

The European Union and the African Union

A statistical portrait



2015 edition



AU Commission
Statistics Division



Africa - EU
Partnership

eurostat 

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Foreword

EUROSTAT, the statistical office of the European Union, and the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission (AUSTAT) are proud to present the fifth edition of this yearbook, which offers a broad comparative view of the EU and AU regions in figures.

The publication is the result of the fruitful cooperation over years between the European Commission and the African Union Commission (AUC) on statistical topics.

EUROSTAT, at the centre of the European Statistical System, and the AUSTAT, at the centre of the African Union Commission, engage to share good practices and lessons learnt from their experiences in producing statistics across the different domains at regional level.

Other important African statistical actors, at the continental level, are the African Centre for Statistics (ACS) of the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA) and the Statistics Department of the African Development Bank (AfDB). These three actors, together with the African Capacity Building Foundation (ACBF), constitute the African Statistical Coordination Committee. They cooperate in the preparation of the yearly African Statistical Yearbook and other strategic initiatives for statistical development on the African continent, namely the African Charter on Statistics, the Strategy for the Harmonization of Statistics in Africa (SHaSA), etc.

The present publication, which is largely based on the African Statistical Yearbook 2015 and the matching EU-28 data, is an example of a joint initiative between the statistical offices of the European Union and of the African Union.

We wish to thank all those who have contributed to the development of this joint publication. We remain convinced that having reliable, comparable and accessible information will make a major contribution to improve the partnership and the dialogue between our two Institutions, and the regions they represent as well as the statistics users and decision makers.

Dr. Anthony Mothae Maruping

AU Commissioner for Economic Affairs

Walter Radermacher

Director General, Eurostat



Statistical Book

This publication has been produced by Unit A3 of Eurostat, responsible for statistical cooperation and the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission.

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We are also grateful to African National Data Correspondents (NDC) who provided useful data for their respective country for the production of the African Statistics Yearbook.



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Introduction

Africa-EU Strategic Partnership

Africa's continental integration is a key priority for the strategic partnership between the African Union and the EU. The new Pan-African Programme will provide a major contribution to the EU-Africa Partnership, established by the two continents in 2007 with the Joint Africa-EU Strategy (JAES), in order to put their relations on a new footing. The programme is a key instrument for the European Union to implement, in close cooperation with African partners, the political priorities of the Joint roadmap 2014-17, which was adopted by African and EU Heads of State and Government during the 4th EU-Africa summit in April 2014.

During the seventh College to College (C2C) meeting between the European Commission and the African Union Commission, which took place on 22nd April 2015 in Brussels, political and operational impetus to the Joint Africa-EU Strategy was confirmed in view of the five priority areas of the Joint Roadmap:

1. Peace and Security
2. Democracy, Good Governance and Human Rights
3. Human development
4. Sustainable and inclusive development and growth and continental integration
5. Global and emerging issues

The Colleges considered these topics during a plenary session, co-chaired by the President of the European Commission, Jean-Claude Juncker, and the Chairperson of the African Union Commission, Nkosazana Dlamini-Zuma. For each of these objectives, a number of actions have been identified at interregional, continental or global levels which are expected to have a real impact on the people of both continents.

To achieve the strategic objectives of priority 4 (such as economic growth for poverty reduction, creation of decent jobs; development of the private sector; continental integration, energy, industrialisation and investment) particular support for statistical capacity building has been considered essential by the partners: "Decisions to invest or develop new policies need to be based on reliable and comparable data. We will enhance cooperation between European and African Statistical Systems in producing quality statistical service."

The Pan-African Statistics (PAS) programme, as part of the overall Pan-African Programme, therefore aims to support African integration by improving the availability and quality of statistical information required for informed decision-making and policy monitoring.

To this end it will provide technical assistance to enhance harmonisation and coordination of statistics on the continent and to foster institutional capacity building. In this context it will also support preparations in view of a statistical institute at AU level, the creation of which was decided by the African Heads of States and Governments in January 2013.

The partners

The African Union is a continental organisation founded in 1999 and its main objectives were to rid the continent of the remaining vestiges of colonisation and apartheid; to promote unity and solidarity among African States; to coordinate and intensify cooperation for development; to safeguard the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Member States and to promote international cooperation within the framework of the United Nations.

The vision of the African Union is that of "an integrated, prosperous and peaceful Africa, driven by its own citizens and representing a dynamic force in global arena."

The African Union Commission is the key organ playing a central role in the day-to-day management of the African Union. Among others, it represents the Union and defends its interests; elaborates draft common positions of the African Union; prepares strategic plans and studies for the consideration of the Executive Council; elaborates, promotes, coordinates and harmonizes the programmes and policies of the African Union; ensures the mainstreaming of gender in all programmes and activities of the African Union.

The mission of the African Union Commission is to become "an efficient and value-adding institution driving the African integration and development process in close collaboration with African Union Member States, the Regional Economic Communities, and African citizens". It is envisaged that the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission will be transformed into the new African Union Institute of Statistics.

The European Union was created in the aftermath of the Second World War. The first steps were to foster economic cooperation with the belief that if countries trade with one another, and become economically interdependent, this will promote peace and stability. Since then, the union has developed into a single market with many countries adopting the euro as a common currency. Originally an economic union, there is now a European dimension to most areas of government: from development aid to environmental policy, however the extent of a European role varies. In certain policy areas, such as agriculture and fisheries, the EU member countries have transferred some of their law-making authority to the EU. In other areas, such as culture, policy-making is shared between the EU and national governments.



The European Union actively promotes human rights and democracy and has the most ambitious emission reduction targets for fighting climate change in the world. Thanks to the abolition of border controls between many European Union countries, it is now possible for people to travel freely within the European Union.

The European Commission is one of the main institutions of the European Union, representing and upholding the interests of the EU as a whole. It has the responsibility, and the sole right, to draft proposals for new European laws, and it manages the day-to-day business of implementing EU policies and spending EU funds. Eurostat is a Directorate General of the European Commission specialised in European statistics and heading the European Statistical System (ESS).

The publication

This statistical book presents a range of statistics on African and European countries.

The first chapter gives an overview of demography, key economic indicators and external trade in Africa, Europe and some selected countries or world regions.

Following this, seven thematic chapters present balanced sets of key indicators for the following sectors: demography, health, education, national accounts, economy and finance, industry and services and external economic relations. Two tables are available for each indicator, one presenting data for the African countries and the other one for the European countries.

The data presented in this publication cover the period up to 2014, or until the last year for which data are available. Each table presents indicators for African and European countries.

Data sources

The statistics shown in this publication for the African countries have been provided by the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission in July 2015. These data were produced by the National Statistical Institutes or National Central Banks of the African countries or by international organisations (United Nations, OECD, IMF, World Bank and ILO).

EU-28 data presented in this publication have been processed and calculated by Eurostat on the basis of information provided by the National Statistical Institutes of the 28 Member States of the European Union. The information was extracted from Eurostat reference database (Eurobase) in December 2015.

Countries and organisations

The 'Africa' aggregate presented in this publication includes the following countries:

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Please note that Morocco is not a member of the African Union, however its statistics are presented in this publication.

The aggregate EU-28 presented in this publication includes the following countries:

Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland, Sweden and United Kingdom.

European Free Trade Association (EFTA) countries are:

Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.

Candidate countries to the entrance in the European Union are:

Montenegro, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Albania, Serbia and Turkey.

Rounding

Values and the calculations made on the basis of these values (percentages, growth rates) have been rounded, usually to the first decimal point. The sum of the individual values (or percentages) may differ slightly from the total value (or from 100%).



Valuation

All data in value are expressed in euro. Data for the African countries have been provided to Eurostat in US dollars or in national currencies; they have been converted into euro on the basis of the exchange rates published by the European Commission in InforEuro (<http://ec.europa.eu/budget/inforeuro/>).

Eurostat data code

Source codes have been inserted after each table and graphic in this publication to help readers access easily the most recent data on the Eurostat website. Within the PDF version of this publication, the data codes under each table and graphic are presented as Internet hyperlinks.

Symbols

^(b)	Break in time series
c	Confidential data
-	Not applicable or not relevant
:	Data are not available or unreliable
0	Negligible quantities (figure less than half of the unit used)
%	Percentage
<i>1234</i>	<i>Estimates are printed in italic</i>

Abbreviations and acronyms

AfDB	African Development Bank
ACBF	African Capacity Building Foundation
ACS	African Centre for Statistics (UNECA)
AUC	African Union Commission
AUSTAT	Statistics Division of the African Union Commission
BoP	Balance of Payments
CPI	Consumer price index
EFTA	European Free Trade Association
ESA	European System of Accounts
ETS	External Trade Statistics
EUROSTAT	Statistical Office of the European Union
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
HICP	Harmonized Consumer Price Index
ILO	International Labour Organisation
IMF	International Monetary Fund
ISCED	International Standard Classification of Education (UN classification)
KWh	Unit of energy equal to 1000 watt hours or 3.6 mega-joules One kilowatt hour is equivalent to one kilowatt of power expended for one hour of time)
NACE	Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community
NSIs	National Statistical Institutes
ODA	Official Development Assistance
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
SNA	System of National Accounts
UN	United Nations
WHO	World Health Organisation

Overview

1



Chapter 1 - Overview

This publication presents a variety of comparable statistics that illustrate the developing relations between the EU and Africa and provides important information to those interested in both continents, including political and business leadership, journalists and researchers, as well as the general public. Data about other regions/countries are also included to give a fuller picture of the relations between EU and Africa on the one hand, and the world as a whole on the other.

This overview chapter presents and analyses key indicators in a number of areas such as:

- Population and health
- Economic performance
- Prices and public finances
- International trade
- Services and the information society

More detailed data for all African countries and the EU Member States, EFTA countries and EU candidate countries can be found in the following chapters.

Population and health ⁽¹⁾

With the world's population at almost 7.3 billion inhabitants in 2014, Africa with 1.2 billion people has the second largest continental population, well behind the 4.4 billion of Asia (Table 1.1 and Figure 1.1). However, the growth rate of Africa's population was on average 2.5% per year between 1995 and 2014. This was the highest of all continents, almost double the 1.3% growth rate for the world population and more than double the 1.2% for the population in Asia. In contrast, the population of Europe barely changed over the same period; the EU-28 growth rate averaged 0.3% per year during this period while the growth rate for Europe as a whole was only 0.1%. Africa's population rose from 720 million in 1995 (slightly less than the European total of 728 million at the same time) to 1.2 billion in 2014, substantially more than the European total (738 million) and more than twice the EU-28 total (507 million). Africa's population has grown faster than the population in China (0.6%) and India (1.6%), but still remains below the population figures for both those countries in 2014 (China 1.4 billion; India 1.3 billion). On the other hand, Africa's population was larger than the combined population of North and South America and more than three times the population size of the United States. In 2014, Africa accounted for 15.9% of the world's population compared to 10.2% for Europe as a whole and 7.0% for the EU-28.

⁽¹⁾ More detailed information on the population in the EU and Africa can be found in chapter 2, while information on health and public expenditure on health can be found in chapter 3.

Table 1.1: World population, 1 January (million) ⁽¹⁾

	1995	2000	2005	2010	2014 ⁽²⁾	Annual average growth rate 1995-2014 (%)
World	5 735	6 127	6 520	6 930	7 266	1.3%
Asia	3 475	3 714	3 945	4 170	4 350	1.2%
Africa	720	814	920	1 044	1 157	2.5%
Europe	728	726	729	735	738	0.1%
Caribbean, Central and South America	487	527	564	600	628	1.3%
Northern America	296	314	329	344	355	1.0%
Oceania	29	31	33	36	39	1.5%
China	1 228	1 270	1 306	1 341	1 369	0.6%
India	961	1 053	1 144	1 231	1 295	1.6%
EU-28	482	487	495	503	507	0.3%
United States	266	283	296	310	319	1.0%
Japan	124	126	127	127	127	0.1%

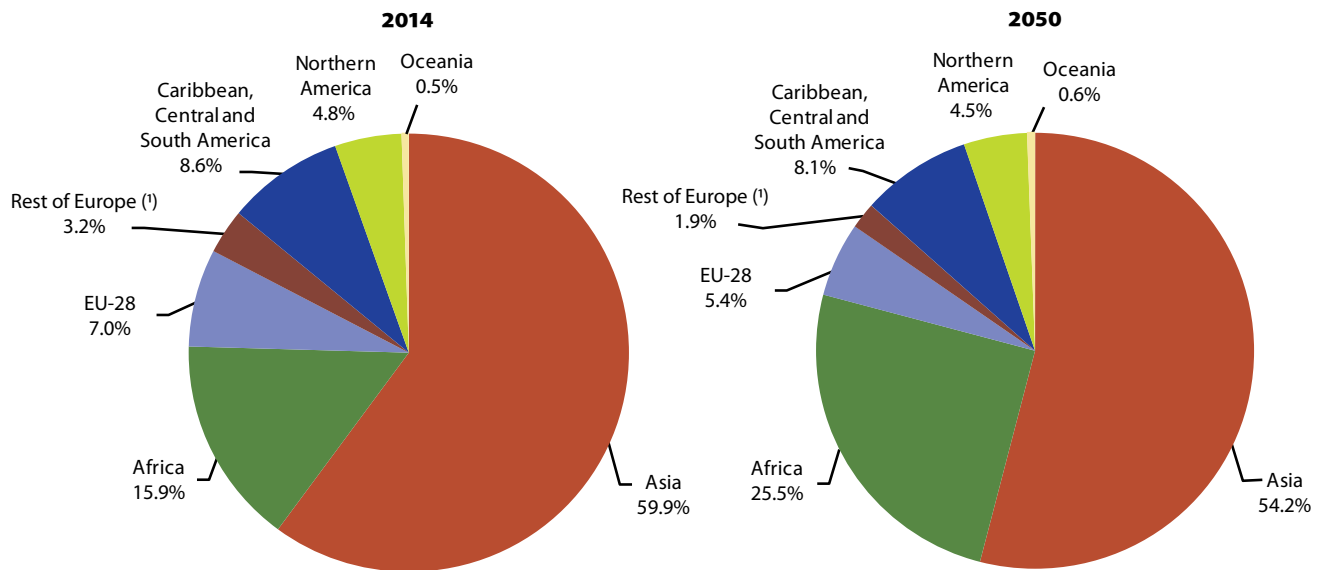
⁽¹⁾ Mid-year population for all regions and countries except EU-28

⁽²⁾ UNPD estimate, medium fertility scenario

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#)) and United Nations Population Division.



Figure 1.1: World population by regions, 2014 and 2050 (%)



(*) Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Faeroe Islands, Iceland, Liechtenstein, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Moldova, Montenegro, Norway, Russia, Serbia, Switzerland and Ukraine.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#) and [proj_13ndbims](#)) and United Nations Population Division.

Population projections up to 2050 (Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2) show a continuation of this trend. Africa's population is forecasted to more than double between 2014 and 2050 to reach almost 2.5 billion. The EU population is projected to continue to grow towards 2050, but with declining growth rates especially in the final decade up to 2050. The main reason for this difference in the projected population growth in Africa and the EU is that the population in the African countries is substantially younger than in the EU Member States.

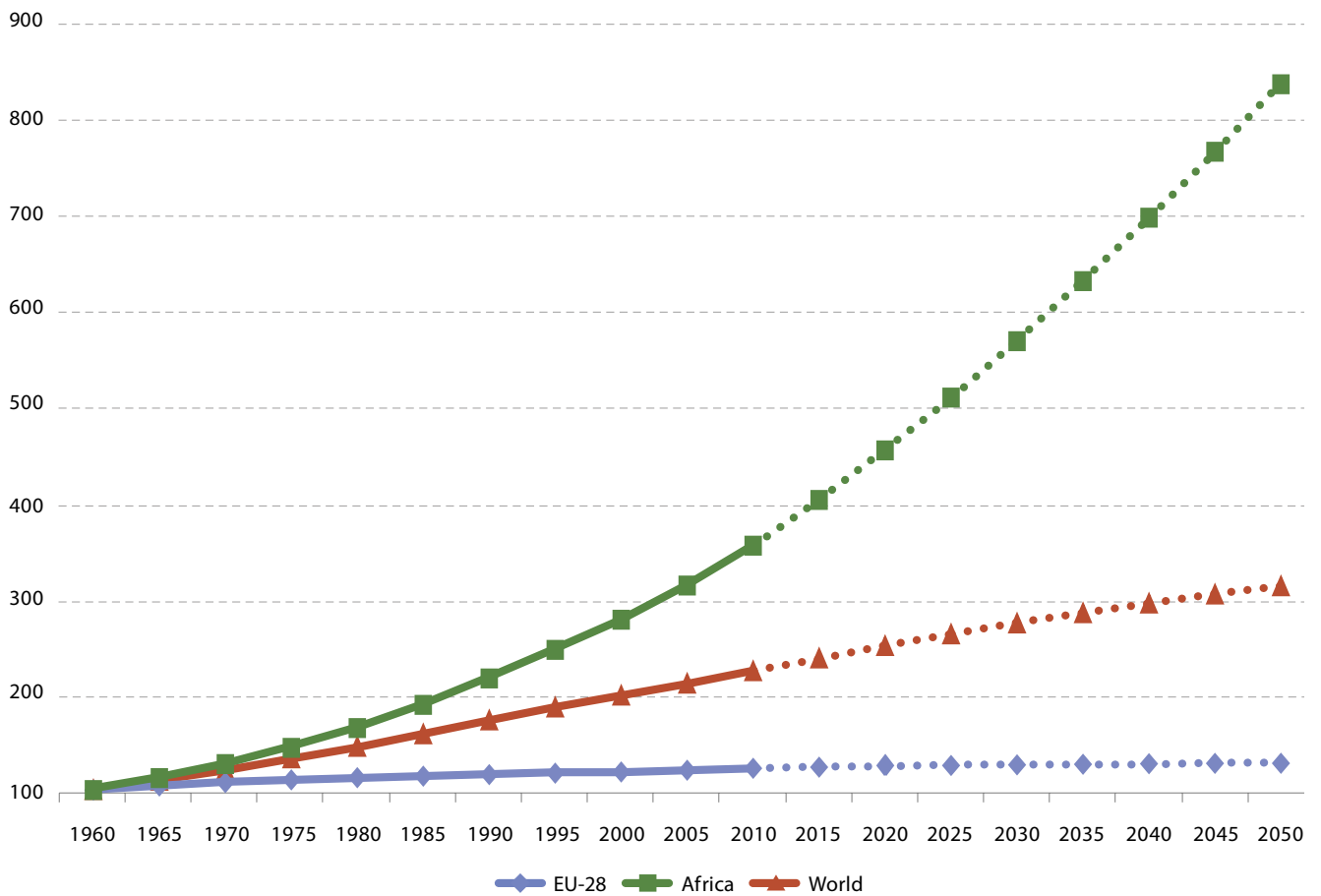
There is a vast difference in life expectancy at birth between Africa and the EU (Figure 1.3). In 2014, the life expectancy in Africa was 60.3 years, compared to 80.6 years in the EU.

However, the life expectancy is slowly growing in both the EU and in Africa. Generally, the life expectancy in North Africa and in several smaller African island states such as Cape Verde, Mauritius and the Seychelles is close to the European level. However, in some sub-Saharan countries the life expectancy at birth is less than 50 years. These countries include Sierra Leone, Lesotho and Swaziland. Main reasons for this are high prevalence of AIDS, in particular in Southern Africa, the effects of civil wars and violent conflicts, as well as poverty and limited access to effective health treatment.

Africa's higher forecasted population growth is due to a higher proportion of women in childbearing age in Africa and a higher fertility rate than in the EU, which more than compensates for the lower life expectancy.

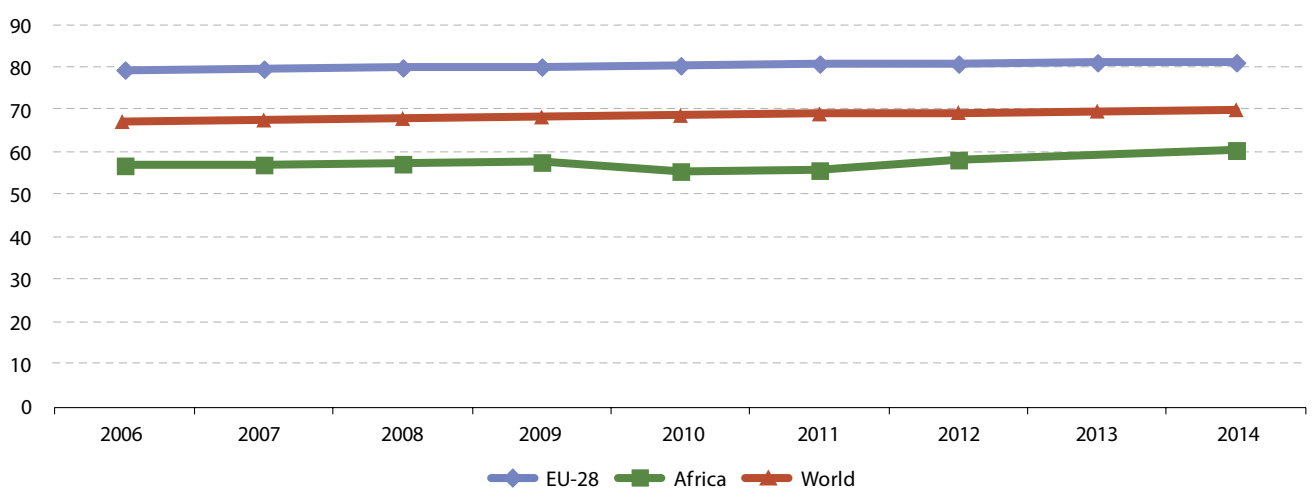


Figure 1.2: Population (1960=100)



Source: United Nations Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#) and [proj_10c2150p](#)).

Figure 1.3: Life expectancy at birth, 2006-2014 (years) ⁽¹⁾



⁽¹⁾ World: 5-years-average; 2000-05, 2005-10, 2010-15 (estimate)

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_mlexpec](#)) and Statistics Division of the African Union Commission

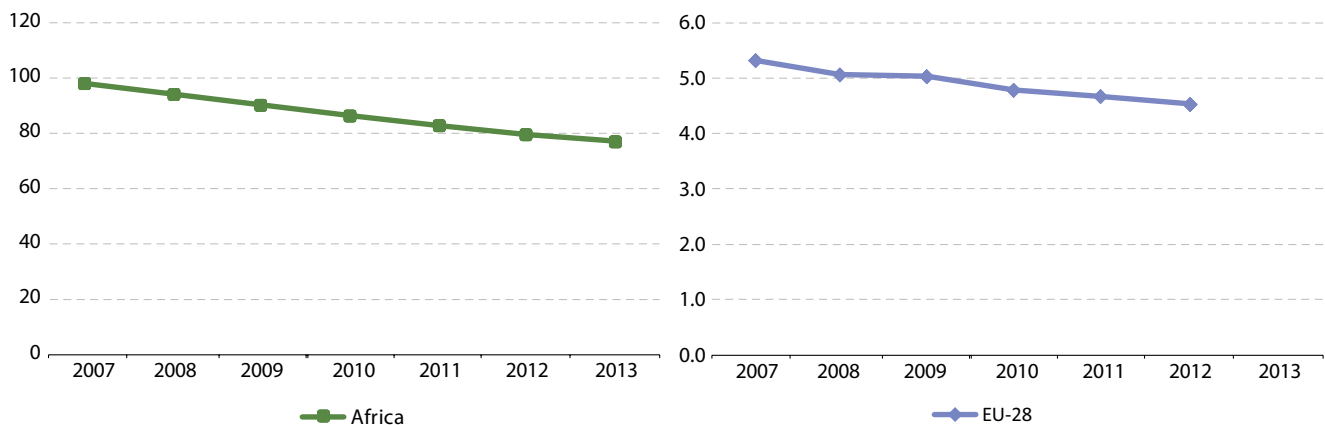


In many African countries the health care systems are less advanced. In addition, there is a relatively high prevalence of diseases connected to insufficient access to sanitation and clean drinking water, to sufficient and safe nutrition as well as generally difficult living conditions. The African Health Strategy for 2007 to 2015 was developed to address these challenges. It provides a strategic framework for African countries, helping them to achieve the Millennium Development Goals related to health. The strengthening of the national health systems is one of its main focuses, aiming to improve working and living conditions, and in particular to protect vulnerable groups such as children and people with disabilities.

In this context, infant mortality rates are a good indicator on the impact of the efforts made by national health systems. From 2007 to 2013, the African under-five mortality rate, i.e. the probability that a new-born baby will die before reaching age five (measured among 1000 live births), has decreased from 98.1 to 77.0 over the period (Figure 1.4). In many African countries, most of these deaths happen in the first year after birth. However, the infant mortality rate in Africa also dropped significantly between 2005 and 2013, from 68.0 to 52.5 (Figure 1.5). Nevertheless, it lay substantially above the EU-28 value of 3.7 deaths (per 1000 new-borns) in 2013.

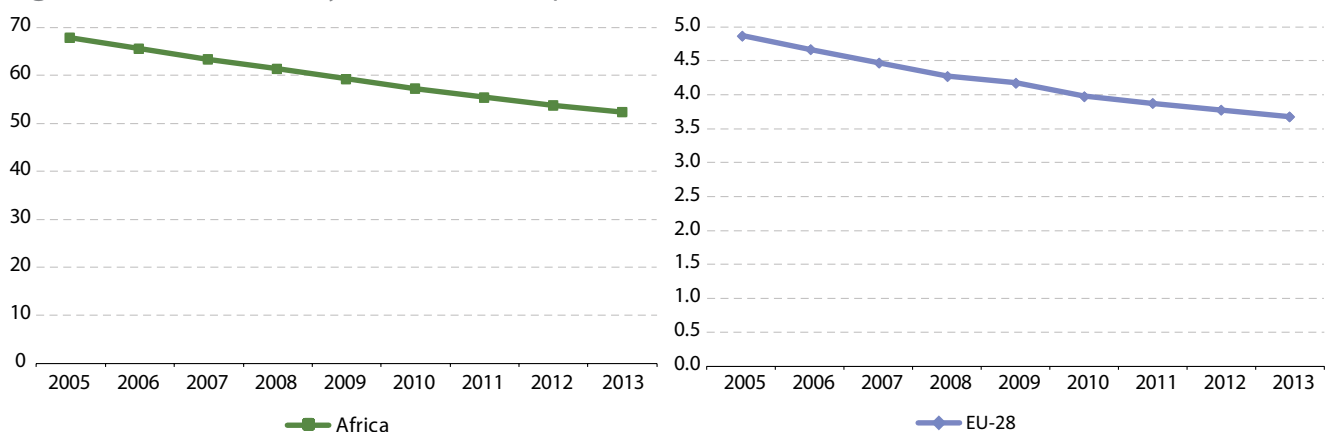
Despite the significant reduction in both of these mortality rates, more than two thirds of all under-five deaths occurred in the first year in 39 of the 54 African countries in 2013.

Figure 1.4: Under-five mortality rate, 2007-2013 (per 1000 live births)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_magec](#) and [demo_pjan](#)), AUC Statistics Division.

Figure 1.5: Infant mortality rate, 2005-2013 (per 1000 live births)



Source: Eurostat Eurostat (online data code: [demo_minfnd](#)), AUC Statistics Division.



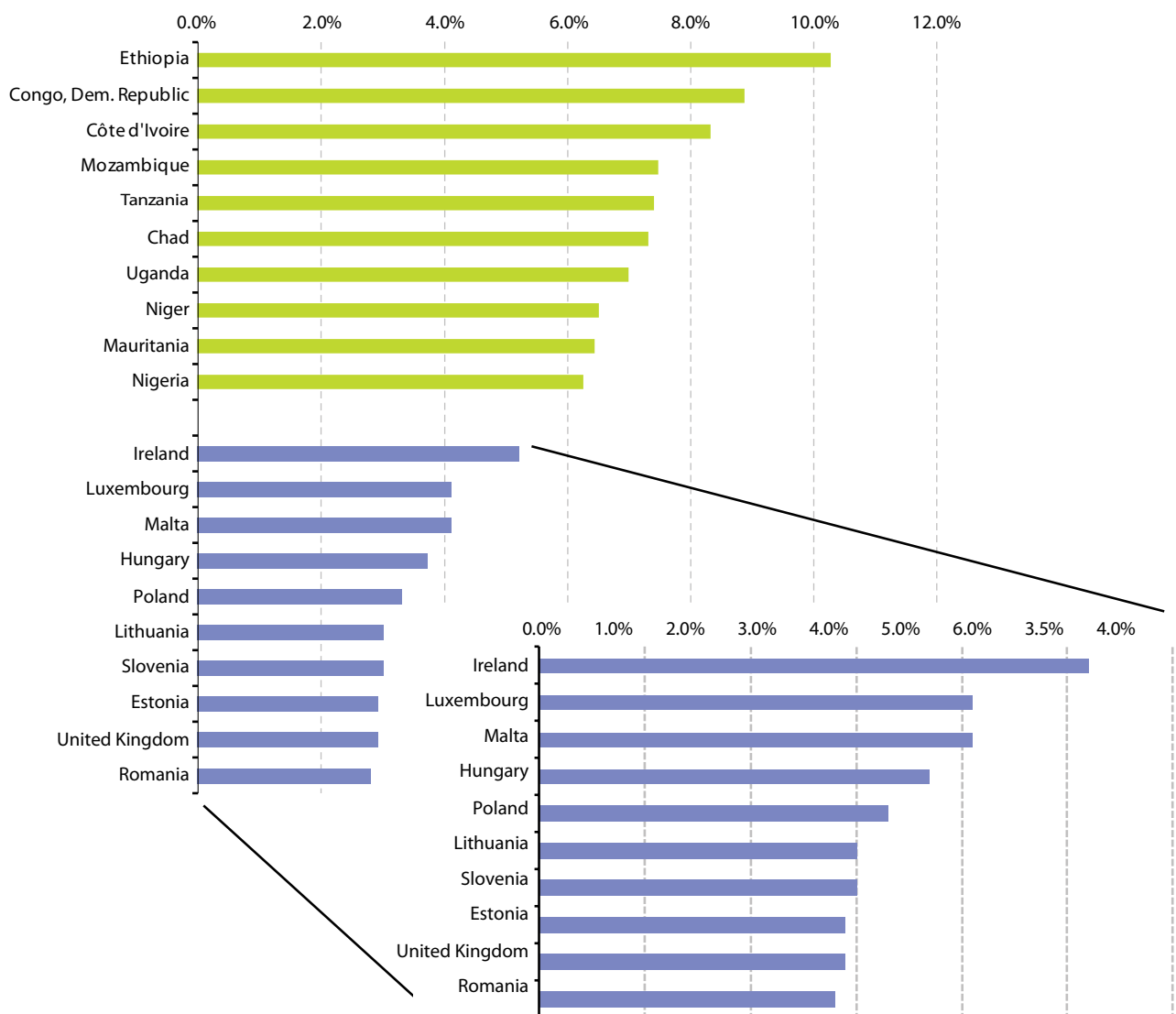
Economic performance ⁽²⁾

Table 1.2 shows the relative economic performance of Africa and the EU compared to other selected countries and the world as a whole. In 2014, the gross domestic product (GDP) of the EU-28 stood at EUR 14.0 billion whilst the figure for Africa was EUR 1.8 billion. In comparison, the GDP for the United States was EUR 13.1 billion, for China EUR 7.8 billion and for Japan EUR 3.5 billion. Other major economies were Brazil, India, Canada and the Russian Federation, with GDP between EUR 1.8 billion and EUR 1.4 billion, all below the total GDP of Africa.

Africa has seen its share of world GDP grow since 2004; in 2014, Africa's share reached 3.2%, compared with 1.9% ten years earlier. After staying at around 30% between 2004 and 2009, the EU-28's share in world GDP had fallen to 23.9% by 2014, even though the EU's GDP at current prices had regained and surpassed the level prior to the economic crisis. There was no consistent picture for other major economies. While both the USA and Japan recorded a significant decline in their share of world GDP over the last decade, China's share almost tripled over the period and the share of Brazil doubled.

(2) More detailed information on national accounts for the EU and Africa can be found in chapter 5.

Figure 1.6: GDP growth rates at constant prices, top ten EU Member States and African countries, 2013-2014 (%)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: tec00115), AUC Statistics Division.



The increase in Africa's share of world GDP was due to strong GDP growth rates in most African countries over the period from 2004 and 2014 (Figure 1.6). However, the effects of civil uprisings can be clearly seen in the GDP growth figures for a number of countries, for example the sharp fall in GDP in Libya during the civil uprising in 2011, followed by a strong recovery in 2012 and a renewed sharp fall in 2013 caused by renewed unrest. The GDP growth rates of the top ten African countries from 2013 to 2014 far outstripped the growth rates of the top ten EU-28 countries. Ethiopia topped the list for Africa with a GDP growth of 10.3%; altogether 21 African countries recorded higher GDP growth rates in 2014 than the best performing EU Member State (Ireland with 5.2%).

A different perspective emerges when comparing GDP per capita. In the USA, the GDP in euro per inhabitant was well above the level of the EU as a whole in 2014 (Table 1.2). The EU-28 level of EUR 27 400 per capita was also surpassed by Canada, where the value of EUR 37 701 came close to match the USA's value of EUR 40 969. However, the values for these two countries and the EU-28 were far above the GDP per capita of the BRIC countries Brazil, India, Russia and China. The EU-28 GDP per capita showed a solid rise of EUR 5 100 (23%) between 2004 and 2014.

Although the figure for Africa as a whole was just EUR 1 638 in 2014, it had more than doubled since 2004. Amongst the other countries, it is notable that the Indian GDP per capita of EUR 1 197 was substantially lower than Africa's in 2014. The Russian Federation recorded a GDP per capita of EUR 9 551, almost tripling since 2004. Brazil recorded EUR 8 538, while China's figure was EUR 5 695, more than three and a half times the 2004 value.

Table 1.2: GDP at current prices

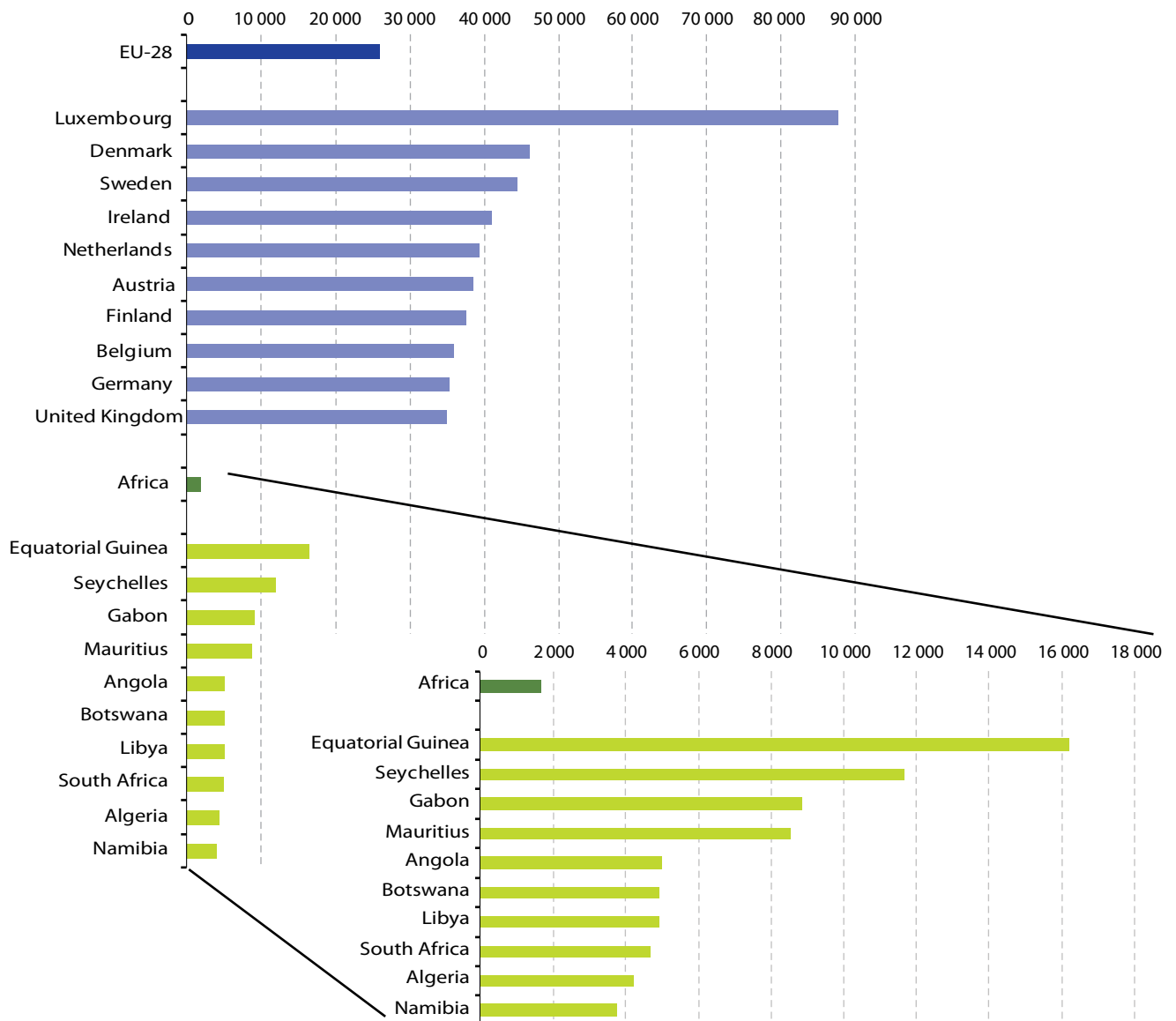
	GDP (million EUR)			Share of world GDP (%)			GDP per capita (EUR)		
	2004	2009	2014	2004	2009	2014	2004	2009	2014
World	35 224 578	42 991 555	58 397 683	100.0	100.0	100.0	5 475	6 284	8 043
EU-28	11 024 409	12 255 574	13 958 352	31.3	28.5	23.9	22 300	24 300	27 400
Africa	686 742	1 170 133	1 843 989	1.9	2.7	3.2	773	1 187	1 638
United States	9 947 847	10 382 501	13 063 379	28.2	24.2	22.4	33 974	33 844	40 969
Japan	3 773 156	3 625 654	3 450 866	10.7	8.4	5.9	29 533	28 315	27 144
China	1 573 629	3 643 136	7 769 561	4.5	8.5	13.3	1 214	2 737	5 695
Brazil	542 692	1 198 602	1 759 471	1.5	2.8	3.0	2 916	6 094	8 538
India	584 787	983 163	1 550 073	1.7	2.3	2.7	519	810	1 197
Canada	825 333	987 101	1 339 902	2.3	2.3	2.3	25 796	29 353	37 701
Russian Federation	478 972	880 389	1 395 355	1.4	2.0	2.4	3 325	6 166	9 551

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [nama_10_gdp](#) and [nama_10_pc](#)), AUC Statistics Division and World Bank.



At country level, GDP per capita in most African countries is still rather low (Figure 1.7). Fuelled by a large oil industry, Equatorial Guinea lead the African Top 10; its GDP of EUR 16 221 was higher than in 11 EU Member States and corresponded to about 59% of the EU-28 value. However, only four African countries, Equatorial Guinea, Seychelles, Gabon and Mauritius, recorded a higher GDP per capita than Bulgaria, which recorded the lowest GDP per capita amongst the EU Member States with EUR 5 900 in 2014.

Figure 1.7: GDP per capita at current prices, top ten EU Member States and African countries, 2014 (EUR)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [nama_10_pc](#)), AUC Statistics Division.



