONS – QUICK GUIDE

B1 DATA SOURCES

1. What are the data sources used to compile quantities, prices, values, volume indexes and price indexes (at least the most important ones)? If your calculations are based (inter alia) on quantities, prices and price indices: please specify the links (if any) to corresponding data sent to Eurostat (balance sheets, production statistics, agricultural price statistics).
2. On which methods of data collection are these data sources based?
3. Comment on the representativeness of the data sources used.

B2 LEVEL OF DETAIL

When compiling the EAA, at which level of detail do you work (e.g. for cattle: cattle (excluding calves), calves, etc.)? Please specify for each item.

B3 CALCULATION PROCEDURE

Please indicate in the Excel table the relations between basic data and EAA results.

If you work with more level of detail than the EAA, please add the necessary rows to the table. However, it is sufficient if all those sub-items for which the same calculation method is applied are grouped together in one line. In this case, please make sure to give a complete enumeration of the sub-positions concerned in the first cell of the row.

B4 ADJUSTMENTS

If adjustments to any of the data are made, in the framework of compiling the EAA at national level, please describe these adjustments. In particular, if any of these data refer to another reference period than the calendar year, please specify how the relevant calendar year figures are determined.

B5 ESTIMATIONS

If estimations are made, please specify. Give also details on the assumptions underlying these estimations.

B6 NUMERICAL EXAMPLE

Taking into account your replies to the previous questions (particularly to questions B1 and B3 to B5): please give an example of how the EAA results are calculated. For this purpose, the table given under question B1 can be used; however, its use is not obligatory. If you use the EAA elaboration tables of Appendix III of the EAA/EAF manual (rev. 1), please join them to your examples.

B7 SUBSIDIES AND TAXES ON PRODUCTS

1. List of subsidies on products and taxes on products relevant for the product in question;
2. Data sources;
3. Allocation: if the subsidies and / or taxes on products refer to a group of products (e.g. CAP reform subsidies referring to cereals, oilseeds and protein crops), please explain how their allocation to the individual products is done;
4. Price component or value? How are the subsidies and / or taxes on products incorporated in the EAA: as price component (i.e. by calculating a basic price for output items or a purchaser price for intermediate consumption items) or as values?
5. Accruals principle: for which of the subsidies / taxes on products mentioned above (point B7.1) did the application of the accruals principle under the new methodology confer changes?
6. Reference period: when subsidies / taxes on products refer to a reference period different from the calendar year, in which way are the relevant values allocated to calendar years?

B8 PROVISIONAL AND SEMI-DEFINITIVE ACCOUNTS AND AGRICULTURAL INCOME INDEX VERSUS DEFINITIVE ACCOUNTS

The Questions (B1) to (B7) refer to the compilation of the definitive EAA. Please provide, under this heading, a short description of differences in the way of calculation of the provisional, the semi-definitive accounts and of the Agricultural Income Index.

B9 UNIT VALUES

Further information on the calculation of unit values (if calculated for the product in question) is only required if there are deviations from the EAA methodology.

Please note:

If it is not possible to answer these questions because of the aggregate level of the products concerned (e.g. fruits, vegetables), please describe the approach chosen for the individual products (at least the most important ones) being part of that aggregate.

The codes referred to in this questionnaire are the same as used in the data transmission tables and in Eurobase.

PART C - COMPONENTS OF THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT: OUTPUT

C1 GENERAL

C1.1.1 Could you please list the products concerned by the intra-unit/branch consumption? (Details concerning the calculation for each of these products should be given under the respective product group).

Data on the intra-unit consumption were obtained from the Multipurpose Economic Survey (MPES) and Advisory Service (AS).

Products concerned are as follows:

- Cereals
- Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits
- Protein crops
- Forage plants
- Potatoes
- Fresh fruit
- Grapes
- Olives
- Milk

C2 INDIVIDUAL ITEMS

C2.1 CEREALS

C2.1.1 Data sources

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.1.2 Level of detail

CEREALS

Soft wheat and spelt

Soft wheat (winter)

Soft wheat (spring)

Durum wheat

Rye (winter and spring)

Barley

Barley (winter)

Barley (spring)

Oats

Maize

Triticale

Other cereals (buckwheat, millet, sorghum)

C2.1.3 Calculation procedure

The principle Value = Quantity*Average price for each product is applied. The usable cereal production is taken from the crop statistics. Data on the uses of products were obtained from the Multipurpose Economic Survey and from the Advisory Service. Prices are taken over from the Price Statistics.

C2.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for cereals.

C2.1.6 Numerical example

C2.1.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

All agricultural holdings are obliged to register in the Administrative Farm Register before applying for subsidies.

For the purpose of calculating the EAA, the following values were received from the Paying Agency :

- Agricultural products
- Subsidies on production
- Investment grants
- Other capital transfers

C2.1.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.1.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.1.10 Details on the calculation of intra-unit/branch consumption (quantities, prices, subsidies etc.)

Information about intra-unit/branch consumption was taken from the Multipurpose Economic Survey (MPES) conducted by CBS and from the Advisory Service.

C2.1.11 Products covered by the item 'other cereals' (code 01900)

Other cereals: spelt, buckwheat

C2.1.12 Multiplication of seed: details concerning their calculation, particularly confirmation that research & development as well as certification of seeds are not included in the EAA.

THERE ARE NORMATIVES FOR EACH PRODUCT CALCULATED ON THE BASIS OF RESULTS OF MPES AND EXPERT ESTIMATIONS FROM ADVISORY SERVICE.

C2.2 OILSEEDS AND OLEAGINOUS FRUITS (INCLUDING SEEDS)

C2.2.1 Data sources

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.2.2 Level of detail

C1410	Oilseeds and oleaginous fruits (including seeds)
C1420	Oil rape
C1450	Sunflower
C1470	Soya
C1480	Pumpkins for oil
C1480	Other oleaginous products (poppy, flax oil)

C2.2.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II calculation methods

C2.2.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.2.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for oilseeds and oleaginous fruits.

C2.2.6 Numerical example

See Annex « Numerical example »

C2.2.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

For certain products subsidies are not paid in the reference period (calendar year). In the EAA all payments for the reference year are taken into account regardless of the intended year of payment. Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.2.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.2.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.2.10 *Products covered by the item 'other oleaginous products' (code 02190)*

Other oleaginous products (poppy, flax oil)

C2.3 PROTEIN CROPS (INCLUDING SEEDS)

C2.3.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.3.2 *Level of detail*

C1300	PROTEIN CROPS
C1320	Peas, dry grain
C1335	Beans, dry grain
C1345	Other dried pulses (broad bean, lentils, lupins)

C2.3.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II

C2.3.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.3.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for protein crops.

