

# The European Union and the African Union

## A statistical portrait



2013 edition



AU Commission  
Statistics Division



Africa - EU  
Partnership



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**AU Commission**  
Statistics Division



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# Foreword

EUROSTAT, the statistical office of the European Union, and the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission are proud to present the third edition of this yearbook, which aims to offer a broad comparative view of the EU and AU regions in figures.

The publication is a symbol of the on-going partnership between the EU and the African Union Commission (AUC) on statistical topics.

EUROSTAT, at the centre of the European Statistical System, and the African Union Statistics Division, at the centre of the African Union Commission, engage to share good practices and lessons learnt from their experiences in producing statistics across the different domains at regional level.

Other important African statistical actors, at the continental level, are the African Centre for Statistics (ACS) of the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA) and the Statistics Department of the African Development Bank (AfDB). These three actors, together with the African Capacity Building Foundation (ACBF), constitute the African Statistical Coordination Committee. They cooperate in the preparation of the yearly African Statistical Yearbook and other strategic initiatives for statistical development on the African continent namely the African Charter on statistics, the Strategy for the Harmonization of Statistics in Africa (SHaSA), etc.

The present publication, which is largely based on the African Statistical Yearbook 2013 and the matching EU-28 data, is an example of a joint initiative between the statistical offices of the European Union and of the African Union.

We wish to thank all those who have contributed to the development of this joint publication. We remain convinced that having reliable, comparable and accessible information will make a major contribution to improve the partnership and the dialogue between our two Institutions, and the regions they represent as well as the statistics users and decision makers.



**Dr. Anthony Mothae Maruping**

AU Commissioner for Economic Affairs



**Walter Radermacher**

Director General, Eurostat



## Statistical Book

This publication has been produced by Unit A6 of Eurostat, responsible for statistical cooperation and the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission.

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We are also grateful to African National Data Correspondents (NDC) who provided useful data for their respective country for the production of the African Statistics Yearbook.



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# Introduction

## Africa-EU Strategic Partnership

The Joint Africa-EU Strategy (JAES), agreed in 2007, defines long-term policy orientations between the two continents, based on a shared vision and common principles<sup>(1)</sup>. Within this framework, the African Union and the European Union work in partnership on a range of important issues as set out in the 2nd Action Plan 2011-2013, which was adopted at the 3rd Africa EU Summit (29-30 November 2010) in Tripoli, Libya. The so-called Tripoli Declaration shapes the future relations between two continents.

The 2nd Action Plan both builds on the overarching policy framework and takes into account experience gained from implementation of the 1st Action Plan (year-year).

The four main over-arching objectives of the Joint Africa – EU Strategy are:

- improving the Africa-EU political partnership
- promoting:
  - peace, security, democratic governance and human rights
  - basic freedoms, gender equality
  - sustainable economic development, including industrialisation
  - regional and continental integration
  - ensuring that all the Millennium Development Goals are met in all African countries by 2015
- To achieve effective multilateralism
- To develop a people-centred partnership.

The Strategy's Second Action Plan sets out particular cross cutting issues and includes eight areas for strategic partnership during the 2011-2013 time periods. These eight priority areas are:

1. Peace and Security
2. Democratic Governance and Human Rights
3. Regional Economic Integration, Trade and Infrastructure
4. Millennium Development Goals
5. Climate Change
6. Energy
7. Migration, Mobility and Employment
8. Science, Information Society and Space

The African Union is a continental organisation founded in 1999 and its main objectives were to rid the continent of the remaining vestiges of colonisation and apartheid; to promote unity and solidarity among African States; to coordinate and intensify cooperation for development; to safeguard the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Member States and to promote international cooperation within the framework of the United Nations.

The vision of the African Union is that of: "An integrated, prosperous and peaceful Africa, driven by its own citizens and representing a dynamic force in global arena."

The African Union Commission is the key organ playing a central role in the day-to-day management of the African Union. Among others, it represents the Union and defends its interests; elaborates draft common positions of the African Union; prepares strategic plans and studies for the consideration of the Executive Council; elaborates, promotes, coordinates and harmonizes the programmes and policies of the African Union; ensures the mainstreaming of gender in all programmes and activities of the African Union.

The mission of the African Union Commission is to become "An efficient and value-adding institution driving the African integration and development process in close collaboration with African Union Member States, the Regional Economic Communities and African citizens". The Statistics Division of the African Union Commission will be transformed into a new African Union Institute of Statistics.

The European Union was created in the aftermath of the Second World War. The first steps were to foster economic cooperation with the belief that if countries trade with one another, and become economically interdependent, this will promote peace and stability. Since then, the union has developed into a single market with many countries adopting the euro as a common currency. Originally an economic union, there is now a European dimension to most areas of government: from development aid to environmental policy, however the extent of a European role varies. In certain policy areas, such as agriculture and fisheries, the EU member countries have transferred some of their law-making authority to the EU. In other areas, such as culture, policy-making is shared between the EU and national governments.

The European Union actively promotes human rights and democracy and has the most ambitious emission reduction targets for fighting climate change in the world. Thanks to the abolition of border controls between many European Union countries, it is now possible for people to travel freely within the European Union.

<sup>(1)</sup> For more details, see <http://www.africa-eu-partnership.org>

The European Commission is one of the main institutions of the European Union, representing and upholding the interests of the EU as a whole. It has the responsibility, and the sole right, to draft proposals for new European laws, and it manages the day-to-day business of implementing EU policies and spending EU funds. EUROSTAT is a specialised Directorate General of the European Commission.

Eurostat and the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission cooperate to develop statistics in the eight priority areas for strategic partnership, particularly in relation to Regional Integration, the Millennium Development Goals, Energy, Migration, Mobility and Employment.

## The publication

This statistical book presents a range of statistics on African and European countries.

The first chapter gives an overview of demography, key economic indicators and external trade in Africa, Europe and some selected countries or world regions.

Following this, seven thematic chapters present balanced sets of key indicators for the following sectors: demography, health, education, national accounts, economy and finance, industry and services and external economic relations. Two tables are available for each indicator, one presenting data for the African countries and the other one for the European countries.

The data presented in this publication cover the period from 2001 to 2012, or until the last year for which data are available. Each table presents indicators for African and European countries.

## Data sources

The statistics shown in this publication for the African countries have been provided by the Statistics Division of the African Union Commission in June 2013. These data were produced by the National Statistical Institutes or National Central Banks of the African countries or by international organisations as United Nations, OECD, IMF, World Bank and ILO.

EU-28 data presented in this publication have been processed and calculated by Eurostat on the basis of information provided by the National Statistical Institutes of the 28 Member States of the European Union. The information was extracted from Eurostat reference database (Eurobase) in July 2013.

## Countries and organisations

### **The aggregate Africa presented in this publication includes the following countries:**

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

The European Union and African Union fraternity joins the rest of the world in congratulating the people of South Sudan on their independence gained in July 2011. However, we have not included data for the nascent republic because most of the data points in the 2001-2012 time series would be blank.

Please note that Morocco is not a member of the African Union, however its statistics are presented in this publication.

### **The aggregate EU-28 presented in this publication includes the following countries:**

Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland, Sweden and United Kingdom.

### **European Free Trade Association (EFTA) countries are:**

Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.

### **Candidate countries to the entrance in the European Union are:**

Montenegro, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Serbia and Turkey.

## Rounding

Values and the calculations made on the basis of these values (percentages, growth rates) have been rounded, usually to the first decimal point. The sum of the individual values (or percentages) may differ slightly from the total value (or from 100%).



## Valuation

All data in value are expressed in Euros. Data for the African countries were provided to Eurostat in US Dollars; they were converted into Euros on the basis of the exchange rates published by the European Commission available in InforEuro (<http://ec.europa.eu/budget/inforeuro/>).

## Eurostat data code

Source codes have been inserted after each table and graphic in this publication to help readers access easily the most recent data on the Eurostat website. Within the PDF version of this publication, the data codes under each table and graphic are presented as Internet hyperlinks.

### Symbols

( <sup>b</sup> )	Break in time series
c	Confidential data
-	Not applicable or not relevant
:	Data are not available or unreliable
0	Negligible quantities (figure less than half of the unit used)
%	Percentage
1234	Estimates are printed in italic

## Abbreviations and acronyms

<b>AfDB</b>	African Development Bank
<b>ACBF</b>	African Capacity Building Foundation
<b>ACS</b>	African Centre for Statistics (UNECA)
<b>AUC</b>	African Union Commission
<b>AUSTAT</b>	African Union Statistics
<b>BoP</b>	Balance of Payments
<b>CPI</b>	Consumer price index
<b>EFTA</b>	European Free Trade Association
<b>ESA95</b>	European System of Accounts (1995)
<b>ETS</b>	External Trade Statistics
<b>EUROSTAT</b>	Statistical Office of the European Union
<b>FDI</b>	Foreign Direct Investment
<b>GDP</b>	Gross Domestic Product
<b>HICP</b>	Harmonized Consumer Price Index
<b>ILO</b>	International Labour Organisation
<b>IMF</b>	International Monetary Fund
<b>ISCED</b>	International Standard Classification of Education (UN classification)
<b>KWh</b>	Unit of energy equal to 1000 watt hours or 3.6 mega-joules One kilowatt hour is equivalent to one kilowatt of power expended for one hour of time)
<b>NACE</b>	Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community
<b>NSIs</b>	National Statistical Institutes
<b>ODA</b>	Official Development Assistance
<b>OECD</b>	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
<b>SHaSA</b>	Strategy for the Harmonization of Statistics in Africa
<b>SITC</b>	Standard International Trade Classification
<b>SNA</b>	System of National Accounts
<b>UN</b>	United Nations
<b>WHO</b>	World Health Organisation

1

# Overview

# Chapter 1 - Overview

A variety of harmonised statistics illustrates the developing relations between the EU and Africa and provides important information to the political and business leadership in both continents. Data about other regions/countries is also included to give a more rounded picture of relations between EU and Africa on the one hand and the world as a whole on the other. As far as possible, following Croatia's accession to the EU in July 2013, data are provided for the EU-28.

The indicators covered in this overview are:

- Demographics
- Economic performance
- Prices
- International trade with particular reference to petroleum products and cereals

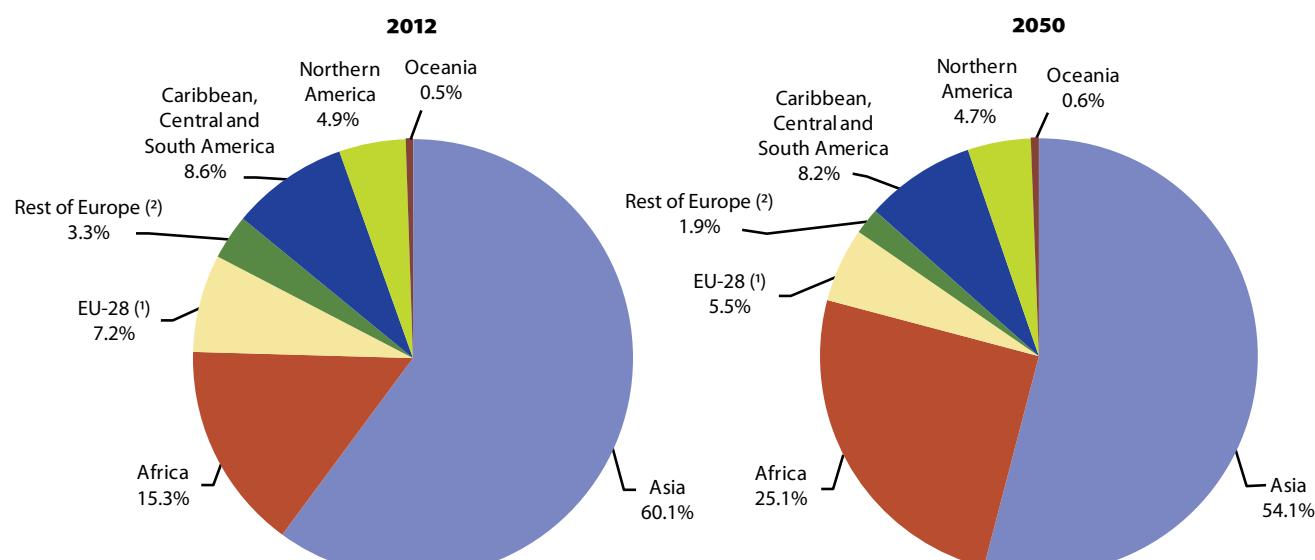
## Population

With the world's population at a little over 7 billion inhabitants in 2012, Africa had the second largest continental population at 1.1 billion, well behind the 4.3 billion of Asia (Table 1.1, Figure 1.1). However, the growth rate of Africa's population at 2.5% per year between 1995 and 2012 is the highest for all continents, double the 1.2% growth rate for the world total. In contrast, the population of Europe barely changed over the same period, though the EU-28 growth rate averaged 0.3% per year. The outcome is that Africa's population rose from 717 million in 1995, slightly less than the European total of 730 million, to 1.1 billion in 2012, substantially more

than the European total of 742 million and more than twice the EU-28 total (508 million). While Africa's population has been growing faster than either China (0.6%) or India (1.5%), it still remains below the figures for both those countries in 2012. In contrast, Africa's population in 2012 was above the total for Northern and Southern America in total and more than three times the figure for the United States. In 2012, Africa accounted for 15% of the world's population compared to 11% for Europe as a whole and 7% for the EU-28.

Population projections up to 2050 (Figure 1.2) show a continuation of this trend with Africa's population forecast to more than double between 2012 and 2050 to reach some 2.4 billion. The EU population is projected to continue growing up to 2040 before declining slightly in the final decade to 2050.

**Figure 1.1:** World population by regions, 2012 and 2050 (%)



(<sup>1</sup>) Estimate

(<sup>2</sup>) Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Faeroe Islands, Iceland, Liechtenstein, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Moldova, Montenegro, Norway, Russia, Serbia, Switzerland and Ukraine.

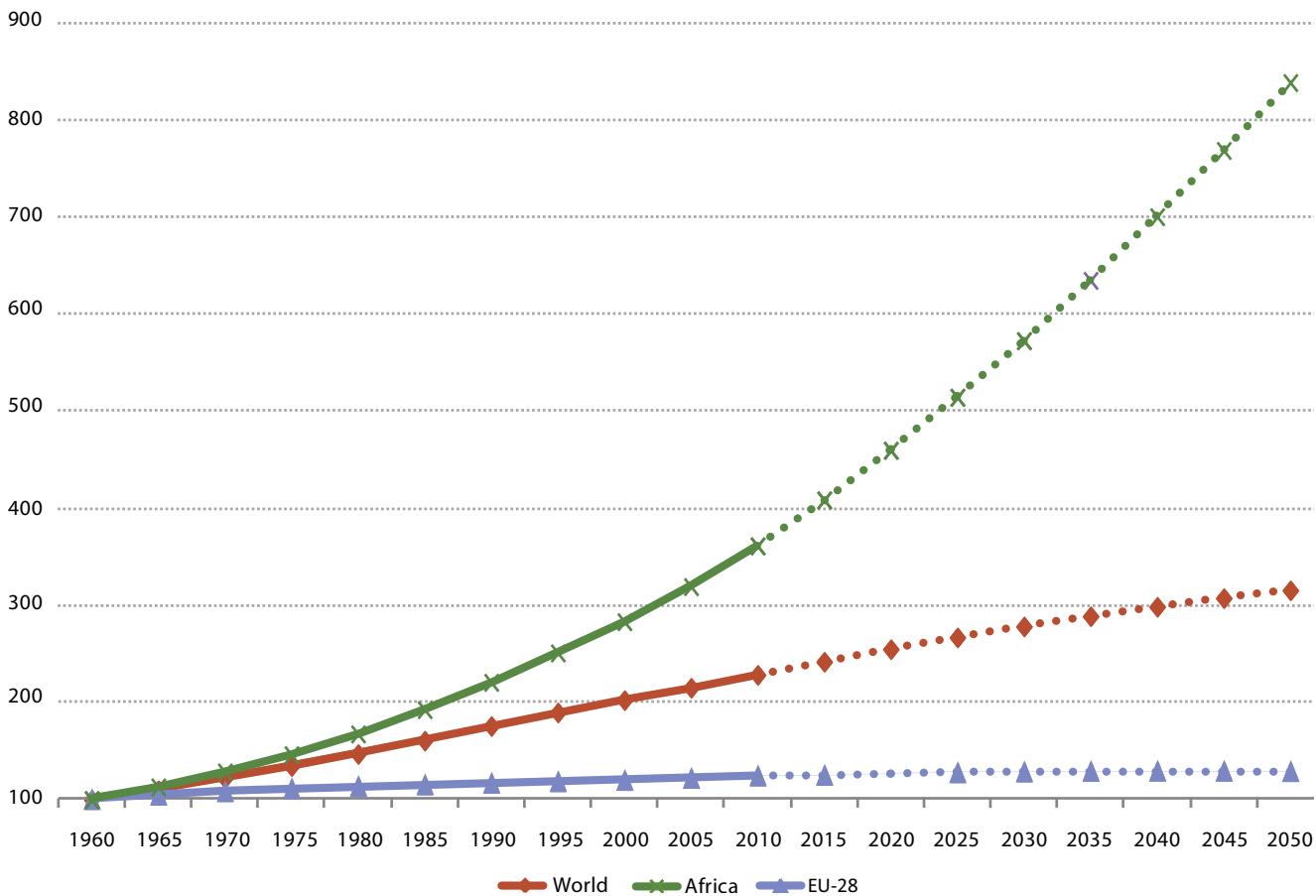
Source: United Nations Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs and Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_pjan](#) and [proj\\_10c2150p](#)).

**Table 1.1:** World population, 1st January (million) (¹)

	<b>1995</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2012 (²)</b>	<b>Annual average growth rate 1995-2012 (%)</b>
<b>World</b>	5 742	6 128	6 514	7 080	1.2%
Asia	3 483	3 717	3 943	4 255	1.2%
Africa	717	808	912	1 084	2.5%
Europe	730	729	733	742	0.1%
Caribbean, Central and South America	486	526	563	610	1.3%
Northern America	297	315	331	352	1.0%
Oceania	29	31	34	38	1.6%
China	1 238	1 280	1 318	1 377	0.6%
India	956	1 042	1 127	1 237	1.5%
EU-28	482	487	496	508	0.3%
United States	268	285	298	318	1.0%
Japan	124	126	127	127	0.1%

(¹) mid-year population for all regions and countries except EU-28

(²) UN medium estimation; EU-28: estimate

Source: United Nations Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs and Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_pjan](#)).**Figure 1.2:** Population (1960=100)Source: United Nations Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_pjan](#) and [proj\\_10c2150p](#)).

## Economic performance

Table 1.2 shows the relative economic performance of the EU-28 and Africa compared to other selected countries and the world total. In 2012, the EU-28 GDP stood at EUR 13 billion whilst the figure for Africa was EUR 1.6 billion. In comparison, the figure for the USA was EUR 12.2 billion, EUR 6.4 billion for China, EUR 4.6 billion for Japan; and between EUR 1.4 billion and EUR 1.8 billion for Brazil, India, Canada and the Russian Federation.

As a share of the world total, Africa has seen its share grow since 2001 to reach 2.8% in 2012 compared with 1.8% in 2001. After rising between 2001 and 2005, the EU-28 share in world GDP fell back to 23.3%, well below its 2001 level of 26.8%. The other countries showed varying fortunes. Both the USA and Japan recorded a decline in the share of the world total, while China, Brazil, India and the Russian Federation all recorded rises, very substantial in the case of China.

A different perspective emerges when comparing GDP per capita. Here, for the USA and Japan, despite the decline in their GDP measured in EUR, their GDP per capita was over EUR 35 000 in 2012. GDP per capita in Canada was even higher at 41 000. For all three countries these figures were well above that of any of the other countries shown. The EU-28 GDP per capita reached EUR 25 500 in 2012, a solid rise since 2001. In contrast, the figure for Africa was EUR 1 500 in 2012, a 25% rise since 2001. Of the other countries, the Indian figure was lower than Africa in 2012 at EUR 1 200. The Russian Federation had a GDP per capita of 10 900 in 2012, a remarkable growth of 365% since 2001. Brazil recorded EUR 8 800 in the same year. China's figure was EUR 4 700 in 2012, three times the 2001 value.

**Table 1.2:** GDP at current prices

	GDP (EUR million)			Share of world GDP (%)			GDP per capita (EUR)		
	2001	2005	2012	2001	2005	2012	2001	2005	2012 (*)
<b>EU-28</b>	9 628 739	11 128 703	12 967 103	26.8	30.5	23.3	19 700	22 400	25 500
<b>Africa</b>	638 188	795 689	1 559 367	1.8	2.2	2.8	1 169	875	1 459
<b>United States</b>	11 424 200	10 039 858	12 187 891	31.8	27.5	21.9	40 089	33 974	38 826
<b>Japan</b>	4 643 691	3 653 286	4 631 006	12.9	10.0	8.3	36 522	28 592	36 304
<b>China</b>	1 478 895	1 803 442	6 392 879	4.1	4.9	11.5	1 163	1 383	4 733
<b>Brazil</b>	617 969	704 935	1 750 435	1.7	1.9	3.1	3 492	3 787	8 811
<b>India</b>	549 647	666 605	1 431 108	1.5	1.8	2.6	519	591	1 157
<b>Canada</b>	798 634	905 963	1 415 340	2.2	2.5	2.5	25 695	28 038	40 577
<b>Russian Federation</b>	342 263	610 496	1 565 583	1.0	1.7	2.8	2 345	4 265	10 907
<b>World</b>	35 898 325	36 540 122	55 688 416	100.0	100.0	100.0	5 809	5 630	7 903

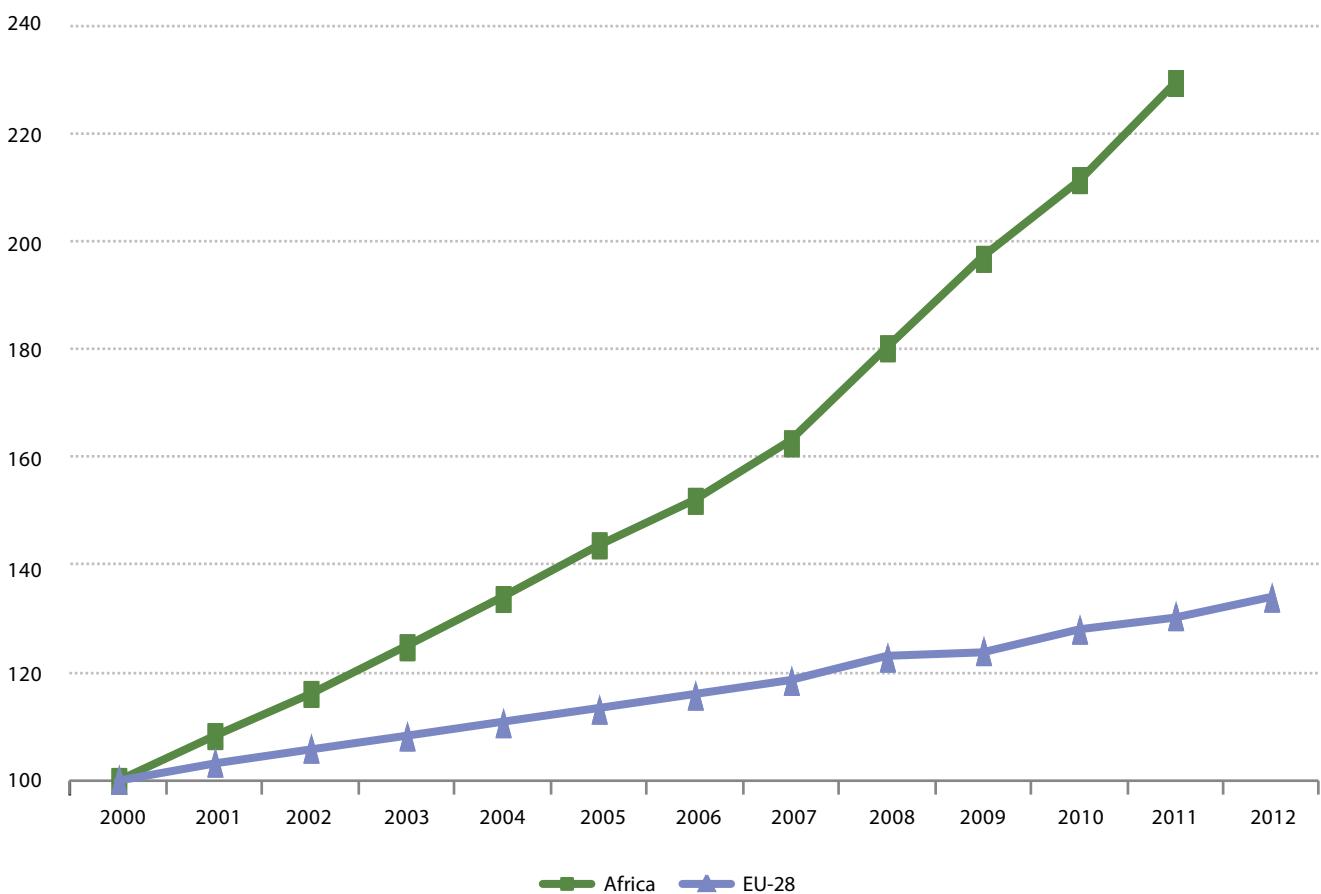
(1) Africa: estimated data for 2012

Source: Statistics Division AUC, World Bank and Eurostat (online data code: [nama\\_gdp\\_c](#)).

## Prices

Figure 1.3 shows the evolution in consumer prices in the EU-28 and Africa from 2000 to 2011/12. Price movements in Africa have been substantially greater than in the EU-28. The price index for Africa reached 230 in 2011 where 2000 = 100, while the equivalent figure for the EU-28 was 130. On average, African inflation ran at a rate of 7.8% per year between 2000 and 2011 while the figure for the EU-28 was 2.4% per year. In particular, there was a noticeable upward movement in the inflation rate in Africa in 2008 and 2009, while the EU-28 has seen a higher increase in 2008, followed by a sharp deceleration in 2009 and again an important growth in 2011. Much of the difference in price performance can be explained by the very different state of development in Africa compared to the EU countries.

**Figure 1.3:** Consumer price index (2000=100)



Source: Statistics Division AUC and Eurostat (online data code: prc\_hicp\_aind)

## International trade

Africa accounted for around 15% of EU-28 value of imports and 13% of exports in 2012 (Figure 1.4). This contrasts with the situation for Asia which accounted for 56% of EU-28 imports but less than half (47%) of the exports. The reverse was true for Northern America, which was the destination for 27% of EU-28 exports but only accounted for 19% of the imports.

Looking at the volumes traded, the EU-28's major import from Africa was crude oil (Table 1.3). For this product, Africa has been second only to the Russian Federation as an EU import source since 2005. In 2012, of total crude oil imports from Africa of 139 million tonnes, Nigeria and Libya, with 43 million tonnes each, were the major sources. Algeria supplied 19 million tonnes and Angola 10 million. Over the period 2006-2010, Libya had been the third most important supplying country after the Russian Federation and Norway. The uprising in Libya in 2011 led to a sharp decline of EU-28 imports of crude oil from that country; however, there was a strong recovery in 2012. While the imports of crude oil from Algeria had continuously decreased in recent years, from 2011 onwards the imports to the EU again grew and was a substantial source of crude oil imports in 2012.

