

Basic figures on the EU

Third quarter 2014

Indicators of the Europe 2020 strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

EU-28		2005	2012	2013	Target
Employment	Employment rate (% of population aged 20–64)	67.9	68.4	68.4	75
	– male	76.0	74.5	74.2	:
	– female	59.9	62.3	62.5	:
EU-28		2005	2012	2013	Target
R&D	Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	1.82	2.07	:	3
EU-28		2005	2012	2013	Target
Climate change / energy	Greenhouse gas emissions (index, 1990 = 100) ⁽¹⁾	93.2	82.1	:	80
	Renewables in gross final energy consumption (%)	8.7	14.1	:	20
	Primary energy consumption (million tonnes of oil equivalent)	1711.6	1583.5	:	1483
EU-28		2005	2012	2013	Target
Education	Early leavers from education & training (% of population aged 18–24)	15.7	12.7	12.0	< 10
	– male	17.7	14.4	13.6	:
	– female	13.7	10.9	10.2	:
	Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 30–34)	28.1	35.8	36.9	≥ 40
	– male	26.1	31.6	32.7	:
	– female	30.1	40.1	41.2	:
EU-28 ⁽²⁾		2005	2012	2013	Target
Poverty or social exclusion	People at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion (million)	124.3	124.5	:	:
	People at-risk-of poverty or social exclusion (%)	25.7	24.8	:	:
	In households with very low work intensity (%)	10.4	10.5	:	:
	At-risk-of-poverty after social transfers (%)	16.4	16.9	:	:
	Severely materially deprived (%)	10.8	9.9	:	:

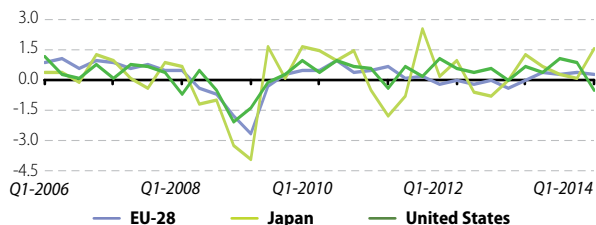
⁽¹⁾ EU-27 (the target is set for the EU-27 aggregate and not for the EU-28).

⁽²⁾ 2005: EU-27.

Source: Eurostat (http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/europe_2020_indicators/headline_indicators)

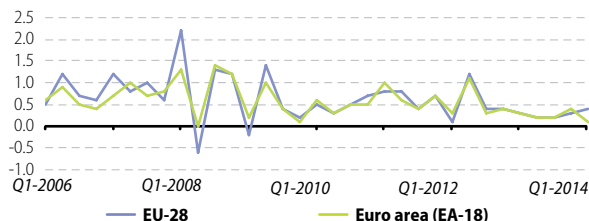
Selected Principal European Economic Indicators

GDP, quarterly growth rate (%)



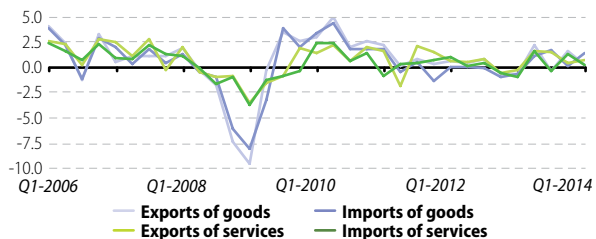
Source: Eurostat (online data code: [namq_gdp_k](#))

Labour cost index, quarterly growth rate (%)



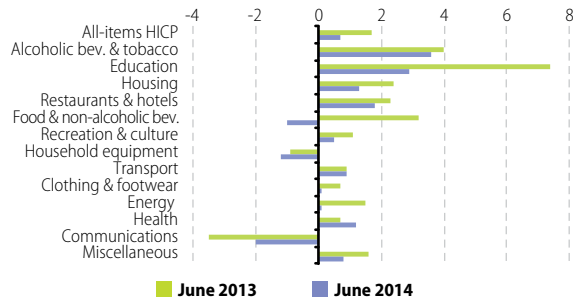
Source: Eurostat (online data code: [lc_lci_r2_q](#))

Trade of goods and services, quarterly growth rate, EU-28 (%)



