

Urban audit reference guide

Data 2003-2004

2007 edition

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Introduction

Acknowledgments

This Urban Audit Reference Guide was written by Mr **Mathieu Vliegen**, an ex-colleague from Statistics Netherlands (CBS - the Dutch Statistical Office), to whom this work was subcontracted. The progress of the work was supervised by Ms Teodora Brandmüller from Eurostat.

Eurostat considers that Mr Vliegen has produced a very useful document that can help users to gain a much better understanding of the details of the statistics collected in the context of the Urban Audit. Above all, this industrious piece of work will allow the users of the data to identify possible weaknesses in the comparability of the data.

Eurostat takes full responsibility for the content of this Reference Guide.

Aim of the Reference Guide

Urban development has become a topic of growing importance for policymakers both at national and at European level. Cities are key sources for economic development and competitiveness. At the same time, cities have to deal with their own processes of economic restructuring and major issues of social inclusion within the city itself. The Urban Audit has been designed to provide a greater insight into the economic potentials and the social imbalances of European cities by collecting statistical information, on a consistent pan-European basis, for a wide range of data at the level of the cities, their wider urban areas and their sub-city districts.

The first collection of such data took place at the end of the 1990s. It was carried out as a pilot project by a consortium of private contractors. The pilot project was followed by the collection of data from a variety of domains by the National Statistical Institutes starting in 2003. During that process Eurostat has produced several documents dealing with various aspects of the collection of data for the National Statistical Institutes. Those documents referred, among others, to the selection of spatial units, the list of variables and the definitions to be used. Later on they were compiled into an Urban Audit Methodological Handbook, which has been expanded to include sections on estimation methods, an overview of available information on the data sources used in each country and an outline of the checks on data quality (Eurostat, 2004).

The Methodological Handbook for the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 “... *provides both the information required by the data suppliers to achieve coherence and comparability of the Urban Audit data on the one hand, and helps users understand the methods that have been applied in data compilation, and assess the relevance of the data for their own purposes*” (op.cit., page 7). However, the Handbook does not contain information about the

methodologies used by the National Statistical Institutes participating in the Urban Audit project for the purpose of collecting the individual data.

The Reference Guide is specifically intended to fill this gap for the Urban Audit round 2003/2004. Its purpose is to document the metadata for the individual data collected at the three spatial levels: cities, sub-city districts and larger urban zones (LUZ). The compilation of this additional Reference Guide will provide users of the individual Urban Audit data with a useful tool. It will give them an insight into the range of different methodologies used by the National Statistical Institutes in the data collection phase of the Urban Audit and, as a consequence thereof, into the extent to which the statistics collected for the various European cities and their surroundings can be considered to be comparable. Moreover, it enables them to assess the validity of indicators which have been constructed (or which are still to be constructed) by using individual statistics as the numerator and denominator.

The glossaries of metadata on the statistics collected at the three spatial levels - the city, the larger urban zone and sub-city district – insofar as those statistics were available in *September 2006* - form the core of this Urban Audit Reference Guide.¹ Those glossaries are presented in Parts 2, 3 and 4 of the Guide respectively. Each individual glossary details the metadata for the statistics at that spatial level to the extent that those statistics have been provided by the 27 National Statistical Institutes. Each glossary has been structured according to the different statistical fields and domains identified at that spatial level in the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004. The outline given in the Methodological Handbook was followed as closely as possible when detailing the metadata for the individual statistics in those statistical fields and domains. This enables the user to refer to both reports – the Urban Audit Methodological Handbook and the Urban Audit Reference Guide - simultaneously and without any difficulty.

The choice of the metadata used in the three glossaries was dependent on the sources that were available for those metadata and on the various metadata items that could be found in those sources. The next three subsections in this introduction discuss those sources and metadata items. The final subsection provides some concluding remarks and recommendations with regard to the metadata to be collected in future Urban Audit Rounds.

Metadata sources

There are two types of sources available for compiling the available metadata in the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004. The principal sources are the individual country reports prepared under the terms of the country grant agreements for the collection of Urban Audit data. Those reports have been examined in depth to make use of metadata they contain. An overview of those reports is given after the metadata glossaries at the end of

1) Consequently, statistics collected in the 2003/2004 Urban Audit Round, which Eurostat has received in the last quarter of 2006 and in 2007, have not been taken into account.

the Reference Guide. Reports produced by outside contractors who were involved in collecting the Urban Audit data have also been consulted, in particular the report on the quality checks performed on Urban Audit data (Landsis, 2005).

The Urban Audit Database is the second source used to obtain information on metadata to support the individual statistics. The Urban Audit database has been structured according to the template used for the format of data exchange between Eurostat and the National Statistical Institutes. That template contained the following items: city code, variable code, reference period, value (of the statistic), flags and free text. Of those items, the particularly important ones in terms of clues for available metadata are flags, free text and reference period. The importance of reference period and free text is self-evident in this respect. The flags are even more important. They contain

- (a) details of the organisation which collected the data (Statistical Institutes, cities or private organisations),
- (b) the statistical basis or types of data sources used for the data collection (census or exhaustive survey, sample survey, register, modelling or estimation), and
- (c) some restrictions concerning the data, such as confidentiality and unreliability of those data.

The quality of the metadata both in the reports and in the Urban Audit database shows very marked variations between the participating National Statistical Institutes. The variation in content between the country reports is particularly striking. Some country reports contain hardly any information about metadata. These reports consist only of an account of activities carried out, lists or tables of delivered variables, an enumeration of the organisations which have compiled the individual data or a list of reports and publications used for the collection of those data. Other country reports do contain information on some metadata, but that information is restricted to, for example, an enumeration of data sources without reference to the relevant variables. Sometimes they also contain incomplete information on definitions. Fortunately, other country reports do contain relevant information on metadata items, such as information about definitions and data sources for a variable or group of variables.

There are also marked variations in the quality of the metadata in the database of the Urban Audit 2003/2004 Round. Particularly disturbing in this context is the lack of any indication of the statistical base or type of data source used for the collection of a specific statistic (for example census or exhaustive survey, sample survey, register, modelling or estimation). This kind of indication is most needed in those cases where the reports contain little or no information on the metadata for those specific statistics.

Given the variable quality of the metadata in the country reports and in the database, only a limited number of metadata items were able to be selected for this Urban Audit Reference Guide. These items refer to the following questions:

- (a) Do the definitions used in the collection of the data deviate from those described in the Urban Audit Methodological Handbook?
- (b) Which types of data sources were used in the collection of the data?

- (c) Was any additional information used in the process of compiling the data?
- (d) What kind of statistic is used to represent an individual value as such?
- (e) What is the reference date of that statistic?

The content of these questions is explained in greater detail below.

Metadata items

Deviation from the definition

A definition describes the target population and/or the characteristics of that target population: for example, population and its age structure, households and their composition, emissions and their various types. Unlike certain research designs drawn up for own purposes, the Urban Audit design does not allow definitions of own target populations and/or own characteristics of those populations. The Urban Audit design obliges National Statistical Institutes to look for sources within or outside their organisation so that they can comply as closely as possible with the Urban Audit definitions of the target populations and/or their characteristics. In other words, the National Statistical Institutes have to compare the operational definitions in the available sources with the Urban Audit definitions to ascertain whether or not the operational definitions are compatible with those of the Urban Audit.

Compatibility of the operational definitions in the sources available to the National Statistical Institutes with the prescribed Urban Audit definitions can pose problems. This is particularly the case in those statistical domains where there is almost no co-operation as regards international comparability of statistics. Where a national operational definition is not compatible with the Urban Audit definition, it is important and even essential to know in what respect(s) the national operational definition deviates from the Urban Audit definition.

Country reports and databases have been scrutinized for possible deviations from the prescribed Urban Audit definitions. The deviations which were discovered in those sources have been reported in the metadata glossaries.

Type of data collection

The Urban Audit Methodological Handbook establishes a two-type classification to distinguish between possible data sources to be used in the Urban Audit. The first type classifies possible data sources according to the mode of data collection. Data collection can be direct, by means of an interview survey, or it can be indirect by means of a register (administrative or statistical). The second type classifies possible data sources according to the coverage of the data with respect to the target population, i.e. a target population can be completely or partially covered (Eurostat, 2004).

From a metadata viewpoint the type of coverage of the target population appears more important than the method of data collection. Both the direct collection method and the indirect collection method have their drawbacks in terms of the accuracy of data collected by survey or from a register. However, the reliability of the data collected using both collection modes can be considered as good. This is not always the case for the second type of classification of possible data sources, namely data coverage of the target population (and its characteristics). This is because data obtained by partial coverage using a (direct or indirect) sample survey are less reliable than data obtained by covering the total target population. Consequently, the main perspective from which the data sources used in the data collection for the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 have been analysed is their coverage of the target population.

Numerous full coverage data sources were used in the 2003/2004 collection round. Examples of these data sources include traditional population and/or housing censuses, basic registers such as population or building and/or dwelling registers, administrative registers such as taxation registers or social security registers, statistical registers such as business registers and even systems of various micro-integrated registers – also known as register-based censuses - which are used in the Scandinavian countries in particular. The most commonly used partial coverage data sources are a Micro-Census, Labour Force Surveys (LFS) and a Household Budget Survey (HBS); sample surveys can also be micro-integrated with registers. ²

The data sources used in the country reports or references to such sources in the database have been reported in the metadata glossaries as full or partial coverage. Unfortunately, it has not always been possible to ascertain in a report or in the database whether a data source used for the compilation of a certain statistic was of the "full" or "partial" coverage type. In such cases, it has been categorised in the metadata glossaries as 'type of coverage: indeterminable'.

The data sources used in the Urban Audit can also be classified in terms of their compatibility with the target population and/or its characteristics. Two types of data sources can be distinguished in this respect. First, there are the data sources which contain definitions that are compatible with the prescribed Urban Audit definitions and, secondly, there are data sources for which the definitions are not fully compatible with the prescribed definitions, although they do bear a certain relation to them. Data sources of the latter type have also been used in the Urban Audit, particularly as a source of additional or auxiliary information in data modelling procedures. These procedures have been used in order to arrive at data which approximate the target population or its characteristics as defined in the Urban Audit rules.

The additional data sources can also be classified according to the method of data collection, and according to the coverage of the target population. In the latter case, full coverage data sources found in some country reports may include official unemployment

2) From a methodological viewpoint there is no difference between a system of sample surveys being micro-integrated with registers and a traditional census using a long and short form, provided that the registers in that system and also the surveys correspond to the long form of such a census.

registers or employment registers, for example. In most cases the definitions of a target population contained in those registers deviate from the Urban Audit definitions laid down. Additional data sources of this kind are mostly used for modelling data from a micro census or labour force at a lower regional level. Conversely, country reports may also sometimes include additional, partial-coverage data sources containing a definition laid down for the Urban Audit. These are then used for modelling statistics from traditional censuses or registers containing definitions which deviate from the prescribed definitions. The type of coverage of such additional sources is not reported in the metadata glossaries. These data sources have rarely been mentioned in country reports; in fact, more importantly, those reports give virtually no explanation as to how the data sources have been used in a modelling process.

Type of statistics

Another metadata item examined was the type of statistics produced. The type of statistic is defined as the type of value resulting from the specific statistical techniques used to compile that statistic. The actual statistical technique used depends largely on the data source used to compile that statistic. Three types of statistics can be distinguished here.

The first, and most common, type is the **enumerated** statistic. This type of statistic is the result of a straightforward arithmetic procedure applied to basic data - a technique which is mostly used for data in full coverage data sources, e.g. in traditional censuses, in (administrative and statistical) registers and even in the compilation of statistics from digital maps.

A second type is the **weighted** statistic. This statistic is the result of statistical techniques used to re-weight survey results in order to obtain a statistic that is valid for the whole target population. The weightings used can be the inverses of the inclusion probabilities of the sample. They can also be calculated using enumerated statistics from full coverage data sources, such as censuses or registers.

The third type has been called the "**modelled**" statistic. This statistic is the result of statistical techniques using additional data sources to arrive at the relevant statistic. Such a statistic can be said to be simply modelled, when the statistical technique used is more or less straightforward. An example of such a technique is the use of distributions derived from additional data sources in the computation to obtain an approximation of the relevant statistic. A modelled statistic can be described as sophisticated when the statistical model used for its computation is more complicated. Some of those more complicated statistical models have been reported in the Urban Audit Methodological Handbook (Eurostat, 2004). The analysis does not address the issue of how to distinguish statistics that are modelled simply from those that are modelled in a sophisticated manner, since – as has already been mentioned above - the relevant country reports have given little or no explanation of the modelling procedure.

It was not always possible to classify a statistic as enumerated, weighted or modelled because the information necessary for such a classification was missing from the country

reports or the database. In such cases, the type of statistic was classified as indeterminable. Sometimes it was possible to infer the type of statistic for a certain variable from additional information about other variables or about specific organisations from which the data for the particular variable had been derived.

It should be noted that the term 'estimation' has been deliberately avoided when qualifying a statistic. All statistics can be considered as "*estimates*", even those statistics which are compiled from full coverage sources such as censuses, registers or maps. Indeed, all full coverage sources contain some errors, e.g. measurement errors, errors of non-coverage, processing errors, etc.

Type of indicator

The list of variables used in the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 contains variables *per se* as well as variables which can be qualified as indicators, such as averages and percentages. Those indicators were classified according to the type of statistics in the numerator and denominator. The indicator was qualified as an 'indicator based on enumerated statistics' when both statistics were of the enumerated type, unless its statistical base was given as 'modelled'. In such a case the indicator was classified as a 'modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics'.

Theoretically, there are 18 different ways to classify the indicators in the list of variables. This is because the classification of an indicator depends not only on the type of statistic in the numerator and denominator (which leads to nine different indicator types), but also on whether or not those types were used for modelling purposes.

It was not always possible to classify those indicators according to one of the various types owing to a lack of information about the type of statistic in the numerator and in the denominator. The indicator was then qualified as an 'indeterminable type of indicator'. Where a modelling technique had been applied according to the relevant information in the database flag, the indicator was classified as a 'modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics'.

A classification problem occurred when an indicator had been derived from a partial coverage data source. In that situation it was no longer possible to ascertain whether the indicator had been based on weighted statistics or on statistics relating to the sample alone. This kind of indicator has therefore been classified as an 'indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics'.

Reference dates

The Urban Audit variables are of particular interest for the construction of derived indicators consisting of a statistic for a specific variable in the numerator and a statistic for another variable in the denominator. The content of those indicators must be correct with regard to the constituent variables not only in space (the spatial units), but also in time (their reference dates). The 'spatial' correctness of the indicators does not pose a

major problem. Only a very small minority of the data refer to a spatial unit which deviates from the predefined spatial unit, namely the spatial unit of the city. These deviations are reported separately in the metadata glossaries.

The correctness of the 'reference date' as regards the numerator and denominator of the Urban Audit indicators is a bigger problem, because those reference dates depend on the data sources used to compile the Urban Audit data. There are many such data sources and they refer to different dates, years or measurement periods. Consequently, the variables in the numerator and denominator of the indicator can vary considerably with respect to the time reference. It is important to be aware of such discrepancies in reference dates as these can seriously call into question the accuracy of a particular derived indicator. The reference date of a variable is therefore an essential element in the reporting of metadata in the glossaries.

Metadata glossaries: some preliminary remarks

The metadata glossaries summarise the main findings in relation to the metadata items that are mentioned above and found in the country reports and/or the database of the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 for each of the variables. Each glossary has been structured according to the statistical fields and domains distinguished at that spatial level in the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004. The number of statistical fields and domains is different at each spatial level. The statistical fields and domains are most numerous at the spatial level of the City: nine statistical fields with 25 domains. At the spatial level of the Larger Urban Zone, the equivalent number is six statistical fields with 13 domains. The number of statistical fields and domains is lowest at the spatial level of the Sub-city District: five fields with eleven domains. Moreover, the number of variables also differs at each spatial level, ranging from 337 at the spatial level of the City to 33 at the spatial level of the Sub-city District.

Some of the variables in certain domains are in fact indicators. In those domains (Housing, Income disparities and Poverty, Climate & Geography, Travel Patterns, Users & Infrastructure) the metadata of the variables *stricto sensu* are kept separate from the metadata of the indicator variables.

The metadata for each individual variable or indicator have been arranged schematically in four parts.

- (a) The **first** part presents the definition of the particular variable according to the Urban Audit Methodological Handbook and the possible deviations from that definition on the part of particular Member States which have been identified in the country reports and in the database. Sometimes there is no definition of a certain variable in the Methodological Handbook, or the definition given for that variable in the Handbook is too general and allows of various interpretations. In those cases, the report presents the specifications of the definition given by countries rather than deviations, which cannot be verified. Some of the deviations from definitions may perhaps be ascribed to a change in the definition during the

collection phase. Various countries mentioned in their reports that they had had problems with these changing definitions.³

This part of the glossary also covers deviations from the relevant spatial level which tend to occur in particular at the level of the city. The deviations almost always relate to a larger spatial unit and sometimes to an area bigger than the city.

- (b) The **second** part gives an overview of the data source(s) or statistical basis which individual Member States have been using for their data collection, according to the type of coverage: full coverage, partial coverage, or a combination of the two. This part of the glossary also reports on those Member States for which no data are available in relation to a particular variable, and Member States to whom a data collection does not apply (for example, when the statistic of a variable has been included in another variable or the phenomenon representing the variable does not exist in a Member State).

The classification of censuses, registers and exhaustive surveys mentioned in reports or in the database as a full coverage data source was a straightforward process. The classification of sample surveys mentioned in those reports and the database (such as a Micro Census, a Labour Force Survey or a Household Budget Survey) as a partial coverage data source was likewise straightforward. Regular demographic statistics have been classified as a full coverage data source. Population statistics mentioned as a data source have been interpreted as a 'system of continuous population accounting based on births, deaths, in- and out-migration' and consequently have been classified as a full coverage data source. Sometimes a full coverage data source has been inferred from the name of a non-statistical organisation delivering the statistic for that variable without mentioning the data source which that organisation has used. Such an inference has only been drawn when it could be supposed that the organisation in question is delivering statistics from a full coverage data source. Reports or particular publications mentioned as a data source have mostly been classified under 'type of coverage unknown', since it was impossible to discern from the information given whether the statistics in those reports or publications had been based on exhaustive or sample surveys.

Where a Member State did not indicate a data source for a particular variable in its report, the classification of the data source or statistical base has been based on the flags in the database. The data source behind flag 'A' has been interpreted

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- 3) The definition of a lone pensioner household is a typical example of such a change in definition. The first draft of the definition referred only to the official retirement age. Later on, the emphasis was placed on the fact that such a person would no longer be working. Consequently, persons who had never worked, for example due to a handicap, and those receiving unemployment benefits should not be included. The analysis of the definitions used for this variable shows that a lot of countries have kept to the first draft of the definition, which refers to the official retirement age.

as an exhaustive survey and consequently classified as a full coverage data source; the data source behind flag 'G' has likewise been interpreted as a sample survey and consequently has been classified as a partial coverage source. The exact statistical base behind flag 'E' was very seldom reported. Consequently those data sources have often been classified as 'type of coverage unknown'. This classification has also been applied when the flag gave no indication of the type of data source or statistical base.

The free texts in the database have also been taken into account for the purpose of interpreting the flags in cases where the boxes were completed. Interpretation has been hampered by the fact that some free text is mixed in with the variables in the database. This problem was already mentioned in the report on the quality checks performed on the Urban Audit data 2003/2004 (Landsis, 2005). The interpretation of the flags in combination with the free text for the classification of the underlying data source has also been hampered by discontinuities between flags and free text.⁴ In those cases, priority has been given to the indication of the data source in the flag.

The classification of a statistical base as a full or a partial coverage data source has also been hampered by other difficulties, such as discontinuities between statements in the report and those in the database.⁵ Therefore, the classifications of the type of coverage of the data source in the glossary should be treated with care.

Finally, it should be noted that various data sources may have been used for the compilation of data for a particular variable as regards (a) the spatial units at a particular level, (b) various reference dates or years or (c) a combination of both individual spatial units and various dates or reference years. These variations in the use of data sources mean that a number of different classification types of data coverage have had to be reported for a particular variable, such as 'full coverage', 'partial coverage' and 'type of coverage indeterminable'.

- (c) The **third** part of the glossary provides information about the type of statistic represented by the variable or indicator. The classification of the exact type has been based on the combination of the type of coverage previously classified and the various flags in the database. The flag 'E' merits particular attention in this respect. The statistic represented by this flag has consistently been classified here as was intended in the template, namely with an indication that the statistic has been obtained by a modelling procedure. However, it looks as if this flag has also been used for other purposes, for example to indicate that the definition used for

4) An example of such a discontinuity is the flag 'G' (indicating sample data) in combination with a municipality register as the data source mentioned in the free text. The combination of the flag 'G' with the free text 'municipality registers' is often found for variables obtained by Spanish cities.

5) A report states, for example, that the statistic for a certain variable has been derived from a sample survey, whilst the flag in the database indicates that the statistic has been derived from a census or extensive survey.

that particular variable did not correspond with the Urban Audit definition, or that it stands for a statistic derived from a sample survey. Because of the possible unwarranted use of this flag, care should be taken when classifying a statistic as a "modelled statistic".

- (d) The fourth and last part of the glossary provides details of the reference year(s) or period(s) with regard to the data produced. It has not been possible to make a distinction between, on the one hand, the exact reference dates for variables or indicators representing stock data and, on the other hand, the reference year(s) or period(s) for variables or indicators representing flow data. In the event, exact reference dates were scarcely mentioned either in the country reports or in the database free texts. Although it was possible to reproduce some of those dates using a list of the exact dates of the censuses conducted in the period 1999 – 2002, it was illusory to think that a complete list of exact reference dates could be obtained. Consequently, only the reference years are reported in the glossaries.

Finally, the existence of a reference year or reference period for a variable or indicator does not signify that the data referring to that year or period are available for every spatial unit at a particular spatial level. As it has transpired, a range of reference years for a variable might only refer to the data for a few spatial units – particularly when dealing with the spatial unit of the city.

The next three sections present the metadata glossaries. Part 1 deals with the metadata for statistics at the city level, part 2 with metadata for statistics at the level of the Larger Urban Zone and part 3 with the metadata for statistics at the sub-city district level. All three spatial levels have been described in detail in the Urban Audit Methodological Handbook for the 2003/2004 Round (Landsis, 2004).

The metadata for the city-level statistics for France and the United Kingdom in Part 1 refer not only to statistics for their “administrative cities”, but also to statistics for a special spatial unit called “kernel”. In France that special spatial unit refers to the Paris conurbation (bounded by the ‘petite couronne’ or “inner ring road”) and in the United Kingdom to the Inner London area. It has been introduced for the purposes of better comparison between Europe’s two largest cities and other large cities. ⁶

Metadata for statistics at the spatial level of the “administrative city” are denoted in the metadata glossary with the character “C” between brackets after the abbreviated characters (FR and UK) for both Member States; those for statistics at the spatial level of the “kernel” are denoted by the character “K” between brackets after the abbreviated characters for both Member States.

Some conclusions and recommendations

Analysis of the metadata available in country reports and in the database relating to the Urban Audit data collection 2003/2004 involved some difficulties, as highlighted in the

6) More information about both types of “towns or cities” can be found in the Methodological Handbook for the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 (Landsis, 2004, p. 10).

earlier preliminary remarks on the glossaries. Some of these and other difficulties have already been mentioned in the report on the quality checking of the Urban Audit data. They have been flagged as outstanding problems in that report (Eurostat, 2005). This section will not raise those problems again, nor present the actions already undertaken to overcome some of them. ⁷

The main conclusion to be drawn from the metadata analysis for the Urban Audit Round 2003/2004 is the serious lack of metadata in many country reports. To a greater or lesser extent the quality reports from the new Member States constitute an exception to that conclusion, although they also differ from each other with respect to the quantity, completeness and quality of the metadata mentioned. Unfortunately, the metadata in the database cannot replace the lack of the metadata in most country reports. The flags are often incomplete and some of them appear to have been used incorrectly. Consequently, the metadata they are supposed to represent are difficult to interpret. As a result, users of the Urban Audit data will find it difficult to gain a full insight into the accuracy and the comparability of the relevant statistics as well as into the validity of the indicators derived from those statistics.

It would be useful if this situation could be improved by listing a simple set of metadata for the variables and indicators to be included in the country reports. It would be preferable for such a list to be linked up with the [glossary](#) of definitions and the [list of flags](#). This list of metadata might comprise the following items:

Definitions

Extensive definitions to be used for the Urban Audit data are given in the Glossary. Since every National Statistical Institute is using its own data sources for the collection of Urban Audit data, they must check for compatibility of the definitions used in those data sources with the required Urban Audit definitions. Where definitions are not compatible, and if there is no possibility of modelling the data according to the Urban Audit definition (see below), it is nevertheless important to have some idea of how the national definition deviates from the prescribed Urban Audit definition. The national definition that has been used should then be specified in the report and, if possible, the report should also indicate the extent to which it deviates from the prescribed Urban Audit definition. The definition used should also be clarified in cases where the prescribed Urban Audit definition allows of more than one interpretation, and also where no definition for that variable has been given.

Data source

A distinction has been made between three kinds of organisations providing the data, using the flags N, S and M. It is recommended that the report should specify

7) To be mentioned in this respect are: the review of the variable list for the data collection 2006/2007 (Eurostat, 2006a) and the review of the Urban Audit Glossary with general terminology, flags and definitions (Eurostat, 2006b).

- the full name of the organisation behind flag N which acts as part of the official statistical system, such as the National or a Regional Statistical Institute;
- the department of the city behind flag S which has provided the data, since it might make a difference to the data quality whether the data have been delivered by a statistical department or by an administrative department of the city;
- the name of the (private) organisation behind flag M, since that name might provide additional insight into the type of data delivered by that organisation.

Statistical base

A statistical base may be flagged as A (exhaustive survey), G (sample survey), W (register) or E (modelling), or any combination of those flags, particularly a combination of the flag E with one or more other flags (see below). Flags A, W and G give information on the representativity of the Urban Audit data, whilst flag E informs the user that the data have been estimated using additional (auxiliary) data.

Exhaustive surveys are, for example, a population and/or housing census, an agricultural census or a business census. Although they may cover the whole target population, such censuses may be 'handicapped' by errors in measurement or errors due to non-response and non-coverage. Therefore, it is recommended that the report should specify:

- the name of the census with its observation units (persons, households, dwellings, buildings, farms, local units etc.);
- certain characteristics of that census, such as non-response rates (total and/or item non-response rate for the variable in question) and/or the methods used to correct measurement errors.

Systems of demographic statistics or continuous population accounting based on the processes for updating census data with information on births, deaths, in- and out-migration can also be classified as an exhaustive survey. When reporting such a system, the data quality of those events, and particularly the quality of the data on in- and out-migration, should also be specified.

Registers also cover the whole target population. They can be maintained at a national, regional or local level for statistical or administrative purposes. Well-known examples of such registers are population registers, business registers, dwelling or building registers, real estate registers and income tax registers. When a register has been used to compile an Urban Audit variable, it is recommended that the report should state

- the name of the register with its observation units (persons, households, dwellings, buildings, farms, local units etc.);
- the spatial level at which the register is maintained (national, regional or local);
- the accuracy of those data in terms of their completeness and reliability.

When the Urban Audit data have been compiled from various micro-integrated registers, as is the case in most Nordic countries, it is preferable that the main register with the

characteristics mentioned above, from which the data have been extracted should be reported.

Sample surveys - such as the long form of a Census, the Micro-Census, the Labour Force Survey (LFS), the Household Budget Survey (HBS), the Farm Structure Survey and the Price Index Survey - only partially cover the target population. Sample surveys can also be 'hampered' by errors due to non-response and non-coverage, as well as measurement errors. Moreover, such samples can be affected by random variation or sampling error. In most cases, the sampling data are grossed up to the total target population using a re-weighting procedure.

When sample data are used in the process of compiling Urban Audit data, the report should specify:

- the name of the sample survey, with its observation units (persons, households, dwellings, buildings, farms, local units etc.);
- the characteristics mentioned above for the exhaustive surveys, such as non-response rates (total and/or item non-response rate for the variable in question) or the use of correction methods for measurement errors;
- at least the following characteristics of the sample data:
 - (a) sample size as a percentage of the target population,
 - (b) whether or not the sample data have been re-weighted to data for the whole target population,
 - (c) a short description of the re-weighting procedure, when the sample data have been re-weighted (for example, the use of inverses of the inclusion probabilities of the sample or recalculation based on (updated) data from censuses, registers or systems of continuous population accounting).

A **modelled** statistical base refers to an exhaustive or a sample survey, the data for which have been "manipulated" in order to conform to

- (a) the required definition (for example, the LFS definition instead of the available registered employment definition), or
- (b) the required spatial level (for example, the city level instead of the available NUTS3 level, or the city district level instead of the available city level), or
- (c) the required reference date/period (for example, the required year t instead of the available year $t-n$), or
- (d) a combination of (a) the required definition, (b) the required spatial level and/or (c) the required reference date/period.

The "manipulation" of the exhaustive or sample data requires some other additional or auxiliary data and/or mathematical formula or statistical technique to be used (for example, proportions, linear regression, etc.). When data have been modelled, it is recommended that the report should specify:

- the name of the exhaustive survey (census, register) or sample survey with its

observation units (persons, households, dwellings, buildings, farms, local units etc.), for which the data have been modelled,

- the name of the auxiliary data source (exhaustive or sample survey) used, together with its observation units;
- some characteristics of the “modelled” data source and of the auxiliary data source, as mentioned above
- a brief description of the procedure used in the modelling process.

Time reference

A specification of the time reference of the Urban Audit data is of particular importance for the user in constructing derived indicators from those data. The time aspect with regard to the constituent variables of the indicator in the numerator and the denominator should be as accurate as possible. Therefore, it is recommended that the report should specify

- the exact reference date for stock data;
- the reference period for flow data.

It goes without saying that the National Statistical Institutes should be encouraged to ensure that every variable is accompanied by all of the correct flags before delivering their data. Comparability of statistics also requires comparability of the metadata relating to those statistics. A glossary of metadata in the report giving an explanation of the flags will contribute to that end. In this way, discontinuities between the metadata in the country reports and those in the database can also be avoided.

Part 1: The spatial level of the City

Demography: Population

Variables

DE1001V	Resident population (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de jure’ population: all persons recorded as resident in an area even if they were present elsewhere on Census night <p>Deviation from the definition: ‘de facto population’</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BG, MT, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BG, UK(C), FR(K)</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), IT, LU, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, PT, UK(K)</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled and weighted statistic: AT</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BG, FR(K)</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: UK(C)</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1992, 1995 – 2002: PL - 1989 - 2003: EE, HU, LT - 1990 – 2001: DE, ES, FI, UK(C) - 1990 – 2002: BE, BG, NL, SK - 1990 - 2003: CY, CZ, LV, SE - 1991 – 2001: DK, IT - 1991 – 2002: RO - 1991 – 2003: PT - 1991, 1996 – 2002: SI - 1991, 1996 - 2001: AT <p>2) 3 years :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, LU, UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1999, 2001: FR(K)

DE1002-3V	Resident population - male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, PT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

	c) Modelled statistic: LV d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1990 – 2002: BE - 1990 – 2003: SE - 1991 – 2001: UK(C) - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000, 2001: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, PT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, SK, UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(K) - 2001: BG

DE1040-43-46-49-52-25V	Resident population: age 0-4, 5-14, 15-19, 20-24, 25-54, 55-64 (H)
Definition	Definition: - Resident population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU c) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, UK(C), UK(K) c) Modelled statistic: LV
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000, 2001: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE, DK - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: PT 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(K) - 2001: BG

DE1028-55V	Resident population: age 65-74, 75 and over (H)
Definition	Definition: - Resident population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: - Resident population: ‘de facto population’

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Age: - CZ (2001), CY(1992): DE1055 inclusive of age not identified
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, PT c) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, UK(C), UK(K) c) Modelled statistic: LV
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000, 2001: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE, DK - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2001: BG

DE1041-42-44-45-47-48-50-51-53-54-26-27-29-30-56-57V	Resident population: Age 0-4, 5-14, 15-19, 20-24, 25-54, 55-64, 65-74, 75 and over – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de facto population’ - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Age: - CZ (2001), CY(1992): DE1056-57V inclusive of age not identified
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT b) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT, LV and UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K) c) Modelled statistic: LT, LV
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1995-2002: RO - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C), UK(K) - 1996, 2000, 2001: IT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 2001: CY - 2000, 2001: DE, DK 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, SI

Demography: Nationality

Variables

DE2001V	Residents who are nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE 1001V - Nationals: citizen of the country in which the city is located; this does not necessarily mean that they are born there <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: the 'de facto' population <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Nationals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE (1991, 1996): place of birth - PL: persons without established status of nationality and stateless persons are included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for IT, MT, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: IT</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>e) No data available: UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, MT, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, SK</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE, DK - 1998-2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, GR, LU, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2001-2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2001: NL - 1996, 2002: SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, HU, LT - 2002: PL

DE2002V	Residents who are nationals of another EU Member State (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: citizens of other EU countries (1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: 1st of January 2004 definition (i.e. 25 Member States) - IT (1991), LU (1991): 12 Member States - IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU</p> <p>c) No data available: MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, GR, IE, LU b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, GR, IE, LU,
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, GR, LU, SE - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE 3) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, PT 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, HU, LT, NL, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI

DE2003V	Residents who are not EU-nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Not EU-Nationals: citizens of a not-EU country (EU-country: 1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Not EU-Nationals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: all residents minus EU-25 nationals (1st of January 2004 definition) - IT (1991), LU (1991) all residents minus EU-12 nationals - IT (1991): all resident and non-resident non EU-12 nationals (two cities) - LU (1991,1996): inclusive of residents with no nationality indication - IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU (1996) c) No data available: MT, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, GR, IE, LU b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, GR, IE, LU
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, GR, LU, SE - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: AT, PT 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, HU, LT, NL, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI

DE2004V	Nationals born abroad (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals born abroad: citizens of the country in which the city is located, but born abroad in another EU/non EU country <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nationals born abroad: - CZ: place of residence of the mother at childbirth as well as foreigners with long-term stay - LV: includes also Latvian non-citizens
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, LU, MT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, SK c) no data available: DE, ES, MT, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, IE, LU, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, IE, LU, SK
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, LU, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2000 - 2002: IT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, PT - 1996, 2002: SI 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, GR, HU, LT, NL, SE - 2002: PL, RO

Demography: Household Structure

Variables

DE3001V	Households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: the 'house-keeping concept' i.e. all persons living at the same address with common house-keeping – i.e. sharing a meal on most days or sharing a living or sitting room <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): definition includes institutional households - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address - LT (1989): families and persons living alone
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES, PL, SI c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, MT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES, PL c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, GR, HU, IE, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: NL f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT
Reference years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996-2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, DE, GR, IT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 2001: LT - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, NL - 2002: MT
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DE3002V	One person households (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES, PL, SI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, MT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
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Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES, PL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, GR, HU, IE, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
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Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996-2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, DE, GR, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 2001: LT - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, NL
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DE3005V	Lone parent households (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: a household with only one adult and at least one dependent child (under 18 years old) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): definition includes institutional households
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address - EE (1989): families - Lone (single) parent household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1991): children of all ages - CZ: children 0 – 25 years economically inactive - DE: children 0 – 14 years - IE (1991, 1996): children 0-18 years - IT (1991): sons of all ages - PL (2002): Lone parent with own sources of maintenance and with at least one child up to age 17
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, PL c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) e) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, PL c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: NL f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991: SE - 1989, 2001: LT - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, DK, ES, NL - 2002: SI

DE3006-7V	Lone (single) parent households - male/female
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: see DE3005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: see DE3005V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, MT, SE b) Partial coverage: DE c) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL b) Weighed statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT, IT - 2000, 2001: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

DE3008V	Lone pensioner (above retirement age) households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: single person household where that person has retired from work and – in the normal case – reached the national retirement age <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Lone pensioner household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: male person aged 65 or more; female person aged 60 or more - CZ (1991): an economically inactive person being paid a pension (2001): an economically inactive person aged 50 or more being paid a pension - DE, DK, NL: person aged 65 or more - EE (1996): person indicating his social status as pensioner - ES (1991): person aged 64 or more - IT (1991): old people household living alone and not in cohabitation (2001): family of a pensioner living alone above retirement age (men aged 65 or more, women aged 60 or more) - LU (1991): person aged 65 or more (2001): person aged 60 or more - LV: person above retirement age (age not specified)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, MT, PL, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, PL</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, PL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1991, 2001: SE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 2001: LT - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, ES, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, NL - 2002: SI

DE3009-10V	Lone pensioner (above retirement age) households – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: single person household where that person has retired from work and – in the normal case – reached the national retirement age. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: male person aged 65 or more; female person aged 60 or more - CZ an economically inactive person aged 50 or more being paid a pension - DE, DK, NL: person aged 65 or more - EE (1996): person indicating his social status as pensioner - ES (1991): person aged 64 or more - IT: family of a pensioner living alone above retirement age (men aged 65 or more, women aged 60 or more) - LU: person aged 60 or more - LV: person above retirement age (age not specified)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: NL, SE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002, 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT - 2000, 2001: FI <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

DE3011V	Households with children aged 0-17 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Households with children aged 0-17: a household with one or more adults (over 18 years old) and at least one dependent child (under 18 years old). <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Households with children aged 0-17: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: households with children aged 0-14 - BE, EE (1989), LT (1989): families with children aged 0-17 - CZ (1991): households with dependent children regardless their age (2001): households with children economically inactive and aged 0-25 - IE (1991, 1996), LV (2000): households with children aged 0-18 - IT (1991): one nucleus households, couple of young persons with sons - SK: children studying until the age of 23 years are also included - UK: household with one person or more over 16 and dependant child(ren) (0-15 year old or 16-18 year old in full education)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, DE, EE, MT, PL, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, PL</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, PL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p> <p>e) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2002: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK

- 1991, 1996, 2002: IE
- 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK
- 3) 2 years:
 - 1989, 2001: LT
 - 1990, 1999: FR(C)
 - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, IT, LU, PT
 - 1992, 2002: RO
 - 1998, 2001: BE
- 4) 1 year:
 - 1999: FR(K)
 - 2000: LV
 - 2001: BG, ES, NL, UK(C), UK(K)
 - 2002: SI

DE3012V	Nationals that have moved into the city during the last two years
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals that have moved into the city: all persons are included, whether coming from abroad or from within the country <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Moving into the city: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR, PT: households moving in and out during those years are not included - RO: nationals in private households moving into the city with a legal residence - Length of period <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - < 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (AT002C), - IE: persons who have moved into spatial unit in previous year - IT: one year - PT: nationals that lived on 31.12.1999 in a LAU 1 different from their place of residence on census day (12.03.2001) - > 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: 01.01.1997 – 08.03.199 (census date) - PL: 01.01.2000 – 30.04.2002 - RO: 01.01.2000 – 31.03.2002 (census date)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, EE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, EE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: LT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1998,1999; 1999], [1999,2000; 2000], [2000,2001; 2001] : AT <p>2) 1 period:</p> <p>2.1 based on census</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1997, 1999]: FR(C), FR(K) (08.03.1999) - [1999, 2001]: BG (01.03.2001); GR (18.03.2001) - [2000, 2001]: PT (12.03.2001) - [2000, 2002]: PL (30.04.2002); RO (31.03.2002); SI (31.03.2002) - [2001, 2002]: IE (28.04.2002) <p>2.2 based on register / demographic statistics and period exactly defined</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT - [1999, 2000]: NL - [2000, 2001]: SK, LT - [2001, 2002]: CZ <p>2.3 based on register / demographic statistics and period not exactly defined</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1999, 2000] or [2000, 2001]: BE, DE, DK, HU, LU, LV - [2000, 2001] or [2001, 2002]: ES
DE3013V	EU Nationals that have moved into the city during the last two years
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - EU Nationals that have moved into the city: all persons are included, whether coming from abroad or from within the country - Nationals of another EU Member State: see DE2002V

	<p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: see DE2002V - Moving into the city: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR, PT: households moving in and out during those years are not included - RO: nationals in private households moving into the city with a legal residence - Length of period <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - < 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (AT002C), - IE: persons who have moved into spatial unit in previous year - IT: one year - PT: nationals that lived on 31.12.1999 in a LAU 1 different from their place of residence on census day (12.03.2001) - > 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: 01.01.1997 – 08.03.199 (census date) - PL: 01.01.2000 – 30.04.2002 - RO: 01.01.2000 – 31.03.2002 (census date) <p>Content of variable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: EU and not EU nationals (DE3013V + DE3014V)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, EE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, EE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: LT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1998,1999; 1999], [1999,2000; 2000], [2000,2001; 2001] : AT <p>2) 1 period:</p> <p>2.1 based on census</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1997, 1999]: FR(C), FR(K) (08.03.1999) - [1999, 2001]: BG (01.03.2001); GR (18.03.2001) - [2000, 2001]: PT (12.03.2001) - [2000, 2002]: PL (30.04.2002); RO (31.03.2002); SI (31.03.2002) - [2001, 2002]: IE (28.04.2002) <p>2.2 based on register / demographic statistics and period exactly defined</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT - [1999, 2000]: NL - [2000, 2001]: SK, LT - [2001, 2002]: CZ <p>2.3 based on register / demographic statistics and period not exactly defined</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [1999, 2000] or [2000, 2001]: BE, DE, DK, HU, LU, LV - [2000, 2001] or [2001, 2002]: ES
DE3014V	Non-EU Nationals that have moved into the city during the last two years
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Non-EU Nationals that have moved into the city: all persons are included, whether coming from abroad or from within the country - NON-EU Nationals: see DE2003V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Non-EU Nationals: see DE2003V - Moving into the city: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR, PT: households moving in and out during those years are not included - RO: nationals in private households moving into the city with a legal residence - Length of period <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - < 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (AT002C), - IE: persons who have moved into spatial unit in previous year - IT: one year - PT: nationals that lived on 31.12.1999 in a LAU 1 different from their place of residence on census day (12.03.2001) - > 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: 01.01.1997 – 08.03.199 (census date) - PL: 01.01.2000 – 30.04.2002 - RO: 01.01.2000 – 31.03.2002 (census date)
Data sources	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, EE, FI, HU, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)