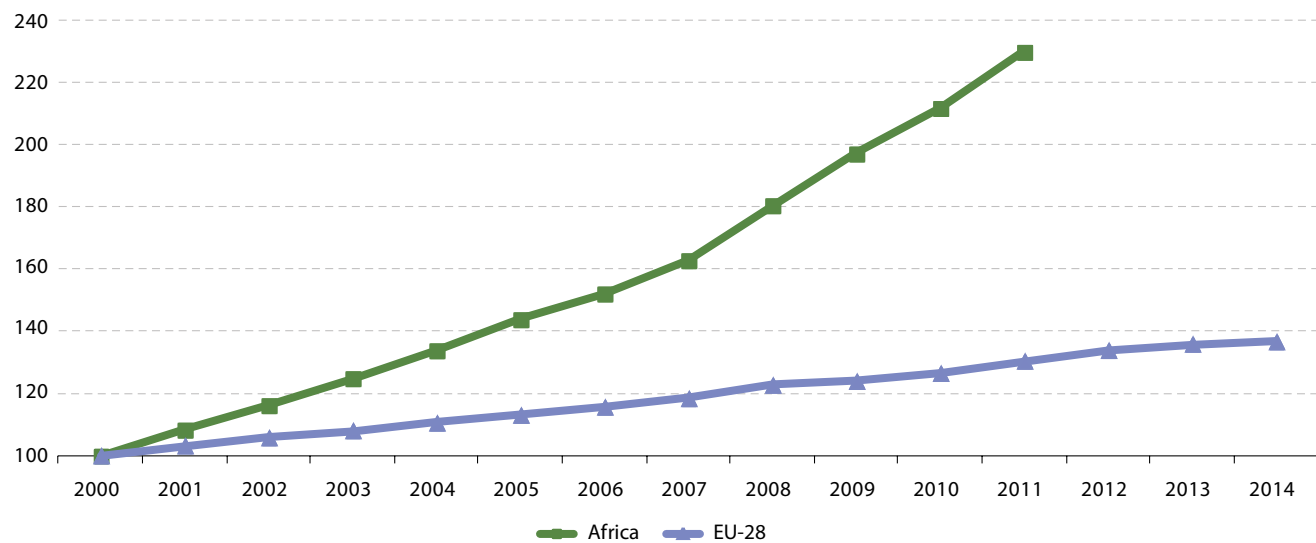
Prices and public finances (3)

Figure 1.8 shows the evolution in consumer prices in the EU-28 and Africa since 2000. Price movements in Africa have been substantially larger than in the EU-28. The price index for Africa reached 230 in 2011 (base year 2000 = 100), while the equivalent figure for the EU-28 was 130 in 2011 and 137 in 2014. On average, African changes in price level ran at a rate of 7.9% per year between 2000 and 2011, while the

figure for the EU-28 was 2.3% per year. In particular, there was a noticeable upward movement in the price fluctuations in Africa in each year of the period 2007 to 2011, whereas the inflation rate in the EU-28 fluctuated considerably during this period. A high increase in 2008 was followed by a slow-down in 2009 and a renewed acceleration peaking in 2011. The EU-28 inflation rate slowed down from 2012 onwards.

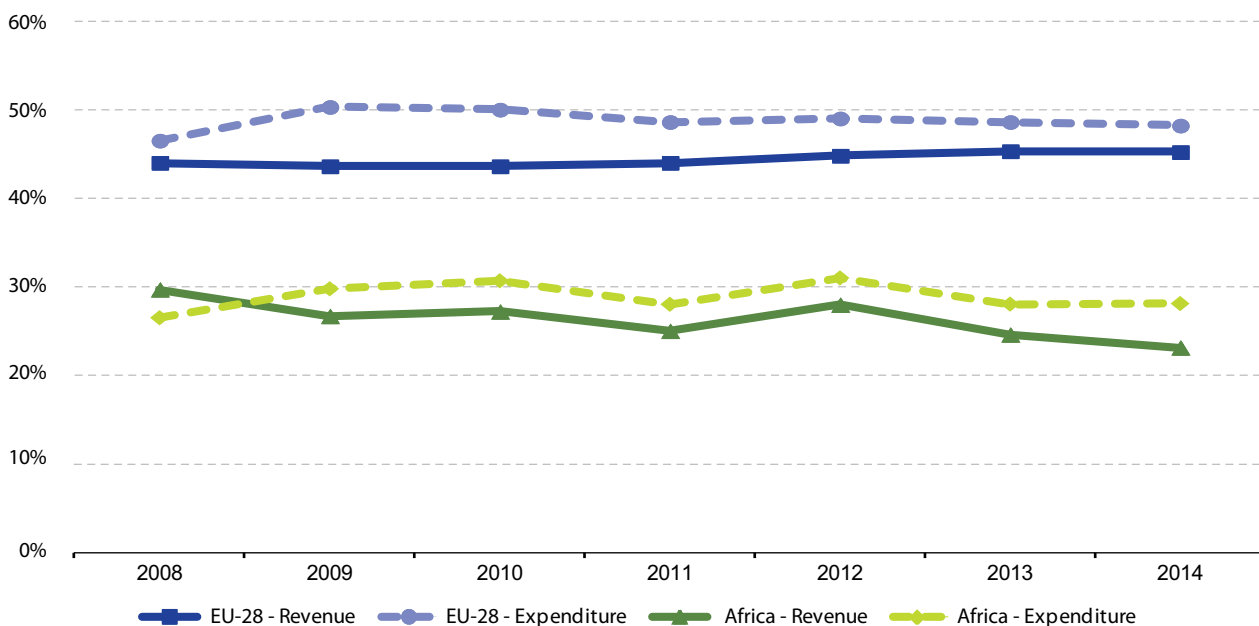
(3) More detailed price statistics and information on public finances for the EU and Africa can be found in chapter 6.

Figure 1.8: Consumer price index (2000=100)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [prc_hicp_aind](#)) and AUC Statistics Division.

Figure 1.9: Government revenue and expenditure, 2008-2014 (% of GDP)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov_10a_main](#)), AUC Statistics Division.



Africa's government revenue and expenditure as percentage of GDP were lower than the EU-28 level in the period from 2008 to 2014 (Figure 1.9). African values lay between 25% and 31% of GDP for both revenue and expenditure, while the corresponding values for the EU-28 lay between 44% and 50% of GDP. With the exception of Africa in 2008, government expenditure exceeded revenues for both country groups over the period. EU-28 revenues remained relatively stable over the period, with a slight decrease in 2009 before recovering again through 2010 and 2011 and stabilising at around 45% of GDP. The African government revenues, as share of GDP, fluctuated between 30% and 25% between 2008 and 2013, before falling to 23% in 2014.

In 2014, the government revenue as share of GDP was higher than five years previously for almost half of the African countries. However, government expenditure as share of GDP also increased in slightly more than half of African countries, mostly in those countries that recorded increasing revenues over the same period. The level of government revenue and expenditure compared to GDP varies strongly across Africa, although there is a tendency towards higher levels of both in countries that are rich in natural resources such as Libya, Angola, Algeria and Equatorial Guinea.

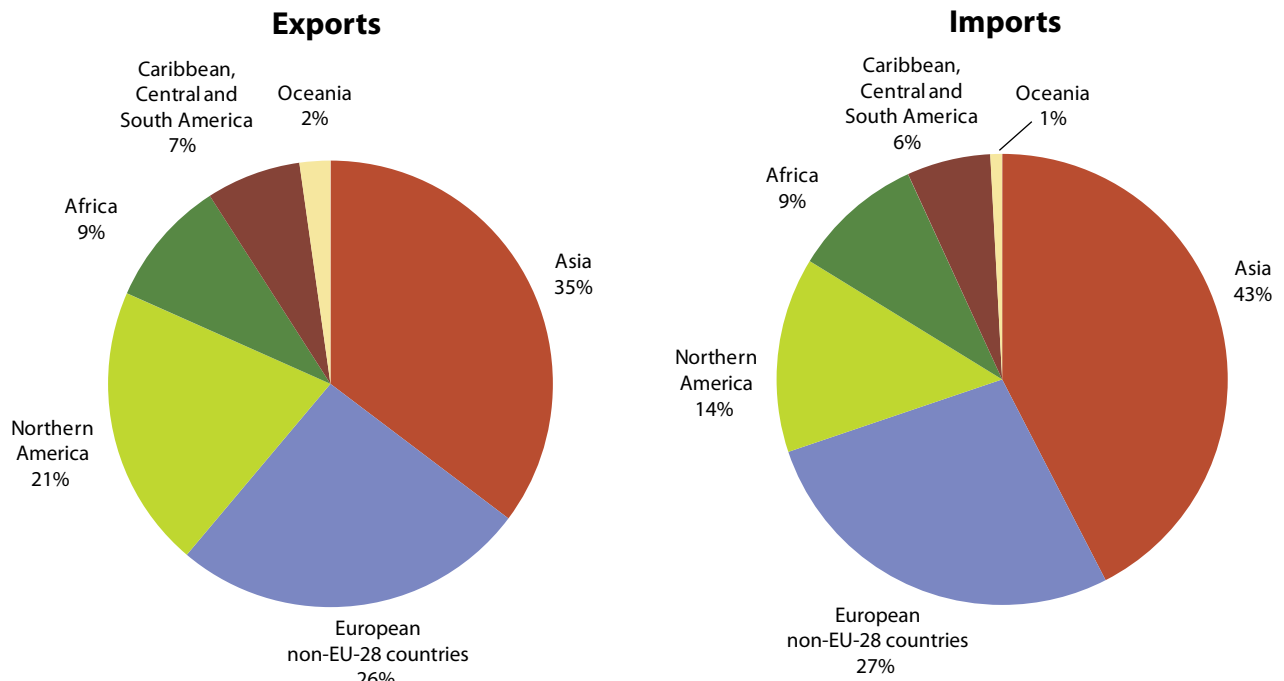
International trade (4)

Africa accounted for around 9% of both the imports to the EU-28 and the exports from the EU-28 in 2014, measured by value (Figure 1.10). This was far below Asia, which stood for 43% of the imports value to the EU-28 and about a third of the exports value. Northern America only accounted for 14% of the imports to the EU-28 but was the destination for 21% of the exports.

The EU-28 goods trade balance with Africa was negative in all years between 2003 and 2014 (Figure 1.11). The EU's trade deficit with Africa fell sharply from EUR 41 billion in 2008 to around EUR 4 billion in 2009 with both import and export values dropping, clearly reflecting the worldwide economic crisis. This decline in EU-28 exports to and imports from Africa broke the steady increase of EU-28 trade with Africa between 2003 and 2008, which had seen export values raise by 71% and imports by 94%. From 2009 onwards, EU-28 exports to Africa returned to steady growth; by 2014, the value of EU-28 exports to Africa was 28% above the 2008 level. Also the imports from Africa resumed the strong growth in 2009, exceeding the pre-crisis value by 16% in 2012. However, in 2013 and 2014 the value of EU-28 imports from Africa again decreased; it fell by 11% in 2013 and by another 8% from 2013 to 2014, reaching a lower value in 2014 than prior to the economic crisis.

(4) More detailed balance of payments information, including foreign direct investments, international trade in goods and official development assistance, can be found in chapter 8.

Figure 1.10: EU-28 international trade by partner, value 2014 (%)



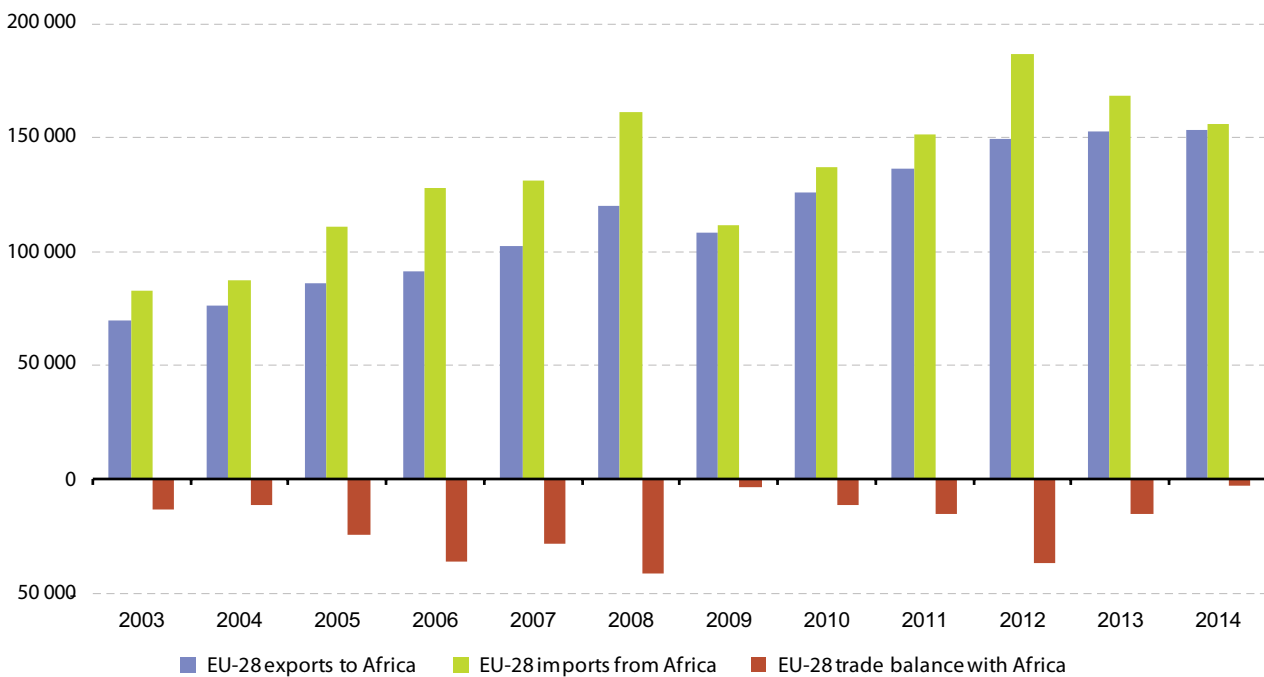
Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ext_lt_maineu](#))



In 2014, the three main African partners for imports of goods to the EU-28 were Algeria (19% of total import value from Africa), Nigeria (18%) and South Africa (12%) (Figure 1.12). Together, these three countries accounted for close to half the total EU-28 imports from Africa. For both Algeria and Nigeria, the main product group imported to the EU-28 was petroleum products, more specifically crude oil and natural gas. Thus, due to the fall in petroleum prices, the value of this trade can change substantially from year to year. Libya,

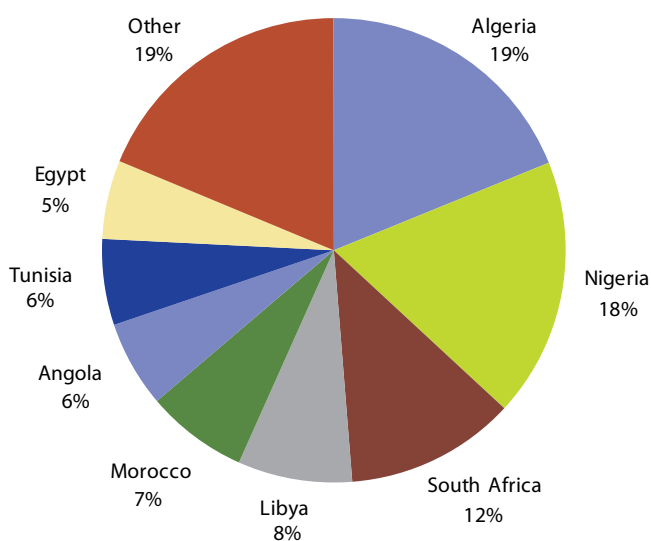
recorded third in 2013, lost 6 percentage points from 2013 to 2014 due to this effect and to the effects of the continued instability following the Civil War of 2011. The result was that Libya ranked fourth for imports to the EU-28 in 2014, with 8% of the total. The main African destinations for EU-28 exports of goods were Algeria and South Africa (each 15% of total exports to Africa in 2014), followed by Morocco (12%) (Figure 1.13).

Figure 1.11: EU-28 trade in goods with Africa, 2003-2014 (million EUR)



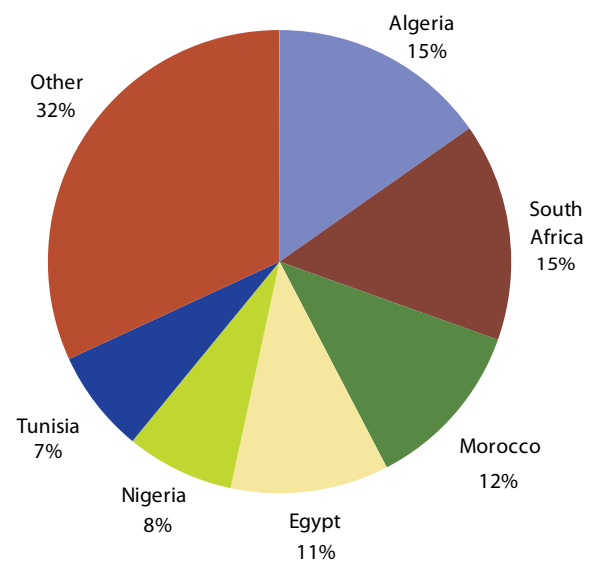
Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS-018995)

Figure 1.12: EU-28 imports of goods from Africa by main partners, 2014 (%)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS_018995)

Figure 1.13: EU-28 exports of goods to Africa by main partners, 2014 (%)



Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS_018995)

Africa's government revenue and expenditure as percentage of GDP were lower than the EU-28 level in the period from 2008 to 2014 (Figure 1.9). African values lay between 25% and 31% of GDP for both revenue and expenditure, while the corresponding values for the EU-28 lay between 44% and 50% of GDP. With the exception of Africa in 2008, government expenditure exceeded revenues for both country groups over the period. EU-28 revenues remained relatively stable over the period, with a slight decrease in 2009 before recovering again through 2010 and 2011 and stabilising at around 45% of GDP. The African government revenues, as share of GDP, fluctuated between 30% and 25% between 2008 and 2013, before falling to 23% in 2014.

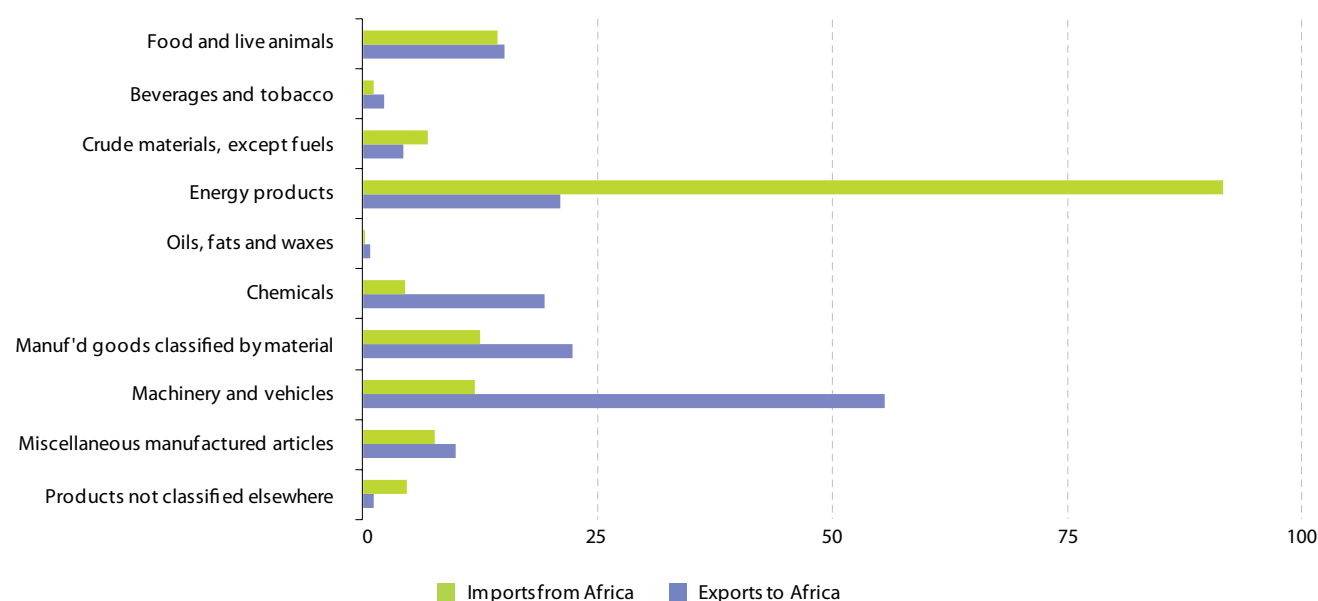
In 2014, EU-28 exports to Africa were dominated by machinery and vehicles, in particular road vehicles; with EUR 55.5 billion, this product group accounted for more than a third of the total value. For EU-28 exports of energy products to Africa, there was a significant reverse flow of refined oil products, amounting to some EUR 21.0 billion in 2014. Another important export product group from the EU-28 to Africa was manufactured products classified by material, which reached 22.4 billion EUR in 2014 (Figure 1.14). This represented 15% of the total EU-28 exports to Africa. A further important group of products exported to Africa was chemicals, with a share of 13% of the total in 2014.

Table 1.3: Exports from EU-28 to Africa and imports from Africa to EU-28, by SITC section, 2012-2014 (million EUR)

	Exports from EU-28 to Africa			Imports from Africa to EU-28		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Total	149 775	152 879	153 369	186 703	168 299	156 228
Food and live animals	12 503	13 775	15 014	13 259	13 389	14 299
Beverages and tobacco	2 179	2 364	2 337	978	1 052	1 137
Crude materials, except fuels	4 381	4 067	4 252	8 021	6 938	6 984
Energy products	22 750	22 631	20 948	121 757	107 318	91 604
Oils, fats and waxes	1 019	840	721	357	431	316
Chemicals	18 221	18 858	19 339	4 061	4 311	4 451
Manuf'd goods classified by material	22 880	22 573	22 376	13 203	13 431	12 575
Machinery and vehicles	54 362	55 568	55 523	10 019	10 395	11 952
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	9 287	9 822	9 957	7 514	7 325	7 635
Products not classified elsewhere	1 141	1 468	1 209	6 604	2 755	4 696

Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS-018995)

Figure 1.14: EU-28 trade in goods with Africa by SITC section, 2014 (billion EUR)



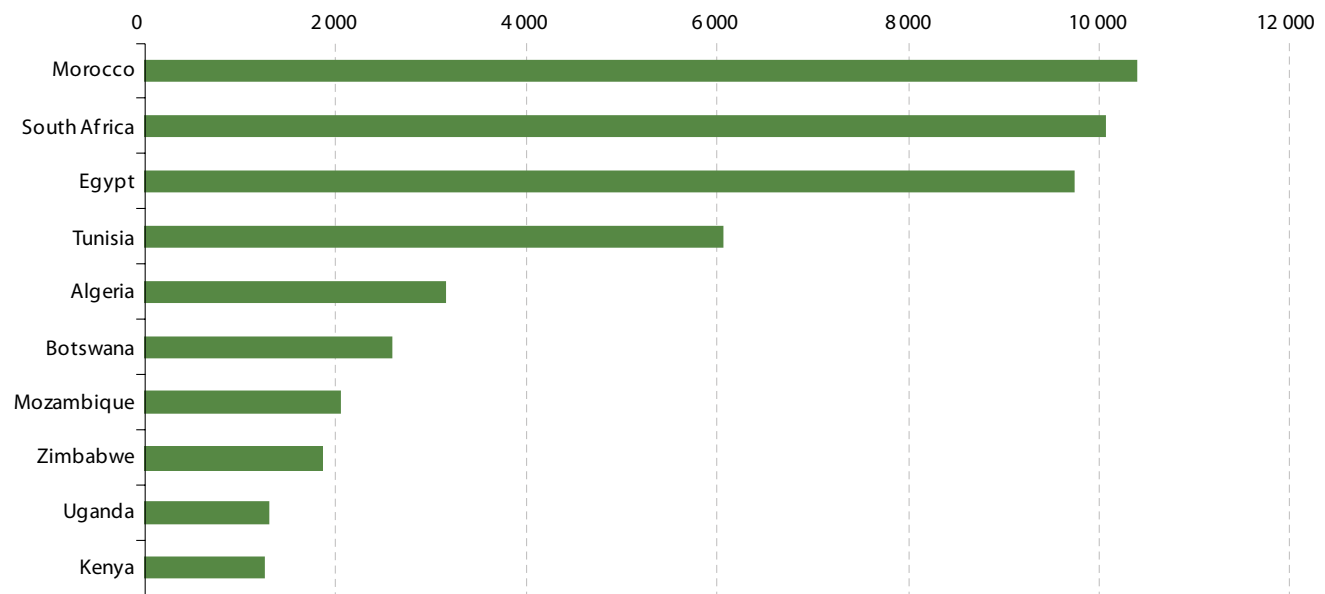
Source: Eurostat (online data code: (DS_018995))



From 2013 to 2014, the value of exports to Africa of machinery and vehicles, the most important product group by far, remained stable. Amongst the other main product groups, the export value from EU-28 to Africa fell by more than 7% for energy products and almost 1% for manufactured products classified by material. In contrast, the EU-28 exports of food and live animals to Africa continued to rise by a further 9% from 2013 to 2014. The value of chemicals exports increased by almost 3%.

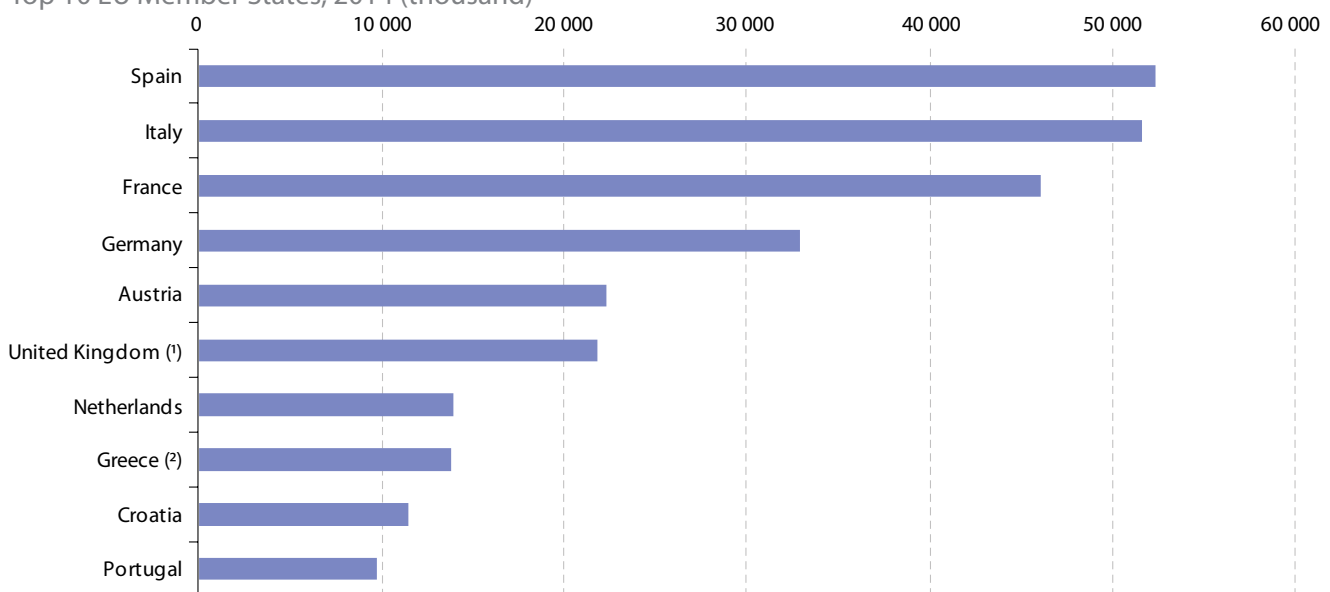
On the import side, the value of energy products imports from Africa decreased by 12% from 2012 to 2013, followed by a drop of another 15% in 2014. This downturn was partly due to a strong fall in imports of energy products from Libya, which could not recover from a sharp decline caused by the civil uprising in 2011 and the renewed unrest from 2013 onwards. With the exception of energy products, of oils, fats and waxes and of manufactured goods classified by material, all main product groups recorded growth in EU-28 imports from Africa between 2013 and 2014.

Figure 1.15.a: Arrivals of non-resident tourists at the border, Top 10 African countries, 2014 (thousand)



Source: AUC Statistics Division

Figure 1.15.b: Arrivals of non-resident tourists at tourist accommodation establishments, Top 10 EU Member States, 2014 (thousand)



(1) 2012 data
(2) 2013 data

Source: Eurostat (online data code: tour_occ_arn2)



Services and the information society ⁽⁵⁾

Tourism contributes considerably to the economy of many African countries. In 2014, the sum of arrivals of non-resident tourists at the border of African countries amounted to 65.8 million. Several African countries recorded high tourist numbers in 2014. Figure 1.15 presents the Top 10 countries in Africa and the EU respectively, in terms of the non-resident tourist arrivals. However, the EU figures record arrivals at tourist accommodation establishments. Thus, on the one hand, the EU figures do not record tourists arriving in non-rented accommodation (e.g. owned second homes, visits to relatives and friends with accommodation free of charge). On the other hand, tourists travelling inside the country and staying in more than one tourist accommodation establishment during their trip are counted as a new arrival each time they register to an accommodation establishment. The figures for EU Member States can therefore not be directly compared to the figures for African countries, which record tourist arrivals at the border.

Together, Morocco, South Africa and Egypt accounted for close to half of all non-resident tourist arrivals in Africa in 2014. Most of the North African countries registered a strong increase in the number of tourist arrivals up to the year 2010. However, following the civil uprisings during the Arab spring and the uncertain security situation thereafter, the numbers of non-resident tourists arriving have fallen to much lower levels in several countries. The number of arrivals in Egypt peaked at 14.7 million in 2010, making Egypt the main tourist destination in Africa that year. Following the uprising in 2011, the number of tourists arriving in Egypt fell by a third in 2011. In 2014, Egypt recorded 9.8 million non-resident tourist arrivals in 2014, which was still the third-highest amongst the African countries. A similar trend was observed also for Tunisia, where the number of tourist arrivals fell by almost a third from a peak of 7.7 million in 2010 to 5.5 million in 2011, before stabilising at around 6 million as the fourth most popular tourist destination. An exception in North Africa is Morocco, where the security situation has been stable during the period. The number of non-resident tourists in Morocco has been growing steadily since 2006, with only a slight slow-down in 2012. In 2014, the number of tourist arrivals reached 10.4 million, making Morocco the top tourist destination. South Africa followed closely in second place, with 10.1 million tourist arrivals, also following a steady growth in numbers over the period.

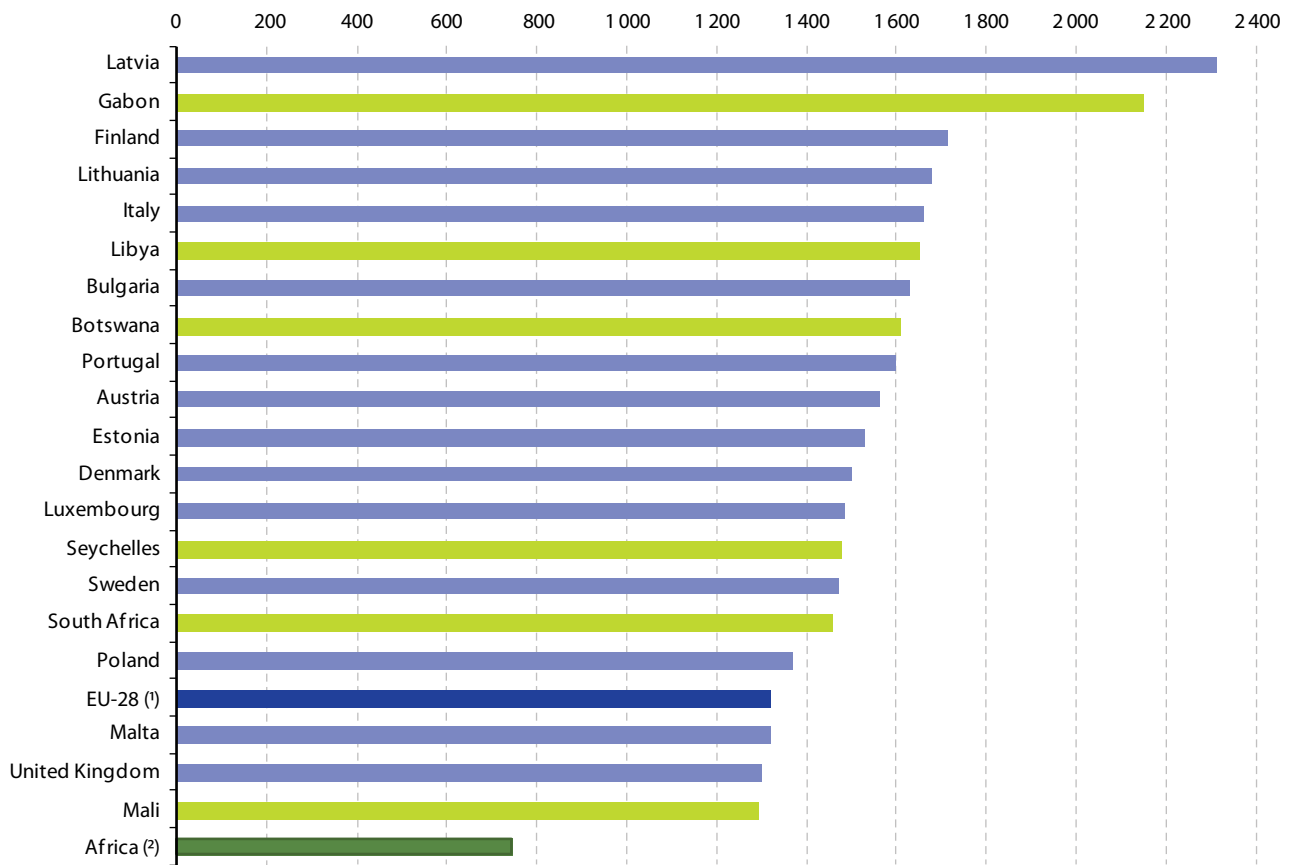
Telecommunications are crucial for developing an information society and for providing access to new services and information. Therefore, telecommunications play an important role in national development and the global economy. As fixed network infrastructures are expensive and take a long time to build, especially in remote and thinly populated areas, mobile networks have taken a prominent role in the development of the telecommunications sector and the information society in Africa. Thus, mobile phone penetration has exploded in Africa since 2004, growing more than eightfold over the decade to 2013 (Figure 1.16).

In terms of mobile phones per inhabitant, the Top 20 list for Africa and the EU includes Gabon, Libya, Botswana, the Seychelles, South Africa and Mali. These African countries had mobile phone penetration rates that matched the highest rates in the EU Member States in 2013, and with the exception of Mali all lay above the EU-28 average of 1 317 mobile phone subscriptions per 1000 inhabitants. In contrast, in particular Eritrea (56 subscriptions per 1000 inhabitants) lagged far behind. However, countries like Burundi, South Sudan, Ethiopia, Djibouti and the Central African Republic all recorded rates of less than 300 subscriptions per 1000 inhabitants, far below the African average of 742. Nevertheless, most countries with a low mobile phone penetration registered very high growth rates. Over the period 2004 to 2013, the highest growth rate was recorded in Ethiopia, where a penetration of two per thousand population in 2004 was transformed to a rate of 273 per thousand in 2013. Other countries that recorded exceptional mobile phone penetration growth rates include Mali, Rwanda, Guinea and the Comoros, all from very low starting levels.

⁽⁵⁾ More detailed information on tourism, mobile phones, electricity production and production indices can be found in chapter 7.



Figure 1.16: Mobile phone subscriptions, top 20 countries, 2013 (number per thousand inhabitants)



(*) Provisional
(?) Estimate

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [isoc_tc_mcsupe](#) and [demo_pjan](#)), AUC Statistics Division.