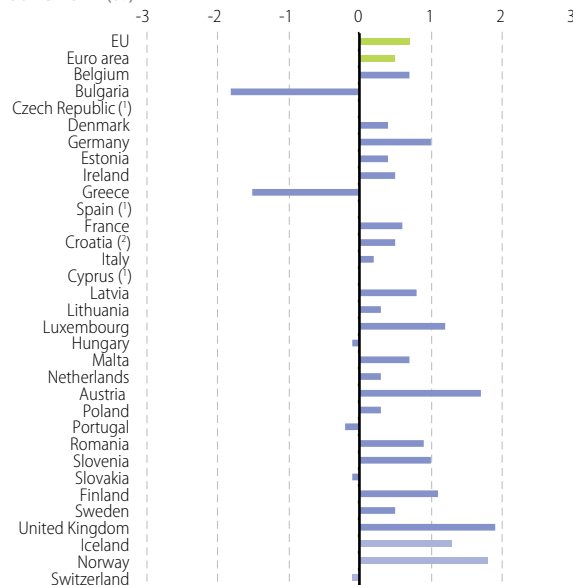
Source: Eurostat (online data code: [namq_exi_k](#))

Inflation, annual rate of change, EU (%)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [prc_hicp_manr](#))

Inflation, annual rate of change, all-items indices, June 2014 (%)



(¹) Inflation rate is zero. (²) Definition differs.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [prc_hicp_manr](#))

Economy and public finance

	GDP in current prices		GDP growth in volume			Government surplus (+) / deficit (-)		Government debt	
	(EUR / inhabitant) (¹), (²)	(1 000 million EUR)	Quarterly growth rate (%)			(% of GDP)		(% of GDP)	
	2013		Q3-2013	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014
EU-28	25 700	13 069	0.3	0.4	0.3	-3.3	-2.5	87.1	88.0
Euro area (EA-18)	28 600	9 603	0.1	0.2	0.2	-2.1	-4.1	92.6	93.9
Belgium	34 500	383	0.3	0.3	0.4	4.0	-8.9	101.5	105.1
Bulgaria	5 500	40	0.5	0.3	0.3	-4.7	1.0	18.9	20.3
Czech Republic	14 200	149	0.4	1.5	0.8	-1.1	-2.1	46.0	45.6
Denmark	44 400	249	0.2	-0.3	0.8	-0.2	-1.0	44.5	44.3
Germany	33 300	2 738	0.3	0.4	0.8	-0.4	0.2	78.4	77.3
Estonia	13 800	18	0.2	-0.1	-0.7	-0.3	-2.3	10.0	10.0
Ireland	35 600	164	:	:	:	-5.5	:	123.7	:
Greece	17 400	182	:	:	:	-2.3	-7.3	175.1	174.1
Spain	22 300	1 023	0.1	0.2	0.4	-9.7	-2.0	93.9	96.8
France	31 300	2 060	-0.1	0.2	0.0	-1.7	-8.0	93.5	96.6
Croatia	10 100	43	-0.1	-0.3	0.0	-4.5	-9.9	67.1	68.0
Italy	25 600	1 560	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	-1.1	-6.6	132.6	135.6
Cyprus	19 000	17	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-14.7	-0.8	111.7	112.2
Latvia	11 600	23	1.1	0.7	0.6	-6.2	2.5	38.1	38.2
Lithuania	11 700	35	0.4	1.2	0.7	-2.3	-3.4	39.4	40.3
Luxembourg	83 400	45	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.9	-3.6	23.1	22.8
Hungary	9 900	98	1.1	0.7	1.1	-1.1	-3.7	79.2	84.3
Malta	17 100	7	-0.6	0.5	0.9	1.9	-7.5	73.0	75.3
Netherlands	35 900	603	0.1	1.0	-1.4	-2.1	:	73.5	:
Austria	37 000	313	0.3	0.4	0.2	4.6	-7.1	74.5	75.1
Poland	10 100	390	0.8	0.7	1.1	-7.1	37.7	57.1	49.5
Portugal	15 800	166	:	:	:	-2.6	-6.0	129.0	132.9
Romania	6 500	142	:	:	:	-5.0	-1.0	38.4	39.0
Slovenia	17 100	35	0.4	1.2	-0.3	-40.0	-5.5	71.7	78.7
Slovakia	13 300	72	0.4	0.5	0.6	-4.8	-3.1	55.4	58.4
Finland	35 600	193	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	-8.4	-2.7	57.0	58.6
Sweden	43 800	421	0.3	1.6	-0.1	-5.0	-1.7	40.6	40.4
United Kingdom	29 600	1 899	0.8	0.7	0.8	-9.0	-2.6	90.6	91.1
Iceland	34 000	11	:	:	:	-5.0	2.6	:	:
Norway	75 900	386	0.7	-0.2	0.3	7.8	11.2	29.5	29.0
Switzerland	61 100	490	:	:	:	-0.2	-0.2	:	:
Online data code:	nama_gdp_c		teina011			gov_q_ggnfa		gov_q_ggdebt	

(¹) Break in series for Latvia. (²) Greece and Romania: 2012.

