

ALI Inventory 2015

Methodological inventory/questionnaire on the
compiling of Agricultural Labour Input (ALI)

Questionnaire identification

Country	Greece
Institution	ELSTAT
Author	Anastasia Brati
Date	Tuesday, 31 January 2017

ALI Inventory 2015

PART A - DATA COLLECTION.....	2
A1 DATA SOURCES	2
PART B - AWU DEFINITION, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKING	5
B1 ANNUAL WORKING UNIT (AWU) DEFINITION.....	5
B2 FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKING.....	5
PART C - CLASSIFICATION OF LABOUR INPUT AND COHERENCE WITH EAA.....	6
PART D - ANNUAL VOLUME OF WORK ESTIMATION.....	7
PART E - DIFFERENCES IN COVERAGE BETWEEN THE FSS AND THE ALI DATA ...	8

PART A - DATA COLLECTION

A1 DATA SOURCES

Please indicate below the name and the principal objective of the data sources (direct or indirect) used to compile ALI, indicating for each of them (except for EU surveys) the frequency, the reference period, the enquiry date and the representativeness.

A1.1 PRIMARY SOURCE

A1.1.1 *Survey unit*

ALI data are based solely on FSS data. The statistical unit of FSS is the agricultural, livestock or mixed holding (a unified unit both in terms of technical and economic perspective, which is run by a unified management body and produces agricultural products).

A1.1.2 *Scope or coverage*

FSS aims at the collection of statistical data on the structure of agricultural and livestock holdings of Greece and the employment therein. Included are holdings that:

- a) have at least 0.1 ha (1 stremma) of utilized land, or
- b) have at least 0.05 ha (0.5 stremma) of greenhouses, regardless of the production type, ownership, or the location of the holding, or
- c) have animals of their own and more specifically at least: one (1) or more cows or two (2) or more other "large animals" of any type and age (oxen, horses, donkeys, mules), or five (5) or more "small animals" (sheep, goats, pigs) of any age and type, or fifty (50) or more poultry birds, or twenty (20) or more hives of "domestic" or "European" bees or five (5) or more ostriches, or
- d) cultivate mushrooms

A1.1.3 *Frequency of the survey*

The FSS was conducted on a two year basis till 2010 and on a three years basis since 2010

A1.1.4 *Reference period of the observation*

ALI2015 is based on an extrapolation based on the 2009 and 2013 FSS data. The reference period, regarding labour force, for the FSS2009 was 1 October 2008 until 30 September 2009 and for the FSS2013 from 1 October 2012 until 30 September 2013

A1.1.5 Reference period of the results

The reference period for the FSS2009 was 1 October 2008 until 30 September 2009 and for the FSS2013 from 1 October 2012 until 30 September 2013.

A1.1.6 Enquiry date

FSS2009 took place between July and October 2010, and FSS2013 between December 2013 and April 2014.

A1.1.7 Representativeness (share of agricultural industry covered by sample)

FSS2009 was a census survey, therefore the representativeness was 100%, whereas the FSS2013 sample covered about 10% of the sampling frame.

A1.2 SECONDARY SOURCE

A1.2.1 Survey unit

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.2 Scope or coverage

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.3 Frequency of the survey

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.4 Reference period of the observation

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.5 Reference period of the results

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.6 Enquiry date

Click here to enter text.

A1.2.7 Representativeness (share of agricultural industry covered by sample)

Click here to enter text.

A1.3 TERTIARY SOURCE

A1.3.1 *Survey unit*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.2 *Scope or coverage*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.3 *Frequency of the survey*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.4 *Reference period of the observation*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.5 *Reference period of the results*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.6 *Enquiry date*

Click here to enter text.

A1.3.7 *Representativeness (share of agricultural industry covered by sample)*

Click here to enter text.

PART B - AWU DEFINITION, FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKING

B1 ANNUAL WORKING UNIT (AWU) DEFINITION

B1.1.1 Annual working days

275 working days per year

B1.1.2 Daily working hours

8 working hours per day

*B1.1.3 Annual working hours (B1.1.1 * B1.1.2)*

2200 working hours per year

B1.1.4 Public holidays (number of days)

13 official holidays +52 Sundays

B1.1.5 Total annual holidays (including public holidays)

90 days

B2 FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKING

B2.1.1 Is the number of hours worked in a full-time job the same for the self-employed and employees in the agricultural industry? If not, please explain.

Yes, the number of hours worked is considered to be equal for self-employed and employees in the agricultural industry

B2.1.2 Is the number of hours worked in a full-time job the same for agriculture and other branches of the economy? If not, please explain.

No, full-time employees in other branches of the economy work less hours per year.

B2.1.3 Do you use the FSS to estimate the volume of part-time work in agriculture? If not, please explain how the estimation is made

Yes, we are using FSS data for this purpose

PART C - CLASSIFICATION OF LABOUR INPUT AND COHERENCE WITH EAA

C1.1.1 Is there a distinction of the volume of work by salaried/non-salaried labour directly available from the data source(s)?

Yes

C1.1.2 If yes, indicate the data source(s).

FSS

C1.1.3 If not, please indicate the source(s) of data and the estimation method(s). (In particular, please indicate in which way the breakdown of the family labour into salaried and non-salaried is made.)

[Click here to enter text.](#)

C1.1.4 How do you treat the labour input in the case of mutual assistance between agricultural holdings without remuneration in cash? (salaried with remuneration in kind, or unsalaried).

This characteristic is separately surveyed in our FSS questionnaire. Unsalaries/remunerated in kind labour is the sum of mutual assistance and family members labour, whereas salaried labour is the sum of non-family regularly, non-regularly and other employees (all these characteristics are surveyed separately in our FSS).

C1.1.5 How do you ensure the coherence between "compensation of employees" (EAA) and salaried labour input? Please explain briefly.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

PART D - ANNUAL VOLUME OF WORK ESTIMATION

Please indicate below how you estimate the annual volume of work.

D1.1.1 Is FSS the only data source that you use? If yes, how do you estimate annual data from this single source? Please explain

Yes we are using only FSS data. For years with no FSS, data are interpolated/projected assuming a constant rate of change. For years between FSSs the rate of change is determined as the ratio of the data of the two bordering FSSs. For years beyond the current FSS, the rate of change is determined by the data of the current FSS and the one conducted 10 year before. Projections are updated as interpolations as soon as new FSS data are made available.

D1.1.2 Is FSS used in combination with another survey (or other surveys)? If yes, please indicate the data source(s) and the estimation method.

No

D1.1.3 Please explain if you replied NO to both of the above questions.

[Click here to enter text.](#)

PART E - DIFFERENCES IN COVERAGE BETWEEN THE FSS AND THE ALI DATA

E1.1.1 How do you estimate ALI for the holdings that are excluded from the FSS because of their size? Please indicate the data source(s) and the estimation method.

We are using a very low exclusion threshold for our FSS, in the order of 0.1 ha of UAA or 1 LSU. Therefore the holdings excluded from the survey should represent a negligible contribution to ALI.