Demography

2

**Table 2.1.a:** Total population, mid-year (1000)

	1980	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	481 519	637 806	818 270	1 029 516	1 055 383	1 081 889	1 108 966	1 136 526
Algeria	18 811	25 283	30 506	37 063	37 763	38 482	39 208	39 929
Angola	7 854	10 661	14 280	19 549	20 180	20 821	21 472	22 137
Benin	3 560	4 795	6 659	9 510	9 780	10 051	10 323	10 600
Botswana	985	1 352	1 723	1 969	1 987	2 004	2 021	2 039
Burkina Faso	6 862	8 814	11 676	15 540	15 995	16 460	16 935	17 420
Burundi	4 130	5 681	6 473	9 233	9 540	9 850	10 163	10 483
Cameroon	9 080	12 233	15 865	20 624	21 156	21 700	22 254	22 819
Cape Verde	289	354	439	488	491	494	499	504
Central African Republic	2 269	2 928	3 746	4 350	4 436	4 525	4 616	4 709
Chad	4 608	6 105	8 402	11 721	12 080	12 448	12 825	13 211
Comoros	329	438	552	683	700	718	735	752
Congo	1 815	2 446	3 036	4 112	4 225	4 337	4 448	4 559
Congo, Dem. Republic	27 170	37 016	50 829	62 191	63 932	65 705	67 514	69 360
Côte d'Ivoire	8 419	12 610	17 281	18 977	19 390	19 840	20 316	20 805
Djibouti	340	560	730	834	847	860	873	886
Egypt	44 433	57 785	70 174	78 076	79 392	80 722	82 056	83 387
Equatorial Guinea	220	379	529	696	716	736	757	778
Eritrea	2 469	3 158	3 657	5 741	5 933	6 131	6 333	6 536
Ethiopia	35 409	48 292	65 515	87 095	89 393	91 729	94 101	96 506
Gabon	682	926	1 233	1 556	1 594	1 633	1 672	1 711
Gambia	616	896	1 302	1 681	1 735	1 791	1 849	1 909
Ghana	11 026	14 968	19 529	24 263	24 821	25 366	25 905	26 442
Guinea	4 628	6 147	8 384	10 876	11 162	11 451	11 745	12 044
Guinea-Bissau	836	1 022	1 304	1 587	1 624	1 664	1 704	1 746
Kenya	16 261	23 433	31 441	40 909	42 028	43 178	44 354	45 546
Lesotho	1 296	1 602	1 889	2 009	2 030	2 052	2 074	2 098
Liberia	1 910	2 167	2 824	3 958	4 080	4 190	4 294	4 397
Libya	3 063	4 365	5 346	6 041	6 103	6 155	6 202	6 253
Madagascar	8 604	11 273	15 275	21 080	21 679	22 294	22 925	23 572
Malawi	6 215	9 451	11 831	15 014	15 458	15 906	16 363	16 829
Mali	7 183	8 655	10 523	13 986	14 417	14 854	15 302	15 768
Mauritania	1 525	1 988	2 604	3 609	3 703	3 796	3 890	3 984
Mauritius	966	1 056	1 195	1 231	1 235	1 240	1 244	1 249
Morocco	19 567	24 808	28 827	31 642	32 059	32 521	33 008	33 493
Mozambique	12 138	13 543	18 249	23 967	24 581	25 203	25 834	26 473
Namibia	1 013	1 417	1 824	2 179	2 218	2 259	2 303	2 348
Niger	5 922	7 904	11 031	15 894	16 511	17 157	17 831	18 535
Nigeria	74 523	97 338	124 842	159 708	164 193	168 834	173 615	178 517
Rwanda	5 197	7 150	7 958	10 837	11 144	11 458	11 777	12 100
São Tomé and Príncipe	95	116	140	178	183	188	193	198
Senegal	5 636	7 538	9 902	12 951	13 331	13 726	14 133	14 548
Seychelles	66	72	81	91	92	92	93	93
Sierra Leone	3 261	4 084	4 228	5 752	5 865	5 979	6 092	6 205
Somalia	6 434	6 596	7 394	9 636	9 908	10 195	10 496	10 806
South Africa	29 075	36 745	44 872	51 452	51 949	52 386	52 776	53 140
South Sudan	-	-	-	9 941	10 381	10 838	11 296	11 739
Sudan	20 509	27 091	34 904	35 652	36 431	37 195	37 964	38 764
Swaziland	603	864	1 080	1 193	1 212	1 231	1 250	1 268
Tanzania	18 661	25 455	34 131	44 973	46 355	47 783	49 253	50 757
Togo	2 785	3 926	5 247	6 306	6 472	6 643	6 817	6 993
Tunisia	6 457	8 215	9 452	10 632	10 753	10 875	10 997	11 117
Uganda	12 655	17 731	24 433	33 987	35 148	36 346	37 579	38 845
Zambia	5 774	7 910	10 467	13 217	13 634	14 075	14 539	15 021
Zimbabwe	7 282	10 461	12 455	13 077	13 359	13 724	14 150	14 599

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 2.1.b:** Total population, 1st January (1000)

	1980	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	461 647	475 161	486 958	503 235 ^(b)	504 494 ^(b)	505 572 ^(b)	506 612	506 825 ^(b)
Belgium	9 855	9 948	10 239	10 840	11 001 ^(b)	11 095	11 162	11 204
Bulgaria	8 846	8 767	8 191	7 422	7 369	7 327	7 285	7 246
Czech Republic	10 316	10 362	10 278	10 462	10 487	10 505	10 516	10 512
Denmark	5 122	5 135	5 330	5 535	5 561	5 581	5 603	5 627
Germany	78 180	79 113	82 163	81 802	81 752	81 844	82 021	80 767 ^(b)
Estonia	1 472	1 571	1 401	1 333	1 330	1 325	1 320	1 316
Ireland	3 393	3 507	3 778	4 549	4 571	4 583	4 591	4 606
Greece	9 584	10 121	10 904	11 184	11 123	11 083	10 991	10 904
Spain	37 242	38 826	40 050	46 487	46 667	46 818	46 728	46 512
France	53 731	56 577	60 545	64 659	64 979	65 277 ^(b)	65 561	65 836
Croatia	4 598	4 773	4 498	4 303	4 290	4 276	4 262	4 247
Italy	56 388	56 694	56 924	59 190	59 365	59 394	59 685	60 783
Cyprus	506	573	690	819	840	862	866	858
Latvia	2 509	2 668	2 382	2 121	2 075	2 045	2 024	2 001
Lithuania	3 404	3 694	3 512	3 142	3 053	3 004	2 972	2 943
Luxembourg	363	379	434	502	512	525 ^(b)	537	550
Hungary	10 709	10 375	10 222	10 014	9 986	9 932 ^(b)	9 909	9 877
Malta	315	352	380	414	415	418	421	425
Netherlands	14 091	14 893	15 864	16 575	16 656	16 730	16 780	16 829
Austria	7 546	7 645	8 002	8 352	8 375	8 408	8 452	8 507
Poland	35 413	38 038	38 263 ^(b)	38 023	38 063	38 064	38 063	38 018
Portugal	9 714	9 996	10 249	10 573	10 573	10 542	10 487	10 427
Romania	22 133	23 211	22 455	20 295	20 199	20 096	20 020	19 947
Slovenia	1 893	1 996	1 988	2 047	2 050	2 055	2 059	2 061
Slovakia	4 963	5 288	5 399	5 390	5 392	5 404	5 411	5 416
Finland	4 771	4 974	5 171	5 351	5 375	5 401	5 427	5 451
Sweden	8 303	8 527	8 861	9 341	9 416	9 483	9 556	9 645
United Kingdom	56 285	57 157	58 785	62 510	63 023	63 495	63 905	64 308
Iceland	227	254	279	318	318	320	322	326
Liechtenstein	26	28	32	36	36	36	37	37
Norway	4 079	4 233	4 478	4 858	4 920	4 986	5 051	5 108
Switzerland	6 304	6 674	7 164	7 786	7 870 ^(b)	7 955	8 039	8 140
Montenegro	:	:	603	619 ^(b)	620	620	621	622
FYR of Macedonia	1 878	1 873	2 022	2 053	2 057	2 060	2 062	2 066
Albania	2 645	3 287	3 058	2 919	2 832	2 902	2 899	2 896
Serbia	:	:	7 528	7 307	7 252 ^(b)	7 217	7 182	7 147
Turkey	44 021	55 495	66 889	72 561	73 723	74 724	75 627	76 668

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#) and [cpc_psdemo](#))



Table 2.2.a: Female population (% of total)

	1980	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	50.3	50.2	50.2	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Algeria	49.8	49.6	49.5	49.4	49.4	49.4	49.4	49.5
Angola	50.8	50.7	50.7	50.5	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.4
Benin	51.6	50.9	50.1	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.1
Botswana	51.2	50.8	50.5	49.9	49.8	49.8	49.7	49.6
Burkina Faso	50.5	50.7	50.5	50.4	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.2
Burundi	51.9	51.3	51.5	50.6	50.6	50.6	50.6	50.6
Cameroon	50.4	50.3	50.2	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Cape Verde	54.1	53.1	52.5	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.1
Central African Republic	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8	50.8
Chad	50.8	50.6	50.4	50.0	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Comoros	50.0	50.0	49.9	49.7	49.6	49.6	49.6	49.6
Congo	50.3	50.2	50.2	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Congo, Dem. Republic	51.1	50.7	50.6	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.3
Côte d'Ivoire	48.0	48.1	48.5	48.9	48.9	49.0	49.0	49.1
Djibouti	50.3	50.1	50.1	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8
Egypt	49.9	49.7	49.6	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8
Equatorial Guinea	51.3	50.8	50.5	48.7	48.8	48.8	48.8	48.8
Eritrea	50.8	51.0	51.1	50.2	50.2	50.1	50.1	50.1
Ethiopia	50.4	50.4	50.3	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Gabon	50.8	50.5	50.4	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.7	49.7
Gambia	50.7	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5
Ghana	49.5	49.5	49.4	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.4
Guinea	49.8	49.6	49.5	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Guinea-Bissau	50.6	50.6	50.5	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.3
Kenya	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.1	50.1	50.1	50.1	50.1
Lesotho	53.9	53.6	53.2	50.9	50.8	50.7	50.7	50.6
Liberia	50.7	50.7	50.5	49.7	49.7	49.7	49.6	49.6
Libya	46.6	47.3	47.9	49.1	49.3	49.6	50.0	50.3
Madagascar	49.7	49.9	50.1	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.2
Malawi	51.6	50.9	50.5	50.0	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Mali	49.9	50.3	50.6	49.7	49.6	49.6	49.6	49.6
Mauritania	49.8	49.8	49.5	49.7	49.7	49.6	49.6	49.6
Mauritius	50.7	50.1	50.3	50.6	50.6	50.6	50.6	50.7
Morocco	50.0	50.1	50.5	50.8	50.8	50.7	50.6	50.5
Mozambique	51.1	52.2	52.0	51.3	51.2	51.2	51.1	51.1
Namibia	51.3	51.2	51.0	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.4
Niger	50.1	50.7	50.0	49.7	49.7	49.6	49.6	49.6
Nigeria	50.3	50.3	50.1	49.2	49.1	49.1	49.1	49.1
Rwanda	52.0	51.6	52.0	51.2	51.2	51.2	51.2	51.2
São Tomé and Príncipe	50.3	50.4	50.4	50.7	50.7	50.6	50.6	50.6
Senegal	49.4	49.8	50.2	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	50.9
Seychelles	49.8	50.1	49.6	49.0	48.9	49.0	49.1	49.2
Sierra Leone	51.4	51.4	51.6	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.3	50.3
Somalia	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.2
South Africa	50.3	50.5	50.8	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.4
South Sudan	-	-	-	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Sudan	49.9	49.8	49.7	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8
Swaziland	52.5	52.9	51.8	50.8	50.8	50.7	50.7	50.6
Tanzania	50.6	50.5	50.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Togo	50.7	50.6	50.6	50.8	50.7	50.7	50.7	50.7
Tunisia	49.3	49.5	49.5	50.3	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.5
Uganda	50.2	50.2	50.1	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Zambia	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.1	50.1	50.1	50.1	50.1
Zimbabwe	50.3	50.3	51.1	50.7	50.7	50.7	50.6	50.6

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 2.2.b:** Female population (% of total)

	1980	1990	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	:	51.4	51.3	51.2 ^(b)	51.2 ^(b)	51.2 ^(b)	51.2	51.2 ^(b)
Belgium	51.1	51.1	51.1	51.0	50.9 ^(b)	50.9	50.8	50.8
Bulgaria	50.2	50.7	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.4
Czech Republic	51.5	51.4	51.3	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.9
Denmark	50.6	50.7	50.6	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.4
Germany	52.5	51.8	51.2	51.0	50.9	50.9	50.8	51.0 ^(b)
Estonia	53.7	53.2	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.4	53.3	53.3
Ireland	49.7	50.3	50.3	50.3	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.5
Greece	50.9	50.8	50.5	50.9	51.0	51.1	51.2	51.4
Spain	50.9	51.0	51.0	50.6	50.6	50.7	50.7	50.8
France	51.2	51.3	51.5	51.6	51.6	51.6 ^(b)	51.6	51.6
Croatia	:	51.5	51.9	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.7	51.7
Italy	51.3	51.4	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.5
Cyprus	50.4	50.1	50.8	51.2	51.3	51.4	51.4	51.3
Latvia	54.0	53.5	53.9	54.2	54.3	54.3	54.2	54.2
Lithuania	52.9	52.7	53.2	53.8	53.9	53.9	53.9	53.9
Luxembourg	51.0	51.1	50.7	50.3	50.3	50.1 ^(b)	50.0	49.9
Hungary	51.6	52.0	52.4	52.5	52.5	52.4 ^(b)	52.4	52.4
Malta	51.5	50.7	50.4	50.2	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.1
Netherlands	50.4	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5
Austria	52.8	52.2	51.7	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.2	51.1
Poland	51.3	51.3	51.5 ^(b)	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6
Portugal	51.9	51.8	51.8	52.1	52.2	52.3	52.4	52.5
Romania	50.7	50.7	51.1	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.2	51.1
Slovenia	51.5	51.5	51.2	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5
Slovakia	50.8	51.1	51.4	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3
Finland	51.7	51.5	51.2	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.8
Sweden	50.4	50.6	50.6	50.2	50.2	50.2	50.1	50.1
United Kingdom	51.3	51.4	51.3	50.9	50.9	50.9	50.8	50.8
Iceland	49.6	49.8	49.9	49.6	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.9
Liechtenstein	50.0	51.1	51.3	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.4
Norway	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.0	50.0	49.9	49.8	49.7
Switzerland	51.4	51.2	51.1	50.8	50.7 ^(b)	50.7	50.6	50.6
Montenegro	:	:	50.8	50.7 ^(b)	50.6	50.6	50.6	50.6
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	50.0	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Albania	:	:	49.9	50.0	49.9	49.9	49.7	49.6
Serbia	:	:	51.4	51.4	51.3 ^(b)	51.3	51.3	51.3
Turkey	49.2	49.3	49.5	49.7	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#) and [cpc_psdemo](#))



Table 2.3.a : Life expectancy at birth (years)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	56.0	56.7	56.9	57.1	57.5	55.4	55.6	58.1	:	60.3
Algeria	71.7	72.0	72.0	72.0	73.0	72.9	73.1	73.4	71.0	71.1
Angola	46.0	46.0	47.0	47.0	48.0	50.7	51.1	51.5	51.9	52.3
Benin	60.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	62.0	62.0	62.0	56.5	:	59.5
Botswana	51.0	52.0	53.0	54.0	55.0	53.2	53.2	53.0	:	68.0
Burkina Faso	53.8	56.7	56.7	56.8	56.8	58.1	55.4	55.9	:	56.7
Burundi	44.8	44.6	44.6	49.3	49.3	50.0	50.4	50.9	51.4	54.5
Cameroon	61.2	61.2	61.2	51.1	51.4	51.1	51.6	52.1	55.0	55.5
Cape Verde	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	72.0	74.0	74.2	74.3	:	75.4
Central African Republic	46.2	46.4	46.7	47.0	47.4	47.7	48.4	49.1	50.2	50.8
Chad	50.2	50.2	52.2	52.2	52.2	49.2	49.6	49.9	:	51.6
Comoros	65.0	65.4	65.8	66.2	66.5	60.6	61.1	61.5	:	61.5
Congo	54.0	55.0	55.0	56.0	:	57.0	57.4	57.8	:	59.2
Congo, Dem. Republic	47.6	47.6	46.0	47.7	47.8	48.1	48.4	48.7	:	50.3
Côte d'Ivoire	50.9	51.3	51.6	52.0	52.3	54.7	55.4	56.0	:	51.1
Djibouti	54.5	54.8	55.1	55.4	55.8	57.6	57.9	58.3	61.8	62.3
Egypt	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0	73.0	73.2	73.5	70.8	71.4
Equatorial Guinea	49.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	51.0	50.8	51.1	51.4	:	53.5
Eritrea	58.0	59.0	59.0	60.0	60.0	61.2	61.6	62.0	62.9	63.4
Ethiopia	54.0	54.0	55.0	55.0	56.0	58.7	59.3	59.7	59.7	64.2
Gabon	59.5	59.7	60.1	60.5	60.9	62.3	62.7	63.1	:	63.8
Gambia	64.9	65.1	65.2	65.4	65.1	58.2	58.5	58.8	66.3	59.0
Ghana	56.5	56.5	56.5	56.6	56.8	63.8	64.2	64.6	:	61.3
Guinea	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	58.4	59.4	59.6	54.5	:	56.4
Guinea-Bissau	46.9	46.0	46.2	46.4	47.0	47.7	48.1	48.6	48.9	52.4
Kenya	52.5	53.0	53.6	54.3	54.9	56.6	57.1	57.7	:	61.0
Lesotho	44.8	41.0	41.3	41.6	41.8	47.6	48.2	48.7	49.4	49.8
Liberia	57.0	57.5	57.9	58.3	58.7	56.2	56.8	57.3	60.6	60.9
Libya	71.0	72.0	72.0	72.0	72.0	74.6	74.8	75.0	75.3	75.5
Madagascar	58.9	59.4	59.9	60.4	60.8	66.5	66.7	66.9	64.7	65.2
Malawi	45.9	46.4	48.0	51.0	51.7	52.5	53.4	54.8	:	55.8
Mali	57.8	58.3	58.8	59.3	59.8	51.0	51.4	51.9	:	55.4
Mauritania	59.5	59.9	60.3	60.7	61.1	58.3	58.6	58.9	61.6	61.7
Mauritius	72.0	72.0	73.0	73.0	73.0	73.1	73.2	73.5	:	73.8
Morocco	72.0	72.0	72.0	73.0	73.0	71.9	72.2	72.4	72.4	71.2
Mozambique	47.1	47.4	50.9	51.3	51.7	52.1	52.4	50.7	53.1	53.5
Namibia	59.0	59.0	60.0	61.0	62.0	62.2	62.5	62.6	:	64.8
Niger	56.4	56.8	57.2	57.6	58.0	58.4	58.8	55.1	59.6	58.9
Nigeria	58.7	58.7	58.7	58.7	58.7	51.4	51.9	52.3	:	52.9
Rwanda	48.0	49.0	50.0	50.0	51.0	55.1	55.4	55.7	64.1	64.5
São Tomé and Príncipe	66.0	66.0	66.0	67.0	67.0	64.4	64.7	64.9	:	66.5
Senegal	56.7	57.0	57.3	57.5	57.8	58.0	59.0	59.6	58.9	63.6
Seychelles	72.0	72.0	73.0	72.9	72.9	73.2	72.6	:	:	73.4
Sierra Leone	46.4	46.9	47.3	47.6	47.9	47.4	47.8	48.1	45.6	45.8
Somalia	49.5	49.6	49.7	49.9	50.1	50.9	51.2	51.5	55.1	55.4
South Africa	52.0	52.0	51.0	52.0	52.0	52.2	52.8	53.4	56.9	57.4
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59.8	:	60.6
Sudan	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	57.1	57.1	61.8	61.8	62.6
Swaziland	45.0	45.0	43.3	45.8	46.4	45.1	45.2	48.9	45.5	45.6
Tanzania	53.7	54.3	55.0	55.7	56.3	58.1	:	58.9	:	62.1
Togo	54.2	61.8	62.2	62.6	62.9	56.6	57.1	57.5	56.5	56.9
Tunisia	73.0	74.0	74.0	74.0	74.0	74.3	74.5	74.7	:	76.1
Uganda	50.3	51.1	51.9	52.7	53.5	53.7	54.1	54.5	:	59.7
Zambia	53.0	52.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	48.5	49.0	49.4	:	59.0
Zimbabwe	41.7	42.4	43.4	43.3	45.7	50.0	51.4	52.7	:	61.2

Source: Statistics Division, AUC



Table 2.3.b : Life expectancy at birth (years)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	78.5	78.9	79.1	79.4 ^(b)	79.6 ^(b)	79.9	80.3 ^(b)	80.3 ^(b)	80.6	:
Belgium	79.1	79.5	79.9	79.8	80.1	80.3	80.7 ^(b)	80.5	80.7	:
Bulgaria	72.5	72.7	73.0 ^(b)	73.3	73.7	73.8	74.2	74.4	74.9	:
Czech Republic	76.1	76.7	77.0	77.3	77.4	77.7	78.0	78.1	78.3	:
Denmark	78.3	78.4	78.4	78.8	79.0	79.3	79.9	80.2	80.4	:
Germany	79.4	79.9	80.1	80.2	80.3	80.5	80.8	81.0	80.9	:
Estonia	73.0	73.2	73.2	74.4	75.3	76.0	76.6	76.7	77.5	:
Ireland	79.0	79.3	79.7	80.2	80.2	80.8	80.9	80.9	81.1	:
Greece	79.5	79.8	79.7	80.2	80.4	80.6	80.8	80.7	81.4	:
Spain	80.3	81.1	81.1	81.5	81.9	82.4	82.6	82.5	83.2	:
France	80.3	81.0	81.3	81.4	81.5	81.8	82.3	82.1	82.4	:
Croatia	75.3	75.9	75.8	76.0	76.3	76.7	77.2	77.3	77.8	:
Italy	80.9	81.4	81.6	81.7	81.8	82.2	82.4	82.4	82.9	:
Cyprus	78.7	80.1	79.8	80.6	81.0	81.5	81.2	81.1	82.5	:
Latvia	70.6	70.6	70.8	72.1	72.8	73.1	73.9	74.1	74.3	:
Lithuania	71.2	71.0	70.7	71.7	72.9	73.3	73.7	74.1	74.1	:
Luxembourg	79.6	79.4	79.5	80.7	80.8	80.8	81.1	81.5 ^(b)	81.9	:
Hungary	73.0	73.5	73.6	74.2	74.4	74.7	75.1	75.3 ^(b)	75.8	:
Malta	79.4	79.5	79.9	79.7	80.4	81.5	80.9	80.9	81.9	:
Netherlands	79.6	80.0	80.4	80.5	80.9	81.0	81.3	81.2	81.4	:
Austria	79.5	80.1	80.3	80.6	80.5	80.7	81.1	81.1	81.3	:
Poland	75.0	75.3	75.4	75.6	75.9 ^(b)	76.4	76.8	76.9	77.1	:
Portugal	78.2	79.0	79.3	79.5	79.7	80.1	80.7	80.6	80.9	:
Romania	72.3	72.5	73.1	73.5	73.7	73.7	74.4	74.4	75.2	:
Slovenia	77.5	78.3	78.4	79.1 ^(b)	79.4	79.8	80.1	80.3	80.5	:
Slovakia	74.1	74.5	74.6	74.9	75.3	75.6	76.1	76.3	76.6	:
Finland	79.1	79.5	79.6	79.9	80.1	80.2	80.6	80.7	81.1	:
Sweden	80.7	81.0	81.1	81.3	81.5	81.6	81.9	81.8	82.0	:
United Kingdom	79.2	79.5	79.7	79.8	80.4	80.6	81.0	81.0	81.1	:
Iceland	81.5	81.2	81.5	81.6	81.8	81.9	82.4	83.0	82.1	:
Liechtenstein	80.7	81.0	81.4	82.9	81.7	81.8	81.9	82.5	82.5	:
Norway	80.3	80.6	80.6	80.8	81.0	81.2	81.4	81.5	81.8	:
Switzerland	81.5	81.8	82.0	82.3	82.3	82.7	82.8 ^(b)	82.8	82.9	:
Montenegro	74.2	73.9	74.4	75.2	75.2	76.1	76.1	76.3	76.5	:
FYR of Macedonia	73.7	73.9	73.8	74.4	74.4	75.0	75.1	74.9	75.5	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	72.8	73.4	73.7	73.9	74.0	74.4	74.6 ^(b)	74.9	75.3	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	76.0	76.8	77.1	77.6	78.2	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: demo_mlexpec)



Table 2.4.a : Share of economically active population in total population (%)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	37.7	36.7	36.8	39.3	39.4	37.1	37.2	37.3	37.4	37.5
Algeria	36.3	29.4	29.5	39.9	40.2	30.0	30.2	30.3	30.3	30.3
Angola	43.4	35.1	34.9	43.5	43.3	35.2	35.3	35.4	35.6	35.9
Benin	39.6	35.8	35.9	39.3	39.5	36.4	36.5	36.7	36.9	37.1
Botswana	36.3	48.5	49.1	36.6	37.1	51.0	51.4	51.8	52.2	52.5
Burkina Faso	44.0	46.8	46.9	47.0	47.4	47.4	47.4	47.5	47.6	47.8
Burundi	47.6	43.9	44.2	46.9	46.6	45.1	44.8	44.5	44.1	43.7
Cameroon	37.1	37.5	37.6	36.8	36.9	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.3
Cape Verde	34.4	40.0	41.1	38.4	39.3	44.7	45.7	46.7	47.5	48.3
Central African Republic	44.2	43.6	43.8	46.2	46.5	44.5	44.7	45.0	45.2	45.5
Chad	39.0	36.1	36.0	39.5	39.5	36.0	35.9	35.9	35.9	35.9
Comoros	52.5	33.7	33.8	56.2	56.4	34.2	34.3	34.5	34.7	34.9
Congo	40.0	38.9	39.0	37.6	37.2	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.2	39.2
Congo, Dem. Republic	37.9	38.1	38.2	41.2	41.1	38.9	39.0	39.2	39.4	39.7
Côte d'Ivoire	36.4	38.2	38.4	41.9	42.3	38.8	39.0	39.2	39.4	39.7
Djibouti	40.7	32.2	32.8	44.7	45.1	34.6	35.2	35.7	36.2	36.7
Egypt	29.8	32.4	33.2	34.7	35.0	34.1	34.4	34.6	34.8	35.0
Equatorial Guinea	39.0	50.3	50.6	38.6	38.6	51.4	51.5	51.6	51.8	51.9
Eritrea	38.6	43.9	44.0	36.6	36.4	44.1	44.1	44.0	44.0	44.0
Ethiopia	44.6	44.2	44.4	47.3	47.7	45.1	45.4	45.7	46.0	46.3
Gabon	44.3	34.9	35.1	45.4	45.5	35.9	36.2	36.4	36.6	36.8
Gambia	44.9	42.8	42.8	48.0	48.0	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.2
Ghana	43.7	40.1	40.2	45.6	45.7	40.7	40.9	41.2	41.5	41.8
Guinea	47.5	36.2	36.1	45.7	45.6	36.1	36.2	36.3	36.6	36.8
Guinea-Bissau	38.2	38.5	38.7	38.7	38.7	39.3	39.3	39.4	39.5	39.5
Kenya	45.6	35.6	35.8	46.2	46.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.8	36.9
Lesotho	42.4	41.5	41.4	44.4	44.5	42.3	42.7	43.1	43.5	43.9
Liberia	37.0	32.2	32.5	38.0	38.1	33.4	33.6	33.8	34.0	34.2
Libya	34.5	37.8	38.1	39.6	39.9	38.6	38.1	37.5	36.8	36.2
Madagascar	45.6	45.2	45.4	46.8	47.3	46.2	46.5	46.7	47.0	47.3
Malawi	41.8	41.9	41.4	43.5	43.5	41.9	41.9	42.0	42.1	42.3
Mali	26.0	29.7	29.8	25.5	25.3	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.5	30.7
Mauritania	40.9	28.7	29.2	39.8	39.9	30.0	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.5
Mauritius	44.6	45.7	46.0	47.6	47.8	48.3	48.8	49.1	49.4	49.7
Morocco	35.2	35.1	35.3	37.3	37.6	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.9	34.9
Mozambique	47.1	44.1	43.9	45.3	45.1	43.6	43.5	43.5	43.4	43.4
Namibia	32.2	38.4	39.4	34.3	34.8	41.4	41.8	42.2	42.5	42.8
Niger	33.1	31.4	31.3	32.8	32.8	31.2	31.1	31.0	31.0	31.0
Nigeria	30.1	29.5	29.5	30.7	30.8	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.7	29.7
Rwanda	44.1	46.5	46.6	43.5	43.6	46.8	46.7	46.8	46.8	46.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	31.4	32.4	32.3	32.1	31.7	32.2	32.3	32.5	32.8	33.0
Senegal	41.9	39.8	39.9	43.1	43.3	40.4	40.4	40.5	40.6	40.7
Seychelles	44.4	:	-	43.4	43.1	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	38.7	37.9	38.0	37.9	38.0	38.6	38.7	39.0	39.3	39.6
Somalia	39.5	30.3	30.1	38.8	38.7	29.7	29.6	29.5	29.4	29.4
South Africa	35.6	36.2	36.5	36.1	36.0	35.1	35.3	35.5	35.7	35.8
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	29.9	36.4	36.6	37.9	38.1	37.6	37.9	38.3	38.7	39.1
Swaziland	39.3	32.0	32.4	40.6	40.6	33.6	33.9	34.2	34.6	34.9
Tanzania	49.5	47.6	47.4	49.5	49.6	47.1	47.0	46.9	46.8	46.8
Togo	38.7	44.2	44.3	42.7	42.9	44.8	44.9	44.9	45.0	45.1
Tunisia	33.7	33.3	33.7	35.9	36.3	34.8	35.0	35.2	35.4	35.6
Uganda	43.4	38.0	38.0	43.7	43.7	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.8
Zambia	38.1	40.7	40.5	38.9	38.9	40.0	39.7	39.5	39.2	39.0
Zimbabwe	41.5	48.5	48.4	42.0	42.3	47.8	48.1	48.3	48.6	48.8

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 2.4.b** : Share of economically active population in total population (%)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	47.9	47.4	47.6	47.9	47.8	47.6 ^(b)	47.4 ^(b)	47.7 ^(b)	47.7	47.8 ^(e)
Belgium	44.3	44.2	44.7	44.8	44.6	45.2	44.1 ^(b)	44.1	44.3	44.3
Bulgaria	42.8	44.8	46.2	47.4	46.8	45.9	45.3 ^(b)	45.6	46.3	46.5
Czech Republic	50.7	50.9	50.7	50.6	50.7	50.4	49.8 ^(b)	50.0	50.5	50.4
Denmark	53.4	53.8	53.5	54.0	53.5	52.8	52.6	52.1	51.6	51.6
Germany	49.7 ^(b)	50.1	50.4	50.5	50.7	50.8	50.4 ^(b)	50.5	50.9	52.0 ^(b)
Estonia	48.6	51.3 ^(b)	51.3	51.8	51.4	51.1	51.8	51.6	51.5	51.3
Ireland	49.7	50.9	51.8 ^(b)	51.0	49.3	48.0	47.4	47.0	47.1	46.8
Greece	43.8	44.8	44.7	44.7	45.0	45.0	44.4	44.1	44.1	44.1
Spain	48.2 ^(b)	49.5	50.1	50.5	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.1	49.6	49.4
France	43.7	43.6	43.7	43.8	43.9	43.9	43.7	43.8 ^(b)	43.9 ^(e)	43.8
Croatia	41.8	41.8	44.6	44.9	44.9	44.5	43.9	43.6	43.2	44.6
Italy	42.2	42.0	41.9	42.2	41.7	41.5	41.5	42.5	42.3	42.0
Cyprus	50.1	50.3	51.9	51.2	50.7 ^(b)	51.5	51.4	50.7	50.1	50.4
Latvia	50.8	49.8	50.9	52.2	50.9	49.8	49.6	50.4	50.1	49.6
Lithuania	47.9	46.1	46.6	47.2	48.0	48.3	48.5	49.0	49.3	50.2
Luxembourg	44.0	43.7	44.4 ^(b)	44.0	46.4	46.1	46.2	47.4 ^(b)	47.2	47.5
Hungary	41.6	42.1	41.9	41.6	41.5	42.0	42.3	43.3 ^(b)	43.7	45.0
Malta	39.6	40.1	41.0	41.3	41.7	42.2	42.9	43.5	44.5	45.2
Netherlands	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.3	54.5	53.1 ^(b)	52.4 ^(b)	53.0	53.2	52.9
Austria	49.2	48.9	49.8	50.1	50.5	50.5	50.7	51.1	51.3 ^(b)	51.2
Poland	44.9	44.3 ^(b)	44.1	44.5	45.2 ^(b)	45.0 ^(b)	45.2	45.6	45.6	45.8
Portugal	53.3	52.8	53.1	53.0	52.5	52.4	51.3 ^(b)	51.1	50.4	50.1
Romania	45.9	47.1	47.3	48.1	48.3	46.1 ^(b)	45.5	45.9	46.0	46.3
Slovenia	50.8	51.0	51.5	51.8 ^(b)	51.3	50.9	49.7	49.3	48.9	49.2
Slovakia	49.2	49.4	49.3	50.0	49.9	50.2	49.7 ^(b)	50.1	50.2	50.3
Finland	50.0	50.4 ^(b)	50.7	51.0	50.3	49.9	49.9	49.8	49.3	49.2
Sweden	52.3 ^(b)	52.7	53.1	53.3	53.0	53.0	53.3	53.4	53.5	53.7
United Kingdom	50.0	50.6	50.6	50.8	50.7	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.7	50.8
Iceland	55.9	57.6	58.4	57.8	56.1	56.4	56.1	55.9	56.9	56.9
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	51.9	52.5	53.4	54.4	53.8	53.4	53.3	53.6	53.4	53.3
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	30.9	32.7	33.3	34.1	34.9 ^(b)	35.9	36.2	37.0	37.6

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [lfsi_act_a](#) and [demo_pjan](#))



Definitions

Population on 1 January: the inhabitants of a given area on 1 January of the year in question (or, in some cases, on 31 December of the previous year). The population is based on data from the most recent census adjusted by the components of population change produced since the last census, or based on population registers.

Mid-year population relates to de facto population - i.e. all persons who are present in a given area - on a date close to 1 July. It includes, for instance, all foreigners on holiday in that area on the reference date and excludes residents on holiday in another area.

Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing patterns of mortality of the total population at the time of his/her birth were to remain the same throughout his/her life.

Economically active population: the economically active population comprises all employed and unemployed persons (including those seeking jobs for the first time). It covers employers, persons working on their own account, salaried employees, wage earners, unpaid family workers, cooperative workers, and members of the armed forces.

Health

3

**Table 3.1.a:** Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	110	105	100	96	92	88	85
Algeria	31	30	28	27	27	26	25
Angola	197	192	188	182	178	173	167
Benin	108	103	99	96	92	89	85
Botswana	58	58	55	52	51	48	47
Burkina Faso	140	131	122	114	108	102	98
Burundi	108	102	98	94	90	86	83
Cameroon	117	113	109	104	101	97	95
Cape Verde	28	28	28	28	27	27	26
Central African Republic	164	161	157	153	148	143	139
Chad	172	169	165	160	156	152	148
Comoros	93	91	88	86	83	80	78
Congo	80	72	66	60	56	52	49
Congo, Dem. Republic	145	140	135	131	126	122	119
Côte d'Ivoire	121	117	113	109	106	103	100
Djibouti	83	81	78	76	74	72	70
Egypt	27	25	24	24	23	22	22
Equatorial Guinea	116	113	109	106	102	99	96
Eritrea	64	61	58	56	54	52	50
Ethiopia	94	87	81	76	71	68	64
Gabon	72	69	66	64	61	58	56
Gambia	91	88	85	82	79	76	74
Ghana	86	85	84	83	82	80	78
Guinea	126	121	117	112	108	104	101
Guinea-Bissau	149	144	140	136	132	128	124
Kenya	91	86	83	80	76	73	71
Lesotho	120	117	113	109	102	100	98
Liberia	100	93	87	82	78	74	71
Libya	20	19	18	17	16	15	15
Madagascar	73	69	66	63	61	58	56
Malawi	104	96	89	83	77	71	68
Mali	156	149	143	137	132	128	123
Mauritania	106	103	101	98	96	93	90
Mauritius	16	16	16	15	15	15	14
Morocco	38	37	35	34	33	32	30
Mozambique	120	113	107	103	97	91	87
Namibia	65	62	59	56	53	51	50
Niger	151	141	132	124	116	110	104
Nigeria	147	142	136	131	126	122	117
Rwanda	84	76	69	64	59	55	52
São Tomé and Príncipe	64	61	59	57	55	53	51
Senegal	84	77	71	66	62	58	55
Seychelles	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Sierra Leone	192	186	181	175	171	166	161
Somalia	171	168	164	159	155	150	146
South Africa	73	69	63	53	48	45	44
South Sudan	126	121	116	111	107	103	99
Sudan	90	88	85	83	81	79	77
Swaziland	118	115	108	94	87	82	80
Tanzania	77	71	66	61	57	54	52
Togo	101	99	96	93	90	88	85
Tunisia	21	19	18	17	17	16	15
Uganda	95	89	83	78	74	69	66
Zambia	115	110	105	101	96	90	87
Zimbabwe	96	96	97	96	94	89	89

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 3.1.b:** Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	5	5	5	5	5	5	:
Belgium	5	4	4	4	4	5	4
Bulgaria	11	10	11	11	10	9	9
Czech Republic	4	3	4	3	3	3	3
Denmark	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Germany	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Estonia	6	6	4	5	3	5	3
Ireland	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Greece	4	3	4	4	4	4	4
Spain	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
France	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Croatia	6	5	6	5	5	4	5
Italy	4	4	4	4	3	3	4
Cyprus	4	4	4	4	4	4	2
Latvia	10	8	9	7	8	7	6
Lithuania	8	7	7	6	6	5	5
Luxembourg	3	3	4	4	5	3	4
Hungary	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
Malta	7	10	6	7	7	6	7
Netherlands	5	5	5	5	4	4	4
Austria	4	4	5	5	4	4	4
Poland	7	7	6	6	6	5	5
Portugal	4	4	5	3	4	4	4
Romania	14	13	12	12	12	11	11
Slovenia	4	3	3	3	4	2	3
Slovakia	8	7	7	7	6	7	7
Finland	4	3	3	3	3	3	2
Sweden	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
United Kingdom	6	5	5	5	5	5	:
Iceland	3	4	2	3	2	2	3
Liechtenstein	3	0	5	3	3	11	6
Norway	4	3	4	3	3	3	3
Switzerland	5	4	5	4	4	4	4
Montenegro	9	8	6	8	6	6	5
FYR of Macedonia	12	11	13	8	9	11	11
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	10
Serbia	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
Turkey	:	:	17	16	15	14	13

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo_magec](#) and [demo_fasec](#))

**Table 3.2.a:** Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	75	72	70	67	65	62	60	59	57
Algeria	29	28	26	25	24	24	23	22	22
Angola	122	120	117	115	112	110	107	104	102
Benin	75	72	69	66	64	62	60	58	56
Botswana	43	43	43	43	41	40	39	37	36
Burkina Faso	86	83	79	76	73	70	68	66	64
Burundi	75	72	69	66	63	61	59	57	55
Cameroon	78	76	73	71	69	66	64	62	61
Cape Verde	23	23	24	24	24	23	23	22	22
Central African Republic	111	109	108	107	105	103	100	98	96
Chad	101	100	99	97	95	94	92	90	89
Comoros	70	69	68	66	65	63	61	59	58
Congo	62	57	53	49	45	42	39	37	36
Congo, Dem. Republic	105	102	100	97	95	92	90	88	86
Côte d'Ivoire	89	87	84	82	79	77	75	73	71
Djibouti	71	69	67	66	64	62	61	59	57
Egypt	26	24	23	21	21	20	19	19	19
Equatorial Guinea	87	85	82	80	78	76	73	71	69
Eritrea	47	46	44	42	41	39	38	37	36
Ethiopia	70	65	61	57	54	51	48	46	44
Gabon	50	49	48	46	45	43	42	40	39
Gambia	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49
Ghana	58	57	57	56	56	55	54	53	52
Guinea	85	82	79	77	74	71	69	67	65
Guinea-Bissau	96	94	91	89	87	85	82	80	78
Kenya	61	59	58	56	54	52	50	49	48
Lesotho	85	84	82	82	80	77	73	74	73
Liberia	83	77	72	67	64	60	58	56	54
Libya	20	19	17	16	15	14	14	13	12
Madagascar	55	52	49	47	45	44	42	41	40
Malawi	73	68	64	59	55	53	49	46	44
Mali	97	93	90	88	85	83	81	79	78
Mauritania	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67
Mauritius	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
Morocco	35	34	33	31	30	29	28	27	26
Mozambique	91	87	82	78	74	72	68	64	62
Namibia	46	44	42	41	39	38	36	36	35
Niger	82	79	75	72	69	66	64	62	60
Nigeria	97	94	91	88	85	82	79	77	74
Rwanda	67	61	55	50	47	44	41	39	37
São Tomé and Príncipe	48	46	44	43	41	40	39	38	37
Senegal	57	55	52	51	49	47	46	45	44
Seychelles	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Sierra Leone	128	125	122	120	117	114	112	110	107
Somalia	105	105	104	102	100	97	95	92	90
South Africa	51	50	47	46	40	35	34	34	33
South Sudan	87	83	79	76	73	71	68	66	64
Sudan	61	60	59	58	56	55	54	53	51
Swaziland	81	76	75	74	68	63	58	57	56
Tanzania	57	54	50	47	44	41	39	38	36
Togo	68	67	65	64	62	61	59	57	56
Tunisia	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	14	13
Uganda	68	64	61	57	54	51	49	45	44
Zambia	76	73	70	67	65	64	59	57	56
Zimbabwe	57	57	58	58	59	59	58	55	55

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 3.2.b:** Infant mortality rate (per 1000 live births)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Belgium	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
Bulgaria	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	8	7
Czech Republic	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Denmark	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	3	4
Germany	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3	3
Estonia	5	4	5	5	4	3	3	4	2
Ireland	4	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	4
Greece	4	4	4	3	3	4	3	3	4
Spain	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
France	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Croatia	6	5	6	5	5	4	5	4	4
Italy	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Cyprus	5	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	2
Latvia	8	7	9	7	8	6	7	6	4
Lithuania	7	7	6	6	6	5	5	4	4
Luxembourg	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	3	4
Hungary	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Malta	5	4	7	9	6	6	7	5	7
Netherlands	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Austria	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
Poland	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5
Portugal	4	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3
Romania	15	14	12	11	10	10	9	9	9
Slovenia	4	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3
Slovakia	7	7	6	6	6	6	5	6	6
Finland	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Sweden	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
United Kingdom	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Iceland	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2
Liechtenstein	3	6	0	0	3	3	3	8	6
Norway	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
Switzerland	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Montenegro	8	11	7	8	6	7	4	4	4
FYR of Macedonia	13	12	10	10	12	8	8	10	10
Albania	8	7	6	6	:	:	:	:	8
Serbia	8	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
Turkey	24	23	17	16	14	12	12	12	11

Source: Eurostat (online data code: demo_minfind)

**Table 3.3.a:** Births registered (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	37	37	37	37	36	36	36	36	35	35
Algeria	21	22	23	24	24	25	25	25	24	24
Angola	49	49	48	48	47	46	46	45	44	43
Benin	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	36	36
Botswana	25	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	:
Burkina Faso	45	44	44	44	43	43	42	41	41	40
Burundi	44	44	44	45	45	45	45	45	45	44
Cameroon	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	37	37
Cape Verde	24	23	22	22	21	21	21	20	20	20
Central African Republic	37	37	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	34
Chad	50	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45
Comoros	39	39	39	38	38	37	36	36	35	:
Congo	39	39	39	39	39	39	38	38	38	37
Congo, Dem. Republic	46	46	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	42
Côte d'Ivoire	37	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	36
Djibouti	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	27	27
Egypt	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	23	23
Equatorial Guinea	38	38	38	37	37	37	36	36	35	35
Eritrea	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	36
Ethiopia	39	38	37	36	35	35	34	34	33	33
Gabon	33	33	33	33	33	33	32	32	32	31
Gambia	44	44	44	44	43	43	43	43	43	42
Ghana	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	31	31	30
Guinea	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	37	37	36
Guinea-Bissau	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	37	38
Kenya	39	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	:
Lesotho	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	27
Liberia	40	40	39	38	38	37	37	36	35	35
Libya	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	21	20
Madagascar	38	37	37	36	36	35	35	35	35	34
Malawi	42	42	42	42	41	41	40	40	40	39
Mali	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	47	47	47
Mauritania	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	34	34	34
Mauritius	15	14	14	13	12	12	12	12	11	11
Morocco	20	20	20	21	21	22	22	23	23	23
Mozambique	44	43	43	42	41	41	40	39	39	38
Namibia	29	29	28	28	27	27	27	26	26	26
Niger	51	51	51	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Nigeria	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	41	41
Rwanda	38	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	35
São Tomé and Príncipe	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	34	33
Senegal	39	39	39	39	39	39	38	38	38	37
Seychelles	19	17	18	18	18	17	19	19	19	16
Sierra Leone	42	41	40	40	39	38	38	37	37	36
Somalia	47	47	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	43
South Africa	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21
South Sudan	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	37	36	36
Sudan	38	37	36	36	35	35	34	34	33	33
Swaziland	32	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	30	30
Tanzania	42	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	39	39
Togo	38	38	38	38	38	37	37	37	36	36
Tunisia	17	17	17	18	18	19	19	19	20	17
Uganda	47	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	43
Zambia	44	44	44	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Zimbabwe	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	31