C2.3.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.3.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.3.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.3.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.3.10 *Details on the calculation of intra-unit/branch consumption (quantities, prices, subsidies etc.)*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.4 RAW TOBACCO

C2.4.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.4.2 *Level of detail*

02300 C1550 Raw Tobacco

C2.4.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.4.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made

C2.4.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for tobacco.

C2.4.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.4.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

For certain products subsidies are not paid in the reference period (calendar year). In the EAA all payments for the reference year are taken into account regardless of the intended year of payment. Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA). There are also state aid measures in extremely sensitive areas for olive oil, tobacco, dairy cows and breeding sows.

C2.4.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.4.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

C2.5 SUGAR BEET

C2.5.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.5.2 *Level of detail*

02400 C1370 Sugar beet

C2.5.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.5.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.5.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for sugar beet.

C2.5.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.5.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.5.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.5.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

C2.6 OTHER INDUSTRIAL CROPS

C2.6.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the “Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the “Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.6.2 *Level of detail*

C1589	Other industrial crops: others
C1580	Aromatic, spice and therapeutic plants (camomile, lavender, mint and melisa)

C2.6.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Anex II Calculation methods

C2.6.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.6.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for other industrial crops.

C2.6.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.6.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.6.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.6.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.6.10 *Products covered by the items 'fibre plants' (code 02910) and 'other industrial crops: others' (code 02930): enumeration limited to the most important ones (e.g. 10 most important species).*

Fibre plants (code 02910): No production of fibre plants in Croatia

C2.7 FORAGE PLANTS

C2.7.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.7.2 *Level of detail*

C2625	Fodder Maize
C2670	Fodder root crops (including forage beet)
C1380	Other root crops (swede, sweet potatoes, fodder carrots, fodder kale, etc)
C2612	Other forage plants
C2612	Fodder peas, dry grain
C2612	Sorghum for forage
C2612	Sudan grass
C2672	Lucerne
C2671	Clover and clover mixtures
C2612	Field peas for forages
C2671	Perennial grass-clover mixtures
C2671	Temporary grass-clover mixtures
C2671	Temporary grass and mixtures of grass
C2612	Fodder pumpkins

C2.7.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.7.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at national level are made.

C2.7.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for forage plants

C2.7.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.7.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.7.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.7.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.7.10 Details on the calculation of intra-unit/branch consumption (quantities, prices, subsidies etc.)

Information about intra-unit/branch consumption was taken from the Multipurpose Economic Survey (MPES) conducted by CBS and from the Advisory Service.

C2.7.11 Products covered by the items 'fodder root crops (including forage beet)' (code 03200) and 'other forage plants' (code 03900)

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.8 FRESH VEGETABLES

C2.8.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.8.2 *Level of detail*

C1600	Fresh vegetables
C1620	Cauliflower and broccoli
C1750	Tomatoes
C1920	Other fresh vegetables
C1635	Cabbage, white
C1635	Savoy cabbage
C1655	Other brassicaes (red cabbage and kohlrabi)
C1680	Lettuce
C1675	Leek
C1725	Other leaf vegetable (common beet, spinach, celary, chicory)
C1761	Cucumbers and gherkins
C1790	Red pepper
C1787	Zucchini
C1786	Pumpkins
C1799	Other top fruit (eggplant)
C1851	Onion
C1840	Garlic
C1830	Carrot
C1860	Red beet
C1884	Other root vegetables (horse radish, garden radish, common parsnip, swedish turnip)
C1901	Beans, green
C1890	Peas, green

C2.8.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.8.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at national level are made.

C2.8.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for fresh vegetables

C2.8.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.8.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.8.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.8.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.8.10 *Products covered by the item 'other fresh vegetables' (code 4190): enumeration limited to the most important ones (e.g. 10 most important species)*

Cabbage, white
Savoy cabbage
Other brassicaes (red cabbage and kohlrabi)
Lettuce
Leek
Other leaf vegetable (common beet, spinach, celery, chicory)
Cucumbers and gherkins
Red pepper
Zucchini
Pumpkins
Other top fruit (eggplant)
Onion
Garlic
Carrot
Red beet
Other root vegetables (horse radish, garden radish, common parsnip, swedish turnip)

C2.9 NURSERY PLANTS, ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FLOWERS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES)

C2.9.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.9.2 *Level of detail*

04200	L3001	Plants and flowers
L3001		Pot plants
L3001		Cut flowers
L3001		Bulbs
L3001		Ornamental plants
L3001		Christmas trees
L001		Plantations

C2.9.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.9.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.9.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for nursery plants, ornamental plants and flowers.

C2.9.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.9.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.9.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.9.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.9.10 Field of observation / 'nursery plants' (04210) versus 'ornamental plants and flowers (including Christmas trees)' (04220): details on how the distinction between both categories has been made?

From the „Survey on spring sowing and permanent crops”, the data on areas were obtained separately for

1. nursery plants
2. ornamental plants and flowers
3. Christmas trees

According to this distribution, we calculate values for the EAA.

C2.9.11 Field of observation / 'nursery plants' (04210): details on how the distinction between agricultural and forestry tree nurseries has been made?

From the crop production methodology, we can see the distinction between agricultural and forestry tree nurseries is made as follows:

Nurseries are areas of land on which young woody plants intended for transplanting later are grown, and they include:

- Vine nurseries and youth wings
- Nurseries of fruit trees and berry bushes
- Commercial nurseries of forest trees (excluding those for personal needs of the economy that are grown on forest land)
- Nurseries of ornamental plants - plants include trees and shrubs for planting in gardens, parks, along roads and embankments (eg. hedges, roses and other ornamental bushes, ornamental evergreen tree).

C2.9.12 *Content / 'Ornamental plants and flowers (including Christmas trees)' (04220): confirmation that Christmas trees have been covered.*

The Croatian EAA covers Christmas trees from CBS crop survey PO-22.

C2.10 PLANTATIONS

C2.10.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.10.2 *Level of detail*

The item covers own-account produced fixed capital goods.

C2.10.3 *Calculation procedure*

The principle Value = Quantity (area)*costs per hectare is used.
From the crop statistics, we obtained areas for new plantations and from the Advisory Service we obtained cost per one hectare of new plantations.

C2.10.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.10.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

C2.10.6 Numerical example

From Crop statistics we obtain areas for permanent crops. From this data we calculate indices for areas and this indices we apply for the calculation for the next year. For prices we use price indices from Prices in Agriculture Unit. In OPAL we enter data as values.

Plantations		
Value 2012	Indeks 2013/2012	Value 2013
296,7	89,0	264,0

C2.10.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.10.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.10.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated for plantations.