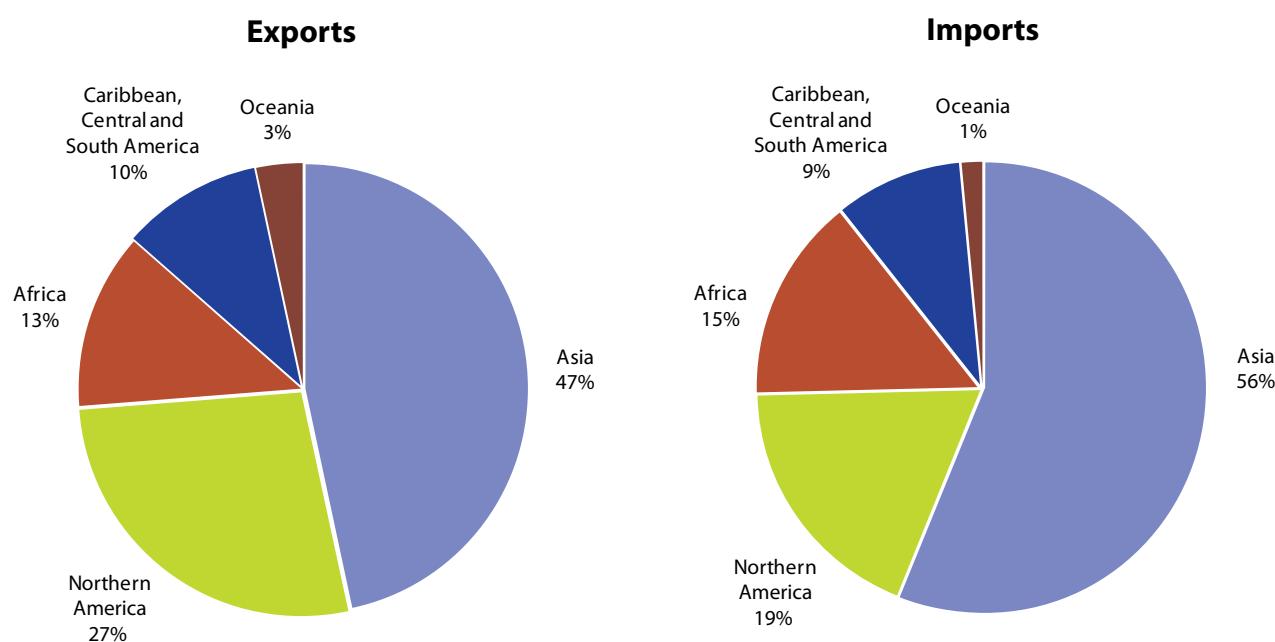
For EU exports of petroleum products, there was a reverse flow of refined oil products to Africa, amounting to some 28 million tonnes in 2012, almost two and a half times the 2005 figure (Table 1.4). This made Africa the main destination for EU-28 exports of refined petroleum products, overtaking the United States in 2012. Within the African total, Nigeria was the largest market, taking nearly 5.6 million tonnes,

compared with 2.7 million tonnes in 2005, albeit substantially lower than the 7.7 to 8.0 million tonnes recorded in the years 2009 to 2011. The other African countries shown in Table 1.4 recorded substantial increases in the import of refined petroleum products between 2011 and 2012, particularly Togo (0.7 to 3.1 million tonnes), Libya (0.9 to 2.8 million tonnes) and Algeria (0.8 to 2.8 million tonnes).

A second major EU-28 export category for Africa was cereals (Table 1.5). Exports to Africa, in 2012 standing at 13 million tonnes, accounted for just under half of the total extra EU-28 exports of 28 million tonnes in 2012. The EU's main African partners in this trade in 2012 were Algeria, Egypt and Morocco, which together accounted for more than a quarter of total EU-28 exports of cereals with 7.6 million tonnes. As Figure 1.5 shows, these three North African countries formed three of the top 5 markets for EU-28 exports of cereals in 2012, with Saudi Arabia at number two and Iran at number three.

Apart from energy products (EUR 24 billion) and cereals (EUR 13 billion), machinery and vehicles, manufactured goods classified by material and chemicals were major export categories to Africa for the EU-28 in 2012 (Table 1.6). All three categories recorded strong growth in 2012 to reach EUR 54 billion (machinery and vehicles), EUR 23 billion (manufactured goods) and EUR 18 billion (chemicals). On the import side, energy products (mainly crude petroleum products) was by far the most important product category, reaching EUR 122 billion in 2012. Food and live animals and manufactured goods classified by material (both EUR 13 billion) were the other main components in flows from Africa to the EU.

**Figure 1.4: EU-28 international trade by partner, value 2012 (%)**



Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ext\\_lt\\_maineu](#))

**Table 1.3:** Extra EU-28 imports of crude oil by partner (1000 tonnes)

<b>From</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	115 588	121 338	113 834	96 924	138 952
of which					
Nigeria	18 906	22 256	22 110	31 169	43 369
Libya	50 095	49 378	52 415	15 246	43 047
Algeria	25 025	14 010	9 939	15 943	18 812
Angola	6 889	15 763	8 675	10 881	10 245
Russia	180 543	176 746	182 320	174 685	175 055
Norway	96 896	82 041	73 082	66 920	59 823
Saudi Arabia	56 878	26 031	25 835	37 623	43 722
Kazakhstan	26 062	28 076	29 611	32 251	31 955
Azerbaijan	6 837	21 785	21 841	24 993	21 030
Iraq	12 745	19 865	16 683	17 258	20 979
Mexico	10 475	5 296	6 631	6 710	8 922
Iran	36 313	26 646	30 327	28 805	7 430
<b>Other</b>	27 400	27 325	25 978	24 101	21 534
<b>Extra EU-28</b>	569 737	535 149	526 142	510 269	529 402

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [DS-018995](#))**Table 1.4:** Extra EU-28 exports of refined oil by partner (1000 tonnes)

<b>To</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	11 833	22 079	24 043	23 609	28 269
of which					
Nigeria	2 652	7 727	8 033	7 755	5 565
Togo	659	372	169	666	3 133
Egypt	546	1 711	1 486	1 928	2 873
Libya	1 620	2 689	2 996	869	2 825
Algeria	575	645	655	832	2 781
Senegal	605	1 314	1 699	1 864	2 282
Morocco	976	1 523	1 397	1 326	2 123
United States	31 190	26 493	24 164	24 240	24 221
Switzerland	6 810	7 742	7 033	6 364	7 784
Turkey	4 212	4 662	4 287	5 613	7 488
Singapore	2 890	3 620	4 004	4 102	6 265
Norway	3 110	3 135	3 740	2 636	3 391
<b>Other</b>	44 228	61 434	68 737	69 209	76 892
<b>Extra EU-28</b>	104 273	129 166	136 009	135 774	154 311

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [DS-018995](#))

**Table 1.5:** Extra EU-28 exports of cereals by partner (1000 tonnes)

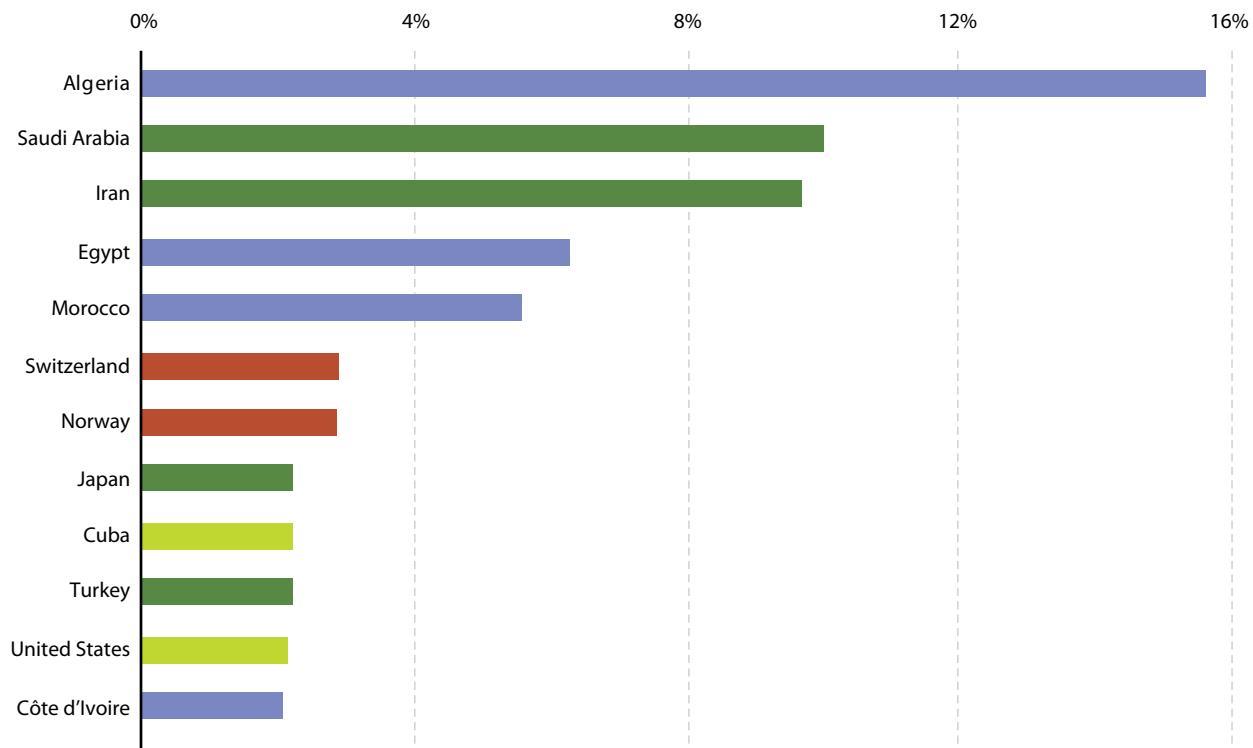
To	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
<b>Africa</b>	11 682	16 060	18 409	17 296	13 164
of which					
Algeria	3 623	4 336	4 517	6 599	4 340
Egypt	1 179	2 476	2 483	1 492	1 745
Morocco	1 793	1 524	2 470	2 821	1 546
Côte d'Ivoire	322	454	573	478	565
Libya	739	976	1 242	416	524
Saudi Arabia	2 396	911	2 803	2 441	2 775
Iran	262	1 166	78	37	2 687
Switzerland	486	691	786	909	793
Norway	301	508	653	634	791
Japan	615	396	485	457	612
Cuba	191	244	450	579	609
Turkey	247	931	981	875	603
<b>Other</b>	6 750	7 200	9 174	6 478	5 791
<b>Extra EU-28</b>	22 930	28 105	33 820	29 706	27 824

Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS-018995)

**Table 1.6:** Imports and exports between the African Union and the EU-28, by SITC section, EUR million, 2010-2012

	Export			Import		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Food and live animals	10 024	12 063	12 503	12 692	14 009	13 259
Beverages and tobacco	1 586	1 818	2 179	928	938	977
Crude materials, except fuels	3 711	3 799	4 382	6 781	8 217	8 021
Energy products	14 400	18 040	23 924	78 575	84 899	121 767
Oils, fats and waxes	385	615	1 019	319	331	357
Chemicals	14 981	16 220	18 223	3 327	3 641	4 061
Manuf'd goods classified by material	19 918	20 628	22 881	12 612	14 602	13 202
Machinery and vehicles	49 153	51 167	54 369	8 978	10 199	10 016
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	8 582	8 399	9 282	7 654	7 988	7 508
Products not classified elsewhere	3 058	3 733	2 193	5 068	6 742	7 535
<b>Total</b>	125 797	136 483	150 956	136 935	151 566	186 703

Source: Eurostat (online data code: DS-018995)

**Figure 1.5:** EU-28 exports of cereals by partner, 2012 (% on tonnes)

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [DS-018995](#))



2

## Demography



**Table 2.1.b:** Total population, 1st January (1 000)

	<b>1980</b>	<b>1990</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	461 647	475 161	486 875	497 653	499 733	502 123	504 122	505 510 (b)	506 781 (b)	508 328
Belgium	9 855	9 948	10 239	10 511	10 585	10 667	10 753	10 840	11 001 (b)	11 095
Bulgaria	8 846	8 767	8 191	7 719	7 679	7 640	7 607	7 564	7 369 (b)	7 327
Czech Republic	10 316	10 362	10 278	10 251	10 287	10 381	10 468	10 507	10 487 (b)	10 505
Denmark	5 122	5 135	5 330	5 427	5 447	5 476	5 511	5 535	5 561	5 581
Germany	78 180	79 113	82 163	82 438	82 315	82 218	82 002	81 802	81 752	81 844
Estonia	1 472	1 571	1 372	1 345	1 342	1 341	1 340	1 340	1 340	1 340
Ireland	3 393	3 507	3 778	4 208	4 313	4 401	4 450	4 468	4 571 (b)	4 583
Greece	9 584	10 121	10 904	11 125	11 172	11 214	11 260	11 305	11 310	11 290
Spain	37 242	38 826	40 050	43 758	44 475	45 283	45 828	45 989	46 153	46 196
France	53 731	56 577	60 545	63 230	63 645	64 007	64 350	64 659	64 995	65 328
Croatia	4 598	4 773	4 498	4 443	4 441	4 436	4 435	4 426	4 412	4 398
Italy	56 388	56 694	56 924	58 752	59 131	59 619	60 045	60 340	60 626	60 821
Cyprus	506	573	690	766	779	789	797	819 (b)	840	862
Latvia	2 509	2 668	2 382	2 295	2 281	2 271	2 261	2 248	2 075 (b)	2 042
Lithuania	3 404	3 694	3 512	3 403	3 385	3 366	3 350	3 329	3 053 (b)	3 008
Luxembourg	363	379	434	469	476	484	494	502	512	525 (b)
Hungary	10 709	10 375	10 222	10 077	10 066	10 045	10 031	10 014	9 986	9 958
Malta	315	352	380	405	408	410	414	414	416 (b)	418
Netherlands	14 091	14 893	15 864	16 334	16 358	16 405	16 486	16 575	16 656	16 730
Austria	7 546	7 645	8 002	8 254	8 283	8 319	8 355	8 375	8 404	8 443
Poland	35 413	38 038	38 263 (b)	38 157	38 125	38 116	38 136	38 167	38 530 (b)	38 538
Portugal	9 714	9 996	10 195	10 570	10 599	10 618	10 627	10 638	10 572 (b)	10 542
Romania	22 133	23 211	22 455	21 610	21 565	21 529	21 499	21 462	21 414	21 356
Slovenia	1 893	1 996	1 988	2 003	2 010	2 010 (b)	2 032	2 047	2 050	2 055
Slovakia	4 963	5 288	5 399	5 389	5 394	5 401	5 412	5 425	5 392 (b)	5 404
Finland	4 771	4 974	5 171	5 256	5 277	5 300	5 326	5 351	5 375	5 401
Sweden	8 303	8 527	8 861	9 048	9 113	9 183	9 256	9 341	9 416	9 483
United Kingdom	56 285	57 157	58 785	60 410	60 781	61 192	61 595	62 027	62 515	63 256 (b)
Iceland	227	254	279	300	308	315	319	318	318	320
Liechtenstein	26	28	32	35	35	35	36	36	36	36
Norway	4 079	4 233	4 478	4 640	4 681	4 737	4 799	4 858	4 920	4 986
Switzerland	6 304	6 674	7 164	7 459	7 509	7 593	7 702	7 786	7 870 (b)	7 955
Montenegro	:	:	612	624	625	628	630	616 (b)	620	621
FYR of Macedonia	1 878	1 873	2 022	2 039	2 042	2 045	2 049	2 053	2 057	2 060
Serbia	:	:	7 528	7 425	7 398	7 366	7 335	7 307	7 276	7 241
Turkey	44 021	55 495	66 889	72 520	69 689 (b)	70 586	71 517	72 561	73 723	74 724

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_pjan](#))



**Table 2.2.b:** Female population (% of total)

	<b>1980</b>	<b>1990</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	51.4	51.3	51.2	51.2	51.2	51.2	51.2 (b)	51.2 (b)	51.2
Belgium	51.1	51.1	51.1	51.1	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	50.9 (b)	50.9
Bulgaria	50.2	50.7	51.3	51.5	51.5	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.3 (b)	51.3
Czech Republic	51.5	51.4	51.3	51.2	51.1	51.0	50.9	50.9	50.9 (b)	50.9
Denmark	50.6	50.7	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.4	50.4	50.4
Germany	52.5	51.8	51.2	51.1	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0	50.9	50.9
Estonia	53.7	53.2	53.9	53.9	53.9	54.0	53.9	53.9	53.9	53.9
Ireland	49.7	50.3	50.3	50.0	50.0	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.4 (b)	50.5
Greece	50.9	50.8	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5
Spain	50.9	51.0	51.0	50.7	50.7	50.6	50.6	50.7	50.8	50.9
France	51.2	51.3	51.5	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6
Croatia	:	51.5	51.9	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.8	51.7	51.7
Italy	51.3	51.4	51.6	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.5	51.5	51.5
Cyprus	50.4	50.1	50.8	50.7	50.8	50.6	50.4	51.2 (b)	51.3	51.4
Latvia	54.0	53.5	53.9	53.9	53.9	53.9	53.9	53.9	54.3 (b)	54.3
Lithuania	52.9	52.7	53.2	53.4	53.4	53.5	53.5	53.5	53.9 (b)	53.9
Luxembourg	51.0	51.1	50.7	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.1 (b)
Hungary	51.6	52.0	52.4	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5	52.5
Malta	51.5	50.7	50.4	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.2	50.3 (b)	50.3
Netherlands	50.4	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5
Austria	52.8	52.2	51.7	51.4	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.2
Poland	51.3	51.3	51.5 (b)	51.6	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.6 (b)	51.6
Portugal	51.9	51.8	51.8	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	52.2 (b)	52.3
Romania	50.7	50.7	51.1	51.2	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3	51.3
Slovenia	51.5	51.5	51.2	51.0	50.9	50.9 (b)	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5
Slovakia	50.8	51.1	51.4	51.5	51.5	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.3 (b)	51.3
Finland	51.7	51.5	51.2	51.1	51.0	51.0	51.0	50.9	50.9	50.9
Sweden	50.4	50.6	50.6	50.4	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.2	50.2
United Kingdom	51.3	51.4	51.3	51.0	51.0	50.9	50.9	50.8	50.7	50.8 (b)
Iceland	49.6	49.8	49.9	49.6	49.1	49.0	49.3	49.6	49.8	49.8
Liechtenstein	50.0	51.1	51.3	50.7	50.7	50.7	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.5
Norway	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.3	50.2	50.1	50.0	50.0	49.9
Switzerland	51.4	51.2	51.1	51.0	51.0	50.9	50.8	50.8	50.7 (b)	50.7
Montenegro	:	:	50.3	50.8	50.8	50.7	50.7	50.6 (b)	50.6	50.6
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	50.0	49.8	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9	49.9
Serbia	:	:	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4
Turkey	49.2	49.3	49.5	49.6	49.9 (b)	49.9	49.8	49.7	49.8	49.8

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_pjan](#))



**Table 2.3.b : Life expectancy at birth (years)**

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	78.4	78.5	79.0	79.2	79.4	79.7	80.0 (b)	80.4
Belgium	79.0	79.1	79.5	79.9	79.8	80.1	80.3	80.5
Bulgaria	72.5	72.5	72.7	73.0	73.3	73.7	73.8	74.2 (b)
Czech Republic	75.9	76.1	76.8	77.0	77.3	77.4	77.7	78.0 (b)
Denmark	77.8	78.3	78.4	78.4	78.8	79.0	79.3	79.9
Germany	79.3	79.4	79.9	80.1	80.2	80.3	80.5	80.8
Estonia	72.2	72.8	73.1	73.1	74.3	75.2	76.0	76.5
Ireland	78.9	79.4	79.7	79.7	80.2	80.2	81.0	80.6 (b)
Greece	78.9	79.2	79.5	79.4	80.0	80.2	80.6	80.8
Spain	80.4	80.4	81.2	81.2	81.5	81.9	82.3	82.4
France	80.3	80.3	80.9	81.3	81.4	81.5	81.8	82.3
Croatia	75.5	75.4	76.0	75.8	76.1	76.4	76.8	77.2
Italy	81.0	80.9	81.5	81.6	81.9	82.1	82.5	82.8
Cyprus	79.2	78.9	80.3	80.1	80.8	81.1	81.5 (b)	81.2
Latvia	71.2	71.0	70.9	71.2	72.5	73.3	73.7	73.9 (b)
Lithuania	72.0	71.3	71.1	70.9	72.0	73.2	73.5	73.8 (b)
Luxembourg	79.2	79.6	79.4	79.5	80.7	80.8	80.8	81.1
Hungary	73.0	73.0	73.5	73.6	74.2	74.4	74.7	75.1
Malta	79.4	79.4	79.5	79.9	79.7	80.3	81.4	80.9 (b)
Netherlands	79.3	79.6	80.0	80.4	80.5	80.9	81.0	81.3
Austria	79.3	79.5	80.1	80.4	80.6	80.5	80.8	81.2
Poland	74.9	75.0	75.3	75.4	75.6	75.9	76.4	76.9 (b)
Portugal	78.3	78.1	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.6	79.8	80.9 (b)
Romania	71.8	72.1	72.6	73.2	73.4	73.5	73.8	74.6
Slovenia	77.2	77.5	78.3	78.4	79.1	79.4	79.8	80.1
Slovakia	74.2	74.1	74.4	74.6	74.9	75.3	75.6	76.1 (b)
Finland	79.0	79.1	79.5	79.6	79.9	80.1	80.2	80.6
Sweden	80.7	80.7	81.0	81.1	81.3	81.5	81.6	81.9
United Kingdom	79.0	79.2	79.6	79.8	79.9	80.5	80.7	81.1
Iceland	81.1	81.5	81.2	81.5	81.6	81.8	81.9	82.4
Liechtenstein	82.0	80.7	81.0	81.4	82.9	81.7	81.8	81.9
Norway	80.1	80.3	80.6	80.6	80.8	81.0	81.2	81.4
Switzerland	81.3	81.5	81.8	82.0	82.3	82.3	82.7	82.8 (b)
Montenegro	:	74.2	74.1	74.6	75.4	75.3	76.1	76.1
FYR of Macedonia	73.6	73.7	73.9	73.8	74.4	74.4	75.0	75.1
Serbia	72.7	72.8	73.4	73.7	73.9	74.0	74.4	74.6
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	76.0	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [demo\\_mlexpec](#))

**Table 2.4.a** : Share of economically active population in total population (%)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	37.7	39.0	40.5	37.6	37.7
Algeria	36.3	39.8	42.8	31.7	31.9
Angola	43.4	44.0	44.7	36.4	36.6
Benin	39.6	41.5	43.2	39.2	39.4
Botswana	36.3	34.9	50.8	50.3	50.6
Burkina Faso	44.0	43.4	44.7	44.7	44.7
Burundi	47.6	50.2	56.5	49.9	50.1
Cameroon	37.1	38.2	40.5	40.2	40.4
Cape Verde	34.4	36.4	44.6	44.8	45.7
Central African Republic	44.2	45.0	48.3	44.2	44.5
Chad	39.0	40.9	39.2	37.6	37.7
Comoros	52.5	52.1	46.5	31.9	32.0
Congo	40.0	38.8	40.5	40.1	40.2
Congo, Dem. Republic	37.9	39.0	39.1	36.8	37.0
Côte d'Ivoire	36.4	39.1	43.6	37.6	37.8
Djibouti	40.7	41.4	44.8	32.9	33.3
Egypt	29.8	32.6	34.5	33.1	33.3
Equatorial Guinea	39.0	39.2	38.5	51.2	51.4
Eritrea	38.6	39.9	42.5	48.3	48.4
Ethiopia	44.6	47.3	49.8	47.9	48.4
Gabon	44.3	45.5	48.7	37.6	38.0
The Gambia	44.9	45.9	45.6	42.1	42.3
Ghana	43.7	44.9	46.0	40.7	40.9
Guinea	47.5	48.7	50.0	39.5	39.7
Guinea-Bissau	38.2	40.5	44.6	41.3	35.8
Kenya	45.6	46.6	47.5	36.9	37.0
Lesotho	42.4	41.3	43.7	39.5	39.9
Liberia	37.0	38.7	42.0	33.2	33.4
Libya	34.5	37.3	38.1	36.2	35.7
Madagascar	45.6	47.9	48.3	47.3	47.5
Malawi	41.8	43.9	43.7	42.1	42.1
Mali	26.0	23.5	25.2	27.5	27.7
Mauritania	40.9	41.0	41.5	31.5	31.7
Mauritius	44.6	44.4	44.4	46.1	46.3
Morocco	35.2	36.3	38.2	34.5	34.7
Mozambique	47.1	46.5	48.1	44.7	44.7
Namibia	32.2	31.7	35.3	39.9	40.3
Niger	33.1	33.2	32.1	32.0	32.0
Nigeria	30.1	30.6	32.4	29.9	30.0
Rwanda	44.1	44.4	48.1	47.6	47.5
São Tomé and Principe	31.4	32.8	35.8	35.1	35.5
Senegal	41.9	44.2	44.9	42.2	42.4
Seychelles	44.4	45.9	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	38.7	37.5	37.3	37.9	38.0
Somalia	39.5	39.5	38.9	30.7	30.7
South Africa	35.6	36.3	38.7	36.3	36.6
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	29.9	30.6	31.9	31.0	40.3
Swaziland	39.3	40.4	39.6	34.2	34.6
Tanzania	49.5	49.4	49.1	47.1	47.0
Togo	38.7	43.4	50.7	47.2	47.5
Tunisia	33.7	35.4	36.7	35.5	35.8
Uganda	43.4	43.9	43.8	38.5	38.5
Zambia	38.1	38.8	37.8	40.2	40.0
Zimbabwe	41.5	41.9	40.6	50.3	51.0

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 2.4.b** : Share of economically active population in total population (%)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	46.1	47.1	47.8	47.8	47.9
Belgium	42.9	44.3	45.2	44.1 (b)	44.1
Bulgaria	41.0	42.8	45.0	45.3 (b)	45.6
Czech Republic	50.0	50.6	50.1	50.1 (b)	50.0 (b)
Denmark	53.2	53.4	52.8	52.6	52.1
Germany	48.3	49.7 (b)	51.0	51.7	51.8
Estonia	48.3	49.0	51.3	51.9	51.9
Ireland	46.8	49.7	48.9 (b)	47.4 (b)	47.0
Greece	42.2	43.7	44.4	43.9	44.0
Spain	43.9	48.5 (b)	50.2	50.1	49.9
France	42.5	43.9	44.1 (b)	44.0	44.1
Croatia	:	40.5	39.5	39.1	39.1
Italy	41.3	41.8	41.4	41.4	42.2
Cyprus	45.0	49.1	51.5 (b)	51.4	51.1
Latvia	45.9	49.0	50.9	49.6 (b)	51.0
Lithuania	47.8	46.7	48.6	48.6 (b)	49.0
Luxembourg	42.8	44.0	46.1	46.2	47.4 (b)
Hungary	40.0	41.6	42.5	42.9	43.7
Malta	40.5	39.9	42.6	43.4 (b)	44.2
Netherlands	51.2	52.4	52.9 (b)	52.6	53.2
Austria	48.1	49.2	51.2	51.4	51.8
Poland	45.3 (b)	44.9	46.1	46.2 (b)	45.0 (b)
Portugal	51.5	53.1	53.0	52.4 (b)	52.1
Romania	51.0	45.3	46.4	46.1	46.7
Slovenia	48.6	50.8	50.9	49.7	49.3
Slovakia	47.9	49.1	49.8	50.4 (b)	50.1 (b)
Finland	50.1	50.0	49.9	49.9	49.8
Sweden	50.7	52.3 (b)	53.0	53.3	53.4
United Kingdom	49.2	50.2	50.6	50.6	50.5 (b)
Iceland	:	55.9	56.4	56.1	55.9
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	52.1	51.9	53.4	53.3	53.6
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	34.9	35.8	36.2

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [lfsi\\_act\\_a](#) and [demo\\_pjan](#))

## Definitions

**Population on 1 January:** the inhabitants of a given area on 1 January of the year in question (or, in some cases, on 31 December of the previous year). The population is based on data from the most recent census adjusted by the components of population change produced since the last census, or based on population registers.