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 3.3.b:** Births registered (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	10	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10
Belgium	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11
Bulgaria	9	10	10	10	11	10	10	10	9	9
Czech Republic	10	10	11	12	11	11	10	10	10	10
Denmark	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	10	10	10
Germany	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9
Estonia	11	11	12	12	12	12	11	11	10	10
Ireland	15	15	16	17	17	17	16	16	15	14
Greece	10	10	10	11	11	10	10	9	9	9
Spain	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	9	9
France	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12
Croatia	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9
Italy	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	8
Cyprus	11	12	11	12	12	12	11	12	11	11
Latvia	10	10	11	11	10	9	9	10	10	11
Lithuania	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Luxembourg	12	12	11	12	11	12	11	11	11	11
Hungary	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	10
Malta	10	9	9	10	10	9	10	10	10	10
Netherlands	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10
Austria	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10
Poland	10	10	10	11	11	11	10	10	10	10
Portugal	10	10	10	10	9	10	9	9	8	8
Romania	10	10	10	11	11	11	10	10	9	9
Slovenia	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	10	10
Slovakia	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Finland	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Sweden	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
United Kingdom	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12
Iceland	14	15	15	15	16	15	14	14	13	13
Liechtenstein	11	10	10	10	11	9	11	10	9	10
Norway	12	13	12	13	13	13	12	12	12	12
Switzerland	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Montenegro	12	12	13	13	14	12	12	12	12	12
FYR of Macedonia	11	11	11	11	12	12	11	11	11	11
Albania	13	11	11	11	:	:	:	:	12	12
Serbia	10	10	9	9	10	9	9	9	9	9
Turkey	19	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17

Source: Eurostat (online data code: demo_gind)

**Table 3.4.a:** Deaths registered (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Algeria	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Angola	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
Benin	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
Botswana	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	:	:
Burkina Faso	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	11	11	11
Burundi	15	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13
Cameroon	14	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	11
Cape Verde	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Central African Republic	18	18	17	17	16	16	15	15	14	14
Chad	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14
Comoros	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	:	:
Congo	12	12	12	11	11	11	10	10	10	10
Congo, Dem. Republic	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	15	15	15
Côte d'Ivoire	16	16	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
Djibouti	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Egypt	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
Equatorial Guinea	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13
Eritrea	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Ethiopia	10	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	7	7
Gabon	11	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9
Gambia	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Ghana	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Guinea	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	11	11	11
Guinea-Bissau	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	15	15
Kenya	11	11	10	10	9	9	8	8	:	:
Lesotho	18	18	17	17	16	16	15	15	15	15
Liberia	11	11	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9
Libya	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Madagascar	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Malawi	14	14	13	13	12	12	12	11	11	11
Mali	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
Mauritania	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Mauritius	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Morocco	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Mozambique	16	16	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14
Namibia	10	9	9	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
Niger	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	11	11	11
Nigeria	16	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
Rwanda	11	10	9	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
São Tomé and Príncipe	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Senegal	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Seychelles	8	7	8	8	7	8	7	7	8	8
Sierra Leone	20	19	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17
Somalia	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	12	12	12
South Africa	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13
South Sudan	14	14	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	11
Sudan	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8
Swaziland	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14
Tanzania	12	11	11	10	10	9	9	9	8	8
Togo	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	10	10
Tunisia	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Uganda	12	12	11	11	10	10	10	9	9	9
Zambia	15	14	13	13	12	11	11	10	10	10
Zimbabwe	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	8

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 3.4.b:** Deaths registered (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Belgium	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	10	:
Bulgaria	15	15	15	15	14	15	15	15	14	:
Czech Republic	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	:
Denmark	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	:
Germany	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	:
Estonia	13	13	13	12	12	12	11	12	12	:
Ireland	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	:
Greece	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	11	10	:
Spain	9	8	9	8	8	8	8	9	8	:
France	9	8	8	8	9	9	8	9	9	:
Croatia	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	:
Italy	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	:
Cyprus	7	7	7	7	7	6	7	7	6	:
Latvia	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	:
Lithuania	13	14	14	14	13	13	13	14	14	:
Luxembourg	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	:
Hungary	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	:
Malta	8	8	8	8	8	7	8	8	8	:
Netherlands	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	:
Austria	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	:
Poland	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	:
Portugal	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	:
Romania	12	12	12	12	13	13	12	13	12	:
Slovenia	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	:
Slovakia	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	:
Finland	9	9	9	9	9	10	9	10	9	:
Sweden	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	:
United Kingdom	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	:
Iceland	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	:
Liechtenstein	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	6	7	:
Norway	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	:
Switzerland	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	:
Montenegro	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	10	10	:
FYR of Macedonia	9	9	10	9	9	9	9	10	9	:
Albania	5	5	5	5	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	:
Turkey	6	6	7	6	5	5	5	5	5	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: demo_gind)

**Table 3.5.a:** Public expenditure on health (% of budget)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	9.8	11.9	11.0	11.0	10.6	:	:	:	:	:
Angola	4.7	5.0	:	7.0	8.4	:	:	:	:	:
Benin	11.9	10.8	:	:	9.0	9.0	:	:	7.1	9.0
Botswana	18.2	17.8	:	17.0	16.7	:	:	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	11.8	7.8	:	8.4	10.0	:	:	12.5	12.5	:
Burundi	5.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	:	:	:	12.1	:
Cameroon	5.1	6.7	:	:	:	:	6.0	:	:	5.0
Cape Verde	10.0	11.1	:	:	10.2	:	:	13.8	:	:
Central African Republic	11.0	11.7	10.9	9.2	11.0	:	:	:	:	:
Chad	6.5	7.6	:	:	13.8	:	:	:	:	:
Comoros	:	:	:	:	8.0	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	6.2	5.4	:	:	5.3	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	5.8	:	:	:	17.0	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	:	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	10.0	13.0	:	:	13.9	:	:	:	9.2	:
Egypt	7.0	7.0	:	:	:	:	5.1	5.1	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	6.9	6.9	:	:	7.0	:	:	7.0	:	:
Eritrea	4.2	4.2	:	:	3.1	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	10.3	10.0	:	:	11.4	:	:	:	:	:
Gabon	:	:	:	:	8.3	:	:	:	:	:
Gambia	11.2	11.2	:	:	:	:	:	:	11.6	:
Ghana	6.7	4.4	:	:	:	:	:	5.1	:	6.2
Guinea	11.9	13.1	2.4	1.9	:	:	:	2.0	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	5.0	5.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	:	4.0	:	10.0
Kenya	9.7	7.0	7.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	:	:
Lesotho	8.1	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0	14.0	11.3	:	:	:
Liberia	15.3	9.8	:	:	:	:	:	:	8.4	:
Libya	5.4	5.4	:	:	5.5	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	10.3	9.3	15.0	15.0	15.1	:	:	:	:	:
Malawi	5.0	9.6	12.2	12.2	14.0	:	:	7.9	:	10.0
Mali	6.8	10.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	:	:	7.9	:	:
Mauritania	5.0	5.0	:	:	4.9	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.7	9.1	10.0	9.0	:	:	:
Morocco	5.1	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8	:
Mozambique	13.1	15.6	15.3	17.0	16.6	17.2	17.2	:	:	17.4
Namibia	12.5	11.1	:	:	12.1	:	:	:	:	:
Niger	6.0	7.0	9.5	10.7	9.6	7.0	:	6.5	:	9.9
Nigeria	4.2	4.9	5.6	6.4	6.4	:	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	18.8	:	:	16.8	16.8	:	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	6.7	4.8	4.9	5.1	13.2	:	:	:	:	:
Senegal	7.7	5.4	6.0	5.6	11.6	:	:	:	:	:
Seychelles	10.4	8.8	:	:	:	:	14.8	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	7.8	7.8	:	:	:	:	:	8.9	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	9.1	9.1	:	:	9.3	:	:	:	:	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	4.0	:	:	:	4.0
Sudan	12.0	10.2	18.0	12.1	13.9	17.8	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	13.2	11.2	9.9	7.4	9.7	11.1	:	:	12.0	12.0
Tanzania	14.9	13.7	:	:	18.1	:	:	:	:	:
Togo	:	:	:	:	8.0	:	:	:	:	5.5
Tunisia	7.5	7.1	6.8	5.6	6.8	:	:	:	:	:
Uganda	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4.8
Zambia	14.7	16.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	11.3	:
Zimbabwe	5.0	9.0	:	:	:	:	8.0	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 3.5.b:** Public expenditure on health (% of budget)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	:	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.7	14.6	14.7	14.6	14.8	:
Belgium	13.4	13.8	14.0	14.4	14.4	14.6	14.4	14.5	14.6	:
Bulgaria	13.2	11.7	10.8	12.0	10.1	12.3	12.3	12.8	12.1	:
Czech Republic	15.8	16.1	16.4	16.5	16.9	17.4	17.5	17.0	17.4	:
Denmark	14.2	14.7	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.1	15.0	14.9	15.3	:
Germany	14.1	14.4	14.8	14.8	15.0	14.8	15.2	15.4	15.8	:
Estonia	12.0	12.5	12.7	13.0	12.1	13.2	13.3	12.8	13.0	:
Ireland	19.2	18.8	18.7	17.8	17.3	11.9	15.6	16.6	17.4	:
Greece	:	13.2	12.8	12.7	12.6	13.1	11.9	10.6	8.6	:
Spain	14.7	14.7	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.4	14.2	12.9	13.6	:
France	14.4	14.4	14.2	14.0	14.0	14.1	14.2	14.1	14.2	:
Croatia	13.9	13.3	13.5	14.2	13.9	13.3	13.3	14.3	14.3	:
Italy	14.5	14.5	14.3	14.7	14.6	14.9	14.5	14.2	14.1	:
Cyprus	7.0	7.3	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.1	7.4	:
Latvia	11.9	12.6	11.9	11.7	10.7	9.5	10.6	10.5	10.0	:
Lithuania	14.5	15.5	14.9	14.7	14.9	16.4	15.6	16.3	15.9	:
Luxembourg	12.4	12.0	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.5	11.3	11.4	11.9	:
Hungary	11.5	11.0	9.9	10.1	10.3	10.2	10.3	10.6	10.4	:
Malta	14.2	14.3	13.3	12.4	12.3	12.8	13.1	12.9	13.6	:
Netherlands	12.9	15.9	15.8	15.6	16.1	16.3	16.8	17.6	17.7	:
Austria	14.8	14.8	15.2	15.3	14.7	15.1	15.4	15.5	15.6	:
Poland	10.0	10.4	10.4	11.3	11.2	10.9	10.7	10.9	10.9	:
Portugal	15.7	15.5	15.8	15.8	15.7	14.1	13.6	13.4	13.3	:
Romania	7.7	7.6	8.1	8.2	9.3	8.3	10.5	10.6	11.4	:
Slovenia	13.9	14.1	13.9	13.8	14.1	13.8	13.9	14.4	11.6	:
Slovakia	12.4	15.7	17.9	19.2	17.9	18.1	17.8	18.5	18.3	:
Finland	13.7	14.1	14.1	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.6	14.5	:
Sweden	12.3	12.5	12.8	13.1	13.3	13.0	13.3	13.1	13.1	:
United Kingdom	15.4	15.8	15.8	15.4	16.1	16.1	16.2	16.1	16.7	:
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	16.8	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	17.2	16.9	16.7	16.5	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.9	17.0	:
Switzerland	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.6	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.5	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: gov_10a_exp)



Definitions

The **under-five mortality rate** and the **infant mortality rate** are indicators used to monitor the progress towards and achievement of the Millennium Development Goals (MDG), more specifically Goal 4 on reducing child mortality.

The **under-five mortality rate** is the probability that a new-born baby will die before reaching the age of five, if subject to current age-specific mortality rates. It is expressed as number of deaths per 1000 live births.

The **infant mortality rate** is the probability that a new-born baby will die before reaching the age of one, if subject to current age-specific mortality rates. It is expressed as number of deaths per 1000 live births.

A live birth is the complete expulsion or extraction of a baby from its mother, which breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached.

Vital registration systems are the preferred source of data on under-five mortality because data are prospective and cover the entire population. However, in countries lacking a fully functioning vital registration system, household surveys, such as DHS and MICS, have become the primary source of data on child mortality, even though there are some limits to their quality.

Data on under-five mortality are more complete and timely than data on adult mortality. Under-five mortality rates are also considered to be more robust than infant mortality rates when estimates are based on information drawn from household surveys.

Vital statistics are statistics on live births, deaths, fetal deaths, marriages and divorces. The most common way of collecting information on these events is through civil registration, an administrative system used by governments to record vital events which occur in their populations. Efforts to improve the quality of vital statistics are therefore closely related to the development of civil registration systems. The majority of African countries do not yet have fully developed civil registration and vital statistics systems, and hence encounter problems to produce current and continuous fertility and mortality statistics.

Births registered measures the number of births registered by the civil registration systems of the country in the reference year, expressed per 1000 population.

Deaths registered measures the number of deaths registered by the civil registration systems of the country in the reference year, expressed per 1000 population.

Health expenditure is provided according to the classification of the functions of government (COFOG). This indicator is expressed as a proportion of total general government expenditure (for European countries, it has been calculated as the proportion of general government health expenditure in total general government expenditure).

Education

4

**Table 4.1.a:** Teaching staff at first level (number per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa (1)	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	:	:	:	:
Algeria	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Angola	4.5	4.3	4.4	5.4	5.5	:	:	:	:
Benin	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.9	:	:	:
Botswana	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.3	7.0	:	:
Burkina Faso	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	:	:	:
Burundi	2.7	2.9	3.3	:	3.7	3.8	4.1	:	:
Cameroon	3.4	2.9	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	:	:
Cape Verde	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.1	:	:	:
Central African Republic	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	:	:	:
Chad	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5	:	:	:
Comoros	5.2	:	:	5.6	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	2.0	3.0	2.7	3.0	2.5	3.4	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	3.9	4.2	4.4	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	:	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.0	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	:	2.0	:	:
Egypt	5.2	5.1	4.9	:	4.9	:	:	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	4.3	4.9	4.3	:	:	:
Eritrea	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	:	:	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	2.5	2.7	2.8	:	:	:
Gabon	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gambia	3.9	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.8	:	:	:	:
Ghana	4.2	3.9	4.6	4.7	4.6	:	4.9	:	:
Guinea	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	2.9	:	:	:	3.3	:	:	:
Kenya	4.8	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.4	:	:	:
Lesotho	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.7	:	:	:
Liberia	:	:	7.6	5.8	3.0	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.9	:	:	:
Malawi	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.3	:	:
Mali	2.3	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	:	:
Mauritania	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.9	:	:	:
Mauritius	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	:	:
Morocco	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7	:	:
Mozambique	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7	:	:
Namibia	6.5	6.2	6.5	6.5	6.2	:	:	:	:
Niger	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.9	:	:
Nigeria	4.3	3.8	3.1	:	:	3.5	:	:	:
Rwanda	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	:	:	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	6.5	6.1	:	:	7.3	7.1	6.4	:	:
Senegal	3.1	3.2	3.8	3.5	3.7	3.8	:	:	:
Seychelles	8.0	7.9	7.8	6.6	6.6	7.6	7.6	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	1.4	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	:	:	:	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.6	3.5	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.8	:	:	:
Tanzania	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.7	:	:
Togo	5.4	4.8	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.9	:	:	:
Tunisia	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	:	:	:	:
Uganda	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.9	5.0	4.9	:	:	:
Zambia	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.8	:	3.7	:	:	:
Zimbabwe	5.2	5.1	:	:	4.8	5.3	:	:	:

(1) The Africa total is based on the available countries.

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 4.1.b:** Teaching staff at first level (number per 1000 inhabitants)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Belgium	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0 ^(b)	6.0	:
Bulgaria	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	:
Czech Republic	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	:
Denmark	:	:	:	10.6	10.5	10.3	9.9	:	:
Germany	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	:
Estonia	:	5.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	:	:
Ireland	6.2	6.4	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.0	:
Greece	5.3	5.5	5.6	:	:	:	:	6.2	:
Spain	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	:
France	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.6 ^(b)	:
Croatia	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	:	:
Italy	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.9	:	:
Cyprus	4.7	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.6	:
Latvia	3.1	3.0	5.0	4.8	5.1	4.5	4.8	5.0	:
Lithuania	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.0	:
Luxembourg	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.2	7.4	7.5	7.6	8.1 ^(b)	:
Hungary	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7 ^(b)	:
Malta	6.4	5.4	:	6.2	6.5	4.2	4.6	:	:
Netherlands	8.1	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.6	6.7	6.6	:
Austria	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	:
Poland	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.3 ^(b)	6.3	5.7	5.6	:
Portugal	6.8	6.7	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.7	:
Romania	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.3	:
Slovenia	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1 ^(b)	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	:
Slovakia	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	:
Finland	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.7	:
Sweden	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6	:	:
United Kingdom	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.9	:
Iceland	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.1	14.2	13.8	9.5	:	:
Liechtenstein	7.5	7.7	9.0	9.4	9.2	9.4	7.1	:	:
Norway	:	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.3	:
Switzerland	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3 ^(b)	5.7	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	5.6	5.4	5.8	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.8	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: educ_pers1d and demo_pjan)



Table 4.2.a: First level student enrolment (1000)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	4 362	4 197	4 087	3 942	3 253	3 312	:	3 452	:
Angola	3 119	3 370	3 559	3 932	3 930	4 190	5 027	:	:
Benin	1 318	1 357	1 474	1 601	1 719	1 788	:	:	:
Botswana	329	330	328	:	:	:	:	337	:
Burkina Faso	1 270	1 390	1 561	1 742	1 906	2 047	:	:	2 466
Burundi	1 309	1 474	1 586	1 720	1 739	1 850	1 946	:	2 002
Cameroon	2 950	2 988	3 120	3 201	3 347	3 510	4 207	:	4 146
Cape Verde	83	81	79	76	74	71	:	68	:
Central African Republic	413	:	495	584	608	637	:	662	:
Chad	1 262	1 296	1 324	1 530	1 671	1 680	1 929	:	:
Comoros	87	91	94	96	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	597	617	622	628	672	705	:	231	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	8 840	9 973	10 244	:	11 083	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	1 662	2 112	2 180	2 356	2 383	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	51	54	57	56	56	61	61	63	:
Egypt	9 564	9 795	9 988	:	10 407	:	:	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	76	:	:	81	82	85	:	:	:
Eritrea	378	364	332	314	300	286	:	334	:
Ethiopia	10 020	10 972	12 175	13 379	13 571	:	:	:	:
Gabon	:	:	:	348	:	:	:	:	:
Gambia	205	208	219	221	236	229	:	:	257
Ghana	2 930	3 131	3 367	3 625	3 659	:	3 860	:	4 106
Guinea	1 207	1 258	1 318	1 364	1 390	1 453	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	269	286	303	326	343	360	:	:	:
Kenya	7 597	7 632	8 330	8 564	8 831	9 381	:	9 971	:
Lesotho	422	425	401	396	389	389	:	382	:
Liberia	:	538	491	491	550	674	:	:	603
Libya	:	:	1 047	1 031	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	3 598	3 699	3 837	4 020	4 324	4 242	:	4 403	:
Malawi	3 201	3 281	3 307	3 601	3 671	3 869	4 034	:	4 498
Mali	1 506	1 610	1 717	1 823	1 926	2 019	2 138	2 263	:
Mauritania	444	466	484	474	513	531	:	554	:
Mauritius	124	121	119	119	118	117	116	114	:
Morocco	4 023	3 944	3 939	3 879	3 851	3 945	4 001	:	4 021
Mozambique	3 942	4 171	4 566	4 900	5 060	5 352	5 226	:	5 435
Namibia	404	403	410	407	407	:	:	:	432
Niger	1 064	1 126	1 235	1 389	1 554	1 726	:	792	:
Nigeria	23 047	22 466	21 632	21 295	21 857	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	1 858	2 020	2 150	2 190	2 265	2 299	:	2 395	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	29	31	31	33	34	34	35	:	:
Senegal	1 444	1 488	1 572	1 618	1 653	1 695	:	1 783	:
Seychelles	9	:	9	9	9	9	9	:	9
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 252	:
Somalia	:	:	457	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	7 314	7 257	7 312	7 232	7 129	:	:	7 004	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 392	:	:
Sudan	4 624	4 786	5 253	5 800	4 744	:	4 830	:	:
Swaziland	222	230	233	230	231	241	:	:	242
Tanzania	7 541	7 960	8 317	8 627	8 442	8 419	8 363	8 247	:
Togo	997	1 052	1 022	1 055	1 225	1 287	:	1 368	:
Tunisia	1 184	1 134	1 069	1 036	1 025	:	:	:	1 033
Uganda	7 224	7 364	7 538	7 964	8 298	8 375	:	8 328	:
Zambia	2 573	2 679	2 790	2 909	2 841	2 899	:	:	:
Zimbabwe	2 462	2 446	:	:	2 474	2 662	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 4.2.b:** First level student enrolment (1000)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	29 041	28 722	28 576	28 471	28 257	28 108	28 085	28 137	:
Belgium	739	733	732	733	732	732	736	744	:
Bulgaria	290	273	268	263	261	260	255	252	:
Czech Republic	503	473	463	460	461	463	468	477	:
Denmark	414	416	416	410	407	403	471 ^(b)	471	:
Germany	3 306	3 329	3 311	3 236	3 151	3 068	2 990	2 937	:
Estonia	86	80	76	75	74	73	73	74	:
Ireland	454	462	476	487	499	506	512	518	:
Greece	650	645	639	637	:	643	637	637	:
Spain	2 620	2 649	2 698	2 765	2 811	2 815	2 870	2 910	:
France	4 016	4 052	4 106	4 139	4 153	4 159	4 172	4 156	:
Croatia	196	195	191	182	174	168	162	160	:
Italy	2 790	2 809	2 849	2 866	2 855	2 859	2 863	2 854	:
Cyprus	61	60	58	57	56	55	54	54	:
Latvia	84	79	121 ^(b)	117	114	114	114	114	:
Lithuania	158	150	144	136	130	123	116	111	:
Luxembourg	35	35	36	36	35	35	35	35	:
Hungary	431	416	400	395	390	388	387	385	:
Malta	30	30	28	27	25	25	24	24	:
Netherlands	1 278	1 278	1 281	1 286	1 290	1 294	1 292 ^(b)	1 277	:
Austria	363	355	347	337	332	328	326	327	:
Poland	2 724	2 602	2 485	2 375	2 294	2 235	2 192	2 187	:
Portugal	772	752	757	773	760	753	743	720	:
Romania	970	939	919	865	859	846	829	810	:
Slovenia	93	94	95	99	107	107	107	108	:
Slovakia	243	235	231	225	218	212	209	209	:
Finland	382	372	365	357	351	347	346	347	:
Sweden	719	692	677	668	666	676	683	713	:
United Kingdom	4 635	4 518	4 409	4 465	4 417	4 422	4 420	4 524	:
Iceland	31	30	30	30	30	30	29	29	:
Liechtenstein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:
Norway	430	430	431	430	427	424	423	423	:
Switzerland	524	517	511	505	499	493	487	484	:
Montenegro	39	39	40	37	35	39	38	38	37
FYR of Macedonia	110	105	101	115 ^(b)	113	111	132 ^(b)	107	:
Albania	238	222	210	199	236	225	216	207	199
Serbia	324	311	297	289	283	289	289	288	285
Turkey	10 565	10 674	10 847	10 871	10 710	10 917	:	6 430 ^(b)	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: educ_ilev and cpc_pseduc)

**Table 4.3.a:** Public expenditure on education (% of budget)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	:	:	:	11.4	:	:	:	:	:
Angola	4.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	8.0	8.7	:	:	:
Benin	12.0	11.0	10.0	18.2	:	26.1	:	:	:
Botswana	21.5	21.0	25.1	16.2	16.2	:	:	27.8	:
Burkina Faso	16.6	17.4	18.2	19.1	20.0	:	:	:	15.9
Burundi	12.4	13.7	17.2	22.3	23.4	:	25.0	:	17.1
Cameroon	15.9	16.8	13.1	15.4	19.2	:	:	14.5	:
Cape Verde	25.4	15.6	16.4	16.7	15.9	:	:	13.8	:
Central African Republic	14.0	10.8	19.5	10.1	11.1	:	:	:	:
Chad	10.1	:	:	:	12.6	:	10.1	10.3	:
Comoros	15.6	17.7	13.6	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	:	:	:	9.2	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	21.8	20.8	21.7	21.9	:	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	25.9	22.4	22.8	:	:	:	:	:	8.8
Egypt	16.0	12.0	12.6	11.9	:	:	:	11.9	11.9
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	5.2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	19.7	17.5	23.3	:	:	:	:	25.3	25.2
Gabon	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gambia	:	:	:	:	16.0	22.8	:	:	46.7
Ghana	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14.5	:
Guinea	7.4	5.7	10.8	10.8	11.3	:	:	9.5	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	7.0	8.0	:	:	:
Kenya	17.9	21.5	19.2	21.4	20.8	22.6	19.8	16.4	19.8
Lesotho	32.9	28.5	27.5	27.2	22.8	26.9	21.5	:	:
Liberia	:	:	:	12.1	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	25.3	13.9	16.4	13.4	:	:	:	20.3	:
Malawi	13.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	16.0	18.0	:	:
Mali	15.4	16.9	16.8	17.4	19.8	18.1	:	20.0	:
Mauritania	10.1	:	:	:	:	:	13.0	:	:
Mauritius	14.1	13.0	12.6	12.7	13.5	13.7	12.5	12.4	14.8
Morocco	23.9	27.8	26.6	21.6	23.5	25.9	23.4	:	20.0
Mozambique	20.4	21.5	19.5	20.0	19.5	20.2	:	:	18.1
Namibia	:	:	:	22.4	:	:	:	:	22.6
Niger	12.4	13.0	13.8	15.1	13.5	13.5	10.3	:	9.7
Nigeria	6.2	7.8	8.7	6.9	:	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	12.2	:	19.0	20.4	:	:	:	:	19.4
São Tomé and Príncipe	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.3	:	19.3	:	:	:
Senegal	19.3	17.5	23.0	24.0	26.0	20.7	:	22.7	:
Seychelles	:	12.6	:	:	:	:	10.4	:	12.6
Sierra Leone	:	:	18.8	14.9	18.1	:	:	14.1	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	17.9	17.6	17.4	16.2	16.9	:	:	:	19.1
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	3.2	:
Sudan	1.4	1.0	1.7	1.3	1.3	12.9	:	:	:
Swaziland	24.6	24.4	24.5	19.4	22.1	24.0	:	22.1	:
Tanzania	:	:	:	27.5	:	:	:	:	:
Togo	18.7	16.6	17.2	15.8	17.6	:	:	:	:
Tunisia	17.0	18.0	18.0	21.0	:	:	:	17.4	:
Uganda	:	:	:	18.9	15.0	:	:	14.6	:
Zambia	:	:	:	5.7	22.0	:	:	:	:
Zimbabwe	12.0	19.0	:	:	:	8.7	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division. AUC

**Table 4.3.b:** Public expenditure on education (% of budget)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	11.1	11.2	11.1	11.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.7	:
Belgium	11.3	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.5	:
Bulgaria	11.5	10.9	9.7	10.7	10.4	10.1	10.2	9.8	:
Czech Republic	10.7	11.3	10.9	10.9	10.8	11.0	11.4	10.9	:
Denmark	13.9	13.7	13.3	13.4	13.7	14.0	13.5	13.3	:
Germany	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.3	9.6	9.7	:
Estonia	17.8	17.8	17.3	16.9	15.9	16.6	16.9	16.2	:
Ireland	13.7	13.3	13.0	12.4	11.2	8.2	11.0	12.2	:
Greece	8.8	8.6	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.6	:
Spain	11.1	11.2	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.7	10.5	9.4	:
France	10.9	10.9	10.6	10.6	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.8	:
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	11.0	:
Italy	9.7	9.4	9.6	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.4	8.2	:
Cyprus	14.8	15.0	15.3	16.1	15.7	16.1	15.5	14.6	:
Latvia	15.7	15.7	16.3	16.8	15.5	14.0	14.9	15.0	:
Lithuania	15.8	15.6	14.6	15.3	15.2	14.4	15.0	15.5	:
Luxembourg	11.4	11.4	11.7	11.9	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.3	:
Hungary	11.7	11.2	10.8	10.6	10.3	11.3	10.4	9.8	:
Malta	12.7	12.8	12.7	12.1	12.7	13.6	13.8	13.7	:
Netherlands	12.2	11.7	11.8	11.8	11.5	11.4	11.6	11.5	:
Austria	10.5	10.7	10.6	10.9	10.9	10.8	11.0	10.8	:
Poland	14.0	13.6	13.4	13.3	12.5	12.4	12.8	12.9	:
Portugal	14.7	14.6	13.9	13.9	13.7	13.7	13.3	11.9	:
Romania	10.7	11.6	10.3	11.4	9.9	8.3	10.5	8.2	:
Slovenia	14.8	14.3	14.0	13.9	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.3	:
Slovakia	10.4	10.2	11.3	10.0	10.5	11.2	10.6	10.2	:
Finland	12.2	12.2	12.1	12.0	11.7	11.8	11.6	11.2	:
Sweden	13.0	13.1	13.1	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.1	:
United Kingdom	13.6	14.0	13.9	13.4	13.5	13.7	12.9	12.6	:
Iceland	19.8	19.9	19.2	14.5	16.8	16.2	17.0	16.9	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	13.6	13.4	13.3	13.1	13.1	13.0	12.6	12.6	:
Switzerland	17.0	17.3	17.3	17.6	17.9	18.1	18.1	18.0	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: gov_a_exp)



Definitions

Data on education relate to public and private schools. The reference years correspond to the beginning of the school/academic year.

The [International Standard Classification of Education \(ISCED\)](#) is the basis for international education statistics, describing different levels of education among other characteristics. ISCED level 1 is primary education, which begins between 5 and 7 years of age and is compulsory in all countries. ISCED level 2 is lower secondary education, which continues the basic programmes of the primary level, although teaching is more subject-focused.

[Primary level of education \(ISCED level 1\)](#)

Programmes are normally designed to give students a sound basic education in reading, writing and mathematics along with an elementary understanding of other subjects such as history, geography, natural science, social science, art and music. In some cases religious instruction is featured.

[Teaching staff at a specific level](#)

Teachers are defined as persons whose professional activity involves the transmission of knowledge, attitudes and skills, as laid out in a formal curriculum programme, to students enrolled in a formal educational institution at a specific level (primary, secondary or tertiary).

[Students/pupils](#) are defined as any individual participating in educational services. The number of students/pupils enrolled refers to the count of students/pupils studying in the reference period, i.e. the school/academic year.

[First-level student enrolment](#) is the number of pupils enrolled at the primary level of education, regardless of age.

[Public expenditure on education](#) is dedicated to financing current and capital expenditure of educational institutions; supporting students and their families with scholarships and public loans, and transferring public subsidies for educational activities to private firms or non-profit organisations (transfers to private households and firms). This indicator is expressed as a proportion of total general government expenditure (for European countries, it has been calculated as the proportion of general government education expenditure in total general government expenditure).

National Accounts

5



Table 5.1.a: GDP at current prices (million EUR)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	795 689	1 031 782	1 084 518	1 176 821	1 170 133	1 453 427	1 526 678	1 790 968	1 795 613	1 843 989
Algeria	82 463	95 249	98 851	115 178	98 971	122 399	142 405	161 508	157 416	168 083
Angola	22 561	42 032	47 863	59 972	52 679	62 848	79 239	97 545	107 673	110 658
Benin	3 482	3 775	4 041	4 503	4 753	4 953	5 214	5 870	6 268	6 556
Botswana	8 195	8 126	8 022	7 527	7 278	10 363	10 979	11 306	11 148	10 053
Burkina Faso	4 365	4 690	4 958	5 668	6 026	6 787	7 693	9 036	9 718	9 479
Burundi	636	1 022	995	1 092	1 278	1 495	1 481	1 782	2 024	2 124
Cameroon	13 255	14 406	14 984	15 797	16 836	17 808	18 998	20 587	22 304	23 923
Cape Verde	777	992	1 111	1 214	1 235	1 256	1 334	1 356	1 371	1 515
Central African Republic	1 079	1 172	1 245	1 345	1 427	1 497	1 569	1 687	1 160	1 283
Chad	5 009	5 956	6 335	7 012	6 663	8 043	8 686	9 819	9 688	10 304
Comoros	304	324	342	359	386	410	437	463	496	531
Congo	4 864	6 204	5 453	6 893	6 725	9 258	10 574	10 620	10 407	11 028
Congo, Dem. Republic	5 746	11 472	12 001	13 009	13 151	15 471	17 029	21 350	22 544	25 854
Côte d'Ivoire	13 652	13 862	14 931	16 443	17 523	18 782	18 154	21 088	23 436	25 412
Djibouti	566	617	622	666	755	851	885	1 053	1 098	1 218
Egypt	74 462	86 330	96 928	111 656	135 351	161 793	165 223	202 316	192 507	205 979
Equatorial Guinea	5 758	6 851	7 947	11 114	8 028	10 108	12 869	14 901	12 715	12 621
Eritrea	878	972	967	935	1 337	1 596	1 863	2 405	2 598	2 902
Ethiopia	9 817	11 636	12 934	16 770	19 776	19 663	21 779	32 826	35 121	40 452
Gabon	6 925	8 476	9 173	10 625	8 664	10 982	13 430	13 880	14 528	15 151
Gambia	500	524	585	651	651	724	667	728	738	839
Ghana	8 576	16 378	18 156	19 324	18 706	24 254	28 272	32 615	36 650	25 089
Guinea	2 347	2 352	3 032	3 059	3 319	3 565	3 683	4 462	4 829	5 474
Guinea-Bissau	458	475	511	587	596	640	789	834	874	857
Kenya	14 974	20 712	23 410	23 921	26 658	29 928	29 177	38 586	41 069	54 403
Lesotho	1 093	1 129	1 164	1 131	1 250	1 690	1 830	1 940	1 711	1 447
Liberia	466	598	696	745	832	974	1 099	1 348	1 460	1 539
Libya	36 319	43 845	49 511	59 027	45 384	56 368	24 796	63 698	55 349	30 729
Madagascar	4 027	4 344	5 432	6 353	6 088	6 510	7 062	7 700	7 965	8 201
Malawi	2 201	3 208	3 250	3 604	4 461	5 174	5 241	4 379	3 408	4 474
Mali	4 384	4 997	5 244	5 931	6 470	7 095	7 616	8 047	8 256	8 869
Mauritania	1 468	2 415	2 425	2 676	2 629	3 268	3 658	3 768	3 798	4 095
Mauritius	5 185	5 402	5 714	6 530	6 362	7 326	8 041	8 898	8 998	10 650
Morocco	47 517	52 660	55 010	60 335	64 871	68 361	70 793	74 445	78 239	87 601
Mozambique	5 257	6 272	6 858	7 024	8 747	9 457	8 101	11 351	12 508	12 398
Namibia	5 802	6 402	6 410	5 748	6 391	8 505	8 869	10 139	9 892	8 799
Niger	2 692	2 927	3 139	3 656	3 892	4 306	4 562	5 182	5 513	5 849
Nigeria	89 695	195 902	194 850	224 966	194 804	278 216	294 218	358 475	388 458	412 409
Rwanda	2 063	2 496	2 769	3 249	3 823	4 296	4 578	5 615	5 674	5 362
São Tomé and Príncipe	98	109	106	124	141	152	177	206	234	259
Senegal	6 958	7 510	8 282	9 086	9 214	9 746	10 269	10 921	11 160	10 890
Seychelles	748	816	758	655	610	731	762	882	1 064	1 087
Sierra Leone	1 191	1 496	1 562	1 663	1 743	1 944	2 095	2 947	3 706	4 271
Somalia	1 895	1 772	1 862	1 761	1 966	1 317	:	:	:	:
South Africa	197 413	217 969	219 578	194 245	213 096	282 956	297 832	309 010	276 133	249 742
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 764	11 441	9 002	11 174
Sudan	28 114	36 312	43 584	43 906	43 609	52 516	49 991	52 981	50 351	64 579
Swaziland	2 065	2 367	2 237	2 048	2 286	2 933	2 967	3 149	2 863	2 841
Tanzania	11 301	14 667	15 768	18 463	20 553	22 608	23 207	29 756	33 778	36 761
Togo	1 686	1 780	1 856	2 146	2 278	2 392	2 684	3 031	3 153	3 136
Tunisia	25 788	27 585	28 535	30 383	31 291	33 208	32 753	35 018	34 906	34 612
Uganda	8 023	8 835	9 936	12 137	13 625	14 841	15 495	18 985	19 245	19 609
Zambia	5 736	10 237	10 309	12 132	11 038	15 277	16 958	19 395	20 232	22 883
Zimbabwe	4 853	4 901	4 141	3 536	5 874	7 103	7 829	9 638	10 176	7 936

Source: Statistics Division, AUC



Table 5.1.b: GDP at current prices (million EUR)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	11 517 667	12 182 659	12 915 386	12 995 762	12 255 574	12 794 719	13 180 898	13 433 151	13 549 917	13 958 352
Belgium	311 481	326 662	344 713	354 066	348 781	365 101	379 106	387 419	392 699	400 643
Bulgaria	24 002	27 350	32 708	37 373	37 245	37 724	40 955	41 693	41 912	42 751
Czech Republic	109 394	123 743	138 004	160 962	148 357	156 370	163 583	160 707	156 933	154 739
Denmark	212 907	225 592	233 440	241 087	230 213	241 517	246 075	252 915	255 235	260 582
Germany	2 300 860	2 393 250	2 513 230	2 561 740	2 460 280	2 580 060	2 703 120	2 754 860	2 820 820	2 915 650
Estonia	11 262	13 522	16 246	16 517	14 146	14 719	16 668	18 006	19 015	19 963
Ireland	169 978	184 923	197 054	187 547	169 432	166 158	173 940	174 844	179 448	189 046
Greece	199 242	217 862	232 695	241 990	237 534	226 031	207 029	191 204	180 389	177 559
Spain	930 566	1 007 974	1 080 807	1 116 207	1 079 034	1 080 913	1 070 413	1 042 872	1 031 272	1 041 160
France	1 771 978	1 853 267	1 945 670	1 995 850	1 939 017	1 998 481	2 059 284	2 086 929	2 116 565	2 132 449
Croatia	36 508	40 198	43 926	48 130	45 091	45 004	44 709	43 934	43 562	43 085
Italy	1 490 409	1 549 188	1 610 305	1 632 933	1 573 655	1 605 694	1 638 857	1 614 673	1 606 895	1 613 859
Cyprus	14 946	16 141	17 454	18 822	18 482	19 118	19 547	19 469	18 065	17 394
Latvia	13 711	17 235	22 640	24 318	18 731	17 772	20 144	21 983	22 805	23 581
Lithuania	21 002	24 079	29 041	32 696	26 935	28 028	31 263	33 335	34 962	36 444
Luxembourg	29 734	33 409	36 766	37 647	36 268	39 526	42 227	43 574	46 541	48 898
Hungary	90 543	91 345	101 606	107 503	93 671	98 198	100 705	98 973	101 273	104 239
Malta	5 142	5 386	5 758	6 129	6 139	6 600	6 886	7 229	7 657	8 106
Netherlands	545 609	579 212	613 280	639 163	617 540	631 512	642 929	645 164	650 857	662 770
Austria	253 009	266 478	282 347	291 930	286 188	294 628	308 630	317 056	322 878	329 296
Poland	244 822	273 418	313 654	363 692	314 689	361 744	380 177	389 273	394 602	410 845
Portugal	158 653	166 249	175 468	178 873	175 448	179 930	176 167	168 398	170 269	173 446
Romania	80 226	98 419	125 403	142 396	120 409	126 746	133 306	133 511	144 254	150 019
Slovenia	29 235	31 561	35 153	37 951	36 166	36 252	36 896	35 988	35 908	37 303
Slovakia	39 220	45 396	56 091	65 840	63 819	67 387	70 444	72 420	73 835	75 561
Finland	164 387	172 614	186 584	193 711	181 029	187 100	196 869	199 793	202 743	205 178
Sweden	313 218	334 877	356 434	352 317	309 679	369 077	404 946	423 341	435 752	430 642
United Kingdom	1 945 625	2 063 310	2 168 912	1 908 370	1 667 595	1 813 331	1 866 018	2 053 613	2 042 895	2 253 311
Iceland	13 485	13 628	15 565	10 720	9 205	9 995	10 535	11 046	11 570	12 846
Liechtenstein	2 943	3 189	3 362	3 467	3 246	3 840	4 182	4 268	:	:
Norway	248 332	275 290	293 128	316 814	278 386	323 587	358 248	396 678	393 397	377 538
Switzerland	327 755	342 123	348 865	376 326	388 782	439 141	501 643	517 666	515 680	528 780
Montenegro	1 815	2 149	2 681	3 086	2 981	3 104	3 234	3 149	3 327	5 379
FYR of Macedonia	5 032	5 472	6 095	6 772	6 767	7 108	7 544	7 585	8 150	8 529
Albania	6 561	7 168	7 828	8 800 (*)	8 661	8 997	9 268	9 586	9 629	9 956
Serbia	21 103	24 435	29 452	33 705	30 655	29 766	33 424	31 683	34 263	33 319
Turkey	387 655	419 012	472 879	501 338	440 942	547 347	556 278	611 909	620 682	601 298