C2.11 POTATOES (INCLUDING SEEDS)

C2.11.1 Data sources

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.11.2 Level of detail

05000	C1360	POTATOES
	C1360	Potatoes, early
	C1360	Potatoes, late

C2.11.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.11.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.11.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for potatoes

C2.11.6 Numerical example

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.11.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.11.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.11.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

C2.12 FRUITS (TOTAL, CODE 06000)

C2.12.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.12.2 *Level of detail*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.12.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.12.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.12.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for fruits.

C2.12.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.12.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.12.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.12.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.12.10 *Products covered by the items 'other fresh fruit' (code 06190), 'other citrus fruit' (code 06290), tropical fruit' (code 06300), 'other grapes' (code 06490) and 'other olives' (code 06590): enumeration for each, limited to the most important ones (e.g. 10 most important species)*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.13 WINE

C2.13.1 Data sources

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.13.2 Level of detail

07000	Wine
	Table wine

C2.13.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.13.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.13.5 Estimations

No estimation made for wine

C2.13.6 Numerical example

Data for wine were obtained from the crop statistics. They use randman from the Ministry of Agriculture for calculating the wine production. The calculation is made only based on quantities of grapes produced in the Agricultural Sector. Wine from the manufacturing industry is not a part of this calculation.

C2.13.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.13.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.13.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.13.10 *In the EAA, a part of wine production of the wine manufacturing industry (NACE 11.02) is considered as agricultural activity. Please give details on how this part is separated from the non-agricultural part.*

Data for wine were obtained from the crop statistics (CBS) . They use randman from the Ministry of Agriculture for calculating the wine production. The calculation is made only based on quantities of grapes produced in the Agricultural Sector. Wine from the manufacturing industry is not a part of this calculation.

C2.14 OLIVE OIL

C2.14.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.14.2 *Level of detail*

08000 Olive oil

C2.14.3 *Calculation procedure*

-

C2.14.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.14.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

C2.14.6 *Numerical example*

	Quantities (000 ton)	Prices (kuna)	Values (milionkuna)
Resources			
Gross output	5,00		
Losses			
Usable output	5,00		
Initial stocks	1,41	63.910,00	89,91
Total available resources	6,41		
Uses			
Seeds and planting stock			
Feeding-stuffs			
Other			
Intra-unit consumption-total			
Processing by producer (separable activities)			
Own final consumption	0,88	71.200,00	62,54
Sales to other agricultural units			
Sales outside of the agricultural industry	5,53	71.200,00	393,62
Export			
Own produced capital goods			
Final stocks			
Uses, other than Intra-unit consumption	6,41		
Changes in stocks			89,91
Output of agricultural industry		Value at producer prices	366,26
Subsidies			3,28
Value at basic prices			369,54

C2.14.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA). There are also state aid measures in extremely sensitive areas for olive oil, tobacco, dairy cows and breeding sows.

C2.14.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.14.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.14.10 *In the EAA, a part of olive oil production of the oil manufacturing industry (NACE 10.41) is considered as agricultural activity. Please give details on how this part is separated from the non-agricultural part.*

Data for olive oil were obtained from the crop statistics. They use randman from the Ministry of Agriculture for calculating the olive oil production. The calculation is only based on quantities of olives produced in the Agricultural Sector. Olive oil from the manufacturing industry is not a part of this calculation.

C2.15 OTHER CROP PRODUCTS

C2.15.1 *Data sources*

Data sources is CBS statistics on crop production and agricultural prices and indices.

1. Quantities are taken over from crop production statistics which is in line with regulation 543/2009 . Method: Sample surveys following regulation 543/2009
2. Prices are taken over from agricultural price statistics, which is harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Prices of agricultural products used in the agricultural production in the Republic of Croatia are calculated based on data on prices collected in monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products, quarterly surveys on sale of seeds and seedlings and from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture.
3. Price indices are taken over from agricultural price statistics which is also harmonised with the "Handbook for EU Agricultural Price Statistics. Agricultural price indices are calculated on the basis of price data obtained through monthly surveys on sale and purchase of agricultural products as well as through other surveys carried out by CBS, from administrative data of the Ministry of Agriculture and from other administrative sources.

C2.15.2 Level of detail

09000	L2690	Other crop products
09200	L3310	Seeds

C2.15.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.15.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.15.5 Estimations

No estimations are made.

C2.15.6 Numerical example

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.15.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.15.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.15.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.15.10 *'Seeds' (09200): products covered by this item.*

L3310	Flower and fruit seeds
L3310	Vegetable seeds
L3310	Sugar beet seeds
L3310	Forage plants seeds

C2.15.11 *Products covered by the item 'other crop products: others' (code 09900)*

Other crop products: others - we do not cover this item

C2.16 CATTLE (INCLUDING CALVES)

C2.16.1 *Data sources*

Data sources are CBS regular surveys. Elements used in the calculation of the livestock production are obtained through surveys (PO-51 form), because they contain questions on the weight of the livestock and poultry as well as on the production of milk, eggs and wool. Data on export and import of livestock are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department.

C2.16.2 *Level of detail*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.16.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.16.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.16.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for cattle.

C2.16.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.16.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.16.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.16.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.16.10 Please specify the method on the basis of which cattle output and its components have been calculated.

Calculation is based on data from animal statistics - changes in stocks and gross indigenous production.
The initial and final stocks are already calculated in animal statistics.
From MPES we obtained data for own consumption on the farm.

C2.17 PIGS

C2.17.1 Data sources

**Data sources are CBS regular surveys.
Elements used in the calculation of the livestock production are obtained through surveys (PO-51 form), because they contain questions on the weight of the livestock and poultry as well as on the production of milk, eggs and wool.
Data on export and import of livestock are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department.**

C2.17.2 Level of detail

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.17.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.17.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.17.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for pigs.

C2.17.6 Numerical example

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.17.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.17.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.17.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.17.10 Please specify the method on the basis of which pig output and its components have been calculated.

Calculation is based on data from animal statistics - changes in stocks and gross indigenous production.
The initial and final stocks are already calculated in animal statistics.
From MPES we obtained data for own consumption on the farm.

C2.18 POULTRY

C2.18.1 *Data sources*

Data sources are CBS regular surveys. Elements used in the calculation of the livestock production are obtained through surveys (PO-51 form), because they contain questions on the weight of the livestock and poultry as well as on the production of milk, eggs and wool. Data on export and import of livestock are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department.

C2.18.2 *Level of detail*

POULTRY
Broilers
Hens
Turkeys
Geese
Ducks
Other poultry

C2.18.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.18.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.18.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for poultry.