Source: Eurostat

Population, living conditions and education

	Population			Fertility rate (children / woman) ⁽¹⁾	Life expectancy at birth (years) ⁽²⁾		At-risk-of poverty rate (%) ^{(3), (4)}		Educational attainment (%) ⁽⁵⁾		Early leavers from education and training (%) ⁽⁶⁾	
	Total (million)	Share of age group (%)			Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
		< 15	65 +									
		1.1.2014	1.1.2013		2012				2013			
EU-28	507.42	15.6	18.2	1.58	77.5	83.1	16.3	17.5	72.0	72.2	13.6	10.2
Euro area (EA-18)	334.57	15.3	19.0	1.55	78.7	84.1	16.3	17.7	68.0	68.9	14.7	11.0
Belgium	11.20	17.0	17.6	1.79	77.8	83.1	14.4	15.5	68.2	71.0	13.2	8.7
Bulgaria	7.25	13.6	19.2	1.50	70.9	77.9	19.5	22.8	77.7	78.1	12.3	12.7
Czech Republic	10.51	14.8	16.8	1.45	75.1	81.2	7.7	9.4	88.6	85.6	5.4	5.5
Denmark	5.63	17.4	17.9	1.73	78.1	82.1	13.3	12.9	69.2	71.8	9.9	6.2
Germany	80.78	13.1	20.7	1.38	78.6	83.3	14.9	17.2	83.4	80.6	10.4	9.3
Estonia	1.32	15.7	18.0	1.56	71.4	81.5	17.2	19.9	80.8	87.4	13.6	5.8
Ireland	4.60	21.9	12.2	2.01	78.7	83.2	15.6	15.9	70.1	75.4	9.8	6.9
Greece	10.99	14.7	20.1	1.34	78.0	83.4	22.5	23.6	63.9	67.2	12.7	7.6
Spain	46.51	15.2	17.7	1.32	79.5	85.5	20.9	19.9	52.0	56.8	27.0	19.9
France	63.93	18.6	17.5	2.01	78.7	85.4	13.6	14.6	72.6	71.6	10.7	8.8
Croatia	4.25	14.9	18.2	1.51	73.9	80.6	19.4	21.6	79.0	73.3	4.7	2.7
Italy	60.78	14.0	21.2	1.43	79.8	84.8	18.1	20.1	54.8	58.3	20.2	13.7
Cyprus	0.86	16.4	13.2	1.39	78.9	83.4	12.9	16.4	74.1	75.0	14.8	4.2
Latvia	2.00	14.4	18.8	1.44	68.9	78.9	18.9	19.8	79.5	87.0	13.6	5.8
Lithuania	2.94	14.7	18.2	1.60	68.4	79.6	18.1	19.0	83.9	87.2	7.8	4.7
Luxembourg	0.55	17.0	14.0	1.57	79.1	83.8	14.7	15.6	74.3	73.3	8.4	3.7
Hungary	9.88	14.4	17.2	1.34	71.6	78.7	14.6	14.0	79.0	75.8	12.5	11.1
Malta	0.43	14.6	17.1	1.43	78.6	83.0	14.4	15.8	45.4	44.9	23.2	18.2
Netherlands	16.83	17.2	16.8	1.72	79.3	83.0	9.5	10.6	71.5	70.6	10.9	7.4
Austria	8.51	14.4	18.1	1.44	78.4	83.6	13.5	15.2	81.3	74.8	7.7	7.0
Poland	38.50	15.0	14.2	1.30	72.7	81.1	17.3	17.3	83.2	84.6	7.9	3.2
Portugal	10.43	14.8	19.4	1.28	77.3	83.6	17.5	18.2	36.8	45.0	23.6	14.5
Romania	19.94	15.7	16.3	1.53	71.0	78.1	21.9	23.2	74.4	69.4	18.6	16.0
Slovenia	2.06	14.5	17.1	1.58	77.1	83.3	12.5	14.6	82.1	80.9	5.0	2.6
Slovakia	5.42	15.4	13.1	1.34	72.5	79.9	12.8	12.9	86.5	84.0	6.7	6.1
Finland	5.45	16.4	18.8	1.80	77.7	83.7	11.3	12.3	77.0	81.4	10.4	8.3
Sweden	9.64	16.9	19.1	1.91	79.9	83.6	12.6	15.6	76.2	78.0	7.9	6.2
United Kingdom	64.31	17.6	17.2	1.92	79.1	82.8	16.0	16.5	79.0	77.7	13.7	11.2
Iceland	0.33	20.7	12.9	2.04	81.6	84.3	9.6	8.9	65.2	64.4	24.4	16.4
Norway	5.11	18.4	15.7	1.85	79.5	83.5	10.2	11.7	75.5	77.2	15.7	11.6
Switzerland	8.14	14.9	17.4	1.52	80.6	84.9	14.5	17.4	82.9	79.2	5.6	5.2
Online data code:	tps00001	tps00010		tsdde220	tps00025		ilc_li02		edat_ifse_08		edat_ifse_14	