(statistical basis)	b) Non applicable: HU (included in DE3013V) c) No data available: CY, EE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT b) Modelled statistic: LT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 periods: - [1998,1999; 1999], [1999,2000; 2000], [2000,2001; 2001] : AT 2) 1 period: 2.1 based on census - [1997, 1999]: FR(C), FR(K) (08.03.1999) - [1999, 2001]: BG (01.03.2001); GR (18.03.2001) - [2000, 2001]: PT (12.03.2001) - [2000, 2002]: PL (30.04.2002); RO (31.03.2002); SI (31.03.2002) - [2001, 2002]: IE (28.04.2002) 2.2 based on register / demographic statistics and period exactly defined - 2000: IT - [1999, 2000]: NL - [2000, 2001]: SK, LT - [2001, 2002]: CZ 2.3 based on register / demographic statistics and period not exactly defined - [1999, 2000] or [2000, 2001]: BE, DE, DK, LU, LV - [2000, 2001] or [2001, 2002]: ES

Social Aspects: Housing

Variables

SA1001V	(Conventional) dwellings
Definition	Definition: - (Conventional) dwelling: structurally separate accommodation whose rooms and its accessories (e.g. lobbies, corridors) in a permanent building or structurally separated part thereof are self contained and designed for habitation by one private household all the year round Deviation from the definition: - ES (2001): conventional and non-conventional dwellings - UK(C), UK(K): household space (not necessarily self contained)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, SE b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, SE b) Modelled statistic: SE c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: AT, ES, IT - 2000, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE, LV, - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, MT, PL, RO, SI
SA1004V	Houses
Definition	Definition: - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - House: ground-oriented residential building (detached dwelling) Deviation from the definition: - Dwelling: see SA1001V - House:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: building - BG: dwelling in building inhabited by two or less than two households - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in a family house (a family house may have up to three dwellings) - DE: occupied dwelling in a building with one or two dwellings - IT: dwellings in residential buildings including one dwelling - LU, PL: occupied/inhabited house only - PT: classic dwelling in exclusively residential buildings (100%) with one dwelling as well as a classic dwelling in mainly residential buildings (50-99%) with one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LV, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LV, SE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES - 2000, 2001: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, MT, PL, RO, SI

SA1005V	Apartments
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Apartment: non ground-oriented (or other) residential building (apartment building) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Apartment:: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: dwelling in building inhabited by more than two households - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in multi-dwelling buildings (or blocs of flats) - DE: occupied dwelling in a building with three or more dwellings - IT: SA1001V minus SA1004V - LU: occupied apartment only - PT: classic dwelling in mainly not residential buildings with one dwelling as well as a classic dwelling in buildings with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LV, MT, NL, PL, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LV, PL, SE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES - 2000, 2001: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, MT, PL, RO, SI

SA1007V	Households living in houses
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - House: see SA1004V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see DE3001V - IT: family - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Households living in houses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: households living in dwellings in buildings inhabited by two or less than two households - CZ: households living in permanently inhabited dwellings in family houses (a family house may have up to three dwellings) - DE: households living in occupied dwellings in buildings with one or two dwellings - FR: households living in main residences only - PL: private households living in houses which are their property - PT: households living in classic dwellings in exclusively residential buildings (100%) with one dwelling as well as in classic dwellings in mainly residential buildings (50-99%) with one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: UK(C) - 1998, 2002: DE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE, LV - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE, MT, PL, RO, SI

SA1008V	Households living in apartments
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Apartment: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see DE3001V - IT: family - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Households living in an apartments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: households living in dwellings in buildings inhabited by more than two households - CZ: households living in permanently inhabited dwellings in multi-dwelling buildings (or blocs of flats) - DE: households living in occupied dwellings in buildings with three or more dwellings - IT: families living in dwellings minus families living in houses (SA1007) - FR: households living in main residences only - PT: households living in classic dwellings in mainly not residential buildings with one dwelling as well as in classic dwellings in buildings with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, MT, NL, PL, SE b) Weighted statistic: NL c) Modelled statistic: PL, SE d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: UK(C) - 1998, 2002: DE 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE, LV - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE, MT, PL, RO, SI

SA1011V	Households owning their own dwelling (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ownership: includes household with shared ownership - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Ownership: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: dwelling in ownership - CZ: 'dwelling in own house' plus 'dwelling in private ownership' - FR: household owner or having access to the property (main residence only) - HU: (a) a household having a member as owner (full or partial) or beneficial owner (full or partial) of the dwelling; (b) a household of which at least one member of the household is a (close) relative of the (beneficial) owner who not lives in that household, and that household is not paying rent for the use of the dwelling - IT, PT: dwelling occupied by owner household - RO: household in dwelling under <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) private ownership of resident or (b) ownership of economic and social units with private capital - UK: (1991): private dwelling (1996): dwelling with resident owner-occupied (2001): includes shared ownership where part rent & part mortgage are paid
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, PL c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, UK(C), UK(K) d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, PL c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) d) Enumerated statistic and statistic indeterminable: FI e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE g) Modelled statistic: SE h) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE 3) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 2002: RO

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, ES, LT, NL, SE - 2002: MT
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SA1012V	Households in social housing (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social housing: low cost housing provided by the municipality, a housing association or a co-operative (depending on the national legal framework). - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Households in social housing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (2001): inhabitants in social housing - FR: tenants or subtenants (principal residence) - LT: includes households in housing for expatriates - DE, NL (2000, 2002): dwellings for social housing - PT (2000-2003): excludes households in housing provided by co-operatives, except for two cities - RO: includes also households in service dwellings resided by local and central government employees paying rent
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LU, LT, PT, RO, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: NL, PL</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: IT</p> <p>e) Not applicable: CZ (social housing doesn't exist yet)</p> <p>f) No data available: AT, CY, ES, GR, LV, MT, SE</p>
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Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, LT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: NL, PL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: IE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE, RO</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: IT</p>
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Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1993, 1995, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1991, 2000-2003: PT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2002: LT - 2000 – 2002: NL <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: LU - 1991, 2002: IE - 1995, 2002: PL - 2001, 2004: EE - 2002, 2003: IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK - 2001: BE, BG, HU - 2002: RO, SI
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SA1013V	Households in private rented housing (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Private rented housing: housing supplied by the private sector at the market rates. It also includes housing provided by the employer in the form of job benefits/perks - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Ownership <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: dwellings in main tenancy only - CZ: all rented dwellings (state or private) without dwellings of housing co-operatives - DE: tenants in occupied dwellings minus occupied dwellings in social housing - FR: tenants or subtenants of a non-HLM dwelling (main residence), a furnished or a hotel room (main residence) as well as a housing unit free of charge (main residence) - HU: (medium-sized cities): dwellings by tenants' tenure or service dwellings owned by natural persons multiplied by the average household size per dwelling - PT: excluding housing provided by the employer in the form of job benefits or perks - RO: households in dwellings under the ownership of organisations and associations without patrimony purpose
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, PL c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) Type of coverage indeterminable: SE f) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, PL c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, IE, SK d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Modelled statistic: SE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE - 1995, 2002: PL 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, IT, LU, PT, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 2002: IE - 1996, 2000: EE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, CZ, ES, HU, LT, NL, SE - 2002: RO, SI

SA1015V	Homeless persons
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Homeless person: someone who does not have access to accommodation which he/she can reasonably occupy, whether this accommodation is legally their own property or whether the property is rented; provided by institutions; provided by employers; or occupied rent-FR(C)ee under some contractual or other arrangement <p>Applied definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - countries have used various (combinations of) categories of homeless persons, for example, such as <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - persons in institutions for homeless persons - persons under care of welfare department - persons in municipal hostels - persons spending the nights in incidental basements, stair-cases, heating rooms, abandoned buildings, hut etc. - persons registered in various registrations on social relief for homeless / roofless people - persons without a dwelling and persons in dwellings not covered by the census - homeless persons covered by the census and families living in buildings not directly covered by the census (e.g. keepers in embassy)
Data sources	a) Full coverage: EE, IT, LT, PL, PT

(statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: CZ, DE, NL, SK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DK, LU, SE, SI d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LV, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: EE, IT, LT, PL, PT b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SK c) Modelled statistic: AT, CZ, DK, LU, NL, SE, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2000-2002: NL 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002, 2004: CZ 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: AT, SE - 2001, 2002: DE, SK 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: EE - 2001: DK, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI - 2002: PL

SA1018V	Dwellings lacking basic amenities (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling lacking basic amenities: occupied conventional dwelling where one or more of the following amenities are lacking: piped (running) water, flush toilet, bath/shower, central sewerage connection or individual cesspool and hot water installation - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Applied criteria for basic amenities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: without bath/shower and central sewerage connection - BG: dwellings without water - CZ: without central heating or bathroom or toilet inside the dwelling - DK: without toilet or kitchen or bathroom inside the dwelling - EE: without conveniences - FR: a) mother country: without bath and shower or with bath/shower in a space not reserved for that purpose; or a toilet outside the dwelling b) DOM: no electricity and no water inside the dwelling - HU: without at least 12m² living-room, kitchen, WC-usage inside the dwelling, (individual) heating and water usage - IT: without bath-room or without drinkable water - PL: without hot water, bathroom or toilet - UK: households with exclusive bath/shower and indoor toilet but no central heating - BE, BG, CY, DE, ES, FI, GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, NL (not relevant), PT, RO, SE, SI, SK : no criteria mentioned - MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for EE, FI, NL, MT, SE, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SE e) No statistical but legal base: NL f) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, DE, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, NL, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, GR, HU, IE, SI, SK d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI e) Modelled statistic: NL, SE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, IT, LU, PT, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 2002: IE - 1991, 2003: SI - 1995, 2001: DE

- 1998, 2000: EE
 - 2000, 2001: SE
- 3) 1 year:
- 1999: FR(K)
 - 2000: DK, LV
 - 2001: BG, ES, LT, NL
 - 2002: RO

SA1025V	Empty conventional dwellings (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Emptiness of conventional dwelling: emptiness for more than 3 months - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Emptiness: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, IT, LT, NL, PT, UK(C), UK(K): no 3 months criterion - CZ: (permanently) unoccupied dwellings in permanently occupied houses (i.e. with at least one occupied dwelling), minus number of dwellings occupied temporarily - DK: dwellings minus households - ES: secondary dwellings, unoccupied dwellings and other types with similar characteristics - LT: a dwelling which at Census data had no usual residents, but could become a place of residence at least for one person
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, DE, ES, FI, LV, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE, FI, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BE, LV, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, GR, HU, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1995, 1996, 2001: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES, GR, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 1996: SE - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 2000, 2001: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BG, LT - 2002: IE, PL, RO

SA1026V	Non-conventional dwellings
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Non-conventional dwelling: occupied mobile or semi-permanent or improvised housing units and collective living quarters such as hotels, institutions or camps (housing units located in a hotel, institution or camp should be separately identified) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: persons outside conventional dwelling stock (not non-conventional dwellings) - FR: occupied and unoccupied non-conventional dwellings <p>Categories used: Countries have used various categories of non-conventional dwellings. Whether housing units (or the 'capacity') located in institutions etc. have been identified, cannot be ascertained.</p>

Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT,DE, FI, IE, LV, MT, SE b) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE c) No data available: AT, FI, IE, LV, MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: UK(C) 2) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(K) - 2002: PL, RO, SI

Variables as Indicators

SA1019V	Average occupancy per occupied dwelling (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Area occupancy per occupied dwelling: average number of occupants per occupied conventional dwelling - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Area occupancy per occupied dwelling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: main residence only - HU: housing units occupied by persons not belonging to the scope of enumeration (e.g. foreign diplomats and their families), have been enumerated as occupied dwellings, too - IT (1991): persons per occupied dwelling - UK: weighted by average household size
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, FI, HU, LU, MT, PL, SE, UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU, LU, PL c) Partial coverage: DE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, MT, SE, UK(K)
Type of indicator	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK(C) b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CY, GR, HU, SK c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: LU, PL d) Indicator based on Un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-) weighted statistics: DE e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE, NL f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SE g) Type of indicator indeterminable: FI, MT
Reference years	1) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, LU, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE 2) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 1996: FI, IE - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2002: PL - 2000, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: - 1991: AT, BE - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, ES, LT, NL, UK(C) - 2002: MT, RO

SA1022V	Average area of living accommodation (m² per person) for occupied dwellings: (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Area of living floor space: area of rooms (rooms have minimum 4 m² of area and are min. 2 m high over the major area of the ceiling), i.e. normal bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, habitable cellars and attics, servants rooms, kitchens and other separate spaces used or intended for habitation. Kitchenettes (<4 m², <2m wide), corridors, verandas, utility rooms and lobbies do not count as rooms nor do bathrooms and toilets. - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK: household space (not necessarily self contained) - PT: dwelling purchased with a banking credit (average area) - Area of living floor space <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (1991): small habitable rooms with an area of 4 – 7,9 m² have not been taken into account (2001): kitchen with an area of 12 m² or more - DE: living floor space of occupied and unoccupied main dwellings related to the population in the main dwelling - SI (1991): useful area (2001): useful floor space (=floor space of all rooms, kitchen and other auxiliary spaces (bathroom, toilet, hallway) and areas of enclosed terraces and verandas)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, ES, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: FR(C)</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, PL, SI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SE</p> <p>f) No data available: CY, FR(K), IE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BG, BE, CZ, DK, EE, ES, IT, LT, LU, LV, RO</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: GR, HU, SK</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: PL, SI</p> <p>d) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: NL, PT</p> <p>g) Modelled indicator based on enumerated and (un-)weighted statistics: FR(C)</p> <p>h) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SE</p> <p>i) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, LV - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: SI - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, CZ, ES, IT - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2001: HU, LT - 1996, 2002: PL - 2000, 2001: NL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DK - 2001: BG, LU, PT, SE - 2002: MT, RO
SA1016V	Average price for an apartment per m² (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment price: average buying price per m² during the reference year, net of national taxes, for apartments available for purchase. This includes both newly built and old (existing) apartments. - Apartment: see SA1005V

	<p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment: see SA1005V - Apartment price <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: price of an apartment aged 30 years with a living area of 68 m², 3 bedrooms plus a kitchen - FR: price of an old apartments only - HU: price of an apartment sold - NL: price of a transaction (2 cities) - PL: price of a luxury apartment is not included - PT: price of an apartment with a Banking Habitation Evaluation - SI: price of an apartment built or owned by the city only (price not subsidised)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, EE, NL, PL, PT, RO, UK(C) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: DE, HU, c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK d) Partial coverage: AT, FR(C), LV, SI e) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK f) No data available: BE, BG, CY, ES, FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: EE, PT b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: HU c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) (Modelled) indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: DE e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, NL, PL, RO, UK(C) f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK g) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, FR(C), LV, SI h) Type of indicator indeterminable: DK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002, 2003: RO 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: DK - 1996, 2002: SK - 2000, 2001: AT, NL - 2001, 2003: HU, SI 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C) - 2001: EE, UK(C) - 2002: LV, PL - 2003: CZ, PT</p>

SA1023V	Average price for a house per m² (Euro)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House prices: average buying price during the reference year per m², net of national taxes, for houses available for purchase. This includes both newly built and old (existing) houses, as well as terraced houses and semi-detached houses. - House: see SA1004V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House: see SA1004V - House price <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: price of a 'family' house without garage on the outskirts of a city aged 40-50 years with a living area of 100 m² and a small garden, available immediately - FR: price of an old house only - HU: (2001): price of a house sold - NL: price of transaction (2 cities) - PT: price of a house with a Banking Habitation Evaluation
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, EE, FI, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: DE, HU c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) Partial coverage: AT, ES, FR(C), LV, SI e) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK, IT f) No data available: BE, BG, CY, FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LU, MT, UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: EE, FI, PT, SE b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: HU c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: DE</p>

	<p>d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, NL, PL, RO, UK(C)</p> <p>e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK</p> <p>f) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, ES, FR(C), LV, SI</p> <p>g) Type of indicator indeterminable: DK, IT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002, 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: DK - 1996, 2002: SK - 2000, 2001: AT, NL - 2001, 2003: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2001: EE, UK(C) - 2002: IT, LV, PL - 2003: CZ, PT, SI

SA1017V	Annual rent for social housing (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social housing rents: annual rent for contracts signed during and before the reference year, payable for social housing. Rents should correspond to the average for the whole city. - Social housing: see SA1012V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social housing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT (2002): excludes housing provided by co-operatives - Social housing rents <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE (1998, 2001): rent for main tenant - HU: social housing rented from local government (HU001C) - LV (1997): annual average rent per month
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, DK, EE, FR(C), HU, LT, LU, LV, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: PL, SI</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>f) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, ES, FR(K), GR, IE, IT, MT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PT</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: PL, SI</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: NL</p> <p>e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, FR(C)</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1994, 1996, 2002: LT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 2000 - 2003: PT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999-2001: FR(C) <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: HU - 1997, 2001: LV - 2001, 2002: NL - 2001, 2003: SI - 2001, 2004: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995: PL - 1999: DK - 2001: AT - 2002: LU

SA1021V	Average annual rent for an apartment per m ² (Euro)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment rents: average annual rent per m² for contracts signed during and before the reference year, net of any additional costs such as electricity, water, gas, etc., for apartments supplied by the private sector for rent. - Apartment: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in multi-dwelling buildings (or blocs of flats) - SI: apartment built or owned by the city only - PT: apartment purchased with a banking credit (average area) - Apartment rent: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: rent for an apartment on the unregulated market only - HU: average rent for an apartments per m2 (medium-sized cities) - PT: annual average rent of a classic dwelling in a mainly not residential building with one dwelling and of a classic dwelling in a building with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CZ, DK, EE, FI, PL, PT, RO, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: NL c) Partial coverage: AT, DE, ES, HU, LV, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: IT, LT, MT e) No data available: BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK, EE, FI b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, CZ, PL, PT, RO, SK e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, ES, HU, LV, SI f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: LT g) Type of indicator indeterminable: IT, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1998, 2001, 2002: NL - 2001 - 2003: RO 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2003: SI - 2002, 2003: HU 4) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2001: BE, EE, LT, PT - 2002: AT, DE, IT, LV, MT, PL, SK - 2003: CZ</p>
SA1024V	Average annual rent for a house per m² (Euro)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House rents: average annual rent per m² for contracts signed during and before the reference year, net of any additional costs such as electricity, water, gas, etc., for houses supplied by the private sector for rent. - House: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: house purchased with a banking credit (average area) - House rents <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: rent for a farm house is excluded - HU: average rent for a house per m2 (medium-sized cities) - PT: annual average rent of a classic dwelling in an exclusively residential building (100%) with a dwelling and of a classic dwelling in a mainly residential building (50-99%) with a dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, DK, EE, FI, PT, RO, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: NL c) Partial coverage: DE, HU, SI</p>

	d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT e) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK, EE, FI, b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, PT, RO, SK e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: HU, SI f) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 - 2003: RO 2) 2 years: - 1998, 2001: NL - 2002, 2003: HU 3) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2001: BE, EE, PT - 2002: DE, MT, SK - 2003: SI

Social Aspects: Health

Variables

SA2004V	Infant mortality per year – total
Definition	Definition: - Infant mortality per year: death of child born alive aged less than 1 year, for the reference year Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK(K) d) No data available: CY, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), IT - 2000: DE, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

SA2005-6V	Infant mortality per year – male/female
Definition	Definition: - Infant mortality per year: death of child born alive aged less than 1 year, for the reference year Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK(K) d) No data available: CY, MT

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 – 2000: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), IT - 2000: DE, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

SA2007V	Live births – total
Definition	Definition: - Live births: the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which, after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as heartbeat, umbilical cord pulsation, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached (World Health Organisation) Deviation from the definition: - CZ: child fully expelled or removed out of the mother's body, who gives a sign of life and the weight of the child is (a) 500 g or more, or (b) lower than 500 g, if it survives 24 hours after delivery
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage interminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) - 1999 – 2001: AT - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: DK 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DE, IT, PT - 2001: BE, BG, CZ, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: CY, IE

SA2008-9V	Live births – male/female
Definition	Definition: - Live births: see SA2007V Deviation from the definition: see SA2007V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage interminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES

availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) - 1999 – 2001: AT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DE, IT, PT - 2001: BE, BG, CZ, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: CY, IE
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SA2013V	Deaths per year under 65 due to heart diseases and respiratory illness – total (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none - Cause of death: relevant categories of the International Classification of Diseases and Health problems of the World Health Organisation <p>Deviation from the definition of cause of death:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: all circulatory system diagnoses, including brain strokes, etc. - LV (1996): International Classification of Diseases and Health problems: ICD-10, categories I00-I52 - SK (2001): Diseases of the circulatory system and respiratory system
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, FI, LU, MT, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU, PL, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, DE, FI, LU, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: LU</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001, 2002: HU - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES - 1991, 1996, 1998 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1997: BE - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, PT, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, CZ, EE, GR, LT, PL, SI, UK(C), UK(K) - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1999: IT - 1996, 2001: LV, SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK, FR(C), FR(K) - 2001: BG, LU, NL - 2002: IE

SA2014-15V	Deaths per year under 65 due to heart diseases and respiratory illness – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none - Cause of death: see SA2013V <p>Deviation from the definition of cause of death:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: all circulatory system diagnoses, including brain strokes, etc. - SK: Diseases of the circulatory system and respiratory system
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, LU, MT, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU, PL, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, MT</p>
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, DE, LU, PL, UK(C), UK(K)

(countries with availability of data)	b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) d) Modelled statistic: LU, PL e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES - 1998 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: HU, SI (SA2014V) 4) 1 year: - 1997: BE - 1999: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT - 2000: PT, SE - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SI (SA2015V), SK - 2002: IE

SA2016V	Deaths under 65 per year – total
Definition	Definition: - Death: none Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: RO, UK(K) d) No data available: CY, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, RO, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) d) Modelled statistic: RO e) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: HU, RO 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), IT - 2000: PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI

SA2017-18V	Deaths under 65 per year – male/female
Definition	Definition: - Death: none Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: RO, UK(K) d) No data available: CY, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for RO, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) c) Modelled statistic: RO d) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) 3) 2 years:

- 2000, 2001: DE
 - 2001, 2002: HU, RO
- 4) 1 year:
- 1999: FR(C), FR(K), IT
 - 2000: PT
 - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK
 - 2002: IE, SI

SA2019V	Deaths – total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: CY</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE - 1995 – 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: IT, PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI

SA2020-21V	Deaths – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: CY</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 – 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: IT, PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI

SA2022V	Hospital beds (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital beds: Beds in wards, which are closed for reasons such as lack of health staff, building works, etc. and beds for patients admitted who require continual assistance; incubators and specialised care (intensive care, coronary units, etc.) are also included. Day care beds, emergency beds, ambulatory haemodialysis beds, pre-anaesthesia beds, wake-up beds, beds for the members of the patient's family, cots for birth without complication, beds for hospital staff are not included. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): beds actually placed (for one city) - AT (1991): beds in hospitals, convalescent and nursing homes; emergency beds are excluded (for two cities) - CY: beds in general hospitals and private sector clinics - FI: beds used for the treatment of patients in all hospitals - FR: beds in recovery institutions, psychiatry and ambulatory care are excluded - HU: hospital beds being in operation (for one city) - IT: day care hospital beds, military hospital beds, nursing care beds are excluded (for some cities) - LU (2000): beds planned according to the national hospital plan 2000 - LV (2001): short-term social care beds are excluded - PL (2001): permanent beds in patent wards (fully equipped), either occupied or prepared to receive patients. Beds and incubators for newborns and babies born prematurely are excluded (1991, 1996): beds in general hospitals including beds in hospital wards located near emergency stations. Beds and incubators for newborns are excluded
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DK, ES, MT, SE, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: DK, MT, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, ES, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BG</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1994 – 2000: RO - 1991, 1995 - 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: AT - 1991 – 1993, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: EE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1994, 2000: LU - 1991, 1996, 2000: IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: CY, CZ, LT, LV, PL, SI, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2003: BE - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI, PT - 2001, 2002: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2001: BG, GR, SE - 2002: IE
SA2025V	Hospital patients
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital patient: none <p>Specification of definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: (1999) monthly average x 12 - BG, FI: discharged patients - CY: discharged patients from hospitals in the public sector - CZ, LU: hospitalized persons

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: patients with residence in the area at the time of admission - FR: patient staying at least one day in a hospital or clinic and those coming for a consultation only - IT: in-patient cases (no in-patients); day care cases are excluded - LV: admissions except for admissions for short term social care - PT: hospital internments - SI: patients remaining from the previous year and new admissions - BE, DE, EE, ES, GR, IE, LT, NL, PL, SE, SK, UK(C): no specification - MT, RO, UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, MT, RO, SE, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: MT, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for AT, BE, DE, ES, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated and weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated and modelled statistic: AT, DE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1991, 1996, 2002: UK(C) <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 1999, 2000: AT - 1999, 2001: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: EE - 2001, 2002: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: BE - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DE, DK, IT, PT - 2001: BG, CY, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: IE

SA2023V	Doctors (FTE) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Doctor: general or specialised practitioner who have an official accreditation to practice and whose work-place is in the specified spatial unit, excluding a doctor in hospitals (unless such a doctor is the first access points for patients). For a doctor working part-time in hospital and also in practice, Full Time Equivalents (FTE) are applied <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): dentist are also included - BE: based on the contact address; no possibility to differentiate between full-time and part-time (therefore, no FTE) - BG: all doctors, not only general practitioners - CY, DE (2000): hospital doctors are included - CZ: physicians in out-patient care establishments - FR: general practitioners and independent specialists - GR, SI: no FTE - HU: general practitioners and general paediatricians - IE: registered general practitioners only - IT: doctors in hospitals (one city); company, family and children's doctors, excluding private practitioners (one city) - LT: (2001): All doctors working in health care institutions (out-patient and in-patient) inclusive of private practitioners (1991, 1996): All doctors working in health care institutions (out-patient and in-patient); private practitioners are excluded - LU: private as well as hospital practitioners and specialists - LV (2001): physicians with a main job in the health care, excluding dentists (1991, 1996): all specialists, including dentists - NL: all registered doctors residence based - PL: doctors working full-time, overtime as well as part-time in relation to work time defined in the obligatory regulations for a given type of work, when this work has basic character. It does not include persons for whom the main workplace is medical, nurse's or midwife's practices. Intern doctors are included - PT: persons declaring doctor as profession in the census

	- SK: physicians rendering primary health care services (dentists are excluded)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: full coverage except for BG, DE, DK, ES, MT, PL, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE, UK(C) d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, PL, SE, UK(K) e) No data available: DK, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, DE, ES, PL, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated and modelled statistic: DE, SI, UK(C) d) Modelled statistic: SE, UK(K) e) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1990, 1992, 1995, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1994 – 2000: RO - 1991, 1995 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001: AT 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI, LT, LU, LV, PL, SI, SK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: PT - 1995, 2000: CY - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2002: BE - 2001, 2002: IT - 2001, 2003: UK(C) 4) 1 year: - 2001: BG, FR(C), FR(K), GR, SE, UK(K) - 2002: IE - 2003: NL

SA2024V	Dentists (FTE)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dentist: person who have an official accreditation to practice <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, GR, SI: persons (no FTE) - CY: dentists in hospital are included - CZ: (2001) dental surgeries (rooms), not dentists - DK: active dentists in own practice, e.g. both owners and employees - FR: independent dentists - IT, NL: registered dentists residence based - LT (2001): All dentists working in health care institutions inclusive of private practitioners (1991, 1996): All dentists working in health care institutions private practitioners are excluded - LV: dentists with a main job in health care - PL: dentists working full-time, overtime as well as part-time in relation to work time defined in the obligatory regulations for a given type of work, when this work has basic character. It does not include persons for whom the main workplace is medical, nurse's or midwife's practices. Intern dentists are included - PT: persons declaring dentist as profession in the census - SK: dentists rendering primary dental service - AT, BG, DE, EE, ES, FI, HU, IE, LU, RO, UK(C): no specification - MT, SE: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, BG, MT, PL, SE b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, PL d) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, HU, PL, SI b) Enumerated and modelled statistic: HU c) Modelled statistic: SI, PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1994 – 2000: RO 2) 3 years:

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI, LT - 1998, 2002, 2003: UK(C) - 1999 – 2001: AT
	3) 2 years:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2002: UK(K) - 2001, 2003: CZ
	4) 1 year:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 2000: CY, DE, EE - 2001: BG, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE, PL - 2003: DK, NL

Variables as Indicators

SA2001V	Life expectancy at birth – total (in years) H
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Life expectancy at birth: the expected number of years that a newborn child is expected to live, if subjected throughout his/her life to the mortality conditions prevailing in the year of birth (age-specific probabilities of dying) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, CZ: weighted average of the life expectancy of males and females - IT (2001): average year of persons belonging to the city and who died in that year (one city) - (2002): municipal mortality tables 2000-2002 (one city) - SK: arithmetic mean of the life expectancy of males and females <p>Deviation from the spatial unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: region (1 city) and province (other cities) - BG: LAU1 instead of LAU2 - CZ: LUZ except for 1 city - DE: NUTS2 in 1989, 1992 (2 cities), 1995, 1996 (4 cities)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, SE, SI, UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, IT, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable type of statistics: FI</p> <p>c) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: EE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1986/89, 1989, 1992, 1995 - 1997, 2001: DE - 1986/90, 1991, 1991/95, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1995 – 2000: ES - 1991, 1996, 1998 - 2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1991/92, 1992, 1996/97, 1997, 2000/01: CZ <p>2) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1995, 2001: LU - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE - 1991, 1996, 2002: PL - 1992, 1996, 2001: LV - 1996, 1998/2002, 2000/02: SK - 2000/02, 2001, 2002: IT <p>3) 2 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996/98, 1998/2001: BE <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: UK(C) - 2001: AT, BG, LT, NL
SA2002-3V	Life expectancy at birth – male/female (in years)

Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Life expectancy at birth: see SA2001 <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT (1994): mortality tables 1992-1996 (one city) (2001): average year of persons belonging to the city and who died in that year (one city) (2002): municipal mortality tables 2000-2002 (one city) <p>Deviation from the spatial level: see SA2001</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES d) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, SE, SI, UK(K)</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK b) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable type of statistics: UK(C) c) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1986/89, 1989, 1992, 1995 - 1997, 2001: DE - 1991, 1995 - 2000: ES - 1998 - 2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: UK(C) <p>2) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1992/96, 2000/02, 2001: IT - 1998/2003 (SA2002V) or 1998/2004 (SA2003V), 1998/2002, 2000/02: SK <p>3) 2 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: PT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: DK - 1998/2000: BE - 2001: AT, BG, EE, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL - 2001/02 : CZ

Social Aspects: Crime

Variables

SA3001V	Recorded crimes (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: all incidents that happen within the “city” limits and are reported to and logged by the police or another official body, which are considered as crime in the national legal framework <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1991; 1996 for one city): misdemeanour (nur Verbrechen): - PL: ascertained crime, i.e. event confirmed as crime after the completion of preparatory proceedings - SI (1991, 1996): accused and convicted persons <p>Deviation from the spatial unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (for one city): LAU1 - LU (1991, 1996): country as a whole - PL (2001 for 5 cities): city with powiat - SI (2000): Police Directorate area
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, GR, MT, RO b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE d) No data available: GR, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for AT, BE, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT, IT c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IE d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001: AT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: SI - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1997 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, FI, LT, LU, LV, PL, SK - 1993, 1996, 2000: PT - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1996, 2000/01, 2001: UK(C) - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: SE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: BE, BG, FR(C), FR(K), IE, NL, UK(K)
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SA3005V	Murders and violent deaths (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Murder and violent deaths: no explicit definition, only exclusion of suicide <p>Definition from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Murder and violent deaths (specifications) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): attempted murder and manslaughter are excluded (for one city) - FR: homicide, homicide committed by children aged less than 15 years old - GR: murders and violent death as cause of death recorded by doctors - HU: homicide belonging to publicly indicted crimes against the person - IT: murder as cause of death in the death statistics collected by the local sanitary institution (two cities); malevolent homicide (one city) - LT: pre-conceived murder; attempted murder is excluded - LU (1991, 1996): homicide, attempted homicide and assassination - LV: attempted murder is included - PL: murder and violent death as ascertained crime, i.e. confirmed as crime after the completion of preparatory proceedings - PT: death cause according to International Classification of Diseases (ICD) E960-E969 and E980-E989 - SI: murders, homicides, infanticides, homicides and serious bodily harm resulting in death <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see SA3001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, FR(C), FR(K), IE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C)</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IE, UK(K)</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2000/01, 2002: UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: SI - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1998 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK, PT - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, EE, FI, GR, LT, LU, SK - 1993, 1996, 2000: LV - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: BE, CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: SE - 2001: BG, FR(C), FR(K), IE, NL, PL - 2002: UK(K)

SA3006V	Car thefts (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Car thefts: only theft of cars themselves, not theft of any contents from cars <p>Definition From the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Car thefts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT(2001,one city): theft of any contents from cars is included - FR: motor-truck with cargo, motor-cars - HU: motor vehicle theft belonging to publicly indicted crimes against the person - PT (2000): crime processes with regard to motor vehicles thefts in the phase of judgment in first ranch judicial courts (1993, 1996): crime processes with regard to motor vehicles thefts registered by the police authorities - SI: car thefts and theft of motor vehicles <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see SA3001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, GR, IE, MT, RO</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE</p> <p>c) No data available: GR, IE, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, IT, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: IT</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), LV</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1996, 1997 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, EE, FI, LT, SI, SK - 1993, 1996, 2000: PT - 1995, 1996, 2001: LV - 1996, 2000/01, 2001: UK(C) - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995, 2001: HU - 1996, 2001: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: SE - 2001: BG, CZ, FR(C), FR(K), LU, NL, PL, UK(K)

Economic Aspects: Labour market

Variables

EC1001-3V	Economically active population - total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 65, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: (1991) all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 14 - SE: all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 18 and under 65 (some cities) or above 16 and under 65 (other cities) - ES: (1996 for one city), UK(C) (1991, 2001), UK(K) (2001): all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 16 and under 65 - SI: (1996) persons in paid employment in enterprises and other organizations
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, LV, PL, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

	c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DK, FI, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K) c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, CY, GR, HU, IE, SI, SK d) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ f) Modelled statistic: DE, FR(C), FR(K)
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, SE 2) 3 years: - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE, GR, SK, UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: BE, IT, LU (EC1001V), PT - 1996, 2001: SI, UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT 4) 1 year/period: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, LU (EC1002-03V) - 2002: RO

EC1142-44V	Economically active population 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	Definition: - Economically active population 15-24: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 25, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population 15-24: - UK: all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, MT, NL d) Modelled statistic: BE, DE, FR(C), FR(K), SI
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: LV 4) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE (EC1142V) - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BE (EC1143-44V), BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE

EC1145-47V	Economically active population 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population 55-64: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 55 and under 65, in accordance with Labour Force Survey - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population 55-64: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, DE, FR(C), UK(K), SI</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE

EC1010-12V	Residents unemployed - total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed: resident persons above 15 and under 65 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or more) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT (1991): all unemployed residents above 14 - PL (1992, 1996, 1997): person not employed and not performing any other income-generating work, ready to accept full-time employment, not attending full-time school and registered in a local labour office, if the person (a) is aged 18 or more, but less than 60 (for women) or less than 65 (for men), (b) did not acquire the right to retirement pay, (c) is not (co-)owner of a farm, (d) did not undertake non-agricultural activity or is not a subject to compulsory social security, (e) is disabled but is able to work half the full-time - SE: all unemployed residents above 18 and under 65 (some cities) or above 16 and under 65 (other cities) - SI (1996): registered unemployed persons (persons who are registered by the employment office and fulfil all criteria defined by the employment office) - UK(C) (1991, 2001), UK(K) (2001): all unemployed residents above 16 and under 65
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, LV, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, DK, FI, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, LV, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, LU, SI, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: DE, FR(C), FR(K)</p>

Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996, 1997, 2002: PL <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE (EC1010V), GR, LU, SK, UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, IT, PT - 1996, 2001: EE (EC1011-12V), SI, UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG - 2002: RO
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EC1148-50V	Residents unemployed 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed 15-24: resident persons above 15 and under 25 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or more) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed 15-24: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: all resident persons unemployed above 18 and under 25 (some cities) or above 16 and under 25 (other cities) - UK: all residents unemployed above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, FR(C), FR(K), SI</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV, SE (EC1148V) <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SE (1149-50V), SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO

EC1151-53V	Residents unemployed 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	Definition:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed 55-64: resident persons above 55 and under 65 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or more) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed 55-64: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE (EC1151V), LT, MT, NL</p> <p>d) No data available: SI, EE (EC1152-53V)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE (EC1151V), LT, MT, NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, FR(C), FR(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 2000, 2001: LV <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE (EC1151V), ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO

EC1154-56V	Unemployed continuously for more than six months, 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continuously unemployed: unemployed for more than 6 months without interruption, following the LFS obligations. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Continuously unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: residents above 15 and under 25 unemployed for more than 4 months - RO: persons aged 15-24 stating to have no working place during the Census but being available for work and starting to seek actively for a working place more than 6 months ago - SE: monthly average
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: AT, CZ, DE, DK, LT, LV, MT, NL, SI (EC1154V), SK</p> <p>c) No data available: EE, IT, SI (EC1155-56V), UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, HU, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: AT, CZ, DK, LT, LV, MT, NL, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), IE, SI (EC1154V)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 - 2000: ES - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000 and 2002 (average): NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, SE, SI (1154V), SK - 2002: AT, BE, IE, PL, RO

EC1157-59V	Unemployed continuously for more than one year, 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continuously unemployed: unemployed for more than 6 months without interruption, following the LFS obligations. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Continuously unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: persons aged 55-64 searching for a job for 12 months or more regardless of being already unemployed - RO: persons aged 55-64 stating to have no working place during the Census but being available for work and starting to seek actively for a working place more than 9 months ago - SE: monthly average
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: AT, CZ, DE, DK, EE, LT, LV, MT, NL, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: IT, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, HU, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: AT, CZ, DK, EE, LT, LV, MT, NL, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), IE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 - 2000: ES - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000 and 2002 (average): NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, SE, SK - 2002: AT, BE, IE, PL, RO

EC1025-27V	Residents in self employment – total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Self employment: none - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V <p>Specifications of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, LT, NL: family workers are included - IT (1991) co-operative society members are not included - SE, UK (1991, 2001): residents in self employment aged 16-64 - RO: residents aged 15-64 as employer, own account worker, member of producers' co-operative, unpaid family worker and other positions (except for the position as employee) - SI: individual private entrepreneurs, own account workers and farmers - All other countries: no specification
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: HU, LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: HU, LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, GR, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, SI</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SE, SK, UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, BE, IT, LU, PT - 1996, 2001: EE (EC1025V), UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, EE (EC1026-27V), ES, SI - 2002: RO
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EC1028-30V	Residents in paid employment – total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Paid employment: none - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V <p>Definition specifications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: paid employees and members of co-operative societies - SE, UK (1991, 2001): residents in paid employment aged 16-64 - SI (1996): persons with employment contracts in enterprises, companies and organizations and by self-employed persons <i>exclusive</i> of persons performing public works - All other countries: no specification
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: HU, LV, PL, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), IE, IT, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: HU, LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, GR, LU, SI, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: BG, DE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE, GR, LU, SE, SK, UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK, - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: AT, BE, IT, PT - 1996, 2001: SI, UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, ES - 2002: RO

EC1034-36V	Full-time employment – total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Full-time employment: persons (not Full Time Equivalents!) according to the national definition, e.g. employment requiring 30 or more hours a week. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Full-time employment:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: employed persons minus part-time employed persons (i.e. persons categorised by their employers as not being 'employed full-time' plus all marginally employed persons (not required to pay social security contributions)) - SE, UK (1991, 2001): residents in full-time employment aged 16-64 - RO: persons in full-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded <p>Specification of the term 'full-time' in the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: employment requiring 32 hours or more a week - CY, NL: employment requiring 35 hours or more a week - GR, LT, RO: employment requiring 40 hours or more a week - PT: employment requiring 30 hours or more a week - LV: persons who are full-time employed (employees) or usually work at least hours per week (employers, self-employed), as well as employees of some special categories with shortened labour time (teachers, physicians etc.) who consider themselves as full-time employed - UK: 31 hours or more - All other countries: no specification
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, LV, UK(C), UK(K) c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, FI, LT, MT, NL, SI
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PT, RO, SE b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, LV, UK(C), UK(K) c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR, LU, SK d) Weighted statistic: EE, FI, LT, MT, NL e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ f) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, PL, SI
Reference years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE, FI, GR, LU, SK, UK(C) - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: PT - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 1996, 2002: IE - 1998, 2001: LT 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, HU, IT, SI - 2002: PL, RO, SE