Source: Eurostat (online data code: nama_10_gdp, nama_gdp_c and cpc_ecnagdp)

**Table 5.2.a: GDP growth rates at constant prices (%)**

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	5.8	5.8	6.0	5.3	3.1	5.7	2.8	7.2	3.8	4.2
Algeria	5.1	1.7	3.4	2.4	1.6	3.6	2.8	3.3	2.8	4.0
Angola	20.5	11.5	14.0	11.2	2.4	3.4	3.9	5.2	6.8	4.5
Benin	2.9	3.8	4.6	5.0	2.7	2.6	3.3	5.4	5.6	5.5
Botswana	1.6	8.0	8.7	3.9	-7.8	8.6	6.2	4.3	5.9	4.8
Burkina Faso	8.7	6.3	4.1	5.8	2.9	8.4	6.6	9.0	6.6	3.4
Burundi	0.9	5.4	3.4	4.9	3.8	5.1	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.7
Cameroon	2.3	3.2	3.3	2.9	1.9	3.3	4.1	4.6	5.5	5.3
Cape Verde	6.5	9.1	9.2	6.7	-1.3	1.5	4.0	1.2	0.7	2.0
Central African Republic	2.4	4.8	4.6	2.1	1.7	3.0	3.3	4.1	-36.0	1.0
Chad	8.6	0.6	3.1	2.5	2.8	13.6	0.1	8.9	3.9	7.3
Comoros	2.8	2.6	0.8	0.6	1.1	2.2	2.5	3.0	3.5	3.5
Congo	7.7	6.2	-1.6	5.9	7.5	8.7	3.4	3.8	3.3	6.0
Congo, Dem. Republic	7.8	5.6	6.3	6.2	2.8	7.2	6.9	7.2	8.5	8.9
Côte d'Ivoire	1.7	0.7	1.6	2.3	3.8	2.4	-4.7	9.8	8.7	8.3
Djibouti	3.2	4.8	5.1	5.8	5.0	3.5	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.9
Egypt	4.5	6.8	7.1	7.2	4.9	4.8	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.2
Equatorial Guinea	8.9	1.3	13.1	12.3	-8.1	-1.3	5.0	3.2	-4.8	-2.8
Eritrea	2.6	-1.0	1.4	-9.8	3.9	2.2	8.7	7.5	:	:
Ethiopia	11.8	11.5	11.8	11.2	10.0	10.6	11.4	8.8	9.7	10.3
Gabon	3.0	1.2	4.8	5.3	-2.7	6.9	7.0	5.3	5.6	5.1
Gambia	-0.3	1.1	3.6	5.7	6.4	6.5	-4.3	5.3	6.3	-0.7
Ghana	5.9	6.1	6.5	8.4	4.0	3.4	14.0	9.3	7.3	4.2
Guinea	3.0	2.5	1.8	4.9	-0.3	1.9	3.9	3.8	2.3	1.3
Guinea-Bissau	4.3	2.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	4.4	9.0	-2.2	0.9	2.6
Kenya	5.9	6.7	7.1	7.4	6.0	7.0	6.4	6.9	7.0	4.5
Lesotho	2.7	4.1	4.9	5.1	4.5	5.6	4.3	6.0	5.7	4.3
Liberia	9.7	8.9	13.2	6.2	5.3	6.1	7.9	8.3	8.1	2.6
Libya	10.3	6.5	6.4	2.7	-0.8	5.0	-62.1	104.5	-13.6	-4.7
Madagascar	4.6	5.4	6.5	7.2	-3.5	0.1	1.5	2.5	2.4	3.2
Malawi	3.3	7.7	5.5	8.6	7.6	9.5	3.8	2.1	6.1	5.7
Mali	6.1	5.3	4.3	5.0	4.5	5.8	2.7	0.0	1.7	5.8
Mauritania	5.4	18.9	2.8	1.1	-1.0	4.8	4.4	6.0	5.7	6.4
Mauritius	1.8	3.9	5.4	5.5	3.1	4.2	3.9	3.2	3.2	3.2
Morocco	3.0	7.8	2.7	5.6	4.8	3.6	5.0	2.7	4.4	2.7
Mozambique	8.4	8.7	7.3	6.8	6.5	7.1	7.4	7.1	7.4	7.5
Namibia	2.5	7.1	5.4	2.6	0.3	6.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.3
Niger	7.4	5.8	3.1	9.6	-0.7	8.4	2.3	11.1	4.1	6.5
Nigeria	5.4	6.0	6.4	6.0	7.0	10.6	4.9	4.3	5.4	6.3
Rwanda	9.4	9.2	7.6	11.2	6.2	6.3	7.5	8.8	4.7	6.0
São Tomé and Príncipe	3.1	12.6	2.0	9.1	4.0	4.5	4.9	4.0	4.0	4.9
Senegal	5.6	2.5	4.9	3.7	2.4	4.2	1.7	3.4	3.5	4.5
Seychelles	8.0	9.4	10.4	-2.1	-1.1	5.9	7.9	6.0	6.6	2.5
Sierra Leone	7.5	4.2	8.0	5.2	3.2	5.3	6.0	15.2	20.1	6.0
Somalia	3.0	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	:
South Africa	5.3	5.6	5.4	3.2	-1.5	3.0	3.2	2.2	2.2	1.4
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	5.0	5.5	-4.6	-46.1	13.1	:
Sudan	6.1	7.7	5.8	3.8	4.5	6.5	0.9	0.5	3.6	3.4
Swaziland	2.5	3.3	3.5	2.4	1.3	1.9	-0.6	1.9	3.0	2.5
Tanzania	7.4	6.7	7.1	7.4	6.0	7.0	6.4	6.9	7.3	7.4
Togo	1.2	3.9	2.1	2.4	3.4	4.0	4.8	5.8	5.4	5.5
Tunisia	4.0	5.7	6.3	4.5	3.1	2.6	-1.9	3.9	2.3	2.4
Uganda	10.0	7.0	8.1	10.4	4.1	6.2	6.4	3.6	4.7	7.0
Zambia	5.3	7.9	8.4	7.8	9.2	10.3	7.6	6.3	6.7	5.7
Zimbabwe	-4.0	-3.5	-3.7	-17.7	5.3	11.4	11.9	10.6	4.5	3.1

Source: Statistics Division, AUC



Table 5.2.b: GDP growth rates at constant prices (%)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	2.1	3.3	3.1	0.5	-4.4	2.1	1.8	-0.5	0.2	1.4
Belgium	2.1	2.5	3.4	0.7	-2.3	2.7	1.8	0.2	0.0	1.3
Bulgaria	7.2	6.8	7.7	5.6	-4.2	0.1	1.6	0.2	1.3	1.5
Czech Republic	6.4	6.9	5.5	2.7	-4.8	2.3	2.0	-0.9	-0.5	2.0
Denmark	2.4	3.8	0.8	-0.7	-5.1	1.6	1.2	-0.1	-0.2	1.3
Germany	0.7	3.7	3.3	1.1	-5.6	4.1	3.7	0.4	0.3	1.6
Estonia	9.4	10.3	7.7	-5.4	-14.7	2.5	7.6	5.2	1.6	2.9
Ireland	6.3	6.3	5.5	-2.2	-5.6	0.4	2.6	0.2	1.4	5.2
Greece	0.6	5.7	3.3	-0.3	-4.3	-5.5	-9.1	-7.3	-3.2	0.7
Spain	3.7	4.2	3.8	1.1	-3.6	0.0	-1.0	-2.6	-1.7	1.4
France	1.6	2.4	2.4	0.2	-2.9	2.0	2.1	0.2	0.7	0.2
Croatia	4.2	4.8	5.2	2.1	-7.4	-1.7	-0.3	-2.2	-0.9	-0.4
Italy	0.9	2.0	1.5	-1.0	-5.5	1.7	0.6	-2.8	-1.7	-0.4
Cyprus	3.9	4.5	4.9	3.7	-2.0	1.4	0.4	-2.4	-5.9	-2.5
Latvia	10.7	11.9	10.0	-3.6	-14.3	-3.8	6.2	4.0	3.0	2.4
Lithuania	7.7	7.4	11.1	2.6	-14.8	1.6	6.0	3.8	3.5	3.0
Luxembourg	3.2	5.1	8.4	-0.8	-5.4	5.7	2.6	-0.8	4.3	4.1
Hungary	4.4	3.8	0.4	0.8	-6.6	0.7	1.8	-1.7	1.9	3.7
Malta	3.8	1.8	4.0	3.3	-2.5	3.5	2.0	2.9	4.0	4.1
Netherlands	2.2	3.5	3.7	1.7	-3.8	1.4	1.7	-1.1	-0.5	1.0
Austria	2.1	3.4	3.6	1.5	-3.8	1.9	2.8	0.8	0.3	0.4
Poland	3.5	6.2	7.2	3.9	2.6	3.7	5.0	1.6	1.3	3.3
Portugal	0.8	1.6	2.5	0.2	-3.0	1.9	-1.8	-4.0	-1.1	0.9
Romania	4.2	8.1	6.9	8.5	-7.1	-0.8	1.1	0.6	3.5	2.8
Slovenia	4.0	5.7	6.9	3.3	-7.8	1.2	0.6	-2.7	-1.1	3.0
Slovakia	6.4	8.5	10.8	5.7	-5.5	5.1	2.8	1.5	1.4	2.5
Finland	2.8	4.1	5.2	0.7	-8.3	3.0	2.6	-1.4	-1.1	-0.4
Sweden	2.8	4.7	3.4	-0.6	-5.2	6.0	2.7	-0.3	1.2	2.3
United Kingdom	3.0	2.7	2.6	-0.5	-4.2	1.5	2.0	1.2	2.2	2.9
Iceland	6.0	4.2	9.5	1.5	-4.7	-3.6	2.0	1.2	3.9	1.8
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	2.6	2.4	2.9	0.4	-1.6	0.6	1.0	2.7	1.0	2.2
Switzerland	3.0	4.0	4.1	2.3	-2.1	3.0	1.8	1.1	1.8	1.9
Montenegro	4.2	8.6	10.7	6.9	-5.7	2.5	3.2	-2.7 ^(b)	3.5	1.8
FYR of Macedonia	4.7	5.1	6.5	5.5	-0.4	3.4	2.3	-0.5	2.7	3.8
Albania	5.7	5.4	5.9	7.5	3.4 ^(b)	3.7	2.5	1.4	1.1	:
Serbia	5.5	4.9	5.9	5.4	-3.1	0.6	1.4	-1.0	2.6	-1.8
Turkey	8.4	6.9	4.7	0.7	-4.8	9.2	8.8	2.1	4.0	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: tec00115 and cpc_ecnagdp)

**Table 5.3.a:** GDP per capita at current prices (EUR)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	875	1 127	1 156	1 224	1 187	1 439	1 460	1 671	1 635	1 638
Algeria	2 507	2 760	2 816	3 224	2 720	3 302	3 771	4 197	4 015	4 210
Angola	1 450	2 455	2 702	3 275	2 783	3 215	3 926	4 685	5 015	4 999
Benin	468	447	464	502	514	521	533	584	607	618
Botswana	4 821	4 286	4 189	3 893	3 729	5 262	5 526	5 642	5 516	4 931
Burkina Faso	307	339	348	387	399	437	481	549	574	544
Burundi	88	127	119	127	143	162	155	181	199	203
Cameroon	759	774	785	806	837	863	898	949	1 002	1 048
Cape Verde	1 642	2 059	2 297	2 506	2 544	2 576	2 719	2 743	2 747	3 007
Central African Republic	269	291	303	321	334	344	354	373	251	272
Chad	512	575	592	636	586	686	719	789	755	780
Comoros	473	525	541	553	579	600	623	646	675	706
Congo	1 377	1 701	1 451	1 778	1 683	2 252	2 502	2 449	2 340	2 419
Congo, Dem. Republic	100	206	210	221	217	249	266	325	334	373
Côte d'Ivoire	758	785	832	901	942	990	936	1 063	1 154	1 221
Djibouti	700	783	778	822	919	1 020	1 046	1 225	1 258	1 375
Egypt	1 003	1 183	1 306	1 479	1 763	2 072	2 081	2 506	2 346	2 470
Equatorial Guinea	9 474	11 022	12 424	16 890	11 861	14 519	17 973	20 238	16 796	16 221
Eritrea	196	193	186	174	241	278	314	392	410	444
Ethiopia	132	149	161	203	233	226	244	358	373	419
Gabon	5 052	5 999	6 338	7 165	5 703	7 057	8 425	8 502	8 691	8 854
Gambia	333	353	382	413	400	431	384	406	399	440
Ghana	396	746	806	836	790	1 000	1 139	1 286	1 415	949
Guinea	259	240	302	297	313	328	330	390	411	455
Guinea-Bissau	335	327	344	387	384	403	486	501	513	491
Kenya	420	563	620	617	669	732	694	894	926	1 194
Lesotho	529	582	595	574	628	841	902	946	825	690
Liberia	147	177	198	203	218	246	269	322	340	350
Libya	6 295	7 710	8 563	10 044	7 609	9 331	4 063	10 350	8 925	4 914
Madagascar	225	231	280	319	297	309	326	345	347	348
Malawi	179	241	237	255	306	345	339	275	208	266
Mali	333	405	412	451	477	507	528	542	540	562
Mauritania	482	746	728	782	748	905	988	993	976	1 028
Mauritius	4 321	4 440	4 684	5 338	5 185	5 953	6 511	7 179	7 231	8 526
Morocco	1 563	1 733	1 794	1 949	2 074	2 160	2 208	2 289	2 370	2 616
Mozambique	271	291	309	309	374	395	330	450	484	468
Namibia	2 790	3 119	3 081	2 723	2 982	3 903	4 000	4 487	4 295	3 747
Niger	210	214	221	248	254	271	276	302	309	316
Nigeria	641	1 367	1 324	1 488	1 254	1 742	1 792	2 123	2 237	2 310
Rwanda	224	258	279	318	363	396	411	490	482	443
São Tomé and Príncipe	645	688	647	739	817	850	969	1 093	1 214	1 310
Senegal	638	648	696	742	732	753	770	796	790	749
Seychelles	9 038	9 246	8 504	7 287	6 737	8 017	8 296	9 553	11 457	11 654
Sierra Leone	231	283	288	301	309	338	357	493	608	688
Somalia	227	207	213	197	216	141	:	:	:	:
South Africa	4 131	4 456	4 427	3 864	4 187	5 499	5 733	5 899	5 232	4 700
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 037	1 056	797	952
Sudan	794	1 121	1 312	1 290	1 251	1 473	1 372	1 424	1 326	1 666
Swaziland	1 869	2 117	1 971	1 775	1 948	2 458	2 448	2 558	2 291	2 241
Tanzania	291	367	383	436	471	503	501	623	686	724
Togo	312	313	318	358	371	379	415	456	462	448
Tunisia	2 602	2 715	2 777	2 924	2 977	3 123	3 046	3 220	3 174	3 113
Uganda	282	297	323	382	415	437	441	522	512	505
Zambia	500	869	851	974	861	1 156	1 244	1 378	1 392	1 523
Zimbabwe	386	385	325	277	456	543	586	702	719	544

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 5.3.b:** GDP per capita at current prices (EUR)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	23 200	24 500	25 800	25 900	24 300	25 300	26 000	26 500	26 600	27 400
Belgium	29 700	31 000	32 500	33 100	32 300	33 500	34 500	35 000	35 400	35 900
Bulgaria	3 100	3 600	4 300	4 900	4 900	5 000	5 600	5 700	5 800	5 900
Czech Republic	10 700	12 100	13 400	15 400	14 100	14 900	15 600	15 300	14 900	14 700
Denmark	39 300	41 500	42 800	43 900	41 700	43 500	44 200	45 200	45 500	46 200
Germany	27 900	29 100	30 600	31 200	30 000	31 600	33 100	33 600	34 400	35 400
Estonia	8 300	10 000	12 100	12 300	10 600	11 000	12 500	13 600	14 400	15 200
Ireland	40 900	43 300	44 800	41 700	37 300	36 400	38 000	38 100	39 000	41 000
Greece	18 100	19 800	21 100	21 800	21 400	20 300	18 600	17 300	16 500	16 200
Spain	21 300	22 700	23 900	24 300	23 300	23 200	22 900	22 300	22 100	22 400
France	28 100	29 200	30 400	31 000	30 000	30 800	31 500	31 800	32 100	32 200
Croatia	8 500	9 300	10 200	11 200	10 500	10 500	10 400	10 300	10 200	10 200
Italy	25 600	26 500	27 400	27 600	26 400	26 800	27 300	26 800	26 500	26 500
Cyprus	20 200	21 500	22 800	23 900	22 900	23 000	23 000	22 500	21 000	20 400
Latvia	6 100	7 800	10 300	11 200	8 700	8 500	9 800	10 800	11 300	11 800
Lithuania	6 300	7 400	9 000	10 200	8 500	9 000	10 300	11 200	11 800	12 400
Luxembourg	63 800	70 600	76 500	77 000	72 800	77 900	81 300	82 000	85 300	87 600
Hungary	9 000	9 100	10 100	10 700	9 300	9 800	10 100	10 000	10 200	10 600
Malta	12 700	13 300	14 200	15 000	14 900	15 900	16 500	17 200	18 100	19 000
Netherlands	33 400	35 400	37 400	38 900	37 400	38 000	38 500	38 500	38 700	39 300
Austria	30 800	32 200	34 000	35 100	34 300	35 200	36 800	37 600	38 100	38 500
Poland	6 400	7 200	8 200	9 500	8 200	9 400	9 900	10 100	10 200	10 700
Portugal	15 100	15 800	16 600	16 900	16 600	17 000	16 700	16 000	16 300	16 700
Romania	3 800	4 600	6 000	6 900	5 900	6 300	6 600	6 700	7 200	7 500
Slovenia	14 600	15 700	17 400	18 800	17 700	17 700	18 000	17 500	17 400	18 100
Slovakia	7 300	8 400	10 400	12 200	11 800	12 400	13 000	13 400	13 600	13 900
Finland	31 300	32 800	35 300	36 500	33 900	34 900	36 500	36 900	37 300	37 600
Sweden	34 700	36 900	39 000	38 200	33 300	39 400	42 900	44 500	45 400	44 400
United Kingdom	32 200	33 900	35 400	30 900	26 800	28 900	29 500	32 200	31 900	34 900
Iceland	45 600	44 800	50 000	33 600	28 800	31 400	33 000	34 400	35 700	39 200
Liechtenstein	84 300	90 700	95 100	97 400	90 400	106 200	114 700	:	:	:
Norway	53 700	59 100	62 200	66 400	57 600	66 200	72 300	79 000	77 400	73 500
Switzerland	43 800	45 500	46 000	49 000	50 000	55 900	63 400	64 700	63 700	64 600
Montenegro	2 912	3 443	4 280	4 908	4 720	5 011	5 211	5 063	5 356	5 436
FYR of Macedonia	2 470	2 682	2 982	3 308	3 300	3 459	3 665	3 680	3 930	4 127
Albania	2 184	2 404	2 649	2 986	2 958	3 088	3 191	3 305	3 323	3 440
Serbia	2 836	3 297	3 990	4 586	4 187	4 082	4 619	4 400	4 781	4 635
Turkey	5 664	6 047	6 740	7 056	6 121	7 483	7 494	8 139	8 161	7 819

Source: Eurostat (online data code: nama_10_pc, nama_gdp_c and cpc_ecnagdp)



Definitions

National accounts data for the African countries are obtained from various national sources and supplemented with data from international sources such as the UN Yearbook of National Accounts and the AfDB (African Development Bank) and ECA (Economic Commission for Africa) African Centre for Statistics estimates. Where necessary, official figures have been adjusted to conform to the **System of National Accounts (SNA)**. Although compiling their national accounts in accordance with the 1993 SNA, most African countries currently work on implementing the 2008 SNA, and almost two thirds of the countries plan to conclude this work by 2018.

For European countries, annual national accounts are compiled in accordance with the **European System of Accounts (ESA 2010)**. The ESA 2010 is broadly consistent with the System of National Accounts of the United Nations (2008 SNA) as regards the definitions, accounting rules and classifications.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) measures the total final market value of all goods and services produced within a country during a given period. GDP is the most frequently used indicator of economic activity and is most often measured on an annual or quarterly basis to gauge the growth of a country's economy between one period and another. GDP is also a measure of total consumer, investment and government spending plus the value of exports minus imports. GDP is the most widely used indicator from the System of National Accounts (SNA). Its methodology is standardised internationally thus enabling comparison between countries anywhere in the world.

GDP growth rate is calculated as the increase in GDP relative to the previous year, in percentage. GDP is measured at constant prices in national currency, in order to calculate a growth measure that is not influenced by price inflation and by variations in the exchange rates.

GDP per capita is an indicator that is derived through the division of GDP by the total population.

Economy & finance

6

**Table 6.1.a:** Government revenue (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	29.7	26.7	27.2	25.0	27.9	24.6	23.1
Algeria	41.4	36.6	36.4	39.9	40.5	35.9	33.5
Angola	50.5	34.5	43.5	45.8	45.8	35.2	33.5
Benin	21.3	21.0	19.2	20.1	19.9	21.3	21.6
Botswana	31.4	37.1	29.7	30.4	36.3	33.6	35.1
Burkina Faso	17.2	19.6	20.1	19.5	22.7	21.6	19.9
Burundi	30.3	27.4	31.0	26.0	26.8	30.8	28.9
Cameroon	20.8	17.4	16.5	18.2	18.3	18.0	17.7
Cape Verde	29.9	31.6	31.2	25.6	22.9	24.9	26.1
Central African Republic	15.1	41.8	16.7	13.3	16.3	8.4	18.8
Chad	27.3	14.7	20.5	24.8	23.9	20.4	18.7
Comoros	24.7	24.3	30.3	23.6	30.2	43.7	25.6
Congo	52.1	30.1	64.1	41.4	45.9	45.8	38.4
Congo, Dem. Republic	20.3	22.7	20.5	14.4	20.8	19.8	19.6
Côte d'Ivoire	20.3	24.4	32.9	18.0	20.1	17.4	16.4
Djibouti	41.9	37.0	35.4	34.5	35.0	35.0	33.4
Egypt	3.2	27.1	22.2	19.3	19.3	20.0	22.7
Equatorial Guinea	48.4	49.5	34.8	33.6	39.2	23.9	23.3
Eritrea	:	:	:	18.4	:	18.3	18.6
Ethiopia	16.4	16.3	17.3	16.6	15.7	15.9	15.1
Gabon	32.9	32.9	28.0	27.8	28.1	26.8	25.1
Gambia	22.8	20.6	18.8	21.2	25.2	18.3	20.7
Ghana	28.4	18.5	19.1	18.7	22.8	16.8	18.2
Guinea	16.2	15.8	15.8	19.9	22.6	24.3	24.8
Guinea-Bissau	:	24.7	20.2	16.7	15.1	10.5	19.5
Kenya	22.9	22.4	25.2	20.3	25.7	20.4	21.6
Lesotho	66.2	57.0	59.9	50.0	50.3	58.7	55.4
Liberia	36.2	23.7	27.7	31.6	29.4	28.9	29.2
Libya	69.9	56.7	67.8	39.1	59.6	58.7	45.1
Madagascar	16.6	12.3	13.3	11.7	12.1	10.9	12.4
Malawi	29.9	31.9	33.6	24.9	27.0	30.5	36.9
Mali	18.9	21.7	20.2	21.8	17.7	18.6	21.7
Mauritania	22.1	25.5	26.5	20.9	37.7	33.5	30.9
Mauritius	19.5	22.1	21.9	21.1	21.2	21.4	21.3
Morocco	29.5	27.2	25.2	26.5	26.9	26.6	27.3
Mozambique	25.5	27.1	29.7	27.3	29.6	32.2	31.4
Namibia	25.1	30.9	29.5	27.5	31.3	34.0	37.9
Niger	29.9	18.7	18.4	20.8	22.2	22.6	24.7
Nigeria	33.8	19.2	23.5	17.4	25.9	16.3	14.9
Rwanda	27.1	24.3	26.2	23.6	25.7	23.5	26.0
São Tomé and Príncipe	48.7	30.0	33.3	40.3	33.5	26.0	26.3
Senegal	21.8	20.4	21.9	21.9	23.3	22.2	21.7
Seychelles	36.4	37.2	35.4	38.3	39.6	34.2	33.5
Sierra Leone	15.9	17.0	18.1	17.0	13.8	13.3	13.0
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	24.5	28.5	24.9	27.3	27.8	29.2	28.1
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	21.8	14.6	15.7	17.3	9.2	9.9	9.6
Swaziland	33.4	35.1	34.2	23.0	24.1	33.5	33.0
Tanzania	21.0	20.2	19.2	19.2	21.6	20.8	20.7
Togo	17.5	21.2	22.8	22.6	21.2	25.3	25.1
Tunisia	26.5	23.4	23.4	26.0	26.3	26.5	26.8
Uganda	16.2	13.5	13.4	18.7	15.6	15.9	15.4
Zambia	22.3	20.3	19.6	17.6	21.8	18.4	17.2
Zimbabwe	:	15.9	17.8	26.7	28.0	27.7	28.1

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.1.b:** Government revenue (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	44.0	43.6	43.6	44.0	44.8	45.3	45.2
Belgium	49.2	48.8	49.3	50.3	51.6	52.7	52.0
Bulgaria	38.5	35.4	33.4	32.1	34.0	36.9	36.3
Czech Republic	38.1	38.1	38.6	40.2	40.5	41.3	40.6
Denmark	53.7	54.0	54.3	54.8	55.2	55.8	58.4
Germany	43.4	44.3	43.0	43.8	44.4	44.4	44.6
Estonia	37.1	43.9	40.7	38.6	38.8	38.1	38.7
Ireland	34.9	33.4	33.3	33.0	33.8	34.0	34.4
Greece	40.6	38.9	41.3	44.0	46.3	48.3	46.4
Spain	36.7	34.8	36.2	36.2	37.5	38.2	38.6
France	49.8	49.6	49.6	50.8	52.0	52.9	53.6
Croatia	41.9	41.6	41.3	41.0	41.7	42.5	42.6
Italy	45.1	45.9	45.6	45.6	47.8	48.1	48.2
Cyprus	39.5	36.8	37.5	36.8	36.1	36.5	40.4
Latvia	33.1	34.5	36.2	35.6	36.1	35.9	35.6
Lithuania	35.0	35.8	35.4	33.5	33.0	32.9	34.1
Luxembourg	42.7	44.5	43.4	43.8	44.7	44.0	43.8
Hungary	45.1	46.1	45.0	44.3	46.3	47.0	47.4
Malta	38.4	38.6	37.9	38.3	38.9	40.0	41.9
Netherlands	43.8	42.7	43.2	42.7	43.2	44.0	43.9
Austria	48.3	48.8	48.3	48.3	48.9	49.6	50.0
Poland	40.8	37.9	38.1	38.8	38.9	38.4	38.8
Portugal	41.6	40.4	40.6	42.6	42.9	45.1	44.5
Romania	33.2	31.5	32.7	33.7	33.3	33.0	33.5
Slovenia	42.5	42.3	43.6	43.4	44.4	45.3	44.8
Slovakia	34.3	36.1	34.5	36.4	36.0	38.4	38.9
Finland	52.4	52.2	52.1	53.3	54.0	55.0	54.9
Sweden	52.3	52.4	51.1	50.5	50.7	51.0	50.1
United Kingdom	41.5	38.8	39.1	39.2	38.4	39.2	38.2
Iceland	42.5	38.8	39.6	40.1	41.7	42.4	45.6
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	58.9	56.4	56.0	57.3	56.8	54.9	54.7
Switzerland	33.2	33.9	33.3	33.7	33.5	33.7	33.5
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: gov_10a_main)

**Table 6.2.a:** Government expenditure (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	26.5	29.8	30.7	28.0	31.0	28.0	28.1
Algeria	35.4	43.1	38.5	41.0	45.2	37.4	40.6
Angola	41.6	39.5	36.7	37.7	37.1	34.9	35.7
Benin	23.0	25.9	21.6	21.9	21.1	23.2	22.7
Botswana	27.2	42.8	39.1	36.6	36.7	32.8	29.9
Burkina Faso	21.6	24.4	24.6	23.0	25.8	26.0	23.6
Burundi	33.4	35.8	36.6	34.3	35.9	30.4	30.1
Cameroon	18.5	17.5	17.2	21.7	20.2	22.0	22.8
Cape Verde	31.1	38.5	43.1	33.1	32.7	33.9	34.1
Central African Republic	15.5	14.6	17.1	15.7	16.2	14.7	22.0
Chad	22.1	23.1	23.4	22.4	23.4	23.1	24.3
Comoros	27.2	23.7	23.0	22.1	26.6	25.5	26.2
Congo	26.0	25.5	22.0	25.4	30.5	37.5	43.8
Congo, Dem. Republic	19.0	21.8	22.1	18.4	23.4	22.1	21.8
Côte d'Ivoire	19.7	28.6	30.5	19.1	21.8	19.2	20.0
Djibouti	40.6	41.6	35.9	35.6	37.8	38.1	35.9
Egypt	2.7	33.7	30.3	29.1	29.9	33.7	35.4
Equatorial Guinea	25.5	59.1	39.5	32.6	44.6	28.4	30.4
Eritrea	:	:	:	34.6	:	30.8	30.3
Ethiopia	19.4	17.2	19.0	18.2	16.8	17.8	17.7
Gabon	32.0	26.2	28.0	25.6	29.1	29.9	31.8
Gambia	26.0	23.3	22.8	26.0	29.6	26.8	26.7
Ghana	42.4	22.8	24.9	24.4	28.6	26.3	28.5
Guinea	17.4	23.7	29.8	20.2	25.8	26.3	29.0
Guinea-Bissau	:	21.8	20.4	18.1	17.9	11.9	21.7
Kenya	28.5	29.3	31.6	24.0	30.5	26.0	29.6
Lesotho	55.7	55.2	62.6	50.5	56.0	53.9	54.4
Liberia	36.5	25.1	27.2	29.2	31.7	30.5	30.2
Libya	43.0	50.7	57.1	55.0	45.8	64.9	94.2
Madagascar	18.5	14.8	14.1	14.1	13.3	14.9	14.4
Malawi	34.0	37.1	34.4	27.0	34.0	30.7	41.2
Mali	21.5	25.9	22.9	25.2	19.0	25.5	27.3
Mauritania	29.5	30.6	28.4	21.6	36.9	28.7	29.6
Mauritius	22.7	28.0	28.3	24.6	23.2	24.9	24.9
Morocco	29.1	29.4	29.8	33.6	35.7	32.1	32.3
Mozambique	28.0	32.6	33.6	32.4	33.4	35.0	41.4
Namibia	24.3	29.2	30.8	34.5	38.3	35.1	32.9
Niger	23.8	24.1	20.8	22.6	23.3	24.9	30.4
Nigeria	30.0	22.4	29.3	19.3	28.2	15.2	14.8
Rwanda	26.7	25.2	26.8	27.1	26.9	28.7	30.3
São Tomé and Príncipe	31.2	59.5	42.7	52.9	44.2	37.3	35.7
Senegal	26.6	26.7	27.1	28.7	29.1	27.7	26.8
Seychelles	39.8	32.0	32.8	44.1	36.8	33.2	32.5
Sierra Leone	21.0	19.8	24.2	21.6	15.2	15.7	14.2
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	23.7	29.4	30.7	30.7	32.0	33.0	31.5
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	23.2	18.9	18.7	17.1	12.7	12.2	10.5
Swaziland	30.9	37.0	40.3	30.7	28.4	32.6	33.4
Tanzania	21.1	24.1	25.9	25.1	26.2	27.7	24.5
Togo	17.7	21.8	22.5	23.7	27.0	29.7	30.0
Tunisia	27.3	26.1	24.6	28.4	31.2	31.2	31.5
Uganda	18.6	15.5	17.7	23.0	18.6	18.5	20.3
Zambia	24.6	22.4	22.7	19.3	24.7	25.1	22.7
Zimbabwe	:	17.5	23.2	29.0	29.3	30.2	30.5

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.2.b:** Government expenditure (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	46.5	50.3	50.0	48.6	49.0	48.6	48.2
Belgium	50.3	54.1	53.3	54.4	55.8	55.6	55.1
Bulgaria	36.9	39.5	36.6	34.1	34.7	37.6	42.1
Czech Republic	40.2	43.6	43.0	42.9	44.5	42.6	42.6
Denmark	50.5	56.8	57.1	56.8	58.8	57.1	56.9
Germany	43.6	47.6	47.3	44.7	44.4	44.5	44.3
Estonia	39.7	46.1	40.5	37.4	39.1	38.3	38.0
Ireland	41.9	47.2	65.7	45.5	41.8	39.7	38.2
Greece	50.8	54.1	52.5	54.2	55.2	60.8	49.9
Spain	41.1	45.8	45.6	45.6	48.0	45.1	44.5
France	53.0	56.8	56.4	55.9	56.8	57.0	57.5
Croatia	44.7	47.3	47.2	48.8	47.1	47.8	48.2
Italy	47.8	51.1	49.9	49.1	50.8	51.0	51.2
Cyprus	38.6	42.3	42.2	42.5	41.9	41.4	49.3
Latvia	37.2	43.6	44.7	39.0	36.9	36.8	37.1
Lithuania	38.1	44.9	42.3	42.5	36.1	35.6	34.8
Luxembourg	39.4	45.1	44.0	43.3	44.6	43.3	42.4
Hungary	48.8	50.7	49.6	49.7	48.6	49.5	49.9
Malta	42.6	41.9	41.1	40.9	42.5	42.6	44.0
Netherlands	43.6	48.2	48.2	47.0	47.1	46.4	46.2
Austria	49.8	54.1	52.7	50.8	51.1	50.9	52.7
Poland	44.4	45.2	45.6	43.6	42.6	42.4	42.1
Portugal	45.3	50.2	51.8	50.0	48.5	49.9	51.7
Romania	38.8	40.6	39.6	39.1	36.5	35.2	34.9
Slovenia	43.9	48.2	49.3	50.0	48.6	60.3	49.8
Slovakia	36.7	43.9	42.0	40.5	40.1	41.0	41.6
Finland	48.3	54.8	54.8	54.4	56.1	57.6	58.3
Sweden	50.3	53.1	51.2	50.5	51.7	52.4	51.8
United Kingdom	46.6	49.6	48.8	46.9	46.8	44.9	43.9
Iceland	55.7	48.5	49.4	45.7	45.5	44.2	45.7
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	40.2	46.1	45.0	43.8	42.9	44.1	45.6
Switzerland	31.2	33.1	32.9	32.9	33.3	34.0	33.7
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: gov_10a_main)

**Table 6.3.a:** Government fiscal balance (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	3.1	-3.1	-3.5	-3.0	-3.1	-3.5	-5.0
Algeria	6.0	-6.5	-2.1	-1.2	-4.8	-1.5	-7.0
Angola	8.8	-4.9	6.8	8.1	8.7	0.3	-2.2
Benin	-1.7	-4.9	-2.5	-1.8	-1.3	-1.9	-1.1
Botswana	4.2	-5.7	-9.4	-6.2	-0.4	0.7	5.2
Burkina Faso	-4.4	-4.8	-4.5	-3.5	-3.1	-4.4	-3.7
Burundi	-3.1	-8.4	-5.7	-8.3	-9.1	0.4	-1.2
Cameroon	2.3	-0.0	-0.7	-3.6	-1.9	-4.1	-5.2
Cape Verde	-1.1	-6.9	-11.8	-7.5	-9.8	-9.0	-8.0
Central African Republic	-0.4	27.2	-0.4	-2.4	0.0	-6.3	-3.2
Chad	5.2	-8.4	-2.9	2.4	0.5	-2.7	-5.6
Comoros	-2.6	0.6	7.3	1.4	3.6	18.2	-0.6
Congo	26.1	4.7	42.1	16.0	15.3	8.3	-5.4
Congo, Dem. Republic	-2.4	0.9	-1.6	-4.0	-2.6	-2.3	-2.2
Côte d'Ivoire	0.6	-4.2	2.4	-1.2	-1.7	-1.7	-3.7
Djibouti	1.3	-4.6	-0.5	-1.1	-2.8	-3.1	-2.6
Egypt	0.5	-6.6	-8.1	-9.8	-10.6	-13.7	-12.8
Equatorial Guinea	22.9	-9.6	-4.7	1.0	-5.4	-4.5	-7.2
Eritrea	:	:	:	-16.2	:	-12.5	-11.6
Ethiopia	-3.0	-0.9	-1.7	-1.6	-1.2	-1.9	-2.6
Gabon	0.9	6.6	0.0	2.3	-1.0	-3.2	-6.6
Gambia	-3.2	-2.7	-4.0	-4.7	-4.4	-8.4	-6.0
Ghana	-14.0	-4.3	-5.9	-5.7	-5.8	-9.5	-10.4
Guinea	-1.2	-7.9	-14.0	-0.3	-3.2	-2.1	-4.2
Guinea-Bissau	:	2.8	-0.2	-1.4	-2.7	-1.4	-2.1
Kenya	-5.6	-6.9	-6.3	-3.7	-4.7	-5.6	-8.0
Lesotho	10.6	1.8	-2.7	-0.5	-5.7	4.8	1.0
Liberia	-0.4	-1.4	0.6	2.5	-2.3	-1.6	-1.1
Libya	26.9	6.0	10.7	-15.9	13.8	-6.2	-49.1
Madagascar	-1.9	-2.5	-0.9	-2.4	-1.3	-4.0	-2.0
Malawi	-4.2	-5.1	-0.8	-2.1	-7.0	-0.2	-4.3
Mali	-2.6	-4.2	-2.7	-3.4	-1.3	-6.9	-5.6
Mauritania	-7.4	-5.1	-1.9	-0.7	0.8	4.8	1.2
Mauritius	-3.1	-6.0	-6.4	-3.5	-2.1	-3.5	-3.6
Morocco	0.4	-2.2	-4.6	-7.0	-8.7	-5.5	-4.9
Mozambique	-2.5	-5.5	-4.0	-5.1	-3.9	-2.9	-10.0
Namibia	0.8	1.7	-1.3	-6.9	-7.0	-1.1	5.0
Niger	6.0	-5.3	-2.4	-1.9	-1.1	-2.3	-5.7
Nigeria	3.8	-3.2	-5.8	-1.9	-2.4	1.1	0.1
Rwanda	0.5	-0.8	-0.6	-3.5	-1.2	-5.2	-4.3
São Tomé and Príncipe	17.5	-29.5	-9.4	-12.6	-10.7	-11.3	-9.4
Senegal	-4.8	-6.3	-5.2	-6.7	-5.9	-5.5	-5.1
Seychelles	-3.3	5.2	2.5	-5.8	2.9	0.9	1.0
Sierra Leone	-5.1	-2.7	-6.1	-4.6	-1.4	-2.4	-1.2
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	0.8	-0.9	-5.8	-3.4	-4.2	-3.9	-3.4
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	-1.4	-4.3	-2.9	0.2	-3.5	-2.3	-0.9
Swaziland	2.5	-1.9	-6.0	-7.7	-4.4	0.9	-0.3
Tanzania	-0.0	-4.0	-6.7	-6.0	-4.6	-6.9	-3.8
Togo	-0.2	-0.6	0.3	-1.1	-5.8	-4.5	-4.9
Tunisia	-0.8	-2.7	-1.3	-2.4	-4.8	-4.6	-4.7
Uganda	-2.3	-2.0	-4.3	-4.3	-3.0	-2.6	-4.9
Zambia	-2.2	-2.1	-3.1	-1.7	-2.8	-6.7	-5.5
Zimbabwe	:	-1.6	-5.4	-2.4	-1.3	-2.4	-2.4