**Mid-year population** relates to de facto population - i.e. all persons who are present in a given area - on a date close to 1 July. It includes, for instance, all foreigners on holiday in that area on the reference date and excludes residents on holiday in another area.

**Life expectancy at birth** is the average number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing patterns of mortality of the total population at the time of his/her birth were to remain the same throughout his/her life.

**Economically active population:** the economically active population comprises all employed and unemployed persons (including those seeking jobs for the first time). It covers employers, persons working on their own account, salaried employees, wage earners, unpaid family workers, cooperative workers, and members of the armed forces.

# **Health**

**3**

**Table 3.1.a:** Number of physicians (per 10 000 population)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
<b>Africa</b>	5	5	5	5	6	2	4	3	:
Algeria	11	12	9	:	:	:	12	:	:
Angola	1	2	2	:	:	1	:	:	:
Benin	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	:	:
Botswana	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Burkina Faso	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:
Burundi	1	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	:
Cameroon	1	0	2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cape Verde	:	5	:	4	:	:	6	:	:
Central African Republic	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	:	:
Chad	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:
Comoros	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	2	2	2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	1	:	1	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	:	1	:	1	1	1	:	:	:
Djibouti	:	2	:	1	1	2	:	:	:
Egypt	22	23	23	23	23	:	:	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	:	3	:	:	:	:	3	:	:
Eritrea	:	0	:	:	:	:	1	:	:
Ethiopia	2	2	:	:	:	1	:	:	:
Gabon	:	3	3	:	:	:	:	:	:
The Gambia	0	:	1	1	1	:	:	:	:
Ghana	1	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea	1	1	2	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	1	1	:	:	:	:	1	1	:
Kenya	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	:	:
Lesotho	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liberia	:	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	:	:
Madagascar	:	3	:	3	3	4	:	:	:
Malawi	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:	:
Mali	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	:
Mauritania	1	1	:	1	1	1	:	:	:
Mauritius	10	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	:
Morocco	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	:	:
Mozambique	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	:
Namibia	:	3	:	:	:	:	3	:	:
Niger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:
Nigeria	3	3	3	4	4	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	2	2	2	2	3	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Principe	5	5	4	4	5	4	4	:	:
Senegal	:	1	0	0	0	0	0	:	:
Seychelles	15	13	13	10	12	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	:	7	:	9	8	:	:	:	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	:	:
Swaziland	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	4	:
Tanzania	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:
Togo	1	1	1	1	:	:	:	:	:
Tunisia	8	9	9	10	10	11	:	:	:
Uganda	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Zambia	:	11	:	:	:	:	11	:	:
Zimbabwe	:	2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC









**Table 3.3.b:** Number of nurses (per 10 000 population)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Belgium	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Bulgaria	38	38	40 (b)	41	42	42	42	42	:
Czech Republic	80	81 (b)	81	81	80	79	81	81	:
Denmark	136	140	144	145	143	147	154	:	:
Germany	100	101	102	104	105	107	110	113	:
Estonia	62	63	63 (b)	63	64	64	61	61	:
Ireland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Greece	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Spain	40	42	42	41	44	46	49	49	:
France	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Croatia	47	48	48	49	50	52	51	53	:
Italy	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cyprus	42	44	44	44	46	46	48	49	:
Latvia	46	48	49 (b)	54	53	53	47	47	:
Lithuania	72	71	71	71	71	71	70	69	:
Luxembourg	89 (b)	91	110 (b)	109	:	:	:	111	:
Hungary	58	58	59	61	61	62	62	62	:
Malta	52	53 (b)	55	56	58	64	62 (b)	65	:
Netherlands	80	81	82	82	83	84	:	:	:
Austria	72	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	:
Poland	47	49 (b)	51 (b)	51	52	52	53	53	:
Portugal	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Romania	53	53	55	56	56	55	57	52 (b)	:
Slovenia	74	74	75	76	78	79	80	82	:
Slovakia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Finland	:	90	91	93	94	96	96	:	:
Sweden	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
United Kingdom	:	:	:	:	96	97	98	96	:
Iceland	136	137	140	137	140	149	153	145	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	128	132	136	139	139	140	142	144	:
Switzerland	143	141	141	145	147	149	152	160 (b)	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [hlth\\_rs\\_prsns](#))



**Table 3.4.b:** Public expenditure on health (% of budget)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	13.9	14.1	14.4	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.8	14.7	14.9
Belgium	13.7	14.1	13.4	13.9	14.1	14.5	14.5	14.7	14.8
Bulgaria	13.6	13.4	12.8	11.8	10.5	11.8	10.2	12.5	12.9
Czech Republic	14.7	16.2	16.0	16.4	16.7	16.8	17.2	17.8	18.1
Denmark	12.9	13.1	13.6	14.1	14.7	14.9	15.1	14.6	14.5
Germany	14.4	14.1	14.3	14.6	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.0	15.5
Estonia	11.8	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.7	13.1	12.4	13.1	13.3
Ireland	20.5	21.1	19.3	18.8	18.5	17.7	17.2	12.1	15.6
Greece	11.7	12.0	13.2	14.3	13.4	14.1	13.8	13.8	11.5
Spain	13.6	14.1	14.8	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.3	14.1
France	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.3	14.3	14.5	14.7
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Italy	13.2	14.1	14.5	14.6	14.3	14.8	14.6	15.0	14.8
Cyprus	7.6	7.3	7.1	7.3	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.4
Latvia	9.7	9.8	12.0	12.8	12.0	11.8	10.8	9.6	10.7
Lithuania	12.9	12.5	14.9	13.6	13.3	13.4	12.4	12.8	13.5
Luxembourg	11.5	12.0	12.5	12.0	12.2	12.0	11.9	11.6	11.4
Hungary	11.6	11.2	11.2	10.7	9.8	10.0	9.9	10.4	10.4
Malta	12.6	13.5	14.4	14.5	13.6	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.3
Netherlands	12.2	12.5	12.8	15.8	16.1	15.8	16.1	16.3	17.0
Austria	14.8	14.1	15.3	15.4	15.5	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.4
Poland	9.6	9.7	10.2	10.6	10.8	11.7	11.5	11.0	10.9
Portugal	15.0	15.3	15.4	14.8	14.9	14.7	14.6	13.1	13.8
Romania	10.3	7.6	8.0	7.6	8.1	8.2	9.3	9.0	8.6
Slovenia	14.0	14.0	13.9	14.1	13.9	13.9	14.2	13.7	13.5
Slovakia	16.1	12.4	12.8	16.0	18.7	19.9	18.8	16.0	15.5
Finland	12.9	13.2	13.6	14.0	14.0	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2
Sweden	12.5	12.4	12.5	12.6	13.0	13.3	13.4	13.5	13.7
United Kingdom	15.0	15.7	15.7	16.1	16.1	15.7	16.3	16.3	16.5
Iceland	19.4	19.2	19.1	19.0	18.6	13.7	16.4	15.3	16.1
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	17.0	17.1	17.3	17.1	17.2	16.7	16.4	16.5	16.5
Switzerland	:	:	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.1
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_a\\_exp](#) and [gov\\_a\\_main](#))

## Definitions

For African countries, the figures for **physicians** and **nurses** relate to those registered at the government offices. The number of **hospital beds** refers to public and private hospitals.

For European countries, data on **health care staff** relate to 'manpower' active in the health care sector (doctors, dentists, nurses, etc.). These data refer to 'practising' staff, i.e. health care professionals providing services directly to patients.

Data on **health care facilities** relate to technical capacity dimensions (hospital beds, beds in nursing and residential care facilities, etc.).

Common definitions for the different categories of health care staff (doctors, nurses, etc.) and available beds in hospitals were agreed between Eurostat (Statistical Office of the European Union), OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) and WHO (World Health Organisation). The detailed definitions are available at:

[http://circa.europa.eu/Public/irc/dsis/health/library?l=/methodologiesandstandards/health\\_care/estat-oecd-definitions-c/\\_EN\\_1.0\\_&a=d](http://circa.europa.eu/Public/irc/dsis/health/library?l=/methodologiesandstandards/health_care/estat-oecd-definitions-c/_EN_1.0_&a=d)

**Health expenditure** is provided according to the classification of the functions of government (COFOG). This indicator is expressed as a proportion of total general government expenditure (for European countries, it has been calculated as the proportion of general government health expenditure in total general government expenditure).

# 4.

## Education

**Table 4.1.a:** Teaching staff at first level ( number per 1 000 inhabitants)

	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Angola	4.5	4.4	4.6	5.7	5.8	:	:
Benin	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.4	:
Botswana	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.9
Burkina Faso	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	:
Burundi	2.9	3.3	3.7	:	4.1	4.4	4.7
Cameroon	3.5	3.1	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.2
Cape Verde	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.0	:
Central African Republic	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	:
Chad	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	:
Comoros	4.8	:	:	5.3	:	:	:
Congo	2.0	3.1	2.8	3.2	2.6	3.5	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	3.8	4.1	4.3	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	:	2.5	2.9	3.0	2.9	:	:
Djibouti	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	:	1.9
Egypt	5.0	5.0	4.8	:	4.8	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	4.4	5.0	4.4	:
Eritrea	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	2.7	2.9	3.0	:
Gabon	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
The Gambia	3.7	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.8	:	:
Ghana	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.8	4.6	:	5.0
Guinea	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	3.1	:	:	:	3.6	:
Kenya	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.6	:
Lesotho	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.3	:
Liberia	:	:	8.0	6.1	3.1	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	3.8	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.5	5.1	:
Malawi	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4
Mali	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.2
Mauritania	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.9	4.1	:
Mauritius	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.4
Morocco	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.7
Mozambique	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.9
Namibia	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.0	:	:
Niger	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.0
Nigeria	4.3	3.9	3.2	:	:	3.6	:
Rwanda	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.4	:
São Tomé and Príncipe	6.6	6.5	:	:	8.0	7.9	7.1
Senegal	3.2	3.4	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.1	:
Seychelles	8.4	8.3	8.2	6.9	6.9	7.8	8.0
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	1.5	:	:	:	:
South Africa	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.7	:	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	2.9	:	:
Swaziland	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.6	7.0	:
Tanzania	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.8
Togo	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.4	4.8	5.3	:
Tunisia	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	:	:
Uganda	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	:
Zambia	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.9	:	3.8	:
Zimbabwe	5.2	5.2	:	:	5.0	5.6	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 4.1.b:** Teaching staff at first level (number per 1 000 inhabitants)

	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1
Belgium	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0 (b)
Bulgaria	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0 (b)
Czech Republic	3.0	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4 (b)
Denmark	:	:	:	10.6	10.5	10.3	9.9
Germany	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1
Estonia	:	5.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
Ireland	6.2	6.4	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.2 (b)
Greece	5.3	5.5	5.6	:	:	:	:
Spain	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.8
France	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.7
Croatia	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7
Italy	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.8
Cyprus	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.9 (b)	4.8
Latvia	3.0	2.9	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.8 (b)
Lithuania	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.1 (b)
Luxembourg	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.2	7.4	7.5	7.6
Hungary	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7
Malta	6.4	5.4	:	6.2	6.4	4.2	4.6 (b)
Netherlands	8.1	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.6	6.7
Austria	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6
Poland	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.6 (b)
Portugal	6.8	6.7	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.1 (b)
Romania	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2
Slovenia	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1 (b)	3.1	3.1	3.1
Slovakia	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6 (b)
Finland	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.7
Sweden	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6
United Kingdom	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1
Iceland	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.1	14.2	13.8	9.5
Liechtenstein	7.5	7.7	9.0	9.4	9.2	9.4	7.1
Norway	:	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.3
Switzerland	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3 (b)
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	5.6	5.4	5.8 (b)	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.8

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [educ\\_pers1d](#) and [demo\\_pjan](#))



**Table 4.2.b:** First level student enrolment (1 000)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	29 155	29 218	29 041	28 721	28 576	28 471	:	28 109	28 085
Belgium	762	747	739	733	732	733	732	732	736
Bulgaria	333	314	290	273	268	263	261	260	255
Czech Republic	567	534	503	473	463	460	461	463	468
Denmark	420	420	414	416	416	410	407	403	471
Germany	3 304	3 305	3 306	3 329	3 311	3 236	3 151	3 068	2 990
Estonia	100	92	86	80	76	75	74	73	73
Ireland	448	450	454	462	476	487	499	506	512
Greece	652	658	650	645	639	637	:	643	637
Spain	2 488	2 621	2 620	2 649	2 698	2 765	2 811	2 815	2 870
France	3 792	3 783	4 016	4 052	4 106	4 139	4 153	4 159	4 172
Croatia	192	195	196	195	191	182	174	168	162
Italy	2 779	2 791	2 790	2 809	2 849	2 866	2 855	2 859	2 863
Cyprus	63	62	61	60	58	57	56	55	54
Latvia	103	93	84	79	121	117	114	114	114
Lithuania	184	170	158	150	144	136	130	123	116
Luxembourg	34	35	35	35	36	36	35	35	35
Hungary	464	447	431	416	400	395	390	388	387
Malta	32	31	30	30	28	27	25	25	24
Netherlands	1 291	1 283	1 278	1 278	1 281	1 286	1 290	1 294	1 292
Austria	380	373	363	355	347	337	332	328	326
Poland	2 983	2 856	2 724	2 602	2 485	2 375	2 294	2 235	2 192
Portugal	783	780	772	752	757	773	760	753	743
Romania	991	1 006	970	939	919	865	859	846	829
Slovenia	87	94	93	94	95	99	107	107	107
Slovakia	270	255	243	235	231	225	218	212	209
Finland	393	388	382	372	365	357	351	347	346
Sweden	775	750	719	692	677	668	666	676	683
United Kingdom	4 488	4 686	4 635	4 518	4 409	4 465	4 417	4 422	4 420
Iceland	32	31	31	30	30	30	30	30	29
Liechtenstein	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Norway	433	432	430	430	431	430	427	424	423
Switzerland	536	532	524	517	511	505	499	493	487
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	117	114	110	105	101	115	113	111	132
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	10 332	10 480	10 565	10 674	10 847	10 871	10 710	10 917	10 981

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [educ\\_illev](#))

**Table 4.3.a:** Public expenditure on education (% of budget)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	:	:	:	:	:	20.3	:	:	:
Angola	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	8.0	:	:
Benin	11.0	11.0	12.0	11.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	:	:
Botswana	:	21.5	21.5	21.0	25.1	16.2	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	15.2	15.9	16.6	17.4	18.2	19.1	20.0	:	:
Burundi	15.4	14.9	12.4	13.7	17.2	22.3	23.4	:	25.0
Cameroon	17.3	17.2	15.9	16.8	13.1	15.4	19.2	:	:
Cape Verde	:	20.7	25.4	15.6	16.4	16.7	15.9	:	:
Central African Republic	17.6	17.2	14.0	10.8	19.5	10.1	11.1	:	:
Chad	:	7.7	10.1	:	:	:	12.6	:	:
Comoros	15.2	15.0	15.6	17.7	13.6	:	:	:	:
Congo	12.0	11.2	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	21.8	22.1	21.8	20.8	21.7	24.6	:	:	:
Djibouti	25.2	27.4	25.9	22.4	22.8	:	:	:	:
Egypt	16.2	15.5	16.0	12.0	12.6	11.9	:	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	4.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	18.2	20.4	19.7	17.5	23.3	:	:	:	:
Gabon	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
The Gambia	:	:	:	:	:	:	16.0	22.8	:
Ghana	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea	9.6	8.3	7.4	5.7	10.8	10.8	11.3	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	:	:	7.0	8.0	:
Kenya	22.1	29.2	17.9	21.5	19.2	21.4	20.8	22.6	19.8
Lesotho	29.6	29.6	32.9	28.5	27.5	27.2	22.8	26.9	21.5
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	12.1	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	16.7	18.2	25.3	13.9	16.4	13.4	:	:	:
Malawi	19.4	21.0	13.0	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	16.0	18.0
Mali	16.8	16.9	15.4	16.9	16.8	17.4	19.8	18.1	:
Mauritania	:	8.3	10.1	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	13.3	13.7	14.1	13.0	12.6	12.7	13.5	13.7	12.5
Morocco	28.2	28.0	23.9	27.8	26.6	21.6	23.5	25.9	23.4
Mozambique	19.2	20.9	20.4	21.5	19.5	20.0	19.5	20.2	:
Namibia	:	:	:	:	:	22.4	:	:	:
Niger	8.6	11.9	12.4	13.0	13.8	15.1	13.5	13.5	10.3
Nigeria	6.5	5.9	6.2	7.8	8.7	6.9	:	:	:
Rwanda	:	:	12.2	:	19.0	20.4	:	:	:
São Tomé and Principe	3.5	1.7	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.3	:	:	:
Senegal	16.5	17.7	19.3	17.5	23.0	24.0	26.0	:	:
Seychelles	:	:	:	12.6	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	18.8	14.9	18.1	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	18.5	18.1	17.9	17.6	17.4	16.2	16.9	:	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	3.0	1.9	1.4	1.0	1.7	1.3	1.3	:	:
Swaziland	:	26.9	24.6	24.4	24.5	19.4	22.1	24.0	:
Tanzania	:	:	:	:	:	27.5	:	:	:
Togo	28.2	28.7	18.7	16.6	17.2	15.8	17.6	:	:
Tunisia	18.0	17.0	17.0	18.0	18.0	21.0	:	:	:
Uganda	:	18.3	:	:	:	18.9	15.0	:	:
Zambia	:	14.8	:	:	:	:	22.0	:	:
Zimbabwe	19.0	21.0	12.0	19.0	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 4.3.b:** Public expenditure on education (% of budget)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.9
Belgium	11.7	11.7	11.3	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.6	11.6	11.6
Bulgaria	10.9	10.6	11.5	10.9	9.7	10.7	10.4	10.1	10.2
Czech Republic	10.0	10.7	10.7	11.3	10.9	10.9	10.8	11.0	11.4
Denmark	14.0	14.0	13.9	13.7	13.3	13.4	13.7	13.9	13.5
Germany	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.4
Estonia	18.8	18.6	17.8	17.8	17.3	16.9	15.9	16.8	16.9
Ireland	13.7	13.5	13.4	13.3	13.0	12.4	12.1	8.4	10.9
Greece	9.0	8.5	8.8	8.6	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.9
Spain	11.3	11.3	11.1	11.2	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.6	10.5
France	11.2	11.0	10.8	10.8	10.5	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Italy	10.0	9.6	9.7	9.4	9.6	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.5
Cyprus	15.2	15.3	14.8	15.0	15.3	16.1	15.7	16.1	15.6
Latvia	15.8	17.0	15.7	15.7	16.3	16.8	15.5	14.0	14.9
Lithuania	17.2	17.3	16.2	15.9	14.9	15.5	15.6	15.0	15.6
Luxembourg	11.7	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.7	11.9	11.8	12.1	12.1
Hungary	12.6	11.8	11.7	11.2	10.8	10.7	10.3	11.3	10.4
Malta	13.0	12.9	12.7	12.8	12.7	12.1	12.6	13.7	13.9
Netherlands	11.8	12.0	12.2	11.7	11.8	11.8	11.5	11.4	11.6
Austria	10.9	9.8	10.5	10.7	10.6	10.9	10.9	10.8	11.0
Poland	13.6	13.4	14.0	13.6	13.4	13.3	12.5	12.4	12.8
Portugal	14.7	14.8	14.7	14.6	13.9	13.9	13.7	13.8	12.9
Romania	10.6	10.8	10.7	11.6	10.3	11.4	9.9	8.3	10.5
Slovenia	13.9	14.1	14.7	14.3	14.0	13.8	13.3	13.2	13.1
Slovakia	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.2	11.3	10.0	10.4	11.2	10.6
Finland	12.7	12.5	12.2	12.2	12.1	12.0	11.7	11.8	11.6
Sweden	13.0	13.1	13.0	13.1	13.1	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.3
United Kingdom	13.7	13.7	14.0	13.9	14.0	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.4
Iceland	17.9	18.6	19.8	19.9	19.2	14.5	16.8	16.2	17.0
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	13.4	13.7	13.6	13.4	13.3	13.1	13.1	13.0	12.6
Switzerland	:	:	17.0	17.3	17.3	17.6	17.9	17.9	17.9
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_a\\_exp](#))

## Definitions

Data on education relate to public and private schools. The reference years correspond to the beginning of the school/academic year.

The International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) is the basis for international education statistics, describing different levels of education among other characteristics. ISCED level 1 is primary education, which begins between 5 and 7 years of age and is compulsory in all countries. ISCED level 2 is lower secondary education, which continues the basic programmes of the primary level, although teaching is more subject-focused.

### Primary level of education (ISCED level 1)

Programmes are normally designed to give students a sound basic education in reading, writing and mathematics along with an elementary understanding of other subjects such as history, geography, natural science, social science, art and music. In some cases religious instruction is featured.

### Teaching staff at a specific level

Teachers are defined as persons whose professional activity involves the transmission of knowledge, attitudes and skills, as laid out in a formal curriculum programme, to students enrolled in a formal educational institution at a specific level (primary, secondary or tertiary).

Students/pupils are defined as any individual participating in educational services. The number of students/pupils enrolled refers to the count of students/pupils studying in the reference period, i.e. the school/academic year.

First-level student enrolment is the number of pupils enrolled at the primary level of education, regardless of age.

Public expenditure on education is dedicated to financing current and capital expenditure of educational institutions; supporting students and their families with scholarships and public loans, and transferring public subsidies for educational activities to private firms or non-profit organisations (transfers to private households and firms). This indicator is expressed as a proportion of total general government expenditure (for European countries, it has been calculated as the proportion of general government education expenditure in total general government expenditure).