EC1088-90V	Part-time employment – total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Part-time employment: persons (not Full Time Equivalents!) according to the national definition, e.g. employment requiring less than 30 hours a week. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Part-time employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: persons categorised by their employers as not being 'employed full-time' plus all marginally employed persons (not required to pay social security contributions) - RO: persons in part-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded - SE, UK (1991, 2001): residents in part-time employment aged 16-64 - UK (1991): excludes self employed and those on Government Training Schemes (2001) (EC1088V): includes active full time students <p>Specification of the term 'part-time' in the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: employment requiring less than 32 hours a week - CY, NL: employment requiring less than 35 hours a week - GR, LT, RO: employment requiring less than 40 hours a week

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: employment requiring less than 30 hours or more a week - LV: persons who are part-time employed (employees) or usually work less than 40 hours per week, excluding those who consider themselves to be employed full-time irrespective of the number of their working hours - UK: 30 hours or less - All other countries: no specification
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, LV, SK, UK(C), UK(K) c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, FI, LT, MT, NL, SI
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PT, RO, SE b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, LV, UK(C), UK(K) c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR, LU d) Weighted statistic: EE, FI, LT, MT, NL e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, SK f) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, PL, SI
Reference years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE, FI, GR, LU, SK, UK(C) - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2001: PT - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 1996, 2002: IE - 1998, 2001: LT 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, HU, IT, SI - 2002: PL, RO, SE

EC1160-62V	Full-time employment 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Full-time employment: see EC1034-36V - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Full-time employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: employed persons above 15 and under 25 minus part-time employed persons above 15 and under 25 (i.e. persons categorised by their employers as not being ‘employed full-time’ plus all marginally employed persons (not required to pay social security contributions) - SE, UK: residents in full-time employment aged 16-24 - RO: persons above 15 and under 25 in full-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded <p>Specification of the term ‘full-time’ in the definition: see EC1034-36V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI, SK d) No data available: FI
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, MT, NL, SK d) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, IE, PL, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV

	<p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE
EC1163-65V	Full-time employment 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Full-time employment:: see EC1034-36V - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Full-time employment:: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: employed persons above 55 and under 65 minus part-time employed persons above 55 and under 65 (i.e. persons categorised by their employers as not being 'employed full-time' plus all marginally employed persons (not required to pay social security contributions)) - RO: persons above 55 and under 65 in part-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded <p>Specification of the term 'full-time' in the definition: see EC1034-36V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: FI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, MT, NL, SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, IE, PL, SI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE

EC1166-68V	Part-time employment 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Part-time employment:: see EC1088-90V - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Part-time employment:: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: persons above 15 and under 25 categorised by their employers as not being 'employed full-time' plus all marginally employed persons above 15 and under 25 (not required to pay social security contributions) - SE, UK: residents in part-time employment aged 16-24 - RO: persons above 15 and under 25 in part-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded <p>Specification of the term 'part-time' in the definition: see EC1088-90V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage (other years): LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, LT, MT, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: EE, IE, FI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

availability of data)	b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV c) Weighted statistic: CZ, LT, MT, NL, SK d) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, PL, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: LV 3) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: PL, RO, SE

EC1169-71V	Part-time employment 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	Definition: - Part-time employment:: see EC1088-90V - Population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: - Population: see DE1001V - Part-time employment:: - DE: persons above 55 and under 65 categorised by their employers as not being 'employed full-time' plus all marginally employed persons above 55 and under 65 (not required to pay social security contributions) - RO: persons above 55 and under 65 in part-time employment and temporarily absent from the working place are excluded Specification of the term 'part-time' in the definition: see EC1088-90V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LV c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, LT, MT, NL, SI, SK d) No data available: EE, FI, IE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LU, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LV c) Weighted statistic: CZ, LT, MT, NL, SK d) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, PL, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: LV 3) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: PL, RO, SE

Economic Aspects: Economic Activity

Variables

EC2001V	Gross Domestic Product of city (Euro) (H)
Definition	Definition: - Gross Domestic Product: Output-based GDP is the sum of the gross value-added at basic prices of all resident producers, plus all taxes less subsidies on products

	<p>Deviation from the definition: none</p> <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NUTS1 BE (1991, 1996: Région for one city) - NUTS2 HU (County), RO - NUTS3 BE (Arrondissement except for one city in 1996), BG (District), CY (Country), DE (for two cities), IE, IT (province), LT, LU (Country), PL (2001: for 5 cities), PT, SK, UK(C) - LAU1 CZ (1991, 1996: for one city): - Voivodships (before administrative reform of 01.01.1999) PL (1992, 1996): - Sub-regions PL (2000) except for 5 cities
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage (regional accounts): AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage (administrative sources and surveys): CY</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, ES, IE, LV, MT</p> <p>d) No data available: EE, GR, SI, FR(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: all countries except for BE, MT</p> <p>b) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 - 2001: PT - 1993, 1995, 1996, 1998, 2001: UK(C) - 1996, 2001 - 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, LU - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE, PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK - 1996, 2000, 2001: AT - 1999 - 2001: RO - 2001 - 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1993, 1996: UK(K) - 1996, 2000: ES, FI, SE - 1996, 2001: HU, LV, SK - 2000, 2001: FR(C) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IE, IT, NL - 2001: BG, LT

EC2002V	Resident population of area relating to reported GDP (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population of area : total population (all ages, working or not) resident in the <i>area</i> to which the reported GDP is related <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p> <p>Deviation from the spatial unit : see EC2001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CY, DE, DK, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CZ, EE</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: IE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, FR(C), MT, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>f) No data available: FR(K), GR, SI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CY, DE, DK, FI, HU, IT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, EE</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: IE</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: FR(C), LT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>g) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL</p> <p>h) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1997, 1998 - 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2000, 2001: PT

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1993, 1995, 1996, 1998, 2001: UK(C) - 1993, 1996, 1998, 2001: UK(K) - 1996, 2001, 2002, 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, LT, LU, LV - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE, EE, FI, PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK - 1999 – 2001: RO - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: AT, HU, SE, SK - 2000, 2001: FR(C) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IE, IT, NL - 2001: BG
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EC2015V	Employment of area [country] relating to reported GDP (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment of area: total employment (jobs) in the <i>area</i>, so including residents of the <i>area</i>, in-commuters from outside the <i>area</i> and excluding out-commuters <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE (1991, 2001): employed economically active population - PL (2000), UK: employees only <p>Deviation from the spatial unit (city): see EC2001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, IT, LU, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: HU, NL, SK</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DE</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LV</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, FR(C), MT, PL</p> <p>f) No data available: FR(K), GR, IE, LT, RO, SI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, IT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: HU, SK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: EE, LV</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: DE, FR(C), NL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>g) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL</p> <p>h) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2000, 2001: PT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, LU - 1991, 2001, 2002: BE - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE, PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1995, 1996, 2001: UK(C), UK(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 1996, 2001: AT, HU, SK - 1998, 2001: LV <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FR(C), IT, NL, SE - 2001: BG, CY

EC2021V	Companies (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Company = Enterprise: the smallest combination of legal units that is an organisational unit producing goods or services, which benefits from a certain degree of autonomy in decision-making, especially for the allocation of its current resources. An enterprise carries out one or more activities at one or more locations. An enterprise may be a sole legal unit. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1996): members of craft guilds - AT (2001): members of craft guilds (one city); members of the Chamber of Commerce (one city) - CZ: companies with headquarters in the city - DE: companies with one or more employees paying social insurance contributions (Self-employed persons without employees and companies with employees having no obligations to pay social contributions are excluded) - ES: number of establishments for two out of the five cities - FR: companies in agriculture and financial services are not included - IT: companies in divisions 01-05, 75, 91, 95, 99 of Nace Rev1 and units having institutional juridical form are not included - LV: economically active enterprises and business companies according to the location of its main office; peasant farms are not included - PL (1991) enterprises in the public sector with a certain number of enterprises in the private sector - PT: under-representation of self-employed persons - UK (2001): VAT registered businesses (1991, 1996 for one city): VAT registered businesses, includes also some sole traders and partnerships <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SK: NUTS 4
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, IE, MT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, MT</p> <p>d) No data available: IE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, IT, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: IT</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1996, 2002: PL - 1991, 1995 – 2002: RO - 1991, 1996 - 1998, 2000: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1996 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, DE, HU, LT, LU, SI, SK, UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2003: CY - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DK - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2001: AT, EE - 1997, 2001: LT, NL - 2000, 2001: GR <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FR(C) - 2001: BG, UK(K)
EC2003V	Companies quoted on the national stock exchange with headquarters within the city
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Quoted on Stock Market:: a company's share price must be quoted on the national stock market. - Company Headquarters: the head office of a company refers to the main administrative establishment of an enterprise, possibly without any production unit located there. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Quoted on Stock Market: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: companies having the duty to declare shares considered by the Finance Consolidated Act (as by law 58/98 enacted in Italy) - Company Headquarters: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, IT</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, DE</p>

	d) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, IT c) Modelled statistic: DE d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) 2) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: DE - 2001, 2003: DK 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: FI, IT, PT - 2001: BG, EE, HU, LU, PL, SE, SI - 2002: AT, NL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2003: BE, GR - 2004: CZ, SK

EC2004V	New business that has registered in the reference year (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - New business that has registered in the reference year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - births of enterprises i.e the creation of a combination of production factors with the restriction that no other enterprises are involved in the event. Births do not include entries into the population due to: mergers, break-ups, split-off or restructuring of a set of enterprises. It does not include entries into a sub-population resulting only from a change of activity. A change in only the name of a company does also not create a new business. - moving into the city of an already existing company: this is regarded as a new company in that city, and reduces the number of companies in the municipality from where the company left. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Births of enterprises <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: companies with headquarters in the city - FR: enterprises in agriculture and financial services are not included - IT: data may also refer to companies outside of the territory of the city - PT: self-employment is not included - UK: new VAT registered businesses only - Moving into the city of an already existing company: doubtful whether any country has included this category of new registrations, since most data have business registers or similar registers as statistical base
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, IE, LU, MT, NL, RO b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, ES, RO c) Partial coverage: NL d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU, MT e) No data available: IE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, LU, MT, NL, RO b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: RO c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT d) Weighted statistic: ES, NL e) Modelled statistic: LU f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1992, 1996, 2002: PL - 1991, 1995 – 2002: RO - 1991, 1996 - 1998, 2000: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1996 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, DE, HU, LT, LU, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1991, 1996, 2003: CY - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2001: AT, EE

- 1997, 2001: LT, NL
 - 2000, 2001: GR
- 4) 1 year:
- 2000: FR(C), FR(K)
 - 2001: BG

EC2014V	Companies that have gone bankrupt in the reference year
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Companies: legal units - Bankruptcy: a company declared (according to bankruptcy law) as unable to pay its debts. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Companies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: companies with headquarters in the city - FR: enterprises in agriculture and financial services are not included - Bankruptcy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: enterprises in deficiency; the deficiency refers to the opening of a judicial procedure for repair against an enterprise following its suspension of payment by a court of justice - IT: data may also refer to companies outside of the territory of the city - LV: gone in bankruptcy but not yet legally ceased
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, ES, MT</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, DK, GR, IE, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: ES</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997 – 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1993/97, 1998, 2000: LT - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DE, FR(C), IT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, HU, LU, LV, NL, SE, SI - 2002: PT - 2003: SK
EC2006V	Total net office floor space 1st January (in 1 000 m²)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Net Office Floor space: floor space available for commercial use on first day of the reference year. Net floor space excludes pillars, stairwells, etc. Not included: warehouses and factories. This also includes offices in dwellings and offices converted on the sly (without official permission) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Offices floor space <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: floor spaces of offices of “A-B quality classes” at the free market, i.e. new offices with prime quality standards in terms of building, networking, security, parking provisions etc. Self-developed company headquarters or state departments are not included - DK: floor spaces above ground level of office buildings - First day of the reference year: whether there are deviations from the first day of the reference year is impossible to report
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, LU, LV, NL</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE, DK, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, EE, ES, FI, FR(C), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: CZ, DE, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Type of statistic indeterminable: DK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: SE - 2001, 2003: DE 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: UK(C) - 2001: DK, LU, NL, SK - 2003: LV - 2004: CZ
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EC2013V	Vacant net office floor space 1st January (in 1 000 m²)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Vacant net Office Floor space: floor space vacant but available for commercial use on first day of the reference year. Net floor space excludes pillars, stairwells, etc. Not included: warehouses and factories. This also includes offices in dwellings and offices converted on the sly (without official permission) Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Offices floor space: see EC2006V - First day of the reference year: not possible to report
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: CZ, LU b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE, DK, SE, SK d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, EE, ES, FI, FR(C),FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(V)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Modelled statistic: CZ, DE, LU, NL, SE, SK b) Type of statistic indeterminable: DK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 - 2003: NL 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: SE - 2001, 2003: DE 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: DK, LU, SK - 2004: CZ

EC2020V	Employment (jobs) (work-place based)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: employed and self-employed persons at the work place - Job: an explicit or implicit contract (relating to the provision of labour input, not to supplying output of a good or service) between a person and a resident institutional unit to perform work (activities which contribute to the production of goods or services within the production boundary) in return for compensation (including mixed income of self-employed persons) for a defined period or until further notice. The concept of jobs differs from the concept of employment as far as the concept of jobs (a) includes second, third, etc. jobs of the same person, and (b) excludes persons temporarily not at work but who have a 'formal attachment to their job' in the form, for instance, of 'an assurance of return to work or an agreement as to the date of return' Specification of definition (inferred from data sources used): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LT, PT, RO, SK, UK(C) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI Deviation from the definition : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT, RO: residence based - UK: persons aged 16-64 - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: (a) jobs in enterprises and not in local units – they may also refer to jobs outside of the territory of the city (b) jobs in divisions 01-05, 75, 91, 95, 99 of NACE Rev1 and in units having institutional juridical form are not included - PL: jobs in economic entities employing more than 9 persons, excluding private farms and budgetary entities conducting activity within the scope of national defence and public safety
Data sources	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, ES, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL

(statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage (self-employment jobs) and partial coverage (employee jobs): NL d) Full coverage (self-employment) and type of coverage indeterminable (employees): LU e) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV f) No data available: GR, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CZ, DE, EE, ES, LT, LU, LV, NL, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV d) Modelled statistic: DE, LU, NL, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 2000, 2001: DE 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2008V	Employment (jobs) in agriculture, fishery (NACE Rev.1: A-B) & ESA95 A3
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: Statistical Classification of Economic Activities from Eurostat. The use of the Rev. 1 version of the classification of economic activities has been obligatory since 1993 <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: AT, BG, DE, DK, FI, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE <p>Deviation from the definition :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: companies in agriculture and forestry only; companies without cultivation area are included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LV, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: LU e) No data available: GR, IT, LT, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(V) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LU, LV, SI c) Modelled statistics: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: AT, FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK - 2001: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2009V	Employment (jobs) in mining, manufacturing, energy (NACE Rev.1: C-E)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LT, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LV, NL, PL, SE

	<p>Deviation from the definition :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: jobs in enterprises and not in local units – they may also refer to jobs outside of the territory of the city - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available : GR, LU, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO</p>

EC2022V	Employment (jobs) in construction (NACE Rev.1: F)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment:: see EC2009V - Job: see EC2009V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: see EC2009V - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, LU, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO</p>

EC2010V	Employment (jobs) in trade, hotels, restaurants (NACE Rev.1: G-H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment:: see EC2009V - Job: see EC2009V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: see EC2009V - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, LU, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2023V	Employment (jobs) in transport, communication (NACE Rev.1: I)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment:: see EC2009V - Job: see EC2009V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: see EC2009V - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, LU, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2011V	Employment (jobs) financial intermediation, business activities (NACE Rev.1: J-K)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment:: see EC2009V - Job: see EC2009V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: see EC2009V - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, LU, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), FR(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2012V	Employment (jobs) in public administration, health, education or other (NACE Rev.1: L-P)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2009V - Job: see EC2009V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: see EC2009V - PL: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: NACE Rev.1: Q (extraterritorial organisations and bodies) is included - IT: division 75, 91, 95, 99 of NACE Rev1 are not included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, LU, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(V) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2016V	Employment (jobs) in NACE Rev.1 C-F (ESA95 A3)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LV, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: LU e) No data available: GR, LT, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LU, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2017V	Employment (jobs) in NACE Rev.1 G-P (ESA95 A3)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev. 1: see EC2008V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V - NACE Rev 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: NACE Rev.1: Q (extraterritorial organisations and bodies) is included - IT: see EC2020V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage (jobs self-employment) and partial coverage (jobs employee): NL c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LV, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: LU e) No data available: GR, LT, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LU, LV, SI c) Modelled statistic: DE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, RO

EC2018V	Employment (jobs) – employees
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LT, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, RO, SE <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: residence based - SE: persons aged 16 and older - UK(C), UK(K): persons aged 16-64 - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: jobs in NACE sectors A-Q - IT: see EC2020V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, ES, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, NL, SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: LU e) No data available: GR, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LU, LV, NL, SI d) Modelled statistic: DE, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 – 2002: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, PL

EC2019V	Employment (jobs) – self-employed
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: see EC2020V - Job: see EC2020V <p>Specification of definition (inferred from data source used):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: AT, BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LU, LT, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - Job: BG, DE, DK, FI, IT, LV, NL, PL, RO, SE <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: residence based, sectors G-Q; family workers are included - SE: persons aged 16 and older - UK: persons aged 16-64 - Job: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: jobs in NACE sectors A-Q - IT: see EC2020V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for CZ, EE, ES, GR, LT, LV, MT, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) No data available: GR, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, LV, SI d) Modelled statistic: DE, LU, NL, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, IT - 2001: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BG, IE, PL, RO

Economic Aspects: Income Disparities and Poverty

Variables

EC3045V	Household income: Quintile 4 (income with 20% households above, 80% below)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: ranking of households by income and division into 5 (high to low) size bands with equal number of households in each size band. <p>Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)</p> <p>Deviation from the spatial unit :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: NUTS2 level - CZ: NUTS3 level except for 1 city - IE: NUTS3 level
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PL</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL</p> <p>c) No data available: BE, BG, ES, GR, HU, IT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: AT, CY, CZ, EE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: IE, PL, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY <p>2) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 1999/2000: AT - 2000: FI, FR(C), FR(K), MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LT, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK
EC3048V	Household income: Quintile 3 (income with 40% households above, 60% below)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V <p>Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition (Quintile):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: 50% of households (only quartiles available) <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see EC3045V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PL</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL</p> <p>c) No data available: BE, BG, ES, GR, HU, IT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: AT, CY, CZ, EE, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: PL, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 1999/2000: AT - 2000: FI, FR(C), FR(K), MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LT, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK
EC3051V	Household income: Quintile 2 (income with 60% households above, 40% below)

Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below) Deviation from definition (Quintile): none Deviation from the spatial unit: see EC3045V except for AT (no data available)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PL b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, ES, GR, HU, IT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K) b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE d) Modelled statistic: PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR(C), FR(K), MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LT, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK

EC3054V	Household income: Quintile 1 (income with 80% households above, 20% below)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below) Deviation from the definition (Quintile): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: 75% of households (only quartiles available) Deviation from the spatial unit:: see EC3045V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PL b) Partial coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL c) No data available: BE, BG, GR, HU, IT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K) b) Weighted statistic: AT, CY, CZ, EE, ES, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE d) Modelled statistic: PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK - 1999/2000: AT - 2000: FI, FR(C), FR(K), MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LT, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK

EC3057V	Households with less than half of the national average income
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) Specification of income definition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE (2000), FR(C): fiscal income - BE (1991, 1996): taxable net income - DE: net household income - DK: family income - EE: annual disposable income (in cash and in kind without imputed rent) per household member calculated from monthly income - FR: households receiving an income below the lowest income threshold, exclusive of students and persons over 65 are excluded. The threshold is defined as half of the median disposable income and has been calculated for the first time on the occasion of

	<p>the Family Budget 1995. That threshold is annually actualised based on the development of the disposable household income in the National Accounts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: 60% of the median disposable household income - NL: available income, i.e. income From primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - PL: revenues of taxpayers - SK: total disposable income of a household - CY, CZ, ES, FI, LU, MT, SE: no specification - AT, BG, GR, IE, IT, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K): no data available <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU (1996): country level
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PL, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BG, GR, IE, IT, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK(C)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: CY, EE, HU, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, DE, LU</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, PL, SE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: BE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, LU - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: EE, HU, LT - 1997, 2003: CY - 1999, 2001: ES <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR(C), MT, NL - 2001: SE - 2002: CZ, PL - 2003: SK

EC3060V	Total number of households reliant on social security benefits (>50%)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where more than 50% of income is social security benefit - Household income: see EC3039V (below) <p>Specification of households receiving social security benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: households receiving social welfare benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their net household income - DK: families reliant on social benefits for which those benefits are >50% of their family income - EE: households receiving pensions, sickness and invalidity benefits, family and child allowances, unemployment benefits, education allowances and other benefits From government, local municipality or from other organisations for which those benefits are > 50% of their annual disposable income - FR: households receiving social benefits from the ‘Caisse d’ Allocation Familiale’ (exclusive of students and persons over 65) for which those benefits are > 50% of their disposable income - LT: households receiving unemployment benefits, old-age benefits, survivors' benefits, disability benefits, family/children-related allowance, the social exclusion and housing allowances for which those benefits are > 50% of their disposable income - NL: households receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: households for which a social benefit was the main source of maintenance during 12 months before Census - PT: households of which at least one adult depends on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - BE, CZ, ES, FI, HU, LU, MT, SE: no specification - AT, BG, CY, GR, IE, IT, LV, RO, SI, SK, UK(C): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LU, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: HU</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, MT, NL</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, FI, SE</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, BG, CY, GR, IE, IT, LV, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LU, PL, PT b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: HU c) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, DE e) Modelled statistic: FI, SE f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) 2) 1 year: - 1999: DK, FR(C) - 2000: FI, MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, ES, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE - 2002: BE, CZ, PL

EC3063V	Individuals reliant on social security benefits (>50%)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Individuals receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where more than 50% of income is social security benefit <p>Specification of individuals receiving social security benefits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: persons receiving social welfare benefits for whom those benefits are > 50% of their net income - DK: family members reliant on social benefits for whom those benefits are >50% of their income - EE: persons receiving pensions, sickness and invalidity benefits, family and child allowances, unemployment benefits, education allowances and other benefits From government, local municipality or From other organisations for whom those benefits are > 50% of their annual income - FR: the persons in households receiving social benefits from the Caisse ‘d’Allocation Familiale’ (exclusive of students and persons over 65) for whom those benefits are > 50% of their income - LT: persons receiving unemployment benefits, old-age benefits, survivors' benefits, disability benefits, family/children-related allowance, the social exclusion and housing allowances for whom those benefits are > 50% of their disposable income - NL: persons receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: household members for whom a social benefit was the main source of maintenance during 12 months before Census - PT: adult individuals depending on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - AT, BE, ES, FI, HU, LU, MT, SE: no specification - BG, CY, CZ, GR, IE, LV, RO, SI, SK, UK(C): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LU, PL, PT b) Full coverage and partial coverage: HU c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, LT, MT, NL d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, FI, SE e) No data available: BG, CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, LV, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, ES, LU, PL, PT b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: HU c) Weighted statistic: EE, LT, MT, NL d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: FI, FR(C), FR(K), SE f) Type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1999 – 2001: FR(K) 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: ES 3) 1 year: - 1999: DK, FR(C) - 2000: AT, FI, MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE - 2002: BE, PL

Variable as Indicator

EC3039V	Median disposable annual household income (Euro) (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Disposable annual household income: annual income of a household From income From work (wages and salaries, self-employment income), private income (property income, capital income, private transfers) and social transfers (Old-age and survivors' pensions, Unemployment benefits, family related benefits, sickness / invalidity benefits, education related benefits, housing allowance, social assistance and other benefits). If disposable income is unavailable, the fiscal income or whatever is available may be used instead with a clear mark in the footnote (FR(C)ee-format text). - Median: the middle value, i.e. 50% of all observations are below the median value and 50% above it <p>Specification of income definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, DE: net household income - BE (2000), FR(C), FR(K): fiscal income - BE (1991, 1996): taxable net income - DK: family income - EE: annual disposable income (in cash and in kind without imputed rent) per household member calculated From monthly income - LT: personal income received by all household members plus the income received at the household level [The calculation was made per equivalent adult using the OECD modified OECD scale(1-0.5-0.3)] - LV: equalised income using modified OECD scale (1-0.5-0.3) - NL: available income, i.e. income from primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - PL: revenues of taxpayers - PT: gross declared income of households that are registered for fiscal purposes - SK: total disposable income of a household - CY, ES, FI, LU, MT: no specification - BG, GR, IE, IT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FR(C), FR(K), FI, PL, PT b) Partial coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, ES, SK d) No data available: BG, GR, IE, IT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), PT b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, CY, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LV, MT, NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-weighted statistics: LU d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-weighted statistics: DE e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PL f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable kinds of statistics: ES, SK g) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable kinds of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: BE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, LU, PT 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: EE, ES, HU, LT - 1997, 2003: CY - 1999, 2000: AT 3) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR(C), FR(K), MT, NL - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK</p>

Civic Involvement: Civic Involvement

Variables

CI1001V	European election: electorate (eligible)

Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: those entitled to vote - Eligible / registered to vote: this distinction only makes sense in countries where people have to register (actively) in order to be allowed to vote. For all other countries eligible and registered are identical - European election: voting to return representatives to the European Parliament Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: citizens in the „Register of Eligible Citizens” at the end of the voting
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, CY, ES, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI b) No data available: BG, CY, ES, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: 1996, 1999: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, BE, DE, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU (2001?), NL, SE, UK(C), UK(K) - 2004: CZ, EE, HU, SK

CI1002V	European election: electorate (registered)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V - Eligible / registered to vote: see CI1001V - European election: see CI1001V Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: citizens in the „Electorate Register” at the end of elections voting for regional lists.
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, CY, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI b) No data available: BG, CY, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1999: ES - 1996, 1999: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, BE, DE, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU (2001?), NL, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K) - 2004: CZ, EE, HU, SK

CI1003V	European election: votes counted
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Votes counted: no definition (valid as well as invalid votes counted: inferred by author) - European election: see CI1001V Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, LU: valid votes only
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, CY, ES, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI b) No data available: BG, CY, ES, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: 1996, 1999: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, BE, DE, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU (2001?), NL, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K) - 2004: CZ, EE, HU, SK

CI1004V	National election: electorate (eligible)
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Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V - Eligible / registered to vote: see CI1001V - National election: voting to return representatives to the national parliament / assembly Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: see CI1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, ES, MT, PT b) No data available: BE, CY, ES, MT, PT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995, 1999: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000: LT 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2004: RO 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, EE, FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: GR, SI - 2001: BG, DK, IT, LU(?), PL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: CZ, DE, HU, IE, LV, SE, SK - 2003: NL

CI1005V	National election: electorate (registered)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V - Eligible / registered to vote: see CI1001V - National election: see CI1004V Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: see CI1002V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, PL, RO b) Type of coverage unknown: MT c) No data available: CY, PL, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995, 1999: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000: LT - 1993, 1996, 2000: ES 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2002: PT 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, EE, - 2000: GR, SI - 2001: BG, DK, IT, LU(?), UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: CZ, DE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LV, SE, SK - 2003: BE, MT, NL

CI1006V	National election: votes counted
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Votes counted: see CI1003V - National election: see CI1004V Specification of the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, LU, LV: valid votes only
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, MT b) Type of coverage unknown: MT c) No data available: CY, ES
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK(C), UK(K) b) Modelled statistic: UK(C), UK(K)

availability of data)	c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995, 1999: FI - 1992, 1996, 2000: LT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2002: PT - 2000, 2004: RO <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: AT, EE - 2000: GR, SI - 2001: BG, DK, IT, LU(?), PL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: CZ, DE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LV, SE, SK - 2003: BE, MT, NL

CI1007V	City election: electorate (eligible)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V - Eligible / registered to vote: see CI1001V - City election: voting to return representatives to the city (municipality) council. <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: see CI1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL: election Of village mayors, mayors and presidents of cities is included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, MT, PT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage unknown: MT</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, ES, PT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 1998, 2001, 2003: AT - 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002: DE - 1999 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1997, 2002: LT - 1992, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: EE, FR(C), FR(K), IE - 2000: BE - 2001: DK, LU(?), LV, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: CZ, GR, HU, NL, PL, SE, SI - 2003: BG - 2004: RO

CI1008V	City election: electorate (registered)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V - Eligible / registered to vote: see CI1001V - City election: see CI1007V. <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: see CI1002V <p>Deviation from the definitions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: election for executive body (Câmara Municipal) and legislative body (Assembleia Municipal) of the city
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, PL, RO</p> <p>b) Type of coverage unknown: MT</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, PL, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: MT</p>

data)	
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995, 1999, 2000, 2003: ES - 1997, 1998, 2001, 2003: AT - 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002: DE - 1999 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1997, 2002: LT - 1992, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: EE, IE - 2000: BE - 2001: DK, FR(C), FR(K), LU(?), LV, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: CZ, GR, HU, NL, SE, SI - 2003: BG

CI1009V	City election: votes counted
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Votes counted: see CI1003V - City election: see CI1007V <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: returned envelopes (summary vote) - HU, LV: valid votes only <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL: see CI1007V - PT: see CI1008V - UK: votes for Local and Parliamentary elections (2 cities); turnout for the Mayoral election (1 city) <p>Other remarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: no official results - DE: city figures are not comparable due to structural and legal differences among the cities
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, MT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage unknown: MT</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, ES</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2003: UK(C) - 1997, 1998, 2001, 2003: AT - 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002: DE - 1999 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1997, 2002: LT - 1992, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: EE, IE - 2000: BE - 2001: DK, FR(C), FR(K), LU, LV, PT, SK - 2002: CZ, GR, HU, NL, PL, SE, SI - 2003: BG, UK(K) - 2004: RO

CI1011V	City election: electorate aged less than 25
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electorate: see CI1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: see: CI1008V

	Other remarks - BE: see: CI1009V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DK, IE, NL, PL, PT, SK b) Partial coverage: AT, DE c) Type of coverage indeterminable: GR d) No data available: CY, EE, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, PT, SK b) Weighted statistic: AT, DE c) Modelled statistic: IE, NL, PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: GR
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1999, 2001, 2002: DE 2) 2 years: - 1997, 2001: DK 3) 1 year: - 2000: BE - 2001: CZ, PT, SK, - 2002: GR, IE, NL, PL - 2003: AT, BG

CI1010V	City election: votes counted by voters aged less than 25
Definition	Definition: - Votes counted: see CI1003V - City election: see CI1007V Other remarks: - DE: see CI1009V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, PL, SK b) Partial coverage: AT, DE c) Type of coverage indeterminable: GR d) No data available: all other countries
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, SK b) Weighted statistic: AT, DE c) Modelled statistic: PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: GR
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1999, 2001, 2002: DE 2) 1 year: - 2001: SK, - 2002: CZ, GR, PL - 2003: AT, BG

CI1016V	Elected city representatives – total
Definition	Definition: - City election: see CI1007V Deviation from the definition: - CY: the mayor (in case of the municipalities) and the chairman of the community council (in case of the communities) for the GCA - IT: members of the town council as well as the mayor - PT: elected city representatives for the executive body (Câmara Municipal) and the legislative body (Assembleia Municipal) of the city - UK(C): Greater London Assembly members plus the Mayor Other remarks - BE, DE: see: CI1009V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, MT b) Type of coverage unknown: MT c) No data available: ES
Type of statistic (countries with	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT b) Modelled statistic: MT

availability of data)	
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2003: UK(C) - 1997, 1998, 2001, 2003: AT - 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002: DE - 1999 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1997, 2002: LT - 1992, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: EE - 2000: BE - 2001: CY, DK, FR(C), FR(K), LU(?), LV, PL, PT, SK - 2002: CZ, GR, HU, NL, SE, SI, UK(K) - 2003: BG, IE - 2004: RO

CI1017-18V	Elected city representatives – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - City election: see CI1007V <p>Deviation from the definition: see CI1016V</p> <p>Other remarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, DE: see: CI1009V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FR(C), FR(K), MT, RO</p> <p>b) Type of coverage unknown: MT</p> <p>c) No data available: ES, FR(C), FR(K), RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2003: UK(C) - 1997, 1998, 2001, 2003: AT - 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002: DE - 1999 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1997, 2002: LT - 1992, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: EE - 2000: BE - 2001: CY, DK, LU(?), LV, PL, PT, SK - 2002: CZ, GR, HU, NL, SE, SI, UK(K) - 2003: BG, IE

Civic Involvement: Local Administration

Variables

CI2001V	Municipal authority income (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - privatised enterprises that need to report to the City Council (directly or indirectly) are included if they are owned >50% by the local authority. - the responsibilities are very different between countries, even between cities in the same country. In this way, it should be understood that results are <u>not comparable</u> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal income: includes services that fall under the responsibility of the municipality; it does not include capital revenue

	<p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ES: capital revenue is included - HU: investments included (for one city) - IT: assessments - PT: privatised enterprises that are owned > 50% by the local authority are not included <p>Specification of municipal authority income:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LV: local government accounts - NL: according to the definitions and prescriptions of the European System on National and Regional Accounts (ESA) 1995 <p>AT, BE, CY, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), LT, LU, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K): no specification</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG, GR, IE, MT, SE: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, ES, GR, IE, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) No data available: BG, GR, IE, MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LU, LV, PL, SI - 2003: CY

CI2002V	Municipal authority income derived from local taxation (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal income: see CI2001V <p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition: see CI2001V</p> <p>Specification of income derived from local taxation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LV, NL: see CI2001V - FI: all the tax income of a municipality, not just income from municipal taxation - FR: taxes and rates (impôts et taxes) - PT: codes D21, D29, D51 and D59 according to ESA95 - RO: direct taxes and indirect taxes - UK: council tax - AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, HU, IT, LT, LU, SI, SK: no specification - BG, GR, IE, MT, SE: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, ES, GR, IE, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) No data available: BG, GR, IE, MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, HU</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE

	<p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LU, LV, PL, SI - 2003: CY
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CI2003V	Municipal authority income transferred from national or regional government (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal income: see CI2001V <p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition: see CI2001V</p> <p>Specification of income transferred from national or regional government:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LV, NL: see CI2001V - AT: current and capital transfers - FI: contains from profit and loss accounts: subsidies and allowance + state grants + financial statements: shares of financing for investment expenditure - FR: la dotation globale de fonctionnement et les subventions reçues - PT: codes D73 according to ESA95 - RO: state budget (amounts broken-down from wages income, from VAT, from income tax) and subsidies (received from state budget and from other budgets) - UK: a. grants under AEF; b. General Exchequer Grant plus other miscellaneous grants (1991 for one city) is included - BE, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, SE, SI, SK: no specification - BG, GR, IE, MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, ES, GR, IE, MT</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) No data available: BG, GR, IE, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, HU, LT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: LT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, SE, SI - 2003: CY

CI2004V	Municipal authority income derived from charges for services (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal income: see CI2001V <p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition: see CI2001V</p> <p>Specification of income transferred from national or regional government:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LV, NL: see CI2001V - FI: contains from profit and loss accounts: sales proceeds and income from charges - RO: payments from public institutions - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K): no specification - FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, SE : no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, SE</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, HU, LT b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: LT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: RO 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE 4) 1 year: - 2000: DK, IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, SI - 2003: CY

CI2005V	Municipal authority income derived from other sources (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal income: see CI2001V <p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition: see CI2001V</p> <p>Specification of income transferred from national or regional government:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LV, NL: see CI2001V - DK: includes sale of physical assets and interest. Financial changes and long term debt is not included - FI: contains from profit and loss accounts: income from other activities, change in product inventories, production for own use, interest income, dividend income, other financial yields and from financial statements: income from sales of fixed assets - FR: CI2001V - (CI2003V + CI2002V) - LT: ESA 95 income categories: D29, D4, D51, D59, D75, D91 - RO: payments from net profit of autonomous companies of local subordination, various non-fiscal incomes (recovery of court charges, legal claims, income from penalties), special destination incomes (revenues from the public roads fund; revenues from the intervention fund; revenues from the dwellings fund; donations and sponsorships, etc.), cashing from payment of granted loans, loans for investments and temporary loans - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, HU, IT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K): no specification
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, SE b) Partial coverage: ES c) No data available: GR, IE, MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, HU, LT b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: LT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: RO 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: UK(K) - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE 4) 1 year: - 2000: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, SI - 2003: CY

CI2006V	Municipal authority expenditure (Euro)
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Municipal expenditure: includes services that fall under the responsibility of the municipality; it does not include investment expenditure <p>Deviation from the general remarks / definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: engagements - PT: privatised enterprises that are owned > 50% by the local authority are not included <p>Specification of municipal authority expenditure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: includes from profit and loss accounts: wages and fees, indirect employee costs, purchases of services, purchases of materials, supplies and goods during accounting period, change in inventories, grants, other operational costs, recovered VAT, interest expenditure, other financial expenditure and from financial statement: investments in fixed assets (expenditure) - HU: investments are included (for one city) - LV: local government accounts - NL: according to the definitions and prescriptions of the European System on National and Regional Accounts (ESA) 1995 - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K): no specification - GR, IE, MT, SE: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) No data available: GR, IE, MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT - 2001, 2003: SK - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, NL, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LU, LV, PL, SI - 2003: CY, RO

CI2007V	Persons directly employed by the local administration
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority. This excludes central state employees <p>Deviation from the general remarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: privatised enterprises that are owned > 50% by the local authority are not included - EE: number of posts <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE: posts - FR: employees of all local communities (communes, centres communaux d'action locale, caisses des écoles, communautés urbaines, communautés de communes, communautés de villes, districts, syndicat intercommunal à vocation multiple, syndicat intercommunal à vocation unique, autres établissements publics locaux administratifs, groupements d'intérêt public). - LT: employees working in public sector and paid from local administration budgets - RO: persons with legal residence in the city (address registered on the identification

	card) who stated to work in the public administration domain according to NACE Rev.2, class 75 in the Census of population. The line between local and central administration could not be drawn up, according to the available data, this being especially the case of Bucharest, where both central and local administration are represented
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) No data available: GR, IE, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, MT, NL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1996 – 2002: ES - 2000 – 2003: BE - 2000 – 2004: PT 2) 3 years: - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ, NL - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: CY 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DE, IT - 2001: AT, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, SI, SK - 2002: RO - 2003: BG

CI2008V	Persons directly employed by the local administration in central administration
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: see CI2007V - Persons directly employed by the local administration in central administration: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority in their “central” administration operations. <p>Deviation from the general remarks: see CI2007V</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment by the local administration: see CI2007V - Employment by the local administration in central administration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: Administrative employees of central and local (i.e. parts /districts) town halls - LT: employees in economic activities 751120-751139 by NACE
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT c) No data available: ES, GR, IE, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for FR(C), FR(K), IT, MT, NL, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IT, PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 2000 – 2004: PT 2) 3 years: - 2002, 20002/03, 2003: BE - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ, NL - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: CY 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, SI, SK

- 2003: BG

CI2009V	Persons directly employed by the local administration in education
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: see CI2007V - Persons directly employed by the local administration in education: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority in the educational establishments for which the authority is responsible <p>Deviation from the general remarks: see CI2007V</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment by the local administration: see CI2007V - Employment by the local administration in central administration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: persons employed by the higher level authority are included (for one city) - LT: employees in section M of NACE. Sole proprietorships are included - PT: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) office staff only (=employees with a permanent labour agreement) (for one city) b) superior technicians and administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city) c) administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city) - RO: persons with legal residence in the city, employed in the 80 NACE Rev.2 classes
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) Not applicable (education is under jurisdiction of central government): FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>e) No data available: GR, IE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, IT, MT, PL</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IT, PL</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1996 – 2002: ES - 2000 – 2004: PT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: BE, CY <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, NL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: RO - 2003: BG

CI2010V	Persons directly employed by the local administration in health and social services
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: see CI2007V - Persons directly employed by the local administration in education: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority in the provision of health and social services for which the authority is responsible. Services contracted out to private enterprises should be included here <p>Deviation from the general remarks: see CI2007V</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment by the local administration: see CI2007V - Employment by the local administration in education: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: persons employed by the higher level authority are included (for one city) - CZ: employees in hospitals established or operated by municipalities are not included - LT: employees in section N of NACE. Sole proprietorships are included

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: a) office staff only (=employees with a permanent labour agreement (for one city) b) superior technicians and administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city) c) administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city) - RO: persons with legal residence in the city, employed in the 85 NACE Rev.2 classes
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) No data available: GR, IE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, FR(C), FR(K), IT, MT, PL b) Weighted statistic: ES c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IT, PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1997 – 2002: ES - 2000 – 2004: PT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ, NL - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: BE, CY 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, SE, SI, SK - 2002: RO - 2003: BG