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.3.b:** Government fiscal balance (% of GDP)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	-2.5	-6.7	-6.4	-4.5	-4.3	-3.3	-3.0
Belgium	-1.1	-5.4	-4.0	-4.1	-4.1	-2.9	-3.1
Bulgaria	1.6	-4.1	-3.2	-2.0	-0.6	-0.8	-5.8
Czech Republic	-2.1	-5.5	-4.4	-2.7	-4.0	-1.3	-1.9
Denmark	3.2	-2.8	-2.7	-2.1	-3.6	-1.3	1.5
Germany	-0.2	-3.2	-4.2	-1.0	-0.1	-0.1	0.3
Estonia	-2.7	-2.2	0.2	1.2	-0.3	-0.1	0.7
Ireland	-7.0	-13.8	-32.3	-12.5	-8.0	-5.7	-3.9
Greece	-10.2	-15.2	-11.2	-10.2	-8.8	-12.4	-3.6
Spain	-4.4	-11.0	-9.4	-9.5	-10.4	-6.9	-5.9
France	-3.2	-7.2	-6.8	-5.1	-4.8	-4.1	-3.9
Croatia	-2.7	-5.8	-5.9	-7.8	-5.3	-5.4	-5.6
Italy	-2.7	-5.3	-4.2	-3.5	-3.0	-2.9	-3.0
Cyprus	0.9	-5.5	-4.8	-5.7	-5.8	-4.9	-8.9
Latvia	-4.1	-9.1	-8.5	-3.4	-0.8	-0.9	-1.5
Lithuania	-3.1	-9.1	-6.9	-8.9	-3.1	-2.6	-0.7
Luxembourg	3.3	-0.5	-0.5	0.5	0.2	0.7	1.4
Hungary	-3.6	-4.6	-4.5	-5.5	-2.3	-2.5	-2.5
Malta	-4.2	-3.3	-3.2	-2.6	-3.6	-2.6	-2.1
Netherlands	0.2	-5.4	-5.0	-4.3	-3.9	-2.4	-2.4
Austria	-1.4	-5.3	-4.4	-2.6	-2.2	-1.3	-2.7
Poland	-3.6	-7.3	-7.5	-4.9	-3.7	-4.0	-3.3
Portugal	-3.8	-9.8	-11.2	-7.4	-5.7	-4.8	-7.2
Romania	-5.6	-9.1	-6.9	-5.4	-3.2	-2.2	-1.4
Slovenia	-1.4	-5.9	-5.6	-6.6	-4.1	-15.0	-5.0
Slovakia	-2.3	-7.9	-7.5	-4.1	-4.2	-2.6	-2.8
Finland	4.2	-2.5	-2.6	-1.0	-2.1	-2.5	-3.3
Sweden	2.0	-0.7	0.0	-0.1	-0.9	-1.4	-1.7
United Kingdom	-5.1	-10.8	-9.7	-7.7	-8.3	-5.7	-5.7
Iceland	-13.1	-9.7	-9.8	-5.6	-3.7	-1.9	-0.1
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	18.7	10.3	11.0	13.4	13.8	10.8	9.1
Switzerland	2.0	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.2	-0.3	-0.2
Montenegro	-0.3	-5.4	-4.6	-5.2	-5.9	-2.3	-3.1
FYR of Macedonia	-0.9	-2.6	-2.4	-2.5	-3.8	-3.9	-4.2
Albania	-5.6	-7.1	-3.1	-3.5	-3.4	-4.9	-5.1
Serbia	-2.6	-4.4	-4.6	-4.8	-6.8	-5.5	-6.7
Turkey	-2.3	-6.5	-2.9	-0.8	-0.2	0.2	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: gov_10a_main and cpc_ecgov)

**Table 6.4.a:** External debt (% of GDP)⁽¹⁾

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	24.8	23.6	20.1	21.9	20.0	20.2	20.7	21.6
Algeria	5.0	4.2	3.5	4.1	3.5	2.2	1.8	1.6
Angola	16.4	15.8	16.6	20.8	21.4	19.0	18.1	19.2
Benin	11.6	12.7	15.6	16.2	18.1	16.9	16.9	19.0
Botswana	12.5	10.2	9.9	26.2	21.3	26.9	27.9	25.3
Burkina Faso	20.0	19.7	21.0	25.6	26.6	22.7	22.2	21.0
Burundi	162.0	149.9	94.2	21.2	22.9	23.0	21.2	19.0
Cameroon	6.3	5.7	5.2	5.3	6.2	7.0	9.0	12.3
Cape Verde	86.3	79.3	50.5	59.2	64.6	67.8	91.6	104.9
Central African Republic	73.8	58.1	54.1	16.7	20.0	22.1	25.8	38.8
Chad	28.5	24.7	15.7	18.5	20.2	21.4	20.4	23.7
Comoros	71.2	79.9	69.6	52.0	48.9	44.7	40.6	17.9
Congo	86.0	94.7	64.4	58.9	19.7	21.7	26.2	32.3
Congo, Dem. Republic	107.3	96.7	80.3	71.6	66.2	66.7	44.1	40.1
Côte d'Ivoire	139.1	130.2	70.7	75.0	24.3	21.4	20.1	22.3
Djibouti	56.8	63.6	60.2	59.8	56.1	52.3	49.2	48.4
Egypt	27.5	22.9	20.6	16.8	15.7	15.1	15.0	17.4
Equatorial Guinea	1.8	1.3	0.8	5.6	5.4	6.9	8.8	8.3
Eritrea	58.0	58.0	61.9	49.1	45.8	35.8	29.1	25.6
Ethiopia	39.6	12.1	11.5	15.1	20.6	22.9	18.1	20.3
Gabon	32.7	35.3	14.1	17.9	15.7	13.2	15.4	18.0
Gambia	113.8	40.6	38.0	43.1	42.3	43.2	44.4	43.4
Ghana	19.3	23.3	21.8	26.9	27.2	25.1	25.2	28.6
Guinea	109.8	77.2	68.8	69.9	66.7	62.3	22.8	23.1
Guinea-Bissau	177.2	149.2	120.1	128.9	23.6	31.8	39.2	36.5
Kenya	28.5	24.0	23.5	20.9	21.7	22.8	18.3	17.9
Lesotho	54.5	42.6	40.3	39.4	32.6	30.2	32.6	49.1
Liberia (2)	783.7	594.5	291.1	145.4	8.8	12.0	11.6	14.1
Libya	10.1	7.5	6.3	8.8	7.5	16.1	6.8	7.6
Madagascar	31.5	25.9	39.0	56.2	59.5	39.4	44.3	44.1
Malawi	16.9	16.7	17.2	12.9	12.6	12.4	17.1	26.2
Mali	19.9	18.7	20.6	22.1	26.8	23.2	26.2	26.9
Mauritania	94.1	95.1	82.8	87.6	79.2	73.2	87.2	90.4
Mauritius	16.1	10.3	12.0	23.2	22.5	83.3	87.9	102.7
Morocco	23.9	23.7	21.8	24.7	25.9	25.2	29.9	31.2
Mozambique	64.1	81.0	63.7	57.3	60.1	65.8	54.9	58.1
Namibia	28.1	25.7	22.7	28.2	30.9	39.2	37.6	37.6
Niger	15.8	15.9	22.7	39.9	50.0	48.9	52.6	50.9
Nigeria	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6
Rwanda	15.6	15.3	14.7	13.9	13.6	15.7	14.2	19.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	287.6	104.0	59.5	69.2	78.2	73.3	83.8	74.3
Senegal	35.4	38.5	43.7	52.0	53.1	53.0	63.3	69.4
Seychelles	50.2	68.4	81.0	89.9	49.3	46.0	45.1	36.9
Sierra Leone	109.9	31.8	24.8	28.6	30.4	32.6	25.9	21.3
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	21.9	26.3	26.8	26.5	27.8	28.4	35.7	37.3
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	78.1	68.5	50.2	57.6	56.7	59.2	63.4	67.4
Swaziland	15.5	17.4	15.9	12.6	13.2	15.5	14.2	17.2
Tanzania	57.4	27.7	24.1	21.0	23.9	25.7	25.9	26.4
Togo	43.9	86.3	56.1	55.3	17.2	15.4	18.5	20.7
Tunisia	53.9	51.8	46.0	49.5	48.5	48.1	54.0	54.9
Uganda	40.5	10.8	18.1	18.8	20.6	26.6	26.4	27.1
Zambia	5.0	10.3	38.7	41.8	30.3	14.9	17.1	16.4
Zimbabwe	80.0	92.9	122.3	97.2	84.6	75.1	73.1	79.0

⁽¹⁾ Please note the difference in definition between Africa and the European Union; please consult the methodological notes for details.

⁽²⁾ In 2010, Liberia received debt relief under the enhanced Heavily Indebted Poor Countries initiative, reducing its debt by more than 90 per cent.

**Table 6.4.b:** Government debt (% of GDP)⁽¹⁾

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	60.4	57.8	61.0	73.0	78.4	81.0	83.8	85.5	86.8
Belgium	90.9	86.9	92.4	99.5	99.6	102.2	104.1	105.1	106.7
Bulgaria	20.9	16.2	13.0	13.7	15.5	15.3	17.6	18.0	27.0
Czech Republic	27.9	27.8	28.7	34.1	38.2	39.9	44.7	45.2	42.7
Denmark	31.5	27.3	33.4	40.4	42.9	46.4	45.6	45.0	45.1
Germany	66.4	63.6	65.0	72.5	81.0	78.4	79.7	77.4	74.9
Estonia	4.4	3.7	4.5	7.0	6.6	5.9	9.5	9.9	10.4
Ireland	23.6	23.9	42.4	61.8	86.8	109.3	120.2	120.0	107.5
Greece	103.5	103.1	109.4	126.7	146.2	172.0	159.4	177.0	178.6
Spain	38.9	35.5	39.4	52.7	60.1	69.5	85.4	93.7	99.3
France	64.4	64.4	68.1	79.0	81.7	85.2	89.6	92.3	95.6
Croatia	38.3	37.1	38.9	48.0	57.0	63.7	69.2	80.8	85.1
Italy	102.5	99.7	102.3	112.5	115.3	116.4	123.2	128.8	132.3
Cyprus	59.1	53.9	45.1	53.9	56.3	65.8	79.3	102.5	108.2
Latvia	9.9	8.4	18.7	36.6	47.5	42.8	41.4	39.1	40.6
Lithuania	17.2	15.9	14.6	29.0	36.2	37.2	39.8	38.8	40.7
Luxembourg	7.0	7.2	14.4	15.5	19.6	19.2	22.1	23.4	23.0
Hungary	64.7	65.6	71.6	78.0	80.6	80.8	78.3	76.8	76.2
Malta	64.6	62.4	62.7	67.8	67.6	69.8	67.6	69.6	68.3
Netherlands	44.5	42.4	54.5	56.5	59.0	61.7	66.4	67.9	68.2
Austria	67.0	64.8	68.5	79.7	82.4	82.2	81.6	80.8	84.2
Poland	47.1	44.2	46.6	49.8	53.3	54.4	54.0	55.9	50.4
Portugal	69.2	68.4	71.7	83.6	96.2	111.4	126.2	129.0	130.2
Romania	12.3	12.7	13.2	23.2	29.9	34.2	37.4	38.0	39.9
Slovenia	26.0	22.7	21.6	34.5	38.2	46.4	53.7	70.8	80.8
Slovakia	30.8	29.9	28.2	36.0	40.8	43.3	51.9	54.6	53.5
Finland	38.2	34.0	32.7	41.7	47.1	48.5	52.9	55.6	59.3
Sweden	43.2	38.3	36.8	40.4	37.6	36.9	37.2	39.8	44.9
United Kingdom	42.4	43.5	51.7	65.7	76.6	81.8	85.3	86.2	88.2
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	:	:	:	:	:	27.5	29.2	29.3	26.6
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	32.6	27.5	29.0	38.2	40.9	46.0	50.9	58.0	56.7
FYR of Macedonia	30.6	23.5	20.5	23.6	24.1	27.7	33.7	34.2	38.2
Albania	56.1	53.4	55.1	59.7	57.7	59.4	62.0	70.1	71.8
Serbia	38.3	30.1	26.1	32.1	40.8	43.3	55.8	59.0	68.9
Turkey	46.3	39.9	40.0	46.3	42.7	39.3	36.2	36.0	:

(1) Please note the difference in definition between Africa and the European Union; please consult the methodological notes for details.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov_10dd_edpt1](#) and [cpc_ecgov](#))

**Table 6.5.a:** Consumer price index (2005=100)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	100.0	105.8	113.2	125.5	137.1	147.2	159.8	:	:	:
Algeria	100.0	102.3	106.1	111.2	117.6	122.2	127.7	139.1	143.7	120.9
Angola	100.0	113.3	127.2	143.0	162.7	186.2	211.5	233.2	255.1	146.0
Benin	100.0	103.8	105.1	113.5	114.5	117.0	120.2	128.1	131.5	109.5
Botswana	100.0	111.6	119.5	134.6	145.6	155.7	168.9	181.6	192.6	128.9
Burkina Faso	100.0	102.4	102.1	113.0	116.2	115.3	118.6	123.1	125.6	107.0
Burundi	100.0	102.8	111.4	138.6	153.2	163.2	178.9	211.3	227.8	145.9
Cameroon	100.0	105.0	106.2	111.8	115.2	116.7	120.1	123.0	125.8	:
Cape Verde	100.0	104.7	109.4	116.8	117.9	120.4	125.7	128.9	130.9	108.5
Central African Republic	100.0	106.7	107.7	117.7	121.8	123.6	125.1	132.5	141.0	:
Chad	100.0	108.0	98.3	106.5	117.2	114.8	116.9	125.9	126.4	:
Comoros	100.0	104.4	109.1	114.3	119.8	124.5	132.9	141.3	144.8	:
Congo	100.0	104.9	107.7	112.5	119.0	119.3	121.8	127.5	131.2	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	100.0	113.2	132.1	155.9	227.9	281.5	325.1	333.9	337.6	109.5
Côte d'Ivoire	100.0	102.5	104.4	111.0	116.2	118.2	124.0	126.4	129.9	:
Djibouti	100.0	103.5	108.6	121.6	123.6	128.5	135.0	140.0	143.5	:
Egypt	100.0	104.2	115.6	129.1	150.1	167.7	187.5	203.4	217.5	142.2
Equatorial Guinea	100.0	104.5	107.4	112.4	118.8	125.2	131.2	135.6	142.4	:
Eritrea	100.0	115.1	125.8	150.9	200.6	226.1	256.3	287.7	323.0	:
Ethiopia	100.0	112.3	129.2	200.7	206.1	221.1	305.4	368.0	395.3	189.8
Gabon	100.0	98.6	103.3	108.8	110.9	112.5	114.0	117.2	117.7	:
Gambia	100.0	101.4	106.8	111.6	116.8	123.3	129.0	134.0	141.1	122.4
Ghana	100.0	111.7	123.7	144.0	171.8	190.2	206.8	225.8	252.3	153.0
Guinea	100.0	134.7	165.5	195.9	205.1	236.8	287.3	330.9	370.3	:
Guinea-Bissau	100.0	102.0	106.7	117.4	114.5	117.1	123.0	125.6	126.8	106.9
Kenya	100.0	106.0	110.6	128.5	142.0	148.1	168.8	184.7	195.3	140.9
Lesotho	100.0	106.0	114.5	126.6	135.9	141.1	148.1	157.1	165.0	123.2
Liberia	100.0	109.5	122.0	143.3	154.0	165.2	179.2	191.5	206.3	:
Libya	100.0	101.5	107.8	119.0	121.9	124.9	144.7	153.5	159.2	:
Madagascar	100.0	110.8	122.2	133.5	145.4	158.8	174.4	184.5	197.3	130.7
Malawi	100.0	113.9	123.0	133.7	144.9	155.6	167.4	203.1	260.8	206.7
Mali	100.0	101.5	103.0	112.3	114.8	116.2	120.0	126.4	126.8	108.7
Mauritania	100.0	106.2	113.9	122.3	125.1	132.9	140.4	147.3	153.4	:
Mauritius	100.0	108.9	118.5	130.0	133.2	137.1	146.1	151.8	157.1	118.2
Morocco	100.0	103.3	105.4	109.5	110.6	111.7	112.7	114.1	116.3	104.6
Mozambique	100.0	113.2	122.5	135.1	139.5	157.2	173.6	177.4	184.9	:
Namibia	100.0	105.0	112.1	123.7	134.5	140.6	147.7	157.3	166.4	124.7
Niger	100.0	100.4	100.8	112.2	113.5	114.5	117.9	118.4	120.7	104.8
Nigeria	100.0	108.2	114.1	127.7	143.0	162.5	180.2	202.2	219.4	145.8
Rwanda	100.0	108.9	118.8	137.2	151.3	154.8	163.6	173.8	181.1	122.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	100.0	123.1	145.9	192.6	225.2	255.3	291.8	322.8	350.3	140.9
Senegal	100.0	102.1	108.1	114.3	111.8	113.1	116.6	119.0	119.7	104.4
Seychelles	100.0	98.8	104.0	142.5	187.7	183.2	187.9	201.3	210.1	116.2
Sierra Leone	100.0	107.9	120.5	138.3	151.1	178.0	210.9	239.8	263.4	155.2
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	100.0	104.6	112.1	125.0	133.9	139.4	146.4	154.7	163.5	123.6
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:	:
Sudan	100.0	107.2	115.8	132.3	147.2	166.3	196.4	266.2	362.5	:
Swaziland	100.0	105.2	113.7	128.1	137.6	143.8	152.6	166.2	175.7	:
Tanzania	100.0	107.3	114.8	126.6	142.0	151.0	170.1	197.4	213.0	149.7
Togo	100.0	102.3	103.3	112.2	114.3	115.9	120.1	123.2	125.5	108.2
Tunisia	100.0	104.2	107.7	113.0	117.0	122.2	126.5	133.5	141.6	120.9
Uganda	100.0	107.2	113.7	127.4	144.0	149.8	177.8	203.7	215.0	148.8
Zambia	100.0	109.0	120.6	135.7	153.8	166.9	181.4	193.3	207.1	130.8
Zimbabwe	100.0	104.2	100.0	107.3	114.3	117.7	121.8	126.3	131.5	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.5.b:** Consumer price index (1) (2005=100)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	100.0	102.3	104.7	108.6	109.6	111.9	115.4	118.4	120.2	120.9
Belgium	100.0	102.3	104.2	108.9	108.9	111.4	115.1	118.2	119.6	120.2
Bulgaria	100.0	107.4	115.6	129.4	132.6	136.6	141.2	144.6	145.1	142.8
Czech Republic	100.0	102.1	105.1	111.7	112.4	113.7	116.2	120.3	121.9	122.4
Denmark	100.0	101.8	103.5	107.3	108.4	110.8	113.8	116.5	117.0	117.4
Germany	100.0	101.8	104.1	107.0	107.2	108.4	111.1	113.5	115.3	116.2
Estonia	100.0	104.5	111.5	123.3	123.6	127.0	133.4	139.0	143.5	144.2
Ireland	100.0	102.7	105.6	108.9	107.1	105.4	106.6	108.7	109.2	109.6
Greece	100.0	103.3	106.4	110.9	112.4	117.7	121.4	122.6	121.6	119.9
Spain	100.0	103.6	106.5	110.9	110.6	112.9	116.4	119.2	121.0	120.8
France	100.0	101.9	103.6	106.8	106.9	108.8	111.3	113.8	114.9	115.6
Croatia	100.0	103.3	106.0	112.2	114.7	115.9	118.5	122.5	125.3	125.6
Italy	100.0	102.2	104.3	108.0	108.8	110.6	113.8	117.5	119.0	119.3
Cyprus	100.0	102.3	104.5	109.0	109.2	112.0	115.9	119.5	120.0	119.7
Latvia	100.0	106.6	117.3	135.2	139.6	137.9	143.7	147.0	147.0	148.1
Lithuania	100.0	103.8	109.8	122.0	127.1	128.6	133.9	138.1	139.8	140.1
Luxembourg	100.0	103.0	105.7	110.0	110.0	113.1	117.3	120.7	122.8	123.6
Hungary	100.0	104.0	112.3	119.1	123.9	129.7	134.8	142.4	144.9	144.9
Malta	100.0	102.6	103.3	108.1	110.1	112.4	115.2	118.9	120.1	121.0
Netherlands	100.0	101.7	103.3	105.5	106.6	107.6	110.2	113.3	116.2	116.6
Austria	100.0	101.7	103.9	107.3	107.7	109.5	113.4	116.3	118.8	120.5
Poland	100.0	101.3	103.9	108.3	112.6	115.6	120.1	124.5	125.5	125.6
Portugal	100.0	103.0	105.5	108.3	107.4	108.9	112.7	115.9	116.4	116.2
Romania	100.0	106.6	111.8	120.7	127.4	135.2	143.0	147.9	152.6	154.7
Slovenia	100.0	102.5	106.4	112.3	113.3	115.6	118.0	121.4	123.7	124.1
Slovakia	100.0	104.3	106.2	110.4	111.4	112.2	116.8	121.2	122.9	122.8
Finland	100.0	101.3	102.9	106.9	108.7	110.5	114.2	117.8	120.4	121.8
Sweden	100.0	101.5	103.2	106.7	108.7	110.8	112.3	113.4	113.9	114.1
United Kingdom	100.0	102.3	104.7	108.5	110.8	114.5	119.6	123.0	126.1	128.0
Iceland	100.0	104.7	108.5	122.3	142.2	152.8	159.2	168.8	175.8	177.5
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	100.0	102.5	103.2	106.7	109.2	111.8	113.1	113.6	115.8	118.0
Switzerland	100.0	101.0	101.8	104.2	103.4	104.1	104.2	103.4	103.5	103.5
Montenegro	100.0	102.9	107.4	116.8	120.8	121.6	125.5	130.1	132.9	132.0
FYR of Macedonia	100.0	103.2	105.6	114.3	113.4	115.2	119.7	123.7	:	:
Albania	100.0	102.3	105.3	109.4	111.3	115.3	119.3	121.6	124.1	126.1
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	100.0	109.6	119.2	131.6	139.9	151.9	161.7	176.1	189.2	206.0

(1) Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP).

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [prc_hicp_aind](#) and [cpc_ecprice](#))



Definitions

General government sector is defined in ESA 2010 as including “all government units and all non-market non-profit institutions (NPIs) that are controlled by government units.” It also comprises other non-market producers under public control.

Government revenue comprises the following categories of the general government accounts: market output; output for own final use; payments for non-market output; receivable taxes on production and imports; other receivable subsidies on production; receivable property income; current taxes on income, wealth, etc.; net social contributions; other current transfers; receivable capital transfers.

Government expenditure corresponds to the following categories of the general government accounts: intermediate consumption; gross capital formation; compensation of employees; other payable taxes on production; payable subsidies; payable property income; current taxes on income, wealth, etc.; social benefits other than social transfers in kind; social transfers in kind - purchased market production; other current transfers; adjustment for the change in pension entitlements; payable capital transfers; acquisitions less disposals of non-produced assets.

Government fiscal balance corresponds to government overall surplus/deficit. By definition, the difference between general government revenue and general government expenditure is net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) of the general government sector.

For African countries, the **external debt** (total outstanding debt) is the amount, at any given time, of disbursed and outstanding contractual liabilities of residents of a country to non-residents to repay principal, with or without interest, or to pay interest with or without principal. It is the sum of public and publicly-guaranteed short and long-term debt, private non-guaranteed short and long-term debt and the use of IMF credit.

For European countries, the **government debt** is defined as the total consolidated gross debt at nominal value at the end of the year in the following categories of government liabilities: currency and deposits, securities other than shares (excluding financial derivatives), and loans.

Consumer price indices (CPIs) measure the change over time in the prices of consumer goods and services acquired, used or paid for by households. They show the cost of acquisition of a basket of goods and services purchased by the average consumer. Weights for the computation of the index numbers are obtained from household budget surveys.

Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICP) are a set of European Union consumer price indices (CPIs) calculated according to a harmonised approach and a single set of definitions. They are designed for international comparison of consumer price inflation. The CPIs presented for the European countries are HICPs. HICPs are not strictly comparable with national CPIs.

Industry & services

7



Table 7.1.a: Production indices (2010=100)

	Industrial production index			Mining production index			Manufacturing production index		
	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
Africa	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	100.4	102.0	102.9	90.5	85.4	90.5	98.7	98.8	100.5
Angola	95.7	101.2	:	95.0	100.3	:	99.5	103.2	:
Benin	107.3	109.9	114.2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Botswana	:	:	:	100.2	92.5	108.5	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	92.5	96.5	101.2	101.3	99.4	:	88.3	91.6	:
Burundi	108.5	118.3	119.5	114.5	155.4	88.3	107.4	114.9	113.6
Cameroon	102.3	105.0	116.3	:	:	:	102.1	104.7	119.9
Cape Verde	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Central African Republic	107.7	114.1	68.2	111.4	123.8	39.3	106.9	111.1	77.3
Chad	96.2	93.1	82.4	:	:	:	:	:	:
Comoros	:	100.0	91.3	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	92.6	124.4	130.2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Egypt	:	:	:	:	:	:	99.5	100.3	99.8
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gabon	100.0	107.8	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gambia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ghana	157.0	170.4	181.8	306.5	356.6	402.2	117.0	119.3	119.9
Guinea	100.0	88.4	87.8	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Kenya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Lesotho	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Malawi	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mali	111.2	113.1	116.5	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritania	99.6	103.7	115.4	97.6	100.6	:	105.6	126.9	:
Mauritius	101.2	103.3	107.6	81.0	74.3	70.9	101.4	103.3	107.7
Morocco	:	:	:	105.2	101.8	99.9	103.4	104.5	104.8
Mozambique	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Namibia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Niger	105.6	112.2	127.6	98.1	109.5	:	133.5	115.4	:
Nigeria	107.5	109.0	109.4	102.4	97.5	85.0	117.8	133.7	162.8
Rwanda	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Senegal	106.5	105.9	101.0	118.2	114.8	92.6	107.1	105.5	100.4
Seychelles	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	:	:	:	99.1	96.0	100.0	102.8	105.2	106.7
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Tanzania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Togo	107.7	114.4	101.4	126.0	158.2	191.2	115.6	117.4	112.8
Tunisia	96.3	98.3	100.0	78.8	78.9	76.3	98.9	100.6	102.9
Uganda	:	:	:	:	:	:	103.9	107.6	:
Zambia	105.6	107.6	111.8	100.9	99.0	100.8	110.6	:	:
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC



Table 7.1.b: Production indices (2010=100)

	Industrial production index			Mining production index			Manufacturing production index		
	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	103.1	100.9	100.4	93.0	87.5	85.2	104.5	102.2	101.8
Belgium	104.1	101.9	102.9	103.4	97.0	88.8	105.9	103.9	104.7
Bulgaria	105.7	105.5	105.5	108.2	105.5	99.2	105.1	105.3	105.9
Czech Republic	105.7	104.8	105.0	101.1	96.6	85.9	107.3	106.6	107.6
Denmark	101.8	102.0	102.4	92.7	87.6	72.5	104.8	106.8	109.4
Germany	106.6	106.3	106.5	100.0	94.3	83.6	108.0	107.4	107.7
Estonia	119.4	121.2	126.3	108.2	103.9	115.3	122.0	124.6	129.5
Ireland	99.6	98.1	95.9	84.9	75.9	109.0	100.1	98.9	96.4
Greece	94.2	92.2	89.2	98.0	97.1	86.0	90.9	87.7	86.8
Spain	98.3	91.5	89.9	81.8	62.3	53.6	98.9	91.1	90.0
France	102.2	99.5	98.9	100.3	96.8	96.7	103.7	100.4	99.2
Croatia	98.8	93.5	91.7	95.1	80.2	78.3	101.4	96.1	92.5
Italy	101.2	94.8	91.8	102.5	103.6	94.6	101.6	94.7	91.8
Cyprus	92.3	83.4	72.2	92.9	62.0	39.6	92.0	82.7	71.0
Latvia	108.1	114.8	114.4	106.3	107.0	111.1	110.6	120.9	121.7
Lithuania	106.6	110.6	114.2	109.9	105.2	117.3	110.4	116.0	121.3
Luxembourg	101.9	96.4	92.6	112.1	112.4	101.3	102.7	97.0	93.7
Hungary	105.6	104.1	105.7	110.3	119.6	110.6	106.1	104.8	106.7
Malta	100.0	105.4	99.8	89.9	116.6	123.7	99.7	105.0	99.0
Netherlands	99.3	98.8	99.3	91.9	91.4	97.6	103.3	102.6	101.5
Austria	106.8	106.5	107.4	108.4	108.3	100.8	106.9	106.5	107.7
Poland	106.7	108.1	110.6	101.6	98.6	101.7	107.7	109.2	112.1
Portugal	99.0	92.9	93.4	95.1	73.7	64.4	99.2	96.8	97.6
Romania	109.1	111.9	120.2	103.6	114.4	116.2	108.7	111.8	120.9
Slovenia	101.2	100.7	99.3	92.1	85.3	86.4	101.0	99.3	97.3
Slovakia	105.3	113.7	119.6	98.7	95.6	94.6	107.2	119.4	127.2
Finland	101.3	99.8	96.6	106.4	98.5	102.8	102.6	101.5	97.6
Sweden	102.0	100.8	96.1	104.0	107.0	106.4	102.2	98.4	94.2
United Kingdom	99.4	96.3	96.1	85.9	76.6	74.6	102.0	100.5	100.0
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	95.5	98.1	93.2	91.9	91.9	88.3	101.0	103.7	107.5
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	89.8	83.5	92.3	106.5	84.1	82.9	106.9	96.1	91.3
FYR of Macedonia	106.9	104.0	107.3	102.6	104.4	108.0	109.6	107.2	110.2
Albania	111.9	118.7	135.1	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	102.4	99.8	105.8	109.9	109.4	115.9	99.7	98.4	103.7
Turkey	109.9	112.5	116.5	106.6	108.7	104.9	110.4	112.7	117.7

Source: Eurostat (online data code: sts_inpr_a and cpc_insts)



Table 7.2.a: Electricity production (GWh)

	Gross production (public and autoproducer)			of which					
				Hydro-electricity			Electricity from solid fuels		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Africa	713 479	744 162	791 901	116 935	120 285	127 791	573 973	598 680	636 123
Algeria	56 985	56 149	58 618	126	99	62	56 776	55 819	58 271
Angola	6 000	6 370	6 762	4 287	4 588	4 909	1 710	1 778	1 849
Benin	162	162	299	1	1	1	160	160	290
Botswana	2 257	2 626	2 931	-	-	-	2 250	2 617	2 917
Burkina Faso	479	731	791	97	106	64	382	625	722
Burundi	184	184	184	179	179	179	4	4	4
Cameroon	6 167	6 523	6 903	4 470	4 783	5 118	1 574	1 613	1 652
Cape Verde	297	297	349	-	-	-	290	290	315
Central African Republic	176	192	207	149	159	170	27	28	30
Chad	235	269	286	-	-	-	235	269	286
Comoros	62	66	65	5	5	5	57	60	60
Congo	1 349	1 407	1 468	827	864	903	522	543	565
Congo, Dem. Republic	7 274	7 278	7 281	7 235	7 235	7 235	36	38	39
Côte d'Ivoire	8 977	9 102	7 469	1 789	1 914	2 434	7 016	7 016	4 844
Djibouti	348	82	355	-	-	-	345	80	352
Egypt	157 024	157 930	166 379	12 935	13 840	12 755	142 468	142 468	151 134
Equatorial Guinea	410	413	939	14	18	543	396	396	396
Eritrea	387	404	421	-	-	-	383	398	414
Ethiopia	7 567	8 461	12 526	6 485	7 306	10 959	564	564	564
Gabon	2 017	2 113	2 213	1 030	1 082	1 136	974	1 017	1 063
Gambia	238	238	310	-	-	-	236	236	304
Ghana	12 023	12 871	13 303	8 070	8 233	7 753	3 953	4 635	5 546
Guinea	1 145	1 183	1 182	542	580	654	598	598	521
Guinea-Bissau	75	75	139	-	-	-	75	75	136
Kenya	8 540	8 989	9 490	2 402	2 498	2 598	3 274	3 405	3 541
Lesotho	280	385	385	280	385	385	-	-	-
Liberia	40	40	105	-	-	-	40	40	104
Libya	31 183	31 183	34 378	-	-	-	31 174	31 174	34 369
Madagascar	2 349	2 422	2 498	817	858	901	1 512	1 542	1 573
Malawi	2 180	2 442	2 640	2 164	2 380	2 618	7	43	8
Mali	1 682	1 736	2 101	766	820	1 001	864	864	1 024
Mauritania	383	391	605	115	123	87	268	268	394
Mauritius	2 537	2 886	2 599	98	95	99	1 757	2 291	1 801
Morocco	26 356	26 689	38 748	1 816	2 990	3 514	23 812	22 483	33 376
Mozambique	16 744	15 026	17 906	16 567	14 542	16 169	21	318	1 569
Namibia	1 454	1 496	1 535	1 413	1 442	1 470	41	41	46
Niger	399	452	664	-	-	-	399	448	658
Nigeria	25 391	25 200	36 042	5 307	5 267	6 220	20 084	19 934	29 748
Rwanda	348	769	821	150	214	214	196	256	308
São Tomé and Príncipe	28	28	29	11	11	11	18	18	18
Senegal	2 932	2 952	2 876	290	311	278	2 586	2 586	2 520
Seychelles	405	409	430	-	-	-	404	408	412
Sierra Leone	313	332	314	268	287	145	45	45	142
Somalia	342	362	383	11	11	11	331	351	372
South Africa	258 237	283 728	286 710	7 858	7 858	7 858	235 766	260 017	262 952
South Sudan	193	271	297	18	21	21	175	250	275
Sudan	11 554	11 599	11 643	7 884	7 884	7 884	3 460	3 504	3 548
Swaziland	700	700	700	212	212	212	315	315	315
Tanzania	5 871	6 051	6 246	1 472	1 560	1 654	4 293	4 385	4 482
Togo	202	208	336	89	95	136	111	111	171
Tunisia	18 056	18 369	16 079	196	60	54	17 746	17 944	15 813
Uganda	2 224	3 203	3 207	1 514	2 393	2 393	547	613	613
Zambia	11 916	11 917	11 918	11 134	11 134	11 134	781	781	781
Zimbabwe	8 800	8 800	8 836	5 844	5 844	5 844	2 917	2 917	2 917

Source: Statistics Division, AUC



Table 7.2.b: Electricity production (GWh)

	Gross production (public and autoproducer)			of which					
	2012	2013	2014	Hydro-electricity			Electricity from solid fuels		
				2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	3 296 551	3 261 537	:	391 138	427 214	:	901 699	871 835	:
Belgium	83 084	83 456	:	2 943	3 046	:	3 388	3 009	:
Bulgaria	47 329	43 784	:	4 593	5 398	:	22 876	19 392	:
Czech Republic	87 573	87 065	:	3 569	4 512	:	44 449	41 705	:
Denmark	30 725	34 749	:	17	13	:	10 564	14 292	:
Germany	629 812	633 158	:	33 247	33 956	:	277 128	282 632	:
Estonia	11 967	13 275	:	42	26	:	9 800	11 490	:
Ireland	27 596	26 122	:	1 213	1 255	:	8 101	7 241	:
Greece	60 959	57 152	:	4 763	6 412	:	31 119	26 406	:
Spain	297 559	283 566	:	27 302	44 816	:	55 074	41 031	:
France	565 768	572 517	:	67 633	79 801	:	18 922	21 938	:
Croatia	10 557	13 431	:	4 944	8 174	:	2 238	2 421	:
Italy	299 277	289 807	:	45 234	55 966	:	49 141	45 105	:
Cyprus	4 717	4 290	:	0	0	:	0	0	:
Latvia	6 167	6 209	:	3 677	2 838	:	2	3	:
Lithuania	5 043	4 762	:	1 422	1 590	:	0	0	:
Luxembourg	3 818	2 888	:	2 199	2 176	:	0	0	:
Hungary	34 626	30 273	:	206	208	:	6 344	6 300	:
Malta	2 294	2 254	:	0	0	:	0	0	:
Netherlands	102 505	100 875	:	104	114	:	24 212	24 614	:
Austria	72 617	68 301	:	50 092	47 734	:	4 407	4 203	:
Poland	162 139	164 557	:	2 860	3 521	:	134 573	137 718	:
Portugal	46 614	51 672	:	7 625	15 882	:	13 087	11 838	:
Romania	59 045	58 888	:	12 459	15 487	:	22 901	16 936	:
Slovenia	15 729	16 087	:	4 208	5 132	:	5 145	4 876	:
Slovakia	28 664	28 832	:	4 359	4 965	:	3 416	3 074	:
Finland	70 399	71 251	:	16 667	12 672	:	10 779	13 861	:
Sweden	166 562	153 166	:	78 585	61 080	:	876	982	:
United Kingdom	363 406	359 150	:	11 175	10 440	:	143 157	130 768	:
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	147 716	134 240	:	143 338	128 959	:	35	40	:
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	2 844	3 945	:	1 471	2 498	:	1 367	1 441	:
FYR of Macedonia	6 262	6 094	:	1 036	1 572	:	4 832	4 024	:
Albania	4 725	6 959	:	4 718	6 950	:	0	0	:
Serbia	36 799	39 877	:	10 479	11 442	:	26 316	28 667	:
Turkey	239 497	240 154	:	56 669	58 225	:	66 332	61 925	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: nrg_105a)

**Table 7.3.a:** Arrivals of non-resident tourists at the border (1000) ⁽¹⁾

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa ⁽²⁾	49 205	54 306	62 249	66 490	66 980	73 210	68 869	63 665	:	65 773
Algeria	1 443	1 638	1 743	1 772	1 912	2 070	2 395	2 634	2 575	3 157
Angola	210	121	195	294	366	425	481	528	536	641
Benin	960	975	1 010	1 027	911	964	1 005	220	:	238
Botswana	1 684	1 642	1 965	2 344	2 468	2 532	2 634	2 374	:	2 594
Burkina Faso	245	264	289	272	269	274	282	263	:	282
Burundi	148	214	192	202	212	142	189	205	149	157
Cameroon	176	451	477	487	498	573	604	492	:	485
Cape Verde	198	242	267	285	287	336	428	533	:	622
Central African Republic	12	14	17	31	52	54	57	65	:	65
Chad	59	76	107	97	115	111	111	86	:	86
Comoros	26	29	15	15	11	15	19	21	21	23
Congo	35	46	55	62	94	101	96	256	:	252
Congo, Dem. Republic	81	74	65	67	70	97	79	167	:	199
Côte d'Ivoire	404	428	406	379	353	348	344	361	370	396
Djibouti	30	40	40	53	58	51	32	:	:	:
Egypt	8 608	9 083	11 091	12 835	12 536	14 731	9 845	11 196	9 192	9 756
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	83	78	81	70	79	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	227	330	358	383	427	468	598	596	563	693
Gabon	526	789	781	822	839	874	881	517	:	571
Gambia	460	613	487	643	142	91	57	157	107	178
Ghana	429	497	587	698	803	931	1 005	1 234	1 122	1 123
Guinea	45	46	30	24	...	12	131	96	:	104
Guinea-Bissau	5	12	30	30	30	30	30	:	30	:
Kenya	1 479	1 601	1 817	1 203	1 490	1 609	1 823	1 619	:	1 257
Lesotho	131	347	292	285	320	414	397	422	418	457
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	562	125	106	760	806	834	772	79	:	91
Madagascar	277	312	344	375	163	196	225	256	181	218
Malawi	438	638	735	742	755	746	767	751	:	756
Mali	126	130	132	136	116	129	130	32	:	:
Mauritania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	761	788	907	930	871	935	965	965	9 931	1 036
Morocco	6 077	6 777	7 701	8 209	8 661	9 752	9 834	9 375	9 943	10 398
Mozambique	954	1 095	1 259	1 439	1 711	1 836	2 012	2 113	1 969	2 060
Namibia	778	833	929	931	980	984	1 027	1 063	1 004	1 072
Niger	58	60	48	73	66	71	82	85	80	84
Nigeria	2 778	3 056	5 239	5 820	6 053	6 113	6 078	768	:	834
Rwanda	404	494	566	621	646	619	844	815	1 066	944
São Tomé and Príncipe	16	12	12	15	15	8	10	12	10	22
Senegal	779	876	879	877	815	906	1 151	989	:	1 039
Seychelles	129	141	161	159	158	175	194	208	230	232
Sierra Leone	40	34	32	36	37	39	52	60	59	50
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	5 530	6 259	6 774	7 157	7 012	8 074	8 339	9 188	9 515	10 070
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	246	328	436	440	420	495	536	814	:	792
Swaziland	1 182	1 200	1 230	1 186	1 344	1 343	1 328	1 093	1 612	1 132
Tanzania	613	644	719	770	714	783	868	1 043	:	1 192
Togo	81	94	86	74	150	202	300	235	251	263
Tunisia	6 975	7 176	7 512	7 750	7 611	7 715	5 451	5 950	:	6 069
Uganda	468	539	642	844	807	946	1 151	1 197	:	1 306
Zambia	669	757	897	812	710	815	969	859	915	929
Zimbabwe	1 559	2 287	2 506	1 956	2 017	2 239	2 261	1 673	:	1 848

⁽¹⁾ Please note the difference in definition between Africa and the European Union; please consult the methodological notes for details.