C2.18.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex "Numerical example"

C2.18.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.18.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.18.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.18.10 Please specify the method on the basis of which poultry output and its components have been calculated.

Calculation is based on data from animal statistics - changes in stocks and gross indigenous production.
The initial and final stocks are already calculated in animal statistics.
From MPES we obtained data for own consumption on the farm.

C2.18.11 Please provide details on the treatment of hatching eggs (see also: eggs C2.22)

Data about hatching eggs is not available at the moment.

C2.19 SHEEP AND GOATS

C2.19.1 Data sources

Data sources are CBS regular surveys.
Elements used in the calculation of the livestock production are obtained through surveys (PO-51 form), because they contain questions on the weight of the livestock and poultry as well as on the production of milk, eggs and wool.
Data on export and import of livestock are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department.

C2.19.2 Level of detail

SHEEP
Lambs and young sheep under 1 year old
Ewes and ewe-lamb put to the ram
milk ewes
other ewes
Other sheep

GOATS
Lambs and young goats under 1 year old
Goats already kidded
mated for the first time
Other goats

C2.19.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.19.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.19.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for sheep and goats.

C2.19.6 Numerical example

C2.19.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies were obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.19.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.19.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.19.10 *Please specify the method on the basis of which the output of sheep and goats and its components have been calculated.*

Calculation is based on data from animal statistics - changes in stocks and gross indigenous production.
The initial and final stocks are already calculated in animal statistics.
From MPES we obtained data for own consumption on the farm.

C2.20 EQUINES, OTHER ANIMALS

C2.20.1 *Data sources*

Data sources are CBS regular surveys.
Elements used in the calculation of the livestock production are obtained through surveys (PO-51 form), because they contain questions on the weight of the livestock and poultry as well as on the production of milk, eggs and wool.
Data on export and import of livestock are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department.

C2.20.2 *Level of detail*

HORSES
DONKEYS
Other animals
Rabbits

C2.20.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.20.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.20.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for equines.

C2.20.6 *Numerical example*

-

C2.20.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.20.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.20.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.20.10 Products covered by the item 'other animals' (code 11900).

Rabbits

C2.20.11 Please specify the method on the basis of which the output of equines and of other animals, and their components have been calculated.

Calculation is based on data from animal statistics - changes in stocks and gross indigenous production.

The initial and final stocks are already calculated in animal statistics.

From MPES we obtained data for own consumption on the farm.

C2.21 MILK

C2.21.1 Data sources

Data sources are animal statistics surveys from CBS.

For final EAA we use annual data from animal statistics.

For the 1st and 2nd estimate we use data from animal statistics, on cows milk and dairy products (monthly surveys). The data on the production of milk and dairy products are taken over from the Ministry of Agriculture, Directorate of Veterinary and Food Safety – the Central Laboratory for Milk Control. The data collected that way refer to the quantity of cows' milk collected, milk fat and protein contents and the production of dairy products from cows' milk.

The Laboratory processes the collected data and submits them to the Croatian Bureau of Statistics according to previously defined deadlines and in a suitable format for further processing.

C2.21.2 Level of detail

Calculations are made for cow, sheep and goat milk.

C2.21.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.21.4 Adjustments

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.21.5 Estimations

No estimations are made for milk.

C2.21.6 Numerical example

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.21.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.21.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.21.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.21.10 For which years have penalties for exceeding milk quotas been applied? Which are the corresponding amounts?

Not applicable.

C2.22 EGGS

C2.22.1 *Data sources*

Data sources are animal statistics surveys from CBS.
For final EAA we use annual data from animal statistics.
For the 1st and 2nd estimate, we use data from animal statistics, the Monthly report on activities of hatcheries (PO-53a). We use data from this monthly reports for calculation of volume indices. The reports on production of day-old chicks are collected from hatcheries engaged in production of day-old chicks. This survey collects monthly data on the number of eggs placed in incubation and the number of chicks by kind of poultry, category and type.
The data on external trade in day-old chicks are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department. After the accession of the Republic of Croatia into the European Union on 1 July 2013, data on external trade in goods statistics of the Republic of Croatia are acquired from two different sources: the Intrastat form for the statistics of trading in goods between EU Member States (Intrastat) and the Single Administrative Document for statistics of trading in goods with non-EU countries (Extrastat).

C2.22.2 *Level of detail*

EGGS
Eggs from laying hens

C2.22.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.22.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.22.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for eggs.

C2.22.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

C2.22.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.22.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.22.9 Unit values

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.22.10 Please provide details on the treatment of hatching eggs (see also: poultry C2.18).

Data on hatching eggs are not available at the moment.

C2.23 OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS (RAW WOOL, SILKWORM COCOONS, OTHERS)

C2.23.1 Data sources

Data sources are animal statistics surveys from CBS.

For final EAA we use annual data from animal statistics. For the 1st and 2nd estimate, we use data from animal statistics, the Monthly report on activities of hatcheries (PO-53a). We use data from this monthly reports for calculation of volume indices. The reports on production of day-old chicks are collected from hatcheries engaged in production of day-old chicks. This survey collects monthly data on the number of eggs placed in incubation and the number of chicks by kind of poultry, category and type.

The data on external trade in day-old chicks are taken over from the External Trade in Goods Statistics Department. After the accession of the Republic of Croatia into the European Union on 1 July 2013, data on external trade in goods statistics of the Republic of Croatia are acquired from two different sources: the Intrastat form for the statistics of trading in goods between EU Member States (Intrastat) and the Single Administrative Document for statistics of trading in goods with non-EU countries (Extrastat).

C2.23.2 *Level of detail*

OTHER ANIMAL PRODUCTS
Row Wool
Other animal products: others
Honey

C2.23.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

C2.23.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments at the national level are made.

C2.23.5 *Estimations*

Estimate from the Advisory Service:
Honey
Farmers use 3 % of the production for own consumption and the rest they sale.
Wax
Farmers need 1 kg of wax per beehive per year, which it is more than 55 % of the production.
The rest they sale.

C2.23.6 *Numerical example*

-

C2.23.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Data about subsidies we obtained from the Paying Agency for Agriculture, Fisheries and Rural Development (PA).

C2.23.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.23.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

C2.23.10 *Products covered by the item 'other animal products' (code 12930).*

Other animal products: others

C2.24 AGRICULTURAL SERVICES (INCLUDING RENTING OF MILK QUOTA)

C2.24.1 *Data sources*

We obtained data for agricultural services from the MPES survey (values) and we use index for the calculation from the Price statistics. The Multipurpose Economic Survey 2008 (MPES/VEKI) was conducted, for the first time, in the frame of MB IPA 2008 FWC in order to collect data necessary for the preparation of the Economic Accounts of Agriculture, which were not available from regular CBS surveys and other available administrative data.