CI2011V	Persons directly employed by the local administration in public transport
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: see CI2007V - Persons directly employed by the local administration in public transport: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority in public transport provided by the local authority. This includes transport companies wholly owned or controlled by the city <p>Deviation from the general remarks: see CI2007V</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment by the local administration: see CI2007V - Employment by the local administration in public transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: persons employed by a non-public transport company are included (for one city) - LT: employees in economic activities 602000-602999 and 632110-632149 by NACE. Sole proprietorships are included - PT: a) office staff only (=employees with a permanent labour agreement (for one city) b) superior technicians and administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FR(C), GR, IE, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) Not applicable (persons employed in the transport sector are never directly be employed by a local administration): FR(C) e) No data available: GR, IE, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, IT, MT, PL b) Weighted statistic: ES c) Modelled statistic: IT, PL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996 – 2002: ES - 2000 – 2004: PT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: BE, CY <p>4)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, NL, SI, SK - 2003: BG
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CI2013V	Persons directly employed by the local administration in other
Definition	<p>General remarks with regard to all local administration variables: see CI2001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Persons directly employed by the local administration: see CI2007V - Persons directly employed by the local administration in other: all persons directly employed by the municipal authority in activities not covered by the above categories <p>Deviation from the general remarks: see CI2007V</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment by the local administration: see CI2007V - Employment by the local administration in other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: all fixed-term employees of all sectors are additionally included (for one city) - LT: employees in NACE sections A-H, I (640000-649999 only), J, K, L (except for Central state and 751120-751139) and O - PT: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) superior technicians and administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city) b) administrative employees (already included in CI2008V) (for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available: GR, IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, FR(C), FR(K), IT, MT, PL</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IT, PL</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1996 – 2002: ES - 2000 – 2004: PT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CZ - 2001, 2003: PL - 2002, 2003: BE, CY <p>4)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, NL, SE, SI, SK - 2003: BG

Training and Education: Education and Training Provision

Variables

TE1001V	Children 0-4 in day care (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: all educational data are study-placed based</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: institutions, public or private, which look after children during the day. Child minders should be included <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (2001): care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - CZ (1993, 1996): nursery schools - CZ (1993) special day care kindergartens for disabled children are excluded - DE (1992): places in nursery schools and kindergartens - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - IT (1996): state nursery schools only (2002, 2003): nursery schools and kindergartens - NL: day care institutions of the largest provider only (for one city) - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: 0–3 years - CZ (1993, 1996): 3-6 years - FI, SK (2001): 0-6 years - IT (1996): 3-4 years - IT (2003): 0-2 years (nursery school) and 3-5 years (kindergartens) - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administrated by the Ministry of Social Security, year 2000) and 3-4 years (institutions administrated by the Ministry of Education, school year 2001/02) - SI: 1-6 years <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: City of Brussels plus the other 19 municipalities
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FI, IE, IT, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT, NL, SK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>d) No data available: IE, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, FI, NL, PL, SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1992, 1997, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1996, 2001 – 2003: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, SE, SI - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2000: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: GR - 1996, 2001: EE, PL, SK - 1996, 2002: BE - 1997, 2001: LU - 1998, 2001: LT, LV - 2001, 2002: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, PT - 2002: FR(C), FR(K)

TE1002V	Children 0-4 in private day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Private day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, FR(C), PT, SI: inclusive of other day care - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - EE: registered institutions and childminders only

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - IT: (2001): state nursery schools only (partial data) (2002): kindergartens only (2003): nursery schools and kindergartens - NL: playgroups (for one city) - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI, SK: 0-6 years - IT (2003): 0-2 years (nursery school) and 3-5 years (kindergartens) - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security, year 2000) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education, school year 2001/02) - SI: 1-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DK, ES, IE, IT, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES, IT, SK d) No data available: BG, DK, IE, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, IT, NL, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: IT, NL c) Modelled statistic: ES d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: IT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: NL 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, FR(C), FR(K)
TE1003V	Children 0-4 in public day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Public day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - DE: municipal institutions only - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - IT: state kindergartens only - NL: playgroups (for one city) - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI, SK: 0-6 years - IT (2003): 0-2 years (nursery school) and 3-5 years (kindergartens) - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education) - SI: 1-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DK, ES, GR, IE, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES, SK d) No data available: BG, DK, GR, IE, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, NL, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL c) Modelled statistic: ES d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Reference years	1) More than 3 years:

(countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, FR(C), FR(K)
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TE1029V	Children 0-4 in other day care , e.g. in church day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Other day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY: child minders are excluded - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - PT: private and other day care - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education) - SK: 0-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK, IT, SK</p> <p>c) Not relevant: FR(C), FR(K) and SI (included in TE1002V)</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, ES, FI, GR, IE, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DK, IT, SK</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: DK, IT</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: NL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, DK, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SK - 2002: BE

TE1005V	Total students registered for final year of compulsory education
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Compulsory education: the term “compulsory education” has to be adapted to the institutional arrangements of the country. Students moving from one to another school to fulfil compulsory education will have done compulsory education at the end. This phenomena is assumed to be small and might be neglected if necessary <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: pupils in schools for children with mental diseases are not included - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: 9 years of compulsory education - DE: registered students in 7th grade in 2000 - FR: persons aged 17 - HU: students attending the 10th grade of education - NL: students aged 16 on 31-12-2000 in schools and other institutions for secondary

	<p>education</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL: students of 3rd class of lower secondary school - RO: students registered for the final year of the lower secondary education - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, PT, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K): no specification - ES, IE, IT, SK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, IE, IT, MT, SK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT c) No data available: ES, IE, IT, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, DE, MT, NL, RO b) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, NL, RO c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: BG 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), GR - 2000: EE, NL - 2001: AT, CZ, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, RO, SE, SI, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: BE, DE, PT </p>

TE1030V	Students leaving compulsory education without having a diploma (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students not completing compulsory education at institutions offering it within the specified boundaries: all students of any age, leaving compulsory education before completion (in the reference year) <u>or without any diplomas</u>. This comprises both private and public education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 not participating in the school system at Census date - HU: public education only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, LT, LV, SE b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C) c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, FI, IT, UK(K) d) No data available: AT, BG, ES, IE, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, LT, LV, SE b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(C) c) Modelled statistic: CY, UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, IT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1995, 2002: CY - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: CZ, EE - 1998, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1996: DK - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), GR - 2001: HU, LT, UK(C), UK(K) - 2002: IT </p>

TE1017V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – total (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: no explicit definition available <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (1996): general education only - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 participating in the school system at Census date - NL: students aged 17 year of sixteen years old on 31-12-2001 in schools and other institutions for secondary education - PL: students of 1st grade in all types of upper secondary schools for youth - RO: students registered for the first year of the upper secondary education - SI: pupils who have failed and must repeat the year's work in the same form are also included - AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K): no specification - BG, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, ES, FI, IE, LV, MT, PL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, PL, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LT, LU, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, HU, PL, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: NL, RO, UK(K)</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1995, 2000 – 2002: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 1998: IT - 1991, 1996, 2002: PL - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: LU - 1993, 1997, 2001: CZ - 1996, 2001, 2002: SE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK, EE - 1996, 2002: BE - 2001, 2003: UK(C) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), GR - 2001: AT, LT, NL, RO, SI, UK(K)

TE1018-19V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – male/female
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: see TE1017V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 participating in the school system at Census date - NL: students aged 17 year of sixteen years old on 31-12-2001 in schools and other institutions for secondary education - PL: students of 1st grade in all types of upper secondary schools for youth - RO: students registered for the first year of the upper secondary education - SI: are included: pupils who have failed and must repeat the year's work in the same form, pupils who finished elementary school with special programs, foreigners and pupils who finished elementary school at adult education institute - AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, MT, SE, UK(C): no specification - BG, DE, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK, UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DE, ES, FI, IE, LV, MT, PT, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, DE, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK, UK(K)</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, SE, SI, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Modelled statistic: NL, RO d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: SE 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 : IT - 1999: FR(C), FR(K), GR - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LU, NL, RO, SI - 2002: BE, PL - 2003: UK(C)

TE1031V	Students in upper and further education (ISCED level 3-4) (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students in upper secondary education (ISCED 97 level 3-4): students attending programmes leading to the award of a qualification equivalent to ISCED 97 level 3 or 4 <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (1991, 996): adult education (negligible) is not included - FI (1991, 1996): other classification of educational levels - FR: élèves inscrits de la 3ème à la terminale - IT: students at ISCED 4 level are not included - UK: students aged 14-17
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FI, GR, IE, MT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES, IE, MT d) No data available: GR
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, CY, EE, SI c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI d) Modelled statistic: ES, IE, NL e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2002: PT - 1992, 1995, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1999 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 1998: IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, PL, RO - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: LU - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 1999, 2000: FR(K) 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: UK(C), UK(K) - 2001: AT, BG, LT, LV, NL, SE, SK - 2002: IE

TE1032-33V	Students in upper and further education (ISCED level 3-4) – male/female
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Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students in upper secondary education (ISCED 97 level 3-4): see TE1031V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (1996): other classification of educational levels - FR: élèves inscrits de la 3ème à la terminale - IT: students at ISCED 4 level are not included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, GR, IE, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES, IE, MT</p> <p>c) No data available: DE, GR, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, EE, SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: ES, IE, NL</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2002: PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 : IT - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: UK(C) - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, RO, SE, SK - 2002: BE, IE, SI

TE1026V	Students in higher education (ISCED level 5-6) (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students in higher education (ISCED 97 levels 5-6): the number of students attending programmes leading to the award of a qualification equivalent to ISCED 97 levels 5 or 6 <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: étudiants dans l'enseignement supérieur (y compris BTS et Classes Préparatoires aux Grandes Ecoles) - IT (2002): a) students for a doctor's degree only (for one city); b) students at local units of the university in other cities and students following courses at a distance from that university (corsi di teledidattica) (for one city) - SK: foreign students are not included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FI, GR, IE, MT, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SI</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: IE, MT</p> <p>d) No data available: ES, GR</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: IE, NL</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1995, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1992, 1996, 2001, 2002: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, LU, PL, RO - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2002: PT - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ, LV - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 1999, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: IT <p>4)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2001: AT, BG, NL, SE, SK - 2002: IE
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TE1027-28V	Students in higher education (ISCED level 5-6) – male/female
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students in higher education (ISCED 97 levels 5-6): see TE1026V <p>Deviation from the definition: see TE1026V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, GR, IE, LU, MT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: IE, MT</p> <p>c) No data available: ES, GR, LU</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, LT, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IE, NL</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2002: FI - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 1999, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: DE, IT <p>3)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, EE, HU, LV, NL, PL, RO, SE - 2002: BE, IE, PT, SI, SK

Training and Education: Educational Qualifications

Variables

TE2016-18V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 1: total-male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1: primary education or first stage of basic – compulsory – education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, DE, ES, FI, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, NL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available but combined with TE2001-3V: AT, DE</p> <p>e) No data available at all: ES, FI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for NL b) Weighted statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: IT - 1996, 2001: DK 3) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

TE2001V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 2 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2: lower secondary or second stage of basic education; corresponds to the first cycle of secondary education. In countries with no system break between lower secondary and upper secondary education and where lower secondary education lasts more than three years, only the first three years following primary education are counted as lower secondary education. Lower secondary education may either be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for upper secondary education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, DE, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - EE (1991, 1996): 15-69 years - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE (2000), FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - ES, PL, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, ES, FI, MT, PL, NL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>f) Non applicable: PL (2002): combined with TE2016V; PL (1991, 1996): lower secondary education did not exist</p> <p>g) No data available: ES, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p>

- 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT
 - 1991, 2002: SI
 - 1996, 2001: DK
- 4) 1 year/period:
- 1991: BE
 - 1999: FR(C), FR(K)
 - 2000: LV
 - 2000/02 : NL
 - 2001: AT, BG, LT
 - 2002: RO

TE2002-3V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 2: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2: see TE2001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, DE, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE (2000), FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - ES, PL, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, MT, NL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available but combined with TE2017-18V: PL</p> <p>e) No data available: ES, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL, MT</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2000, 2001: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, RO, SI

TE2019V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 3 and 4 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3: upper secondary education; Includes general, technical or vocational education for students who have completed their first cycle of secondary education. Apprenticeship programmes are included. This may be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for tertiary education - ISCED level 4: post-secondary non-tertiary education; programmes leading to the award of a qualification not equivalent to a first university degree, but admission to this level

	<p>usually requires the completion of a programme at the upper secondary level (ISCED 3)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 or 4: - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - EE (1991, 1996): 15-69 years - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales): no specification - ES: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, ES, FI, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>f) No data available: ES</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK(England and Wales), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland)</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2000, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT, UK(C) - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, LT, UK(K) - 2002: RO

TE2020-21V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 3 and 4: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 and 4: see TE2019V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 and 4: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales): no specification

	- ES: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, MT, NL b) Partial coverage: DE, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) No data available: ES
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland) c) Weighted statistic: NL d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 2000, 2001: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: IT, UK(C) - 1996, 2001: DK 3) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

TE2022V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 5 and 6 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5: first stage of tertiary education (not leading directly to an advanced research qualification); Programmes leading to the award of a first or second university degree or a recognised equivalent qualification - ISCED level 6: second stage of tertiary education (leading to an advanced research qualification). Programmes leading to the award of an advanced research qualification <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 or 6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents: see TE2019</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, ES, FI, MT, NL b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT f) No data available: ES
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, UK(England and Wales), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland) d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE g) Modelled statistic: RO h) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2000, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1988, 1995, 2002: PL - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT

	<p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT, UK(C) - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: AT, BG, LT, UK(K) - 2002: RO
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TE2023-24V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 5 and 6: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 and 6: see TE2022V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 and 6: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents: see TE2020-21V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available: ES</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland)</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: RO</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2000, 2001: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT, UK(C) - 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

Environment: Climate and Geography

Variables

EN1005V	Rain fall
Definition	<p>General remark: if there is more than one meteorological station within the specified spatial unit, the one most representative of local conditions is to be selected (<u>no average</u> of values from different stations to be used)</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rainfall: measured in litre/m² = mm <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, DE, CZ, NL: precipitation of more than 0,1 mm - PT: precipitation of more than 1 litre per m²
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), MT, SE, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p>

	d) Partial coverage: DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K) e) No data available: MT, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), PL b) Enumerated statistic and (un-)weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK d) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K) e) Modelled statistic: PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY - 1996 - 2001: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1999 – 2001: AT, FR(K) 3) 2 years: - 1998, 2001: IT - 2000, 2001: FR(C) 4) 1 year: - 1990: BE - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK - 2002: IE

EN1001V	Number of days of rain per annum
Definition	General remark: if there is more than one meteorological station within the specified spatial unit, the one most representative of local conditions is to be selected (<u>no average</u> of values from different stations to be used) Definition: - Days of rain: any day during which rainfall is recorded (in the reference year) - Rainfall: measured in litre/m ² = mm Deviation from the definition: - Rainfall: - AT, DE, CZ, NL, SI: precipitation of more than 0,1 mm - LV: daily amount of precipitation 1 litre/m ² and more - PT: precipitation of more than 1 litre per m ² - Days of rain per annum: - BE: average 1971 - 2000 - LU: average 1970 - 2000
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, RO, SE, UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Partial coverage: DE, EE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK e) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, RO, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, DE, DK, EE, ES, LU, PL b) Enumerated statistic and (un-)weighted statistic: ES c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, EE d) Modelled statistic: BE, LU, PL e) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1999 – 2001: AT 3) 2 years: - 1998, 2001: IT 4) 1 year: - 1970/00 : LU - 1971/00 : BE - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK - 2002: IE

EN1002V	Hours of sunshine per day
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Definition	<p>General remark: if there is more than one meteorological station within the specified spatial unit, the one most representative of local conditions is to be selected (<u>no average</u> of values from different stations to be used)</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hours of sunshine per day in the reference year: total number of hours of sunshine in (each) reference year divided by the total number of days in the reference year (365 or 366 in a leap year) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT, LV: hours per year
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), MT, RO, SE, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) No data available: RO, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), MT, PL</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, (un-)weighted statistic and modelled statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>d) (Un-)weighted statistic: EE, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: PL</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: LT - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1999 – 2001: FR(C), FR(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: AT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: BE - 1999: LU - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK - 2002: IE, IT

Variables as Indicators

EN1003V	Average temperature of warmest month
Definition	<p>General remark: if there is more than one meteorological station within the specified spatial unit, the one most representative of local conditions is to be selected (<u>no average</u> of values from different stations to be used)</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Average temperature: degrees Celsius <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, SE, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: EE, FR(C), FR(K), LT</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, MT</p> <p>f) No data available: SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: all countries except for AT, DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, PL</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: DE</p> <p>d) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: EE, FR(C), FR(K), LT</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PL</p> <p>g) Type of indicator indeterminable: AT, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY - 1996 - 2001: RO

	2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1992, 1996, 2001: LT - 1999 – 2001: AT, FR(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: IT 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: BE - 2000: FR(C) - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK - 2002: IE
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EN1004V	Average temperature of coldest month
Definition	General remark: if there is more than one meteorological station within the specified spatial unit, the one most representative of local conditions is to be selected (<u>no average</u> of values from different stations to be used) Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Average temperature: degrees Celsius Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, SE, UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK d) Partial coverage: EE, FR(C), FR(K), LT e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, MT f) No data available: SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: all countries except for AT, DE, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, MT, PL b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: DE d) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: DK e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: EE, FR(C), FR(K), LT f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PL g) Type of indicator indeterminable: AT, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY - 1996 - 2001: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1992, 1996, 2001: LT - 1999 – 2001: AT, FR(K) - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: IT 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: BE - 2000: FR(C) - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK - 2002: IE

Environment: Air Quality and Noise

Variables

EN2001V	Winter smog: number of days sulphur dioxide SO ₂ concentrations exceed 125 µg/m ³
Definition	Definition:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sulphur dioxide SO₂ concentrations: see Council Directive 99/30/EC relating to limit values for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter and lead in ambient air <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE (1996): > 150 µg/m³ (for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, CZ, GR, IE, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C) f) No data available: MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL d) Modelled statistic: EE, SE e) (Un-)weighted statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, CZ, GR, IE, PL, SI, SK, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 1992, 1993, 1996, 2001: DE - 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, LV 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2000: IT - 1996, 2001: EE, LU - 2000, 2001: AT - 2001, 2002: HU, PT - 2001, 2003: DK 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, NL, PL, SK - 2002: IE, SI - 2003: LT
EN2002V	Summer smog: number of days ozone O₃ concentrations exceed 120 µg/m³
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ozone O₃ concentrations: proposal for Council Directive 99/0068 relating to ozone in ambient air <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG, LU, NL: > 110 µg/m³ - DE (1996), IT: > 180 µg/m³ (for one city) - FR: from 180 µg/m³ to more than 200 µg/m³
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, CZ, GR, IE, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C) f) No data available: MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL d) Modelled statistic: EE, SE e) (Un-)weighted statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, CZ, GR, IE, PL, SI, SK, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 1992, 1993, 1996, 2001: DE - 1996, 1999, 2000, 2001: AT - 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE

	<p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2000: IT - 1996, 2001: EE - 2001, 2002: DK, HU, PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, CZ, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SK - 2002: IE, SI - 2003: LT
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EN2003V	Number of days nitrogen dioxide NO₂ concentrations exceed 200 µg/m³
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sulphur dioxide SO₂ concentrations: see Council Directive 99/30/EC relating to limit values for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter and lead in ambient air <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p> <p>Specification with regard to the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR, LV: threshold of one hour average
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL, PL</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, CZ, GR, IE, SE, SI, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>f) No data available: MT, RO, UK(K)</p>
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Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, HU, IT, LU, LV, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: EE, PL, SE</p> <p>e) (Un-)weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, CZ, GR, IE, SI, SK, UK(C)</p>
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Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, LV - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2000: IT - 1996, 2001: EE, LU - 2000, 2001: AT - 2001, 2002: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, CZ, DK, FR(C), FR(K), GR, NL, PL, SK - 2002: IE, PT, SI - 2003: LT
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EN2005V	Number of days particulate matter PM₁₀ concentrations exceed 50 µg/m³
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - particulate matter PM₁₀ concentrations: see Council Directive 99/30/EC relating to limit values for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter and lead in ambient air <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: half a year (for one city) <p>Specification with regard to the definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: 24 hours average
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CY, HU, LU, LV, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL, PL</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, CZ, GR, IE, SI, SK, UK(C)</p>
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	f) No data available: IT, MT, RO, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, HU, LU, LV, PT b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), LT, NL d) Modelled statistic: AT, EE, PL e) (Un-)weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, CZ, GR, IE, SI, SK, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 2000 – 2003: CY 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI - 1991, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2000 – 2002: ES 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: DK, HU 4) 1 year: - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SK - 2002: BE, IE, PT, SI - 2003: LT

EN2006V	Concentration of lead Pb in ambient air in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
Definition	Definition: - Concentration of lead Pb: see Council Directive 99/30/EC relating to limit values for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter and lead in ambient air Deviation from the definition: none Deviation from the spatial unit: - PT: country (national average)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, HU, LU, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: DE, EE, LT, LV, NL d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, IT e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, CZ, FR(K), GR, IE, PL, SK, UK(C) f) No data available: CY, ES, FR(C), MT, RO, SE, SI
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, HU, LU, PT b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) (Un-)weighted statistic: DE, LT, LV, NL d) Modelled statistic: BG, CZ, EE e) (Un-)weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, IT f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT g) Type of statistic indeterminable: FR(K), GR, IE, PL, SK, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 2 years: - 1991, 1992, 1996, 1999: LT - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 1998 – 2001: FR(K) 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: FI - 2000, 2001: AT - 2001, 2002: HU, IT 3) 1 year: - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PT, SK - 2002: BE, IE, PL

EN2007V	Residents exposed to outdoor day noise levels above 55 dB(A)
Definition	Definition: - Outdoor day noise levels: see Proposal for Directive 6660/01 relating to the assessment and management of environmental noise and Council Directive 2002/49 on environmental noise Deviation from the definition: - DK: dwellings which have an impact over 55 dB(A) each 24 hours (no split between day and night) - PL: levels above 60 dB(A)
Data sources	a) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI

(statistical basis)	b) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, DE, DK, NL, PL, SE c) No data available: BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, DE, DK, FI, NL, PL, SE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1996, 1998, 2001: DE 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: FI 3) 1 year: - 2001: AT, BG, DK, NL, PL, SE

EN2008V	Residents exposed to sleep disturbing outdoor night noise levels above 45 dB(A)
Definition	Definition: - Outdoor night noise levels: see Proposal for Directive 6660/01 relating to the assessment and management of environmental noise and Council Directive 2002/49 on environmental noise Deviation from the definition: - PL: levels above 55 dB(A)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BG, DE, NL, PL, SE b) No data available: BE, CY, CZ, EE, ES, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, DE, NL, PL, SE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1996, 1998, 2001: DE 2) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: - 2001: AT, BG, NL, PL

EN2014V	Carbon dioxide CO2 emissions (tons)
Definition	Definition: - carbon dioxide CO2 emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants Deviation from the definition: - FI: emissions from fuel combustion only - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad - PL: only emissions from enterprises generating substantial air pollution (energy and industry sectors of economy) producing about 60-70% of total air pollutants
Data sources (statistical basis)	Type of coverage: - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions Availability a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LU, NL, PL, SE, UK(C) b) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LU, NL, PL, SE, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1998, 1999, 2001: AT 2) 2 years: - 1997, 2000: IT - 1999, 2000: UK(C) - 1999, 2001: DE - 2000, 2001: BE - 2001, 2002: HU 3) 1 year:

- 1996: ES
- 2000: NL
- 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU, PL, SE
- 2002: CZ

EN2009V	Carbon monoxide CO emissions (tons)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - carbon monoxide CO emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (2001): emissions from mobile sources are not included - FI: CO emissions from other sources than fuel combustion as well as from small combustion of wood are not included. - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad - PL: only emissions from enterprises generating substantial air pollution (energy and industry sectors of economy) producing about 60-70% of total air pollutants
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>Type of coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions <p>Availability</p> <p>a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LV, MT, PT, RO, SI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES - 1999, 2000, 2001: BE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DE - 1997, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000: IT - 1999, 2000: UK(C) - 2001, 2002: CZ, HU <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: UK(K) - 2000: NL - 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU, PL, SE, SK
EN2010V	Methane CH ₄ emissions (tons)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - methane CH₄ emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: Leakage of methane from natural gas supply networks is not included - FI: CH₄ emissions from other sources than fuel combustion as well as from small combustion of wood are not included - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>Type of coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions <p>Availability</p> <p>a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, IT, LT, LU, NL</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, IT, LT, LU, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2000, 2001: AT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: BE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: DE, ES - 1998: IT - 2000: NL - 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU - 2002: CZ
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EN2011V	Non-methane volatile organic compounds NVOC emissions (tons)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - non-methane volatile organic compounds NVOC emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: NMVOC emissions from other sources than fuel combustion as well as from small combustion of wood are not included. - IT: traffic emissions - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad - SE: methane is included (for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>Type of coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions <p>Availability</p> <p>a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1997, 1998, 2000, 2002: IT - 1999, 2000, 2001: AT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DE - 2000, 2001: BE, SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: ES - 1999: UK(C), UK(K) - 2000: NL - 2001: BG, CY, DK, EE, LU - 2002: CZ

EN2012V	Sulphur dioxide SO2 emissions (tons)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sulphur dioxide SO2 emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: mobile sources are not included (for one city) - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad - PL: only emissions from enterprises generating substantial air pollution (energy and industry sectors of economy) producing about 60-70% of total air pollutants - SI: average annual emission
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>Type of coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions <p>Availability</p> <p>a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LV, MT, PT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C)</p>

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES - 1997, 1998, 2000, 2002: IT - 1999, 2000, 2001: AT, BE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: DE - 1999, 2000: UK(C) - 2000, 2001: SE - 2001, 2002: HU <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: UK(K) - 2000: NL - 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU, PL, SI, SK - 2002: CZ
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EN2013V	Nitrogen dioxide NO2 emissions (tons)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - nitrogen dioxide NO2 emissions: see Proposal for Council Directive 99/0067 on the national emission ceilings for certain atmospheric pollutants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: NO plus NO2 (for one city); NO_x (for one city) - CZ: 10% of NO_x - IT: NO_x for traffic emissions (for two cities) - LU: no emission from combustion of fuel bought in Luxembourg but consumed abroad - SE: NO_x (for one city) - SI: average annual emission
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>Type of coverage:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not so relevant since many sources are generally used for the calculation of the emissions <p>Availability</p> <p>a) Data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Modelled statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES - 1997, 1998, 2000, 2002: IT - 1999, 2000, 2001: AT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: DE - 1999, 2000: UK(C) - 2000, 2001: BE, SE - 2001, 2002: HU <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: UK(K) - 2000: NL - 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU, SI, SK - 2002: CZ

Environment: Water

Variables

EN3001V	Annual tests (on all parameters) on drinking water quality
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - annual tests on drinking water quality: samples taken from within the specified boundary in the reference year: refers to the total number of tests (according to the Council Directive 98/83/EC Annex II Table B1 and B2) that were carried out <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU (2003): number of examined samples (not tests) <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: country
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE, ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CY, CZ, IE, LU, PL, SI, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL, SE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) (Un-)weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: EE, PL</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CY, CZ, IE, LU, SI, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: ES - 2000 – 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI - 2000, 2001, 2003: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: PT - 2001, 2002: NL, PL - 2001, 2003: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, LU, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

EN3002V	Annual determinations which exceed the prescribed concentration values
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - annual determinations exceeding the concentration values: number of tests exceeding the thresholds fixed in the Council Directive 98/83/EC <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU (2003): number of objectionable examined samples (not tests) <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: country
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CY, CZ, IE, LU, PL, SI, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: EE, PL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CY, CZ, IE, LU, SI, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI - 2000, 2001, 2003: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: PT - 2001, 2002: NL, PL - 2001, 2003: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, LU, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

EN3003V	Consumption of water in m ³
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - consumption of water (cubic meters per annum): by all users, excluding leakage; consumption by industries with own water sources is not included, nor is sea water for cooling <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: all fresh water used by industry, agriculture and domestic sector - CZ: invoiced water supplies - DK: water supply from the municipality (about 60 pct of households) (for one city) - ES: domestic consumption only (for one city) - FI: pumped from water plants (for one city) - FR: distributed water that has been invoiced and paid by private households and big clients - HU (1990): drinking water only (for one city) - LV: industrial and domestic water - PL: water consumption for purposes of water-line system exploitation, excluding water consumption for industrial purposes from water-line system of gminas, voivodship waterworks and water companies <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: country
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, LU d) Partial coverage: FR(C), LV e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, IE, PL f) No data available: FR(K), GR, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CY, EE, HU, IT, LT, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CZ, DE, NL c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and weighted statistic: ES d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, LU e) Weighted statistic: FR(C), LV f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, IE, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 1997, 2001: LU - 1991 - 1993, 1995, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2001: DE - 1991, 1995, 1996, 2001: PL - 1991 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, LT, PT - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, CY, CZ, EE, SI, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: RO - 1996, 2000: IT - 2001, 2002: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: SE - 1998: FR(C) - 2001: BG, DK, LV - 2002: IE
EN3004V	Dwellings connected to potable drinking water system
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwellings: conventional dwellings: see SA1000V - Potable water system: not defined (conceived as broad concept by author) <p>Deviation from the definition as broad concept:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: grand total number of houses (for one city) - LU: water meters - BG: dwellings with 100% central drinkable water supply - PL: conventional dwellings fitted to waterline system - PT: occupied familiar dwellings as usual residence connected to a public or private potable drinking water system - RO: permanent or seasonal dwellings recorded with a water-supply installation placed inside the dwelling and connected to a public network, other situations (dwellings

	<p>endowed with water-supply installation placed outside the dwelling but inside the building from public system or own system and dwellings endowed with water-supply installation placed inside dwelling, but from own system) being excluded</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI: dwellings connected to the individual rainwater tank or individual water accumulation facility are not included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, IT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, LU e) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CY, CZ, EE, HU, IT, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, FI e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, NL, RO f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, LU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: IT - 2000, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: - 2000: DE, EE - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: BE, PL, RO, SI</p>

EN3006V	Dwellings connected to sewerage treatment system
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwellings: conventional dwellings: see SA1000V - Sewerage treatment: connection to central sewerage network excluding individual cesspools <p>Deviation from the definition as broad concept:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: grand total number of houses (for one city) - BG: inhabited dwellings only - EE: dwellings with sewage disposal systems - PL: conventional dwellings fitted to waterline system - PT: occupied familiar dwellings as usual residence connected to connected to a public sewerage treatment system
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, MT e) No data available: GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CY, CZ, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IT, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, FI e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, NL, RO f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: - 1999, 2001: ES 3) 1 year: - 1991 : IT - 1999 : FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DE, EE - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, HU, NL, PT, SE, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI - 2003: CY</p>

EN3008V	Water rationing cases, days per year

Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - water rationing cases, days per year: includes scheduled water cuts due to shortage, e.g. hosepipe bans; excluding cuts due to maintenance or repair which are highly infrequent and seldom impact on quality of life <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CZ, EE, IE, LU, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, FI</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: CZ, EE, NL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, IE, LU, SI, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than three years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI - 2000 – 2002: PT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 : IT - 2001 : AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, NL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

EN3009V	Scheduled water cuts, days per year
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - scheduled water cuts, days per year: includes water cuts due to repair and maintenance <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: annual number of scheduled cases - SI: number of breaks (not days)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CZ, EE, IE, LU, MT, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, LT, LV, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DE, HU, IT, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, FI</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: EE, NL, SI</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ, IE, LU, MT, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: ES - 2000, 2002: PT - 2001, 2002: IT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, NL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

Environment: Waste Management

Variables

EN4001V	Annual amount of solid waste (domestic and commercial) (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: the data only refer to the waste flows managed (collected and treated) under the responsibility of the local administration including waste collected on behalf</p>

	<p>of the local authority by private companies or regional associations founded for that purpose</p> <p>Definition of municipal waste includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) bulky waste and garden waste, leaves, grass clippings, street sweepings, the content of litter containers, and market cleansing waste, if managed as waste b) waste from households (domestic) and waste from commerce and trade, small businesses, office buildings and institutions (commercial) c) waste from selected municipal services, if managed as waste d) waste traditionally collected from door-to-door and waste collected separately for recovery operations <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: hazardous waste is not included - DK: fly ash and slag from incineration plants and power stations are not included - NL: domestic waste only - PL (1998): commercial waste only (2002): industrial waste is not included - SI (1996): acceptable waste on dump Barje
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, EE, PL, SI c) Partial coverage: FR(C), FR(K) d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, GR, MT, SE f) No data available: CY, IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, EE, PL c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, SK d) Weighted statistic: FR(C), FR(K) e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES f) Modelled statistic: AT, SE g) Type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BE, BG, FI, GR, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 1997, 2001: LU - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: BE - 1991, 1994, 1996, 1997, 2001, 2002: AT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2002: PT - 1991 – 2002: ES - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2001: DE - 1996, 2002 – 2003: SI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, SK - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: IT - 1996, 2001: EE - 1998, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: CZ 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: GR - 2001: BG, DK, LV, NL, SE

EN4002V	Annual amount of solid waste (domestic and commercial) processed by landfill sites
Definition	<p>General remark: see EN4001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - landfill: the deposit of waste into or onto land, including specially engineered landfill, and temporary storage of over one year on permanent sites. The definition covers both landfill in internal sites (i.e. where a generator of waste is carrying out its own waste disposal at the place of generation) and in external sites <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - landfill: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: collected municipal and commercial waste and land filled in some cases outside of the town - FI (2000): waste collected by the district organisation and not separated between the cities (for one city)

	Deviation from the spatial unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE (2000): DE012C: Bremen and Bremerhaven - GR: spatial level between city and larger urban zone
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK c) Partial coverage: EE, FR(C), FR(K) d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, GR, MT, SE f) No data available: CY, HU, IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, IT, LT LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK c) Weighted statistic: FR(C), FR(K) d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, EE, SE f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI g) Type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BE, GR, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000 - 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1998, 2000, 2001: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: GR - 2000, 2002: PT - 2001, 2002: AT, BE, IT - 2001, 2003: CZ, SI 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: FR(C), FR(K) - 2001: BG, DK, EE, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK - 2002 : PL

EN4003V	Annual amount of solid waste (domestic and commercial) processed by incinerators
Definition	<p>General remark: see EN4001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - incineration: thermal treatment of waste in an incineration plant, i.e. stationary or mobile technical unit and equipment dedicated to the thermal treatment of wastes with or without recovery of the combustion heat generated. This includes the incineration by oxidation of waste as well as other thermal treatment processes such as pyrolysis, gasification or plasma processes in so far as the substances resulting from the treatment are subsequently incinerated <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - incineration: none <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see EN4002</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK c) Partial coverage: FR(C), FR(K) d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, MT, SE f) Not applicable (no incinerator): SI g) No data available: EE, IE, LV, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK c) Weighted statistic: FR(C), FR(K) d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, SE f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CY, GR, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 - 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1998, 2000, 2001: DE

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2002: PT - 2001, 2002: AT, BE, IT - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: FR(C), FR(K) - 2001: BG, CY, DK, GR, HU, LU, NL, SE, SK
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EN4004V	Annual amount of solid waste (domestic and commercial) that is recycled
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Definition	<p>General remark: see EN4001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - recycling: any reprocessing of material in a production process that diverts it from the waste stream, except reuse as fuel. Both reprocessing as the same type of product or for different purposes should be included. Direct recycling within industrial plants at the place of generation should be excluded <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - recycling: none <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see EN4002</p>
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, GR, MT, SE</p> <p>f) No data available: CY, IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
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Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: AT, EE, SE</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, GR, MT</p>
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Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1998, 2000, 2001: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: GR - 2000, 2002: PT - 2001, 2002: AT, BE, IT - 2001, 2003: CZ, SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: FR(C), FR(K) - 2001: BG, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK - 2002: PL
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EN4006V	Annual amount of solid waste (domestic and commercial) given to other disposal units
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Definition	<p>General remark: see EN4001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - other disposal units: operations under the control of municipal authorities <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - other disposal units: none <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see EN4002</p>
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE</p>
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	<p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, MT, SE, FR(K)</p> <p>f) Not applicable: SI (not given to other disposal)</p> <p>g) No data available: FR(C), IE, LV, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, EE, SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CY, FI, FR(K), GR, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996 – 2002: FR(K) - 1996, 2000 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1998, 2000, 2001: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: GR - 2000, 2002: PT - 2001, 2002: AT, BE, IT - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, CY, DK, EE, HU, LU, NL, SE, SK - 2002: PL

EN4005V	Annual amount of toxic waste
Definition	<p>General remark: see EN4001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - toxic waste: waste separately collected from households, small enterprises and services in homogeneous fractions by public services, non-profit organisations and private enterprises acting in the field of “organised” (under license from municipal authorities) waste collection <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - municipal waste: see EN4001V - toxic waste: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: hospital waste not included - PT: industrial dangerous waste only <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: higher spatial level: Brussels agglomeration (19 municipalities); 3 Flanders Provinces, Walloon Region (twice) - GR: spatial level between city and larger urban zone
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, EE, FI, GR, MT, SE</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, LV, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, BG, EE, SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, GR, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2000 – 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2003: CZ, SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: PT - 2001: BE, BG, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, NL, SE, SK - 2002: AT, PL

Environment: Land Use

Variables

EN5003V	Land area (km ²) according to cadastral register (H)
Definition	<p>Definition: It is recommended that the statistical definition of surface area is harmonised and that the area concept used be the land area concept, excluding lakes, rivers, and coastal seas. Mountainous regions, glaciers, forests, wetlands and other more or less uninhabitable regions should be included in the land area</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (2001): inland water bodies are included (for one city) - ES (1991, 1996): lakes may be included - FR: water surfaces are included - LV: land under water is included - RO: total area including lakes and rivers - LU (1989): degree of precision is bad
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DK, ES, FI, IE, MT, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, MT, SI, UK(K)</p> <p>e) No data available: IE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: EE, LU, SK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: SI</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, MT, UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1996, 2000, 2001: EE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: AT, ES - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: PL - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: CY, CZ, FI, IT, LT, LV, PT, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE - 2001 – 2003: MT, RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1999: LU - 1991, 2000: GR - 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2001, 2003: DK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: BG, NL - 2001: SI - 2002: UK(K)
EN5015V	Water and wetland (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: inland or coastal areas covered by water and flooded surfaces or likely to be so over a large part of the year. Corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: water and wetland (G)</p> <p>CORINE: wetlands (4) and water bodies (5)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: inland water areas - GR: inland waters, inland wetlands and coastal wetlands - HU: inland marshes (for one city); inland marshes and peat bogs (two cities) - IT: watercourses, canals, lagoons and artificial catchments basins (one city)

	- LV: area covered by water and swamps
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, ES, IE, MT, PT, SI, SK b) Partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SI e) No data available: BE, CY, IE, PT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, RO, SE b) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: EE, HU, SI, UK(C), UK(K) e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1998, 1999, 2002: ES - 2001 – 2003: RO 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 1999, 2002: IT - 2001, 2002: PL 3) 1 year: - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, FI, GR, NL, SE, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001: AT, DK, LV, SI, SK - 2003: MT

EN5012V	Green space area (km²)
Definition	Definition: Vegetated area. Corresponds to LUCAS: cropland (B), woodland (C), shrub land (D) and permanent grassland (E) CORINE: green urban areas (1.4.1), forest and semi-natural areas (3) but excluding open spaces with little or no vegetation (3.3) Deviation from the definition: - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - HU (1998): green urban areas (CORINE 1.4.1) only - IT: private and public green areas to be kept in repair (except wooden areas) (one city) - LT: forest under protection (one city); cemeteries (another city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SE, SI, SK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SI, SK c) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LV, PT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LU, NL, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU c) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, LT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: RO 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 1998, 2001: HU - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT 3) 1 year: - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR, NL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001: AT, DK, SI, SK - 2003: BE, MT

EN5016V	Land used for agricultural purposes (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: area utilised for agricultural purpose. Corresponds to LUCAS: agricultural use (U11) CORINE: agricultural area (2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification based on registration - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: agricultural land - GR: Greek classification: B (arable land, permanent crops and heterogeneous agricultural areas) and E (pastures-transitional wood land/shrub, pastures -shrub and /or herbaceous vegetation associations and pastures-open spaces with little or no vegetation) - HU: non-irrigated arable land (CORINE 2.1.1) only - LT: agricultural land according to the nomenclature of agricultural products - LV: land area in accordance with nomenclature for statistics on agricultural products as well as unutilized agricultural land - RO: arable land, natural pastures and hayfields, vineyards and orchards
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, IE, MT, PT, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SI, SK d) No data available: CY, IE, PT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, EE, ES, HU, LT, MT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: LT d) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK e) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, SI f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 1998 – 2001: ES</p> <p>2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1995, 2001, 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: MT, RO</p> <p>3) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL</p> <p>4) 1 year: - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, FI, GR, NL, SE - 2001: AT, DK, LV, SI, SK - 2003: BE</p>

EN5017V	Land area in mineral extraction (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: mining and quarrying (U14) CORINE: mineral extraction sites (1.3.1)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finish land use classification: rock and soil extraction areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - areas for waterworks and mining holes equipment and exploitation (one city); Lithuanian classification with no further detail (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SI, SK, UK(K) b) Type of coverage indeterminable: IE, MT, SK c) No data available: AT, CY, ES, LV, PT, SI, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, EE, HU, IE, LT, MT, RO, SK, UK(C) b) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, LT, RO, SK, UK(C) c) Type of statistic indeterminable: IE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with	<p>1) 3 years: - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ</p>

availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 1999, 2002: IT - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, FI, GR, NL, SE - 2001: DK, SK - 2002: IE - 2003: BE, MT
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EN5018V	Land area in industrial and manufactory use (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">LUCAS: industry and manufacturing (U22)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">CORINE: industrial and commercial areas (1.2.1)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification based on registration - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - HU: industrial and commercial areas (1.2.1) and land in commerce - IT: industrial handicraft area and preponderantly industrial handicraft area (one city) - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - areas used for industrial and storage objects - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, EE, HU, LT, MT, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, LT, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 2001, 2002: IT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, FI, GR - 2001: AT, DK, SI, SK - 2003: BE, MT