⁽²⁾ The Africa total is based on the available countries.

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.3.b:** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in tourist accommodation establishments (1000) ⁽¹⁾

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	:	:	:	:	257 725	273 122	295 830	305 933	323 936	:
Belgium	6 747	6 994	7 045	7 165	6 814	7 186	7 494	7 560	7 684	:
Bulgaria	1 936	2 050	2 227	2 223	1 944	2 079	2 409	2 632	2 821	2 792
Czech Republic	6 336	6 435	6 680	6 649	6 032	6 334	6 715	7 647	7 852	8 096
Denmark	2 002	2 035	2 027	1 967	1 792	1 987	2 146	2 232	2 329	2 465
Germany	21 500	23 569	24 393	24 858	24 125	26 765	28 264	30 299	31 407	32 860
Estonia	1 453	1 428	1 380	1 433	1 381	1 564	1 808	1 874	1 940	1 983
Ireland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	2 243
Greece	7 349	7 748	8 954	8 886	10 861	11 286	12 549	11 462	13 786	:
Spain	37 407	43 144	43 953	43 718	39 204	43 183	47 653	48 101	49 799	52 359
France	41 944	39 476	40 417	39 122	35 882	36 729	41 607	42 328	46 001	46 074
Croatia	6 625	6 646	7 028	7 082	6 962	6 653	7 237	10 139 ^(b)	10 775	11 439
Italy	38 055	41 194	42 873	41 797	41 125	43 794	47 461	48 739	50 263	51 662
Cyprus	1 763	1 771	1 785	1 762	1 672	1 814	1 947	2 021	1 948	1 936
Latvia	730	816	845	945	754	878	1 063	1 096 ^(b)	1 250	1 431
Lithuania	648	720	805	858	711	792	943	1 148 ^(b)	1 260	1 357
Luxembourg	911	906	916	878	849	805	874	950 ^(b)	944	1 038
Hungary	3 446	3 310	3 451	3 516	3 228	3 386	3 671	4 164 ^(b)	4 388	4 618
Malta	1 031	1 012	1 049	1 079	958	1 119	1 198	1 196	1 312	1 399
Netherlands	10 012	10 739	11 008	10 104	9 921	10 883	11 299	11 634	12 783 ^(b)	13 925
Austria	17 128	17 562	18 113	19 077	18 534	19 210	20 180	21 212	21 783	22 246
Poland	4 310	4 314	4 387	4 046	3 862	4 135	4 410	4 979	5 243	5 470
Portugal	5 769	6 349	6 788	6 962	6 439	6 756	7 264	7 503	8 400	9 688
Romania	1 430	1 380	1 551	1 466	1 276	1 346	1 517	1 653 ^(b)	1 715	1 912
Slovenia	1 515	1 571	1 704	1 870	1 731	1 767	1 921	2 125 ^(b)	2 226	2 374
Slovakia	1 498	1 594	1 665	1 740	1 283	1 313	1 448	1 511	1 653	1 460
Finland	2 080	2 317	2 472	2 494	2 220	2 319	2 623	2 778	2 797	2 731
Sweden	4 883	4 696	5 128	4 728	4 855	4 951	5 006	4 944	5 030	5 455
United Kingdom	19 039	20 954	21 063	19 550	19 426	20 484	21 211	21 854 ^(b)	:	:
Iceland	853	952	1 036	1 083	1 209	1 187	1 383	1 621	1 918	:
Liechtenstein	64	69	73	73	67	64	67	62 ^(b)	60	61
Norway	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4 538	4 778	4 855
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	191	270	556	576	474	500	532	564	612	595
FYR of Macedonia	197	202	229	252	256	259	324	347	395	417
Albania	57	63	67	56	65	74	136	149	118	174
Serbia	452	468	693	642	603	640	713	786	889	:
Turkey	12 953	11 897	14 794	13 648	14 389	17 415	19 264	20 481	21 182	23 609

⁽¹⁾ Please note the difference in definition between Africa and the European Union; please consult the methodological notes for details.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [tour_occ_arn2](#) and [cpc_intour](#))

**Table 7.4.a:** Number of mobile phone subscriptions (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	91	149	218	273	355	425	498	595	682	742
Algeria	151	402	609	785	757	900	884	943	979	1 008
Angola	46	97	178	280	370	428	456	470	471	619
Benin	62	78	125	253	434	585	799	853	899	933
Botswana	282	331	434	857	878	1 329	1 451	1 432	1 501	1 606
Burkina Faso	29	45	74	123	195	239	347	473	571	664
Burundi	14	21	25	35	61	103	137	178	257	250
Cameroon	89	128	168	247	328	413	425	457	640	704
Cape Verde	141	173	226	315	570	591	750	793	842	1 001
Central African Republic	15	25	27	83	136	202	225	224	253	295
Chad	13	21	45	89	170	209	238	318	355	356
Comoros	13	24	60	92	132	171	225	287	323	473
Congo	111	158	252	345	471	551	940	938	1 012	1 048
Congo, Dem. Republic	36	48	79	108	159	147	179	231	280	418
Côte d'Ivoire	94	130	230	400	550	681	761	864	963	954
Djibouti	43	57	57	87	139	157	199	228	247	280
Egypt	105	192	247	381	548	727	904	1 037	1 153	1 215
Equatorial Guinea	105	159	193	233	272	294	570	591	677	675
Eritrea	5	8	12	16	20	25	32	41	50	56
Ethiopia	2	6	11	16	25	50	83	128	237	273
Gabon	364	537	636	821	896	929	1 069	1 173	1 874	2 148
Gambia	120	165	273	503	713	781	855	995	836	1 000
Ghana	80	128	237	247	328	413	425	457	1 003	1 082
Guinea	17	21	:	213	288	325	404	494	456	633
Guinea-Bissau	29	72	108	208	344	378	392	407	694	741
Kenya	73	152	200	250	352	461	523	640	719	718
Lesotho	96	130	184	247	301	332	492	607	753	863
Liberia	31	50	83	162	234	283	393	492	564	594
Libya	88	357	691	778	1 256	1 599	1 804	1 638	1 558	1 650
Madagascar	19	28	56	114	243	307	366	400	394	369
Malawi	18	21	47	72	115	176	218	251	278	323
Mali	32	58	123	181	238	307	482	683	895	1 291
Mauritania	176	237	327	425	611	621	769	895	1 060	1 025
Mauritius	440	526	635	734	812	850	928	1 004	1 131	1 232
Morocco	310	394	527	641	740	812	1 015	1 136	1 200	1 285
Mozambique	35	72	108	141	197	261	295	341	331	480
Namibia	140	216	297	371	478	1 632	1 952	2 240	1 030	1 184
Niger	14	24	35	59	133	192	245	316	324	393
Nigeria	67	133	226	275	418	482	551	586	677	733
Rwanda	15	24	33	64	129	231	327	399	497	568
São Tomé and Príncipe	52	78	116	191	316	394	620	683	710	649
Senegal	106	159	258	358	455	567	667	733	875	929
Seychelles	658	57	797	83	92	127	127	138	1 586	1 473
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	143	182	206	348	364	370	657
Somalia	61	59	63	67	69	68	67	182	226	494
South Africa	441	704	811	853	895	912	979	1 232	1 306	1 456
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	253
Sudan	28	7	119	19	26	38	41	738	605	729
Swaziland	132	181	224	335	462	561	618	710	660	715
Tanzania	51	43	140	83	124	175	210	240	571	557
Togo	63	78	125	204	259	356	413	416	499	625
Tunisia	381	566	722	767	833	938	1 054	1 161	1 200	1 156
Uganda	42	57	68	181	289	306	404	507	459	441
Zambia	41	83	141	219	286	346	416	606	758	715
Zimbabwe	34	51	67	98	133	320	612	721	969	963

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.4.b:** Number of mobile phone subscriptions (per 1000 inhabitants)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010 ^(b)	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	870	960	1 060	1 160	1 220	1 250	1 236	1 279	1 307	1 317
Belgium	810	840	890	980	1 050	1 080	1 112	1 144	1 181	1 179
Bulgaria	620	800	1 070	1 290	1 370	1 390	1 359	1 474	1 601	1 629
Czech Republic	1 060	1 150	1 240	1 240	1 330	1 360	1 276	1 290	1 295	1 264
Denmark	960	1 010	1 070	1 160	1 200	1 240	1 415	1 473	1 543	1 501
Germany	900	960	1 040	1 180	1 310	1 320	1 170	1 211	1 242	1 269
Estonia	930	1 070	1 170	1 200	1 210	1 170	1 205	1 350	1 499	1 525
Ireland	940	1 030	1 120	1 150	1 220	1 190	1 124	1 134	1 197	1 223
Greece	840	1 120	1 250	1 450	1 690	1 800	1 172	1 121	1 205	1 241
Spain	910	990	1 050	1 090	1 100	1 110	1 185	1 249	1 220	1 184
France	720	770	820	870	910	950	936	1 001	1 057	1 107
Croatia	640	820	970	1 070	1 100	910	:	:	1 231	1 208
Italy	1 080	1 220	1 370	1 520	1 520	1 510	1 584	1 615	1 656	1 660
Cyprus	900	1 040	1 130	1 240	1 290	1 330	1 243	1 296	1 312	1 286
Latvia	660	810	950	970	980	990	1 580	1 701	1 898	2 314
Lithuania	890	1 270	1 390	1 450	1 490	1 480	1 558	1 614	1 649	1 678
Luxembourg	1 430	1 560	1 520	1 440	1 460	1 460	1 432	1 428	1 458	1 486
Hungary	860	920	990	1 100	1 220	1 180	1 084	1 102	1 107	1 137
Malta	770	810	860	900	940	1 020	1 062	1 267	1 299	1 316
Netherlands	910	970	1 130	1 180	1 230	1 220	1 165	1 251	1 312	1 201
Austria	980	940	920	890	870	830	1 434	1 511	1 592	1 563
Poland	600	760	960	1 090	1 160	1 180	1 148	1 208	1 327	1 365
Portugal	930	1 090	1 160	1 270	1 410	1 510	1 526	1 573	1 577	1 596
Romania	470	620	810	1 060	1 140	1 180	1 188	1 168	1 129	1 129
Slovenia	930	880	910	960	1 020	1 030	1 032	1 055	1 069	1 094
Slovakia	790	840	910	1 120	1 020	1 020	1 140	1 119	1 153	1 211
Finland	960	1 030	1 080	1 150	1 300	1 450	1 508	1 633	1 694	1 716
Sweden	980	1 010	1 060	1 110	1 190	1 260	1 307	1 380	1 443	1 471
United Kingdom	1 000	1 090	1 160	1 210	1 260	1 300	1 331	1 352	1 307	1 297
Iceland	1 000	900	950	1 060	1 070	1 060	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	750	790	820	910	970	970	:	:	:	:
Norway	990	1 030	1 050	1 080	1 110	1 110	:	:	:	:
Switzerland	850	920	1 000	1 090	1 170	1 210	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	790	886	1 147	1 116	1 643	2 549	2 251	1 870	1 597	:
FYR of Macedonia	492	598	695	884	1 223	948	1 098	1 105	1 085 ^(b)	1 085
Albania	404	488	607	737	935	1 314	:	1 849	:	:
Serbia	579	700	895	1 143	1 194	1 351	1 357	1 404	1 266	1 281
Turkey	491	609	726	889	933	878	851	886	906	921

Source: Eurostat (online data code: *isoc_tc_ac2* (2004-2008), *isoc_tc_mcsupe* (2009 onwards), *cpc_inisoc* and *demo_pjan*)



Definitions

Industrial production index provides a measure of the volume trend in value added at factor cost over a given reference period. In practice, however, value added is not available on a monthly basis in most countries. Therefore, data is generally collected for variables other than value added, with possible alternatives including gross production values, volumes, turnover, work input, raw material input, energy input. The production index is a volume index, which should cover NACE sections B (**mining and quarrying**), C (**manufacturing**) and D (electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply). For European countries, data are adjusted by working days.

Electricity production is the process of creating electricity from other forms of energy. Electrical energy covers electricity generated in all types of power plants (e.g. in nuclear, thermal, hydro, wind, photovoltaic or other plants) to be distributed to consumers through the grid or consumed locally. The gross electricity generation at the plant level is defined as the electricity measured at the outlet of the main transformers, i.e. the consumption of electricity in the plant auxiliaries and in transformers is included. The production of electricity includes, on the one hand, public utilities, whose primary purpose is to generate and transmit electric energy to the public, and on the other, private self-production units that produce electric energy intended, in whole or in part, for their own use. It is measured in terms of kilowatt hour (KWh).

Hydro-electricity refers to potential and kinetic energy of water converted into electricity in hydroelectric plants.

Solid fuel refers to various types of solid material that are used as fuel in power stations to produce energy and provide heating, usually released through combustion.

For African countries, **arrivals of non-resident tourists** refers to all persons checked at the frontier travelling for pleasure, health, business, meetings or studies and stopping in that country for twenty-four hours or more. The figures exclude immigrants and residents in a frontier zone.

For European countries, **arrivals of non-residents tourists** refer to arrivals to a country of visitors who are not residents of that country, taking a trip of less than a year and staying in tourist accommodation establishments. The trips may be for any main purpose (except to be employed by a resident entity in the place visited). An arrival is defined as a person (tourist) who arrives at a tourist accommodation establishment and checks in. Tourists arriving in non-rented accommodation are not recorded. Tourists travelling inside the country and staying in more than one tourist accommodation establishment during their trip are counted as a new arrival each time they register to an accommodation establishment.

Tourist accommodation establishments include hotels and similar accommodation, holiday accommodation and other short-stay accommodation, as well as camping grounds, recreational vehicle parks and trailer parks.

Number of mobile phone subscriptions per 1 000 inhabitants for EU countries (except Croatia) from 2009 onwards give the number of active SIM cards divided per 1 000 inhabitants. It includes both voice and data services, installed in telephones, modem, usb keys or other devices.

Number of mobile phone subscriptions per 1 000 inhabitants for EU countries until 2009 and for non-EU countries + Croatia give the number of subscribers per 1 000 inhabitants to the services of the operators offering mobile telecommunication connected to an automatic public mobile telephone service using cellular technology. It also includes pre-paid cards. One person may have more than one subscription.

External economic relations

8

**Table 8.1.a:** Balance of payments - current account balance (% of GDP)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	-1.8	-5.8	7.1	0.4	0.2	-0.7	-1.1	-2.2	-3.7
Algeria	24.7	22.5	20.5	0.3	7.6	8.9	5.9	0.4	-4.0
Angola	25.2	15.6	8.5	-9.9	9.0	11.8	11.0	5.8	2.7
Benin	-5.7	-10.2	-8.1	-8.9	-7.3	-3.5	-7.9	-14.5	-15.2
Botswana	17.2	15.4	10.2	-3.0	-6.0	-0.6	-3.9	10.4	7.9
Burkina Faso	-9.1	-8.3	-11.5	-4.6	-3.6	-1.3	-0.7	-10.4	-10.7
Burundi	-14.7	-15.7	-16.1	-9.3	-14.8	-12.0	-9.4	-8.3	-9.5
Cameroon	1.2	1.4	-4.7	-7.7	-3.4	-2.8	-3.3	-3.8	-4.2
Cape Verde	-5.4	-14.7	-13.7	-14.6	-12.4	-16.3	-11.5	-3.5	-9.0
Central African Republic	-3.2	-6.4	-9.9	-8.1	-9.9	-7.2	-4.6	-3.0	-5.2
Chad	5.9	-3.6	7.1	-8.7	-10.6	-2.3	-8.5	-9.9	-9.3
Comoros	-6.1	-6.8	-11.2	-9.2	-10.4	-13.6	-8.2	-5.7	-7.8
Congo	1.6	-18.2	2.6	-8.1	5.2	0.8	-2.4	-4.7	-6.3
Congo, Dem. Republic	-2.1	-0.7	1.9	7.0	1.1	6.7	-1.1	-1.6	-3.1
Côte d'Ivoire	2.8	-1.5	-17.5	-10.5	-8.1	-11.5	-8.1	-10.2	-8.4
Djibouti	-14.7	-25.7	-24.3	-9.1	-5.8	-12.6	-18.4	-23.8	-19.6
Egypt	1.6	1.7	0.5	-2.3	-2.0	-2.6	-3.9	-2.4	-0.8
Equatorial Guinea	9.1	1.1	-2.3	-17.7	-13.1	-14.1	-16.0	-8.1	-9.9
Eritrea	-3.6	-6.1	-5.5	-7.6	-5.6	0.6	2.3	0.3	0.2
Ethiopia	-9.1	-4.8	-5.9	-6.0	-6.2	-0.7	-7.3	-6.0	-8.6
Gambia	17.4	17.9	22.0	11.9	8.7	13.2	14.0	12.1	6.7
Gabon	-8.8	-9.7	-12.6	-10.7	-16.0	-9.5	-16.7	-14.4	-10.7
Ghana	-8.3	-8.7	-11.0	-6.6	-8.6	-9.0	-11.7	-11.9	-9.2
Guinea	-7.5	-10.9	-11.2	-9.1	-1.9	-20.5	-23.8	-22.0	-26.2
Guinea-Bissau	-5.6	-52.6	-3.3	-5.7	-8.3	-1.3	-7.8	-4.1	-0.5
Kenya	-2.1	-3.8	-6.5	-7.9	-6.0	-9.4	-8.6	-2.9	-7.5
Lesotho	4.8	13.4	12.0	-0.6	-5.7	-11.0	-5.9	-7.9	-3.4
Liberia	-13.9	-31.4	-44.3	-29.2	-59.6	-57.4	-50.6	-43.5	-36.5
Libya	46.7	37.5	42.2	14.8	19.5	9.1	29.1	13.6	-23.3
Madagascar	-10.1	-11.9	-20.6	-21.1	-9.7	-6.9	-6.7	-5.4	-2.3
Malawi	-7.2	-9.6	-22.2	-12.1	-13.2	-9.2	-15.7	0.0	-23.8
Mali	-6.3	-9.8	-12.2	-7.3	-12.8	-6.2	-2.6	-1.8	-6.2
Mauritania	-1.3	-10.5	-14.7	-10.7	-7.4	-5.4	-25.3	-22.9	-13.1
Mauritius	-9.4	-5.4	-10.1	-7.4	-7.7	-9.0	-6.3	-8.9	-8.2
Morocco	2.0	-0.1	-5.2	-5.4	-4.1	-11.4	-11.1	-7.6	-6.0
Mozambique	-16.2	-16.1	-16.4	-12.7	-7.3	-27.0	-44.4	-37.2	-39.2
Namibia	15.9	9.4	8.8	4.4	0.9	-1.2	-2.6	-4.8	-4.0
Niger	-8.6	-8.2	-13.0	-20.1	-19.8	-22.3	-15.3	-16.6	-20.3
Nigeria	26.5	18.7	37.0	30.4	3.9	3.0	4.1	3.9	2.6
Rwanda	-7.1	-2.7	-6.0	-7.3	-7.3	-7.5	-11.4	-7.1	-11.8
São Tomé and Príncipe	-28.6	-38.6	-22.0	-25.5	-23.0	-26.6	-22.5	-18.3	-17.0
Senegal	-9.2	-11.6	-14.1	-6.7	-4.5	-8.0	-10.9	-10.8	-9.3
Seychelles	-13.1	-28.5	-17.5	-9.6	-22.1	-29.3	-26.3	-15.2	-12.3
Sierra Leone	-3.5	-3.4	-9.1	-6.5	-22.1	-57.6	-33.1	-37.3	-35.6
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	-5.3	-7.2	-7.2	-4.0	-1.5	-2.2	-5.0	-5.8	-5.8
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	:	9.5	-18.0	7.7
Sudan	-15.2	-12.5	-2.0	-10.0	-2.5	-1.9	-9.6	-8.7	-8.4
Swaziland	-6.7	-4.6	-7.4	-12.9	-10.0	-8.2	3.8	5.3	2.4
Tanzania	-8.0	-9.8	-11.3	-9.0	-5.3	-8.8	-6.3	-10.0	-11.1
Togo	-8.6	-9.1	-7.0	-5.6	-6.3	-9.1	-9.6	-8.8	-5.9
Tunisia	-1.8	-2.4	-3.8	-2.8	-4.8	-7.4	-8.3	-8.4	-7.9
Uganda	-2.9	-2.3	-7.7	-6.6	-8.4	-9.6	-6.7	-7.5	-5.2
Zambia	-0.4	-6.5	-7.1	4.2	5.9	3.0	3.1	0.7	0.0
Zimbabwe	-6.0	-4.3	-19.3	-25.0	-22.7	-29.8	-24.6	-25.4	-23.1

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.1.b:** Balance of payments - current account balance (% of GDP)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	-1.2	-1.2	-2.1	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	0.6	1.0	0.9
Belgium	1.9	1.9	-1.0	-1.1	1.8	-1.1	-0.1	-0.2	0.1
Bulgaria	-17.6	-24.3 ^(b)	-22.4	-8.6	-0.9	0.9	-0.3	1.9	1.2
Czech Republic	-2.1	-4.3	-1.9	-2.3	-3.6	-2.1	-1.6	-0.5	0.6
Denmark	3.2	1.4	2.7	3.3	5.7	5.7	5.7	7.2	7.8
Germany	5.7	6.8	5.6	5.7	5.6	6.1	6.8	6.4	7.4
Estonia	-15.0	-15.0	-8.7	2.5	1.8	1.4	-2.5	-0.1	1.1
Ireland	-5.0	-6.1	-5.8	-4.2	-0.8	-1.2	-1.6	3.2	3.7
Greece	-11.6	-15.2	-15.1	-12.4	-11.4	-10.0	-3.8	-2.0	-2.1
Spain	-9.0	-9.6	-9.3	-4.3	-3.9	-3.2	-0.2	1.5	1.0
France	0.0	-0.3	-1.0	-0.8	-0.8	-1.0	-1.2	-0.8	-0.9
Croatia	-6.6	-7.2	-8.9	-5.1	-1.2	-0.8	-0.2	0.9	0.8
Italy	-1.6	-1.5	-2.9	-1.9	-3.5	-3.1	-0.4	0.9	1.9
Cyprus	-7.0	-11.8	-15.7 ^(b)	-7.8	-10.7	-4.0	-5.6	-4.4	-4.5
Latvia	-20.7	-20.7	-12.3	8.1	2.3	-2.8	-3.2	-2.3	-1.9
Lithuania	-10.5	-15.0	-13.3	2.1	-0.3	-3.9	-1.2	1.5	3.6
Luxembourg	10.1	10.1	7.7	7.4	6.8	6.2	6.0	5.8	5.4
Hungary	-7.1	-7.2	-7.0	-0.8	0.3	0.8	1.8	4.0	2.3
Malta	-6.6	-1.9	-1.1	-6.6	-4.7	-2.4	1.3	3.7	2.7
Netherlands	8.0	6.0	4.1	5.8	7.4	9.1	10.9	11.1	10.7
Austria	3.3	3.8	4.5	2.6	2.9	1.6	1.5	2.0	2.0
Poland	-4.0	-6.3	-6.7	-4.0	-5.4	-5.2	-3.7	-1.3	-2.0
Portugal	-10.7	-9.7	-12.1	-10.4	-10.1	-6.0	-2.0	1.4	0.6
Romania	-10.3	-13.8	-11.8	-4.8	-5.1	-4.9	-4.8	-1.1	-0.5
Slovenia	-1.8	-4.1	-5.3	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	2.6	5.6	7.0
Slovakia	-9.5	-5.9	-6.5	-3.5	-4.7	-5.0	0.9	2.0	0.1
Finland	3.8	3.8	2.2	1.9	1.2	-1.8	-1.9	-1.7	-0.9
Sweden	8.3	8.9	8.6	5.9	6.0	6.9	6.6	6.7	6.2
United Kingdom	-2.3	-2.5	-3.6	-3.0	-2.8	-1.7	-3.3	-4.5	-5.2
Iceland	-23.2	-13.6	-22.8	-9.9	-6.6	-5.4	-4.2	5.8	3.4
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	17.1	13.9	17.5	13.1	12.2	13.5	12.4 ^(b)	10.0	9.4
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	-31.4	-39.5	-49.7	-27.8	-22.9	-17.7	-18.7	-14.6	-9.8
FYR of Macedonia	-0.4	-6.9	-12.7	-6.8	-2.0	-2.5	-3.0	-1.8	-1.3
Albania	-6.6	-10.5	-15.7	-15.4	-11.3	-13.2	-10.2	-10.8	-13.1
Serbia	-9.6	-17.2	-20.9	-6.2	-6.3	-8.6	-10.0	-4.6	-6.0
Turkey	-6.1	-5.8	-5.5	-2.0	-6.3	-9.7	-5.9	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop_gdp6_q](#), [bop_q_gdp](#), [cpc_ecbop](#) and [cpc_ecnagdp](#))

**Table 8.2.a:** Balance of payments - current accounts, services balance (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	-128	-188	-306	-454	-379	-456	-431	:	:
Angola	-4 843	-9 020	-14 820	-13 521	-13 364	-16 508	-20 029	:	:
Benin	-108	-145	-111	-198	-104	-92	-95	:	:
Botswana	923	548	-974	-2 210	-2 251	-1 664	-2 232	:	:
Burkina Faso	-255	-265	-323	-293	-404	-523	-621	-642	-734
Burundi	-134	-111	-119	-90	-67	-73	-87	:	:
Cameroon	-365	-288	-809	-382	-414	-89	-390	-402	:
Cape Verde	105	143	167	116	150	185	227	287	221
Central African Republic	-55	-63	-66	-65	-86	-88	-88	:	:
Chad	-1 574	-1 105	-1 068	-665	-1 120	-1 107	-1 182	:	:
Comoros	-6	-6	-10	-18	-22	-23	-26	:	:
Congo	-1 724	-2 006	-1 546	-1 438	-2 290	-2 284	-2 046	-1 881	-1 864
Congo, Dem. Republic	-382	-861	-863	-848	-1 709	-1 548	-1 533	-1 344	:
Côte d'Ivoire	-1 107	-1 133	-1 117	-1 088	-1 244	-1 421	-1 417	:	-2 137
Djibouti	128	111	114	137	85	119	125	:	:
Egypt	6 572	8 432	10 137	9 003	7 794	5 630	4 340	5 048	4 392
Equatorial Guinea	-891	-1 020	-1 382	-1 286	-1 548	-1 908	-2 130	:	-2
Eritrea	-334	175	44	210	254	443	335	:	:
Ethiopia	119	146	85	302	386	541	58	346	534
Gabon	-865	-941	-981	-797	-1 347	-1 371	-1 505	-1 636	:
Gambia	41	49	43	41	28	41	46	52	:
Ghana	-10	-11	-36	-121	-172	-206	-140	:	:
Guinea	-180	-173	-231	-186	-266	-383	-638	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	-15	-12	-13	-18	-22	-23	-22	:	:
Kenya	846	919	952	848	1 136	1 134	1 770	:	1 911
Lesotho	-29	-25	-189	-253	-298	-309	-302	:	-20
Liberia	-753	-662	-682	-534	-626	-455	-580	:	:
Libya	-1 875	-1 882	-2 563	-3 371	-4 462	-3 132	-5 335	:	-5 797
Madagascar	-207	-242	-450	-502	-226	-224	-413	:	:
Malawi	-76	-58	-57	-63	-66	-64	-98	:	:
Mali	-288	-292	-389	-339	-478	-516	-593	-738	:
Mauritania	-256	-403	-424	-285	-415	-398	-671	:	:
Mauritius	288	460	423	450	536	569	753	363	637
Morocco	4 241	4 923	4 534	3 858	3 840	3 830	4 154	:	4 179
Mozambique	-284	-292	-278	-312	-473	-1 016	-2 494	:	-2 199
Namibia	541	451	-333	462	1 083	138	247	:	430
Niger	-190	-208	-321	-457	-605	-576	-616	-618	-696
Nigeria	-9 457	-12 517	-15 268	-12 062	-13 878	-15 432	-16 968	:	:
Rwanda	-106	-90	-68	-131	-186	-134	-72	:	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	-8	-9	-8	-6	-8	-9	-6	-9	:
Senegal	-28	-28	-82	-93	-53	-89	-156	:	:
Seychelles	692	842	1 573	2 123	1 474	1 735	2 444	2 535	2 667
Sierra Leone	-35	-39	-43	-46	-70	-58	:	:	-440
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	-11 218	-13 804	-22 714	-16 840	-24 486	-24 585	-35 491	:	-16 427
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:	:
Sudan	-1 790	-1 543	-1 350	-1 232	-1 651	-1 034	-727	:	:
Swaziland	-72	-194	-314	-290	-314	-304	-484	:	-404
Tanzania	224	339	237	105	118	66	332	:	:
Togo	-65	-51	-52	-58	-59	-72	-113	-102	76
Tunisia	1 966	1 979	2 206	2 455	2 654	1 502	2 372	2 138	2 735
Uganda	-179	-231	-288	-263	-376	-471	-291	:	:
Zambia	-81	-118	-111	-59	-89	-107	-116	-118	:
Zimbabwe	-97	-105	-140	-192	-338	461	-367	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.2.b:** Balance of payments - current accounts, services balance (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	64 832	82 146	71 762	69 916	81 205	102 374	132 969	150 798	155 654
Belgium	4 484	2 856	5 237	7 099	8 118	7 248	6 530	6 399	5 193
Bulgaria	923	1 817 ^(*)	2 033	1 957	2 651	2 900	2 732	2 735	2 530
Czech Republic	2 705	3 170	3 581	3 104	3 098	3 309	3 087	2 713	2 031
Denmark	4 379	4 368	5 454	1 980	5 149	4 160	4 851	6 617	7 960
Germany	-34 758	-35 031	-31 607	-19 910	-27 477	-32 471	-35 905	-44 755	-39 966
Estonia	1 010	1 113	1 448	1 427	1 342	1 306	1 356	1 320	1 680
Ireland	-12 311	-12 387	-16 466	-15 828	-14 704	-9 956	-8 566	-1 555	-8 828
Greece	13 990	15 140	15 682	11 505	12 122	13 609	13 840	15 751	18 271
Spain	27 064	28 749	29 822	29 541	33 925	42 588	45 249	47 654	48 468
France	15 280	20 151	19 659	12 728	15 439	24 017	24 858	22 398	17 830
Croatia	5 783	6 416	6 945	5 793	5 767	6 195	6 520	6 763	7 222
Italy	-3 213	-8 244	-10 543	-8 996	-9 153	-6 157	-129	692	-559
Cyprus	3 350	3 671	3 298 ^(*)	3 038	3 145	3 369	3 297	3 135	2 933
Latvia	790	1 132	1 395	1 430	1 301	1 480	1 623	1 773	1 746
Lithuania	848	596	583	715	1 122	1 267	1 389	1 357	1 638
Luxembourg	12 483	14 282	14 987	12 916	12 710	13 749	15 024	16 249	17 222
Hungary	1 131	907	1 310	1 174	2 643	3 286	3 797	3 993	5 109
Malta	755	1 021	1 287	1 043	1 212	1 380	1 455	1 645	1 643
Netherlands	-8 138	-6 744	-6 663	-7 424	-7 420	-10 022	-9 150	-5 513	-3 713
Austria	8 379	9 887	12 230	10 870	10 346	10 661	10 672	10 190	10 511
Poland	2 037	5 342	5 075	5 016	3 296	5 164	6 002	7 644	8 575
Portugal	5 661	7 094	7 182	6 288	6 463	8 011	9 493	11 071	11 478
Romania	4 151	3 013	2 930	958	1 495	1 657	2 476	4 701	5 866
Slovenia	937	984	1 410	1 111	1 211	1 406	1 511	1 762	1 736
Slovakia	987	627	-339	-903	-651	-270	421	411	85
Finland	-972	238	268	-102	172	-132	-1 844	-1 447	-1 820
Sweden	3 711	5 050	4 191	3 750	5 232	7 415	7 748	9 278	6 943
United Kingdom	62 799	74 246	60 939	58 202	63 272	77 582	89 541	95 397	110 742
Iceland	-185	152	221	485	659	625	602	889	872
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	1 457	1 038	170	1 272	-2 407	-3 218	-4 724 ^(*)	-5 394	-5 057
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	166	395	371	401	464	589	612	653	690
FYR of Macedonia	153	210	188	205	132	359	309	361	358
Albania	-32	19	69	174	232	135	213	155	268
Serbia	-41	-261	-185	21	8	163	156	334	465
Turkey	11 138	10 182	12 794	13 322	12 565	14 461	18 845	17 679	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop_c6_q](#), [bop_q_c](#), [bop_eu6_q](#) and [cpc_ecbop](#))

**Table 8.3.a:** Balance of payments - current accounts, trade balance (% of GDP)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	9.0	7.5	7.9	0.4	2.7	2.9	1.8	0.5	-1.3
Algeria	29.1	25.2	23.8	5.6	11.2	14.0	9.7	4.5	2.3
Angola	51.1	50.8	51.0	24.2	39.7	42.5	37.4	29.2	26.4
Benin	-10.5	-14.4	-13.7	-11.3	-9.5	-7.1	-12.3	-18.4	-12.8
Botswana	16.9	13.9	3.9	-7.5	-6.8	-4.8	-13.3	1.6	-4.1
Burkina Faso	-8.0	-8.8	-10.7	-5.8	-1.4	0.0	-1.3	-3.1	-4.1
Burundi	-20.5	-24.7	-16.5	-15.8	-31.1	-31.2	-32.8	-29.5	-28.1
Cameroon	3.7	3.6	-0.8	-4.6	-0.9	-2.2	-1.0	-1.1	-1.1
Cape Verde	-41.7	-49.6	-42.5	-39.5	-40.1	-45.1	-40.2	-34.2	-32.6
Central African Republic	-3.0	-4.2	-7.7	-7.2	-9.5	-5.7	-6.0	-8.4	-18.4
Chad	31.6	26.2	20.1	0.8	6.9	10.9	7.5	6.1	7.4
Comoros	-21.7	-24.1	-32.4	-30.1	-28.5	-28.6	-33.4	-32.3	-30.0
Congo	52.6	39.7	52.8	45.2	49.4	47.9	44.6	35.4	31.9
Congo, Dem. Republic	0.4	13.0	14.3	18.4	12.1	23.5	12.7	10.8	9.9
Côte d'Ivoire	17.9	8.9	-1.1	-5.2	4.7	2.8	-0.2	-0.2	3.4
Djibouti	-43.8	-50.1	-51.4	-35.6	-26.1	-33.7	-39.3	-41.2	-49.9
Egypt	-11.2	-12.5	-14.2	-13.4	-11.7	-11.7	-13.1	-13.0	-12.4
Equatorial Guinea	72.6	68.7	52.1	23.9	24.8	34.4	38.6	34.9	35.5
Eritrea	-29.2	-24.2	-22.0	-19.9	-19.6	-10.3	-4.6	-5.5	-5.5
Ethiopia	-23.7	-20.5	-21.2	-22.4	-24.8	-18.1	-18.6	-18.0	-17.6
Gabon	47.1	47.0	51.8	35.8	34.7	36.9	35.8	34.6	33.8
Gambia	-20.8	-20.8	-21.4	-22.3	-22.5	-23.9	-28.0	-25.3	-22.9
Ghana	-24.1	-15.7	-17.9	-8.6	-9.2	-7.7	-10.0	-7.9	-5.0
Guinea	2.6	-0.3	-0.6	-0.2	0.6	-9.4	-11.2	-9.1	-8.7
Guinea-Bissau	-9.1	-41.1	-8.2	-9.8	-8.3	-0.2	-4.7	-3.5	-2.7
Kenya	-14.5	-15.7	-18.5	-18.7	-17.3	-22.0	-20.4	-19.4	-17.0
Lesotho	-48.4	-50.6	-39.4	-48.9	-48.8	-43.2	-46.5	-48.3	-58.6
Liberia	-46.3	-39.3	-41.3	-36.5	-35.8	-40.5	-33.9	-30.3	-37.2
Libya	49.6	39.2	46.9	23.7	32.2	22.7	43.3	27.2	-13.7
Madagascar	-10.2	-13.6	-20.2	-19.5	-12.6	-10.1	-11.1	-7.8	-7.6
Malawi	-24.0	-24.7	-18.3	-7.8	-12.3	-8.6	-11.7	-10.5	-8.0
Mali	1.2	-4.1	-7.3	-2.4	-9.8	-3.1	1.1	-3.3	-7.7
Mauritania	7.4	0.8	-3.5	-3.6	3.2	5.5	-11.0	-7.8	-4.2
Mauritius	-16.7	-18.0	-20.6	-17.5	-19.5	-20.9	-21.5	-19.0	-18.5
Morocco	-15.0	-18.7	-21.5	-17.9	-16.4	-19.5	-21.0	-19.6	-18.2
Mozambique	-7.8	-8.4	-11.6	-13.3	-9.4	-19.8	-27.7	-26.5	-30.7
Namibia	2.7	-2.3	-0.8	-9.7	-4.8	-9.9	-12.5	-15.0	-19.2
Niger	-6.6	-5.9	-8.2	-14.9	-11.3	-14.5	-6.5	-5.0	-13.8
Nigeria	23.9	23.0	21.6	14.4	8.3	7.6	9.2	8.5	7.4
Rwanda	-10.0	-11.3	-15.9	-14.5	-13.4	-17.2	-19.1	-15.3	-19.8
São Tomé and Príncipe	-41.0	-41.8	-46.0	-37.9	-42.4	-42.2	-36.5	-37.1	-37.2
Senegal	-17.1	-22.0	-25.4	-15.9	-14.9	-17.5	-20.5	-21.0	-22.4
Seychelles	-28.5	-41.0	-38.9	-35.4	-39.4	-41.1	-41.4	-30.1	-37.5
Sierra Leone	-6.6	-5.7	-8.0	-7.8	-17.5	-42.5	-21.0	7.4	6.6
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	-1.7	-2.0	-1.6	0.1	1.8	1.6	-1.2	-2.1	-2.7
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	56.1	-19.1	15.8	14.0
Sudan	-3.5	2.5	7.8	-1.2	3.5	3.9	-5.0	-6.2	-3.9
Swaziland	-8.5	-3.3	-0.3	-3.8	-3.8	-1.1	1.9	7.0	5.7
Tanzania	-13.6	-15.7	-16.4	-13.4	-10.5	-12.6	-13.2	-12.4	-12.7
Togo	-15.0	-16.2	-14.3	-13.0	-14.2	-22.4	-21.2	-22.6	-25.3
Tunisia	-7.3	-7.4	-8.9	-8.5	-10.4	-10.5	-13.6	-12.8	-13.6
Uganda	-8.4	-7.3	-11.2	-9.1	-11.3	-11.4	-9.6	-8.7	-9.7
Zambia	12.2	7.8	2.8	7.1	13.3	9.3	5.8	5.4	6.7
Zimbabwe	-7.8	-5.2	-18.6	-29.4	-19.6	-28.7	-23.4	-25.1	-31.7