C2.24.2 *Level of detail*

Agricultural services and other good and services

C2.24.3 *Calculation procedure*

x x - x (c)n-1 (c)n-1*(e) (c)n

C2.24.4 *Adjustments*

-

C2.24.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

C2.24.6 *Numerical example*

Annex 23

C2.24.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

No subsidies are made.

C2.24.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.24.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

C2.25 NON-AGRICULTURE SECONDARY ACTIVITIES (INSEPARABLE)

C2.25.1 *Data sources*

The main data sources used are:

1. Crop Production Statistics and Register of Agricultural Holdings Unit (CBS)
2. Prices in Agriculture Unit (CBS)

C2.25.2 *Level of detail*

From Multipurpose Economic Survey (MPES) we obtained data for processing of agricultural products-quantities and values. From these data we were calculated coefficients which we use for calculations of processing of agricultural products.

Code NewCronos	Description	Value 2013 (mil. Kuna)
	PROCESSING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS	575,49
17110	- cereals	
17120	- vegetables	18,58
17130	- fruits	220,95
17140	- wine	
17150	- animals	150,88
17160	- animals products	185,08
17161	- milk	185,08
17162	- other animal products	
17190	- other	

C2.25.3 *Calculation procedure*

From Multipurpose Economic Survey (MPES) we obtained data for processing of agricultural products-quantities and values. From these data we were calculated coefficients which we use for calculations of processing of agricultural products.

C2.25.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustment are made.

C2.25.5 *Estimations*

No estimation are made.

C2.25.6 *Numerical example*

Code NewCronos	Description	Value 2013 (mil. Kuna)
	PROCESSING OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS	575,49
17110	- cereals	
17120	- vegetables	18,58
17130	- fruits	220,95
17140	- wine	
17150	- animals	150,88
17160	- animals products	185,08
17161	- milk	185,08
17162	- other animal products	
17190	- other	

C2.25.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

No subsidies are made.

C2.25.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

C2.25.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are calculated in accordance with the EAA methodology.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

C2.25.10 *Exhaustive list of activities covered*

-

C2.25.11 *Which criterion has been used for assessing the inseparability of these activities?*

-

C2.25.12 *What is the relative importance of each of these inseparable activities (e.g. "the share of agro-tourism services recorded as inseparable in the EAA amounts to 30 % of all agro-tourism services").*

-

PART D - COMPONENTS OF THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT: INTERMEDIATE CONSUMPTION

D1 GENERAL

D1.1.1 Short overview on data sources used for the individual intermediate consumption items.

Data sources are CBS surveys as well as administrative sources.

For calculations of Seeds and planting stock we use data from Croatian Centre for Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs-Institute for Seeds and Seedlings (quantities) and CBS price statistics

From CBS we use MPES coefficients and prices for calculations of :

- Energy; lubricants ;
- Fertilisers and soil improvers ;
- Plant protection products, herbicides, insecticides and pesticides ;
- Feedingstuffs ;
- Maintenance of materials ;
- Maintenance of buildings ;
- Agricultural services and
- Other goods and services

Sources for calculations of Veterinary expenses are MPES coefficients (CBS) and Financial Agency.

Financial Intermediation Services Indirectly Measured (FISIM) is taken over from National Accounts (CBS)

D2 INDIVIDUAL INTERMEDIATE CONSUMPTION ITEMS

D2.1 SEEDS AND PLANTING STOCK

D2.1.1 Data sources

Data sources for seeds:

Multipurpose Economic Survey (CBS)

Data on quantities are obtained from the Croatian Centre for Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs-Institute for Seeds and Seedlings

Prices are obtained from the Prices in Agriculture Unit (CBS).

Value = price x quantity.

D2.1.2 *Level of detail*

TRANSACTION	TYPE	GROUP	PRODUCT
Domestic production	Seeds	Cereals	Soft wheat
Domestic production	Seeds	Industrial crops	Rape
Domestic production	Seeds	Potatoes	Potatoes
Domestic production	Seeds	Vegetables	Cauliflower
Domestic production	Seeds	Forage crops	Alfalfa
Domestic production	Seedlings	Fruits	Apple
Domestic production	Wine seedlings	Grapevines	All types
Import	Seeds	Cereals	Soft wheat
Import	Seeds	Industrial crops	Soya
Import	Seeds	Vegetables	Cauliflower
Import	Seeds	Potatoes	Potatoes
Import	Seeds	Forage crops	Alfalfa
Import	Seedlings	Fruits	Apple
Import	Wine seedlings	Grapevines	All types

D2.1.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex II Calculation methods

D2.1.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustment are made at the national level.

D2.1.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made for seeds and seedlings.

D2.1.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.1.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

No subsidies and taxes are recorded for these items.

D2.1.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.1.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

D2.1.10 Intra-unit/branch consumption: details on the calculation of intra-unit/branch consumption (quantities, prices, subsidies etc.)

Intra-unit consumption is calculated directly from the Opal application by summing all the intra-unit consumption for given products.

D2.2 ENERGY; LUBRICANTS

D2.2.1 Data sources

Data sources for energy are the MPES and the Prices in Agriculture Unit. For calculation, we use data from MPES, quantity index and price index. From MPES we obtained data for energy products, from this data we calculate share for each products in total value of energy. Calculation is based on this shares and volume indices of crop and animal production and price indices from price statistics unit. To calculate quantity indices for fuel consumption we use data from crop production (change in areas) For electricity we use data from animal statistics to calculate the quantity indices (change in stocks).

D2.2.2 Level of detail

Electricity, gas, other fuels and propellants, other.

D2.2.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

D2.2.4 Adjustments

No adjustment at the national level.

D2.2.5 Estimations

No estimations made for energy.

D2.2.6 Numerical example

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.2.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

No subsidies and taxes

D2.2.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.2.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

D2.2.10 Products covered by the item 'other' (code 19029)

other fuels

D2.3 FERTILISERS AND SOIL IMPROVERS

D2.3.1 Data sources

Data for fertilisers are obtained from:

1. MPES
2. Industry, Energy and Information Society Department - Annual PRODCOM results
3. External Trade in Goods Statistics Department – Import export data
4. Prices in Agriculture Unit

D2.3.2 Level of detail

Calculations are made for total fertilizers and soil improvers

Simple mineral fertilisers (24+28+29+30)

Nitrogenous fertilisers(25+26+27)

UREA

KAN

AN

Phosphate mineral fertilisers

Potassium Carbonate

Other simple mineral fertilisers

Complex mineral fertilisers (32+33+34+35+36)

NPK fertilisers

NP fertilisers

PK fertilisers

NK fertilisers

Other complex mineral fertilisers

Manure

Slurry

Soil improvers (41+42+43+44+45)

Limestone

Send

Sludge

Other soil improvers

D2.3.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex II Calculation methods

D2.3.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made.