EN5019V	Land area in road network use (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">LUCAS: roads (U31.2)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">CORINE: in the CORINE Land Cover there are no linear features with less than 100m in width that are recorded. No data on linear transport features, therefore, are available. "Road and rail networks and associated land" should be used as an approximation (1.2.2)</p> <p>Approximation CORINE (1.2.2): BG, EE, FR(C), HU, LU, UK(C)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finish land use classification: road traffic areas

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR, HU, UK: land area in rail network use (EN5020V) included - IT: roads and footways (one city); unpaved and paved roads (non LUCAS) (one city) - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - streets and roads network construction and exploitation (one city); streets with protection areas (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SE, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LV, PT, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, NL, PL, SI</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, HU, LT, LU, RO, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT, SI <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, FI, GR, NL - 2001: AT, DK, SK - 2003: BE, MT

EN5020V	Land area in rail network use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: railways (U31.1)</p> <p>CORINE: road and rail networks and associated land (already included in EN5019V (1.2.2). (If the data concerning the railway network cannot be separated from the road network data, these variables might be estimated by using a fixed coefficient.)</p> <p>Approximation CORINE (1.2.2): BG, EE, FR(C), HU, LU, UK(C)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finish land use classification: railway and other rail traffic areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - included in land areas in industrial and manufacturing use (one city); Lithuanian classification with no further detail (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LV, MT, PT, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Not applicable (included in 5019V): FR(C), FR(K), HU, UK(C)</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, DK, FI, GR, IT, NL, PL, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, LT, LU, RO</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 2002: IT - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: SI <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU

- 2000: BG, FI, GR, NL
- 2001: AT, DK, LT, SK
- 2003: BE

EN5008V	Land area in ports use (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: area utilised for transport on water. Corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">LUCAS: water transport (U31.3)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">CORINE: in the CORINE Land Cover there are no linear features with less than 100m in width that are recorded. No data on linear transport features, therefore, are available. Ports etc. are already included in (1.2.3)</p> <p>Approximation CORINE (1.2.3): BG, EE, FR(C), HU, LU, UK(C)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finish land use classification: port areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - land area of State water fund (one city); river Nevezis (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SE, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, CY, IE, LV, PT, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR(K), FR(C), GR, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, LT, RO, UK(C)</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 2002: IT - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2003: LT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR, NL - 2001: DK, SI, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, MT
EN5009V	Land area in airports use (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">LUCAS: air transport (U31.4)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">CORINE: airports (1.2.4)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finish land use classification: air traffic and aviation areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - territory of an aero club (one city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, ES, IE, LV, MT, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, ES, IE, LV, PT, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LU, NL, PL, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, LT</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, RO</p>

data)	d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT, SI <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR, NL, SE - 2001: AT, DK, SK - 2002: IT - 2003: BE, MT

EN5021V	Land area in water treatment use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">LUCAS: water supply and treatment (U32.1)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">CORINE: included in dump sites (1.3.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - IT: purifying area ports zone - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - zones of sanitary protection are included (one city); areas of mining holes and administrative and industrial buildings (another city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, IT, LT, LU, PL, RO, SI</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: EE, MT, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LV, NL, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, IT, PL</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SI</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, LT, LU, RO, SK</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2002: IT - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2003: LT - 2001, 2004: EE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: BG - 2001: SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, MT, SI

EN5022V	Land area in waste disposal use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">LUCAS: waste treatment (U32.2)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">CORINE: dump sites (1.3.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: environmental management areas - IT: surrounding of firms for garbage (one city) - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, CY, DK, ES, IE, IT, LV, MT, NL, PT, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: IT</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p>

	d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK e) No data available: AT, CY, DK, IE, LV, NL, PT, FR(K), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, FI, FR(C), GR, LU, PL, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: IT d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, HU, LT, RO, SK, UK(C) f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES 2) 3 years: - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: MT, RO 3) 2 years: - 1994, 2002: IT - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2003: LT, SI 4) 1 year: - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR, SE - 2001: SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE

EN5023V	Land area in commerce, finance and business use (km²)
Definition	Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: commerce, finance, business (U34) CORINE: continuous urban fabric (1.1.1) Deviation from the definition: - AT: business areas - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: business and administrative areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - commercial and small enterprise objects areas with areas for recreational and tourism information (one city); classification of the Republic of Lithuania (without no further detail) (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, GR, IT, LT, LU, PL b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI c) Type of coverage indeterminable: EE, SK d) Not applicable (included in EN5004V): FR(C), FR(K) e) No data available: CY, ES, HU, IE, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, GR, IT, LU, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SI c) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, LT, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ 2) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2002: IT, PL - 2001, 2003: LT, SI 3) 1 year: - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR - 2001: AT, DK, EE, SK - 2003: BE

EN5011V	Land area in recreational, sports and leisure use (km²)
Definition	Definition: corresponds to

	<p>LUCAS: recreation, leisure, sport (U36) CORINE: sport and leisure facilities (1.4.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: business and administrative areas - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities - areas used for recreational and public purposes (one city); areas for public purposes (another city) - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, IE, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LU, PL, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, LT, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES - 1996, 2000: EE - 1999, 2002: IT - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK(C) - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR - 2001: AT, DE, DK, SK - 2003: BE, MT, SI

EN5004V	Land area in housing/residential use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: residential (U37) CORINE: discontinuous urban fabric (1.1.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification (Dauersiedlungsraum) - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - FI: Finnish land use classification: residential areas - FR: land area in commerce, finance and business use (EN5023V) included - HU: continuous urban fabric (1.1.1) and discontinuous urban fabric (1.1.2) - IT: buildings and area belonging to those buildings (one city) - LT: general territory plans non comparable between cities – building areas, garden communities and infield areas (one city); areas for residential purposes (another city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, RO, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: CY, IE, LV, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IT, LU, NL, PL, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, LT, SK, RO</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1999, 2001, 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: RO <p>3) 2 years:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT, SI <p>4)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR(C), FR(K) - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, FI, GR, NL - 2001: AT, DE, DK, SK - 2003: BE, MT
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EN5013V	Unused areas, including contaminated or derelict land areas (km²)
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Definition	<p>Definition: Contaminated land: any land whose inland waters appear to be polluted and/or significant harm has been caused to it due to the substances that it contains.</p> <p>Derelict land: land so damaged by industrial or other developments that it is incapable of beneficial use without treatment</p> <p>Corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: unused land (U40)</p> <p>CORINE: construction sites (1.3.3.) and open spaces with little or no vegetation (1.4.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification – building gaps and unproductive areas - MT: unused areas are not included
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, RO</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: SI</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: EE, MT, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: BE, CY, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LV, PT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
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Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, IT, LU, NL, PL</p> <p>b) Enumerated and weighted statistic: SI</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: EE, LT, RO, SK</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
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Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2001 – 2003: MT, RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: PL - 2001, 2003: LT, SI <p>3)1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, NL - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, SK - 2002: IT
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EN5014V	Urban area subject to special /physical planning conservation measures (km²)
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Definition	<p>Definition: land use planning measures which restrict development in the urban area, based on a conservation rationale (e.g. natural reserves, cultural heritage, protected areas for ground water use etc.). Urban Parks do not belong a-priori to this category, unless they are subject to a special order e.g. protected area for nature conservation etc. as mentioned above.</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: protected zones and protected areas - CZ: zones of nature protection, cultural heritage protection and ground water sources protection - IT: parks and basins (one city) - NL: build-up area protected in the field of physical and town planning - PL: areas included in spatial land development plans where every activity conforms to environmental protection and human activity is limited in virtue of resolutions and regulations laid by authorities - government and local self-government (e.g. scenic parks, nature reserves, areas of protected landscape, ecological areas). - BG, DE, EE, HU, IT (partly), MT, SI, SK: no specification - BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, DE, IT, PL, SI b) Full coverage and type of coverage unknown: NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: EE, HU, MT, SK d) No data available: BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, IT, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, NL c) Modelled statistic: EE, PL, SK d) Type of statistic indeterminable: HU, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2003: NL 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 2001, 2002: IT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 2001: CZ, HU - 2000, 2001: DE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, SK - 2003: MT, SI - 2002: PL - 2004: EE

EN5001V	Green space to which the public has access (hectares)
Definition	<p>Definition: public parks and gardens, open-air sports facilities, and private agricultural areas and parks accessible and free of charge</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: public parks only - IT: green space managed by municipality only - PL: generally accessible green areas and estate green belts i.e. strolling and recreational parks, lawns, estate green belts playing an aesthetic and recreational role for the residents of the housing estate as well as forests owned by municipalities and located within the administrative borders of the cities. The area of parks includes waters located there, an area of water sports, bathing beaches, sport fields, playgrounds etc. as long as they are open to the public - PT: green space in the city centre only - RO: green space area within the city made up (converted in) as parks, public gardens, public squares and sports ground - CZ: master plan category - EE, LU: CORINE land cover - NL: land use map - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database) - BE, BG, DE, DK, ES, FI, HU, SI, SK: no specification - CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, LT, LV, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GR, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU c) Partial coverage: ES d) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, LT, LV, MT, SE, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DK, FI, GR, IT, LU, NL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, DE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: HU d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 2000 – 2002: PT - 2001 – 2003: RO 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2003: SI - 2001, 2004: BG 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: FI, GR, IT, NL - 2001: AT, DK, HU, SK

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2002: PL - 2003: BE
EN5002V	Population within 15 minutes walking distance of urban green areas (number)
Definition	<p>Definition: also be assessed by the number of people living within 300 metres (“as the crow flies”) of publicly accessible (i.e. without charges/fees) green areas, including forested areas.</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: green space in the city centre - see EC5012V (for relevant countries) <p>Specification of the method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: distance of 300 meters used in a GIS environment (one city) or in a manual assessment on a detailed map and population tables of Census enumeration units (other cities) - CZ: 300 meter distance - LU, NL: 300 meters buffer around green areas with intersection of population addresses in a GIS environment - PL: ring of 300 meters around green areas, average area of the green areas and population density of the city - DE, EE, IT, PT, SI, SK: no specification of method - AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K): no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, EE, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SI, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, IT, LU, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, DE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: EE, NL, PL, SI, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: IT - 2001, 2003: SI <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, DE, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: PL - 2004: CZ

Environment: Energy Use

Variables

EN6030V	Petrol and gasoline use for private heating
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - petrol and gasoline: none (tentative definition: crude oil and derivatives, such as propane-butane gas or kerosene: author) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: extension by gas used for private heating. Central heating sources using gas are not included, since final usage by private and other consumers of the heat from central sources cannot be distinguished - DE: gas consumption only (seven cities); consumption for long distance heating has been included (one city) - FI: gas oil used for heating - SK: mineral oil and natural gas use for private heating
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: NL, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CZ, LV, SE</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DE, DK, FI, LU, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, EE, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT, PL, PT, RO</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: NL, SI, SK b) Weighted statistic: CZ, LV, SE c) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, FI, UK(C), UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: DK, LU
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 2) 2 years: - 1999, 2001: DE 3) 1 year: - 2000: SE, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001: AT, DK, LU, LV, NL, SK - 2002: SI - 2004: CZ

EN6031V	Petrol use for private and commercial transport
Definition	Definition: - private and commercial transport: all passenger and goods vehicles registered within the designated area Deviation from the definition: - CZ: vehicles registered by the public transport providers are excluded - DE: estimation based on registered cars (one city) - UK: petrol and diesel
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: SI b) Partial coverage: CZ, LV, SE c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DE, FI, UK(C), UK(K) d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, ES, FR(C), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: SI b) Weighted statistic: CZ, LV, SE c) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, UK(C), UK(K) d) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 2) 2 years: - 1997, 2001: UK(C), UK(K) 3) 1 year: - 2000: SE - 2001: AT, DE, LV - 2002: SI - 2004: CZ

EN6010V	Electricity use
Definition	Definition: none Deviation from the definition as far as it regards completeness: - NL: small scale consumers only (one city); small scale consumers and transport sector (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, NL, PT, SI b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE, DK c) Partial coverage: EE, ES, LV, SE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, FI, LU, MT, PL, SK e) No data available: BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: GR, HU, IT, LT, PT, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, NL c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK d) Weighted statistic: EE, ES, LV, SE e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, LU, MT, PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991 - 2002: ES - 1994, 1998, 1999, 2001: NL 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 3) 2 years:

- 2001, 2002: SI
 - 2001, 2003: CZ
- 4) 1 year:
- 2000: IT, PT, SE
 - 2001: AT, BE, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, SK

EN6011V	Electricity use by the transport sector
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sector: a homogenous group of productive economic activities - transport sector: all transport and supporting activities by companies located within the designated area <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: rail road and other road traffic (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, GR, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES, SE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DE, DK, FI, LU, MT, PL</p> <p>e) No data available: BE, BG, CY, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: GR, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES, SE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: DK, FI, LU, MT, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997 - 2000: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2002: IT - 1998, 1999: NL - 2000, 2001: PT - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: SE - 2001: AT, DE, DK, GR, LT, LU, LV, PL, SK

EN6012V	Electricity use by the industrial sector
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sector: see EN6011V - industrial sector: industry (production of goods) located within the designated area <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: industrial, construction and energy sector
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, DE, GR, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES, SE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, FI, LU, MT</p> <p>e) No data available: BG, CY, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PL, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DE, GR, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES, SE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: AT</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, LU, LV, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1998: NL - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p>

- 2000: DE, IT, PT, SE
- 2001: AT, DK, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, SK
- 2002: BE

EN6013V	Electricity use by the domestic sector
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sector: see EN6011V - domestic sector: domestic residential premises (private households) located within the designated area <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE, ES, SE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, FI, LU, MT, PL, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, RO, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: GR, HU, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES, SE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, EE</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, LU, MT, PL, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 2002: ES - 1994, 1998, 1999, 2001: NL <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2000: SK - 2001, 2002: SI - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT, PT, SE - 2001: AT, BE, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL

EN6014V	Electricity use by the commercial (service) sector
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sector: see EN6011V - commercial (service) sector: commercial and public sector premises, e.g. shops, offices, warehouses, etc, located within the designated area <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: commercial and agricultural sector - NL: transport, industrial and commercial sector (one city) - PT: sectors of commerce, restaurant and hotels, bank and insurance and other services
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, GR, IT, LT, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES, LV, SE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, FI, LU, MT, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: BG, CY, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, PL, RO, SI, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: GR, IT, LT, NL, PT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES, LV, SE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: AT, DE</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, FI, LU, MT, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: NL - 2000, 2001: PT - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p>

- 2000: IT, SE
- 2001: AT, BE, DE, DK, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, SK

EN6015V	Natural gas use
Definition	<p>Definition: none</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT: methane gas consumption
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, DK, HU, IT, LU, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: EE, ES, LV, SE</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, DE, FI, MT, PL, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, HU, IT, LU, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: EE, ES, LV, SE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, DE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, LV, MT, PL, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 2001: ES - 1994, 1998, 1999, 2001: NL <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: SI - 2001, 2003: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT, SE - 2001: AT, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, LV, PL, PT, SK, UK(C), UK(K)

Travel and Transport: Travel Patterns

Variables

TT1064V	People commuting into the city (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - People commuting into the city: residents of areas outside the city, whose employment location or client premises are within the city area <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: students commuting into the city are included - DE: socially ensured employees commuting into the city only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, FR(C), IT, PL, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LU</p> <p>c) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU, SK</p> <p>e) Partial coverage: DK, EE, NL</p> <p>f) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>g) No data available: FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic AT, BE, BG, CY, DE, ES, FR(C), IT, PL, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CZ, HU, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: DK, EE, NL</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: LU</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 1999/01: SE - 1992, 1993, 1996, 1997, 2001: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, SK

	<p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 1996: ES - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK - 1998, 2001: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988: PL - 1991: AT, BE - 2001: BG, CY, UK(C)
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TT1065V	People commuting out of the city (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - People commuting out of the city: residents of the city area, whose employment location or client premises are outside the city area <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: students commuting out of the city are included - DE: socially insured employees commuting out of the city only
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Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, FR(C), IT, PL, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: LU</p> <p>c) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU, SK</p> <p>e) Partial coverage: DK, EE, NL</p> <p>f) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>g) No data available: FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(K)</p>
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Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, ES, FR(C), IT, PL, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: LU</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU, SK</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: DK, EE, NL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>
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Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 1999/01: SE - 1992, 1993, 1996, 1997, 2001: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, SK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 1996: ES - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK - 1998, 2001: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988: PL - 1991: AT, BE - 2001: BG, CY, UK(C)
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TT1066V	Length of public transport network
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: a network of buses, trains, tram etc. that run according to a planned time schedule and that anyone can use. The provider of the above mentioned services may be either the municipal authority or privately owned enterprises - Length of public transport network (TT1066V): sum of public transport lines taking care top avoid <u>double counting</u>, for example when several lines use the same road / track <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RO: privately owned enterprises are not included - Length of public transport network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: length of public transport network of agglomeration (one city) - LU: length of Luxemburg railway only
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) double counting of the same roads for urban and inter-urban transport lines (one city); b) double counting of the same roads / tracks for urban transport lines (one city); c) double counting of the same roads / tracks (all other 6 cities) - RO: double counting of the same roads / tracks is sometimes possible
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, DE, FR(C), HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: NL, UK(C) d) Partial coverage: EE, ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CZ, FI, GR, RO f) No data available: CY, FR(K), IE, LV, MT, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic BG, DE, FR(C), HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, EE, RO f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ, FI, GR
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1998 – 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2000 – 2003: PT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: DK, NL - 2001, 2004: HU - 2002, 2003: BE - 2003, 2004: RO 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, LU, PL, SI, SK

TT1068V	Kilometres driven in public transport (per day)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: see TT1066V - Kilometres driven in public transport per day: sum (km) of all lines of public transport (<u>with double counting</u>) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see TT1066V - PT: urban and inter-urban transports (one city) - Kilometres driven in public transport per day <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK: does not include rail (except Dockland Light Railway)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, DE, FR(C), HU, LU, NL, PT, SI, UK(C) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: DK c) Partial coverage: EE, ES d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CZ, FI, GR, IT, PL, SE f) No data available: CY, FR(K), IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic : BG, DE, FR(C), HU, LU, PT, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: DK c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK f) Modelled statistic: AT, EE, PL, SE, UK(C) g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ, FI, GR, IT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 – 2001: ES - 2000 – 2003: PT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI

- 2000 – 2002: BE
- 3) 2 years:
 - 2001, 2002: DK, IT, NL
 - 2001, 2004: HU
- 4) 1 year:
 - 1999: FR(C)
 - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, LU, PL, SE, SI, SK

TT1067V	Public transport supply
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: see TT1066V - Public transport supply: number of places multiplied by kilometres driven per day (TT1068V). “Places” includes seats and standing places <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see TT1066V - PT: urban and inter-urban transports (one city); urban transports only (one city) - Kilometres driven in public transport per day <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NL: per year
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, DE, HU, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Partly full partly partial coverage and partial coverage: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: EE, ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CZ, FI, GR, IT, LU, PL, SK</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic : BG, DE, HU, NL, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: DK</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, EE, PL</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ, FI, GR, IT, LU, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2001: ES - 2000 – 2003: PT </p> <p>2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: DK, NL </p> <p>3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FI - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, HU, LU, PL, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IT </p>

TT1057V	Private cars registered (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Private cars registered: private passenger cars registered (by natural persons, not business, enterprises, so no taxis or hire cars registered by enterprises) to addresses within boundary on the 1st of January of the reference year - Passenger cars: road motor vehicle, other than a motor cycle, intended for the carriage of passengers and designed to seat no more than nine persons – including the driver <p>Deviation from the definition (private passenger cars):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: private cars - CZ, NL, PL (eight cities): total cars - SI (2002): passenger cars and combined vehicles of natural and legal persons <p>Deviation from the definition (1st of January of the reference year):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (2000), HU (2001), LT: 31.12 - FR, IE (1991): census date <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: LAU1 (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI, SK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, MT</p>

	d) No data available: CY, ES, GR, PT, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SI c) Enumerated statistic, modelled and type of statistic indeterminable: SK d) Modelled statistic: FR(C), FR(K), IE e) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1992, 1996, 2001, 2002: PL 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, LT, LU, LV, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1990, 1999: FR(C) - 1991, 2002: IE - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2002: UK(C), UK(K) 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR(K) - 2000: DK - 2001: BG, CZ - 2002: NL

TT1058V	Road accidents resulting in death or serious injury (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Injury accident: any accident involving at least one road vehicle in motion on a public road or private road to which the public has right of access, resulting in at least one injured or killed person - Serious injury: an injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an “in-patient” or any of the following injuries whether or not the injured person is detained in hospital: fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushing, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock requiring medical treatment and injuries causing death 30 or more days after the accident <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1999 – 2001): national definition of injury - DK: road traffic accident with at least one person killed or injured - FI, GR (2001): road accident resulting in death only - PL, SI: road accident resulting in death or injury - PT: road accident resulting in death or serious injury independently whether the injury causes death 30 or more days after the accident <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL (1999; 2001 for two cities): city with powiat
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: GR, SI, SK c) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE d) Partial coverage: ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, MT f) No data available: CY, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic AT, BE, BG, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: SE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SI, SK d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: GR e) Weighted statistic: ES f) Type of statistic indeterminable: CZ, FI, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001, 2002: PL - 1992, 1996, 1998, 2001: DE - 1992, 1996, 1999 – 2001: AT - 1995 – 2001: ES 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999/01: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK, FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, IT, LU, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) - 1992, 1996, 2001: BE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: PT - 1996, 2001: GR, LT, LV - 1997, 2001: CZ - 2000 – 2002: FR(K) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FR(C) - 2001: BG, IE, NL
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TT1071-74V	Potential accessibility by air, rail and road; multimodal potential accessibility (EU27=100)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Potential accessibility by ESPON (European Spatial Planning Observation Network) is based on the assumption that the attraction of a destination increases with size, and declines with distance, travel time or cost. Destination size is usually represented by population or economic indicators such as GDP or income. Accessibility to population is seen as an indicator for the size of market areas for suppliers of goods and services; accessibility to GDP as an indicator of the size of market areas for suppliers of high-level business services. Potential accessibility is founded on sound behavioural principles but contains parameters that need to be calibrated and their values cannot be expressed in familiar units. That is why the indicators are standardized to the average accessibility of the ESPON space (= EU27). The method is described in more detail in BAPTISTE, H et. al. (2003) p. 163ff. <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: NUTS 3
Data sources (statistical basis)	Type of coverage indeterminable: all countries
Type of statistic	Modelled statistic: all countries
Reference years	1 year: 2003

Variables as Indicators

TT1002V	Percentage of journeys to work by rail/metro
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: rail/metro <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: journey to work as well as to school - IT: journey to work of employed people resident in the relevant province - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: without metro (one city) - BE: train only - CZ: bus, train and intra-city's public transport system (CPTS) - EE: public transport (bus, rail, train) - IT (1991), PT (for one city): inclusive of tram (TT1005V) - NL: exclusive of metro (included in TT1004V)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>e) Not applicable: DE (included in TT005V)</p>

	f) No data available: BG, CY, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, PL, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C) b) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistic: ES d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI f) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996 - 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI 2) 3 years/periods: - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: AT, IT 4) 1 year: - 1991: BE - 2000: DK - 2001: CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE, SI

TT1003V	Percentage of journeys to work by car (H)
Definition	Definition: - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: car Deviation from the definition: - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: - DE (2000): car and motor cycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C) b) Full coverage and partial coverage: SE c) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, FR(C), NL d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK e) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY f) No data available: BG, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C) b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: ES c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistic: SE d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FR(C), NL e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE f) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK g) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI h) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years/periods: - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1990, 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE - 1991, 1996, 2001 – 2003: CY - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: AT, IT, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK 4) 1 year:

- 1991: BE
- 2001: CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, UK(C)

TT1004V	Percentage of journeys to work by bus
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: bus <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, NL: bus, tram and metro - CZ: regional bus and combination of regional bus with intra-city's public transport system (CPTS)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, FR(C), NL, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY</p> <p>e) Not applicable (included in TT002V): EE</p> <p>f) No data available: BG, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, FR(C), NL, SE, SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI <p>2) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE - 2001 – 2003: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT, IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: CZ, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE, SI

TT1005V	Percentage of journeys to work by tram
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: tram <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: journey to work as well as to school - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: tram and metro (one city) - CZ: CPTS: intra-city's public transport system (tram, trolleybus, metro) - DE: tram, train and metro
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, FR(C), SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>

	<p>e) Not applicable: BE, NL (tram included in TT004V) and PT (tram included in TT002V) (for one city)</p> <p>f) Not applicable: EE, SI, UK(C)-Scotland (no trams)</p> <p>g) No data available: BG, CY, DK, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, HU, IE, IT, LU, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: FR(C), SE, SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>f) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2001: FR(C) - 1996 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999/01: SE - 2000: DE - 2001: CZ, HU, IT, LU, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE

TT1006V	Percentage of journeys to work by motor cycle
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: motor cycle <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, PT: motor cycle and bicycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: FR(C), SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY, MT</p> <p>e) Not applicable: DE (included in TT003V)</p> <p>f) Not applicable: NL (included in TT009V)</p> <p>g) No data available: BE, BG, DK, EE, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: FR(C), SE, SK</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY</p> <p>e) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES - 2001 – 2003: CY, MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 1998, 2002: SE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, HU, LU, PT, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE, SI

TT1007V	Percentage of journeys to work by bicycle

Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: bicycle <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, IE, IT, LU, UK(C) b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, FR(C), NL, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY, MT e) Not applicable: HU, PT (included in TT006V) f) No data available: BE, BG, EE, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, PL, RO, SI, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, IE, IT, LU, UK(C) b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, FR(C), NL, SE, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI e) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY f) Type of indicator indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI 2) 3 years/periods: - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE - 2001 – 2003: CY, MT 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: AT, IT 4) 1 year: - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: CZ, LU, NL, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE</p>

TT1008V	Percentage of journeys to work by foot
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: foot <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, UK(C) b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY e) No data available: BE, BG, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, UK(C) b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: ES c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI 2) 3 years/periods: - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT, IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE
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TT1009V	Percentage of journeys to work by other modes
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: other <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: other transport mode, other combinations of transport modes and not identified transport modes - NL: other transport modes and motor cycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, DE, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI <p>2) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT, IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: CZ, EE, ES, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK(C) - 2002: IE, SI

TT1019V	Average time of journey to work (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Average time: average time in minutes taken to travel between place of residence and work place. The work place must be located within the specified boundary while the place of residency might be anywhere, including across borders <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Average time: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (1991): only for those persons crossing the city border from outside
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, BG, CY, FR(K), GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, ES, HU, IE, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IT, LU</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK</p>

	<p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FR(C), NL, SE, UK(C)</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator partly based on (un-)weighted and partly on modelled statistics: DE</p> <p>f) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>g) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1996, 2001: SK - 1996, 1997, 2000: FI - 1996, 2001, 2002: UK(C) <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999/01: SE - 2001: BE, EE, ES, HU, NL - 2002: IE

TT1059V	Average number of occupants of motor cars
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Motor Car: the definition of the “passenger car” should follow that of the Eurostat “Glossary for transport statistics” but exclude cars registered by enterprises (<i>Eurostat (2003): Glossary for transport statistics – Document prepared by the Inter-secretariat Working Group on Transport Statistics, p34</i>) - Occupants: simple count of number of occupants <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NL: restricted to the inner-city traffic - CY: recorded from 7:30 to 8:30 am and from 5:30 to 6:30 pm on work days - UK: recorded between 7 and 10 am only <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI: area of Administrative Unit for Maribor (includes five more municipalities beside the central city of Maribor)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CY, DK, EE, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: SI</p> <p>c) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of statistic indeterminable: IT</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: ES, FR(C), NL, SE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, BG, DE, SK</p> <p>f) No data available: CZ, FI, FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: CY, DK, UK(C)</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: SI</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics, indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: IT</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, FR(C), NL, SE</p> <p>e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: EE</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: AT, BG, DE, SK</p> <p>g) Type of indicator indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 1992, 1995 – 1998, 2000, 2001: FR(C) - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995, 2000, 2002: IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999/01: SE - 2000: BE, DK - 2001: AT, BG, EE, NL, SK - 2003: SI

TT1062V	Average speed of inner-city car traffic during the rush hour
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Average speed of inner city traffic: the average speed during the morning rush hour (8-10 am) is to be reported <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI: rush hour from 16 to 17 pm (one city) - IT (one city), PT (two cities): average speed of public transport only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: PT b) Partial coverage: EE, ES, NL, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI d) Type of coverage indeterminable: CY, DE, DK, FI, HU, IT, SE e) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: PT b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, NL, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SI d) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: EE e) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: CY, DE, FI, HU, SE f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: DK, IT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1998 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE - 2000, 2001: FI 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: PT - 2001: DK, NL, SE, SK - 2002: HU, IT - 2003: EE, SI
TT1063V	Average waiting time for a bus in the rush hour
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Average waiting time for a bus refers to the waiting time for a bus (not: tram or metro) during the rush hours (8-10 am) and reflects the FR(C)equency of scheduled bus trips within the specified boundary (City level: at main bus station). A practical estimate for this variable is division by two of the average time between two bus trips <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: average waiting time in the rush hour from 7 to 9 am (one city) - DE: average waiting time for tram (one city) - FI: average waiting time in the centre only (one city) - IT: average waiting time for public transport (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: PT, UK(C) b) Full coverage and type of coverage unknown: NL c) Partial coverage: ES, PL, SI, SK d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, FI, IT, LU, SE e) No data available: BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: PT, UK(C) b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, SI, SK d) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: PL e) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: AT, DE, FI, SE f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: IT f) Type of indicator indeterminable: BE, LU
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2003: PT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK(C) 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998, 2001: DE - 2000, 2001: ES

- 2001, 2002: NL
 - 2002, 2003: BE
- 4) 1 year:
- 2000: FI
 - 2001: AT, LU, SE, SK
 - 2002: IT, PL
 - 2003: SI

Information Society: Users and Infrastructure

Variables

IT1001V	Households with a computer
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, CZ, IE, LU</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: AT, DE, DK, EE, IT, LT, LV, NL, SI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Type of coverage unknown: MT, SK</p> <p>f) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, CZ, IE, LU</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: AT, DE, DK, EE, IT, LT, LV, NL</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: FI</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: SI</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2001: ES <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: IT - 2000: AT, DK - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, LT, LU, NL, SK - 2002: IE, LV, MT - 2004: SI
IT1010V	Households with broadband access
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: none</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: AT, CZ, DK, SI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL</p> <p>d) Type of coverage unknown: ES, LU</p> <p>e) No data available: BE, BG, CY, DE, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Weighted statistic: AT, CZ, DK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: ES, LU, SI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p>

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: NL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, ES, LU - 2004: CZ, SI
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IT1004V	Telephone main lines within the city
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Telephone lines: telephone lines / cables within the city boundaries (private and business lines into buildings, not number of phone access points). Public pay telephones are excluded <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK(C), UK(K): residential lines only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage unknown: AT, DE, FI</p> <p>d) No data available: BE, CY, DK, FR(C), GR, IE, LV, MT, NL, PL, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: AT, DE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991 – 2002: ES - 1994 – 2000: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: BG <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: IT - 1999: PT - 2000: AT, UK(C), UK(K) - 2001: CZ, DE, EE, HU, LU, SK - 2003: SI

IT1008V	Number of students of Information, Communications Technology (ICT) at university level or equivalent
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students of ICT at University level: the naming of branches at universities is not harmonised <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: all studies that have to do with information and communication in production, services, media and content production and related services, as also requested for people employed in ICT - DE: informatics only (one city) - LT, LV: ISCED97, code 48 (computing) - PL: ISCED, 21 (Arts), 32 (Journalism and Information), 48 (Computing) and 52 (Engineering and Engineering Trades) - PT (6 cities): ISCED, 48 (Computing) and 52 (Engineering and Engineering Trades) - SI: first university degree only - CY, DE (other cities), ES, FI, HU, IT, NL, PT (other cities), SE, SK, UK(C), UK(K): no specification - AT, BE, BG, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, MT, RO: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CY, CZ, DE, IT, LT, LV, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage unknown: FI, PL</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, BE, BG, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: : CY, CZ, DE, IT, LT, LV, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: HU</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: NL</p>

	e) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1990, 2000 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 - 2003: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: UK(C), UK(K) - 1998, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: CY, IT, PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: CZ, HU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK

IT1009V	Public Internet Access Points (PIAPs)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PIAPs: Public Internet Access Points are publicly provided centres providing access to the Internet regardless of their public and/or private provider and whether access is FR(C)ee or not <u>though excluding</u> fully private Internet cafés. Examples: libraries, universities, museums <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, EE, IT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, FI, SI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE, PL, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>e) No data available: BE, CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, EE, IT</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, SI</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE, SK</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: PL, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001, 2003: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: ES - 2001, 2002, 2004: EE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2001, 2003: CZ, DE - 2002, 2003: IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, DK, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: SI

Variables as Indicators

IT1002V	Percent of population over 15 years who regularly use the Internet
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Age: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY: population aged 15 is included - FI: population aged 15-74 (one city) - NL: population aged 18 and over (two cities); total population (one city) - SI (2004): population aged 16-74 <p>Specification of regular Internet use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, CZ: at least once a week - FI: last three months of the year (one city) - SI: every day, almost every day or at least once a week

	- No specification: CY, DE, DK, ES, FI (other cities), LU, NL, SK, UK(C)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES b) Partial coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, DK, LU, SI, UK(C) c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK e) No data available: BE, BG, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, CY, CZ, DE, DK, LU, UK(C) c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: NL d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: SI f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000 - 2002: FI 2) 3 years: - 2000 – 2002: NL - 2001 – 2003: DE 3) 2 years: - 2000, 2002: ES - 2003, 2004: SI 4) 1 year: - 2000: DK - 2001: LU, SK, UK(C) - 2002: AT - 2003: CY - 2004: CZ

IT1005V	Percentage of households with Internet access at home
Definition	Definition: - Households: see DE3001V Deviation from the definition: - Households: see DE3001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, CY, CZ, IE b) Partial coverage: AT, DE, EE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SI, UK(C) d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK e) No data available: BG, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, MT, PL, RO, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, CY, CZ, IE b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, DE, EE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: UK(C) d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: PT, SI f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 2001 – 2003: DE 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2002, 2004: SI 4) 1 year: - 1998: IT - 2000: AT - 2001: BE, CY, CZ, EE, LT, LU, NL, SK - 2002: IE, LV

IT1006V	Computers per 100 pupils at primary education level
Definition	Definition: - Computers: only computers available to students are to be counted (not those used for

	<p>administration). The same computers might be used by both levels, so the number should be estimated e.g. by doubling the number in relation to the lower secondary level and in relation to the upper secondary level</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Primary education level: ISCED level 1 - primary education or first stage of basic – compulsory – education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Computers: none - Primary education level : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (one city), HU, PT (one city), SE: ISCED level 1 (primary education) and level 2 (lower secondary education)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, HU, LT, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK c) Partial coverage: AT, EE, ES, SE d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI e) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE, DK, LU, PL, UK(C) f) No data available: BE, BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LV, MT, NL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, HU, LT, PT b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: AT, ES, SE e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: SI f) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: EE g) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: DE h) Type of indicator indeterminable: DK, LU, PL, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 2001 – 2003: DE 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: EE, ES, HU, PT 4) 1 year: - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, LT, LU, PL, SE, SK - 2002: UK(C) - 2003: SI - 2004: CZ</p>

IT1007V	Computers per 100 pupils at secondary education level
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Computers: see IT1006V - Secondary education level: ISCED level 2 - lower secondary or second stage of basic education – and ISCED level 3 - upper secondary education; Includes general, technical or vocational education for students who have completed their first cycle of secondary education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Computers: none - Secondary education level : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (one city), PT, SE: ISCED level 1 (primary education) and level 2 (lower secondary education) - HU: ISCED level 3 (upper secondary education) and ISCED level 4 (post- secondary non-tertiary education) - LV: ISCED levels 1-4 (primary education, lower and upper secondary education and post-secondary non-tertiary education)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, DE, HU, LT, LV, PT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK c) Partial coverage: EE, ES, SE d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK e) Type of coverage indeterminable: PL, SI, UK(C) f) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, DE, HU, LT, LV, PT b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, SE</p>

	<p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable type of statistics: DK</p> <p>e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: EE</p> <p>f) Type of indicator indeterminable: PL, SI, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: EE, ES, HU, PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: DE, LT, LV, PL, SE, SK - 2002: UK(C) - 2003: SI - 2004: CZ

Information Society: Local E-Government

Variables

IT2001V	Official city Internet website (Yes/No)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Official city Internet website: any website provided by the local government to promote the city and/or provide services to the residents <p>Deviation from the definition: not applicable</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Data available: AT, BE, CZ, DE, DK, DE, EE, ES, FI, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C)</p> <p>b) No data available: BG, FR(C), FR(K), GR, MT, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	Non applicable: nominal data
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2003: ES - 1996, 2000 - 2003: UK(C) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2000 – 2002: PT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: DK, NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, HU, IT, LU, LV, SE, SK - 2002: IE, LT, PL, SI - 2003: BE

IT2002V	Visits to official city Internet website
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Website visit: the number of pages viewed (sum of all). <p>Deviation from the definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: hits (two cities); visits (1 city) - NL: page-views (seven cities); hits (three cities)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, HU, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES, DK</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, LU, SE, UK(C)</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, MT, PL, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: DE, HU, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistics: NL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DK, ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: EE, SE</p>

	f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT, BE, CZ, UK(C) g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, LU
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000 - 2003: ES - 1996, 2000 – 2003: UK(C) 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 2000 – 2002: PT - 2001 - 2003: CZ 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: NL, SE - 2001, 2003: DK, HU - 2001, 2004: BG - 2003, 2004: EE 4) 1 year: - 2001: AT, DE, LU, SK - 2002: BE, IT, LT, LV - 2003: SI

IT2003V	Administrative forms available for download from official website
Definition	Definition: - Administrative forms: forms that have to be filled in by the residents in order to request specific services/documents provided by their local government such as birth certificates, planning permissions, etc (sum of all). Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, DE, HU, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, LU, PL, SE, UK(C) e) No data available: CY, FR(C), (FR(K), GR, IE, MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: AT, DE, HU, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: NL c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: EE, SE f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, UK(C) g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, LU, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000 - 2003: ES - 2000 – 2003: PT - 2001 – 2004: PL 2) 3 years: - 2001 – 2003: NL, UK(C) - 2002 - 2004: CZ 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: FI - 2001, 2003: DK, SI - 2001, 2004: BG, EE - 2002, 2003: IT 4) 1 year: - 2001: AT, DE, HU, LU, LV, SE, SK - 2002: LT - 2003: BE

IT2004V	Administrative forms which can be submitted electronically
Definition	Definition: - Administrative forms: see IT2003V Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, DE, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, LU, PL, SE, UK(C) e) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, MT, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistics: AT, DE, IT, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK

(countries with availability of data)	<p>b) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: NL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: EE, SE</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK, UK(C)</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, LU, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 - 2003: ES - 1996, 2001 – 2003: UK(C) - 2000 – 2003: PT - 2001 – 2004: CZ, PL <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: NL <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 2001, 2003: DK, SI - 2001, 2004: BG, EE - 2002, 2003: IT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, DE, LU, LV, SE, SK - 2002: LT - 2003: BE

Information Society: ICT-Sector

Variables

IT3001V	Local units manufacturing ICT products
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): the technologies involved in the recording, storage and sending out of information (using computers, telecommunication devices, etc - Local units: the local unit is an enterprise or part thereof (e.g. a workshop, factory, warehouse, office, mine or depot) situated in a geographically identified place (for our purposes within the specified boundary). - ICT products: manufacture of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - office machinery and computers - insulated wire and cable - radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus - instruments and appliances for measuring, checking, testing, navigating and other purposes, except industrial process control equipment - industrial process control equipment <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Local units: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LU: legal units only - PT: headquarters only; self-employment is excluded - UK: VAT registered enterprises only - ICT products: none <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE (one city): agglomeration of Brussels (Brussels plus 19 municipalities) - DE (one city): Landkreis (NUTS 3)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, IE, IT, LT, MT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>c) No data available: IE, IT, LT, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE, HU</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, HU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001 – 2003: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DK, GR - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2003: CY
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IT3002V	Persons employed in the manufacture of ICT products
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): see IT3001V - Employment: see EC2020V - ICT products: see IT3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: employment in economical organizations with seat in the city and more than 5 employees - PT: employment in headquarters only; self-employment is excluded - ICT products: none <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see IT3001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: LV, NL</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>e) No data available: IE, LT, LU, MT, PL</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE, HU, LV, NL, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, HU</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: LV, NL</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK, UK(C) - 2001, 2003: DE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK, GR - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, HU, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, UK(K) - 2003: CY