5

## National Accounts







**Table 5.2.b:** GDP growth rates at constant prices (%)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	1.5	2.5	2.1	3.3	3.2	0.3	-4.3	2.1	1.6	-0.3
Belgium	0.8	3.3	1.8	2.7	2.9	1.0	-2.8	2.4	1.8	-0.3
Bulgaria	5.5	6.7	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.2	-5.5	0.4	1.8	0.8
Czech Republic	3.8	4.7	6.8	7.0	5.7	3.1	-4.5	2.5	1.9	-1.3
Denmark	0.4	2.3	2.4	3.4	1.6	-0.8	-5.7	1.6	1.1	-0.5
Germany	-0.4	1.2	0.7	3.7	3.3	1.1	-5.1	4.2	3.0	0.7
Estonia	7.8	6.3	8.9	10.1	7.5	-4.2	-14.1	3.3	8.3	3.2
Ireland	3.9	4.4	5.9	5.4	5.4	-2.1	-5.5	-0.8	1.4	0.9
Greece	5.9	4.4	2.3 <sup>(b)</sup>	5.5	3.5	-0.2	-3.1	-4.9	-7.1	-6.4
Spain	3.1	3.3	3.6	4.1	3.5	0.9	-3.7	-0.3	0.4	-1.4
France	0.9	2.5	1.8	2.5	2.3	-0.1	-3.1	1.7	2.0	0.0
Croatia	5.4	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.1	2.1	-6.9	-2.3	0.0	-2.0
Italy	0.0	1.7	0.9	2.2	1.7	-1.2	-5.5	1.7	0.4	-2.4
Cyprus	1.9	4.2	3.9	4.1	5.1	3.6	-1.9	1.3	0.5	-2.4
Latvia	7.6	8.9	10.1	11.2	9.6	-3.3	-17.7	-0.9	5.5	5.6
Lithuania	10.3	7.4	7.8	7.8	9.8	2.9	-14.8	1.5	5.9	3.7
Luxembourg	1.7	4.4	5.3	4.9	6.6	-0.7	-4.1	2.9	1.7	0.3
Hungary	3.9	4.8	4.0	3.9	0.1	0.9	-6.8	1.3	1.6	-1.7
Malta	0.7	-0.3	3.6	2.6	4.1	3.9	-2.8	3.2	1.8	1.0
Netherlands	0.3	2.2	2.0	3.4	3.9	1.8	-3.7	1.6	1.0	-1.0
Austria	0.9	2.6	2.4	3.7	3.7	1.4	-3.8	2.1	2.7	0.8
Poland	3.9	5.3	3.6	6.2	6.8	5.1	1.6	3.9	4.5	1.9
Portugal	-0.9	1.6	0.8	1.4	2.4	0.0	-2.9	1.9	-1.6	-3.2
Romania	5.2	8.5	4.2	7.9	6.3	7.3	-6.6	-1.1	2.2	0.7
Slovenia	2.9	4.4	4.0	5.8	7.0	3.4	-7.8	1.2	0.6	-2.3
Slovakia	4.8	5.1	6.7	8.3	10.5	5.8	-4.9	4.4	3.2	2.0
Finland	2.0	4.1	2.9	4.4	5.3	0.3	-8.5	3.3	2.8	-0.2
Sweden	2.3	4.2	3.2	4.3	3.3	-0.6	-5.0	6.6	3.7	0.7
United Kingdom	3.8	2.9	2.8	2.6	3.6	-1.0	-4.0	1.8	1.0	0.3
Iceland	2.4	7.8	7.2	4.7	6.0	1.2	-6.6	-4.1	2.9	1.6
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	1.0	4.0	2.6	2.3	2.7	0.1	-1.6	0.5	1.2	3.1
Switzerland	0.0	2.4	2.7	3.8	3.8	2.2	-1.9	3.0	1.9	1.0
Montenegro	2.5	4.4	4.2	8.6	10.7	6.9	-5.7	2.5	3.2	-0.5
FYR of Macedonia	2.8	4.6	4.4	5.0	6.1	5.0	-0.9	2.9	2.8	-0.2
Serbia	2.5	9.3	5.4	3.6	5.4	3.8	-3.5	1.0	1.6	-1.7
Turkey	5.3	9.4	8.4	6.9	4.7	0.7	-4.8	9.0	8.8	2.2

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [nama\\_gdp\\_k](#))

**Table 5.3.a:** GDP per capita at current prices (EUR)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	718	773	875	992	1 030	1 086	1 064	1 258	1 281	1 792
Algeria	1 906	2 135	2 507	2 817	2 924	3 378	2 848	3 442	3 836	4 221
Angola	786	977	1 450	2 090	2 680	3 485	3 220	3 567	3 943	4 489
Benin	414	455	468	490	507	546	558	563	575	622
Botswana	4 263	4 790	4 821	5 313	5 042	5 075	4 590	5 898	5 659	5 610
Burkina Faso	281	285	307	347	349	378	395	424	433	500
Burundi	78	77	88	99	88	92	108	124	131	219
Cameroon	724	741	759	799	813	838	889	905	945	1 002
Cape Verde	1 586	1 605	1 642	1 859	2 021	2 127	2 133	2 261	2 644	2 706
Central African Republic	262	260	269	289	299	317	330	340	352	341
Chad	266	280	512	547	582	633	595	713	772	836
Comoros	467	477	473	493	500	506	523	537	570	633
Congo	931	1 093	1 377	1 710	1 655	2 082	1 719	2 313	2 580	2 630
Congo, Dem. Republic	94	95	100	120	121	129	125	151	170	203
Côte d'Ivoire	786	757	758	779	800	831	857	875	838	817
Djibouti	721	680	700	749	741	778	866	958	978	1 087
Egypt	894	871	1 003	1 144	1 260	1 426	1 698	2 002	2 006	2 350
Equatorial Guinea	4 314	6 560	9 474	10 967	12 346	14 880	10 706	13 331	13 441	25 259
Eritrea	188	208	196	209	201	189	262	304	344	433
Ethiopia	108	112	132	160	181	221	253	242	255	358
Gabon	4 118	4 328	5 052	5 482	5 888	6 732	5 295	6 637	7 511	9 644
The Gambia	322	320	333	338	367	400	385	413	397	397
Ghana	332	341	396	739	799	831	790	1 021	1 074	1 140
Guinea	361	337	259	247	317	309	327	337	331	419
Guinea-Bissau	317	316	335	333	356	393	406	421	437	451
Kenya	395	376	420	494	533	537	570	599	585	740
Lesotho	428	489	529	550	556	518	573	757	822	918
Liberia	131	139	147	164	166	172	198	212	209	323
Libya	4 243	4 773	6 295	7 499	7 630	8 963	6 756	8 282	3 974	9 003
Madagascar	291	204	225	240	284	326	306	318	332	350
Malawi	189	179	179	195	203	211	252	278	239	226
Mali	306	316	333	361	374	409	433	461	470	512
Mauritania	399	423	482	692	668	737	645	787	810	800
Mauritius	4 225	4 280	4 321	4 264	4 480	5 087	4 919	5 634	6 189	7 544
Morocco	1 498	1 534	1 563	1 716	1 779	1 910	2 058	2 147	2 217	2 414
Mozambique	226	244	271	286	286	316	320	309	375	479
Namibia	2 200	2 620	2 790	3 022	2 993	2 705	2 859	3 686	3 899	3 968
Niger	200	192	210	221	229	258	263	281	290	311
Nigeria	456	522	641	814	831	936	790	934	989	1 342
Rwanda	187	188	224	264	283	319	367	399	416	465
São Tomé and Principe	613	597	645	700	671	772	877	945	1 046	1 155
Senegal	596	614	638	670	718	766	755	775	806	748
Seychelles	8 018	8 420	9 038	9 841	8 964	7 459	6 945	8 072	8 637	7 781
Sierra Leone	269	232	231	248	261	265	272	277	347	507
Somalia	151	165	227	207	213	197	216	141	:	:
South Africa	3 233	3 760	4 131	4 333	4 297	3 744	4 083	5 482	5 693	5 660
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	570	626	794	1 005	1 115	1 051	1 054	1 272	1 452	877
Swaziland	1 526	1 791	1 869	2 117	2 196	1 973	2 189	2 638	2 582	2 359
Tanzania	284	275	291	288	300	332	354	385	363	488
Togo	290	297	312	322	328	371	386	398	407	427
Tunisia	2 530	2 575	2 602	2 754	2 817	3 042	2 917	3 264	3 234	3 209
Uganda	237	248	282	301	327	354	368	400	374	517
Zambia	356	394	500	731	702	801	725	932	1 025	1 556
Zimbabwe	440	400	386	391	332	284	354	446	564	512

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 5.3.b:** GDP per capita at current prices (EUR)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	20 600	21 600	22 400	23 600	24 900	25 000	23 400	24 400	25 100	25 500
Belgium	26 600	28 000	29 000	30 200	31 600	32 400	31 600	32 700	33 700	34 000
Bulgaria	2 400	2 600	3 000	3 400	4 000	4 600	4 600	4 800	5 200	5 400
Czech Republic	8 300	9 000	10 200	11 500	12 800	14 800	13 600	14 300	14 800	14 500
Denmark	35 000	36 500	38 300	40 200	41 700	42 800	40 500	42 600	43 200	43 700
Germany	26 000	26 600	27 000	28 100	29 500	30 100	29 000	30 500	31 700	32 299
Estonia	6 400	7 200	8 300	10 000	12 000	12 100	10 300	10 700	11 900	12 700
Ireland	35 200	36 900	39 200	41 600	42 900	39 800	35 500	34 300	34 700	35 600
Greece	15 600	16 700	17 400 <sup>(b)</sup>	18 700	19 900	20 800	20 500	19 600	18 500	17 200
Spain	18 600	19 700	21 000	22 400	23 500	23 900	22 800	22 800	23 100	22 700
France	25 600	26 500	27 300	28 400	29 600	30 100	29 300	29 900	30 700	31 100
Croatia	6 800	7 400	8 100	8 900	9 800	10 700	10 100	10 100	10 400	10 300
Italy	23 300	24 000	24 500	25 300	26 200	26 300	25 200	25 700	26 000	25 700
Cyprus	16 200	17 300	18 400	19 500	20 700	21 800	20 900	21 000	21 100	20 500
Latvia	4 300 <sup>(b)</sup>	4 900 <sup>(b)</sup>	5 800 <sup>(b)</sup>	7 200 <sup>(b)</sup>	9 600 <sup>(b)</sup>	10 500 <sup>(b)</sup>	8 600 <sup>(b)</sup>	8 600 <sup>(b)</sup>	9 800 <sup>(b)</sup>	10 900
Lithuania	4 900	5 400	6 300	7 400	8 900	10 100	8 400	8 900	10 200 <sup>(b)</sup>	11 000
Luxembourg	57 100	59 900	65 000	71 700	78 000	76 400	72 300	78 600	82 100	83 600
Hungary	7 300	8 100	8 800	8 900	9 900	10 500	9 100	9 700	10 000	9 800
Malta	11 600	11 600	12 200	12 800	13 700	14 500	14 400	15 300	15 900	16 300
Netherlands	29 400	30 200	31 500	33 100	34 900	36 200	34 700	35 400	36 100	35 900
Austria	27 700	28 700	29 800	31 300	33 000	33 900	33 000	34 100	35 700	36 800
Poland	5 000	5 300	6 400	7 100	8 200	9 500	8 100	9 200	9 600	9 900 <sup>(b)</sup>
Portugal	13 700	14 200	14 600	15 200	16 000	16 200	15 900	16 300	16 100	15 600
Romania	2 400	2 800	3 700	4 500	5 800	6 500	5 500	5 800	6 100	6 200
Slovenia	12 900	13 600	14 400	15 500	17 100	18 400 <sup>(b)</sup>	17 400 <sup>(b)</sup>	17 400 <sup>(b)</sup>	17 600	17 200
Slovakia	5 500	6 300	7 100	8 300	10 200	11 900	11 600	12 100	12 800	13 200
Finland	27 900	29 100	30 000	31 500	34 000	34 900	32 299	33 300	35 200	35 900
Sweden	31 100	32 400	33 000	35 000	36 900	36 100	31 500	37 300	41 000	43 000
United Kingdom	27 900	29 900	31 000	32 700	34 200	29 900	25 700	27 800	28 200	30 500
Iceland	33 600	36 500	44 300	43 800	48 000	32 200	27 200	29 800	31 700	33 100
Liechtenstein	79 300	80 400	84 300	90 700	95 100	97 400	90 400	106 800	:	:
Norway	43 600	45 600	52 900	58 100	61 100	65 300	56 500	65 000	71 200	77 500
Switzerland	40 000	40 400	41 300	42 700	43 200	46 400	47 100	53 400	60 500	62 000
Montenegro	2 435	2 684	2 912	3 443	4 280	4 908	4 720	5 006	5 211	:
FYR of Macedonia	2 100	2 200	2 400	2 600	2 900	3 300	3 300	3 400	3 600	:
Serbia	2 300	2 500	2 700	3 100	3 900	4 400	4 000	3 800	4 300	:
Turkey	4 000	4 600	5 600	6 000	6 700	7 000	6 100	7 500	7 500	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [nama\\_gdp\\_c](#) and [cpc\\_ecnagdp](#))

## Definitions

National accounts data for the African countries are obtained from various national sources and supplemented with data from international sources such as the UN Yearbook of National Accounts and the AfDB (African Development Bank) and ECA (Economic Commission for Africa) African Centre for Statistics estimates. Where necessary, official figures have been adjusted to conform to the System of National Accounts (SNA). Many countries continue to compile their national accounts in accordance with the 1968 SNA, but more and more are adopting the 1993 SNA. A few countries still use concepts from older SNA guidelines, including valuations such as factor cost, in describing major economic aggregates.

For European countries, annual national accounts are compiled in accordance with the European System of Accounts (ESA 1995). The 1995 ESA is broadly consistent with the System of National Accounts of the United Nations (1993 SNA) as regards the definitions, accounting rules and classifications.

[Gross Domestic Product \(GDP\)](#) measures the total final market value of all goods and services produced within a country during a given period. GDP is the most frequently used indicator of economic activity and is most often measured on an annual or quarterly basis to gauge the growth of a country's economy between one period and another. GDP is also a measure of total consumer, investment and government spending plus the value of exports minus imports. GDP is the most widely used indicator from the System of National Accounts (SNA). Its methodology is standardised internationally thus enabling comparison between countries anywhere in the world.

[GDP growth rate](#) is calculated as the increase in GDP relative to the previous year, in percentage. GDP is measured at constant prices in national currency, in order to calculate a growth measure that is not influenced by price inflation and by variations in the exchange rates.

[GDP per capita](#) is an indicator that is derived through the division of GDP by the total population.

6

## Economy & finance

**Table 6.1.a:** Government revenue (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	23.3	25.4	28.4	26.6	27.3	27.0	27.0
Algeria	35.1	40.8	41.4	36.6	36.4	40.5	39.9
Angola	44.5	40.7	50.5	34.5	43.5	46.3	48.8
Benin	17.8	18.9	21.3	21.0	19.2	20.1	20.5
Botswana	40.0	34.3	31.4	37.1	29.7	31.8	29.6
Burkina Faso	18.3	17.3	17.2	19.6	20.1	20.8	23.1
Burundi	29.3	32.5	30.3	27.4	31.0	26.2	26.3
Cameroon	18.2	18.2	20.8	17.4	16.5	17.9	18.0
Cape Verde	26.9	30.9	29.9	31.6	31.2	28.4	25.7
Central African Republic	12.8	12.4	15.1	41.8	16.7	14.9	15.7
Chad	12.3	12.7	27.3	14.7	20.5	22.5	23.1
Comoros	18.4	20.0	24.7	24.3	30.3	21.3	21.6
Congo	30.7	38.8	52.1	30.1	64.1	49.3	43.1
Congo, Dem. Republic	6.5	16.4	20.3	22.7	20.5	19.5	19.6
Côte d'Ivoire	17.8	18.1	20.3	24.4	32.9	28.8	32.5
Djibouti	28.0	37.1	41.9	37.0	35.4	35.5	36.1
Egypt	3.9	20.4	3.2	27.1	22.2	19.3	18.6
Equatorial Guinea	28.8	37.1	48.4	49.5	34.8	42.5	31.6
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	19.5	18.9	16.4	16.3	17.3	16.7	15.2
Gabon	39.8	29.8	32.9	32.9	28.0	28.8	25.3
The Gambia	17.2	15.7	22.8	20.6	18.8	21.1	19.9
Ghana	25.0	29.1	28.4	18.5	19.1	20.8	24.7
Guinea	15.0	15.2	16.2	15.8	15.8	19.1	26.7
Guinea-Bissau	:	14.2	:	24.7	20.2	20.8	18.7
Kenya	21.2	21.5	22.9	22.4	25.2	24.7	25.7
Lesotho	48.9	52.5	66.2	57.0	59.9	52.5	52.2
Liberia	9.8	14.8	36.2	23.7	27.7	33.7	27.4
Libya	38.3	62.9	69.9	56.7	67.8	37.9	50.2
Madagascar	14.0	12.3	16.6	12.3	13.3	13.2	12.2
Malawi	25.5	26.0	29.9	31.9	33.6	30.9	22.2
Mali	17.8	19.9	18.9	21.7	20.2	22.6	16.3
Mauritania	24.7	26.6	22.1	25.5	26.5	27.4	27.9
Mauritius	17.3	21.2	19.5	22.1	21.9	21.3	21.5
Morocco	22.5	25.1	29.5	27.2	25.2	26.4	26.0
Mozambique	26.3	20.0	25.5	27.1	29.7	30.1	28.0
Namibia	27.1	24.0	25.1	30.9	29.5	28.1	30.8
Niger	16.7	18.2	29.9	18.7	18.4	21.7	21.4
Nigeria	45.8	38.1	33.8	19.2	23.5	27.3	29.2
Rwanda	16.8	24.0	27.1	24.3	26.2	30.6	25.1
São Tomé and Príncipe	37.5	34.3	48.7	30.0	33.3	37.1	38.6
Senegal	18.6	20.8	21.8	20.4	21.9	22.8	23.1
Seychelles	29.5	43.0	36.4	37.2	35.4	38.2	41.9
Sierra Leone	18.9	23.1	15.9	17.0	18.1	17.2	17.0
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	21.1	22.1	24.5	28.5	24.9	25.6	28.1
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	10.7	18.3	21.8	14.6	15.7	18.9	12.0
Swaziland	29.6	35.4	33.4	35.1	34.2	24.8	38.9
Tanzania	13.4	17.3	21.0	20.2	19.2	21.2	48.8
Togo	15.4	16.9	17.5	21.2	22.8	22.7	22.2
Tunisia	24.7	22.2	26.5	23.4	23.4	24.3	25.0
Uganda	17.5	17.3	16.2	13.5	13.4	19.6	15.6
Zambia	24.7	23.3	22.3	20.3	19.6	21.9	21.6
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	15.9	17.8	32.9	32.6

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.1.b:** Government revenue (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	44.6	44.3	44.7	44.2	44.1	44.7	45.4
Belgium	49.5	49.3	48.7	48.1	48.7	49.5	50.8
Bulgaria	41.7	38.3	40.1	37.1	34.3	33.6	34.9
Czech Republic	38.3	39.8	38.9	38.9	39.0	39.8	40.1
Denmark	55.4	57.8	54.8	55.3	55.0	55.7	55.5
Germany	44.5	43.6	44.0	45.1	43.6	44.5	45.2
Estonia	34.7	35.2	36.7	43.5	40.9	39.5	40.2
Ireland	34.1	35.5	35.7	34.7	35.2	34.9	34.6
Greece	40.9	39.0	40.7	38.3	40.6	42.4	44.7
Spain	38.1	39.7	37.0	35.1	36.6	35.7	36.4
France	50.0	50.6	49.9	49.2	49.5	50.6	51.7
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Italy	44.5	43.4	45.9	46.5	46.1	46.2	47.7
Cyprus	35.7	40.7	43.1	40.1	40.9	39.7	40.0
Latvia	33.0	35.4	34.9	34.0	35.3	34.9	35.2
Lithuania	33.1	32.7	34.0	35.5	35.2	33.3	32.9
Luxembourg	44.2	41.5	42.3	43.8	42.0	41.5	42.1
Hungary	43.7	42.2	45.5	46.9	45.4	53.8	46.5
Malta	35.0	40.7	38.6	38.7	38.4	39.3	40.5
Netherlands	45.1	44.5	46.7	45.8	46.1	45.4	46.4
Austria	51.1	48.2	48.3	48.5	48.1	48.0	48.7
Poland	38.5	39.4	39.5	37.2	37.6	38.4	38.4
Portugal	38.3	40.1	41.1	39.6	41.6	45.0	41.0
Romania	32.7	32.4	33.6	32.1	33.3	33.8	33.5
Slovenia	43.4	43.8	42.4	43.1	44.5	44.4	45.0
Slovakia	38.0	35.2	32.8	33.5	32.3	33.3	33.1
Finland	53.1	53.0	53.6	53.4	53.0	53.9	53.7
Sweden	56.1	55.8	53.9	54.0	52.3	51.2	51.3
United Kingdom	40.7	40.4	42.6	39.9	40.3	40.8	42.2
Iceland	41.9	47.1	44.1	41.0	41.5	41.7	43.1
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	57.4	56.8	58.6	56.7	56.3	57.3	57.0
Switzerland	34.5	34.1	34.0	34.9	34.0	34.3	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_a\\_main](#))

**Table 6.2.a:** Government expenditure (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	26.6	24.5	27.0	31.6	30.7	30.6	30.6
Algeria	31.6	27.2	35.4	43.1	38.5	41.8	43.2
Angola	50.7	32.2	41.6	39.5	36.7	37.3	40.9
Benin	19.3	21.3	23.0	25.9	21.6	21.9	21.9
Botswana	32.7	33.2	27.2	42.8	39.1	40.2	30.7
Burkina Faso	22.6	22.3	21.6	24.4	24.6	24.2	23.6
Burundi	33.2	34.7	33.4	35.8	36.6	34.5	34.3
Cameroon	16.9	14.4	18.5	17.5	17.2	20.7	21.5
Cape Verde	32.3	35.0	31.1	38.5	43.1	38.6	39.5
Central African Republic	13.7	16.9	15.5	14.6	17.1	15.4	19.2
Chad	17.1	13.0	22.1	23.1	23.4	23.0	22.3
Comoros	22.0	19.9	27.2	23.7	23.0	23.2	23.9
Congo	31.5	23.2	26.0	25.5	22.0	23.6	40.7
Congo, Dem. Republic	45.9	19.5	19.0	21.8	22.1	21.4	23.1
Côte d'Ivoire	16.9	19.0	19.7	28.6	30.5	35.8	38.6
Djibouti	29.4	36.9	40.6	41.6	35.9	35.7	38.1
Egypt	32.2	29.4	27.2	33.7	30.3	29.3	29.4
Equatorial Guinea	12.5	16.0	25.5	59.1	39.5	35.4	25.6
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	23.4	23.1	19.4	17.2	19.0	18.4	15.0
Gabon	37.7	20.4	32.0	26.2	28.0	23.5	24.4
The Gambia	31.1	22.1	26.0	23.3	22.8	25.7	25.9
Ghana	32.7	30.7	42.4	22.8	24.9	24.0	30.1
Guinea	18.0	16.0	17.4	23.7	29.8	26.7	28.1
Guinea-Bissau	:	17.2	:	21.8	20.4	20.2	21.0
Kenya	22.8	21.1	28.5	29.3	31.6	29.2	30.5
Lesotho	50.3	44.4	55.7	55.2	62.6	57.5	62.6
Liberia	10.6	14.1	36.5	25.1	27.2	34.5	32.0
Libya	39.0	33.5	43.0	50.7	57.1	53.5	37.2
Madagascar	18.4	21.0	18.5	14.8	14.1	14.9	15.3
Malawi	32.4	29.8	34.0	37.1	34.4	33.6	29.3
Mali	21.1	24.6	21.5	25.9	22.9	27.6	22.6
Mauritania	35.0	33.7	29.5	30.6	28.4	28.9	31.6
Mauritius	19.2	23.6	22.7	28.0	28.3	27.7	24.4
Morocco	26.9	22.6	29.1	29.4	29.8	33.2	33.6
Mozambique	32.4	23.5	28.0	32.6	33.6	34.4	36.2
Namibia	28.5	26.9	24.3	29.2	30.8	33.8	39.8
Niger	18.5	20.2	23.8	24.1	20.8	25.2	24.1
Nigeria	51.1	13.0	30.0	22.4	29.3	27.5	25.4
Rwanda	21.1	23.7	26.7	25.2	26.8	25.5	26.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	44.8	45.2	31.2	59.5	42.7	49.0	48.1
Senegal	20.8	24.0	26.6	26.7	27.1	29.7	30.1
Seychelles	37.4	36.0	39.8	32.0	32.8	35.7	39.3
Sierra Leone	27.2	23.6	21.0	19.8	24.2	21.7	18.8
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	23.3	23.4	23.7	29.4	30.7	29.5	32.8
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	11.6	10.2	23.2	18.9	18.7	19.9	16.4
Swaziland	27.3	37.5	30.9	37.0	40.3	38.3	35.9
Tanzania	14.3	19.8	21.1	24.1	25.9	27.2	57.8
Togo	15.6	19.7	17.7	21.8	22.5	25.4	25.3
Tunisia	28.1	24.5	27.3	26.1	24.6	24.5	31.0
Uganda	20.0	18.0	18.6	15.5	17.7	23.2	18.6
Zambia	31.7	26.0	24.6	22.4	22.7	25.2	25.8
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	17.5	23.2	36.4	36.6

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.2.b:** Government expenditure (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	46.2	46.8	47.1	51.1	50.6	49.1	49.4
Belgium	49.1	51.9	49.8	53.7	52.6	53.4	54.8
Bulgaria	40.6	37.3	38.4	41.4	37.4	35.6	35.7
Czech Republic	43.9	43.0	41.1	44.7	43.7	43.0	44.5
Denmark	54.2	52.8	51.5	58.1	57.7	57.6	59.6
Germany	47.6	46.9	44.1	48.2	47.7	45.3	45.0
Estonia	34.8	33.6	39.7	45.5	40.7	38.3	40.5
Ireland	33.2	33.8	43.1	48.6	66.1	48.1	42.1
Greece	45.4	44.6	50.6	54.0	51.4	52.0	54.8
Spain	38.7	38.4	41.5	46.3	46.3	45.2	47.0
France	51.7	53.6	53.3	56.8	56.6	55.9	56.6
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Italy	47.7	47.9	48.6	51.9	50.4	49.9	50.6
Cyprus	38.0	43.1	42.1	46.2	46.2	46.0	46.3
Latvia	35.0	35.8	39.1	43.7	43.4	38.4	36.5
Lithuania	36.6	33.2	37.2	44.9	42.4	38.9	36.2
Luxembourg	38.1	41.5	39.1	44.6	42.9	41.8	43.0
Hungary	47.8	50.1	49.2	51.4	49.8	49.6	48.5
Malta	41.2	43.6	43.2	42.4	42.0	42.1	43.9
Netherlands	45.4	44.8	46.2	51.4	51.2	49.8	50.4
Austria	51.3	50.0	49.3	52.6	52.6	50.5	51.2
Poland	43.8	43.4	43.2	44.6	45.4	43.4	42.3
Portugal	43.2	46.6	44.8	49.8	51.5	49.4	47.4
Romania	36.2	33.6	39.3	41.1	40.1	39.4	36.4
Slovenia	47.3	45.3	44.3	49.3	50.4	50.8	49.0
Slovakia	44.5	38.0	34.9	41.6	40.0	38.3	37.4
Finland	48.0	50.3	49.2	56.1	55.8	55.0	56.0
Sweden	54.5	53.9	51.7	54.9	52.3	51.2	52.0
United Kingdom	40.2	43.8	47.7	51.3	50.4	48.6	48.5
Iceland	42.6	42.2	57.7	51.0	51.6	47.3	46.5
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	44.1	41.8	39.8	46.2	45.2	43.9	43.2
Switzerland	34.8	35.2	32.1	34.1	33.8	33.8	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	:	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_a\\_main](#))

**Table 6.3.a:** Government fiscal balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	4.0	0.9	1.3	-5.0	-3.5	-3.6	-3.6
Algeria	4.7	13.6	6.0	-6.5	-2.1	-1.3	-3.3
Angola	11.6	8.5	8.8	-4.9	6.8	8.9	7.8
Benin	1.6	-2.4	-1.7	-4.9	-2.5	-1.8	-1.5
Botswana	10.1	1.1	4.2	-5.7	-9.4	-8.4	-1.2
Burkina Faso	-5.7	-5.0	-4.4	-4.8	-4.5	-3.4	-0.5
Burundi	-3.0	-2.3	-3.1	-8.4	-5.7	-8.4	-8.0
Cameroon	4.7	3.8	2.3	-0.0	-0.7	-2.7	-3.5
Cape Verde	-0.9	-4.1	-1.1	-6.9	-11.8	-10.2	-13.8
Central African Republic	1.3	-4.5	-0.4	27.2	-0.4	-0.6	-3.5
Chad	2.5	-0.4	5.2	-8.4	-2.9	-0.5	0.8
Comoros	-2.0	0.1	-2.6	0.6	7.3	-1.8	-2.3
Congo	10.9	15.6	26.1	4.7	42.1	25.7	2.4
Congo, Dem. Republic	-2.5	-0.8	-2.4	0.9	-1.6	-1.8	-3.5
Côte d'Ivoire	-1.0	-3.1	0.6	-4.2	2.4	-7.0	-6.2
Djibouti	-2.6	0.2	1.3	-4.6	-0.5	-0.1	-2.0
Egypt	1.0	-9.0	0.5	-6.6	-8.1	-10.0	-10.8
Equatorial Guinea	20.9	21.1	22.9	-9.6	-4.7	7.1	6.0
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	-3.6	-4.2	-3.0	-0.9	-1.7	-1.6	0.2
Gabon	-1.7	9.4	0.9	6.6	0.0	5.4	0.9
The Gambia	0.2	-6.3	-3.2	-2.7	-4.0	-4.6	-6.0
Ghana	-8.7	-1.6	-14.0	-4.3	-5.9	-3.2	-5.5
Guinea	0.5	-0.9	-1.2	-7.9	-14.0	-7.6	-1.4
Guinea-Bissau	:	-2.9	:	2.8	-0.2	0.7	-2.3
Kenya	-1.0	0.4	-5.6	-6.9	-6.3	-4.5	-4.7
Lesotho	18.2	8.2	10.6	1.8	-2.7	-5.0	-10.4
Liberia	3.1	0.8	-0.4	-1.4	0.6	-0.7	-4.7
Libya	25.4	29.4	26.9	6.0	10.7	-15.6	13.1
Madagascar	-2.7	-8.7	-1.9	-2.5	-0.9	-1.7	-3.1
Malawi	-2.1	-3.8	-4.2	-5.1	-0.8	-2.8	-7.2
Mali	-3.4	-4.7	-2.6	-4.2	-2.7	-5.0	-6.4
Mauritania	-4.4	-7.1	-7.4	-5.1	-1.9	-1.5	-3.6
Mauritius	-4.0	-2.4	-3.1	-6.0	-6.4	-6.4	-2.9
Morocco	0.2	2.5	0.4	-2.2	-4.6	-6.8	-7.5
Mozambique	-3.1	-3.5	-2.5	-5.5	-4.0	-4.3	-8.2
Namibia	3.7	-2.8	0.8	1.7	-1.3	-5.7	-9.0
Niger	3.4	-2.0	6.0	-5.3	-2.4	-3.5	-2.8
Nigeria	-1.1	25.1	3.8	-3.2	-5.8	-0.1	3.7
Rwanda	-1.0	0.3	0.5	-0.8	-0.6	5.0	-1.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	4.0	-10.9	17.5	-29.5	-9.4	-11.9	-9.4
Senegal	-3.8	-3.2	-4.8	-6.3	-5.2	-6.9	-7.0
Seychelles	-8.7	7.0	-3.3	5.2	2.5	2.5	2.6
Sierra Leone	25.2	-0.5	-5.1	-2.7	-6.1	-4.5	-1.8
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	0.5	-1.2	0.8	-0.9	-5.8	-3.9	-4.7
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	-5.4	8.1	-1.4	-4.3	-2.9		-4.4
Swaziland	8.3	-2.1	2.5	-1.9	-6.0	-13.5	3.0
Tanzania	-3.0	-2.5	-0.0	-4.0	-6.7	-6.0	-9.1
Togo	0.3	-2.9	-0.2	-0.6	0.3	-2.7	-3.1
Tunisia	-2.8	-2.3	-0.8	-2.7	-1.3	-0.2	-6.0
Uganda	-1.7	-0.7	-2.3	-2.0	-4.3	-3.6	-3.0
Zambia	-0.2	-2.7	-2.2	-2.1	-3.1	-3.4	-4.2
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	-1.6	-5.4	-3.4	-4.0