D2.3.5 Estimations

No estimations are made.

D2.3.6 Numerical example

See Annex "Numerical example"

D2.3.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Subsidies are not calculated

D2.3.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.3.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are not calculated.

D2.4 PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS, HERBICIDES, INSECTICIDES AND PESTICIDES

D2.4.1 *Data sources*

CBS is the data source.

1. Industry, Energy and Information Society Department - Annual PRODCOM results
2. External Trade in Goods Statistics Department – Import export data
3. Prices in Agriculture Unit

D2.4.2 *Level of detail*

See Annex "Numerical example"

D2.4.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.4.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments are made.

D2.4.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

D2.4.6 *Numerical example*

IMPORT DATA			
CODE	PRODUCT	USE	VALUE
01022949	PRODUCT 1	FERTILISERS	84.564
01022951	PRODUCT 2	PLANT PROTECTION	33.164.027

D2.4.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Subsidies are not calculated.

D2.4.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.4.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are not calculated.

D2.5 VETERINARY EXPENSES

D2.5.1 *Data sources*

Data for veterinary expenses are obtained from the Financial Agency (FINA). We obtain costs born by veterinarians as values. These values put directly into the OPAL application.

D2.5.2 *Level of detail*

From Financial Agency we obtain data about income and expenditure for veterinary expenses. We obtain costs born by veterinarians as values. These values put directly into the OPAL application.

D2.5.3 *Calculation procedure*

-

D2.5.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made.

D2.5.5 Estimations

No estimations are made.

D2.5.6 Numerical example

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.5.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Subsidies are not calculated.

D2.5.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat

The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.

EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.5.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

D2.6 FEEDINGSTUFFS

D2.6.1 Data sources

Data sources are MPES survey, PRODCOM, foreign trade statistics and agricultural price indices statistics (CBS).

D2.6.2 Level of detail

For feedingstuffs, we calculate three items:

- produced and consumed by the same holding
- supplied by other agricultural holdings
- purchased from outside the agricultural 'industry'

D2.6.3 Calculation procedure

Feedingstuffs produced and consumed by the same holding: For this calculation, we use data from the Opal application and sum all items that have data for item „Feedingstuffs: intra-unit consumption”
Feedingstuffs supplied by other agricultural holdings: we use shares from the MPES to calculate quantities
Feedingstuffs purchased from outside the agricultural ‘industry’: we use data from PRODCOM and data from foreign trade.
For prices, we use price index from the Prices in Agriculture Unit (Price indices of goods and services currently consumed in agriculture).

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.6.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made.

D2.6.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

D2.6.6 Numerical example

See Annex “Numerical example”

D2.6.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Subsidies and taxes are not calculated

D2.6.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.6.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

D2.6.10 Details on the calculation of intra-unit/branch consumption (quantities, prices, subsidies, etc.)

Calculation of intra-unit consumption is made directly in the OPAL application by summing all quantities used for animal feedingstuffs.

D2.6.11 Distinction between both intra-unit consumption and trade between holdings?

-

D2.6.12 Please confirm that the subsidies on products (if applicable) have been deducted when recording the relevant items under intermediate consumption.

Subsidies and taxes are not calculated

D2.6.13 Please give information on the link between the values recorded as intra-unit/branch consumption under this heading (code 19061 and 19063) and the relevant output products (or groups of products)

Calculation of intra-unit consumption is made directly in the OPAL application by summing all quantities used for animal feedingstuffs.

D2.7 MAINTENANCE OF MATERIALS

D2.7.1 Data sources

For calculation of maintenance of materials, we use data from the MPES survey (CBS), and from these data we calculate shares for: material, energy and labour costs. These shares are used to calculate values for the next year.

D2.7.2 Level of detail

D2.7.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.7.4 Adjustments

No adjustment are made.

D2.7.5 Estimations

No estimations are made.

D2.7.6 *Numerical example*

See Annex "Numerical example"

D2.7.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Subsidies are not calculated.

D2.7.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.7.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are not calculated.

D2.8 MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS

D2.8.1 *Data sources*

Data sources are CBS surveys.

D2.8.2 *Level of detail*

D2.8.3 *Calculation procedure*

Value from the preceding year is multiplied by the price index from construction for non-residential buildings.
See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.8.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustment are made.

D2.8.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

D2.8.6 *Numerical example*

D2.8.7 *Subsidies and taxes on products*

Subsidies are not calculated.

D2.8.8 *Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts*

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.8.9 *Unit values*

Unit values are not calculated.

D2.9 AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

D2.9.1 *Data sources*

Data sources for agricultural services are the MPES and the Farm structure survey (FSS) conducted by CBS.

From these surveys, we obtain the data about hiring machines and equipment. From the FSS, we obtained the area for plowing, sowing, harvesting and baling and also the price per hectare for these activities.

D2.9.2 *Level of detail*

From above mentioned surveys, we obtain the data about hiring machines and equipment. From the FSS, we obtained the area for plowing, sowing, harvesting and baling and also the price per hectare for these activities.

D2.9.3 *Calculation procedure*

See Annex „Numerical example“

D2.9.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments are made.

D2.9.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made.

D2.9.6 Numerical example

See Annex Numerical example

D2.9.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

Subsidies are not calculated.

D2.9.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.9.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

D2.9.10 If the values recorded under this heading (code 19090) are different from those recorded under the corresponding output heading (code 15000 Agricultural services output), please explain the reasons.

There is no difference in recorded values.

D2.10 OTHER GOODS AND SERVICES

D2.10.1 Data sources

Data sources are the MPES surveys from CBS.

D2.10.2 Level of detail

See Annex Numerical example

D2.10.3 Calculation procedure

On the bases of MPES results we calculated coefficients for values out of the total value of goods and services. These coefficients are applied for calculation for the next years.
See Annex Numerical example

D2.10.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made.

D2.10.5 Estimations

No estimations are made.

D2.10.6 Numerical example

See Annex Numerical example

D2.10.7 Subsidies and taxes on products

No subsidies are made.

D2.10.8 Provisional and semi-definitive accounts and Agricultural Income Index versus definitive accounts

For the First Estimate, data for the first half of the current year are available, which are put into relationship with data from the previous year. Furthermore, CBS calculations of volume and price indices are used. The prices are estimated on the basis of the forecasts transmitted to Eurostat
The Second Estimate is calculated on a database covering the first nine months of the year as well as other available data and estimates in CBS.
EAA data calculated in September n+1 are usually the final data.