IT3003V	Local units providing ICT services
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): see IT3001V - Local units: see IT3001V - ICT services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - wholesale of electrical household appliances and radio and television goods - wholesale of office machinery and equipment - wholesale of other machinery for use in industry, trade and navigation - telecommunications - renting of office machinery and equipment including computers - computer and related activities <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Local units: see IT3001V - ICT services: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT</p> <p>b) No data available: GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE</p>

(countries with availability of data)	b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK - 2001, 2003: DE 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, LU, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, PL, UK(C), UK(K) - 2003: CY

IT3004V	Persons employed in the provision of ICT services
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): see IT3001V - Employment: see EC2020V - ICT services: see IT3003V Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment:: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: employees with social insurance only - PT: employment in headquarters only; self-employment is excluded - ICT services: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, UK(C), UK(K) b) Partial coverage: LV, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K) d) No data available: GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PL
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE, LV, NL, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Weighted statistic: LV, NL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK, UK(C) 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, UK(K) - 2003: CY

IT3005V	Local units producing content for the Information Society
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): see IT3001V - Local units: see IT3001V - Production of ICT content: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media - research and development - market research and public opinion polling - business and management consultancy activities - advertising - secretarial and translation activities - motion picture and video activities - radio and television activities - other entertainment activities - news agency activities

	- library, archives, museums and other cultural activities Deviation from the definition: - Local units: see IT3001V - Production of ICT content: none Deviation from the spatial unit: - DE (one city): Landkreis (NUTS 3)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT, PL, RO b) No data available: GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT, PL, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: FI - 1999, 2000: FR(K) - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK - 2001, 2003: DE 2) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C) - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, EE, LU, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, UK(C), UK(K) - 2003: CY

IT3006V	Persons employed in production of content for the Information Society
Definition	Definition: - Information and Communication Technologies (ICT): see IT3001V - Employment: see EC2020V - production of ICT content: see IT3005V Deviation from the definition: - Employment:: see IT3004V - Production of ICT content: none Deviation from the spatial unit: see IT3005V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, UK(C), UK(K) b) Partial coverage: LV, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K) d) No data available: GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MT, PL, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: all countries except for DE, LV, NL, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Weighted statistic: LV, NL d) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C), UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 2) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: ES, PT - 2001, 2002: SK, UK(C) 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR(C), FR(K) - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, NL, SE, SI - 2002: LV, UK(K) - 2003: CY

Culture and Recreation: Culture and Recreation

Variables

CR1001V	Concerts (per year)
Definition	Definition:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Concert: event presenting live music of any type (classical, popular, etc.) taking place within the specified boundary and for which tickets are sold. For open air concerts without seating, the number of tickets sold is reported <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (one city): concerts in regular concert halls - BE (one city), LT: public concerts - CZ: concerts in sport halls and open-air sites are excluded - FI (one city): concerts of the symphony orchestras only - HU (one city): classical concerts only - NL: concerts in limited number of subsidised institutes (one city); concerts at official festivals only (one city) - UK (one city): three open air concerts only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, HU, LT, NL, PT, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT c) Partial coverage: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C) e) No data available: CY, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, LV, PL, RO, SI, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: BG, LT, NL, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, CZ, DE, SE f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2001 – 2003: MT - 2001, 2002, 2004: CZ 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: AT, NL, PT - 2002, 2003: BE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG, IT - 2001: DE, HU, SE, SK - 2002: UK(C)

CR1012V	Concerts seats
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Concert: see CR1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (one city): seats in regular concert halls - BE (one city), LT: seats for public concerts - CZ: seats for concerts in sport halls and open-air sites are excluded - FI (one city): seats for concerts of the symphony orchestras only - HU (one city): seats for classical concerts only - NL (one city): seats in four (large) concert halls
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, HU, LT, NL, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: EE d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, MT, UK(C) e) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, IT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: BG, HU, LT, NL, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Modelled statistic: AT, CZ, DE, EE d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2001 – 2003: MT 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: NL - 2001, 2004: CZ 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, DE, EE, HU, SI, SK - 2002: BE, UK(C)
CR1002V	Concert attendance (per year)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Concert: see CR1001V <p>Deviation from the definition: see CR1001</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, HU, LT, PT, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: NL d) Partial coverage: ES e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, DE, FI, MT, SE, UK(C) f) No data available: CY, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, LV, PL, RO, SI, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: BG, LT, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU, NL d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, CZ, DE, SE f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2001 – 2003: MT - 2001, 2002, 2004: CZ 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: AT, NL, PT 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG, IT - 2001: DE, HU, SE, SK - 2002: BE, UK(C)

CR1003V	Cinema seats (total capacity)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cinema: no definition <p>Deviation from the definition: non applicable</p> <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: one city (Bremen) with Bremerhaven - DK: one city (København) with the municipality of FR(C)ederiksberg
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CY, SE e) No data available: IE, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: AT, CY, IT, SE e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2003: ES - 2001 – 2004: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2001: AT - 2000, 2001: PT, FR(K) - 2001, 2003: CZ, EE 4) 1 year:

- 2000: BG, DK, FR(C), IT
- 2001: DE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)
- 2002: BE, CY

CR1005V	Cinema attendance (per year) (H)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cinema: no definition Deviation from the definition: not applicable Deviation from the spatial unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: one city (Bremen) with Bremerhaven - DK: one city (København) with the municipality of Frederiksberg
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C) b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, CY, SE e) No data available: IE, MT, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(C) b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: AT, CY, SE e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001: AT - 1991, 1996, 1998 – 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 2001 – 2004: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, PL, SE, SI, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: EE - 1996, 2001: DE - 1998, 2001: LV - 2000, 2001: FR(K) - 2001, 2003: CZ 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: UK(C) - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DK, FR(C), IT - 2001: NL

CR1006V	Museums
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Museum: public and private museums Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: selected museums (one city) - BE: public museums (three cities) - CZ: museums and large state art galleries - IE: large museums only - IT: civil museums only (one city); municipal museums and state art galleries only (one city) - LT: public museums only (two cities) - NL: eight museums only (one city) - SI: museums and museum collections - UK: museums and art galleries (one city and kernel), museums and heritage centres (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C) c) Partial coverage: DK d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES

	e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, IE, MT, SE, UK(K) f) No data available: FR(C)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C) c) Weighted statistic: DK d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES e) Modelled statistic: AT, SE f) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, IE, MT, UK(K)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1995 – 2001: ES - 1996, 2001 – 2003: UK(C) 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2000 – 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 1999, 2001: AT - 2000, 2001: NL, PT - 2002, 2003: BE 4) 1 year: - 2000: BG, DK, SI - 2001: CZ, DE, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, PL, SE, SK, UK(K) - 2002: CY, IE, RO

CR1007V	Museum visitors (per year) (H)
Definition	Definition: - Museum: see CR1006V Deviation from the definition: - AT: selected museums (one city) - BE (2000): public museums (three cities); 45 from 77 museums (one city) (1991, 1996): public museums (three cities); public / private museums and curiosities - CZ: museums and large state art galleries - IE: main museums only - IT: civil museums only (one city); municipal museums and state art galleries only (one city) - LT: public museums only (two cities) - LU: three leading museums only - NL: eight museums only (one city), nine museums only (one city), fourteen museums only (one city) - UK (2002): Ulster museum and W5 only (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, FI, IT, NL, SE, SI c) Partial coverage: DK d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES, UK(C) e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CY, IE, MT f) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, RO, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: NL, SE, SI c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT, FI, IT d) Weighted statistic: DK e) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES f) Weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK(C) g) Modelled statistic: CY, IE h) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1995 – 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1996, 2001 – 2003: UK(C) 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: CZ, EE, LT, PL, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, CY - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 1992, 1999, 2001: AT

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2000, 2001: NL - 2000 – 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 1996: LU - 1996, 2001: LV <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: SI - 2000: BG, DK - 2002: IE
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CR1008V	Theatres
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theatre: public or private registered venue (not street theatre, school theatres etc.). The intention of this variable is to know about the number of locations within the city, not the individual halls/scenes (one theatre may have a musical/opera scene, intimate play scene etc.) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE (one city): private theatres - ES (one city), LT: public theatres only - NL: largest theatres only (one city) - PL: entities, independent in regard to their legal, organizational, economic and financial status, conducting uniform performing activity, regardless of the number of stages possessed (dramatic and puppet theatres, music theatres, philharmonic halls, orchestras and choirs, song and dance ensembles)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, IE, MT, SE, FR(K)</p> <p>e) No data available: FR(C)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, IE, SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT, FR(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2001, 2002: UK(C) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1999 – 2001: AT - 2000, 2001, 2003: PT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: NL - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG - 2001: CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: CY, FR(K), IE, IT, RO, UK(K)

CR1013V	Theatre seats
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theatre: see CR1008V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: special events in non-standard halls (one city) - LT: public theatres only - NL: theatre and concert (one city); 17 theatres only (one city) - PL: see CR1008V - UK: professional venues only (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT, NL, UK(C)</p>

	<p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, MT, SE</p> <p>e) No data available: CY, FR(C), GR, IE, LU, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IT, NL, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996 – 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1997, 2001, 2002: UK(C) - 2000, 2001, 2003: PT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: AT - 2001, 2002: NL - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG - 2001: CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LV, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: IT, UK(K)

CR1009V	Theatre attendance (per year)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theatre: see CR1008V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: public theatres only - NL: 15 subsidised theatres only (one city); largest theatres only (one city); theatres and concerts (one city) - PL: see CR1008V - UK: professional venues only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, NL</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, MT, SE, UK(C)</p> <p>f) No data available: CY, FR(C), FR(K), GR, IE, LU, RO, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: BG, DE, EE, HU, LT, LV, PT, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighed statistic: IT</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DK, NL</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: AT, CZ, PL, SE</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, MT, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1999 – 2001: AT - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2002: UK(C) - 2000, 2001: NL - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG, IT - 2001: CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK

CR1010V	Public libraries (all distribution points)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public library all distribution points, even if there are several libraries in the same building. Target of this variable is to know about the publicly accessible general libraries, where you do not <u>need</u> to be a member of an association or to be a student. Libraries of very specific subjects or subject related research libraries are not included <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: selected public and non-public libraries (one city) - CZ: public general libraries with full access as well as several mobile distribution points (in special buses) - IT: municipal libraries - FR: municipal and inter-municipal libraries - PT: All distribution points including schools - SI: public libraries without dislocated units (one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU</p> <p>e) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IT, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, LU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1995 – 2002: ES - 1996, 2001 – 2003: UK(C) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 2000 – 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: BE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2001: AT, DE - 2000, 2001: NL, PT, FR(K) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG, DK, FR(C) - 2001: CZ, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE, RO - 2003: CY

CR1011V	Books and other media loaned from public libraries (per year)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public library: see CR1010V - Books and/or other media loaned: the number of books and/or other media (CD, DVD, Videos etc) issued for loan by public libraries located within the specified boundary <p>Deviation from the definition (loans):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: loans from selected public and non-public libraries (one city) - CZ: loans from public general libraries with full access as well as several mobile distribution points (in special buses) - IT: loans from centralised municipal libraries (one city) - FR: loans from municipal and inter-municipal libraries - LU: loans from 7 public libraries outside the city boundary are included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR(C), FR(K), HU, IE, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IT</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: AT, BE, LU</p> <p>e) No data available: GR, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, IE, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(C), UK(K)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IT</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: AT, FR(C), FR(K)</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, LU</p>

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT - 1999 – 2001: DE - 2000 – 2002: IT - 2001 – 2003: BE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999, 2001: AT - 2000, 2001: NL, PT, FR(K) - 2001, 2003: UK(C) <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: BG, DK, FR(C) - 2001: CZ, EE, HU, LU, LV, PL, SE, SI, SK, UK(K) - 2002: IE - 2003: CY
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Culture and Recreation: Tourism

Variables

CR2001V	Annual tourist overnight stays in registered accommodation
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tourist Overnight Stay: business and recreational overnight stays by tourists in registered accommodation, located within the specified boundary <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - NL: tourist overnight stays in hotels only - LV (2001): tourist overnight stays in collective tourist accommodation establishments - SI (2001): tourist overnight stays in private rooms let by individuals <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: LAU1 for one city - IT: probably area wider than commune's territory due to data collection by local tourist agencies
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, EE, SE, SI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: ES, FR(C), FR(K), UK(C)</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, IE, MT</p> <p>f) No data available: GR, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, partial statistic and modelled statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: EE, SE, SI</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: ES, FR(C), FR(K), UK(C)</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, IE, MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2001: PL - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: AT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: CY - 1998 – 2002: ES - 1999 – 2002: FR(K) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LU, SE, SI, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: CZ, EE, LT, LV - 2001, 2002: RO <p>4) 1 year:</p>

- 1999: FR(C)
- 2000: DK
- 2001: BG, IT, NL
- 2002: IE, UK(C)

CR2009V	Available beds
Definition	<p>Definition: not available</p> <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1991, 1996): average of available beds in summer and winter - BE (1996, 2001): daily average of available beds - BE(2002), PT: available beds in July - LU: available rooms - PT: available double beds counted as two available beds - NL: available beds in hotels only - LV (2001): available beds in collective tourist accommodation establishments - SI (2001): available beds let by individuals <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: LAU1 for one city
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: EE, LV, SE, SI, UK(C)</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, FR(K), IE, MT, UK(K)</p> <p>e) No data available: FR(C), GR</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: EE, NL, SE, SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: LV, UK(C)</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI, FR(K), IE, MT, UK(K)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990 – 2003: ES - 1991, 1993, 1996, 2001: SK - 1991, 1996, 1998, 2001: PL - 1991, 1996, 1999 – 2001: AT - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: CY - 1991, 1996, 2002, 2003: UK(C) - 1999 – 2002: FR(K) <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LU, SE, SI - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE - 1991, 1996, 2003: UK(K) - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 1998, 2001, 2002: NL - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: CZ, EE, LT, LV - 2001, 2002: RO <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: BG, IT - 2002: IE
CR2004V	Air passengers using nearest airport
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air Passengers: air origin/destination passengers using the nearest airport to the City; transit passengers are excluded - Nearest airport: the aim is to know about the accessibility of the city for businessmen and tourists. Small airports are included if there is regular air traffic run by commercial airlines. The “distance” in terms of time to get there is taken into account (about 1 hour), not the distance in kilometres. If the city can be reached by more than one airport within this range, the number of passengers from all airports is summed up. <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: no smaller airports - BE (2003): number of passengers refers to the months January – June - SI: all embarked and disembarked passengers
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: CY, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, SE c) Partial coverage: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, DK, FI, IE, PL, UK(C) e) No data available: FR(C), FR(K), GR, MT, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: CY, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: AT d) Weighted statistic: ES e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, CZ, DK, FI, IE, PL, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2000: PT - 1991, 1996 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: CY - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2003: BE - 2001 – 2004: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: DK, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, SE, SK, UK(C) - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: AT 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, NL - 2002: CZ, IE

CR2005V	Air passengers using nearest airport: arrivals
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air Passengers: see CR2004V - Nearest airport:: see CR2004V <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition: see CR2004V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, CY, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, FI, IE, PL, UK(C) d) No data available: CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, MT, UK(K)
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistics: AT, CY, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Weighted statistic: ES c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, FI, IE, PL, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1998, 2000 – 2002: ES - 2001 – 2004: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C) 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: CY - 2002, 2003: BE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FI, PT - 2001: AT, BG, DE, DK, EE, HU, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE

CR2006V	Air passengers using nearest airport: domestic arrivals
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air Passengers: see CR2004V - Domestic arrival: passengers travelling from destinations within the Member State - Nearest airport:: see CR2004V <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition: see CR2004V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, CY, DE, LT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK c) Partial coverage: ES

	<p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, IE, IT, PL, UK(C)</p> <p>e) Not applicable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI : no domestic flights - EE, HU, LU, LV, MT (only one airport) <p>f) No data available: CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, CY, DE, LT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, IE, IT, PL, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1998, 2000 – 2002: ES - 2001 – 2004: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C) - 2000 – 2002 : IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: CY <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FI, PT - 2001: AT, BG, DE, DK, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: BE, IE

CR2007V	Air passengers using nearest airport: departures
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air Passengers: see CR2004V - Nearest airport:: see CR2004V <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition: see CR2004V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CY, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, FI, IE, MT, PL, UK(C)</p> <p>d) No data available: CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, UK(K)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistics: AT, CY, DE, EE, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, DK, FI, IE, MT, PL, UK(C)</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1998, 2000 – 2002: ES - 2001 – 2004: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C) - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: CY - 2002, 2003: BE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FI, PT - 2001: AT, BG, DE, DK, EE, HU, IT, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE

CR2008V	Air passengers using nearest airport: domestic departures
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Air Passengers: see CR2004V - Domestic departure: passengers travelling to destinations within the Member State - Nearest airport:: see CR2004V <p>Deviation from / specification of the definition: see CR2004V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CY, DE, LT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, IE, IT, PL, UK(C)</p> <p>e) Not applicable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI: no domestic flights - EE, HU, LU, LV, MT (only one airport) <p>f) No data available: CZ, FR(C), FR(K), GR, UK(K)</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistics: AT, CY, DE, LT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, BG, FI, IE, IT, PL, UK(C)
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1996, 1998, 2000 – 2002: ES - 2001 – 2004: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK(C) - 2000 – 2002 : IT 3) 2 years: - 2001, 2002: CY 4) 1 year: - 2000: FI, PT - 2001: AT, BG, DE, DK, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: BE, IE

Part 2: The spatial level of the Larger Urban Zone

Demography: Population

Variables

DE1001V	Resident population (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de jure’ population: all persons recorded as resident in an area even if they were present elsewhere on Census night <p>Deviation from the definition: ‘de facto population’</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, LU, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LV, PT, UK</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1991, 1996 - 2001: EE - 1990 - 2003: CY, LV - 1991 – 2001: UK - 1991 – 2003: PT - 1991, 1992, 1995 – 2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 1998-2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT <p>2) 3 years :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU , NL, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG

DE1002-3V	Resident population - male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, UK</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, PT, UK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: LV</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991 – 2001: UK - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT, PT - 1998-2001: ES

	2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG
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DE1040-43V	Resident population: age 0-4, 5-14 (H)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU c) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, DE, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, UK c) Modelled statistic: LV
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: PT 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG

DE1046-49-52-25V	Resident population: age 15-19, 20-24, 25-54, 55-64 (H)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU c) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, UK c) Modelled statistic: LV
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2001: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, SE, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG
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DE1028-55V	Resident population: age 65-74, 75 and over (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de facto population’ - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Age: - CZ (2001 - DE1055V): inclusive of age not identified
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, PT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, PT</p> <p>c) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, CY, EE, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, PT, UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LV</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1995-2002: RO - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 1996, 2002: PL - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1989, 1996, 2001: LT - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, BE, CZ, GR, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG

DE1041-42-44-45-47-48-50-51-53-54-26-27V	Resident population: age 0-4, 5-14, 15-19, 20-24, 25-54, 55-64 – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT, LV, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LT, LV</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1995-2002: RO - 1998-2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 2001: CY - 2000, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, EE - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, SI
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DE1029-30V	Resident population: age 65-74 – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de facto population’ - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Age: - LV: 65 and over
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT, LV, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LT, LV</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1995-2002: RO - 1998-2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK - 1996, 2000, 2001: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 2001: CY - 2000, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, EE - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, SI

DE1056-57V	Resident population: age 75 and over – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de facto population’ - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Age: - CY, CZ: inclusive of age not identified
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT</p> <p>b) Not applicable: LV (included in DE1029-30V)</p> <p>c) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LT, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: LT</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1995-2002: RO - 1998-2001: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK - 1996, 2000, 2001: IT <p>3) 2 years:</p>

- 1992, 2001: CY
 - 2000, 2001: DK
- 4) 1 year:
- 1999: FR
 - 2000: DE, EE
 - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SE, SK
 - 2002: IE, PL, SI

Demography: Nationality

Variables

DE2001V	Residents who are nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE 1001V - Nationals: citizen of the country in which the city is located; this does not necessarily mean that they are born there <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: the 'de facto' population <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune - Nationals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE (1991, 1996): place of birth - PL: persons without established status of nationality and stateless persons are included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: MT, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, LU, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, LU, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, GR, LU, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2001: NL - 1996, 2002: SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: AT, BG, HU, LT - 2002: PL

DE2002V	Residents who are nationals of another EU Member State (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: citizens of other EU countries (1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: 1st of January 2004 definition (i.e. 25 Member States) - IT (1991), LU (1991): 12 Member States

	- IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU c) No data available: MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for IE, GR, LU b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: IE, GR, LU
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998 - 2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, GR, LU - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: PT, SE 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, HU, LT, NL, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI

DE2003V	Residents who are not EU-nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Not EU-Nationals: citizens of a not-EU country (EU-country: 1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Not EU-Nationals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: all residents minus EU-25 nationals (1st of January 2004 definition) - IT (1991), LU (1991): all residents minus EU-12 nationals - LU (1991,1996): inclusive of residents with no nationality indication - IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for LU, MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU c) No data available: MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for GR, IE, LU b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR, IE, LU
Reference years (countries with available data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: IT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998-2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, GR, LU - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE 3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: SE, PT 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, EE, LV - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, HU, LT, NL, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI

DE2004V	Nationals born abroad (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals born abroad: citizens of the country in which the city is located, but born abroad in another EU/non EU country <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Nationals born abroad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: place of residence of the mother at childbirth as well as foreigners with long-term stay - LV: includes also Latvian non-citizens
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, IT, MT, SK, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: DE, IT, MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic : all countries except for CY, IE, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic : CY, IE, SK
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DK - 1998 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: BE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT - 1996, 2002: SI 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: AT, BG, GR, HU, LT, NL, SE - 2002: PL, RO

Demography: Household Structure

Variables

DE3001V	Households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: the ‘house-keeping concept’ i.e. all persons living at the same address with common house-keeping – i.e. sharing a meal on most days or sharing a living or sitting room <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): definition includes institutional households - DK: ‘dwelling concept’, i.e. all persons living at the same address
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK, UK e) No data available: MT
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: NL f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, IT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK 3) 2 years:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1990, 1991: SE - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL
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DE3002V	One person households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK, UK</p> <p>e) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK</p> <p>d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK, CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1990, 1991: SE - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: RO, SI - 1996, 2000: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL

DE3005V	Lone parent households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: a household with only one adult and at least one dependent child (under 18 years old) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (2001): definition includes institutional households - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address - EE (1989): families - Lone (single) parent household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1991): children of all ages - CZ: children 0 – 25 years economically inactive

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: children 0 – 14 years - IE (1991, 1996): children 0-18 years - IT (1991): sons of all ages - PL: Lone parent with own sources of maintenance and with at least one child up to age 17
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK, UK e) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: NL f) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: SE - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, DK, ES, LT, NL - 2002: SI

DE3006-7V	Lone (single) parent households - male/female
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: see DE3005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: see DE3005V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, MT, SE b) Partial coverage: DE c) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL b) Weighed statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with available data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 2000, 2001: FI 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

DE3008V	Lone pensioner (above retirement age) households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: single person household where that person has retired from work and – in the normal case – reached the national retirement age <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Lone pensioner household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: male person aged 65 or more; female person aged 60 or more - CZ (1991): an economically inactive person being paid a pension (2001): an economically inactive person aged 50 or more being paid a pension - DE, DK, NL: person aged 65 or more - EE (1996): person indicating his social status as pensioner - ES (1991): person aged 64 or more - IT (1991): old people household living alone and not in cohabitation (2001): family of a pensioner living alone above retirement age (men aged 65 or more, women aged 60 or more) - LU (1991): person aged 65 or more (2001): person aged 60 or more - LV: person above retirement age (age not specified)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, MT, SK, UK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK, UK e) No data available: MT
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK d) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE e) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 2001: SE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 2001, 2002, 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: CZ, ES, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT, BE - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL - 2002: SI

DE3009-10V	Lone pensioner (above retirement age) households – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: single person household where that person has retired from work and – in the normal case – reached the national retirement age. <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: an economically inactive person aged 50 or more being paid a pension - DE, DK, NL: person aged 65 or more - IT: family of a pensioner living alone above retirement age (men aged 65 or more, women aged 60 or more) - LU: person aged 60 or more - LV: person above retirement age (age not specified)
Data sources	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, MT, SE

(statistical basis)	b) Partial coverage: DE c) No data available: AT, MT, SE
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL b) Weighted and modelled statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years	1) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: UK - 2000, 2001: FI 2) 1 year: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

DE3011V	Households with children aged 0-17 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Households with children aged 0-17: a household with one or more adults (over 18 years old) and at least one dependent child (under 18 years old). <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Households with children aged 0-17: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: households with children aged 0-14 - BE, EE (1989): families with children aged 0-17 - CZ (1991): families with dependent children regardless their age (2001): households with children economically inactive and aged 0–25 - !E (1991, 1996), LV: households with children aged 0-18 - IT (1991): one nucleus households, couple of young persons with sons - SK: children studying until the age of 23 years are also included - UK: household with one person or more over 16 and dependant child(ren)(0-15 year old or 16-18 year old in full education)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, DE, EE, MT, SE, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Partial coverage: DE d) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK e) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE e) Weighed statistic and modelled statistic: DE f) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1989, 1996, 2002: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 2 years: - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1998, 2001: BE 3) 1 year: - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2001: BG, DK, ES, LT, NL, UK - 2002: SI

Social Aspects: Housing

Variables

SA1001V	(Conventional) dwellings
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - (Conventional) dwelling: structurally separate accommodation whose rooms and its accessories (e.g. lobbies, corridors) in a permanent building or structurally separated part thereof are self contained and designed for habitation by one private household all the year round <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ES (2001): conventional and non-conventional dwellings - UK: household space (not necessarily self contained)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1995 – 2002: RO <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES, IT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: BG, DE, DK, EE, LV, - 2001: BE, CY, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK - 2002: IE, MT, PL, SI
SA1004V	Houses
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - House: ground-oriented residential building (detached dwelling) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - House: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: building - BG: dwelling in building inhabited by two or less than two households - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in a family house (a family house may have up to three dwellings) - LU, PL: occupied/inhabited house only - IT: dwellings in residential buildings including one dwelling - PT: classic dwelling in exclusively residential buildings (100%) with one dwelling as well as a classic dwelling in mainly residential buildings (50-99%) with one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL, SE</p> <p>c) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, LV, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: NL, SE</p> <p>d) Modelled Statistic: LV</p>
Reference years	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, DK, EE

- 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK
- 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

SA1005V	Apartments
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Apartment: non ground-oriented (or other) residential building (apartment building) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Apartment:: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: dwelling in building inhabited by more than two households - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in multi-dwelling buildings (or blocs of flats) - IT: SA1001V minus SA1004V - LU: occupied apartment only - PT: classic dwelling in mainly not residential buildings with one dwelling as well as a classic dwelling in buildings with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL, SE</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, LV, NL, PL, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: NL, SE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: LV, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: ES, IT <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, DK, EE - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

SA1007V	Households living in houses
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - House: see SA1004V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see DE3001V - IT: family - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Household living in a house: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: household living in a dwelling in a building inhabited by two or less than two households - CZ: household living in a permanently inhabited dwelling in a family house (a family house may have up to three dwellings) - DE: household living in an occupied dwelling in a building with one or two dwellings - FR: household living in a main residence only - PL: private household living in a house which are the property of the household - PT: household living in a classic dwelling in an exclusively residential building (100%) with one dwelling as well as in a classic dwelling in a mainly residential building (50-99%) with one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, MT, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI

availability of data)	2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: ES 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, EE, LV - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK - 2002: DE, IE, PL, RO, SI
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SA1008V	Households living in apartments
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Apartment: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - see DE3001V - IT: family - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Household living in an apartment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: household living in a dwelling in building inhabited by more than two households - CZ: household living in a permanently inhabited dwelling in a multi-dwelling building (or a blocs of flats) - DE: household living in an occupied dwelling in a building with three or more dwellings - IT: a family living in dwellings minus families living in houses (SA1007) - FR: household living in a main residence only - PT: household living in a classic dwelling in a mainly not residential building with one dwelling as well as in a classic dwelling in a building with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, MT, NL, SE b) Partial coverage: DE, NL c) No data available: AT, MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, NL, PL b) Weighted statistic: NL c) Modelled statistic: PL d) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: ES 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, DK, EE, LV - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

SA1011V	Households owning their own dwelling (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ownership: includes household with shared ownership - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Ownership <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: dwelling in ownership - CZ: 'dwelling in own house' plus 'dwelling in private ownership' - FR: household owner or having access to the property (main residence only) - HU: includes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) a household having a member as owner (full or partial) or beneficial owner (full or partial) of the dwelling; b) a household of which at least one member of the household is a (close) relative of the (beneficial) owner who not lives in that household, and that household is not paying rent for the use of the dwelling

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT, PT: dwelling occupied by owner household - RO: household in dwelling under <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) private ownership of resident or (b) ownership of economic and social units with private capital - UK (1991): private dwelling (1996): dwelling with resident owner-occupied (2001): includes shared ownership where part rent & part mortgage are paid
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, UK d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, PL, RO, SI b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK d) Enumerated statistic and statistic indeterminable: FI e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE
Reference years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK, UK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: BE, CZ, ES, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: IE, SI - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL

SA1012V	Households in social housing (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social Housing: low cost housing provided by the municipality, a housing association or a co-operative (depending on the national legal framework). - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Households in social housing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (2001): inhabitants in social housing - FR: tenants or subtenants (principal residence) - DE: dwellings for social housing - PT (2000-2003): excludes households in housing provided by co-operatives, except for the LUZ of 4 cities - RO: includes also households in service dwellings resided by local and central government employees paying rent
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, BG, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU, UK c) Partial coverage: NL d) Not applicable: CZ (social housing doesn't exist yet) e) No data available: AT, CY, ES, GR, IT, LT, LV, MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, DK, EE, FI, FR, LU, PL, PT, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, HU, IE, SK, UK c) Weighted statistic: NL d) Modelled statistic: RO
Reference years (countries with availability of)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2000 - 2003: PT 2) 3 years:

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: SK, UK - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: LU - 1991, 2002: IE - 2001, 2004: EE <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DK - 2001: BE, BG, DE, HU, NL - 2002: PL, RO, SI
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SA1013V	Households in private rented housing (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Private rented housing: housing supplied by the private sector at the market rates. It also includes housing provided by the employer in the form of job benefits/perks - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Ownership <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: dwellings in main tenancy only - CZ: all rented dwellings (state or private) without dwellings of housing co-operatives - DE: tenants in occupied dwellings minus occupied dwellings in social housing - FR: tenants or subtenants of a non-HLM dwelling (main residence), a furnished or a hotel room (main residence) as well as a housing unit free of charge (main residence) - PT: excluding housing provided by the employer in the form of job benefits or perks - RO: households in dwellings under the ownership of organisations and associations without patrimony purpose
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: HU</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>e) No data available: MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, ES, IT, PT, UK - 1991, 2002: IE - 1996, 2000: EE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, HU, LT, LU, NL - 2002: PL, RO, SI

SA1018V	Dwellings lacking basic amenities (H)
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling lacking basic amenities: occupied conventional dwelling where one or more of the following amenities are lacking: piped (running) water, flush toilet, bath/shower, central sewerage connection or individual cesspool and hot water installation - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V
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	<p>Applied criteria for basic amenities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: without bath/shower and central sewerage connection - BG: dwellings without water - CZ: without central heating or bathroom or toilet inside the dwelling - DK: without toilet or kitchen or bathroom inside the dwelling - EE: without conveniences - FR: a) mother country: without bath and shower or with bath/shower in a space not reserved for that purpose; or a toilet outside the dwelling <li style="padding-left: 20px;">b) DOM: no electricity and no water inside the dwelling - HU: without at least 12m² living-room, kitchen, WC-usage inside the dwelling, (individual) heating and water usage - IT: without bath-room or without drinkable water - PL: without hot water, bathroom or toilet - UK: households with exclusive bath/shower and indoor toilet but no central heating - BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, NL (not relevant), PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no criteria mentioned: - DE, MT: no data available: <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (1991, 1996): LAU1 (for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, EE, ES, FI, NL, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>e) No statistical but legal base: NL</p> <p>f) No data available: DE, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, EE, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, NL, SE, SI, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SI, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: NL, SE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: BE, CZ, ES, IT, LU, PT, SK, UK - 1991, 2002: IE - 1998, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT, SI - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, ES, LT, NL - 2002: RO

SA1025V	Empty conventional dwellings (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Emptiness of conventional dwelling: emptiness for more than 3 months - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Emptiness: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU, IT, LT, NL, PT, UK: no 3 months criterion - CZ: (permanently) unoccupied dwellings in permanently occupied houses (i.e. with at least one occupied dwelling), minus number of dwellings occupied temporarily - DK: dwellings minus households - ES: secondary dwellings, unoccupied dwellings and other types with similar characteristics - LT: a dwelling which at Census data had no usual residents, but could become a place of residence at least for one person
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, DE, ES, FI, LV, MT, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SE</p>

	d) No data available: AT, BE, DE, LV, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, R, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR, HU, SE, SK d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI e) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES, GR, SK, UK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 2) 2 years: - 1991, 1996: SE - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI 3) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BG, LT, NL - 2002: IE, PL, RO

SA1026V	Non-conventional dwellings
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Non-conventional dwelling: occupied mobile or semi-permanent or improvised housing units and collective living quarters such as hotels, institutions or camps (housing units located in a hotel, institution or camp should be separately identified) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: persons outside conventional dwelling stock (not non-conventional dwellings) - FR: occupied and unoccupied non-conventional dwellings <p>Categories used: Countries have used various categories of non-conventional dwellings. Whether housing units (or the 'capacity') located in institutions etc. have been identified, cannot be ascertained.</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT,DE, FI, IE, IT, LV, MT, SE b) No data available: AT, DE, FI, IE, IT, LV, MT, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FR, GR, HU, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK b) Modelled statistic: NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: UK 2) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, EE - 2001: BE, BG, CY, CZ, ES, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: PL, RO, SI

Variables as Indicators

SA1019V	Average occupancy per occupied dwelling (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Area occupancy per occupied dwelling: average number of occupants per occupied conventional dwelling - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: see SA1001V - Area occupancy per occupied dwelling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: main residence only - HU: housing units occupied by persons not belonging to the scope of enumeration (e.g. foreign diplomats and their families), have been enumerated as occupied dwellings, too - IT (1991): persons per occupied dwelling - UK: weighted by average household size

Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, FI, LU, MT, PL, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: LU, PL</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>f) No data available: MT, SE</p>
Type of indicator	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BG, BE, CZ, DK, EE, FR, IT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CY, GR, HU, SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: LU, PL</p> <p>e) Indicator based on weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE, NL</p> <p>g) Type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, LU, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, ES, IT, PT - 1991, 1996: FI, IE - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2001: LT - 1996, 2002: PL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT, BE - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, LV - 2001: BG, NL, UK - 2002: RO

SA1022V	Average area of living accommodation (m² per person) for occupied dwellings: (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Area of living floor space: area of rooms (rooms have minimum 4 m² of area and are min. 2 m high over the major area of the ceiling), i.e. normal bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, habitable cellars and attics, servants rooms, kitchens and other separate spaces used or intended for habitation. Kitchenettes (<4 m², <2m wide), corridors, verandas, utility rooms and lobbies do not count as rooms nor do bathrooms and toilets. - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK: household space (not necessarily self contained) - PT: dwelling purchased with a banking credit (average area) - Area of living floor space <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (1991): small habitable rooms with an area of 4 – 7,9 m² have not been taken into account (2001): kitchen with an area of 12 m² or more - DE: living floor space of occupied and unoccupied main dwellings related to the population in the main dwelling - SI (1991): useful area (2001): useful floor space (=floor space of all rooms, kitchen and other auxiliary spaces (bathroom, toilet, hallway) and areas of enclosed terraces and verandas)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, PL, SI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>f) No data available: AT, CY, IE, FR, UK, MT, NL</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, IT, LT, LU, LV, RO</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: GR, HU, SK</p>

data)	<p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES</p> <p>d) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: PL, SI</p> <p>e) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>f) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>g) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PT</p> <p>h) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, LV - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: SI - 1993, 1998, 2002: DE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, CZ, ES, IT - 1992, 2002: RO - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2001: HU, LT - 1996, 2002: PL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: BG, LU, PT, SE

SA1016V	Average price for an apartment per m² (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment price: average buying price per m² during the reference year, net of national taxes, for apartments available for purchase. This includes both newly built and old (existing) apartments. - Apartment: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment: see SA1005V - Apartment price <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: price of an apartment aged 30 years with a living area of 68 m², 3 bedrooms plus a kitchen - HU: price of an apartment sold - PL: price of a luxury apartment is not included - PT: price of an apartment with a Banking Habitation Evaluation
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, EE, HU, PL, PT, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, RO, SE, SI</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: EE, HU, PT</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, DE, PL, UK</p> <p>d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2002: SK <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 2001: DE, EE, HU, UK - 2002: PL - 2003: CZ, PT

SA1023V	Average price for a house per m² (Euro)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House prices: average buying price during the reference year per m², net of national taxes, for houses available for purchase. This includes both newly built and old (existing) houses, as well as terraced houses and semi-detached houses. - House: see SA1004V

	<p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House: see SA1004V - House price <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: price of a 'family' house without garage on the outskirts of a city aged 40-50 years with a living area of 100 m² and a small garden, available immediately - HU (2001): price of a house sold - PT: price of a house with a Banking Habitation Evaluation
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, EE, FI, HU, PL, PT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES d) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE e) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, RO, SE, SI</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: EE, FI, HU, PT b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: ES c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, PL, UK d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK e) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1995-2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2002: SK 4) 1 year: - 2001: DE, EE, HU, UK - 2002: PL - 2003: CZ, PT</p>

SA1017V	Annual rent for social housing (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social housing rents: annual rent for contracts signed during and before the reference year, payable for social housing. Rents should correspond to the average for the whole city. - Social housing: see SA1012V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social housing: see SA1012V <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT (2001): house purchased with a banking credit (average area) - PT (2002): excludes housing provided by co-operatives - Social housing rents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: rent for main tenant - LV (1997): annual average rent per month - PT (2001): annual average rent of a conventional dwelling with a social or supported renting contract (LUZ for two cities).
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, DK, EE, LU, LV, PT b) Type of coverage indeterminable: DE c) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, MT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK, EE, LU, LV b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PT c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE d) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 2000-2003: PT 2) 2 years: - 1997, 2001: LV - 2001, 2004: EE 3) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2001: BE, DE, LU</p>

SA1021V	Average annual rent for an apartment per m² (Euro)

Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment rents: average annual rent per m² for contracts signed during and before the reference year, net of any additional costs such as electricity, water, gas, etc., for apartments supplied by the private sector for rent. - Apartment: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Apartment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: permanently inhabited dwelling in multi-dwelling buildings (or blocs of flats) - PT: apartments purchased with a banking credit (average area) - Apartment rent: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: rent for an apartment on the unregulated market only - PT: annual average rent of a classic dwelling in a mainly not residential building with one dwelling and of a classic dwelling in a building with more than one dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CZ, DK, PL, PT, SK b) Partial coverage: DE, ES, HU c) No data available: AT, BG, CY, EE, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, CZ, PL, PT, SK d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, HU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 2001, 2003: HU 2) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2001: BE, EE, PT - 2002: DE, PL, SK - 2003: CZ</p>

SA1024V	Average annual rent for a house per m² (Euro)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House rents: average annual rent per m² for contracts signed during and before the reference year, net of any additional costs such as electricity, water, gas, etc., for houses supplied by the private sector for rent. - House: see SA1005V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - House: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: house purchased with a banking credit (average area) - House rents <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: rent for a farm house is excluded - PT: annual average rent of a classic dwelling in an exclusively residential building (100%) with a dwelling and of a classic dwelling in a mainly residential building (50-99%) with a dwelling
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, DK, EE, PT, SK b) Partial coverage: DE, ES, HU c) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: DK, EE, b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES, HU c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, PT, SK d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-) weighted statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 1991, 2000: ES 2) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2001: BE, EE, PT - 2002: DE, SK - 2003: HU</p>

Social Aspects: Health

Variables

SA2004V	Infant mortality per year – total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Infant mortality per year: death of child born alive aged less than 1 year, for the reference year <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: CY, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for LV, UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK c) Modelled statistic: LV</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR, IT - 2000: DE, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

SA2005-6V	Infant mortality per year – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Infant mortality per year: death of child born alive aged less than 1 year, for the reference year <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: CY, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR, IT - 2000: DE, PT - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE

SA2007V	Live births – total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Live births: the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy, which, after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as heartbeat, umbilical cord pulsation, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached (World Health Organisation) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: child fully expelled or removed out of the mother's body, who gives a sign of life and the weight of the child is (a) 500 g or more, or (b) lower than 500 g, if it survives 24 hours after delivery
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: MT</p>

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK - 1999 – 2001: AT 3) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: DK 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, IT, PT - 2001: BE, BG, CZ, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: CY, IE

SA2008-9V	Live births – male/female
Definition	Definition: - Live births: see SA2007V Deviation from the definition: see SA2007V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 - 2002: RO 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK - 1999 – 2001: AT - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: - 2000, 2001: DK 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, IT, PT - 2001: BE, BG, CZ, EE, GR, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK - 2002: CY, IE