⁽¹⁾ Break in series for EU-28, Euro area (18 countries), Luxembourg, Hungary. ⁽²⁾ Break in time for EU-28, Euro area (18 countries), Luxembourg, Hungary. ⁽³⁾ Ireland: 2011.

⁽⁴⁾ Break in series for Austria and United Kingdom. ⁽⁵⁾ Those aged 15-64 with upper secondary, post-secondary non-tertiary, first and second stage of tertiary education (levels 3-6).

⁽⁶⁾ Percentage of the population aged 18-24; Croatia: unreliable; Lithuania, Luxembourg, Slovenia: female rate, unreliable.

Employment and unemployment

	Employment		Employment rate, aged 20–64 (% of population)				Unemployment rate (% of the labour force)					
	(1 000)		Male		Female		Total		Youth, aged 15–24		Long-term	
	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014	Q4-2013	Q1-2014
EU-28	223 630	222 658	74.5	74.0	62.8	62.8	10.7	10.5	23.1	22.7	5.3	5.3
Euro area (EA-18)	146 017	145 100	73.7	72.9	62.2	62.1	11.9	11.7	23.7	23.7	6.2	6.3
Belgium	4 527	4 522	71.9	71.7	61.9	62.2	8.5	8.4	23.8	23.9	4.0	4.1
Bulgaria	3 255	3 302	66.8	66.1	60.4	59.9	12.9	12.2	26.9	26.0	7.8	7.6
Czech Republic	5 146	5 093	81.4	81.2	64.3	64.0	6.7	6.6	18.9	16.8	2.8	2.8
Denmark	2 814	2 744	78.7	78.0	71.8	70.7	6.8	6.8	12.9	13.3	1.6	:
Germany	42 214	41 738	82.4	81.3	72.5	72.3	5.2	5.2	7.9	7.9	2.4	2.4
Estonia	607	600	76.2	76.2	70.4	68.7	8.6	7.8	19.4	17.6	3.6	:
Ireland	1 910	1 889	72.5	71.7	60.9	60.5	12.2	12.0	25.6	26.0	7.3	7.4
Greece	3 887	3 874	62.5	61.9	42.9	43.4	27.6	27.2	57.0	56.5	19.7	19.6
Spain	17 214	17 180	63.9	63.1	54.1	53.9	25.8	25.3	54.7	53.9	13.4	13.6
France	27 024	26 911	73.5	73.1	65.8	66.0	10.2	10.2	23.7	23.6	4.4	4.4
Croatia	1 395	:	57.8	62.6	49.6	51.8	17.3	17.4	48.0	45.0	11.1	10.0
Italy	24 043	23 913	69.8	68.8	50.1	49.8	12.5	12.6	41.6	42.6	7.4	8.0
Cyprus	354	342	71.9	70.9	62.5	62.0	16.6	15.7	39.8	37.4	6.8	7.5
Latvia	881	876	73.3	71.8	67.2	69.1	11.5	11.4	22.9	19.7	5.2	5.2
Lithuania	1 298	1 295	72.3	71.5	68.6	69.2	11.2	11.6	21.1	21.0	4.7	5.2
Luxembourg	389	390	79.1	76.5	63.4	66.5	6.1	6.2	15.0	15.1	1.8	1.5
Hungary	4 153	4 086	71.2	72.5	58.1	59.3	9.2	8.0	24.7	21.1	4.9	:
Malta	179	180	79.7	79.9	51.2	50.1	6.5	6.0	12.7	13.5	3.0	2.8
Netherlands	8 541	8 488	81.4	80.8	71.3	70.2	7.0	7.2	11.4	11.3	2.6	2.8
Austria	4 248	4 209	80.6	78.7	70.6	70.5	5.0	4.9	9.8	9.9	1.2	1.4
Poland	15 604	15 462	72.7	71.8	58.6	58.5	10.0	9.9	27.0	25.5	4.4	4.7
Portugal	4 567	4 520	70.0	69.8	63.4	63.4	15.4	14.9	35.1	36.1	9.0	8.7
Romania	9 110	8 999	71.8	72.2	55.6	56.1	7.3	7.2	24.1	24.4	3.5	2.8
Slovenia	921	910	71.2	69.7	62.8	63.0	9.7	10.2	20.2	22.4	5.4	5.7
Slovakia	2 196	2 205	71.5	71.8	58.3	58.3	14.1	13.9	33.4	32.1	10.3	10.2
Finland	2 462	2 422	73.7	72.8	71.4	71.2	8.3	8.4	20.0	20.5	1.7	1.9
Sweden	4 642	4 685	82.1	81.0	77.2	76.6	8.0	8.1	22.7	23.4	1.5	1.5
United Kingdom	30 241	30 341	81.2	81.3	69.9	70.2	7.1	6.7	19.6	18.7	2.6	2.5
Iceland	:	:	86.3	84.6	79.5	78.2	5.4	5.3	10.2	9.9	:	:
Norway	2 742	2 735	81.8	81.4	77.2	76.6	3.5	3.4	8.8	8.1	0.8	0.7
Switzerland	:	:	87.9	86.5	76.8	76.3	:	:	:	:	:	:
Online data code:	lfsi_grt_q		lfsi_emp_q				une_rt_q				une_ltu_q	