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.3.b:** Government fiscal balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	-1.5	-2.5	-2.4	-6.9	-6.5	-4.4	-4.0
Belgium	0.4	-2.6	-1.1	-5.6	-3.9	-3.9	-4.0
Bulgaria	1.1	1.0	1.7	-4.3	-3.1	-2.0	-0.8
Czech Republic	-5.6	-3.2	-2.2	-5.8	-4.8	-3.2	-4.4
Denmark	1.2	5.0	3.3	-2.8	-2.7	-2.0	-4.2
Germany	-3.1	-3.3	-0.1	-3.1	-4.1	-0.8	0.2
Estonia	-0.1	1.6	-2.9	-2.0	0.2	1.2	-0.3
Ireland	1.0	1.7	-7.4	-13.9	-30.9	-13.3	-7.5
Greece	-4.4	-5.6	-9.9	-15.6	-10.8	-9.6	-10.0
Spain	-0.5	1.3	-4.5	-11.2	-9.7	-9.4	-10.6
France	-1.7	-3.0	-3.3	-7.6	-7.1	-5.3	-4.9
Croatia	5.6	-3.5	-1.4	-4.1	-5.0	-5.2	:
Italy	-3.2	-4.5	-2.7	-5.4	-4.3	-3.7	-2.9
Cyprus	-2.2	-2.4	0.9	-6.1	-5.3	-6.3	-6.3
Latvia	-2.0	-0.4	-4.2	-9.7	-8.1	-3.6	-1.2
Lithuania	-3.5	-0.5	-3.3	-9.4	-7.2	-5.5	-3.3
Luxembourg	6.1	0.0	3.2	-0.8	-0.9	-0.2	-0.8
Hungary	-4.1	-7.9	-3.7	-4.6	-4.4	4.2	-2.0
Malta	-6.3	-2.9	-4.6	-3.7	-3.6	-2.8	-3.3
Netherlands	-0.3	-0.3	0.5	-5.6	-5.0	-4.4	-4.0
Austria	-0.2	-1.8		-4.1	-4.5	-2.4	-2.5
Poland	-5.3	-4.1	-3.7	-7.4	-7.9	-5.0	-3.9
Portugal	-4.8	-6.5	-3.7	-10.2	-9.9	-4.4	-6.4
Romania	-3.5	-1.2	-5.7	-9.0	-6.8	-5.6	-2.9
Slovenia	-4.0	-1.5	-1.9	-6.2	-5.9	-6.4	-4.0
Slovakia	-6.5	-2.8	-2.1	-8.0	-7.7	-5.1	-4.3
Finland	5.1	2.7	4.3	-2.7	-2.8	-1.1	-2.3
Sweden	1.6	1.9	2.2		0.0	0.0	-0.7
United Kingdom	0.5	-3.4	-5.0	-11.4	-10.2	-7.8	-6.3
Iceland	-0.7	4.9	-13.5	-9.9	-10.1	-5.6	-3.4
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	13.3	15.0	18.8	10.5	11.1	13.4	13.9
Switzerland	-0.4	-1.1	2.0	0.8	0.3	0.5	:
Montenegro	:	-2.0	-0.4	-3.6	-4.9	-5.4	:
FYR of Macedonia	-2.5	0.2	-0.9	-2.6	-2.4	-2.6	:
Serbia	:	1.0	-2.6	-4.5	-4.7	-5.0	:
Turkey	-23.9	-1.2	-2.8	-6.9	-2.6	-1.1	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_a\\_main](#) and [cpc\\_ecgov](#))

**Table 6.4.a:** External debt (% of GDP)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	25.5	23.9	21.6	23.8	21.4	21.3	33.9
Algeria	5.0	4.2	3.5	3.8	2.9	2.1	2.0
Angola	16.4	15.8	16.5	20.0	18.2	14.4	18.8
Benin	11.6	12.7	15.6	17.3	19.2	19.2	17.1
Botswana	12.5	10.2	8.5	23.4	23.3	22.7	21.1
Burkina Faso	20.0	19.7	19.8	23.2	23.4	25.0	24.4
Burundi	162.0	149.9	129.6	29.1	29.7	30.1	22.4
Cameroon	6.3	5.7	5.1	5.3	6.3	6.6	8.6
Cape Verde	86.3	79.3	70.0	76.0	65.3	59.5	86.0
Central African Republic	73.8	58.1	52.9	16.9	19.5	22.1	19.3
Chad	28.5	24.7	19.3	23.9	26.6	24.8	16.2
Comoros	71.2	79.9	67.0	51.6	45.4	38.2	38.2
Congo	86.0	94.7	61.5	58.1	23.8	23.9	22.1
Congo, Dem. Republic	107.3	96.7	79.9	75.4	73.1	74.0	53.2
Côte d'Ivoire	139.1	130.2	116.4	123.2	26.7	35.5	30.9
Djibouti	56.8	63.6	64.1	62.6	55.5	53.6	53.9
Egypt	27.5	22.9	21.3	16.7	15.4	15.3	13.8
Equatorial Guinea	1.8	1.3	0.8	6.1	6.6	8.0	7.8
Eritrea	58.0	58.0	61.9	49.1	45.8	36.1	29.0
Ethiopia	39.6	12.1	10.7	15.3	18.9	20.2	19.1
Gabon	32.7	35.3	15.7	18.9	17.0	14.2	11.0
The Gambia	113.8	40.6	35.1	37.8	36.9	35.7	43.0
Ghana	19.3	23.3	21.9	28.0	31.0	30.7	26.5
Guinea	109.8	77.2	82.4	71.5	64.2	54.2	63.2
Guinea-Bissau	177.2	149.2	123.2	127.2	19.6	18.9	20.2
Kenya	28.5	24.0	23.8	26.5	26.0	29.5	25.5
Lesotho	54.5	42.6	42.2	42.7	38.4	36.2	33.1
Liberia	783.7	594.5	376.6	191.1	8.1	8.5	12.1
Libya	10.1	7.5	6.9	9.4	7.5	:	7.4
Madagascar	31.5	25.9	24.2	27.0	29.2	26.3	49.4
Malawi	16.9	16.7	17.5	17.0	16.4	16.0	20.8
Mali	19.9	18.7	19.0	20.7	31.1	26.3	24.8
Mauritania	94.1	95.1	81.7	102.2	74.5	56.9	93.0
Mauritius	16.1	10.3	8.8	10.6	11.9	12.8	15.2
Morocco	23.9	23.7	20.6	23.3	23.6	24.0	24.3
Mozambique	64.1	81.0	65.3	64.4	56.7	49.4	51.2
Namibia	28.1	25.7	22.3	23.9	18.3	16.3	37.4
Niger	15.8	15.9	14.0	15.7	15.6	18.7	20.1
Nigeria	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3
Rwanda	15.6	15.3	14.4	14.0	17.2	19.6	16.9
São Tomé and Príncipe	287.6	104.0	63.8	34.7	71.5	75.8	85.5
Senegal	35.4	38.5	41.4	49.8	57.2	55.7	59.7
Seychelles	50.2	68.4	78.9	87.0	45.1	45.2	58.1
Sierra Leone	109.9	31.8	31.1	37.0	37.6	36.8	23.7
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	21.9	26.3	26.5	27.8	27.1	27.0	34.4
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	78.1	68.5	57.7	68.9	57.3	52.2	84.8
Swaziland	15.5	17.4	17.0	13.5	11.3	15.1	11.2
Tanzania	57.4	27.7	28.2	32.8	35.7	38.3	33.3
Togo	43.9	86.3	56.1	55.4	16.8	16.0	19.2
Tunisia	53.9	51.8	45.9	49.4	47.7	50.5	52.8
Uganda	40.5	10.8	11.5	14.4	15.3	14.8	23.8
Zambia	5.0	10.3	38.5	50.0	36.3	34.3	29.9
Zimbabwe	80.0	92.9	121.8	135.0	141.8	142.2	146.2

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 6.4.b:** Government debt (% of GDP)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	61.6	59.0	62.3	74.6	80.0	82.5	85.3
Belgium	88.0	84.0	89.2	95.7	95.5	97.8	99.6
Bulgaria	21.6	17.2	13.7	14.6	16.2	16.3	18.5
Czech Republic	28.3	27.9	28.7	34.2	37.8	40.8	45.8
Denmark	32.1	27.1	33.4	40.7	42.7	46.4	45.8
Germany	68.0	65.2	66.8	74.5	82.4	80.4	81.9
Estonia	4.4	3.7	4.5	7.2	6.7	6.2	10.1
Ireland	24.6	25.1	44.5	64.8	92.1	106.4	117.6
Greece	106.1	107.4	112.9	129.7	148.3	170.3	156.9
Spain	39.7	36.3	40.2	53.9	61.5	69.3	84.2
France	63.7	64.2	68.2	79.2	82.4	85.8	90.2
Croatia	35.5	32.9	28.9 (b)	35.3	41.6	46.1	:
Italy	106.3	103.3	106.1	116.4	119.3	120.8	127.0
Cyprus	64.7	58.8	48.9	58.5	61.3	71.1	85.8
Latvia	10.7	9.0	19.8	36.9	44.4	41.9	40.7
Lithuania	17.9	16.8	15.5	29.3	37.9	38.5	40.7
Luxembourg	6.7	6.7	14.4	15.3	19.2	18.3	20.8
Hungary	65.9	67.0	73.0	79.8	81.8	81.4	79.2
Malta	62.5	60.7	60.9	66.4	67.4	70.3	72.1
Netherlands	47.4	45.3	58.5	60.8	63.1	65.5	71.2
Austria	62.3	60.2	63.8	69.2	72.0	72.5	73.4
Poland	47.7	45.0	47.1	50.9	54.8	56.2	55.6
Portugal	69.4	68.4	71.7	83.7	94.0	108.3	123.6
Romania	12.4	12.8	13.4	23.6	30.5	34.7	37.8
Slovenia	26.4	23.1	22.0	35.0	38.6	46.9	54.1
Slovakia	30.5	29.6	27.9	35.6	41.0	43.3	52.1
Finland	39.6	35.2	33.9	43.5	48.6	49.0	53.0
Sweden	45.3	40.2	38.8	42.6	39.4	38.4	38.2
United Kingdom	43.3	44.2	52.7	67.8	79.4	85.5	90.0
Iceland	27.9	28.5	70.4	87.9	93.0	101.0	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	55.4	51.5	48.2	43.5	43.7	29.0	:
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	32.6	27.5	29.0	38.3	40.9	45.2	:
FYR of Macedonia	32.0	24.0	20.6	23.8	24.2	27.8	:
Serbia	40.1	31.2	26.9	34.0	43.5	46.5	:
Turkey	46.5	39.9	40.0	46.1	42.4	39.8	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [gov\\_dd\\_edpt1](#) and [cpc\\_ecgov](#))



**Table 6.5.b:** Consumer price index (1) (2005=100)

	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	94.1	96.0	97.9	100.0	102.2	104.6	108.4	109.5	111.8	115.2	118.3
Belgium	94.3	95.8	97.5	100.0	102.3	104.2	108.9	108.9	111.4	115.1	118.2
Bulgaria	86.8	88.8	94.3	100.0	107.4	115.6	129.4	132.6	136.6	141.2	144.6
Czech Republic	96.1	96.0	98.4	100.0	102.1	105.1	111.7	112.4	113.7	116.2	120.3
Denmark	95.6	97.5	98.3	100.0	101.8	103.5	107.3	108.4	110.8	113.8	116.5
Germany	95.4	96.4	98.1	100.0	101.8	104.1	107.0	107.2	108.4	111.1	113.5
Estonia	92.0	93.2	96.1	100.0	104.5	111.5	123.3	123.6	127.0	133.4	139.0
Ireland	92.0	95.7	97.9	100.0	102.7	105.6	108.9	107.1	105.4	106.6	108.7
Greece	90.7	93.8	96.6	100.0	103.3	106.4	110.9	112.4	117.7	121.4	122.6
Spain	91.0	93.9	96.7	100.0	103.6	106.5	110.9	110.6	112.9	116.4	119.2
France	93.9	95.9	98.1	100.0	101.9	103.6	106.8	106.9	108.8	111.3	113.8
Croatia	92.8	95.1	97.1	100.0	103.3	106.0	112.2	114.7	115.9	118.5	122.5
Italy	93.1	95.7	97.8	100.0	102.2	104.3	108.0	108.8	110.6	113.8	117.5
Cyprus	92.5	96.2	98.0	100.0	102.3	104.5	109.0	109.2	112.0	115.9	119.5
Latvia	85.6	88.1	93.6	100.0	106.6	117.3	135.2	139.6	137.9	143.7	147.0
Lithuania	97.3	96.3	97.4	100.0	103.8	109.8	122.0	127.1	128.6	133.9	138.1
Luxembourg	91.0	93.4	96.4	100.0	103.0	105.7	110.0	110.0	113.1	117.3	120.7
Hungary	86.5	90.5	96.6	100.0	104.0	112.3	119.1	123.9	129.7	134.8	142.4
Malta	93.1	95.0	97.5	100.0	102.6	103.3	108.1	110.1	112.4	115.2	118.9
Netherlands	95.1	97.2	98.5	100.0	101.7	103.3	105.5	106.6	107.6	110.2	113.3
Austria	94.8	96.1	97.9	100.0	101.7	103.9	107.3	107.7	109.5	113.4	116.3
Poland	93.8	94.5	97.9	100.0	101.3	103.9	108.3	112.6	115.6	120.1	124.5
Portugal	92.5	95.5	97.9	100.0	103.0	105.5	108.3	107.4	108.9	112.7	115.9
Romania	71.1	81.9	91.7	100.0	106.6	111.8	120.7	127.4	135.2	143.0	147.9
Slovenia	89.1	94.2	97.6	100.0	102.5	106.4	112.3	113.3	115.6	118.0	121.4
Slovakia	83.5	90.5	97.3	100.0	104.3	106.2	110.4	111.4	112.2	116.8	121.2
Finland	97.8	99.1	99.2	100.0	101.3	102.9	106.9	108.7	110.5	114.2	117.8
Sweden	95.9	98.2	99.2	100.0	101.5	103.2	106.7	108.7	110.8	112.3	113.4
United Kingdom	95.4	96.7	98.0	100.0	102.3	104.7	108.5	110.8	114.5	119.6	123.0
Iceland	95.1	96.4	98.6	100.0	104.7	108.5	122.3	142.2	152.8	159.2	168.8
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	96.1	97.9	98.5	100.0	102.5	103.2	106.7	109.2	111.8	113.1	113.6
Switzerland	:	:	:	100.0	101.0	101.8	104.2	103.4	104.1	104.2	103.4
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	67.1	84.0	92.5	100.0	109.3	118.9	131.3	139.5	151.4	161.2	175.7

() Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP).

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [prc\\_hicp\\_aind](#))

## Definitions

**General government sector** is defined in ESA95 as including “all institutional units which are other non-market producers whose output is intended for individual and collective consumption, and mainly financed by compulsory payments made by units belonging to other sectors, and/or all institutional units principally engaged in the redistribution of national income and wealth”.

**Government revenue** includes all non-repayable receipts, requited and unrequited, current and capital, and noncompulsory, non repayable, unrequited receipts from other governments (domestic or foreign) and international institutions.

**Government expenditure** corresponds to all non-reimbursable payments by government, whether requited or unrequited and whether current or capital, as well as government transactions in debt and equity claims upon others acquired for purposes of public policy.

**Government fiscal balance** corresponds to government overall surplus/deficit and is defined as total revenue less total expenditure. In ESA95 it is also referred to as net lending/net borrowing (B9).

For African countries, the **external debt** (total outstanding debt) is the amount, at any given time, of disbursed and outstanding contractual liabilities of residents of a country to non-residents to repay principal, with or without interest, or to pay interest with or without principal. It is the sum of public and publicly-guaranteed short and long-term debt, private non-guaranteed short and long-term debt and the use of IMF credit.

For European countries, the **government debt** is defined as the total consolidated gross debt at nominal value at the end of the year in the following categories of government liabilities (as defined in ESA95): currency and deposits (AF.2), securities other than shares excluding financial derivatives (AF.3, excluding AF.34), and loans (AF.4).

**Consumer price indices (CPIs)** measure the change over time in the prices of consumer goods and services acquired, used or paid for by households. They show the cost of acquisition of a basket of goods and services purchased by the average consumer. Weights for the computation of the index numbers are obtained from household budget surveys.

**Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICP)** are a set of European Union consumer price indices (CPIs) calculated according to a harmonised approach and a single set of definitions. They are designed for international comparison of consumer price inflation. The CPIs presented for the European countries are HICPs. HICPs are not strictly comparable with national CPIs.

7

## Industry & services

**Table 7.1.a:** Industrial production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	99.5	96.9	98.7	126.6	133.7	144.6
Angola	:	:	:	:	:	:
Benin	104.9	112.8	121.4	121.8	129.4	138.8
Botswana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	:	:	120.8	113.7	134.1	124.1
Burundi(1)	103.7	:	:	103.3	125.1	137.0
Cameroon	104.9	103.9	107.1	111.8	115.7	119.7
Cape Verde	:	:	:	:	:	:
Central African Republic	136.1	182.7	193.3	143.0	126.3	136.7
Chad	92.1	88.1	80.9	77.2	78.0	75.9
Comoros	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	105.3	107.9	102.2	113.2	109.2	101.1
Djibouti	:	:	:	:	:	:
Egypt	:	:	:	129.7	141.2	143.9
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gabon	105.9	111.7	119.2	113.7	116.6	125.8
The Gambia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ghana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea(2)	100.0	100.1	110.4	98.9	130.5	115.3
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	:	:
Kenya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Lesotho	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	:	:	:	:	:	:
Malawi	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mali	100.2	105.9	102.8	133.0	146.4	157.6
Mauritania(3)	100.0	79.1	71.5	102.4	100.4	100.0
Mauritius	104.0	105.6	109.2	114.2	118.5	123.3
Morocco	105.2	108.0	:	106.1	117.6	125.2
Mozambique	:	:	:	:	:	:
Namibia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Niger	102.4	99.3	105.2	125.6	149.4	155.7
Nigeria	:	:	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	:	:	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Principe	:	:	:	:	:	:
Senegal	94.3	103.0	93.4	107.0	116.8	115.8
Seychelles	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	103.2	106.4	:	101.9	106.0	107.2
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Tanzania	:	:	:	:	:	:
Togo	105.6	:	113.8	108.9	130.8	101.0
Tunisia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Uganda	:	:	:	69.7	66.3	66.5
Zambia	106.5	114.8	120.9	128.3	131.1	144.3
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	:	:	:

(1)Burundi: index 2007=100.

(2)Guinea: index 2006=100.

(3)Mauritania: index 2011=100.

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.1.b:** Industrial production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	104.1	107.9	106.0	91.1	97.3	100.2
Belgium	106.2	113.1	117.7	105.5	117.4	122.6
Bulgaria	106.1	116.4	116.8	95.5	97.6	103.2
Czech Republic	108.7	120.3	117.4	102.0	110.4	116.8
Denmark	104.1	101.9	100.8	85.7	87.2	88.9
Germany	105.7	112.1	112.0	93.7	104.0	110.8
Estonia	110.1	117.2	111.5	84.9	104.4	124.9
Ireland	103.2	108.5	106.2	101.4	109.0	109.1
Greece	100.8	103.1	98.8	89.7	83.8	77.0
Spain	103.9	106.0	98.3	82.7	83.4	82.2
France	101.1	102.2	98.7	84.7	88.8	90.6
Croatia	104.3	109.6	110.3	100.5	98.9	97.8
Italy	103.6	105.4	101.7	82.7	88.3	89.3
Cyprus	100.5	105.3	109.7	99.7	98.7	93.4
Latvia	106.5	108.1	104.5	85.8	98.2	106.9
Lithuania	104.9	107.0	112.0	96.6	102.5	109.3
Luxembourg	102.4	102.0	96.8	81.3	88.4	86.7
Hungary	110.6	119.5	118.4	97.8	107.8	113.9
Malta	107.3	115.1	110.0	94.4	102.5	104.1
Netherlands	102.0	106.3	107.0	98.9	106.5	105.7
Austria	107.7	114.0	115.5	102.5	109.3	116.6
Poland	112.3	122.7	125.5	120.8	133.9	143.4
Portugal	103.2	103.3	99.0	90.6	92.0	90.2
Romania	109.9	120.9	124.1	117.4	123.0	132.4
Slovenia	106.3	114.1	115.8	95.4	102.1	104.0
Slovakia	115.8	135.2	154.8	130.9	141.4	148.9
Finland	110.2	115.4	116.5	95.5	100.4	102.6
Sweden	103.6	107.7	104.7	85.8	93.3	98.7
United Kingdom	100.2	100.5	97.2	88.2	90.7	89.8
Iceland	104.4	107.9	124.5	121.3	119.0	126.5
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	97.9	96.6	96.8	93.4	88.4	84.4
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	100.9	100.9	99.1	67.5	79.4	71.2
FYR of Macedonia	105.9	110.0	115.5	105.6	100.5	107.5
Serbia	104.2	108.4	109.8	96.0	97.2	99.7
Turkey	107.3	116.5	115.2	103.2	116.0	127.3

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [sts\\_inpr\\_a](#) and [cpc\\_insts](#))

**Table 7.2.a:** Mining production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	115.2	125.9	138.3	143.0	138.3	125.2
Angola	:	:	:	:	:	:
Benin	:	:	:	:	:	:
Botswana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	:	:	:	:	:	:
Burundi	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cameroon	:	:	:	:	:	:
Cape Verde	:	:	:	:	:	:
Central African Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:
Chad	:	:	:	:	:	:
Comoros	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	161.0	134.4	:	:	:	144.9
Djibouti	:	:	:	:	:	:
Egypt	:	:	:	:	:	:
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gabon	:	:	:	:	:	:
The Gambia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ghana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	:	:
Kenya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Lesotho	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	:	:	:	:	:	:
Malawi	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mali	:	:	:	69.0	51.9	49.9
Mauritania	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	109.1	99.1	121.1	106.3	105.7	100.8
Morocco	108.5	112.8	110.7	96.3	111.5	116.1
Mozambique	:	:	:	:	:	:
Namibia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Niger	:	:	:	:	:	:
Nigeria	:	:	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	:	:	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Principe	:	:	:	:	:	:
Senegal	68.0	67.6	77.6	88.3	94.4	111.5
Seychelles	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	98.9	97.8	92.3	86.2	91.4	90.8
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Tanzania	:	:	:	:	:	:
Togo	:	:	145.9	157.6	175.8	180.6
Tunisia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Uganda	:	:	:	:	:	:
Zambia	109.1	119.7	132.3	144.7	162.4	163.8
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	:	:	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.2.b:** Mining production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	96.9	96.8	93.5	83.2	83.5	77.5
Belgium	107.5	113.9	121.4	96.8	109.2	112.9
Bulgaria	100.9	92.9	87.2	74.6	75.6	81.8
Czech Republic	100.2	99.0	95.6	95.2	94.4	95.5
Denmark	94.0	84.7	83.4	74.9	71.8	65.3
Germany	95.9	124.7	110.2	92.9	85.4	85.4
Estonia	109.5	121.0	111.6	100.2	113.2	122.5
Ireland	101.7	98.7	92.2	80.3	75.1	61.3
Greece	97.1	96.7	92.4	82.0	76.2	76.7
Spain	103.1	103.6	89.2	67.9	70.9	60.8
France	103.6	105.8	102.8	90.0	88.6	89.1
Croatia	110.3	113.4	111.0	99.4	90.2	85.8
Italy	98.5	91.8	84.5	74.1	72.8	74.7
Cyprus	99.2	106.1	114.6	95.3	104.0	96.8
Latvia	109.3	123.6	120.9	99.0	111.9	120.7
Lithuania	99.2	98.7	90.4	58.4	64.6	71.0
Luxembourg	79.5	81.2	80.1	71.1	54.5	67.8
Hungary	116.6	96.3	129.3	115.9	90.2	99.4
Malta	85.7	109.6	66.0	63.8	48.7	44.9
Netherlands	97.4	97.5	105.5	97.8	109.1	100.3
Austria	110.8	110.8	117.6	110.3	115.0	124.7
Poland	101.1	97.8	98.3	85.6	87.1	88.9
Portugal	89.2	102.8	:c	84.6	79.0	79.4
Romania	102.5	100.8	101.1	88.7	82.5	85.3
Slovenia	107.5	113.4	119.7	116.1	132.6	121.9
Slovakia	96.6	111.7	100.8	101.8	101.5	100.5
Finland	128.7	98.5	102.0	90.3	91.8	99.9
Sweden	101.4	108.0	108.5	91.3	116.9	121.6
United Kingdom	94.1	91.5	85.9	77.6	75.7	64.5
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	95.5	91.2	90.5	87.9	80.5	73.9
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	110.8	121.9	133.3	116.9	112.4	115.4
Serbia	104.1	104.4	109.8	105.7	109.7	120.5
Turkey	109.7	122.6	131.0	131.9	132.9	141.6

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [sts\\_inpr\\_a](#))

**Table 7.3.a:** Manufacturing production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	97.5	87.2	88.9	90.3	85.4	84.3
Angola	:	:	:	:	:	:
Benin	:	:	:	:	:	:
Botswana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	:	:	:	:	:	:
Burundi (1)	:	105.1	:	:	:	:
Cameroon	104.1	104.4	107.5	102.9	101.4	103.5
Cape Verde	:	:	:	:	:	:
Central African Republic	:	:	:	:	:	:
Chad	:	:	:	:	:	:
Comoros	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo	:	:	:	:	:	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	91.7	93.7	95.5	97.7	99.4	89.6
Côte d'Ivoire	:	:	:	:	:	:
Djibouti	:	:	:	:	:	:
Egypt	115.4	125.4	129.6	120.5	129.8	129.4
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Gabon	103.8	:	:	:	:	:
The Gambia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Ghana	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	:	:	:	:
Kenya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Lesotho	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	:	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	115.0	:	:	:	:	:
Malawi	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mali	:	:	94.5	125.3	118.7	141.4
Mauritania	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	103.9	105.3	108.7	111.3	113.6	116.1
Morocco	105.2	110.0	112.3	112.6	114.8	117.6
Mozambique	:	:	:	:	:	:
Namibia	:	:	:	:	:	:
Niger	:	:	:	:	:	:
Nigeria	:	:	:	:	:	:
Rwanda	:	:	:	:	:	:
São Tomé and Principe	:	:	:	:	:	:
Senegal	94.8	104.3	92.4	100.0	102.1	109.4
Seychelles	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	:	:	:	:	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	104.8	109.6	110.4	96.2	100.9	103.5
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:
Swaziland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Tanzania	:	123.5	202.9	187.8	:	:
Togo	:	:	104.7	110.6	103.1	115.9
Tunisia	104.4	113.1	118.3	111.3	:	:
Uganda	102.3	113.6	118.0	138.2	142.8	148.4
Zambia	102.4	110.2	112.1	113.9	121.5	134.4
Zimbabwe	:	:	:	:	:	:

(1)Burundi: index 2007=100.