D2.10.9 Unit values

Unit values are not calculated.

SPECIFIC QUESTION

D2.10.10 Products covered by this item (code 19900 Other goods and services)

Rental of machinery and equipment without workers
Business use of non-residential buildings
The cost of medical examinations of workers
Purchase of services of scientific research, market research and advertising
Fees for agricultural consultants, accountants, tax consultants etc.
Services provided by transport, commercial and storage enterprises
Postal and telecommunications charges
Costs of insurance services
Bank fees
Expenditure on agricultural newspapers and magazines
Substances added in transforming wine must to wine
Cost analysis of wine, olive oil and other products
Subscriptions to agricultural cooperatives
The cost of testing in dairy sector, exhibitions, and of registration and pedigree
The cost of artificial insemination and castration
The costs of the certification of seeds and seedlings
The cost of soil analysis
Cost of transport of workers
The fee for the use of patents, trademarks, copyrights
The cost of obtaining licenses or permits to carry out commercial or professional activities
Purchases of small tools and spare parts for machinery and equipment
Other goods and services (cost of vehicle registration, utility charges)

D3 CALCULATION OF NON-DEDUCTIBLE VAT

D3.1.1 Please specify, if applicable, how non-deductible VAT on intermediate consumption has been calculated.

We do not calculate non-deductible VAT.

D3.1.2 Please give a numerical example.

Not applicable

PART E - COMPONENTS OF THE GENERATION OF INCOME ACCOUNT

E1 COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES

E1.1.1 Data sources

Data for compensation of employees are obtained from the Employment and Wages Department of CBS:

1. The number of persons in paid employment, by activities
2. Average monthly gross earnings in agriculture (crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities)

From these data the index for wages and the index for number of employees are calculated, and then used to calculate the EAA values.

E1.1.2 Level of detail

Compensation of employees is calculated separately for permanently employed employees in legal entities, for seasonal labour force in legal and for seasonal labour force on private family farms. Benchmark calculations were based on the number of persons in the different categories according to FSS and the Survey on spring sowing and permanent crops for business entities and data on average annually gross earnings from Employment and Wages Department. Extrapolation between FSS surveys is done with data from Employment and Wages Department on average annually gross earnings and on the number of persons in paid employment by activity, which are used to calculate indices for wages and number of employees as well as on the basis of coefficients derived from MPES and FSS. The number of persons in paid employment in legal entities results from data processing of regular annual and monthly surveys, which comprises 70% of persons in paid employment in each NKD 2007 division. The survey collects data from legal entities regardless of ownership, government bodies as well as bodies of local and regional self-government units in the territory of the Republic of Croatia. Data are collected through the report filled in by legal entities on the basis of the records of persons in employment.

E1.1.3 Calculation procedure

E1.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made.

E1.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

E1.1.6 Numerical example

The compensation of employees is calculated according to index of earnings and index of employment.

All data which are used for calculation are obtained from CBS – Department of Labour market statistics.

Items for calculation:

12 746 = number of employees in legal entities in 2014

13 001 = number of employees in legal entities in 2013

5 841 kn = average annual gross earning in agriculture in 2014

5 845 kn = average annual gross earning in agriculture in 2013

34,01 kn = average gross earning per hour in 2014

The index of earning is calculated by dealing of earnings 2013/2014

The index of employment is calculated by dealing number of employees 2013/2014

1,020006276 = index of employment 1,0200063

1,000684814 = index of earnings 1,0006848

38,94 = coefficient in calculation (annual gross earning / standard number of working hours

21 300 000 = annual number of working hours

Calculation:

$12\,746 \times 12 \times 5\,841 = 893\,392\,632,00$ kn

$12\,746 \times 1\,800 = 22\,942\,800$ working hours

$893\,392\,632 : 22\,942\,800 = 38,94$

$38,94 \times 21\,300\,000 = 829\,442\,000$

$829\,442\,000 \times 1,000684814 \times 1,020006276 = 846\,595\,009$ kn (compensation of employees 2014)

For compensation of employees is multiplied number of employees to number of months and annual gross earning in agriculture.

In the calculation is also multiplied number of employees to standard number of working hours (1800) for obtaining of coefficient.

This coefficient is multiplied to annual number of working hours and also to indices of employment and earnings.

E1.1.7 List of items covered (see particularly Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004, paragraph 3.016 and 3.018)

[Click here to enter text.](#)

E2 OTHER TAXES ON PRODUCTION

E2.1.1 Data sources

Other taxes on production are not calculated for the EAA.

E2.1.2 Level of detail

At the moment no taxes are being calculated for the EAA in Croatia. The National Account are currently working on supply-use tables and after they finish, we will use their data. The data from supply-use tables will be available from year 2015.

E2.1.3 Calculation procedure

-

E2.1.4 Adjustments

-

E2.1.5 Estimations

-

E2.1.6 Numerical example

-

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

E2.1.7 List of items covered (see particularly Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004, paragraph 3.048)

Not applicable.

E2.1.8 Are there any 'taxes on production' in your country which are not explicitly mentioned in the Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004?

-

E2.1.9 If so, details on the concrete scheme (who pays them, under which conditions)

-

E2.1.10 For which of the items given in your reply to questions E2.1.7 to E2.1.9 above, did the application of the accruals principle under the new methodology confer changes?

-

E2.1.11 *Please specify, if applicable, how under-compensation of VAT has been calculated.*

-

E2.1.12 *Please give a numerical example*

-

E3 OTHER SUBSIDIES ON PRODUCTION

E3.1.1 *Data sources*

Data for other subsidies on production are obtained from the Payng Agency. Data are recorded as values and we sum all subsidies regarding this item, and put them in the Opal application.

E3.1.2 *Level of detail*

See Annex Numerical example

E3.1.3 *Calculation procedure*

-

E3.1.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustments are made

E3.1.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made

E3.1.6 *Numerical example*

-

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

E3.1.7 *List of items covered (see particularly Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004, paragraph 3.064)*

-

E3.1.8 *Are there any 'other subsidies on production' in your country which are not explicitly mentioned in the Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004?*

-

E3.1.9 If so, details on the concrete scheme (who receives them under which conditions)

-

E3.1.10 For which of the items given in your reply to questions E3.1.7 to E3.1.9 did the application of the accruals principle under the new methodology confer changes?

For certain products subsidies are not paid in the reference period (calendar year). In the EAA, all payments for the reference year are taken into account regardless of the intended year of payment.

E3.1.11 Please specify, if applicable, how over-compensation of VAT has been calculated.