Source: Eurostat

General information

Coverage

This short guide shows information for the EU, the euro area, the EU Member States and three EFTA countries. The euro area (EA-18) is composed of: Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Finland. The EU-28 includes the EA-18 countries and also: Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Sweden and the United Kingdom. The EU-27 aggregate excludes Croatia. The three EFTA countries covered are: Iceland, Norway and Switzerland.

For the EU, the information presented in this short guide is generally based on data for the EU-28 and EA-18 aggregates (when available). However, the data for inflation is based on moving aggregates that reflect the membership of the EU and euro area over time (coded EU and Euro area in the graphs).

Quarterly growth rates are expressed in relation to the previous quarter. Quarterly rates are generally calculated using seasonally adjusted data, although rates for the government surplus, deficit and debt and long-term unemployment are based on non seasonally adjusted data. Furthermore, annual rates of change for inflation are also based on non seasonally adjusted data.

Symbols and abbreviations

: not available

Figures in italics are estimates, provisional or forecasts

Extraction date

Data were extracted on 31 July 2014.

The next edition (extraction planned: 31 October 2014) will be issued in November 2014.

The most recent data is available at
http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/statistics/search_database

Data codes

The Eurostat online data code, which is given at the bottom of each column of data in the tables and as part of the source for figures, provides users with a quick and efficient way of accessing the most up-to-date statistics. When used through the 'search' facility of Eurostat's website, each data code directs users to the corresponding dataset offering the freshest data and longer time-series.

Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union

Eurostat's mission is to be the leading provider of high quality statistics on Europe. Eurostat publishes **official, harmonised statistics** on the European Union (EU) and the euro area which offer an objective portrayal of social and economic trends. These statistics are available for EU Member States, and are sometimes broken down by region. Furthermore, some of the indicators are published for candidate countries and other non-member countries.

Eurostat collects data from national statistical institutes; the statistics are harmonised according to Europe-wide methodologies. Data are, therefore, genuinely **comparable** across the whole of the EU.

Website

Eurostat's website: <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat> provides free access to EU statistics, and is also available in German and French.

Statistics Explained is a wiki-based system that presents statistical topics in an easy to understand way. Together, the articles make up an encyclopaedia of European statistics and can be accessed at: http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/statistics_explained. There one can also access online publications *Eurostat yearbook*, *Regional yearbook*, *The EU in the world*, *Statistics in focus* and other publications.

Eurostat releases a range of **publications**, all of which are **free of charge** on its website in PDF format; some of these are also available in German and French. Among these, the pocketbook *Key figures on Europe 2013* provides a comprehensive set of information introducing readers to most statistical themes that are covered by Eurostat.

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