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.3.b:** Balance of payments - current accounts, trade balance (% of GDP)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	-1.4	-1.3	-1.7	-0.7	-0.9	-0.9	-0.3	0.3	0.3
Belgium	0.8	0.9	-2.8	-1.0	-0.9	-2.6	-2.5	-1.6	-1.0
Bulgaria	-21.0	-24.7 ^(b)	-25.6	-13.4	-9.6	-6.6	-9.6	-7.0	-6.5
Czech Republic	0.7	0.3	-0.1	1.7	1.0	1.9	3.1	4.1	5.6
Denmark	2.0	1.0	1.0	3.5	4.0	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.1
Germany	6.8	8.0	7.2	5.7	6.3	6.1	7.1	7.4	7.9
Estonia	-17.6	-15.7	-12.7	-5.1	-2.7	-2.1	-6.7	-4.8	-5.1
Ireland	14.8	14.6	17.5	23.0	25.0	24.1	22.3	20.7	23.5
Greece	-16.3	-18.4	-17.8	-14.0	-13.5	-12.7	-10.8	-11.4	-12.4
Spain	-8.6	-8.6	-7.8	-3.8	-4.4	-4.1	-2.8	-1.4	-2.1
France	-1.2	-1.7	-2.4	-1.9	-2.4	-3.1	-2.6	-2.0	-1.6
Croatia	-21.1	-21.8	-22.4	-16.5	-13.2	-14.3	-14.3	-15.1	-14.7
Italy	-0.7	0.1	-0.2	0.0	-1.4	-1.1	1.0	2.2	3.0
Cyprus	-27.2	-29.8	-30.5 ^(b)	-21.9	-23.1	-20.4	-18.1	-16.2	-16.1
Latvia	-24.3	-22.8	-17.2	-8.1	-8.3	-12.1	-11.5	-10.9	-9.5
Lithuania	-13.7	-15.1	-13.4	-4.3	-5.9	-6.6	-3.3	-2.6	-2.6
Luxembourg	-8.8	-7.6	-7.9	-4.5	-4.0	-5.0	-3.4	-2.1	-0.7
Hungary	-2.3	-0.4	-0.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.4	2.5
Malta	-15.8	-16.0	-20.3	-18.2	-19.0	-17.5	-15.4	-14.7	-14.0
Netherlands	9.5	9.7	9.4	8.7	9.5	10.1	11.1	12.0	12.1
Austria	1.0	1.4	0.5	-0.2	-0.5	-1.2	-1.0	-0.3	0.5
Poland	-2.9	-5.2	-6.5	-2.4	-3.0	-3.5	-2.1	-0.1	-0.8
Portugal	-11.6	-11.4	-13.4	-10.3	-10.7	-8.2	-5.5	-4.7	-5.4
Romania	-16.2	-16.8	-15.4	-7.5	-7.6	-7.0	-6.9	-4.0	-4.2
Slovenia	-2.9	-4.0	-5.6	-1.2	-2.1	-2.6	-0.2	2.0	3.2
Slovakia	-6.3	-1.8	-1.9	0.4	-0.1	-0.1	3.5	4.1	3.8
Finland	4.8	4.8	3.6	2.3	1.3	-0.8	-0.2	0.1	0.6
Sweden	6.5	5.5	5.3	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.1
United Kingdom	-5.6	-6.1	-6.3	-5.8	-6.2	-5.8	-6.4	-6.7	-6.9
Iceland	-15.7	-9.7	-4.3	3.5	4.0	2.1	0.7	0.4	-0.5
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	17.3	14.7	18.7	14.3	13.8	14.5	14.1 ^(b)	11.6	10.1
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	-45.0	-57.6	-65.6	-44.3	-40.8	-40.4	-44.1	-39.9	-25.6
FYR of Macedonia	-20.6	-22.2	-28.6	-25.8	-21.6	-25.3	-26.5	-22.9	-21.8
Albania	-23.1	-26.9	-27.6 ^(b)	-26.6	-23.2	-24.2	-20.9	-19.7	-21.5
Serbia	-20.4	-24.0	-25.2	-16.1	-15.4	-15.9	-17.3	-11.6	-12.4
Turkey	-7.8	-7.2	-7.2	-4.0	-7.8	-11.5	-8.4	-9.7	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: *bop_gdp6_q*, *bop_q_gdp*, *cpc_ecbop* and *cpc_ecnagdp*)

**Table 8.4.a:** Foreign direct investment - inward flows (EUR per capita)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	39.6	40.2	38.0	34.4	32.5	39.7	38.9
Algeria	35.9	51.0	56.6	46.8	48.8	30.3	32.5
Angola	-37.4	63.0	85.6	-124.4	-107.1	-257.7	-150.5
Benin	23.1	13.8	11.2	14.0	11.8	21.8	23.4
Botswana	188.2	183.0	351.8	52.1	393.1	57.1	70.3
Burkina Faso	16.7	10.4	4.5	1.7	6.4	15.6	16.7
Burundi	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.5
Cameroon	7.6	-0.9	25.1	19.7	22.0	18.8	19.4
Cape Verde	288.9	290.6	174.9	244.7	223.2	90.2	28.3
Central African Republic	10.0	18.6	20.1	10.7	5.9	12.2	0.1
Chad	-4.9	14.9	72.8	20.1	16.7	21.4	31.7
Comoros	8.3	4.5	13.9	9.2	23.6	11.2	14.3
Congo	447.3	445.9	340.1	405.3	516.8	494.5	345.7
Congo, Dem. Republic	21.8	18.7	7.4	35.6	18.9	39.2	23.4
Côte d'Ivoire	16.8	15.9	14.0	13.5	11.1	12.6	13.8
Djibouti	170.7	181.2	82.3	24.2	65.8	99.5	247.1
Egypt	110.4	82.1	60.6	61.7	-4.3	66.3	51.0
Equatorial Guinea	1 415.3	-811.9	1 729.8	2 960.5	1 971.1	2 128.3	1 907.2
Eritrea	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	11.9	4.7	5.2	5.2
Ethiopia	2.1	0.9	2.0	2.5	5.0	2.4	7.6
Gabon	138.7	97.6	16.0	241.7	312.0	331.5	386.3
Gambia	35.2	29.0	17.0	16.7	14.8	11.0	10.3
Ghana	27.6	35.5	50.9	78.5	92.8	101.0	94.0
Guinea	30.2	27.1	10.4	7.0	61.2	41.2	1.6
Guinea-Bissau	9.6	2.8	8.5	15.8	11.0	3.1	6.4
Kenya	14.3	1.7	2.1	3.3	5.7	4.7	8.7
Lesotho	33.6	17.7	16.1	19.2	18.7	19.0	16.0
Liberia	27.8	52.5	40.9	85.7	89.0	182.7	186.4
Libya	468.8	350.3	380.6	238.2	:	180.1	85.4
Madagascar	29.9	40.5	38.1	28.9	26.7	28.3	27.6
Malawi	5.0	3.4	2.7	4.9	6.0	6.3	5.5
Mali	3.8	8.4	36.1	21.9	27.6	20.8	20.2
Mauritania	31.8	70.5	-0.7	27.3	113.6	283.4	223.8
Mauritius	194.9	202.0	138.2	263.4	250.8	369.5	156.8
Morocco	66.3	53.8	44.4	37.5	57.2	65.2	76.8
Mozambique	14.4	17.9	28.1	32.0	77.4	173.7	173.3
Namibia	249.0	221.7	177.2	274.4	262.9	296.5	229.0
Niger	6.8	16.0	38.0	44.6	46.1	38.1	26.7
Nigeria	30.4	37.1	40.3	28.8	38.8	32.8	24.4
Rwanda	6.2	7.0	8.3	2.9	6.8	10.8	7.1
São Tomé and Príncipe	167.8	335.2	68.7	214.0	125.6	93.0	117.3
Senegal	19.0	22.9	19.0	15.5	18.1	15.6	15.9
Seychelles	2 057.8	1 011.4	976.8	1 742.4	1 614.1	1 395.4	1 443.1
Sierra Leone	12.9	7.0	9.3	31.2	115.8	71.3	71.7
Somalia	11.8	6.6	8.5	8.8	7.4	8.2	7.7
South Africa	85.5	123.7	77.7	53.3	58.4	67.7	117.0
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	:	:	:
Sudan	44.1	42.5	30.8	61.2	52.8	52.0	61.5
Swaziland	24.3	62.3	40.5	85.7	55.0	56.7	40.4
Tanzania	10.4	20.0	15.8	30.4	19.0	29.3	28.7
Togo	6.4	2.8	5.9	10.3	80.3	11.0	9.3
Tunisia	117.0	182.3	117.3	107.2	76.3	114.6	75.2
Uganda	19.2	15.8	18.7	12.1	18.2	25.8	23.0
Zambia	80.5	51.4	39.3	98.6	58.1	95.7	94.0
Zimbabwe	4.0	2.8	6.1	9.6	20.7	22.6	21.3

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.4.b:** Foreign direct investment - inward flows (EUR per capita)⁽¹⁾

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 ⁽²⁾
EU-28	:	364	547	446 ^(b)	842 ^(b)	613 ^(b)	1 032 ^(b)
Belgium ⁽³⁾	6 449	12 413	2 385	3 565	4 343 ^(b)	1 362	1 468 ^(b)
Bulgaria	1 195	895	326	155	180	156	171 ^(b)
Czech Republic	744	427	202	443	159	592	357 ^(b)
Denmark	1 585	228	515	-1 575	1 700	-2 286	-157 ^(b)
Germany	712	67	197	530	522	126	96 ^(b)
Estonia	1 478	883	991	906	178	793	336 ^(b)
Ireland	4 159	-2 520	4 094	7 104	3 705	7 678	6 075 ^(b)
Greece	139	275	157	22	74	122	193 ^(b)
Spain	1 048	1 151	162	648	413	450	:
France	1 105	685	271	393	372	189 ^(b)	193 ^(b)
Croatia	843	753	562	66	250	247	:
Italy	504	-126	245	117	416	1	316 ^(b)
Cyprus ⁽³⁾	2 145	1 243	3 136	706	2 042	1 136	3 042 ^(b)
Latvia	771	393	31	134	502	426	:
Lithuania	453	417	-3	192	341	181	119 ^(b)
Luxembourg	293 255	149 531	298 045	333 874	579 597	599 280 ^(b)	622 986 ^(b)
Hungary ⁽³⁾	287	431	144	166	421	1 079 ^(b)	-245 ^(b)
Malta	1 812	1 574	698	1 696	439	25 873	21 681 ^(b)
Netherlands ⁽³⁾	5 332	189	1 686	-334	860	542	15 733 ^(b)
Austria ⁽³⁾	2 748	564	803	76	912	383	:
Poland	452	264	258 ^(b)	275	390	124	58 ^(b)
Portugal	212	302	184	189	759	664	64 ^(b)
Romania	343	460	171	109	90	106	135 ^(b)
Slovenia	651	662 ^(b)	-233	133	350	-28	-52 ^(b)
Slovakia	487	596	-1	248	466	429	:
Finland	1 724	-147	97	921	341	512	-905 ^(b)
Sweden	2 313	2 754	781	11	987	1 341	191 ^(b)
United Kingdom	2 229	997	886	599	528	688	:
Iceland	16 280	1 778	150	582	2 500	2 647	967 ^(b)
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	1 081	1 502	2 012	3 681	:	:	:
Switzerland	3 156	1 361	2 703	2 789	2 592 ^(b)	1 564	:
Montenegro	924	946	1 728	892 ^(b)	891	744	522
FYR of Macedonia	248	200	67	77	164	38	123
Albania	156	206	235	270	209	223	318
Serbia	246	248	187	118	252 ^(b)	34	107
Turkey	209	163 ^(b)	69	79	131	87	95

⁽¹⁾ Negative values for FDI denote disinvestment.

⁽²⁾ From 2013, the investment flows are defined in accordance with the IMF's Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual, sixth edition (BPM6).

⁽³⁾ Up to 2012: differing definition (see metadata associated with dataset [bop_fdi_main](#))

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop_fdi_main](#), [bop_fdi6_flow](#), [cpc_ecbop](#), [demo_pjan](#) and [cpc_psdemo](#))



Table 8.5.a: External trade - exports (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	310 584	332 860	392 459	294 315	388 313	416 764	435 729	:	:
Algeria	43 926	44 430	53 227	32 534	43 036	52 079	55 743	48 563	:
Angola	25 567	32 558	43 293	29 399	38 141	48 098	55 243	52 838	:
Benin	178	199	287	304	342	256	357	437	712
Botswana	3 516	3 790	3 272	2 442	3 533	4 615	4 963	5 151	5 819
Burkina Faso	469	455	473	584	991	1 693	1 694	1 772	1 871
Burundi	47	43	47	49	76	114	131	100	:
Cameroon	2 421	2 624	2 582	2 413	2 933	3 253	3 327	3 401	3 899
Cape Verde	76	59	78	67	42	62	51	63	:
Central African Republic	126	130	101	93	109	145	152	137	:
Chad	2 711	2 664	2 838	2 082	2 799	3 244	3 337	4 856	:
Comoros	8	10	4	11	16	18	15	8	9
Congo	5 216	4 586	6 269	5 879	8 195	9 937	8 991	8 753	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	2 233	2 695	4 425	4 146	6 665	7 354	6 757	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	6 489	5 879	6 708	7 389	7 719	7 976	8 443	10 340	:
Djibouti	162	150	164	153	197	215	229	227	:
Egypt	11 009	11 856	17 777	17 421	20 606	22 568	23 799	21 882	20 066
Equatorial Guinea	5 985	6 173	9 868	5 824	6 327	8 334	11 005	9 507	:
Eritrea	10	11	9	14	17	19	36	35	45
Ethiopia	:	1 322	1 607	1 652	2 489	2 614	3 142	3 050	4 015
Gabon	4 228	4 916	5 939	4 902	5 041	5 904	5 486	5 610	5 650
Gambia	83	92	86	192	263	83	145	91	:
Ghana	17 212	16 091	14 487	8 754	11 780	9 655	:	:	:
Guinea	829	882	960	756	1 109	1 144	1 496	1 630	:
Guinea-Bissau	65	103	117	111	128	213	120	150	185
Kenya	2 744	2 975	3 419	3 185	3 881	4 149	4 774	4 386	:
Lesotho	83	64	62	66	69	85	73	:	:
Liberia	127	153	172	115	151	553	645	410	:
Libya	26 270	28 605	34 522	21 318	29 076	11 639	13 151	:	:
Madagascar	1 695	1 847	1 941	1 545	1 693	2 132	2 563	:	:
Malawi	438	523	596	850	797	1 026	989	900	:
Mali	1 213	1 045	1 314	1 283	1 508	1 726	2 044	2 091	:
Mauritania	1 094	1 063	1 186	980	1 561	2 003	2 053	2 007	:
Mauritius	1 898	1 622	1 630	1 383	1 697	1 831	2 070	2 163	2 372
Morocco	9 501	11 058	13 718	10 036	13 409	15 560	16 670	16 558	:
Mozambique	1 911	1 769	1 797	1 546	1 759	2 228	2 996	3 110	3 544
Namibia	2 709	2 963	3 203	3 784	3 983	3 834	4 258	4 087	3 312
Niger	265	362	514	499	612	696	994	1 041	803
Nigeria	47 772	48 906	59 192	41 079	58 131	70 194	75 043	93 921	93 885
Rwanda	118	130	181	169	176	299	395	362	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	10	5	5	7	8	8	12	10	12
Senegal	1 270	1 223	1 506	1 509	1 634	1 829	1 854	1 840	:
Seychelles	337	292	296	310	303	314	386	436	404
Sierra Leone	184	179	146	169	257	427	839	1 422	1 350
Somalia	229	254	281	304	339	372	396	:	:
South Africa	52 820	56 054	58 333	47 915	64 605	66 437	67 380	60 355	:
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:	:
Sudan	4 345	6 550	7 986	5 174	8 332	6 169	2 224	2 423	:
Swaziland	1 330	1 274	1 099	1 129	1 348	1 384	1 504	1 439	:
Tanzania	1 399	1 484	2 108	2 059	2 835	3 168	3 979	3 449	:
Togo	502	494	353	407	423	505	702	787	1 020
Tunisia	12 484	14 234	16 011	14 019	17 730	17 930	20 629	20 896	21 304
Uganda	958	1 369	1 715	1 704	1 618	1 797	2 184	2 147	:
Zambia	3 039	3 381	3 407	3 024	5 409	6 364	7 279	8 189	:
Zimbabwe	1 274	1 262	1 147	1 577	2 415	2 513	2 982	2 577	2 257

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.5.b:** External trade - exports (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	1 152 357	1 234 321	1 309 147	1 093 961	1 353 195	1 554 252	1 684 193	1 736 577	1 702 888
Belgium	292 087	314 449	320 805	265 986	307 530	341 718	347 089	352 943	354 824
Bulgaria	11 748	13 512	15 204	11 699	15 561	20 265	20 770	22 271	22 054
Czech Republic	75 604	89 382	99 809	80 983	100 311	117 054	122 230	122 184	130 879
Denmark	73 716	75 280	79 496	67 382	72 747	80 362	82 090	82 901	83 609
Germany	882 532	964 038	983 255	803 012	949 629	1 058 897	1 093 630	1 093 123	1 134 809
Estonia	7 719	8 034	8 470	6 487	8 743	12 003	12 518	12 294	12 090
Ireland	86 593	88 686	85 477	83 114	87 875	90 330	90 888	86 100	88 497
Greece	17 273	19 392	21 319	17 674	21 083	24 353	27 593	27 559	27 157
Spain	170 211	184 821	191 388	162 990	191 912	220 223	229 802	238 400	244 534
France	394 925	408 327	418 983	348 035	395 087	428 501	442 643	437 383	438 532
Croatia	8 252	9 004	9 585	7 516	8 905	9 582	9 629	9 531	10 281
Italy	332 013	364 744	369 016	291 733	337 407	375 904	390 182	390 215	397 996
Cyprus	1 062	1 017	1 110	901	1 058	1 306	1 354	1 520	1 359
Latvia	4 902	6 062	6 897	5 522	7 191	9 433	10 983	10 893	10 967
Lithuania	11 263	12 509	16 077	11 797	15 651	20 151	23 048	24 545	24 401
Luxembourg	18 337	16 734	17 470	15 299	14 897	14 990	14 659	13 880	14 424
Hungary	59 936	69 610	73 772	59 513	72 024	80 684	80 612	80 941	83 398
Malta	2 226	2 508	2 367	2 049	2 705	3 151	3 308	2 738	2 118
Netherlands	369 249	401 901	433 722	356 962	433 168	479 239	510 098	505 606	505 929
Austria	108 913	119 387	123 259	98 214	115 079	127 462	129 679	131 882	133 956
Poland	88 229	102 259	115 895	97 865	120 483	135 558	144 282	154 342	163 068
Portugal	35 640	38 294	38 847	31 697	37 268	42 828	45 259	47 259	48 177
Romania	25 850	29 543	33 679	29 085	37 398	45 284	45 020	49 570	52 494
Slovenia	18 501	21 964	23 204	18 768	22 026	24 968	25 033	25 614	27 191
Slovakia	33 340	42 696	48 370	40 208	48 777	57 349	62 742	64 565	65 156
Finland	61 489	65 688	65 580	45 063	52 439	56 855	56 878	56 046	55 926
Sweden	117 707	123 179	124 645	93 763	119 597	134 313	134 387	126 147	123 735
United Kingdom	359 117	322 387	321 028	254 704	313 766	363 915	367 990	407 325	380 761
Iceland	2 758	3 479	3 650	2 908	3 478	3 839	3 928	3 762	3 792
Liechtenstein	:	:	2 678	2 038	2 413	2 698	2 811	2 752	2 843
Norway	97 331	99 265	116 348	90 605	98 432	115 313	125 066	116 204	107 460
Switzerland	117 506	125 535	133 418	122 108	155 685	166 076	240 229	267 044	231 949
Montenegro	441	455	416	277	330	454	367	376	333
FYR of Macedonia	1 918	2 446	2 698	1 925	2 535	3 215	3 124	3 235	3 723
Albania	182	265	703	780	1 169	1 400	1 531	1 761	1 827
Serbia	4 992	6 615	5 157	4 094	7 067	8 058	8 251	10 413	10 561
Turkey	68 020	78 126	89 557	73 284	85 298	96 973	118 644	114 533	118 736

Source: Eurostat (online data code: ext_lt_intertrd, ext_lt_intercc)

**Table 8.6.a:** External trade - imports (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Africa	254 794	283 820	330 104	312 514	385 860	430 721	429 586	:	:
Algeria	17 217	20 263	26 738	28 269	30 908	33 742	39 140	41 421	:
Angola	6 426	8 137	11 495	17 025	13 677	14 455	18 429	16 808	:
Benin	803	1 192	1 169	1 115	1 609	1 489	1 799	2 205	2 685
Botswana	1 571	2 131	2 583	2 745	3 256	3 924	5 108	5 157	5 741
Burkina Faso	1 051	1 094	1 331	1 489	1 627	1 851	2 664	3 136	2 534
Burundi	344	236	274	287	381	647	543	350	:
Cameroon	3 929	5 247	4 317	3 161	4 367	4 359	4 190	5 008	5 713
Cape Verde	431	543	565	510	663	872	684	659	:
Central African Republic	161	182	205	195	230	273	332	198	:
Chad	1 441	1 626	1 798	2 041	2 523	2 323	2 325	1 626	:
Comoros	8	10	4	11	16	18	15	8	9
Congo	1 579	2 874	2 414	3 204	3 079	4 815	5 803	6 341	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	2 335	2 389	2 909	2 846	8 047	8 502	8 153	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	4 637	4 875	5 378	5 000	5 917	4 839	7 603	9 567	:
Djibouti	712	824	956	944	1 174	1 410	1 794	1 690	:
Egypt	16 525	19 825	35 746	32 346	39 970	44 505	56 313	49 922	53 387
Equatorial Guinea	1 304	992	1 176	1 462	1 879	1 740	1 786	2 247	:
Eritrea	294	244	215	280	330	379	474	491	607
Ethiopia	4 253	4 242	5 836	5 754	6 598	6 823	11 080	11 156	15 530
Gabon	5 233	6 622	7 624	7 429	8 366	10 842	10 292	10 802	10 074
Gambia	208	234	220	218	222	:	:	:	:
Ghana	14 528	13 950	13 290	10 363	12 328	13 943	:	:	:
Guinea	855	924	1 008	816	1 203	1 315	1 841	4 910	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	172	194	208	226	245	198	208	229
Kenya	5 831	6 556	7 644	7 277	9 123	10 682	12 671	12 342	:
Lesotho	129	129	91	115	130	147	152	:	:
Liberia	374	388	575	405	542	746	873	913	:
Libya	4 863	4 966	6 183	7 220	7 888	3 555	4 987	:	:
Madagascar	2 988	3 321	4 425	4 457	3 999	1 005	1 454	:	:
Malawi	964	820	1 344	1 293	1 630	1 757	2 162	2 133	:
Mali	1 451	1 597	2 270	1 790	2 587	2 412	2 698	2 879	:
Mauritania	859	1 037	1 313	960	1 300	1 246	1 907	2 304	:
Mauritius	2 961	2 817	3 169	2 657	3 292	3 679	4 185	3 873	3 991
Morocco	19 092	23 313	28 719	23 442	26 709	31 811	34 889	34 062	:
Mozambique	2 126	2 062	2 468	2 464	2 648	3 835	6 141	6 396	6 560
Namibia	2 246	2 952	3 176	4 663	4 899	4 733	5 688	5 540	5 650
Niger	685	692	833	1 156	1 717	1 352	1 311	1 317	1 631
Nigeria	18 478	23 023	30 231	25 083	38 524	48 431	28 135	34 038	34 657
Rwanda	475	498	795	942	945	972	1 279	1 876	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	74	48	63	61	73	83	93	97	97
Senegal	2 882	3 450	4 332	3 371	3 502	4 074	4 580	4 564	:
Seychelles	686	511	738	573	742	719	793	813	811
Sierra Leone	317	328	361	378	584	1 228	1 245	1 342	1 158
Somalia	636	650	603	540	709	629	:	:	:
South Africa	64 958	66 389	59 332	54 471	72 557	87 476	78 957	71 526	:
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	:	:	:	:
Sudan	6 993	6 995	8 389	5 714	8 781	6 630	4 989	3 624	:
Swaziland	1 532	1 347	1 106	1 285	1 460	1 416	1 443	1 286	:
Tanzania	3 632	4 341	4 796	4 703	6 040	7 992	:	:	:
Togo	971	783	805	841	913	1 266	1 297	1 472	1 304
Tunisia	16 051	17 921	20 484	18 634	23 985	24 077	29 705	29 804	:
Uganda	2 117	2 605	3 119	3 125	3 566	4 062	4 737	4 426	:
Zambia	2 507	2 930	3 375	2 705	3 999	5 256	6 836	7 863	:
Zimbabwe	2 068	2 524	1 918	4 470	4 421	6 143	5 815	5 812	4 785

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.6.b:** External trade - imports (million EUR)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
EU-28	1 364 591	1 446 811	1 585 231	1 235 636	1 532 089	1 728 314	1 795 886	1 685 013	1 680 505
Belgium	280 053	300 298	317 043	254 367	295 072	335 447	341 787	340 039	340 594
Bulgaria	15 424	21 862	25 094	16 876	19 245	23 407	25 460	25 829	26 182
Czech Republic	74 220	86 224	96 572	75 314	95 536	109 285	110 066	108 621	114 762
Denmark	68 100	71 526	74 356	59 602	62 648	68 724	71 548	72 725	74 745
Germany	722 112	769 779	805 730	664 143	795 666	901 487	905 378	897 185	915 058
Estonia	10 711	11 439	10 896	7 270	9 268	12 543	13 848	13 889	13 745
Ireland	58 233	61 162	57 088	44 955	45 467	47 849	48 855	49 584	53 421
Greece	52 847	60 130	64 857	52 087	50 474	48 415	49 293	46 808	47 773
Spain	261 784	284 058	286 105	210 222	246 674	270 550	262 561	256 425	269 852
France	431 602	460 315	487 350	404 098	460 941	517 262	524 918	513 088	510 126
Croatia	17 105	18 833	20 817	15 218	15 137	16 281	16 214	16 581	16 869
Italy	352 465	373 340	382 050	297 609	367 390	401 428	380 292	361 002	355 115
Cyprus	5 518	6 286	7 237	5 617	6 464	6 234	5 678	4 754	5 075
Latvia	9 191	11 180	10 975	7 034	8 819	11 703	13 409	13 451	13 304
Lithuania	15 429	17 813	21 144	13 123	17 653	22 826	24 882	26 208	26 531
Luxembourg	21 611	20 452	21 864	18 160	18 928	20 733	21 437	20 087	20 052
Hungary	62 331	69 730	74 069	55 750	66 514	73 592	74 078	75 379	78 975
Malta	3 430	3 503	3 604	3 210	3 818	4 520	5 135	4 606	4 883
Netherlands	331 979	359 443	394 980	317 718	389 537	430 341	456 824	444 014	442 294
Austria	109 280	118 962	125 301	102 569	119 944	137 513	138 942	138 000	136 885
Poland	101 138	120 912	141 966	107 155	134 306	151 291	154 934	156 319	165 508
Portugal	56 295	59 927	64 194	51 379	58 647	59 229	56 166	56 906	58 854
Romania	40 746	51 305	57 148	38 948	46 850	54 943	54 645	55 280	58 542
Slovenia	19 227	23 027	25 180	19 004	22 700	25 522	24 934	25 129	25 656
Slovakia	35 828	44 229	50 253	39 898	49 050	57 358	60 241	61 543	61 837
Finland	55 253	59 616	62 402	43 655	51 899	60 535	59 517	58 407	57 674
Sweden	101 583	111 803	114 565	85 945	112 352	127 174	127 649	120 931	122 408
United Kingdom	487 951	465 715	447 228	372 581	445 874	486 446	537 487	493 807	514 851
Iceland	4 788	4 881	4 167	2 583	2 959	3 477	3 716	3 599	4 043
Liechtenstein	:	:	1 551	1 272	1 365	1 593	1 543	1 548	1 674
Norway	51 129	58 478	61 368	53 824	58 402	65 263	67 935	67 617	67 154
Switzerland	112 655	117 600	122 918	110 669	140 513	148 043	228 717	240 833	204 250
Montenegro	1 457	2 073	2 530	1 654	1 657	1 823	1 821	1 773	1 784
FYR of Macedonia	2 980	3 795	4 587	3 616	4 137	5 053	5 071	4 983	5 485
Albania	2 431	3 046	3 796	3 259	3 328	3 867	3 797	3 699	3 941
Serbia	10 463	13 501	14 316	10 386	12 475	13 706	13 522	13 345	13 512
Turkey	111 096	123 959	136 441	100 764	138 720	173 099	184 087	189 783	182 364

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ext_lt_intertrd](#), [ext_lt_intercc](#) and [cpc_etmain](#))

**Table 8.7.a:** Revenue from Official development assistance (EUR per capita)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Africa	35.9	27.5	28.0	30.4	31.5	31.6	33.1	34.9
Algeria	5.8	8.5	6.4	6.6	4.0	3.6	2.9	4.0
Angola	7.7	10.4	13.8	9.3	9.2	6.9	9.1	10.1
Benin	40.7	42.9	52.0	57.1	54.6	50.4	39.6	47.7
Botswana	29.0	41.0	249.6	101.4	59.8	43.2	28.7	40.5
Burkina Faso	49.5	46.3	43.7	48.8	51.5	44.5	54.7	46.3
Burundi	46.3	45.6	44.5	49.5	51.4	43.1	41.3	40.5
Cameroon	76.8	77.0	19.8	24.3	19.8	20.7	21.4	25.0
Cape Verde	232.3	250.8	308.2	286.5	506.9	367.3	387.2	368.0
Central African Republic	26.2	31.2	41.1	40.4	45.2	43.3	39.1	30.9
Chad	23.0	25.4	26.8	36.9	31.3	27.2	29.9	23.5
Comoros	38.7	48.6	40.5	50.8	74.2	52.9	74.4	84.1
Congo	57.1	23.3	85.6	51.8	240.5	43.9	24.9	25.5
Congo, Dem. Republic	29.8	16.4	19.1	26.4	42.3	61.9	33.8	28.7
Côte d'Ivoire	10.8	6.7	22.3	89.4	33.6	52.9	103.3	46.9
Djibouti	112.3	98.4	111.5	137.7	119.5	119.6	132.6	132.2
Egypt	9.6	10.8	15.1	9.0	5.8	3.7	17.4	50.6
Equatorial Guinea	33.6	35.7	32.8	33.3	91.7	24.3	15.0	5.7
Eritrea	21.7	24.2	19.6	20.3	21.1	15.6	17.0	10.0
Ethiopia	21.5	24.1	28.4	33.9	30.5	28.3	27.6	30.7
Gabon	16.7	26.3	29.0	37.6	50.4	32.5	34.9	41.0
Gambia	38.9	44.8	38.9	54.6	53.9	55.6	60.3	45.2
Ghana	45.0	37.6	38.1	47.8	52.6	52.1	55.4	38.7
Guinea	14.8	17.8	23.3	15.8	15.1	13.1	23.1	32.1
Guinea-Bissau	50.0	63.0	62.3	71.1	59.6	52.7	36.9	45.9
Kenya	20.8	26.0	24.1	32.4	30.0	42.2	47.8	55.0
Lesotho	27.2	44.8	45.8	41.0	96.2	93.2	107.2	116.4
Liberia	63.1	147.9	231.6	96.2	269.9	134.0	106.0	93.8
Libya	5.1	2.4	8.2	4.7	1.1	75.2	11.0	15.7
Madagascar	34.0	34.5	29.2	15.9	16.8	14.6	13.2	16.4
Malawi	44.0	40.1	44.7	38.5	51.4	37.0	57.4	51.9
Mali	51.1	53.3	45.2	47.5	58.7	63.5	52.4	68.6
Mauritania	57.8	79.3	92.9	79.6	78.2	73.8	83.6	56.5
Mauritius	12.2	39.6	57.9	86.4	76.7	107.2	111.6	89.9
Morocco	28.8	28.9	31.4	21.2	23.6	32.4	35.4	44.9
Mozambique	61.8	59.7	60.6	63.4	61.4	60.6	64.7	67.6
Namibia	57.5	73.9	64.7	104.5	88.7	93.6	91.2	85.7
Niger	32.5	28.6	28.7	22.6	35.3	28.1	40.9	32.7
Nigeria	64.0	9.8	5.8	7.7	9.7	7.7	8.8	11.0
Rwanda	51.3	54.6	63.2	65.2	71.8	81.0	59.7	69.2
São Tomé and Príncipe	118.7	238.1	200.6	135.2	208.5	282.4	201.7	202.3
Senegal	62.1	55.6	61.4	60.4	54.0	56.8	61.2	52.5
Seychelles	129.8	95.2	97.5	187.7	463.2	172.0	299.7	206.4
Sierra Leone	57.3	73.6	45.6	56.2	61.2	51.8	57.6	54.9
Somalia	37.2	33.1	58.1	52.2	38.9	79.0	76.2	71.3
South Africa	11.9	12.1	15.5	15.6	15.1	19.3	15.8	18.5
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	74.9	113.2	96.7
Sudan	41.8	38.5	42.0	39.9	43.9	21.6	20.4	23.1
Swaziland	25.0	32.8	41.2	34.5	57.8	73.6	55.7	70.0
Tanzania	37.9	50.4	37.4	48.5	49.6	37.7	46.1	52.5
Togo	11.6	15.9	38.7	60.8	48.3	59.9	28.3	24.4
Tunisia	34.6	23.3	24.8	34.9	39.0	61.2	72.7	49.0
Uganda	43.3	42.0	35.5	39.7	38.2	32.1	35.4	34.0
Zambia	100.2	61.3	61.1	71.7	52.2	54.2	52.9	59.3
Zimbabwe	17.8	28.1	33.3	42.5	42.2	38.3	56.7	43.2

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.7.b:** Disbursements for official development assistance to Africa (EUR per capita)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
EU-28	33.9	22.5	21.3	23.1	24.8 ^(b)	25.2 ^(b)	24.0 ^(b)	21.7
Belgium	64.8	46.2	40.2	53.3	84.2	54.0 ^(b)	54.3	39.4
Bulgaria	:	:	:	:	:	0.6	:	:
Czech Republic	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5
Denmark	112.7	120.6	113.4	115.3	117.2	125.3	112.0	96.0
Germany	33.7	21.5	22.3	18.3	17.9	22.5	26.4	22.0
Estonia	0.1	0.0	:	:	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.5
Ireland	74.2	84.5	92.7	74.3	65.9	62.6	59.7	58.2
Greece	1.2	2.0	2.7	3.0	2.2	1.2	0.7	0.2
Spain	8.7	12.5	16.5	24.6	20.2	11.4	5.1	6.7
France	65.5	41.0	35.7	45.8	48.8	51.0	49.1 ^(b)	36.5
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	0.0	0.0
Italy	15.0	4.1	4.1	5.3	4.7	10.0	1.5	1.7
Cyprus	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
Latvia	:	0.0	:	:	:	0.0	:	0.0
Lithuania	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	:	0.0
Luxembourg	177.1	202.5	191.4	196.0	190.6	174.4	161.4 ^(b)	176.0
Hungary	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1 ^(b)	0.1
Malta	:	:	:	:	:	:	1.1	0.7
Netherlands	65.9	75.2	62.6	53.1	62.3	42.0	34.5	38.6
Austria	53.6	37.1	13.0	12.2	21.3	10.6	15.9	8.5
Poland	2.0	0.1	0.2	0.2 ^(b)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9
Portugal	9.5	9.8	15.8	11.7	20.6	27.5	25.3	17.7
Romania	:	:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Slovenia	:	:	0.3 ^(b)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Slovakia	2.4	2.6	3.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Finland	29.2	31.8	33.5	42.1	44.0	43.2	46.5	45.2
Sweden	78.6	80.5	75.7	71.1	70.6	102.6	98.5	92.2
United Kingdom	72.3	29.6	28.5	32.4	37.1	38.6	42.2	46.3
Iceland	28.6	28.7	34.9	29.5	26.3	22.8	24.4	35.7
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	134.3	143.1	147.0	135.6	147.0	156.9	149.0	156.2
Switzerland	33.6	30.7	25.2	44.1	33.1	51.9 ^(b)	52.8	53.2
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Albania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	2.6	7.8	7.8

Source: OECD (<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/50/17/5037721.htm>) and Eurostat (online data code: [demo_pjan](#))



Definitions

Balance of payments statistics are based on the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) Balance of payments and international investment position manual - sixth edition (BPM6). The balance of payments is a statement that summarises economic transactions between residents and non-residents. The balance of payments consists of the current account, the capital account and the financial account.

The **current account** shows flows of goods, services, primary income, and secondary income between residents and non-residents. It is an important grouping of accounts within the balance of payments. The main components of the current account are:

- Trade in goods;
- Trade in services;
- Primary income account, which shows amounts payable and receivable in return for providing temporary use to another entity of labour, financial resources, or non-produced non-financial assets;
- Secondary income account, which shows redistribution of income, i.e. when resources for current purposes are provided by one party without anything of economic value being supplied as a direct return to that party. Examples include personal transfers and current international assistance.

Current **account balance** is the balance on these accounts. The current account balance shows the difference between the sum of exports and income receivable and the sum of imports and income payable (exports and imports refer to both goods and services, while income refers to both primary and secondary income). The value of the current account balance equals the saving-investment gap for the economy. Thus, the current account balance is related to understanding domestic transactions.

Services balance (current accounts) is defined as credits (exports) minus debits (imports) of services. Services include: manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others; maintenance and repair services; transport (of freight and passengers); travel; construction; insurance and pension services; financial services; charges for the use of intellectual property; telecommunications, computer, and information services; other business services (which includes miscellaneous business, professional and technical services); personal, cultural, and recreational services; government goods and services.

Trade balance (current accounts) is equal to credits (exports) less debits (imports) of goods. Both exports and imports are measured on the "free-on-board" (f.o.b.) basis – that is, by the value of the goods at the border of the exporting country. Cost-insurance-freight (c.i.f.) is not included. Goods cover general merchandise as well as other goods (including merchanting and non-monetary gold).

In international trade statistics, **exports** cover transactions in goods (sales, barter, gifts or grants) from residents to non-residents; **imports** cover transactions in goods (purchases, barter, gifts or grants) from non-residents to residents.

Foreign direct investment (FDI) is international investment when an investor resident in one economy makes an investment that gives control or a significant degree of influence on the management of an enterprise that is resident in another economy. Control exists if the direct investor (directly or indirectly) owns more than 50 percent of the voting power in the direct investment enterprise; a significant degree of influence exists if the direct investor owns from 10 to 50 percent of the voting power. In addition, there are also direct investment relationships that are both under the control or influence of the same investor.

Inward flows of FDI (or FDI flows in the reporting economy, or FDI inflows) are direct investment transactions by foreigners in enterprises resident in the reporting economy. These statistics are based on the OECD's Benchmark Definition of Foreign Direct Investment, third edition (developed in line with the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual).

Official Development Assistance (ODA) relates to grants or concessional loans (i.e. with a grant element of at least 25 percent), undertaken by the official sector, whose main objective is the promotion of economic development and welfare. It is defined as net disbursements for Official Development Assistance (ODA) at market prices to the countries of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) list of recipients. Such international cooperation falls under the secondary income account of the current account.

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With data up to and including the year 2014, this “portrait” includes various domains such as demography, health, education, national accounts, trade, and more. Tables in the eight chapters help the user to gain a detailed view on different aspects, such as mobile phone subscriptions, number of teachers, life expectancy, GDP, tourism, etc.

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