Not applicable

E3.1.12 Please give a numerical example

-

PART F - COMPONENTS OF THE ENTREPRENEURIAL INCOME ACCOUNT

F1 RENTS AND OTHER REAL ESTATE RENTAL CHARGES TO BE PAID

F1.1.1 Data sources

Agency for Agricultural Land ; CBS (MPES, FSS)

F1.1.2 Level of detail

From Agency for Agricultural Land we obtained data on areas and values of state land, sold and rented out.
According MPES surveys, which were carried out on the sample base, we got construction of structure of land by 8 categories of lands and according ownership (business entities, private family farms).
In the FSS 2013 we have been questioned land prices and rents for arable land and gardens, meadows and pastures (area/ha and price).
All this data are used in our calculations.

F1.1.3 Calculation procedure

No taxes are calculated.

F1.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustments are made

F1.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

F1.1.6 Numerical example

See Annex Numerical example

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

F1.1.7 Are there any taxes related to this item which have to be recorded in the EAA?

No taxes are calculated.

F1.1.8 If so, are they recorded explicitly in the generation of income account or implicitly in the entrepreneurial income account (in which latter case the rental payments recorded include taxes related to them)?

-

F2 INTEREST PAID

F2.1.1 Data sources

Data for interests are received from the National Accounts (CBS) who obtain the data base from the Financial Agency (FINA). From this database, we take over the data for paid interests from units which are classified into section A Agriculture, forestry and fishing according to the NKD 2007.
Data are recorded as values.

F2.1.2 Level of detail

-

F2.1.3 Calculation procedure

-

F2.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustment are made

F2.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

F2.1.6 Numerical example

-

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

F2.1.7 Are there any subsidies related to this item which have to be recorded in the EAA?

There are no subsidies related to this item.

F2.1.8 If so, are they recorded explicitly in the generation of income account or implicitly in the entrepreneurial income account (in which latter case the interest payments recorded exclude subsidies related to them)?

-

F3 INTEREST RECEIVED

F3.1.1 Data sources

Data for interests are received from the National Accounts (CBS) who obtain the data base from the Financial Agency (FINA). From this database, we take over the data for interests received from units which are classified into section A Agriculture, forestry and fishing according to the NKD 2007.
Data are recorded as values.

F3.1.2 Level of detail

-

F3.1.3 Calculation procedure

-

F3.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustment are made

F3.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

F3.1.6 Numerical example

-

PART G - ELEMENTS OF THE CAPITAL ACCOUNT

G1 GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (GFCF)

G1.1 GFCF IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

G1.1.1 Data sources

Data sources are CBS and FINA (Financial Agency).

For the GFCF in plantations, data from the crop production statistics about permanent crops are used (PO-22 Form), the difference between two years is taken over as newly planted areas.

For animals data from animal statistics are used .

For calculation of GFCF in animals we use data from FINA and for prices we use price indices from Prices in Agriculture Unit.

G1.1.2 Level of detail

From Crop statistics we obtain areas for permanent crops. From this data we calculate indices for areas and this indices we apply for the calculation for the next year. For prices we use price indices from Prices in Agriculture Unit. In OPAL we enter data as values.

G1.1.3 Calculation procedure

Plantations		
Value 2012	Indeks 2013/2012	Value 2013
296,7	89,0	264,0

See Annex Numerical example

G1.1.4 Adjustments

No adjustment are made

G1.1.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

G1.1.6 Numerical example

depreciation 2012	balance 1.1.2013	investment 2013	balance 31.12.2013	depreciation 2013
1.120,35	26.888,30	470,92	27.359,22	1.094,37
1.198,14	28.755,37	219,06	28.974,43	1.158,98
120,40	2.889,61	94,87	2.984,48	119,38
62,72	188,16	541,74	729,89	29,20

G1.2 GFCF IN NON-AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

G1.2.1 Data sources

CBS is data source. Data for the GFCF in machines and other equipment and transport equipment are calculated based on annual PRODCOM data and import data. We obtain data as values and put them directly into the Opal application. Data for the GFCF in farm buildings (non residential) are calculated on the basis of the MPES. From the FSS 2010, we also took over data about farm buildings, and the data turned to be very similar.

G1.2.2 Level of detail

-

G1.2.3 Calculation procedure

-

G1.2.4 Adjustments

No adjustment are made

G1.2.5 Estimations

No estimations are made

G1.2.6 Numerical example

-

G2 CONSUMPTION OF FIXED CAPITAL (CFC)

G2.1.1 Data sources

Consumption of fixed capital is calculated for:
Equipment
Buildings
Plantations
Others

G2.1.2 Level of detail

-

G2.1.3 Calculation procedure

See Annex Numerical example

G2.1.4 *Adjustments*

No adjustment are made

G2.1.5 *Estimations*

No estimations are made

G2.1.6 *Numerical example*

-

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

G2.1.7 *Goods covered by the item 'others' (code 21900)*

-

G2.1.8 *Please specify how consumption of fixed capital has been calculated*

See Annex Numerical example

G2.1.9 *Average economic life of the various fixed assets for which CFC is calculated*

THE DEPRECIATION RATE FOR EQUIPMENT IS 4%, FOR BUILDINGS 4%, FOR PLANTATIONS 8% AND FOR OTHERS 25%.

G2.1.10 *Mortality function used*

-

G3 CHANGES IN STOCKS

G3.1.1 *Data sources*

Changes in stocks are automaticly calculated via the Opal application.

G3.1.2 *Level of detail*

-

G3.1.3 *Calculation procedure*

-

G3.1.4 *Adjustments*

-

G3.1.5 *Estimations*

-

G3.1.6 *Numerical example*

-

G4 CAPITAL TRANSFERS (INVESTMENT GRANTS, OTHER CAPITAL TRANSFERS)

G4.1.1 *Data sources*

Capital transfers are obtained from the Paying Agency as values. These values are put directly into the OPAL application.

G4.1.2 *Level of detail*

See Annex Numerical example

G4.1.3 *Calculation procedure*

-

G4.1.4 *Adjustments*

-

G4.1.5 *Estimations*

-

G4.1.6 *Numerical example*

-

SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

G4.1.7 *List of items covered (see Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004, 3.091 and 3.096)*

See Annex Numerical example

G4.1.8 *Are there any 'capital transfers' in your country which are not explicitly mentioned in the Annex 1 of Regulation (EC) No 138/2004?*

OTHER CAPITAL TRANSFERS
Co-financing the purchase of mandarins – market measures
Co-financing the purchase of apples
Co-financing the purchase of grapes
Co-financing the purchase of olive oil
crop insurance
promotional events

G4.1.9 *If so, details on the concrete scheme (who receives them under which conditions)*

-