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.3.b:** Manufacturing production index (2005=100)

	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	104.8	109.2	107.2	90.8	97.5	101.8
Belgium	107.1	114.7	120.3	104.9	118.0	125.1
Bulgaria	108.9	119.3	119.7	92.9	96.8	101.7
Czech Republic	109.9	123.5	120.9	103.2	113.0	121.5
Denmark	105.4	106.4	106.1	87.8	89.9	94.3
Germany	106.2	113.1	113.4	93.9	105.0	113.3
Estonia	110.8	117.4	112.5	84.0	102.9	125.9
Ireland	103.5	109.1	106.3	101.9	110.2	110.7
Greece	102.0	104.2	99.3	88.9	83.8	76.6
Spain	104.2	106.4	97.9	81.6	82.1	81.3
France	101.3	102.7	98.3	82.6	86.4	89.5
Croatia	104.2	110.4	110.8	99.5	97.2	97.1
Italy	103.8	105.8	102.1	82.3	88.1	89.4
Cyprus	99.5	104.3	109.1	96.4	94.2	87.3
Latvia	106.4	107.1	103.4	82.7	96.0	107.0
Lithuania	105.8	108.2	114.6	97.4	104.5	115.4
Luxembourg	102.3	102.2	97.0	80.2	87.2	86.1
Hungary	111.7	121.2	119.3	97.7	109.0	115.6
Malta	108.0	116.1	111.0	94.4	103.6	105.1
Netherlands	103.5	109.7	108.1	98.8	105.7	109.1
Austria	107.7	114.6	115.6	101.0	108.0	115.2
Poland	114.6	127.0	130.4	126.1	141.3	152.8
Portugal	103.0	104.2	100.0	89.9	91.8	90.8
Romania	113.3	126.5	130.5	122.1	128.4	139.0
Slovenia	106.9	116.2	117.9	95.6	102.7	104.5
Slovakia	121.2	146.7	171.1	139.2	152.6	163.4
Finland	108.8	115.2	117.2	93.4	97.5	100.9
Sweden	105.4	109.6	105.8	85.0	92.2	98.5
United Kingdom	101.8	102.4	99.2	89.5	93.2	95.1
Iceland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	105.8	112.0	115.1	107.9	110.8	112.0
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	106.4	112.2	118.7	106.4	98.5	108.0
Serbia	104.5	109.2	110.3	92.6	95.0	95.0
Turkey	107.0	115.8	113.2	99.2	113.1	124.5

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [sts\\_inpr\\_a](#))

**Table 7.4.a:** Electricity production (million KWh)

	Gross production (public and autoproducer)				of which, hydro-electricity			
	2000	2007	2008	2009-2010 (')	2000	2007	2008	2009-2010 (')
<b>Africa</b>	434 500	615 023	623 643	633 548	77 223	96 927	97 331	100 319
Algeria	25 412	37 196	40 236	42 769	54	226	283	342
Angola	1 445	3 318	3 991	4 172	912	3 109	3 842	3 172
Benin	84	132	136	127	2	1	1	:
Botswana	1 114	721	631	444	:	:	:	:
Burkina Faso	390	612	619	700	98	111	136	132
Burundi	101	119	114	123	99	117	112	121
Cameroon	3 480	5 753	5 551	5 741	3 442	3 847	4 232	4 016
Cape Verde	146	269	287	296	:	:	:	:
Central African Republic	107	160	162	136	84	130	132	136
Chad	92	105	103	103	:	:	:	:
Comoros	28	53	54	43	3	5	5	5
Congo	298	407	461	516	297	335	375	330
Congo, Dem. Republic	6 018	7 861	7 530	7 830	5 999	7 825	7 484	7 795
Côte d'Ivoire	4 813	5 631	5 800	5 894	1 764	1 797	1 898	2 117
Djibouti	180	292	335	339	:	:	:	:
Egypt	70 337	128 129	134 566	142 690	14 266	15 510	14 682	12 863
Equatorial Guinea	50	100	100	100	7	7	7	7
Eritrea	209	288	287	295	:	:	:	:
Ethiopia	1 696	3 547	3 777	4 106	1 646	3 385	3 296	3 583
Gabon	1 315	1 844	2 040	1 666	803	801	894	886
The Gambia	90	229	242	242	:	:	:	:
Ghana	7 224	6 984	8 365	8 964	6 606	3 727	6 195	6 877
Guinea	913	973	1 000	996	511	538	529	522
Guinea-Bissau	58	70	70	72	:	:	:	:
Kenya	4 323	6 773	7 055	6 450	1 325	3 592	2 849	2 160
Lesotho	290	200	200	200	290	200	200	200
Liberia	310	353	353	353	:	:	:	:
Libya	15 496	25 694	28 667	30 426	:	:	:	:
Madagascar	780	1 222	1 291	1 274	540	719	700	741
Malawi	1 226	1 637	1 801	1 758	1 033	1 403	1 544	1 503
Mali	412	495	508	516	235	271	281	285
Mauritania	234	587	659	641	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	1 777	2 465	2 618	2 577	95	84	84	122
Morocco	13 715	19 670	20 345	21 191	718	1 318	1 359	2 982
Mozambique	8 849	16 076	15 127	16 963	8 836	16 063	15 114	16 950
Namibia	1 414	1 694	2 097	1 742	1 380	1 564	1 415	1 429
Niger	190	197	211	234	:	:	:	:
Nigeria	14 727	22 978	21 110	19 777	5 743	6 227	5 721	4 529
Rwanda	113	169	196	248	109	34	71	99
São Tomé and Principe	26	43	34	34	7	10	12	12
Senegal	1 671	2 124	2 060	2 489	:	:	:	:
Seychelles	188	271	268	276	:	:	:	:
Sierra Leone	95	60	63	66	16	18	20	21
Somalia	250	326	326	324	:	15	15	:
South Africa	210 670	263 479	258 291	249 557	3 934	3 908	4 032	4 194
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	2 450	4 541	4 522	6 752	1 183	1 451	1 463	3 228
Swaziland	470	454	441	517	192	173	168	245
Tanzania	2 479	4 175	4 414	4 628	2 145	2 511	2 655	2 784
Togo	275	196	123	126	199	92	91	93
Tunisia	10 095	14 060	14 662	15 693	64	49	38	79
Uganda	1 582	1 952	2 058	2 186	1 576	1 412	1 467	1 281
Zambia	7 798	9 831	9 696	10 308	7 750	9 801	9 666	10 276
Zimbabwe	6 995	8 508	7 990	7 878	3 260	4 541	4 263	4 202

(') Average annual production 2009-2010

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.4.b:** Electricity production (million KWh)

	<b>Gross production (public and autoproducer)</b>					<b>of which, hydro-electricity</b>				
	<b>2000</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	3 035 940	3 379 792	3 383 817	3 216 275	3 360 330	416 880	382 136	395 854	397 363	399 815
Belgium	84 012	88 820	84 930	91 225	95 120	2 938	2 977	3 104	3 186	1 668
Bulgaria	40 924	43 297	45 037	42 964	46 653	3 229	3 594	3 730	4 636	5 693
Czech Republic	73 466	88 198	83 518	82 250	85 910	2 868	2 957	2 728	3 535	2 694
Denmark	36 053	39 316	36 616	36 383	38 792	30	28	26	19	21
Germany	576 543	637 100	637 232	590 367	628 984	30 192	36 011	32 984	30 760	26 978
Estonia	8 509	12 190	10 581	8 779	12 964	5	21	28	32	27
Ireland	23 977	28 198	30 239	28 313	28 612	1 454	1 365	1 631	1 612	776
Greece	53 843	63 496	63 749	61 365	57 392	4 529	4 161	4 986	5 916	7 485
Spain	224 472	305 052	313 758	294 620	301 527	35 358	33 735	28 924	31 913	44 664
France	540 734	569 790	573 967	535 850	569 103	76 497	69 236	73 033	67 147	66 322
Croatia	10 702	12 245	12 326	12 776	14 105	5 910	4 564	5 436	6 900	8 427
Italy	276 642	313 888	319 130	292 641	302 063	57 595	44 148	52 831	57 748	53 479
Cyprus	3 370	4 871	5 078	5 215	5 322	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia	4 136	4 771	5 274	5 569	6 627	2 819	2 733	3 109	3 457	3 510
Lithuania	11 425	14 007	13 913	15 358	5 749	948	1 495	1 574	1 854	1 295
Luxembourg	1 169	4 002	3 558	3 878	4 592	1 618	1 721	1 798	1 560	1 460
Hungary	35 191	39 960	40 025	35 908	37 371	178	210	213	228	188
Malta	1 917	2 296	2 312	2 168	2 113	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	89 631	105 162	107 645	113 502	118 140	142	107	102	98	105
Austria	61 257	64 757	66 877	69 080	71 125	44 602	41 393	43 027	46 423	40 500
Poland	145 184	159 348	155 305	151 720	157 657	6 126	3 526	3 342	3 573	3 486
Portugal	43 764	47 253	45 969	50 208	54 091	12 107	10 806	7 794	9 734	16 528
Romania	51 934	61 673	64 956	58 014	60 979	14 778	15 966	17 195	16 080	19 975
Slovenia	13 624	15 043	16 399	16 401	16 433	3 834	3 266	4 018	4 713	4 537
Slovakia	31 158	28 056	28 962	26 155	27 858	5 335	4 779	4 443	4 840	5 539
Finland	69 968	81 247	77 435	72 062	80 668	14 660	14 177	17 112	12 686	12 062
Sweden	145 266	148 926	150 036	136 729	148 609	78 654	66 365	69 353	66 102	66 487
United Kingdom	377 069	396 830	388 990	376 775	381 771	10 474	12 795	13 333	12 611	5 909
Iceland	7 684	:	:	:	:	6 356	:	:	:	:
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	142 982	137 192	142 134	131 773	123 640	142 760	135 816	140 918	126 871	112 379
Switzerland	67 520	67 925	68 936	68 457	67 824	39 626	38 224	39 834	39 291	35 024
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	6 811	6 498	6 311	6 828	7 260	1 170	1 010	840	1 270	2 431
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	124 922	191 558	198 418	194 813	211 208	30 879	35 851	33 270	35 958	50 572

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ten00087](#) and [nrg\\_105a](#))

**Table 7.5.a:** Arrivals of non-resident tourists at the border (1 000)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	35 824	40 987	44 332	53 357	69 675	94 358	79 913
Algeria	1 166	1 234	:	1 912	2 070	2 395	2 499
Angola	107	194	121	366	425	480	501
Benin	175	174	180	190	199	1 005	1 017
Botswana	1 406	1 523	1 843	1 553	2 145	2 634	2 773
Burkina Faso	163	222	359	269	274	282	279
Burundi	74	133	201	:	142	189	205
Cameroon	:	190	185	:	573	545	530
Cape Verde	150	157	242	287	382	428	492
Central African Republic	6	8	14	52	54	57	57
Chad	21	26	16	:	111	111	101
Comoros	21	23	29	:	15	20	21
Congo	35	31	43	53	101	96	92
Congo, Dem. Republic	23	36	55	85	97	79	91
Côte d'Ivoire	:	:	:	:	348	352	401
Djibouti	23	26	40	:	51	32	:
Egypt	5 746	7 795	8 646	11 914	14 051	31 582	12 311
Equatorial Guinea	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Eritrea	80	87	78	79	84	:	:
Ethiopia	180	184	290	:	468	598	561
Gabon	222	244	:	:	874	881	934
The Gambia	89	90	125	142	91	106	143
Ghana	531	584	497	803	931	1 005	1 059
Guinea	44	45	46	:	12	131	132
Guinea-Bissau	:	:	12	:	:	:	:
Kenya	927	1 199	1 644	1 392	1 469	1 684	1 638
Lesotho	:	:	347	320	414	398	358
Liberia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Libya	:	43	:	:	834	772	782
Madagascar	139	229	288	163	196	225	256
Malawi	424	427	638	755	746	713	746
Mali	110	113	164	160	169	160	175
Mauritania	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mauritius	702	719	788	871	935	983	992
Morocco	4 761	5 477	6 558	8 341	9 288	9 833	9 800
Mozambique	441	470	664	2 224	1 836	1 977	1 762
Namibia	695	716	833	:	984	1 177	1 254
Niger	55	57	60	:	74	77	82
Nigeria	924	962	1 111	:	6 113	6 078	6 516
Rwanda	:	:	:	699	666	843	915
São Tomé and Príncipe	10	11	12	15	8	10	11
Senegal	495	667	406	:	906	1 151	1 163
Seychelles	122	121	141	158	175	211	225
Sierra Leone	38	44	34	:	39	52	54
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	6 505	6 678	8 396	9 934	8 074	12 097	13 493
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	52	61	295	420	495	536	567
Swaziland	461	459	370	908	868	1 328	1 593
Tanzania	552	566	622	714	783	868	861
Togo	61	83	94	150	202	300	320
Tunisia	5 114	5 998	6 550	6 901	6 903	5 451	7 635
Uganda	305	512	539	817	946	1 196	1 178
Zambia	413	515	757	710	815	969	952
Zimbabwe	2 256	1 854	:	:	2 239	2 261	2 386

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.5.b:** Arrivals of non-resident tourists in tourist accommodation establishments (1 000)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	:	:	257 725	273 122	295 830	:
Belgium	6 690	6 710	6 994	6 814	7 186	7 494	7 591
Bulgaria	1 398	1 695	2 050	1 944	2 079	2 409	2 632
Czech Republic	5 076	6 061	6 435	6 032	6 334	6 715	7 165
Denmark	2 014	2 021	2 035	1 792	1 987	2 146	2 232
Germany	18 382	20 137	23 569	24 125	26 765	28 264	30 299
Estonia	1 113	1 374	1 428	1 381	1 564	1 808	1 874
Ireland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Greece	6 768	6 461	7 748	10 861	11 286	12 549	:
Spain	36 644	36 297	43 144	39 204	43 183	47 653	48 101
France	39 355	40 737	39 476	35 882	36 729	41 607	42 328
Croatia	5 870	6 279	6 646	6 962	6 653	7 237	10 139 <sup>(b)</sup>
Italy	35 006	36 716	41 194	41 125	43 794	47 461	48 736
Cyprus	1 826	1 735	1 771	1 672	1 814	1 947	2 021
Latvia	415	545	816	754	878	1 063	1 096 <sup>(b)</sup>
Lithuania	411	558	720	711	792	943	1 125 <sup>(b)</sup>
Luxembourg	864	875	906	849	805	874	905
Hungary	2 948	3 270	3 310	3 228	3 386	3 671	4 164 <sup>(b)</sup>
Malta	966	1 042	1 012	958	1 119	1 198	1 196
Netherlands	9 181	9 647	10 739	9 921	10 883	11 299	11 634
Austria	16 283	16 634	17 562	18 534	19 210	20 180	21 212
Poland	3 332	3 934	4 314	3 862	4 135	4 410	4 979
Portugal	5 383	5 654	6 349	6 439	6 756	7 264	7 503
Romania	1 105	1 359	1 380	1 276	1 346	1 517	1 653 <sup>(b)</sup>
Slovenia	1 325	1 450	1 571	1 731	1 767	1 921	2 125 <sup>(b)</sup>
Slovakia	1 369	1 384	1 594	1 283	1 313	1 448	1 511
Finland	2 047	2 083	2 317	2 220	2 319	2 623	2 778
Sweden	4 268	4 676	4 696	4 855	4 951	5 006	4 944
United Kingdom	15 879	17 579	20 954	19 426	20 484	21 211	:
Iceland	771	836	952	1 209	1 187	1 383	1 621
Liechtenstein	64	64	69	67	64	67	62 <sup>(b)</sup>
Norway	:	:	:	:	:	:	4 538
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	532	1 264 <sup>(b)</sup>
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	256	259	324	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	786
Turkey	12 423	14 836	15 675	20 896	22 273	23 892	

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [tour\\_occ\\_arn2](#) and [cpc\\_intour](#))

**Table 7.6.a:** Number of mobile phone subscriptions (per 1 000 inhabitants)

	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	43	60	90	378	439	530	614
Algeria	14	45	151	927	938	924	990
Angola	9	22	46	376	438	467	484
Benin	31	32	62	397	563	799	853
Botswana	188	248	282	773	961	1 178	1 428
Burkina Faso	9	19	29	168	243	347	453
Burundi	8	9	14	60	101	137	145
Cameroon	43	63	89	328	410	441	524
Cape Verde	94	115	141	557	575	750	792
Central African Republic	3	10	15	35	136	222	250
Chad	4	7	13	166	204	238	318
Comoros	:	3	13	64	185	225	287
Congo	70	101	111	500	589	940	938
Congo, Dem. Republic	10	22	36	144	143	179	231
Côte d'Ivoire	57	69	94	507	626	761	864
Djibouti	34	30	43	162	149	186	213
Egypt	62	78	105	506	667	871	1 011
Equatorial Guinea	57	72	105	525	296	570	591
Eritrea	:	:	5	22	28	35	45
Ethiopia	1	1	2	24	49	83	167
Gabon	217	228	364	898	931	1 069	1 173
The Gambia	72	104	120	702	840	855	890
Ghana	19	38	80	496	634	715	848
Guinea	10	13	17	391	347	401	440
Guinea-Bissau	:	1	29	317	348	392	260
Kenya	36	47	73	421	487	616	648
Lesotho	71	64	96	283	320	455	479
Liberia	1	15	31	193	213	393	492
Libya	13	22	88	767	779	1 715	1 557
Madagascar	10	17	19	261	320	372	383
Malawi	7	10	18	120	157	204	251
Mali	4	22	32	327	342	484	683
Mauritania	91	124	176	651	663	793	927
Mauritius	286	376	440	812	844	917	990
Morocco	210	247	310	722	791	1 001	1 133
Mozambique	13	22	35	197	261	309	328
Namibia	79	116	140	494	561	672	1 050
Niger	5	7	14	129	170	245	270
Nigeria	12	23	67	417	482	551	586
Rwanda	10	15	15	136	243	334	406
São Tomé and Príncipe	14	33	52	306	393	620	683
Senegal	55	73	106	519	551	671	733
Seychelles	545	599	658	1 115	1 314	1 359	1 457
Sierra Leone	15	24	:	181	204	341	356
Somalia	13	25	61	70	70	69	69
South Africa	297	360	441	906	927	1 005	1 268
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	8	14	28	286	363	405	563
Swaziland	62	77	132	391	554	618	637
Tanzania	17	53	51	306	399	468	555
Togo	31	43	63	240	330	407	504
Tunisia	60	198	381	846	954	1 060	1 169
Uganda	15	29	42	270	287	384	484
Zambia	13	21	41	270	341	416	606
Zimbabwe	27	29	34	133	239	612	721

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 7.6.b:** Number of mobile phone subscriptions (per 1 000 inhabitants)

	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	:	:		1 223 (b)	1 230	1 273
Belgium	710	750	810	1 050	1 061 (b)	1 101	1 144
Bulgaria	320	450	620	1 370	1 397 (b)	1 344	1 474
Czech Republic	840	950	1 060	1 330	1 241 (b)	1 267	1 290
Denmark	830	890	960	1 200 (b)	1 327 (b)	1 408	1 473
Germany	720	790	900	1 310	1 320 (b)	1 171	1 211
Estonia	650	770	930	1 210	1 162 (b)	1 198	1 340
Ireland	770	860	940	1 220	1 196 (b)	1 142	1 135
Greece	850	810	840	1 690	1 247 (b)	1 159	1 103
Spain	820	890	910	1 100	1 172 (b)	1 194	1 263
France	630	680	720	910	896 (b)	930	1 000
Croatia	526	571	638	1 325	1 361	1 438	1 159
Italy	530	570	640	1 100	1 484 (b)	1 547	1 582
Cyprus	590	770	900	1 290	1 227 (b)	1 266	1 296
Latvia	390	520	660	980	1 041 (b)	1 503	1 701
Lithuania	470	610	890	1 490	1 483 (b)	1 508	1 614
Luxembourg	1 070	1 200	1 430	1 460	1 396 (b)	1 405	1 428
Hungary	680	780	860	1 220	1 064 (b)	1 087	1 102
Malta	700	730	770	940	1 013 (b)	1 052	1 259
Netherlands	760	830	910	1 230	1 267 (b)	1 159	1 251
Austria	840	880	980	870	1 330 (b)	1 425	1 506
Poland	360	460	600	1 160	1 080 (b)	1 143	1 194
Portugal	830	900	930	1 410	1 477 (b)	1 517	1 573
Romania	230	320	470	1 140	1 155 (b)	1 126	1 102
Slovenia	770	870	930	1 020	1 015 (b)	1 031	1 055
Slovakia	540	680	790	1 020 (b)	998 (b)	1 130	1 119
Finland	870	910	960	1 300	1 439 (b)	1 501	1 633
Sweden	890	980	980	1 190	1 198 (b)	1 296	1 380
United Kingdom	840	910	1 000	1 260	1 257 (b)	1 333	1 363
Iceland	907	967	998	1 068	1 096	1 181	1 212
Liechtenstein	340	740	750	970	:	:	:
Norway	860	890	990	1 110	:	:	:
Switzerland	790	850	850	1 170	:	:	:
Montenegro	775	674	779	1 612	2 497	2 260	1 870
FYR of Macedonia	180	300	492	1 223	948	1 098	1 105
Serbia	323	399	579	1 194	1 351	1 357	1 399
Turkey	339	400	491	933	878	851	886

Source: Eurostat (online data code: tin00060, isoc\_tc\_mcsupe, cpc\_inisoc and demo\_pjan)

## Definitions

**Industrial production index** provides a measure of the volume trend in value added at factor cost over a given reference period. In practice, however, value added is not available on a monthly basis in most countries. Therefore, data is generally collected for variables other than value added, with possible alternatives including gross production values, volumes, turnover, work input, raw material input, energy input. The production index is a volume index, which should cover NACE sections B ([mining and quarrying](#)), C ([manufacturing](#)) and D (electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply). For European countries, data are adjusted by working days.

**Electricity production** is the process of creating electricity from other forms of energy. Electrical energy covers electricity generated in all types of power plants (e.g. in nuclear, thermal, hydro, wind, photovoltaic or other plants) to be distributed to consumers through the grid or consumed locally. The gross electricity generation at the plant level is defined as the electricity measured at the outlet of the main transformers, i.e. the consumption of electricity in the plant auxiliaries and in transformers is included. The production of electricity includes, on the one hand, public utilities, whose primary purpose is to generate and transmit electric energy to the public, and on the other, private self-production units that produce electric energy intended, in whole or in part, for their own use. It is measured in terms of kilowatt hour (KWh).

**Hydro-electricity** refers to potential and kinetic energy of water converted into electricity in hydroelectric plants.

For African countries, [arrivals of non-resident tourists](#) refers to all persons checked at the frontier travelling for pleasure, health, business, meetings or studies and stopping in that country for twenty-four hours or more. The figures exclude immigrants and residents in a frontier zone.

For European countries, [arrivals of non-residents tourists](#) refers to persons travelling in a given area that is outside their country of residence and staying in collective accommodation establishments. An arrival is defined as a person who arrives at a collective accommodation establishment and checks in.

**Collective tourist accommodation establishments** include hotels and similar establishments, specialised establishments (health establishments, work and holiday camps, conference centres and accommodation in collective means of transport), and other collective establishments (such as holiday dwellings, tourist campsites and social tourism accommodation).

**Number of mobile phone subscriptions per 1 000 inhabitants for EU countries (except Croatia) from 2009 onwards** give the number of active SIM cards divided per 1 000 inhabitants. It includes both voice and data services, installed in telephones, modem, usb keys or other devices.

**Number of mobile phone subscriptions per 1 000 inhabitants for EU countries until 2009 and for non-EU countries + Croatia** give the number of subscribers per 1 000 inhabitants to the services of the operators offering mobile telecommunication connected to an automatic public mobile telephone service using cellular technology. It also includes pre-paid cards. One person may have more than one subscription.