SA2013V	Deaths per year under 65 due to heart diseases and respiratory illness – total (H)
Definition	Definition: - Death: none - Cause of death: relevant categories of the International Classification of Diseases and Health problems of the World Health Organisation Deviation from the definition of cause of death: - CZ: all circulatory system diagnoses, including brain strokes, etc. - LV (1996): International Classification of Diseases and Health problems: ICD-10, categories I00-I52 - SK (2001): Diseases of the circulatory system and respiratory system
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, ES, FR, LU, MT, PL, RO, UK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU, PL, RO e) No data available: CY, FR, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, DE, ES, IE, LU, PL, RO, UK b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE

data)	d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK e) Modelled statistic: IE, LU, RO f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001, 2002: HU 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 1997: BE - 1991, 1996, 1999: IT - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI, PT, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: AT, CZ, EE, GR, LT, LV, PL, SI, UK - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: SK - 2001, 2002: RO 4) 1 year: - 1996: ES - 1999: DK - 2001: BG, LU, NL - 2002: IE

SA2014-15V	Deaths per year under 65 due to heart diseases and respiratory illness – male/female
Definition	Definition: - Death: none - Cause of death: see SA2013V Deviation from the definition of cause of death: - CZ: all circulatory system diagnoses, including brain strokes, etc. - SK: Diseases of the circulatory system and respiratory system
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, CY, ES, FR, LU, MT, PL, RO, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LU, PL, RO d) No data available: CY, ES, FR, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, IE, LU, PL, RO, UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK d) Modelled statistic: IE, LU, PL, RO e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: HU, RO 3) 1 year: - 1997: BE - 1999: DK, IT - 2000: PT, SE - 2001: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SI, SK - 2002: IE

SA2016V	Deaths under 65 per year – total
Definition	Definition: - Death: none Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, RO, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: RO d) No data available: CY, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, RO, UK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK d) Modelled statistic: RO
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES 2) 3 years:

data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK - 1992, 1993, 2000: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2002: HU, RO <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR, IT - 2000: PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI
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SA2017-18V	Deaths under 65 per year – male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, RO, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: RO</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for RO, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: RO</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: UK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: LT - 2001, 2002: HU, RO <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR, IT - 2000: DE, PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI

SA2019V	Deaths – total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available: CY</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for MT, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 – 2002: RO <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 2000: DE - 2001, 2002: HU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: IT, PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, MT, SI

SA2020-21V	Deaths – male/female
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for CY, MT, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: CY, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1995 – 2002: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT, UK 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: HU 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DE, IT, PT - 2001: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, LU, LV, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: IE, SI

SA2022V	Hospital beds (H)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital beds: Beds in wards, which are closed for reasons such as lack of health staff, building works, etc. and beds for patients admitted who require continual assistance; incubators and specialised care (intensive care, coronary units, etc.) are also included. Day care beds, emergency beds, ambulatory haemodialysis beds, pre-anaesthesia beds, wake-up beds, beds for the members of the patient’s family, cots for birth without complication, beds for hospital staff are not included. Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY: beds in general hospitals and private sector clinics - DK: acute beds are included - FI: beds used for the treatment of patients in all hospitals - FR: beds in recovery institutions, psychiatry and ambulatory care are excluded - HU: hospital beds being in operation (for the LUZ of one city) - LU (2001): beds planned according to the national hospital plan 2000 - LV (2001): short-term social care beds are excluded - PL (2001): permanent beds in patent wards (fully equipped), either occupied or prepared to receive patients. Beds and incubators for newborns and babies born prematurely are excluded (1991, 1996): beds in general hospitals including beds in hospital wards located near emergency stations. Beds and incubators for newborns are excluded Deviation from the spatial unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: Kungsbacka municipality is not included in the LUZ of one city
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BG, IE, MT, SE b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, SE c) No data available: AT, IE, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, SE b) Modelled statistic: SE c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1994 – 2000: RO - 1991, 1996 - 1998: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1995, 2000: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1994, 2001: LU

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999: DK - 1991, 1996, 2000: IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: CY, CZ, GR, LT, LV, PL, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: UK - 1991, 1996, 2003: BE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI, PT - 2001, 2002: NL <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2001: BG, SI, SE
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SA2025V	Hospital patients
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hospital patient: none <p>Specification of definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG, FI: discharged patients - CY: discharged patients from hospitals in the public sector - CZ, LU: hospitalized persons - DK: patients with residence in the area at the time of admission - FR: patient staying at least one day in a hospital or clinic and those coming for a consultation only - IT: in-patient cases (no in-patients); day care cases are excluded - LV: admissions except for admissions for short term social care - PT: hospital internments - SI: patients remaining from the previous year and new admissions - BE, DE, EE, ES, GR, IE, LT, NL, PL, SE, SK, UK: no specification - AT, IE, MT, RO: no data available <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: Kungsbacka municipality is not included in the LUZ of one city
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, ES, FR, IE, MT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, FR, IE, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, DE, ES, LV, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated and weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, LV</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1995 - 1998: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2002: UK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI - 2000, 2001: EE - 2001, 2002: CZ <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: BE - 2000: DE, DK, IT, PT - 2001: BG, CY, GR, HU, LU, LT, LV, NL, PL, SE, SI, SK

SA2023V	Doctors (FTE) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Doctor: general or specialised practitioner who have an official accreditation to practice and whose work-place is in the specified spatial unit, excluding a doctor in hospitals (unless such a doctor is the first access points for patients). For a doctor working part-time in hospital and also in practice, Full Time Equivalents (FTE) are applied <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: based on the contact address; no possibility to differentiate between full-time and part-time (therefore, no FTE) - BG: all doctors, not only general practitioners - CY, DE (2000): hospital doctors are included - CZ: physicians in out-patient care establishments (FTE) - DK, IE: registered general practitioners only

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: general practitioners and independent specialists - GR, SI: no FTE - HU: general practitioners and general paediatricians - LT (1991, 1996): All doctors working in health care institutions (out-patient and in-patient); private practitioners are excluded (2001): All doctors working in health care institutions (out-patient and in-patient) inclusive of private practitioners - LU: private as well as hospital practitioners and specialists - LV (2001): physicians with a main job in the health care, excluding dentists (1991, 1996): all specialists, including dentists - PL: doctors working full-time, overtime as well as part-time in relation to work time defined in the obligatory regulations for a given type of work, when this work has basic character. It does not include persons for whom the main workplace is medical, nurse's or midwife's practices. Intern doctors are included - PT: persons declaring doctor as profession in the census - SK: physicians rendering primary health care services (dentists are excluded)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, MT, NL, PL, SE, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, PL, SE d) No data available: MT, NL
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, PL, SE, SI, UK b) Enumerated and modelled statistic: UK c) Modelled statistic: SE, SI d) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2000: ES - 1992, 1993, 1996, 2000: DE - 1994 – 2000: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1995, 2000: CY - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI, LT, LU, LV, PL, SK - 1992, 1997, 1999: DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: PT - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2002: BE - 2001, 2003: UK 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: AT - 2000: IT - 2001: BG, FR, GR, SE, SI - 2002: IE

SA2024V	Dentists (FTE)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dentist: person who have an official accreditation to practice <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, GR, SI: persons (no FTE) - CY: dentist in hospital are included - CZ (2001): dental surgeries (rooms), not dentists - DK: active dentists in own practice, e.g. both owners and employees - FR: independent dentists - LT (1991, 1996): All dentists working in health care institutions; private practitioners are excluded (2001): All dentists working in health care institutions inclusive of private practitioners - LV: dentists with a main job in health care - PL: dentists working full-time, overtime as well as part-time in relation to work time defined in the obligatory regulations for a given type of work, when this work has basic character. It does not include persons for whom the main workplace is medical, nurse's or midwife's practices. Intern dentists are included - PT: persons declaring dentist as profession in the census - SK: dentists rendering primary dental service - BG, DE, EE, ES, FI, HU, IE, IT, LU, RO, SE, UK: no specification - AT, MT, NL: no data available

	Deviation from spatial unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: NUTS3 for two cities; spatial unit deviates from LUZ for one city
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BG, MT, NL, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, PL c) No data available: AT, MT, NL
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, PL, SI b) Modelled statistic: PL, SI c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 – 2000: ES - 1994 – 2000: RO 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: FI, LT - 1998, 2002, 2003: UK 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: DE - 2001, 2003: CZ 4) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: CY, EE, IT - 2001: BG, FR, GR, HU, LU, LV, PT, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE, PL, SE - 2003: DK

Variables as Indicators

SA2001V	Life expectancy at birth – total (in years) H
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Life expectancy at birth: the expected number of years that a newborn child is expected to live, if subjected throughout his/her life to the mortality conditions prevailing in the year of birth (age-specific probabilities of dying) Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: average of the data for the participating municipalities - CZ: weighted average of the life expectancy of males and females - SK: arithmetic mean of the life expectancy of males and females Deviation from spatial unit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: region (LUZ for 1 city) and province (LUZ for other cities) - PL: voivodships (LUZ for 7 cities) and sub-regions (LUZ for other cities)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FI, HU, LU, NL, LV, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, MT, SE
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FI, HU, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK, UK b) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: ES
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1998, 1999: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: PT - 1996, 19997/2001, 1998/2002, 2000/02: SK 2) 3 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE - 1991, 1996, 2002: PL - 1991/92, 1996/97, 2001/02: CZ 3) 2 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: LU, RO 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998/2001: BE - 2000: UK - 2001: BG, DE, HU, LV, NL, SI

SA2002-3V	Life expectancy at birth – male/female (in years)
Definition	Definition:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Life expectancy at birth: see SA2001 <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: average of the data for the participating municipalities <p>Deviation from spatial unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: region (LUZ for 1 city) and province (LUZ for other cities) - IT (1996): province (LUZ for 2 cities) - PL: voivodships (LUZ for 7 cities) and sub-regions (LUZ for other cities)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: ES d) No data available: AT, CY, FR, GR, IE, MT, SE
Type of indicator (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK b) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable type of statistics: UK c) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: ES
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1998, 1999: ES 2) 3 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1997/2001, 1998/2002, 2000/02: SK 3) 2 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1998: IT - 2000, 2001: PT, UK - 2001, 2002: LU, RO 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: DK - 1998/2000: BE - 2001: BG, DE, EE, HU, LT, LV, NL, SI - 2001/02: CZ - 2002: PL

Social Aspects: Crime

Variables

SA3001V	Recorded crimes (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: all incidents that happen within the “LUZ” limits and are reported to and logged by the police or another official body, which are considered as crime in the national legal framework <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI (1991, 1996): accused and convicted persons - PL: ascertained crime, i.e. event confirmed as crime after the completion of preparatory proceedings <p>Deviation from spatial unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI (2001): area of the Osrednjeslovenska Statistical Region for 1 city
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for BE, FR, GR, LU, LV, MT, RO b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LV c) No data available: FR, GR, LU, MT, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, IE, LV, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: PL c) Modelled statistic: IE, LV d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1997 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, FI, LT, LV, SE, SI

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1993, 1996, 2000: PT - 1994, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1996, 2000/01, 2001: UK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, BE, BG, DE, HU, IE, NL, PL
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SA3005V	Murders and violent deaths (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Murder and violent deaths: no explicit definition, only exclusion of suicide <p>Definition from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Murder and violent deaths (specifications) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - GR: murders and violent death as cause of death recorded by doctors - HU: homicide belonging to publicly indicted crimes against the person - LT: pre-conceived murder; attempted murder is excluded - LV: attempted murder is included - PL: murder and violent death as ascertained crime, i.e. confirmed as crime after the completion of preparatory proceedings - PT: death cause according to International Classification of Diseases (ICD) E960-E969 and E980-E989 - SI: murders, homicides, infanticides, homicides and serious bodily harm resulting in death <p>Deviation from spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK (1991, 1996, 2000): Strathclyde, Lothian and Borders, Grampian for the 3 Scottish cities respectively - PL: NUTS 2 or NUTS 3 regions
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, FR, LU, LV, MT, RO, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LV</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, FR, LU, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, IE, LV, PL, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: PL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IE, LV, UK</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2000/01, 2002: UK - 1997 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK, IT, PT - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, FI, GR, LT, SI - 1993, 1996, 2000: LV - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: BE, CZ, SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: SE - 2001: BG, DE, IE, NL, PL

SA3006V	Car thefts (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Car thefts: only theft of cars themselves, not theft of any contents from cars <p>Definition from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Crime: see SA3001V - Car thefts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: motor vehicle thefts belonging to publicly indicted crimes against the person - PT (2000): crime processes with regard to motor vehicles thefts in the phase of judgment in first instance judicial courts (1993, 1996): crime processes with regard to motor vehicles thefts registered by the police authorities

	- SI : car thefts and thefts of motor vehicles
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, BE, FR, GR, IE, LU, LV, MT, RO b) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, LV c) No data available: AT, FR, GR, IE, LU, MT, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BE, LV, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: PL c) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1997 – 2002: ES 2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK, IT - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, FI, LT, SI, SK - 1993, 1996, 2000: PT - 1995, 1996, 2001: LV - 1996, 2000/01, 2001 : UK - 2000 – 2002: CY 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: BE 4) 1 year: - 1996: SE - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, HU, NL, PL

Economic Aspects: Labour market

Variables

EC1001-3V	Economically active population - total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 65, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT (1991): all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 14 - ES (1996 for the LUZ of one city), UK (1991, 2001): all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 16 and under 65 - SI (1991, 1996): persons in paid employment in enterprises and other organizations
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, IT, LV, SI, UK c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, NL d) No data available: MT, SE
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DK, FI, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, IT, LV, SI, UK c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, CY, GR, HU, IE, SK d) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, NL e) Modelled statistic: DE, FR
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: IT 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE, GR, SI, SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV 3) 2 years: - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: BE, LU (EC1001V), PT - 1998, 2001: LT

	<p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, LU (EC1002-03V) - 2002: RO
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EC1142-44V	Economically active population 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population 15-24: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 25, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population 15-24: - UK: all resident persons in employment and unemployed above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, DE, FR</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV - 2001, 2002: IT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE (EC1142V) - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BE (EC1143-44V), BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, PL, SI, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE

EC1145-47V	Economically active population 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population 55-64: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 65, in accordance with Labour Force Survey - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population 55-64: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, DE, FR</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV - 2001, 2002: IT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p>

- 1999: FR
- 2000/02: NL
- 2001: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SI, SK, UK
- 2002: IE, PL, RO, SE

EC1010-12V	Residents unemployed - total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed: resident persons above 15 and under 65 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or more) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT (1991): all unemployed residents above 14 - PL (1992, 1996, 1997): person not employed and not performing any other income-generating work, ready to accept full-time employment, not attending full-time school and registered in a local labour office, if the person (a) is aged 18 or more, but less than 60 (for women) or less than 65 (for men), (b) did not acquire the right to retirement pay, (c) is not (co-)owner of a farm, (d) did not undertake non-agricultural activity or is not a subject to compulsory social security, (e) is disabled but is able to work half the full-time - UK (1991, 2001): all unemployed residents above 16 and under 65 - SI (1991, 1996): registered unemployed persons (persons who are registered by the employment office and fulfil all criteria defined by the employment office) <p>Deviation from the spatial unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SI (1991): former Municipality of Ljubljana (LUZ for 1 city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: AT, ES, IT, LV, SI, UK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, LT, NL</p> <p>d) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, DK, FI, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: AT, ES, IT, LV, SI, UK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, LU, SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LT, NL</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE, FR</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996 - 2001: ES - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, EE (EC1010V), GR, LU, SI (EC1010V), SK, UK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1992, 1996, 2002: PL - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2001: AT - 1998, 2000, 2001: LV <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: BE, PT - 1991, 1996: SE - 1996, 2001: EE (EC1011-12V), SI (EC1011-12V) - 1998, 2001: LT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG - 2002: RO

EC1148-50V	Residents unemployed 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	Definition:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed 15-24: resident persons above 15 and under 25 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or More) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed 15-24: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK: all residents unemployed above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE (EC1149-50V), SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE (EC1148V), LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) No data available: EE (EC1149-50V), MT, SE (EC1148V)</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE (EC1149-50V), SK, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE (EC1148V), LT, NL, SI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, FR</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV - 2001, 2002: IT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE (EC1148V), ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE (EC1149-50V), SI, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO

EC1151-53V	Residents unemployed 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed 55-64: resident persons above 55 and under 65 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or More) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed 55-64: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE (EC1151V), LT, NL, SI (EC1151V)</p> <p>d) No data available: EE (EC1152-53V), MT, SI (EC1152-53V)</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT, LV</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE (EC1151V), LT, NL, SI (EC1151V)</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, FR</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: LV - 2001, 2002: IT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE (EC1151V), ES, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SI (EC1151V), SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO
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EC1154-56V	Unemployed continuously for more than six months, 15-24 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continuously unemployed: unemployed for more than 6 months without interruption, following the LFS obligations. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Continuously unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: residents above 15 and under 25 unemployed for more than 4 months - RO: persons aged 15-24 stating to have no working place during the Census but being available for work and starting to seek actively for a working place more than 6 months ago - SE: monthly average
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, DK (EC1154-55V), IT, LT, LV, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, DK (EC1156V), EE, MT, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, HU, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: CZ, DK (EC1154-55V), IT, LT, LV, NL, SI, SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, ES, FR, IE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000 and 2002 (average): NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK (EC1154-55V), GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, PT, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, IE, IT, PL, RO

EC1157-59V	Unemployed continuously for more than one year, 55-64 - total/male/female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Continuously unemployed: unemployed for more than 6 months without interruption, following the LFS obligations. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Continuously unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: persons aged 55-64 searching for a job for 12 months or more regardless of being already unemployed - RO: persons aged 55-64 stating to have no working place during the Census but being available for work and starting to seek actively for a working place more than 9 months ago - SE: monthly average
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, DK, IT, LT, LV, NL, SI (EC1157V), SK</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, EE, MT, SI (EC1158-59V), UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, FI, GR, HU, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: AT, CZ, DK, EE, IT, LT, LV, NL, SI (EC1157V), SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, ES, FR, IE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: FI <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000 and 2002 (average): NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, PT, SE, SI (EC1157V), SK

- 2002: AT, BE, IE, IT, PL, RO

Economic Aspects: Economic Activity

Variables

EC2001V	Gross Domestic Product of region (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gross Domestic Product: Output-based GDP is the sum of the gross value-added at basic prices of all resident producers, plus all taxes less subsidies on products <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IT (1996): FISM (financial intermediation services indirectly measured) is not included <p>Deviation from the spatial unit :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL (1992, 1996): Voivodship (before administrative reform of 01.01.1999):
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage (regional accounts): AT, BG, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LU, LT, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: LV</p> <p>d) Not applicable (see EC2001V for cities): BE, CY, HU, RO</p> <p>e) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Modelled statistic: all countries except for ES</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 - 2001: PT - 1995, 1996, 1998, 2001: UK <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: CZ, LU - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE, PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK - 1996, 2000, 2001: AT <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: ES, FI, IT, SE - 1996, 2001: EE, GR, LT, LV, SI, SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FR, IE, NL - 2001: BG, LT
EC2002V	Resident population of area relating to reported GDP (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population of area : total population (all ages, working or not) resident in the <i>area</i> to which the reported GDP is related <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <p>IT: see DE1001V (proxy data based on population register)</p> <p>Deviation from the spatial unit: see EC2001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, FI, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT, CZ, EE</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: IE</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, FR, GR, PL, SI, UK</p> <p>f) Not applicable (see EC2002V for cities): BE, CY, RO</p> <p>g) No data available: MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DE, DK, FI, HU, IT, LU, LV, NL, PT, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT, EE</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: CZ</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: IE</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic: FR, LT, SI, UK</p> <p>g) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL</p>

	h) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, GR, SI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1997, 1998 – 2002: ES - 1991, 1996, 1999 - 2001: PT - 1993, 1995, 1996, 2001: UK <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: CZ, LT, LU, LV - 1992, 1996, 2000: EE, FI, PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 2000: DE, IT - 1996, 2001: AT, GR, HU, SE, SK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FR, IE, NL - 2001: BG, SI

EC2015V	Employment of area [country] relating to reported GDP (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Employment of area: total employment (jobs) in the <i>area</i>, so including residents of the <i>area</i>, in-commuters from outside the <i>area</i> and excluding out-commuters <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL (2000), UK: employees only <p>Deviation from the spatial unit (city): see EC2001V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, FI, LU, PT, SE, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT, NL, SK</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: AT</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: CZ, EE, LT, LV</p> <p>e) Type of coverage indeterminable: BG, ES, FR, GR, PL, SI</p> <p>f) Not applicable (see EC2002V for cities): BE, CY, HU</p> <p>g) No data available: IE, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT, SK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: AT</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, LV</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE, ES, FR, LT, NL, SI, UK</p> <p>f) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: PL</p> <p>g) Type of statistic indeterminable: BG, GR</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1999 - 2001: PT - 1992, 1996, 2000, 2001: DE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, LU - 1992, 1996, 2000: PL - 1993, 1996, 2000: DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1995, 1996, 2001: UK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: ES - 1996, 2000: FI, IT - 1996, 2001: AT, SK - 1998, 2001: LV <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998: LT - 2000: FR, NL, SE - 2001: BG, GR, SI

Economic Aspects: Income Disparities and Poverty

Variables

EC3045V	Household income: Quintile 4 (income with 20% households above, 80% below)
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Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: ranking of households by income and division into 5 (high to low) size bands with equal number of households in each size band. Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, IE, LU, LV, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, GR, HU, IT, LT, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, ES, LU, LV, NL c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK

EC3048V	Household income: Quintile 3 (income with 40% households above, 60% below)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, IE, LU, LV, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, GR, HU, IT, LT, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, ES, LU, LV, NL c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK

EC3051V	Household income: Quintile 2 (income with 60% households above, 40% below)
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, IE, LU, LV, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, GR, HU, IT, LT, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, ES, LU, LV, NL c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK
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EC3054V	Household income: Quintile 1 (income with 80% households above, 20% below)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) - Quintile: see EC3045V <p>Specification of household income: see EC3039V (below)</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, IE, LU, LV, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, GR, HU, IT, LT, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, ES, LU, LV, NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, PL, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997, 2003: CY <p>2) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK - 2000: FI, FR, NL - 2001: DE, EE, IE, LU - 2002: CZ, LV, PL - 2003: SK

EC3057V	Households with less than half of the national average income
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) <p>Specification of income definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE (2000), FR: fiscal income - BE (1991, 1996): taxable net income - DE: net household income - DK: family income - EE: annual disposable income (in cash and in kind without imputed rent) per household member calculated from monthly income - FR: households receiving an income below the lowest income threshold, exclusive of students and persons over 65 are excluded. The threshold is defined as half of the median disposable income and has been calculated for the first time on the occasion of the Family Budget 1995. That threshold is annually actualised based on the development of the disposable household income in the National Accounts. - NL: available income, i.e. income from primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - PL: revenues of taxpayers - SK: total disposable income of a household - CY, CZ, ES, FI, LU, MT, SK: no specification - AT, BG, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, LU, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BG, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: CY, CZ, EE, ES, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE, LU</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: BE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: EE, LU

- 1997, 2003: CY
 - 1999, 2001: ES
- 3) 1 year:
- 1999: DK, ES
 - 2000: FI, FR, MT, NL
 - 2002: CZ, PL, SK
 - 2003: SK

EC3060V	Total number of households reliant on social security benefits (>50%)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where More than 50% of income is social security benefit - Household income: see EC3039V (below) <p>Specification of households receiving social security benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: families reliant on social benefits for which those benefits are >50% of their family income - EE: households receiving pensions, sickness and invalidity benefits, family and child allowances, unemployment benefits, education allowances and other benefits from government, local municipality or from other organisations for which those benefits are > 50% of their annual disposable income - FR: households receiving social benefits from the 'Caisse d'Allocation Familiale' (exclusive of students and persons over 65) for which those benefits are > 50% of their disposable income - NL: households receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: households for which a social benefit was the main source of maintenance during 12 months before Census - PT: households of which at least one adult depends on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - BE, DE, CZ, ES, FI, HU, LU, MT, SE, SK: no specification - AT, BG, CY, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, RO, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FR, LU, PL, PT, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CZ, DE, EE, ES, FI, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, FI, HU, SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BG, CY, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FR, LU, PL, PT, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: CZ, EE, ES, MT, NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, FI, SE</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, HU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK, FR - 2000: FI, MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, HU, LU, PT, SE - 2002: BE, CZ, PL - 2003: SK
EC3063V	Individuals reliant on social security benefits (>50%)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Individuals receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where More than 50% of income is social security benefit <p>Specification of individuals receiving social security benefits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: family members reliant on social benefits for which those benefits are >50% of their income - EE: persons receiving pensions, sickness and invalidity benefits, family and child allowances, unemployment benefits, education allowances and other benefits from government, local municipality or from other organisations for whom those benefits are > 50% of their annual income - FR: persons in households receiving social benefits from the 'Caisse d'Allocation Familiale' (exclusive of students and persons over 65) for whom those benefits are > 50% of their income - NL: persons receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: household members for whom a social benefit was the main source of maintenance

	<p>during 12 months before Census</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: adult individuals depending on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - BE, DE, ES, FI, LU, SE, SK: no specification - AT, BG, CY, CZ, GR, IE, LT, LV, RO, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FR, HU, LU, PL, PT, SK b) Partial coverage: DE, EE, ES, MT, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, FI, SE d) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, HU, LU, PL, PT, SK b) Weighted statistic: EE, ES, MT, NL c) Modelled statistic: DE, FI, FR, SE d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: ES - 1999: DK, FR - 2000: FI, MT, NL - 2001: DE, EE, HU, LU, PT, SE - 2002: BE, CZ, PL - 2003: SK

Variable as Indicator

EC3039V	Median disposable annual household income (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Disposable annual household income: annual income of a household from income from work (wages and salaries, self-employment income), private income (property income, capital income, private transfers) and social transfers (Old-age and survivors' pensions, Unemployment benefits, family related benefits, sickness / invalidity benefits, education related benefits, housing allowance, social assistance and other benefits). If disposable income is unavailable, the fiscal income or whatever is available may be used instead with a clear mark in the footnote (free-format text). - Median: the middle value, i.e. 50% of all observations are below the median value and 50% above it <p>Specification of income definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: net household income - BE (2000), FR: fiscal income - BE (1991, 1996): taxable net income - DK: family income - EE: annual disposable income (in cash and in kind without imputed rent) household member calculated from monthly income - LV: equalised income using modified OECD scale (1-0.5-0.3) - NL: available income, i.e. income from primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - PL: revenues of taxpayers - PT: gross declared income of households that are registered for fiscal purposes - SK: total disposable income of a household - CY, CZ, ES, FI, LU, MT: no specification - AT, BG, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL, PT b) Partial coverage: CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, LU, LV, MT, NL c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SK d) No data available: AT, BG, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR, PT b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: CY, CZ, EE, ES, LV, MT, NL c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE, LU d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PL e) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable kinds of statistics: SK f) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable kinds of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: BE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, LU, PT <p>2) 2 years:</p>

- 1996, 2001: EE, ES
 - 1997, 2003: CY
 - 1999, 2000: AT
- 3) 1 year:
- 1999: DK
 - 2000: FI, FR, MT, NL
 - 2002: CZ, LV, PL
 - 2003: SK

Training and Education: Education and Training Provision

Variables

TE1001V	Children 0-4 in day care (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: all educational data are study-placed based</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: institutions, public or private, which look after children during the day. Child minders should be included <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (2001): care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - CZ (1993, 1996): nursery schools - CZ (1993) special day care kindergartens for disabled children are excluded - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - IT (1996): state nursery schools only - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: 0-3 years - CZ (1993, 1996): 3-6 years - FI, SK: 0-6 years - IT (1996): 3-4 years - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security, year 2000) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education, school year 2001/02) - SI: 1-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for IE, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) No data available: IE, MT, NL, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, DE, ES, PL, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, PL</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: ES</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996 – 2002: ES - 1992, 1997, 2000 – 2002: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: SE, SI - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ - 1994, 1996, 2000: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: AT, DE, EE, IT, PL, SK - 1996, 2002: BE - 1998, 2001: LT, LV - 2000, 2001: FI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: GR - 1997: LU - 2001: BG, HU, PT - 2002: FR

TE1002V	Children 0-4 in private day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Private day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT, FR, PT, SI: inclusive of other day care - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI, SK (2001): 0-6 years - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security, year 2000) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education, school year 2001/02) - SI: 1-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DK, ES, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, DK, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, SK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: FI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, GR, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, FR
TE1003V	Children 0-4 in public day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Public day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - FR: places in day care institutions (incomplete) - IT: state infancy schools only - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - SI: kindergartens - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI, SK: 0-6 years - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education) - SI: 1-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for BG, DK, ES, GR, IE, LU, MT, NL, RO, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, DK, GR, IE, LU, MT, NL, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for ES, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: ES</p>

availability of data)	c) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1996 – 2002: ES <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: IT - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK - 2002: BE, FR

TE1029V	Children 0-4 in other day care , e.g. in church day care
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: see TE1001V - Other day care: not defined <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Day care institutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY: child minders are excluded - CZ: care institutions administrated by Ministry of Education and Youth; not included are: the youngest infants (mostly aged less than 3 years) put in nurseries (administered by the Ministry of Health) - EE: registered institutions and childminders only - PL: nurseries and kindergartens - PT: private and other day care - Age of the children: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: 0-3 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Social Security) and 3-4 years (institutions administered by the Ministry of Education) - SK: 0-6 years
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: DK, SK</p> <p>c) Not relevant: FR and SI (included in TE1002V)</p> <p>d) No data available: BG, ES, FI, GR, IE, IT, LU, MT, NL, RO, SE, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: DK</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LT, LV, PL, PT, SK - 2002: BE

TE1005V	Total students registered for final year of compulsory education
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Compulsory education: the term “compulsory education” has to be adapted to the institutional arrangements of the country. Students moving from one to another school to fulfil compulsory education will have done compulsory education at the end. This phenomena is assumed to be small and might be neglected if necessary <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: pupils in schools for children with mental diseases are not included - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: 9 years of compulsory education - DE: registered students in 7th grade in 2000 - FR: persons aged 17 - HU: students attending the 10th grade of education - IT: 1997 definition of compulsory education. The definition changed in 1999 - NL: students aged 16 on 31-12-2000 in schools and other institutions for secondary education

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL: students of 3rd class of lower secondary school - RO: students registered for the final year of the lower secondary education - AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, LT, LU, LV, MT, PT, SE, SI, UK: no specification - ES, IE, SK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, IE, MT, RO, SK</p> <p>b) No data available: ES, IE, MT, RO, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for BG, DE, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: BG, DE, NL</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: BG <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997: IT - 1999: FR, GR - 2000: EE, NL - 2001: AT, CZ, HU, LT, LU, LV, PL, SE, SI, UK - 2002: BE, DE, PT

TE1030V	Students leaving compulsory education without having a diploma (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students not completing compulsory education at institutions offering it within the specified boundaries: all students of any age, leaving compulsory education before completion (in the reference year) <u>or without any diplomas</u>. This comprises both private and public education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 not participating in the school system at Census date - HU: public education only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR, GR, HU, LT, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: UK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, ES, FI, IE, IT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SI, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, DK, EE, FR, GR, HU, LT, LV, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, UK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: BG, CY</p> <p>d) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1995, 2002: CY - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 1999: GR - 1996, 2001: CZ, EE - 1998, 2001: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1996: DK - 1999: FR - 2001: HU, LT, UK - 2002: BG

TE1017V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – total (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: no explicit definition available <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EE (1996): general education only - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship

	<p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 participating in the school system at Census date - NL: students aged 17 year of sixteen years old on 31-12-2001 in schools and other institutions for secondary education - PL: students of 1st grade in all types of upper secondary schools for youth - RO: students registered for the first year of the upper secondary education - SI: are included: pupils who have failed and must repeat the year's work in the same form, pupils who finished elementary school with special programs, foreigners and pupils who finished elementary school at adult education institute - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, MT, SE, UK: no specification - ES, IE, LV, PT, SK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for ES, FI, IE, LV, MT, PL, PT, SK, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, PL, UK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) No data available: ES, IE, LV, PT, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, PL, UK c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI d) Modelled statistic: BG, NL, RO e) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1992, 1995, 2000 – 2002: CY</p> <p>2) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 1998: IT - 1991, 1996, 2002: PL - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 1992, 1996, 2001: LU - 1993, 1997, 2001: CZ - 1996, 2001, 2002: SE - 2001 – 2003: MT</p> <p>3) 2 years: - 1996, 1999: GR - 1996, 2001: DK, EE - 1996, 2002: BE - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2003: UK</p> <p>4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2001: AT, HU, LT, NL, RO, SI - 2002: BG</p>

TE1018-19V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – male/female
Definition	<p>General remark: see TE1001V Definition: - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: see TE1017V Deviation from the definition: - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship Specification of the definition: - FR: persons aged 17 participating in the school system at Census date - NL: students aged 17 year of sixteen years old on 31-12-2001 in schools and other institutions for secondary education - PL: students of 1st grade in all types of upper secondary schools for youth - RO: students registered for the first year of the upper secondary education - SI: pupils who have failed and must repeat the year's work in the same form are also included - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, MT, SE, UK: no specification - DE, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK: no data available</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, ES, FI, IE, LV, MT, PT, SK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT d) No data available: DE, ES, IE, LV, PT, SK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FR, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, PL, SE, SI, UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Modelled statistic: BG, NL, RO</p>

data)	d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000 – 2002: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 : IT - 1999: FR, GR - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LT, LU, NL, RO, SI - 2002: BE, BG, PL - 2003: UK

Training and Education: Educational Qualifications

Variables

TE2016-18V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 1: total-male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1: primary education or first stage of basic – compulsory – education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PL, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, IT, MT, NL, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>d) No data available but combined with TE2001-3V: DE</p> <p>e) No data available at all: AT, ES, FI, MT, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for NL</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2001: DK - 2001, 2002: IT <p>2) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

TE2001V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 2 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2: lower secondary or second stage of basic education; corresponds to the first cycle of secondary education. In countries with no system break between lower secondary and upper secondary education and where lower secondary education lasts

	<p>More than three years, only the first three years following primary education are counted as lower secondary education. Lower secondary education may either be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for upper secondary education</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - EE (1991, 1996): 15-69 years - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE (2000), FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, ES, MT, PL, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, EE, ES, FI, IT, MT, NL, PL, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, IT</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>e) Non applicable: PL (2002): combined with TE2016V; PL (1991, 1996): lower secondary education did not exist</p> <p>f) No data available: AT, ES, MT, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, IT</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI</p> <p>e) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1990, 1997, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: IT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, LT - 2002: RO

TE2002-3V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 2: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2: see TE2001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, ES, MT, PL, UK: no data available

Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, IT, MT, NL, PL, UK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT c) Partial coverage: DE, NL d) No data available but combined with TE2017-18V: PL e) No data available: AT, ES, MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for DE, IT, NL b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT c) Weighted statistic: NL d) Modelled statistic: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: IT 2) 1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, RO, SI

TE2019V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 3 and 4 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3: upper secondary education; Includes general, technical or vocational education for students who have completed their first cycle of secondary education. Apprenticeship programmes are included. This may be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for tertiary education - ISCED level 4: post-secondary non-tertiary education; programmes leading to the award of a qualification not equivalent to a first university degree, but admission to this level usually requires the completion of a programme at the upper secondary level (ISCED 3) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 or 4: - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - EE (1991, 1996): 15-69 years - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK (Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK (England and Wales): no specification - AT, ES, MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, EE, ES, FI, IT, MT, NL b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, IT c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) No data available: AT, ES, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK (England and Wales) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, IT c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland) d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1990, 1997, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: IT 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK

- 1991, 1996, 2002: IE
 - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY
 - 2001 – 2003: MT
- 3) 2 years:
- 1988, 2002: PL
 - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT, UK
 - 1991, 2002: SI
 - 1996, 2001: DK
- 4) 1 year/period:
- 1991: BE
 - 1999: FR
 - 2000: LV
 - 2000/02 : NL
 - 2001: BG, LT
 - 2002: RO

TE2020-21V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 3 and 4: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 and 4: see TE2019V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 and 4: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK (Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales): no specification - AT, ES, MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, IT, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, ES, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales)</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland)</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: UK - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: IT <p>2) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

TE2022V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 5 and 6 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5: first stage of tertiary education (not leading directly to an advanced research qualification); Programmes leading to the award of a first or second university degree or a recognised equivalent qualification - ISCED level 6: second stage of tertiary education (leading to an advanced research qualification). Programmes leading to the award of an advanced research qualification <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 or 6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FI (1991, 1996): other educational classification <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents: see TE2019</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, EE, ES, FI, IT, MT, NL b) Full coverage and partial coverage: EE, IT c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Partial coverage: DE, NL e) No data available: AT, ES, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, FR, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, UK(England and Wales) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: EE, IT c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, IE, SK, UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland) d) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI e) Weighted statistic: NL f) Weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE g) Modelled statistic: RO
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1990, 1997, 2000, 2001: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001, 2002: IT 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: EE - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY - 2001 – 2003: MT 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1988, 2002: PL - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT, UK - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, LT - 2002: RO

TE2023-24V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 5 and 6: male-female
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 and 6: see TE2022V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 and 6: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents: see TE2020-21V</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, IT, MT, NL b) Full coverage and partial coverage: IT c) Partial coverage: DE, NL d) No data available: AT, ES, MT
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK(England and Wales) b) Enumerated statistic and weighted statistic: IT c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: UK(Northern Ireland, Scotland) d) Weighted statistic: NL e) Modelled statistic: DE, RO
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: UK - 1996, 2001: DK - 2000, 2001: FI - 2001, 2002: IT 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE

- 1999: FR
- 2000: EE, LV
- 2000/02 : NL
- 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK
- 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

Environment: Land Use

Variables

EN5003V	Land area (km ²) according to cadastral register (H)
Definition	<p>Definition: It is recommended that the statistical definition of surface area is harmonised and that the area concept used be the land area concept, excluding lakes, rivers, and coastal seas. Mountainous regions, glaciers, forests, wetlands and other More or less uninhabitable regions should be included in the land area</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ES (1991, 1996): lakes may be included - FR: water surfaces are included - LU (1989): bad degree of precision - LV: land under water is included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DK, FI, IE, MT, RO, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK, SI, UK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT</p> <p>d) No data available: FI, IE, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, ES, FR, GR, HU, IT, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, EE, LU</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: UK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: SI</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1996, 2000: EE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: AT, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: CY, CZ, ES, IT, LT, LV, PT, PL, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE - 1992, 1996, 2000: DE - 2001 – 2003: MT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1999: LU - 1991, 2000: GR - 2000, 2001: DK - 2001, 2002: UK <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR - 2000: BG, NL - 2001: SI

EN5015V	Water and wetland (km ²)
Definition	<p>Definition: inland or coastal areas covered by water and flooded surfaces or likely to be so over a large part of the year. Corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: water and wetland (G)</p> <p>CORINE: wetlands (4) and water bodies (5)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: cadastral category - GR: inland waters, inland wetlands and coastal wetlands - HU: inland marshes (LUZ for three cities); inland marshes and peat bogs (LUZ for one city) - LV: area covered by water and swamps

Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SI d) No data available: BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, MT, PT, RO, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, FR, GR, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL b) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK c) Modelled statistic: EE, HU, SI, UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 3) 1 year: - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, GR, NL, UK - 2001: AT, LV, SI, SK - 2003: CZ

EN5012V	Green space area (km²)
Definition	Definition: Vegetated area. Corresponds to LUCAS: cropland (B), woodland (C), shrub land (D) and permanent grassland (E) CORINE: green urban areas (1.4.1), forest and semi-natural areas (3) but excluding open spaces with little or no vegetation (3.3) Deviation from the definition: - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: cadastral category - HU (1998): green urban areas (CORINE 1.4.1) only
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: MT, SI, SK c) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, FR, GR, LU, NL, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: HU c) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, SI, SK, UK d) Type of statistic indeterminable: MT
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 1998, 2001: HU - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: - 1996: FR - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, GR, NL, UK - 2001: AT, SI, SK - 2003: BE, CZ, MT

EN5016V	Land used for agricultural purposes (km²)
Definition	Definition: area utilised for agricultural purpose. Corresponds to LUCAS: agricultural use (U11) CORINE: agricultural area (2) Deviation from the definition: - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: cadastral category - FI: Finnish land use classification: agricultural land - GR: Greek classification: B (arable land, permanent crops and heterogeneous agricultural areas) and E (pastures-transitional wood land/shrub, pastures -shrub and /or herbaceous vegetation associations and pastures-open spaces with little or no vegetation) - HU: non-irrigated arable land (CORINE 2.1.1) only

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LT: agricultural land according to the nomenclature of agricultural products - LV: land area in accordance with nomenclature for statistics on agricultural products as well as unutilized agricultural land
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SI, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, MT, PT, RO, SE, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DE, FR, GR, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL</p> <p>b) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, SI</p> <p>c) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: LT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, GR, NL - 2001: AT, LV, SI, SK - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5017V	Land area in mineral extraction (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: mining and quarrying (U14)</p> <p>CORINE: mineral extraction sites (1.3.1)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage unknown: SI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: ES</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, CY, DK, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DE, FR, GR, LU, NL, PL</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SI</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: ES</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, SK, UK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, GR, NL - 2001: ES, SI, SK - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5018V	Land area in industrial and manufactory use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: industry and manufacturing (U22)</p> <p>CORINE: industrial and commercial areas (1.2.1)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: cadastral category - HU: industrial and commercial areas (1.2.1) and land in commerce - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, PL, UK</p> <p>b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DE, FR, GR, LU, PL</p>