# 8

## External economic relations

**Table 8.1.a:** Balance of payments - current account balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	-3.7	-6.0	-5.8	7.1	0.4	-0.5	-0.9	-0.2
Algeria	16.7	12.9	22.5	19.8	0.3	8.0	11.5	8.2
Angola	8.7	-16.0	15.6	8.5	-10.0	8.0	13.8	8.2
Benin	-4.4	-3.3	-10.2	-8.1	-8.9	-8.5	-8.0	-9.5
Botswana	9.7	9.9	15.4	6.9	-5.8	-4.1	-4.2	6.5
Burkina Faso	-12.2	-10.4	-8.3	-11.2	-4.2	-3.3	-2.4	-3.5
Burundi	-8.6	-5.3	-15.7	-15.0	-17.1	-11.6	-11.0	-16.2
Cameroon	-1.4	-3.3	1.4	-1.9	-3.3	-3.7	-4.2	-5.3
Cape Verde	-10.9	-10.7	-14.7	-12.9	-15.5	-11.9	-12.9	-15.5
Central African Republic	-1.4	-1.7	-6.4	-9.8	-8.9	-10.2	-9.9	-7.0
Chad	-15.4	-33.1	-3.6	3.2	-11.5	-29.7	-20.0	-6.1
Comoros	1.7	6.2	-6.8	-13.6	-7.8	-9.4	-11.7	-14.7
Congo	13.5	-3.8	-18.2	-1.1	-9.4	-4.2	-2.4	0.3
Congo, Dem. Republic	-4.0	5.0	-0.7	2.1	7.2	7.1	7.7	-3.3
Côte d'Ivoire	-2.8	-0.6	-1.5	-15.9	3.3	-0.3	-7.7	-11.1
Djibouti	-9.0	-2.9	-25.7	-41.8	-11.1	-6.8	-12.8	-12.9
Egypt	-1.2	-0.6	1.7	0.5	-2.3	-2.0	-2.8	-3.1
Equatorial Guinea	-15.8	-48.9	1.1	10.4	-18.1	-21.1	-10.0	3.5
Eritrea	-0.6	-4.6	-6.1	-5.5	-7.6	-5.6	0.7	2.1
Ethiopia	-4.1	-3.0	-4.8	-6.4	-5.5	-7.1	-7.6	-3.4
The Gambia	19.7	10.4	17.9	23.5	6.8	10.9	16.5	7.5
Gabon	-5.7	-2.6	-9.7	-12.6	-10.0	-11.6	-10.5	-11.3
Ghana	-7.8	-6.1	-8.7	-12.4	-4.6	-10.8	-10.6	-11.2
Guinea	-6.4	-5.4	-10.9	-11.3	-9.6	-8.0	-5.6	-25.4
Guinea-Bissau	2.2	-13.2	-52.6	-34.2	-44.6	-75.7	-68.5	-6.3
Kenya	-2.3	-3.0	-3.8	-6.6	-5.3	-8.8	-12.7	-6.7
Lesotho	-20.6	-14.0	13.4	12.3	0.7	-13.0	-15.7	-18.8
Liberia	-24.9	-18.3	-31.4	-57.4	-33.2	-40.9	-38.8	-52.4
Libya	29.8	12.5	37.5	47.0	18.5	28.4	13.7	27.2
Madagascar	-5.8	-1.3	-11.9	-18.7	-20.9	-17.0	-15.9	-8.3
Malawi	-5.3	-10.9	-9.6	-0.3	-2.1	1.2	-2.4	-12.7
Mali	-9.6	-10.3	-9.8	-12.7	-7.3	-7.5	-7.8	-0.8
Mauritania	-9.0	-10.9	-10.5	-15.6	-10.7	-8.7	-7.6	-18.5
Mauritius	-0.7	7.7	-5.4	-10.1	-7.4	-8.2	-8.6	-10.6
Morocco	-1.3	4.3	-0.1	-5.4	-5.4	-4.3	-5.2	-8.6
Mozambique	-16.7	-19.6	-16.1	-16.4	-10.9	-13.5	-14.3	-18.8
Namibia	7.9	2.9	9.4	11.0	1.5	-2.5	-6.9	3.2
Niger	-6.7	-1.4	-8.2	-13.0	-23.4	-17.8	-21.8	-22.7
Nigeria	12.5	-2.7	18.7	15.4	13.1	10.0	16.8	10.4
Rwanda	-3.3	-8.1	-2.7	-5.1	-7.3	-6.0	-5.2	-10.5
São Tomé and Principe	-15.1	-22.7	-38.6	-38.4	-25.8	-26.6	-37.0	-22.5
Senegal	-7.0	-5.0	-11.6	-14.1	-6.7	-7.4	-8.2	-8.6
Seychelles	-6.1	-21.8	-28.5	-46.7	-34.2	-24.1	-20.7	-25.8
Sierra Leone	-8.6	-6.3	-3.4	-11.4	-9.4	-8.7	-10.0	-44.0
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	-0.1	0.9	-7.2	-7.1	-4.1	-2.8	-2.6	-5.9
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	-8.4	-12.7	-12.5	-9.1	-10.1	-7.9	-5.5	-10.2
Swaziland	-4.5	5.2	-4.6	-7.9	-13.8	-14.2	-15.9	-2.6
Tanzania	-4.3	-1.9	-9.8	-12.5	-8.3	-6.5	-6.3	-11.1
Togo	-9.0	-13.2	-9.1	-7.4	-6.7	-6.9	-7.5	-6.2
Tunisia	-3.8	-4.2	-2.4	-3.8	-2.8	-4.8	-5.1	-8.0
Uganda	-6.5	-5.0	-2.3	-2.2	-7.3	-12.5	-13.1	-11.6
Zambia	-18.3	-19.1	-6.5	-7.1	4.2	3.7	3.1	-3.3
Zimbabwe	:	-2.2	-4.3	-14.9	-16.5	-20.3	-18.1	-35.3

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.1.b:** Balance of payments - current account balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	-0.7	-0.1	-0.3	-0.6	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3
Belgium	4.0	3.4	1.9	-1.3	-1.4	1.9	-1.1	-1.4
Bulgaria	-5.3	-5.5	-25.2	-23.1	-8.9	-1.5	0.1	-1.3
Czech Republic	-4.6	-5.1	-4.3	-2.1	-2.4	-3.9	-2.7	-2.5
Denmark	1.4	3.1	1.4	2.9	3.4	5.9	5.6	5.2
Germany	-1.7	0.0	7.4	6.2	6.0	6.2	6.2	7.0
Estonia	-5.4	-5.2	-15.9	-9.2	3.4	2.9	2.1	-1.2
Ireland	-0.4	-0.6	-5.4	-5.7	-2.3	1.1	1.1	4.9
Greece	-7.8	-7.2	-14.6	-14.9	-11.2	-10.1	-9.9	-3.1
Spain	-4.0	-3.9	-10.0	-9.6	-4.8	-4.5	-3.7	-1.1
France	1.2	1.7	-1.0	-1.7	-1.3	-1.6	-1.9	-2.3
Croatia	-2.4	-3.0	-7.2	-8.8	-4.9	-0.9	-0.8	0.0
Italy	-0.2	0.3	-1.3	-2.9	-2.0	-3.5	-3.1	-0.7
Cyprus	-5.4	-3.3	-11.8	-15.6	-10.7	-9.8	-4.7	-11.7
Latvia	-4.8	-7.7	-22.4	-13.1	8.6	2.9	-2.2	-1.7
Lithuania	-5.9	-4.7	-14.4	-12.9	3.7	0.1	-3.7	-0.5
Luxembourg	13.2	8.8	10.1	5.4	7.2	8.2	7.1	5.6
Hungary	-8.7	-6.1	-7.3	-7.3	-0.2	1.1	0.8	1.6
Malta	-12.1	-3.7	-6.2	-4.9	-7.4	-4.7	-0.2	0.4
Netherlands	2.0	2.6	6.7	4.3	5.2	7.8	10.1	9.9
Austria	-0.7	-0.8	3.5	4.9	2.7	3.4	1.4	1.8
Poland	-6.0	-3.1	-6.2	-6.6	-3.9	-5.1	-4.9	-3.5
Portugal	-10.3	-10.3	-10.1	-12.6	-10.9	-10.6	-7.0	-1.5
Romania	-3.6	-5.5	-13.5	-11.5	-4.2	-4.4	-4.5	-4.0
Slovenia	-2.7	0.2	-4.8	-6.2	-0.7	-0.6	0.0	2.3
Slovakia	-3.5	-8.3	-5.3	-6.2	-2.6	-3.7	-2.1	2.3
Finland	7.8	8.4	4.3	2.6	1.8	1.5	-1.5	-1.9
Sweden	4.2	5.0	9.1	9.1	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.1
United Kingdom	-2.6	-2.1	-2.4	-1.3	-1.4	-3.3	-1.4	-3.7
Iceland	-9.9	-3.9	-15.7	-24.6	-11.5	-8.0	-6.2	-4.9
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	15.5	15.3	13.9	17.5	13.1	12.2	12.8	14.3
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	-39.5	-50.6	-29.6	-24.6	-19.6	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	-7.1	-12.9	-6.8	-2.0	-3.0	-3.9
Serbia	-0.6	2.2	-17.7	-21.6	-7.2	-7.4	-8.9	:
Turkey	-3.7	2.0	-5.9	-5.6	-2.2	-6.2	-9.7	-5.9

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop\\_q\\_gdp](#), [bop\\_q\\_eu](#), [bop\\_q\\_c](#), [cpc\\_ecbop](#), [nama\\_gdp\\_c](#) and [cpc\\_ecnagdp](#))

**Table 8.2.a:** Balance of payments - current accounts, services balance (EUR million)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Algeria	-1	-2	-2	-2	-3	-6	-6	-3	:
Angola	-2 838	-3 656	-5 227	-4 842	-9 027	-14 898	-13 648	-13 862	:
Benin	-50	-40	-38	-36	-52	14	-45	-13	-210
Botswana	-8	-41	-24	-51	-132	55	-447	-3	:
Burkina Faso	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	:	-0
Burundi	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	:	:
Cameroon	-1	-1	-0	-0	-0	-1	-1	-1	-0
Cape Verde	13	26	56	125	143	168	130	106	:
Central African Republic	-55	-53	-49	-55	-63	-66	-66	-88	-94
Chad	-684	-1 310	-1 439	-1 575	-1 371	-1 316	-1 373	-1 450	:
Comoros	-6	-4	-2	-6	-7	-9	-20	:	:
Congo	-602	-661	-962	-1 724	-2 006	-2 184	-2 041	-3 073	-2
Congo, Dem. Republic	-0	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	:	:
Côte d'Ivoire	-989	-1 023	-1 038	-1 107	-1 133	-1 117	-1 143	:	-1
Djibouti	131	111	132	129	127	115	207	291	:
Egypt	4 566	6 086	6 379	6 114	7 529	9 171	8 932	10 934	:
Equatorial Guinea	-638	-584	-712	-652	-798	-1 101	-1 160	:	-1 365
Eritrea	-56	-39	-39	-22	11	3	14	16	:
Ethiopia	149	251	222	120	118	85	302	412	:
Gabon	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	:	-2
Gambia	38	22	29	-2	31	22	15	:	:
Ghana	-0	-0	-0	-0	-1 137	-1 253	-1 406	:	-1 277
Guinea	-218	-71	-45	-35	-43	-51	-287	:	:
Guinea-Bissau	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
Kenya	452	502	592	821	919	954	822	:	:
Lesotho	-31	-19	-41	-28	-24	-31	-27	-22	-392
Liberia	-15	-10	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	:	:
Libya	-1 056	-1 199	-1 458	-1 527	-1 414	-1 727	-2 352	-1 729	:
Madagascar	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0	-0
Malawi	-137	-138	-173	-167	-169	-163	-171	:	-240
Mali	-134 357	-124 443	-132 241	-151 549	-140 550	-172 880	-152 944	-215 374	-196 696
Mauritania	-33 597	-44 653	-63 304	-68 884	-100 223	-103 204	-92 766	:	:
Mauritius	332	352	340	289	461	423	450	535	:
Morocco	2 322	2 730	3 421	4 273	4 923	4 535	4 034	:	:
Mozambique	-0	-0	-0	-11	-11	-11	-12	-11	-20
Namibia	1 137	479	245	541	451	-333	-285	435	:
Niger	-114	-136	-154	-190	-208	-321	-450	:	-790
Nigeria	-2 019	-2 112	-3 846	-7 685	-9 654	-14 920	-11 285	:	:
Rwanda	-129	-127	-133	-166	-90	-55	-129	7	:
São Tomé and Principe	-9	-8	-8	-16	-13	-9	-10	-16	:
Senegal	-20	-23	-25	-28	-28	-82	-93	-86	-132
Seychelles	106	97	106	126	129	185	157	121	129
Sierra Leone	-25	-25	-11	-35	-39	-44	-47	:	:
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	363	-376	-677	-1 657	-1 939	-2 750	-1 987	-3 014	-627
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	-2 722	-3 202	-5 698	-9 455	-904 348	-775 272	-632 173	:	:
Swaziland	-129	-104	-97	-73	-193	-300	-263	:	:
Tanzania	184	93	131	302	324	150	248	:	:
Togo	-97	-72	-82	-65	-51	-52	-68	-107	-85
Tunisia	1 180	1 329	1 472	1 476	1 544	1 807	1 945	2 173	:
Uganda	-249	-49	-85	-141	-198	-321	-315	-554	:
Zambia	-213	-175	-158	-287	-469	-417	-335	-1 018	-544
Zimbabwe	-194	-87	-140	-97	-105	-140	-23	-44	:

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.2.b:** Balance of payments - current accounts, services balance (EUR million)

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	39 610	48 661	54 812	72 625	83 037	75 325	76 637	103 027	127 893	153 653
Belgium	1 605	2 921	4 001	4 998	4 476	4 697	8 814	8 148	6 698	7 780
Bulgaria	555	656	819	923	1 174	1 310	1 300	1 868	2 317	2 328
Czech Republic	417	517	1 269	1 726	2 131	2 961	2 800	2 972	2 384	1 982
Denmark	3 126	2 667	5 141	5 626	5 416	6 982	2 793	6 760	5 655	6 111
Germany	-44 895	-41 136	-39 287	-30 514	-28 789	-25 560	-15 808	-16 052	-17 390	-19 697
Estonia	733	892	839	891	1 042	1 315	1 409	1 339	1 323	1 213
Ireland	-11 091	-10 203	-9 303	-6 797	-1 121	-7 670	-6 900	-6 639	-1 699	3 206
Greece	11 508	15 464	15 380	15 337	16 594	17 133	12 642	13 250	14 629	15 140
Spain	23 301	21 755	22 240	22 235	23 051	25 791	25 031	28 041	34 631	36 984
France	12 448	12 174	12 306	12 269	14 428	16 460	18 320	21 382	31 492	32 632
Croatia	4 987	4 818	5 400	5 822	6 428	7 195	5 996	6 099	6 471	6 475
Italy	-2 361	1 179	-545	-1 276	-7 117	-8 605	-8 435	-9 217	-5 674	-741
Cyprus	2 750	2 905	3 064	3 350	3 671	3 601	3 362	3 583	3 585	3 310
Latvia	516	489	491	534	733	917	1 120	1 108	1 312	1 507
Lithuania	546	655	847	860	461	405	437	814	996	1 230
Luxembourg	8 806	10 468	13 054	16 599	19 884	19 955	17 603	19 776	21 172	23 356
Hungary	49	483	1 134	1 429	1 342	1 517	1 986	2 873	3 170	3 408
Malta	429	511	647	647	870	1 117	990	1 163	1 319	1 432
Netherlands	-617	3 429	5 469	7 462	8 869	8 900	5 693	7 963	8 752	7 601
Austria	7 850	8 064	9 386	9 718	11 163	14 248	12 679	13 176	13 633	14 096
Poland	187	41	588	582	3 435	3 476	3 423	2 336	4 044	4 644
Portugal	3 637	4 052	3 912	5 019	6 532	6 603	5 986	6 668	7 698	8 687
Romania	62	-213	-340	5	408	659	-292	403	342	1 130
Slovenia	540	687	919	993	1 048	1 428	1 164	1 280	1 476	1 804
Slovakia	210	217	258	605	388	-488	-1 027	-744	-372	306
Finland	-620	469	-606	-1 011	467	676	388	287	134	-1 492
Sweden	1 036	3 959	5 859	8 375	11 638	11 314	8 147	10 836	11 939	12 902
United Kingdom	27 747	37 783	36 241	46 918	64 131	56 580	57 597	66 381	81 777	87 521
Iceland	-109	-170	-418	-551	-501	-213	217	225	238	175
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	972	765	656	1 457	1 038	170	1 272	-2 407	-3 218	-4 491
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	112	148	173	166	395	371	401	464	589	612
FYR of Macedonia	-9	-45	-30	17	29	10	16	37	97	47
Serbia	179	133	-5	-41	-261	-185	21	8	163	152
Turkey	9 224	10 553	13 038	11 030	10 164	12 741	13 125	12 742	14 375	17 980

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop\\_q\\_c](#), [bop\\_q\\_eu](#) and [cpc\\_ecbop](#))

**Table 8.3.a:** Balance of payments - current accounts, trade balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	(2.1)	(4.0)	-6.2	7.2	-0.1	2.9	2.7	4.1
Algeria	22.5	17.6	25.2	23.3	5.6	8.1	9.0	14.1
Angola	53.4	37.5	50.8	51.0	24.1	33.4	37.0	40.3
Benin	-8.7	-7.2	-14.4	-13.7	-11.2	-12.2	-12.7	-12.1
Botswana	16.0	11.8	13.9	3.2	-5.9	-2.0	-1.7	3.0
Burkina Faso	-11.9	-10.3	-8.8	-10.9	-5.8	-1.4	-0.6	-0.9
Burundi	-8.3	-10.4	-24.7	-27.7	-18.7	-21.7	-21.4	-18.3
Cameroon	5.8	1.0	3.6	2.0	-1.1	-2.7	-5.3	-4.4
Cape Verde	-34.8	-36.9	-49.6	-46.5	-43.5	-47.5	-48.0	-48.5
Central African Republic	4.6	3.8	-4.2	-7.6	-7.4	-8.5	-10.0	-5.1
Chad	-4.1	-18.8	26.2	28.8	5.1	10.7	14.9	8.1
Comoros	-14.7	-15.4	-24.1	-32.9	-27.6	-29.7	-30.6	-30.6
Congo	63.2	49.2	39.7	49.7	36.5	42.3	42.5	41.1
Congo, Dem. Republic	5.6	3.8	13.0	14.2	18.2	19.7	20.1	10.4
Côte d'Ivoire	13.8	14.5	8.9	-1.1	-5.2	-4.4	-6.6	7.0
Djibouti	-31.5	-28.4	-50.1	-66.9	-50.6	-50.6	-57.5	-34.6
Egypt	-11.6	-10.4	-12.5	-14.4	-13.3	-11.5	-9.4	-9.2
Equatorial Guinea	57.5	54.6	68.7	76.6	37.5	45.8	47.7	40.5
Eritrea	-41.3	-44.4	-24.2	-22.0	-19.9	-19.6	-11.0	-4.7
Ethiopia	-13.8	-13.9	-20.5	-20.7	-22.0	-25.4	-27.3	-15.8
Gabon	49.8	37.5	47.0	51.8	38.4	46.1	51.6	35.1
The Gambia	-5.9	-12.0	-20.8	-21.4	-20.9	-22.0	-21.5	-23.5
Ghana	-16.5	-20.7	-15.7	-17.5	-8.5	-11.7	-8.9	-9.7
Guinea	2.7	5.2	-0.3	-0.6	-0.2	2.5	2.5	-17.1
Guinea-Bissau	1.0	-5.9	-41.1	-83.7	-94.9	-84.0	-102.7	-4.2
Kenya	-10.2	-10.4	-15.7	-18.8	-19.5	-22.0	-26.0	-19.3
Lesotho	-69.2	-56.9	-50.6	-40.3	-48.6	-42.2	-39.7	-39.4
Liberia	-6.0	-3.7	-39.3	-53.5	-46.6	-50.2	-50.9	-49.5
Libya	34.3	18.2	39.2	50.6	25.6	32.9	18.0	40.7
Madagascar	-2.7	0.3	-13.6	-20.2	-19.3	-17.4	-17.0	-11.4
Malawi	-8.0	-2.6	-24.7	-18.6	-17.1	-16.5	-17.3	-7.7
Mali	-1.9	-0.3	-4.1	-7.8	-3.0	-0.9	-2.3	6.4
Mauritania	-9.2	-9.8	0.8	-4.3	-2.7	11.0	14.7	-7.9
Mauritius	-8.5	-3.2	-18.0	-20.6	-17.4	-17.6	-18.1	-23.9
Morocco	-8.7	-8.0	-18.7	-21.5	-17.9	-21.1	-22.7	-24.6
Mozambique	-16.6	-9.8	-8.4	-11.6	-13.0	-10.6	-9.8	-13.2
Namibia	0.2	-5.6	-2.3	0.3	-8.4	-8.5	-9.2	-9.4
Niger	-2.9	-3.3	-5.9	-8.1	-11.8	-15.0	-16.2	-13.7
Nigeria	30.4	12.8	23.0	22.7	17.5	22.3	26.9	18.0
Rwanda	-9.2	-7.7	-11.3	-13.6	-15.5	-17.2	-20.0	-20.3
São Tomé and Principe	-29.3	-30.0	-41.8	-47.6	-36.8	-40.1	-42.0	-40.7
Senegal	-8.8	-8.7	-22.0	-25.4	-15.9	-20.1	-22.9	-18.1
Seychelles	-14.8	-28.4	-41.0	-52.7	-38.2	-23.5	-26.4	-44.1
Sierra Leone	-10.0	-10.9	-5.7	-10.0	-10.0	-9.9	-12.1	-35.5
Somalia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Africa	3.5	4.4	-2.0	-1.6	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.3
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	1.9	-2.5	2.5	5.6	2.1	3.7	5.4	-3.0
Swaziland	-9.0	-1.9	-3.3	-0.3	-4.1	-8.1	-6.1	-6.9
Tanzania	-6.9	-6.8	-15.7	-16.6	-11.9	-10.7	-9.8	-13.6
Togo	-13.6	-12.4	-16.2	-14.7	-13.1	-14.6	-15.3	-12.6
Tunisia	-10.5	-11.8	-7.4	-8.9	-8.5	-12.3	-10.8	-10.1
Uganda	-7.5	-7.9	-7.3	-5.6	-11.0	-12.6	-13.3	-14.9
Zambia	-6.8	-9.3	7.8	2.8	7.1	13.7	16.6	6.5
Zimbabwe	:	8.7	-5.2	-18.6	-28.8	-26.0	-27.2	-33.6

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.3.b:** Balance of payments - current accounts, trade balance (% of GDP)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	:	-0.7	-1.1	-0.2	-0.4	-0.5	0.2
Belgium	2.1	2.4	0.4	-3.2	-1.3	-0.9	-2.3	-2.0
Bulgaria	-9.1	-11.5	-23.5	-24.3	-11.9	-7.7	-5.6	-9.1
Czech Republic	-5.3	-4.8	1.3	0.7	2.3	1.4	2.4	3.8
Denmark	4.2	4.7	0.1	0.2	2.8	3.0	3.1	2.2
Germany	3.0	4.7	8.2	7.3	5.5	6.3	5.9	6.7
Estonia	-13.9	-12.4	-16.4	-12.6	-4.3	-1.9	-1.4	-4.3
Ireland	25.8	25.9	10.5	13.3	20.1	22.8	23.0	22.2
Greece	-15.9	-14.8	-18.6	-18.9	-13.3	-12.7	-13.1	-10.1
Spain	-6.4	-5.7	-8.7	-7.9	-4.0	-4.6	-4.0	-2.5
France	-0.2	0.3	-2.2	-3.1	-2.3	-2.7	-3.7	-3.5
Croatia	-15.0	-17.9	-21.8	-22.8	-16.6	-13.5	-14.3	-13.7
Italy	0.9	1.4	0.2	-0.1	0.1	-1.3	-1.1	1.1
Cyprus	-28.5	-26.9	-29.6	-32.4	-25.5	-26.8	-24.2	-21.5
Latvia	-13.6	-16.3	-24.0	-17.8	-7.1	-7.0	-10.8	-9.8
Lithuania	-9.7	-9.1	-14.9	-13.0	-3.3	-4.9	-5.9	-3.2
Luxembourg	-11.7	-12.2	-9.3	-12.2	-9.3	-10.6	-12.8	-13.8
Hungary	-6.3	-4.2	-0.7	-1.1	2.6	3.3	3.4	4.2
Malta	-18.8	-13.7	-17.6	-20.5	-18.2	-18.3	-16.0	-15.8
Netherlands	4.8	4.9	7.3	7.0	6.0	7.2	7.8	8.2
Austria	-2.1	-1.7	0.5	-0.2	-0.9	-1.1	-2.5	-2.2
Poland	-7.2	-4.0	-4.4	-5.8	-1.7	-2.5	-2.7	-1.4
Portugal	-12.9	-12.4	-11.3	-13.4	-10.6	-11.1	-8.3	-5.2
Romania	-4.6	-7.3	-14.3	-13.6	-5.8	-6.1	-5.6	-5.6
Slovenia	-5.6	-3.0	-4.8	-6.4	-1.4	-2.8	-2.9	-0.9
Slovakia	-4.4	-10.1	-1.2	-1.2	1.5	1.2	1.4	5.1
Finland	11.1	9.8	5.1	3.7	1.8	1.4	-0.7	0.1
Sweden	6.5	7.1	3.8	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.1
United Kingdom	-3.4	-4.0	-6.4	-6.5	-5.9	-6.7	-6.6	-6.9
Iceland	-5.5	-0.9	-6.8	-2.5	6.1	7.8	6.0	4.4
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	15.5	15.5	14.7	18.8	14.3	13.8	14.0	14.2
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	:	-57.6	-65.6	-44.3	-40.8	-40.4	:
FYR of Macedonia	-19.3	-15.3	-19.8	-26.2	-23.3	-20.5	-22.4	:
Serbia	-6.8	-20.3	-24.8	-26.0	-17.7	-17.1	-17.1	:
Turkey	-8.3	-1.7	-7.2	-7.1	-4.0	-7.8	-11.5	-8.3

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [bop\\_q\\_gdp](#), [bop\\_q\\_eu](#), [bop\\_q\\_c](#), [cpc\\_ecbop](#), [nama\\_gdp\\_c](#) and [cpc\\_ecnagdp](#))