(countries with availability of data)	b) Modelled statistic: BE, CZ, EE, HU, SK, UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, DE, GR - 2001: SK - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5019V	Land area in road network use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: roads (U31.2)</p> <p>CORINE: in the CORINE Land Cover there are no linear features with less than 100m in width that are recorded. No data on linear transport features, therefore, are available. "Road and rail networks and associated land" should be used as an approximation (1.2.2)</p> <p>Approximation CORINE (1.2.2): BG, EE, FR, HU, LU, UK</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: cadastral category - FR, HU, UK: land area in rail network use (EN5020V) included - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, DE, FR, GR, NL, PL b) Enumerated and modelled statistic: SI c) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, HU, LU, UK d) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: AT, BG, DE, GR, NL - 2001: SI, SK - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5020V	Land area in rail network use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: railways (U31.1)</p> <p>CORINE: road and rail networks and associated land (already included in EN5019V (1.2.2). (If the data concerning the railway network cannot be separated from the road network data, these variables might be estimated by using a fixed coefficient.)</p> <p>Approximation CORINE (1.2.2): BG, EE, FR, HU, LU, UK</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, GR, LU, NL, PL b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI

	<p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) Not applicable (included in 5019V): FR, HU, UK e) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, GR, NL, PL b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE, SI c) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK d) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, LU</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR, NL - 2001: AT, DE, SI, SK - 2003: BE, CZ</p>

EN5008V	Land area in ports use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: area utilised for transport on water. Corresponds to LUCAS: water transport (U31.3) CORINE: in the CORINE Land Cover there are no linear features with less than 100m in width that are recorded. No data on linear transport features, therefore, are available. Ports etc. are already included in (1.2.3) Approximation CORINE (1.2.3): BG, EE, FR, HU, LU, UK Deviation from the definition: - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, SI, UK b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: AT, DK, CY, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, FR, GR, LU, NL, PL, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: BE, CZ, EE, HU, UK e) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years: - 1996, 2000, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE 3) 1 year: - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR, NL - 2001: DE, SI, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, CZ</p>

EN5009V	Land area in airports use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: air transport (U31.4) CORINE: airports (1.2.4) Deviation from the definition: - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)</p>
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, SI b) Partial coverage: ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK d) No data available: AT, CY, DK, FI, IE, IT, MT, LT, LV, PT, RO, SE, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, FR, GR, LU, NL, PL, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: BE, CZ, EE, HU</p>

	e) Type of statistic indeterminable: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE 3) 1 year: - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR, NL - 2001: DE, SI, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5021V	Land area in water treatment use (km²)
Definition	Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: water supply and treatment (U32.1) CORINE: included in dump sites (1.3.2) Deviation from the definition: - CZ: cadastral category
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, LU, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: PL b) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DE, LU, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 1 year: - 1999: LU - 2000: BG - 2001: DE, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5022V	Land area in waste disposal use (km²)
Definition	Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: waste treatment (U32.2) CORINE: dump sites (1.3.2) Deviation from the definition: - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, PL, SI, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: CZ, FR, GR, LU, PL, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, HU, SK, UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE 2) 1 year: - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR - 2001: DE, SI, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5023V	Land area in commerce, finance and business use (km²)
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Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: commerce, finance, business (U34) CORINE: continuous urban fabric (1.1.1)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, GR, LU, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) Not applicable (included in EN5004V): FR d) No data available: AT, CY, DK, EE, ES, FI, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, GR, LU, PL b) Modelled statistic: BE, CZ, DE, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR - 2001: DE, SK - 2003: BE, CZ </p>

EN5011V	Land area in recreational, sports and leisure use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: recreation, leisure, sport (U36) CORINE: sport and leisure facilities (1.4.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: cadastral category - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, PL, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DE, FR, GR, LU, PL b) Modelled statistic: BE, EE, HU, SK, UK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990: UK - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR - 2001: DE, SK - 2003: BE, CZ </p>

EN5004V	Land area in housing/residential use (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: corresponds to LUCAS: residential (U37) CORINE: discontinuous urban fabric (1.1.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - Dauersiedlungsraum - CZ: cadastral category - FR: land area in commerce, finance and business use (EN5023V) included
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, EE, FR, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: CY, DK, ES, FI, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, DE, FR, GR, LU, NL, PL b) Modelled statistic: BE, CZ, EE, HU, SK</p>

availability of data)	
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR - 1998: HU - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, GR, NL - 2001: AT, DE, SK - 2003: BE, CZ

EN5013V	Unused areas, including contaminated or derelict land areas (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: Contaminated land: any land whose inland waters appear to be polluted and/or significant harm has been caused to it due to the substances that it contains.</p> <p>Derelict land: land so damaged by industrial or other developments that it is incapable of beneficial use without treatment</p> <p>Corresponds to</p> <p>LUCAS: unused land (U40)</p> <p>CORINE: construction sites (1.3.3.) and open spaces with little or no vegetation (1.4.2)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: cadastral category
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, DE, LU, NL, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, BE, CY, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DE, LU, NL, PL b) Modelled statistic: SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2002: PL 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: BG, NL - 2001: DE, SK - 2003: CZ

EN5014V	Urban area subject to special /physical planning conservation measures (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: land use planning measures which restrict development in the urban area, based on a conservation rationale (e.g. natural reserves, cultural heritage, protected areas for ground water use etc.). Urban Parks do not belong a-priori to this category, unless they are subject to a special order e.g. protected area for nature conservation etc. as mentioned above.</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: natural and cultural protected areas (LUZ for one city) - PL: areas included in spatial land development plans where every activity conforms to environmental protection and human activity is limited in virtue of resolutions and regulations laid by authorities - government and local self-government (e.g. scenic parks, nature reserves, areas of protected landscape, ecological areas). - BG, DE, HU (partly), SK: no specification - AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, DE, PL b) Type of coverage indeterminable: HU, SK c) No data available: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: PL, SK d) Type of statistic indeterminable: HU

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: BG, DE, HU, SK - 2002: PL
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EN5001V	Green space to which the public has access (hectares)
Definition	<p>Definition: public parks and gardens, open-air sports facilities, and private agricultural areas and parks accessible and free of charge</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: for the cities in the Larger Urban Zone only - PL: generally accessible green areas and estate green belts i.e. strolling and recreational parks, lawns, estate green belts playing an aesthetic and recreational role for the residents of the housing estate as well as forests owned by municipalities and located within the administrative borders of the cities. The area of parks includes waters located there, an area of water sports, bathing beaches, sport fields, playgrounds etc. as long as they are open to the public - PT: green space in the city centre only - EE, LU: CORINE land cover - NL: Land use map - GR: unknown (free text cut off in database) - BE, BG, DE, SK: no specification - AT, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, BG, DE, EE, GR, HU, LU, NL, PL, PT, SK b) No data available: AT, CY, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: GR, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: BE, BG, EE, PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: PT - 2001, 2004: BG 2) 1 year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: LU - 2000: GR, NL - 2001: DE, HU, SK - 2002: PL - 2003: BE

EN5002V	Population within 15 minutes walking distance of urban green areas (number)
Definition	<p>Definition: also be assessed by the number of people living within 300 metres (“as the crow flies”) of publicly accessible (i.e. without charges/fees) green areas, including forested areas.</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PT: green space in the city centre - see EC5012V (for relevant countries) <p>Specification of the method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BG: distance of 300 meters used in a GIS environment (one city) or in a manual assessment on a detailed map and population tables of Census enumeration units (other cities) - CZ: 300 meter distance - LU, NL: 300 meters buffer around green areas with intersection of population addresses in a GIS environment - PL: ring of 300 meters around green areas, average area of the green areas and population density of the city - EE, PT, SK: no specification of method - AT, BE, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, CZ, EE, LU, NL, PL, PT b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, BE, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK

Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, LU, PT b) Modelled statistic: CZ, EE, NL, PL, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 2 years: - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000, 2001: PT 2) 1 year: - 2001: BG, LU, NL, SK - 2002: PL - 2004: CZ

Travel and Transport: Travel Patterns

Variables

TT1066V	Length of public transport network
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: a network of buses, trains, tram etc. that run according to a planned time schedule and that anyone can use. The provider of the above mentioned services may be either the municipal authority or privately owned enterprises - Length of public transport network (TT1066V): sum of public transport lines taking care top avoid <u>double counting</u>, for example when several lines use the same road / track <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Public transport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RO: privately owned enterprises are not included - Length of public transport network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: length of public transport network of agglomeration (one city) - LT: excluding state roads - LU: length of Luxemburg railway only - FI, PT: double counting of the same road track - RO: double counting of the same roads / tracks is sometimes possible
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, DE, HU, LT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Partial coverage: EE, ES c) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, CZ, FI, GR, RO, UK d) No data available: AT, CY, DK, FR, IE, IT, LV, MT, NL, SE
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic BG, HU, LT, LU, PL, PT, SI, SK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Weighted statistic: ES d) Modelled statistic: EE, RO e) Type of statistic indeterminable: BE, CZ, FI, GR, UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2002: UK - 2000, 2002, 2003: PT 2) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: LT - 2001, 2004: HU - 2002, 2003: BE - 2003, 2004: RO 3) 1 year: - 2000: - 2001: BG, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FI, GR, LU, PL, SI, SK

TT1057V	Private cars registered (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Private cars registered: private passenger cars registered (by natural persons, not business, enterprises, so no taxis or hire cars registered by enterprises) to addresses within boundary on the 1st of January of the reference year - Passenger cars: road motor vehicle, other than a motor cycle, intended for the carriage of passengers and designed to seat no More than nine persons – including the driver

	<p>Deviation from the definition (private passenger cars):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY (2001), CZ, NL: total cars - SI (2002): passenger cars and combined vehicles of natural and legal persons <p>Deviation from the definition (1st of January of the reference year):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CY, EE (2000), HU (2001), LT: 31.12 - FR, IE (1991): Census date
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, SE, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SI, SK</p> <p>c) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, ES, MT, PL, PT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, GR, HU, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, SE, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: FR, IE</p> <p>e) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1997, 2000, 2001, 2003: CY <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, LT, LU, LV, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: BE, SI - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: IT - 1991, 2002: IE - 1996, 2000: EE - 1996, 2001: HU - 1996, 2002: UK <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: DK - 2001: BG, CZ - 2002: NL

TT1058V	Road accidents resulting in death or serious injury (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Injury accident: any accident involving at least one road vehicle in motion on a public road or private road to which the public has right of access, resulting in at least one injured or killed person - Serious injury: an injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an “in-patient” or any of the following injuries whether or not the injured person is detained in hospital: fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushing, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock requiring medical treatment and injuries causing death 30 or More days after the accident <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT (1999-2001): national definition of injury - DK: road traffic accident with at least one person killed or injured - FI, GR (2001): road accident resulting in death only - PL, SI: road accident resulting in death or injury - PT: road accident resulting in death or serious injury independently whether the injury causes death 30 or more days after the accident
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: GR, SI, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: SE</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) No data available: ES, FR, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic AT, BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PT, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SI, SK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: GR</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic: SE</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: DE, PL</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: CZ, FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000 – 2002: CY - 1992, 1996, 1999 – 2001: AT <p>2) 3 years:</p>

- 1990, 1996, 2001: HU
 - 1991, 1996, 2000: DK, FI
 - 1991, 1996, 2001: EE, IT, LU, SI, SK, UK
 - 1992, 1996, 2001: BE
- 3) 2 years:
- 1996, 2000: PT
 - 1996, 2001: GR, LT, LV
 - 1997, 2001: CZ
- 4) 1 year/period:
- 1999/2001: SE
 - 2000: DE
 - 2001: BG, IE, NL, PL

Variables as Indicators

TT1002V	Percentage of journeys to work by rail/metro
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: rail/metro <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: journey to work as well as to school - IT (1991): journey to work of employed people resident in the relevant province - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: without metro (one city) - BE: train only - CZ: bus, train and intra-city's public transport system (CPTS) - EE: public transport (bus, rail, train) - IT (1991), PT: inclusive of tram (TT1005V) - NL: exclusive of metro (included in TT1004V)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) Not applicable: DE (included in TT005V)</p> <p>e) No data available: BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: IE, SI
TT1003V	Percentage of journeys to work by car (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: car <p>Deviation from the definition:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE (2000): car and motor cycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, NL, SE c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, SK d) No data available: BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, NL, SE c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: DE, FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK 3) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999/2001: SE - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL

TT1004V	Percentage of journeys to work by bus
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: bus <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, NL: bus, tram and metro - CZ: regional bus and combination of regional bus with intra-city's public transport system (CPTS)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, NL, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Not applicable: EE (included in TT002V) e) No data available: BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, NL, SE, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 1997, 2000: FI 2) 3 years/periods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT 4) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: AT, CZ, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: IE, SI

TT1005V	Percentage of journeys to work by tram
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: tram Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: journey to work as well as to school - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE: bus, tram and metro - CZ: CPTS: intra-city's public transport system (tram, trolleybus, metro) - DE: tram, train and metro
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU b) Partial coverage: DE, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Not applicable: NL (tram included in TT004V) and PT (tram included in TT002V) e) Not applicable: EE, SI, UK-Scotland (no trams) f) No data available: BG, CY, DK, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, BE, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: SE, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DE - 2001: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU, SK - 2002: IE
TT1006V	Percentage of journeys to work by motor cycle
Definition	Definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: motor cycle Deviation from the definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -HU, PT: motor cycle and bicycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Partial coverage: SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Not applicable: DE (included in TT003V) e) Not applicable: NL (included in TT009V) f) No data available: BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SE, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: FI d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES 2) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: FI - 1991, 2001: IT 3) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001: AT, CZ, HU, LU, PT, SK

	- 2002: IE, SI
TT1007V	Percentage of journeys to work by bicycle
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: bicycle <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, IE, IT, LU b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, NL, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) Not applicable: HU, PT (included in TT006V) e) No data available: BE, BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, IT, LU b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years/periods: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES</p> <p>2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: IT</p> <p>3) 1 year/period: - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, LU, NL, SK - 2002: IE</p>
TT1008V	Percentage of journeys to work by foot
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: foot <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT b) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, NL, SE, SK c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI d) No data available: BE, BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE e) Modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years/periods: - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: ES - 1998, 1999/01, 2002: SE</p> <p>2) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: IT</p> <p>3) 1 year/period: - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DE, DK - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK</p>

	- 2002: IE
TT1009V	Percentage of journeys to work by other modes
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Transport mode: other <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Transport mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: other transport mode, other combinations of transport modes and not identified transport modes - NL: other transport modes and motor cycle
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and partial coverage: ES</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>d) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) No data available: BE, BG, CY, DE, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: AT, CZ, HU, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: ES</p> <p>c) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, NL, SE, SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics, modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics and type of indicator indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 1996, 2001: ES <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999/2001: SE - 2000: DK - 2001: AT, CZ, EE, HU, LU, NL, PT, SK - 2002: IE, SI
TT1019V	Average time of journey to work (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: shortest trip (from place of residency to the work place, including change of transport mode) by commuters travelling to work places located within the boundary and should include trips by commuters not resident within the boundary but working - Average time: average time in minutes taken to travel between place of residence and work place. The work place must be located within the specified boundary while the place of residency might be anywhere, including across borders <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Journey to work: see TT1002V - Average time: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CZ, ES, HU, IE, IT, LU, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, DK, EE, FI, NL, SE, UK</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BG, CY, FR, GR, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: CZ, ES, HU, IE, PT, SI</p> <p>b) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: IT, LU</p> <p>c) Indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: SK</p> <p>d) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DK, EE, FI, NL, SE, UK</p> <p>e) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-) weighted statistics: DE</p> <p>f) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: BE</p>
Reference years	1) 3 years:

(countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: DE - 1991, 1996, 2001: SK - 1996, 2001, 2002: UK <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2000: DK <p>3) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1996: FI - 1999/01: SE - 2001: EE, ES, HU, NL - 2002: IE
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TT1063V	Average waiting time for a bus in the rush hour
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Average waiting time for a bus refers to the waiting time for a bus (not: tram or metro) during the rush hours (8-10 am) and reflects the FR(C)equency of scheduled bus trips within the specified boundary (City level: at main bus station). A practical estimate for this variable is division by two of the average time between two bus trips <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: average waiting time for tram (LUZ for one city)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: PT</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: SK</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE, DE, FI, SE</p> <p>e) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistics: PT</p> <p>b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: SK</p> <p>c) Modelled indicator based on indeterminable types of statistics: DE, FI, SE</p> <p>d) Type of indicator indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2002, 2003: PT <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2002, 2003: BE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000: FI - 2001: DE, SE, SK

Part 3: The spatial level of the Sub-city District

Demography: Population

Variables

DE1001-3V	Resident population – total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: ‘de jure’ population: all persons recorded as resident in an area even if they were present elsewhere on Census night <p>Deviation from the definition: ‘de facto population’</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LT, LU, MT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and coverage indeterminable: LU</p> <p>c) No data available: LT, MT</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, IT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, GR, HU, LU, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1998, 2000, 2001: BE - 1998 – 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, LU, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DE, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: AT, CZ, IT, PT - 1991, 2002: SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, NL, UK - 2002: PL, RO

DE1040V	Resident population: age 0-4 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resident population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: the ‘de facto’ population - IE: enumerated population - PL: population actually living in a commune
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for LT, LU, MT</p> <p>b) Full coverage and coverage indeterminable: LU</p> <p>c) No data available: LT, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, DE, HU, LU, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IE</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1998 – 2001: ES <p>2) 3 years :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: LU, SE, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2001: BE

- 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DE, DK
- 3) 2 years:
 - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, PT
 - 1991, 2002: SI
- 4) 1 year:
 - 1999: FR
 - 2000: EE, LV
 - 2001: AT, BG, GR, NL, UK
 - 2002: PL, RO

Demography: Nationality

Variables

DE2001V	Residents who are nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE 1001V - Nationals: citizen of the country in which the city is located; this does not necessarily mean that they are born there <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: the 'de facto' population - IE: enumerated population - Nationals: - IE: place of birth
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, GR, IE, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) No data available: BE, BG, ES, FR, HU, IT, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, DK, EE, FI, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: FI, GR, IE, LU, SE - 1991, 2001 : PT - 1992, 1996: CY, DE, DK <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT, CZ - 2000: EE - 2001: LT

DE2002V	Residents who are nationals of another EU Member State (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: citizens of other EU countries (1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Nationals of another EU Member State: - LU: 12 Member States - IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, FI, GR, IE, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR, HU, IT, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: FI, GR, IE, SE - 1991, 2001: PT - 1992, 1996: DE, DK <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: LU

	- 2001: LT
DE2003V	Residents who are not EU-nationals (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Not EU-Nationals: citizens of a not-EU country (EU-country: 1st of January 1995 definition, i.e. 15 Member States) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Not EU-Nationals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LU: inclusive of residents with no nationality indication - IE: country of birth (no nationality)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, FI, GR, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FR, HU, IE, IT, LV, MT, NL, PL, RO, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, LT, LU, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: GR</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: FI, GR, SE - 1991, 2001: PT - 1992, 1996: DE, DK <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: LU - 2001: LT

Demography: Household Structure

Variables

DE3001V	Households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: the 'house-keeping concept' i.e. all persons living at the same address with common house-keeping – i.e. sharing a meal on most days or sharing a living or sitting room <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: 'dwelling concept', i.e. all persons living at the same address
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SE, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: ES, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2000: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI

	<p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL, UK - 2002: PL
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DE3002V	One person households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE3001V
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SE, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: ES, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1996, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2000: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL, UK - 2002: PL

DE3005V	Lone parent households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone (single) parent household: a household with only one adult and at least one dependent child (under 18 years old) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Lone (single) parent household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: children 0 – 25 years economically inactive - DE: children 0 – 14 years - IE (1991, 1996): children 0-18 years - IT (1991): sons of all ages - PL: Lone parent with own sources of maintenance and with at least one child up to age 17
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: BE, SE, SK</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, ES, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic (countries with available data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SE, SK</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p>

	d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: BE
Reference years (countries with available data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 2001: SE - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1991, 1998, 2000: BE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, LT, NL, UK - 2002: PL, SI

DE3008V	Lone pensioner (above retirement age) households (H)
Definition	<p>Definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Household: see DE3001V - Lone pensioner household: single person household where that person has retired from work and – in the normal case – reached the national retirement age <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE2001V - Household: see DE 3001V - Lone pensioner household: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ (1991): an economically inactive person being paid a pension (2001): an economically inactive person aged 50 or more being paid a pension - DE, DK, NL, LU (1991): person aged 65 or more - LU (2001): person aged 60 or more - IT: family of a pensioner living alone above retirement age (men aged 65 or more, women aged 60 or more) - LV: person above retirement age (age not specified)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK</p> <p>b) No data available: AT, BE, ES, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1993, 1996, 1997, 2001: DE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991: SE - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2001: BG, IT, LT, NL, SK, UK - 2002: PL, SI

Social Aspects: Housing

Variables

SA1001V	(Conventional) dwellings
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Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - (Conventional) dwelling: structurally separate accommodation whose rooms and its accessories (e.g. lobbies, corridors) in a permanent building or structurally separated part thereof are self contained and designed for habitation by one private household all the year round <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UK: household space (not necessarily self contained)
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, ES, MT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, ES, MT, RO</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for IE, NL, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: IE, NL</p>
Reference years	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 2000, 2001: SE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, EE, LV - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, LT, LU, NL, PT, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, SI

SA1012V	Households in social housing (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Social Housing: low cost housing provided by the municipality, a housing association or a co-operative (depending on the national legal framework). - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household: see DE3001V - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V - Households in social housing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE, NL: dwellings for social housing - EE (2001): inhabitants in social housing - FR: tenants or subtenants (principal residence) - HU: households living in dwellings of low rent due to social reasons (rent from the Local Government) - PL: private households occupying dwellings which belong to co-operatives, communes and public building society on the basis of tenancy contract. - PT (2000-2003): excludes housing provided by co-operatives, except for three cities - RO: includes also households in service dwellings resided by local and central government employees paying rent
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, DE, EE, FR, HU, LU, NL, PL, RO, SI, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI, PT</p> <p>c) Not applicable: CZ (social housing doesn't exist yet)</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BE, CY, DK, ES, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, EE, FR, HU, LU, NL, PL, SI, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI, PT</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, RO</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2000-2003: PT <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 2000 – 2002: NL <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2001, 2004: EE - 1991, 2001: LU <p>4) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: FR

- 2001: BG, HU, UK
- 2002: PL, RO, SI

SA1018V	Dwellings lacking basic amenities (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling lacking basic amenities: occupied conventional dwelling where one or More of the following amenities are lacking: piped (running) water, flush toilet, bath/shower, central sewerage connection or individual cesspool and hot water installation - Dwelling: see SA1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dwelling (conventional): see SA1001V <p>Applied criteria for basic amenities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: without bath/shower and central sewerage connection - BG: dwellings without water - CZ: without central heating or bathroom or toilet inside the dwelling - DK: without toilet or kitchen or bathroom inside the dwelling - EE: without conveniences - FR: a) mother country: without bath and shower or with bath/shower in a space not reserved for that purpose; or a toilet outside the dwelling b) DOM: no electricity and no water inside the dwelling - HU: without at least 12m² living-room, kitchen, WC-usage inside the dwelling, (individual) heating and water usage - IT: without bath-room or without drinkable water - PL: without hot water, bathroom or toilet - UK: households with exclusive bath/shower and indoor toilet but no central heating - No criteria mentioned: BE, BG, CY, DE, ES, FI, GR, IE, LT, LU, LV, NL (not relevant), PT, SI, SK - No data available: MT, RO, SE
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for DE, FI, NL, MT, RO, SE</p> <p>b) Full coverage, partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>d) No statistical but legal base: NL</p> <p>e) No data available: MT, RO, SE</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for CY, DE, FI, GR, HU, IE, NL, SK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic, weighted statistic and modelled statistic: DE</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SK</p> <p>d) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: IE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: FI - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>2) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: IE - 1995, 2001: DE <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: AT, BE, SI - 1999: FR - 2000: DK, EE, LV - 2001: BG, ES, IT, LT, NL, UK - 2002: PL

Social Aspects: Health

Variables

SA2016V	Deaths under 65 per year – total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Death: none <p>Deviation from the definition: none</p>

Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, DE, DK, EE, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI, SK b) No data available: AT, BE, CY, CZ, ES, FR, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DE, DK, EE, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK b) Modelled statistic: PL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 1 year: - 2000: PT - 2001: DE, DK, EE, NL, PL, SE, SK - 2002: BG - 2003: SI

SA2019V	Deaths – total
Definition	Definition: - Death: none Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BG, DE, DK, EE, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK b) No data available: AT, BE, CY, CZ, ES, FR, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, RO, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DE, DK, EE, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 1 year: - 2000: PT - 2001: DE, DK, EE, NL, SE, SK - 2002: BG - 2003: SI

Social Aspects: Crime

Variables

SA3001V	Recorded crimes (H)
Definition	Definition: - Crime: all incidents that happen within the “city” limits and are reported to and logged by the police or another official body, which are considered as crime in the national legal framework Deviation from the definition: none
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: DE, DK, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: UK c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, RO
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: DK, NL, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: DE c) Modelled statistic: PT, SK d) Type of statistic indeterminable: UK
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE 2) 2 years: - 1993, 2000: PT - 1999, 2001: SE 3) 1 year: - 2000: DK - 2001: NL, SI, SK, UK

Economic Aspects: Labour market

Variables

EC1001-3V	Economically active population - total/male/female (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 65, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: census definition which is not in accordance with the Labour Force Survey definition - IT (1991): economically active population above 14 - SE (2000): economically active population above 18 and under 65 (SCD for one city) or above 16 and under 65 (SCD for one city) - SE (2001): economically active population above 16 and under 65 (SCD for one city) - UK: economically active population above 16 and under 65
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, BG, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: CZ, NL</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, EE, LT, MT, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BG, DK, ES, FI, FR, IE, IT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, CY, GR, HU, SK</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: CZ, DE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI, SE <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK - 1993, 1996, 2001: CZ <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: ES - 1991, 2001: BE (EC1001V), IT, LU, PT <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE (EC1002-3V) - 1999: FR - 2000: LV - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, UK - 2002: PL, RO

EC1142V	Economically active population 15-24 - total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Economically active population 15-24: all resident persons in employment and unemployed (and looking for work) above 15 and under 25, in accordance with Labour Force Survey. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Economically active population 15-24: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: census definition which is not in accordance with the Labour Force Survey definition - UK: economically active population above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BG, CY, DE, FR, IE, LU, PT, RO, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BE, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GR, HU, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, SE, SI</p>

Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: BG, CY, FR, LU, PT, RO, SK, UK b) Weighted statistic: NL c) Modelled statistic: DE, IE
Reference years	1) 1 year/period: - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, CY, DE, LU, PT, SK, UK - 2002: IE, RO

EC1010V	Residents unemployed - total (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed: resident persons above 15 and under 65 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or More) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: census definition which is not in accordance with the Labour Force Survey definition - IT (1991): all unemployed residents above 14 - SE (1999): all unemployed residents above 18 and under 65 (SCD for one city) - SE (2001): all unemployed residents above 18 and under 65 (SCD for one city) or above 16 and under 65 (SCD for one city) - UK: all unemployed residents above 16 and under 65
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: BE, CY, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DE c) Partial coverage: CZ, NL d) No data available: AT, BG, EE, LT, LV, MT, SI
Type of statistic	a) Enumerated statistic: BE, DK, ES, FI, FR, IT, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, LU, SK c) Weighted statistic: NL d) Modelled statistic: CZ, DE, IE
Reference years	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 1999, 2001: SE - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2001: DE, GR, LU, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY, DK 3) 2 years: - 1991, 1996: ES - 1991, 2001: BE, IT, PT - 2000/01, 2000/02: NL 4) 1 year/period: - 1999: FR - 2001: CZ, UK - 2002: PL, RO

EC1148V	Residents unemployed 15-24 - total
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Residents unemployed 15-24: resident persons above 15 and under 25 who, during the reference period, were: (a) without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were not at work (for one hour or More) in paid employment or self employment; (b) available for work, i.e. were available for paid employment or self employment; (c) actively seeking work, i.e. had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self employment. - Population: see DE1001V <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - Residents unemployed 15-24: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: census definition which is not in accordance with the Labour Force Survey

	<p>definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: all resident persons unemployed above 18 and under 25 - UK: all residents unemployed above 16 and under 25
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: BE, CY, DE, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: CZ, NL</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BG, EE, ES, LT, LV, MT, SI</p>
Type of statistic	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, CY, DK, FI, FR, GR, HU, IT, LU, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, UK</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: CZ, DE, IE</p>
Reference years	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1992, 1996, 2001: DK <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: SE <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000/02: NL - 2001: CY, CZ, DE, GR, HU, IT, LU, PT, SK, UK - 2002: IE, PL, RO

Economic Aspects: Income Disparities and Poverty

Variables

EC3057V	Households with less than half of the national average income
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Household income: see EC3039V (below) <p>Specification of income definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DK: family income - FR: households receiving an income below the lowest income threshold, exclusive of students and persons over 65 are excluded. The threshold is defined as half of the median disposable income and has been calculated for the first time on the occasion of the Family Budget 1995. That threshold is annually actualised based on the development of the disposable household income in the National Accounts. - NL: available income, i.e. income from primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - SK: total disposable income of a household - FI, SE: no specification - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK: no data available <p>Deviation from target population:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SE: households aged 18-24
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, SK</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: SE</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: SE</p> <p>c) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2000, 2001: FI, SE <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: FR, NL - 2003: SK
EC3060V	Total number of households reliant on social security benefits (>50%)

Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Households receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where More than 50% of income is social security benefit - Household income: see EC3039V (below) <p>Specification of households receiving social security benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: households receiving social welfare benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their net household income - DK: families reliant on social benefits for which those benefits are >50% of their family income - NL: households receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: households for which a social benefit was the main source of maintenance during 12 months before Census - PT: households of which at least one adult depends on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - HU: no specification - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, HU, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, HU, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: NL - 2001: DE, HU, PT - 2002: PL

EC3063V	Individuals reliant on social security benefits (>50%)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Individuals receiving social security benefits: depends on national practices. Here such households are reported where More than 50% of income is social security benefit <p>Specification of individuals receiving social security benefits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE: persons receiving social welfare benefits for whom those benefits are > 50% of their net income - DK: family members reliant on social benefits for whom those benefits are >50% of their income - NL: persons receiving disablements benefits, social assistance benefits and unemployment benefits for which those benefits are > 50% of their available income - PL: household members for whom a social benefit was the main source of maintenance during 12 months before Census - PT: adult individuals depending on either social subsidies or other benefits at the time of the Census - HU: no specification - AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DE, DK, HU, PL, PT</p> <p>b) Partial coverage: NL</p> <p>c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DK, HU, PT</p> <p>b) Weighted statistic: NL</p> <p>c) Modelled statistic: DE, PL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1999: DK - 2000: NL - 2001: DE, HU, PT - 2002: PL

Variable as Indicator

EC3039V	Median disposable annual household income (Euro) (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Disposable annual household income: annual income of a household from income from work (wages and salaries, self-employment income), private income (property income, capital income, private transfers) and social transfers (Old-age and survivors' pensions, Unemployment benefits, family related benefits, sickness / invalidity benefits, education related benefits, housing allowance, social assistance and other benefits). If disposable income is unavailable, the fiscal income or whatever is available may be used instead with a clear mark in the footnote (free-format text). - Median: the middle value, i.e. 50% of all observations are below the median value and 50% above it <p>Specification of income definition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BE, FR: fiscal income - DE: net household income - DK: family income - NL: available income, i.e. income from primary sources minus contributions to social security and other paid transfers - PL: revenues of taxpayers - PT: gross declared income of households that are registered for fiscal purposes weighted by the resident population of each sub-city district in each Finance Office - SK: total disposable income of a household - FI: no specification - AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: DK, FI, FR, PL, PT, SK b) Full coverage and partial coverage: DE c) Partial coverage: NL d) Type of coverage indeterminable: BE e) No data available: AT, BG, CY, CZ, EE, ES, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, RO, SE, SI, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Indicator based on enumerated statistic: DK, FI, FR b) Indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: NL c) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics: PL, PT, SK d) Modelled indicator based on enumerated statistics and modelled indicator based on (un-)weighted statistics: DE e) Type of indicator indeterminable: BE</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: PT</p> <p>2) 1 year: - 1999: DK - 2000: BE, FI, FR, NL - 2001: DE - 2002: PL - 2003: SK</p>

Training and Education: Education and Training Provision

Variables

TE1017V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – total (H)
Definition	<p>General remark: all educational data are study-placed based</p> <p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: no explicit definition available <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HU: students enrolled in an institute of public education with which they have a contractual relationship <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - FR: persons aged 17 participating in the school system at Census date - CY, CZ, DK, FI, HU, LU, UK: no specification

	- AT, BE, BG, DE, EE, ES, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: CY, CZ, DK, FR, HU, LU, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, DE, EE, ES, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: CY, CZ, DK, FR, HU, LU, UK b) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI - 1992, 1995, 2000 – 2002: CY 2) 3 years: - 1992, 1996, 2001: LU - 1993, 1997, 2001: CZ 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: DK 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2001: HU - 2003: UK

TE1018-19V	Students continuing education after completing compulsory education – male/female
Definition	General remark: see TE1017V Definition: - Students continuing education after completing compulsory education: see TE1017V Deviation from the definition: see TE1017V Specification of the definition: see TE1017V
Data sources (statistical basis)	a) Full coverage: CY, CZ, DK, FR, HU, LU, UK b) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI, c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, DE, EE, ES, GR, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	a) Enumerated statistic: CY, CZ, DK, FR, HU, LU, UK b) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	1) More than 3 years: - 1991, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: - 2000 – 2002: CY 3) 2 years: - 1996, 2001: DK 4) 1 year: - 1999: FR - 2001: CZ, HU, LU - 2003: UK

Training and Education: Educational Qualifications

Variables

TE2016V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 1: total
Definition	Definition: - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1: primary education or first stage of basic – compulsory – education Deviation from the definition: - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 1 - PL, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education

	Specification of residents with regard to age of residents: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, FR: 15 years and older - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, NL, UK b) Partial coverage: NL c) No data available but combined with TE2001-3V: DE d) No data available at all: AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: all countries except for IE, NL b) Modelled statistic: IE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: IT - 1996, 2001: DK 2) 1 year/period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, CY, CZ, GR, HU, LT, LU, PT, SE, SK - 2002: IE, PL, RO, SI

TE2001V	Residents qualified at ISCED level 2 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2: lower secondary or second stage of basic education; corresponds to the first cycle of secondary education. In countries with no system break between lower secondary and upper secondary education and where lower secondary education lasts more than three years, only the first three years following primary education are counted as lower secondary education. Lower secondary education may either be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for upper secondary education <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DE, SK: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined - CZ: ISCED level 1 and 2 combined and incomplete primary education <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK: no specification - AT, ES, MT, PL, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, NL, PL, UK b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: DE, NL d) No data available but combined with TE2016V: PL e) No data available: AT, ES, MT, UK
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SK c) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI d) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) More than 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1995, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI 2) 3 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY 3) 2 years: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK

- 4)1 year/period:
- 1991: BE
 - 1999: FR
 - 2000: EE, LV
 - 2000/02 : NL
 - 2001: BG, DE, LT
 - 2002: RO

TE2019V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 3 and 4 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3: upper secondary education; Includes general, technical or vocational education for students who have completed their first cycle of secondary education. Apprenticeship programmes are included. This may be “terminal” preparing students for entry directly into working life and or “preparatory” preparing students for tertiary education - ISCED level 4: post-secondary non-tertiary education; programmes leading to the award of a qualification not equivalent to a first university degree, but admission to this level usually requires the completion of a programme at the upper secondary level (ISCED 3) <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 3 or 4: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK (Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK (England and Wales): no specification - AT, ES, MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, NL b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI c) Partial coverage: DE, NL d) No data available: AT, ES, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SK, UK c) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI d) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years: - 1990, 1991, 1995, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI</p> <p>2) 3 years: - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY</p> <p>3) 2 years: - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK</p> <p>4)1 year/period: - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02 : NL - 2001: BG, DE, LT, UK - 2002: PL, RO</p>

TE2022V	Residents qualified at ISCED levels 5 and 6 (H)
Definition	<p>Definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5: first stage of tertiary education (not leading directly to an advanced research qualification); Programmes leading to the award of a first or second university degree or a recognised equivalent qualification

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ISCED level 6: second stage of tertiary education (leading to an advanced research qualification). Programmes leading to the award of an advanced research qualification <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Population: see DE1001V - ISCED level 5 or 6: none <p>Specification of residents with regard to age of residents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ, DE, FR: 15 years and over - LV: 7 years and over - NL: 15-64 years - PL: 13 years and over - UK (Northern Ireland, Scotland): 16-74 years - BE, BG, CY, DK, EE, FI, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, UK (England and Wales): no specification - AT, ES, MT: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: all countries except for AT, DE, ES, FI, MT, NL</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p> <p>c) Partial coverage: DE, NL</p> <p>d) No data available: AT, ES, MT</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: BE, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FR, IT, LT, LU, LV, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: CY, GR, HU, SK, UK</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic and indeterminable type of statistic: FI</p> <p>d) Modelled statistic: DE, IE, NL</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) More than 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1991, 1995, 1996, 2000, 2001: FI <p>2) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU, SE - 1991, 1996, 2001: GR, SK - 1991, 1996, 2002: IE - 1992, 1996, 2001: CY <p>3) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 2001: CZ, IT, LU, PT - 1991, 2002: SI - 1996, 2001: DK <p>4) 1 year/period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991: BE - 1999: FR - 2000: EE, LV - 2000/02: NL - 2001: BG, DE, LT, UK - 2002: PL, RO

Environment: Land Use

Variables

EN5003V	Land area (km²) according to cadastral register (H)
Definition	<p>Definition: It is recommended that the statistical definition of surface area is harmonised and that the area concept used be the land area concept, excluding lakes, rivers, and coastal seas. Mountainous regions, glaciers, forests, wetlands and other More or less uninhabitable regions should be included in the land area</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - LU (1989): bad degree of precision
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, BE, CY, CZ, DE, FR, HU, IT, LU, NL, PL, PT, SE, SI</p> <p>b) Full coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: EE, SK</p> <p>c) Partial coverage and type of coverage indeterminable: DK</p> <p>d) Type of coverage indeterminable: FI</p> <p>e) No data available: BG, ES, GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, RO, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CY, CZ, DE, FR, HU, NL, PL, PT, SE</p> <p>b) Enumerated statistic and modelled statistic: BE, LU, SI</p> <p>c) Enumerated statistic, modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: SK</p> <p>d) Weighted statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: DK</p> <p>e) Modelled statistic: EE, IT</p> <p>f) Type of statistic indeterminable: FI</p>

Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 3 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1989, 1999, 2000: LU - 1990, 1996, 2001: HU - 1991, 1996, 2000: AT - 1991, 1996, 2001: CY, CZ, IT, PT, SK - 1992, 1996, 2001: DE - 1996, 2000, 2001: EE <p>2) 2 years/periods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1991, 1996: FI, SE - 2001, 2002: BE, PL - 2001, 1997/2000: SI - 2001, 2003: DK <p>3) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996: FR - 2000: NL
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EN5012V	Green space area (km²)
Definition	<p>Definition: Vegetated area. Corresponds to LUCAS: cropland (B), woodland (C), shrub land (D) and permanent grassland (E) CORINE: green urban areas (1.4.1), forest and semi-natural areas (3) but excluding open spaces with little or no vegetation (3.3)</p> <p>Deviation from the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AT: national classification (based on registration) differs considerably from the LUCAS classification - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - HU: green urban areas (CORINE 1.4.1) only
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: AT, CZ, DE, DK, EE, HU, LU, NL, SI b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, LT, LV, MT, PL, PT, RO, SE, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: AT, CZ, DE, DK, HU, LU, NL, SI b) Modelled statistic: EE, SK</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1996, 2000: EE - 2001, 2002: DE <p>2) 1 year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1997/2000: SI - 1999: LU - 2000: AT, NL - 2001: CZ, DK, HU, SK

EN5001V	Green space to which the public has access (hectares)
Definition	<p>Definition: public parks and gardens, open-air sports facilities, and private agricultural areas and parks accessible and free of charge</p> <p>Specification of the definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CZ: master plan categories not exactly matching the LUCAS categories - EE, LU: CORINE land cover - NL: Land use map - PT: green space in the city centre only - DE, DK, SI, SK: no specification - AT, BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SE, UK: no data available
Data sources (statistical basis)	<p>a) Full coverage: CZ, DE, DK, EE, LU, NL, PT, SI b) Type of coverage indeterminable: SK c) No data available: AT, BE, BG, CY, ES, FI, FR, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, MT, PL, RO, SE, UK</p>
Type of statistic (countries with availability of data)	<p>a) Enumerated statistic: DE, DK, LU, NL, PT, SI b) Modelled statistic: EE, SK c) Modelled statistic and type of statistic indeterminable: CZ</p>
Reference years (countries with availability of data)	<p>1) 2 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1994, 2001: CZ - 1996, 2000: EE - 2000 – 2002: PT

- 2)1 year:
- 1999: LU
 - 2000: NL
 - 2001: DE, DK, SK
 - 2003: SI

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