**Table 8.4.a:** Foreign direct investment - inward flows (EUR per capita)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	12.0	46.7	63.7	73.0	59.1	50.5	40.8
Algeria	14.4	35.4	49.0	75.3	79.0	64.6	71.5
Angola	61.5	475.8	559.0	919.2	629.0	521.0	-284.7
Benin	9.0	8.0	31.5	20.4	15.7	12.5	13.0
Botswana	33.2	161.7	256.6	270.2	292.4	263.7	289.1
Burkina Faso	2.0	2.9	22.8	8.8	10.7	2.3	0.4
Burundi	1.8	0.1	0.1	1.7	1.2	1.7	0.2
Cameroon	10.0	14.2	15.5	14.4	17.6	21.7	18.0
Cape Verde	99.0	185.8	393.9	428.9	242.9	224.7	186.1
Central African Republic	0.2	8.7	13.6	27.6	9.8	16.4	24.3
Chad	13.7	-11.8	-6.7	21.9	42.2	69.6	160.9
Comoros	0.2	1.0	11.1	10.8	12.7	12.8	9.0
Congo	53.4	485.8	609.9	647.3	528.6	696.5	708.0
Congo, Dem. Republic	1.4	:	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	24.9
Côte d'Ivoire	13.6	18.0	22.9	23.5	19.7	21.2	17.1
Djibouti	4.5	80.9	232.7	267.6	114.2	30.2	86.1
Egypt	17.6	76.6	150.5	121.2	84.2	78.7	-5.8
Equatorial Guinea	292.1	1454.3	1929.9	-1198.6	2402.3	992.3	1023.5
Eritrea	7.6	-0.3	-0.0	-0.0	0.0	10.6	3.4
Ethiopia	2.1	4.0	2.9	1.4	2.7	2.2	2.4
Gabon	-34.6	196.5	189.2	144.1	22.2	113.2	474.5
The Gambia	33.4	34.3	48.0	42.8	28.2	21.7	20.3
Ghana	8.5	7.4	37.7	52.5	70.7	103.6	129.1
Guinea	1.2	12.5	41.2	39.9	14.4	30.3	118.5
Guinea-Bissau	0.5	6.1	13.0	4.1	9.4	5.8	12.5
Kenya	3.5	0.7	19.4	2.5	3.6	3.3	8.1
Lesotho	16.7	30.3	45.9	26.1	22.3	25.2	23.7
Liberia	7.4	29.3	37.8	107.8	56.8	62.1	123.0
Libya	26.4	194.2	778.5	668.5	427.0	603.2	0.0
Madagascar	5.4	5.6	40.7	59.8	53.0	41.5	42.6
Malawi	3.3	4.4	6.8	0.6	4.2	9.4	3.7
Mali	7.8	21.4	4.7	12.4	7.3	9.6	11.2
Mauritania	15.4	312.7	43.0	102.7	-11.3	3.9	12.8
Mauritius	231.6	34.8	265.8	298.3	199.2	330.9	209.2
Morocco	14.6	57.4	90.4	79.4	61.7	40.8	78.1
Mozambique	7.6	5.9	19.6	26.5	39.0	33.7	87.5
Namibia	102.2	190.8	339.5	327.3	230.3	375.6	387.1
Niger	0.8	2.7	9.3	39.2	49.4	61.0	63.1
Nigeria	10.5	39.9	41.4	54.7	56.0	38.5	54.9
Rwanda	1.0	1.8	8.5	10.3	11.5	4.0	9.7
São Tomé and Príncipe	27.1	111.8	224.4	203.3	85.0	18.1	106.8
Senegal	6.4	5.3	23.8	23.1	17.1	19.1	22.4
Seychelles	299.9	1058.6	2807.9	2095.5	3193.1	4264.7	1645.5
Sierra Leone	9.2	19.7	17.6	9.4	5.8	6.1	8.1
Somalia	0.0	3.2	16.1	9.8	11.8	12.0	10.7
South Africa	19.8	148.1	116.6	182.6	107.8	31.0	115.1
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	11.2	66.0	60.1	62.8	63.1	36.7	43.4
Swaziland	98.0	-42.5	33.1	91.9	56.2	78.2	78.7
Tanzania	8.3	14.5	0.9	2.5	1.5	2.1	23.7
Togo	7.9	14.7	8.7	4.1	8.5	6.8	8.7
Tunisia	82.5	82.8	159.5	269.2	162.8	144.3	107.9
Uganda	7.4	15.5	26.1	23.3	25.2	25.4	23.0
Zambia	11.6	34.1	109.8	75.8	54.6	79.6	147.1
Zimbabwe	1.9	8.3	5.5	4.1	8.4	8.4	30.3

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.4.b:** Foreign direct investment - inward flows (EUR per capita)

	<b>2001</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	:	1473	2151	1170	1026	960	1298	685
Belgium	:	4 466	6 449	12 413	2 385	2 824	3 916	-113
Bulgaria	95	806	1 179	881	320	152	237	202
Czech Republic	614	425	742	425	202	441	371	785
Denmark	2 003	394	1 585	228	515	-1 569	1 662	146
Germany	359	538	712	67	212	433	356	62
Estonia	441	1 065	1 479	881	988	901	138	854
Ireland	2 814	-1 050	4 186	-2 552	4 160	7 234	1 805	4 979
Greece	158	384	138	274	156	22	73	203
Spain	782	561	1 056	1 161	163	669	459	468
France	1 010	906	1 105	685	271	358	453	643
Croatia	335	602	819	731	546	64	234	221
Italy	292	532	497	-124	241	115	407	123
Cyprus	1 512	1 908	2 088	1 223	3 136	706	1 175	766
Latvia	63	584	747	380	30	126	502	381
Lithuania	143	425	435	398	-3	181	341	216
Luxembourg	:	218 342	293 255	149 531	298 045	333 918	537 379	225 025
Hungary	431	582	287	431	144	167	370	1 052
Malta	802	3 622	1 802	1 397	1 293	1 767	738	c
Netherlands	3 629	382	5 332	189	1 686	-452	586	-11
Austria	820	766	2 748	563	802	76	1 255	582
Poland	167	408	452	264	258	274	352	69
Portugal	679	823	211	300	183	188	708	658
Romania	58	418	336	441	162	103	85	87
Slovenia	152	252	651	662	-231	132	351	54
Slovakia	307	692	485	593	-1	246	286	407
Finland	805	1 161	1 724	-147	97	921	359	-260
Sweden	1 371	2 426	2 313	2 754	781	-22	706	1 110
United Kingdom	996	2 061	2 239	1 003	893	603	588	c
Iceland	681	10 744	16 280	1 778	150	1 130	2 493	1 245
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	605	1 174	1 081	1 502	2 012	3 681	2 881	1 927
Switzerland	1 373	3 335	3 156	1 361	2 703	3 159	1 082	:
Montenegro	:	753	909	927	1 692	896	628	:
FYR of Macedonia	246	169	248	200	67	77	147	51
Serbia	25	447	246	248	187	118	251	:
Turkey	54	222	231	188	84	94	155	129

Negative values for FDI denote disinvestment.

2012 FDI figures are provisional, based on annualised quarterly Balance of Payments data as April 2013.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: tec00049, cpc\_ecbop and demo\_pjan)

**Table 8.5.a:** External trade - exports (EUR million)

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Africa</b>	263 307	325 894	387 820	405 497	502 824	414 755	573 682	639 568	:
Algeria	26 288	37 270	43 951	44 548	53 436	33 187	43 914	52 079	:
Angola	10 869	19 242	24 516	31 587	43 852	29 300	39 698	47 466	:
Benin	1 787	1 668	1 287	1 381	2 000	1 982	2 257	1 396	:
Botswana	2 577	3 336	3 248	3 272	3 085	2 153	3 111	4 194	4 963
Burkina Faso	2 895	2 682	3 393	3 151	3 299	3 810	6 544	10 877	10 900
Burundi	593	669	666	672	878	837	1 254	1 541	1 906
Cameroon	16 547	18 178	21 536	21 587	24 284	16 916	22 494	19 871	:
Cape Verde	1 080	1 253	1 457	1 134	1 633	1 993	2 787	3 872	:
Central African Republic	797	741	909	901	715	582	693	721	:
Chad	1 783	2 466	2 711	2 664	2 838	2 082	2 799	3 244	3 337
Comoros	93	62	58	63	33	53	77	87	:
Congo	20 418	30 127	37 739	31 751	43 706	38 368	54 096	63 853	:
Congo, Dem. Republic	10 526	12 598	14 280	20 921	38 880	45 784	77 286	85 309	:
Côte d'Ivoire	41	44	49	44	49	53	58	58	60
Djibouti	31	32	45	39	45	56	64	68	:
Egypt	6 224	8 507	11 009	11 857	17 779	17 421	20 606	22 567	:
Equatorial Guinea	3 816	5 645	6 608	7 592	10 308	6 487	8 438	8 789	:
Eritrea	9	9	10	9	7	8	9	289	:
Ethiopia	60	28	1	173	243	270	474	596	:
Gabon	1 743	2 297	2 541	2 488	2 902	1 981	2 905	3 388	:
The Gambia	3 855	2 188	3 179	3 295	2 947	7 089	9 599	3 258	:
Ghana	16 547	18 178	21 536	21 587	24 284	16 916	22 494	19 871	:
Guinea	616	676	829	882	960	756	1 109	1 144	1 496
Guinea-Bissau	451	514	428	541	610	571	631	1 119	753
Kenya	2 393	2 653	2 734	2 898	3 645	3 432	4 108	5 006	:
Lesotho	48	44	54	59	77	62	67	:	:
Liberia	84	88	127	153	172	115	151	235	:
Libya	240	356	473	517	660	369	492	:	:
Madagascar	21	19	23	27	30	21	23	25	27
Malawi	613	650	814	1 053	1 312	1 668	1 602	2 178	2 966
Mali	5 807	6 328	8 941	7 872	9 982	8 333	10 246	11 002	14 116
Mauritania	1 313	1 802	4 048	4 001	4 495	3 561	5 757	7 616	:
Mauritius	618	688	817	736	722	614	700	721	787
Morocco	972	1 032	1 156	1 308	1 655	1 124	1 505	1 714	1 797
Mozambique	1 219	1 395	1 911	1 769	1 797	1 546	1 759	2 575	:
Namibia	1 978	2 001	2 709	2 963	3 203	3 784	3 983	3 834	:
Niger	199	250	221	328	481	465	569	644	:
Nigeria	57 742	72 064	83 327	87 701	108 006	83 140	115 635	139 407	:
Rwanda	80	100	118	130	181	169	224	332	:
São Tomé and Principe	396	393	532	961	1 661	1 309	1 188	1 008	1 140
Senegal	8 980	9 060	9 192	8 467	10 500	9 850	10 787	11 758	:
Seychelles	275	304	292	148	156	174	165	190	:
Sierra Leone	4 250	4 985	7 458	7 703	6 822	7 846	13 659	14 920	:
Somalia	150	201	229	254	281	304	339	370	:
South Africa	39 092	44 957	52 820	56 054	58 333	47 915	64 605	66 437	:
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sudan	105	119	131	190	262	172	270	235	:
Swaziland	131	113	124	130	138	140	133	136	:
Tanzania	1 417	1 694	1 399	1 484	2 108	2 056	2 834	3 171	:
Togo	3 574	3 791	3 635	3 424	4 058	4 242	4 866	5 422	6 147
Tunisia	:	150	172	205	251	194	237	246	260
Uganda	530	810	958	1 369	1 715	1 704	1 618	1 797	:
Zambia	85	105	148	194	198	213	347	420	473
Zimbabwe	1 347	1 335	1 274	1 262	1 147	1 577	2 415	2 513	2 983

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.5.b:** External trade - exports (EUR million)

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	945 185	1 049 491	1 152 360	1 234 321	1 309 147	1 093 961	1 353 195	1 554 252	1 683 076
Belgium	246 697	268 789	292 087	314 449	320 805	265 986	307 536	342 033	347 627
Bulgaria	7 985	9 223	11 748	13 512	15 204	11 699	15 561	20 265	20 793
Czech Republic	55 460	62 785	75 604	89 382	99 809	80 983	100 311	117 054	121 863
Denmark	61 966	68 420	73 716	75 280	79 496	67 382	72 747	80 362	82 154
Germany	731 479	780 415	882 532	964 038	983 255	803 012	949 629	1 058 897	1 095 175
Estonia	4 769	6 202	7 719	8 034	8 470	6 487	8 743	12 014	12 550
Ireland	84 242	88 142	86 593	88 686	85 477	83 114	87 875	90 330	91 143
Greece	13 187	14 909	17 292	19 391	21 320	17 584	21 083	24 353	27 618
Spain	146 815	154 846	170 211	184 821	191 388	162 990	191 912	220 223	228 782
France	363 458	372 501	394 925	408 327	418 983	348 035	395 087	428 501	442 809
Croatia	6 454	7 069	8 252	9 004	8 965	7 454	8 824	9 582	:
Italy	284 413	299 923	332 013	364 744	369 016	291 733	337 407	375 904	389 725
Cyprus	762	1 177	1 062	1 017	1 110	901	1 058	1 306	1 352
Latvia	3 223	4 149	4 902	6 062	6 897	5 522	7 191	9 433	10 985
Lithuania	7 478	9 490	11 263	12 509	16 077	11 797	15 651	20 151	23 070
Luxembourg	13 063	15 368	18 302	16 734	17 470	15 299	14 897	15 733	15 113
Hungary	44 671	50 588	59 936	69 610	73 772	59 513	72 024	80 684	80 889
Malta	2 023	1 928	2 226	2 508	2 367	2 049	2 705	3 151	3 308
Netherlands	287 336	326 640	369 249	401 864	433 722	356 962	433 168	479 239	510 352
Austria	95 165	100 621	108 913	119 387	123 259	98 214	115 079	127 462	129 679
Poland	60 332	71 889	88 229	102 259	115 895	97 865	120 483	135 558	142 762
Portugal	28 770	31 137	35 640	38 294	38 847	31 697	37 268	42 828	45 324
Romania	18 935	22 255	25 850	29 543	33 679	29 085	37 398	45 267	45 006
Slovenia	13 153	15 471	18 501	21 964	23 204	18 768	22 026	24 968	25 038
Slovakia	22 305	25 632	33 340	42 696	48 370	40 208	48 777	57 349	63 431
Finland	49 458	52 647	61 489	65 688	65 580	45 063	52 439	56 855	56 855
Sweden	99 097	105 266	117 707	123 179	124 645	93 763	119 597	134 313	134 304
United Kingdom	279 358	314 171	359 117	322 387	321 028	254 440	313 766	363 915	367 441
Iceland	2 322	2 487	2 758	3 479	3 650	2 908	3 478	3 839	3 928
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	461	441	455	416	277	330	454	367
FYR of Macedonia	1 346	1 644	1 918	2 446	2 698	1 925	2 535	3 215	3 114
Serbia	:	3 148	4 992	6 615	5 157	4 094	7 067	8 058	8 348
Turkey	50 714	58 771	68 004	78 096	89 510	73 244	85 247	96 938	:

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ext\\_lt\\_intertrd](#), and [cpc\\_etmain](#))

**Table 8.6.a:** External trade - imports (EUR million)

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	
<b>Africa</b>	284 876	326 354	373 379	421 980	483 631	484 495	633 896	744 517	:	
Algeria	14 782	16 270	17 215	20 263	26 975	28 301	30 520	:	:	
Angola	4 004	5 025	6 422	8 083	11 393	16 917	13 410	14 857	:	
Benin	5 302	5 159	5 812	8 251	8 154	7 277	10 074	9 096	:	
Botswana	2 761	2 615	2 454	2 912	3 475	3 301	4 171	5 214	6 693	
Burkina Faso	6 657	7 141	7 604	7 575	9 279	9 720	10 741	11 892	17 139	
Burundi	205	216	236	3 653	5 078	4 923	6 303	9 334	10 634	
Cameroon	15 579	16 589	18 177	18 714	22 278	20 024	23 542	28 693	:	
Cape Verde	358	384	495	592	677	567	46 617	53 688	:	
Central African Republic	901	1 064	1 168	1 259	1 430	1 273	1 521	1 756	:	
Chad	1 169	1 031	1 441	1 626	1 798	2 041	2 523	2 323	2 325	
Comoros	382	425	498	525	641	742	848	959	:	
Congo	4 969	12 236	11 426	19 894	16 831	20 910	20 325	30 938	:	
Congo, Dem. Republic	9 226	13 877	14 934	18 543	25 562	31 422	41 026	47 791	:	
Côte d'Ivoire	30	35	35	35	38	38	46	35	50	
Djibouti	212	222	245	332	380	325	274	297	:	
Egypt	10 407	15 831	16 525	19 825	35 745	32 356	39 970	44 505	:	
Equatorial Guinea	885	1 047	1 621	2 024	2 537	3 748	4 282	4 287	:	
Eritrea	383	389	391	368	401	416	511	607	:	
Ethiopia	60	0	1	173	243	270	474	596	:	
Gabon	547	620	725	740	773	677	1 112	:	:	
The Gambia	79 990	80 782	80 262	83 855	75 589	80 437	81 010	102 372	:	
Ghana	15 579	16 589	18 177	18 714	22 278	20 024	23 542	28 693	:	
Guinea	630	653	855	924	1 008	816	1 203	1 315	1 841	
Guinea-Bissau	571	641	757	878	978	1 002	1 033	1 373	:	
Kenya	4 062	5 055	5 811	6 386	8 150	7 841	9 655	12 888	:	
Lesotho	102	96	111	129	178	167	162	180	:	
Liberia	239	259	374	388	575	405	542	746	:	
Libya	93	86	87	90	118	125	134	60	:	
Madagascar	36	37	41	48	69	62	53	52	54	
Malawi	1 143	1 526	1 792	1 651	2 960	2 538	3 279	3 728	6 486	
Mali	6 500	7 150	8 509	9 337	13 008	9 332	13 611	12 791	12 533	
Mauritania	2 663	3 878	3 180	3 904	4 979	3 490	4 794	6 754	:	
Mauritius	860	1 015	1 274	1 277	1 405	1 178	1 357	1 448	1 579	
Morocco	1 778	2 007	2 322	2 758	3 465	2 626	2 999	3 505	3 744	
Mozambique	1 649	1 924	2 302	2 237	2 715	2 711	289	4 510	:	
Namibia	1 958	2 010	2 246	2 952	3 176	4 663	4 899	4 733	:	
Niger	521	551	641	636	763	1 075	1 645	1 297	:	
Nigeria	17 737	19 368	32 230	41 287	55 162	50 767	76 631	100 260	:	
Rwanda	251	377	475	498	795	942	1 079	1 236	:	
São Tomé and Principe	4 619	5 729	9 767	11 346	17 813	16 656	20 879	23	26	
Senegal	17	19	21	24	30	22	23	26	:	
Seychelles	547	601	686	511	738	573	742	750	:	
Sierra Leone	8 725	10 726	12 896	14 066	16 904	17 554	31 033	73 191	:	
Somalia	494	500	636	650	766	670	720	839	:	
South Africa	44 609	51 295	64 958	66 389	59 332	54 471	72 557	87 476	:	
South Sudan	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Sudan	115	185	211	203	276	190	285	252	:	
Swaziland	125	131	143	137	139	150	144	139	:	
Tanzania	2 072	2 594	3 632	4 341	4 796	4 703	6 040	7 992	:	
Togo	5 075	6 731	7 029	5 423	6 223	6 015	6 701	8 135	8 333	
Tunisia	:	188	221	258	321	257	320	330	375	
Uganda	1 399	1 694	2 117	2 605	3 119	3 125	3 566	4 062	:	
Zambia	116	125	122	168	196	190	257	347	444	
Zimbabwe	1 786	1 656	2 068	2 524	1 918	4 470	4 421	6 143	5 815	

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.6.b:** External trade - imports (EUR million)

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	1 027 392	1 183 933	1 364 607	1 446 810	1 585 231	1 235 636	1 532 089	1 728 313	1 798 072
Belgium	229 617	256 169	280 053	300 298	317 043	254 367	295 093	335 219	342 001
Bulgaria	11 619	12 497	15 424	21 862	25 094	16 876	19 245	23 407	25 484
Czech Republic	56 248	61 500	74 220	86 224	96 572	75 314	95 536	109 285	109 539
Denmark	54 793	60 752	68 100	71 526	74 356	59 602	62 648	68 724	71 559
Germany	575 401	624 606	722 112	769 779	805 730	664 143	795 666	901 487	908 497
Estonia	6 703	8 230	10 711	11 439	10 896	7 270	9 268	12 721	13 762
Ireland	49 694	55 112	58 233	61 162	57 088	44 955	45 467	47 849	48 870
Greece	45 139	46 443	52 847	60 123	64 856	51 984	50 474	48 415	49 192
Spain	207 678	232 124	261 784	284 058	286 105	210 222	246 674	270 550	260 577
France	378 603	405 212	431 602	460 315	487 350	404 098	460 941	517 262	524 435
Croatia	13 354	14 950	17 105	18 692	19 022	15 144	15 134	16 281	:
Italy	285 634	309 292	352 465	373 340	382 050	297 609	367 390	401 428	378 760
Cyprus	4 423	5 077	5 518	6 286	7 237	5 617	6 464	6 234	5 677
Latvia	5 704	6 991	9 191	11 180	10 975	7 034	8 819	11 703	13 416
Lithuania	9 958	12 498	15 429	17 813	21 144	13 123	17 653	22 826	25 075
Luxembourg	16 116	18 172	21 619	20 452	21 864	18 160	18 928	20 992	21 442
Hungary	48 668	53 494	62 331	69 730	74 069	55 750	66 514	73 592	74 188
Malta	2 927	2 988	3 430	3 503	3 604	3 210	3 818	4 520	5 135
Netherlands	256 989	292 438	331 979	359 442	394 980	317 718	389 537	430 341	460 148
Austria	96 395	102 345	109 280	118 962	125 301	102 569	119 944	137 513	138 942
Poland	72 109	81 697	101 138	120 912	141 967	107 155	134 306	151 291	152 569
Portugal	44 174	51 379	56 295	59 927	64 194	51 379	58 647	59 229	56 234
Romania	26 281	32 569	40 746	51 305	57 148	38 948	46 850	54 939	54 626
Slovenia	14 276	16 346	19 227	23 027	25 180	19 004	22 700	25 522	24 933
Slovakia	24 006	27 851	35 828	44 229	50 253	39 898	49 050	57 358	60 870
Finland	41 356	47 236	55 253	59 616	62 402	43 655	51 899	60 535	59 451
Sweden	80 740	89 781	101 583	111 803	114 565	85 945	112 352	127 174	126 537
United Kingdom	378 353	417 389	487 951	465 715	447 228	372 152	445 874	486 446	537 173
Iceland	2 988	4 024	4 788	4 881	4 167	2 583	2 959	3 477	3 716
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Switzerland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Montenegro	:	974	1 457	2 073	2 530	1 654	1 657	1 823	1 821
FYR of Macedonia	2 354	2 601	2 980	3 795	4 587	3 616	4 137	5 053	5 062
Serbia	:	8 439	10 463	13 501	14 316	10 386	12 475	13 706	13 593
Turkey	78 528	93 410	111 096	123 959	136 440	100 760	138 716	173 099	184 087

Source: Eurostat (online data code: [ext\\_lt\\_intertrd](#) and [cpc\\_etmain](#))

**Table 8.7.a:** Revenue from Official development assistance (EUR per capita)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Africa</b>	20.2	34.6	35.9	27.5	28.0	30.4	31.8	43.1
Algeria	7.1	9.1	5.8	8.5	6.4	6.6	4.2	4.1
Angola	22.9	23.2	7.7	10.4	13.8	9.3	9.4	7.3
Benin	39.5	41.6	40.7	42.9	52.0	57.1	58.7	53.2
Botswana	19.2	22.3	29.0	41.0	249.6	101.4	58.6	44.4
Burkina Faso	16.6	47.4	49.5	46.3	43.7	48.8	48.5	41.7
Burundi	15.6	44.9	46.3	45.6	44.5	49.5	56.6	48.2
Cameroon	25.7	20.8	76.8	77.0	19.8	24.3	20.8	22.2
Cape Verde	230.8	295.3	232.3	250.8	308.2	286.5	498.3	350.6
Central African Republic	21.7	18.9	26.2	31.2	41.1	40.4	44.7	43.3
Chad	16.7	36.1	23.0	25.4	26.8	36.9	32.6	29.2
Comoros	36.6	33.0	38.7	48.6	40.5	50.8	69.0	48.9
Congo	11.4	375.2	57.1	23.3	85.6	51.8	244.7	43.8
Congo, Dem. Republic	3.8	29.6	29.8	16.4	19.1	26.4	40.5	58.2
Côte d'Ivoire	21.9	4.2	10.8	6.7	22.3	89.4	32.3	50.9
Djibouti	105.7	81.1	112.3	98.4	111.5	137.7	112.2	111.8
Egypt	20.4	11.3	9.6	10.8	15.1	9.0	5.5	3.6
Equatorial Guinea	43.5	57.6	33.6	35.7	32.8	33.3	91.2	24.0
Eritrea	52.0	76.3	21.7	24.2	19.6	20.3	22.7	21.5
Ethiopia	11.3	23.5	21.5	24.1	28.4	33.9	32.0	30.1
Gabon	10.2	39.2	16.7	26.3	29.0	37.6	52.1	35.2
The Gambia	41.2	37.1	38.9	44.8	38.9	54.6	52.4	54.4
Ghana	33.1	47.0	45.0	37.6	38.1	47.8	52.3	51.9
Guinea	19.7	18.9	14.8	17.8	23.3	15.8	16.4	14.5
Guinea-Bissau	67.2	40.5	50.0	63.0	62.3	71.1	69.3	54.9
Kenya	17.5	19.1	20.8	26.0	24.1	32.4	30.3	42.5
Lesotho	21.0	28.6	27.2	44.8	45.8	41.0	89.0	86.2
Liberia	25.8	62.9	63.1	147.9	231.6	96.2	267.9	132.5
Libya	:	3.6	5.1	2.4	8.2	4.7	1.0	71.5
Madagascar	22.7	47.8	34.0	34.5	29.2	15.9	17.1	13.7
Malawi	40.8	38.7	44.0	40.1	44.7	38.5	51.7	37.1
Mali	29.6	53.4	51.1	53.3	45.2	47.5	53.4	57.3
Mauritania	91.7	57.4	57.8	79.3	92.9	79.6	81.6	74.7
Mauritius	18.3	22.7	12.2	39.6	57.9	86.4	72.7	104.8
Morocco	15.7	19.2	28.8	28.9	31.4	21.2	23.4	27.4
Mozambique	53.7	56.8	61.8	59.7	60.6	63.4	62.9	61.1
Namibia	90.3	54.8	57.5	73.9	64.7	104.5	84.7	87.5
Niger	20.4	37.7	32.5	28.6	28.7	22.6	36.2	28.9
Nigeria	1.5	41.0	64.0	9.8	5.8	7.7	9.8	8.0
Rwanda	43.7	57.9	51.3	54.6	63.2	65.2	73.2	83.5
São Tomé and Principe	269.2	185.0	118.7	238.1	200.6	135.2	224.7	318.3
Senegal	46.9	56.3	62.1	55.6	61.4	60.4	56.2	58.9
Seychelles	241.2	145.1	129.8	95.3	99.1	190.4	488.3	174.3
Sierra Leone	46.2	64.2	57.3	73.6	45.6	56.2	60.0	51.1
Somalia	14.8	25.6	37.2	33.1	58.1	52.2	40.2	81.9
South Africa	11.7	12.3	11.9	12.1	15.5	15.6	15.5	18.1
South Sudan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.5
Sudan	6.8	41.7	41.8	38.5	42.0	39.9	35.4	18.2
Swaziland	13.1	34.5	25.0	32.8	41.2	34.5	58.1	77.0
Tanzania	33.7	35.1	37.9	50.4	37.4	48.5	49.7	37.8
Togo	14.3	12.5	11.6	15.9	38.7	60.8	52.4	64.7
Tunisia	25.3	30.6	34.6	23.3	24.8	34.9	39.6	44.4
Uganda	37.7	39.0	43.3	42.0	35.5	39.7	38.9	32.7
Zambia	82.1	89.5	100.2	61.3	61.1	71.7	52.7	56.9
Zimbabwe	15.2	23.9	17.8	28.1	33.3	42.5	43.7	40.2

Source: Statistics Division, AUC

**Table 8.7.b:** Disbursements for official development assistance to Africa (EUR per capita)

	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>EU-28</b>	14.1	14.7	18.6	22.1	21.1	27.6	34.2	22.6	21.4	23.2	24.9	25.3
Belgium	23.1	26.6	37.7	91.1	42.8	46.9	64.8	46.2	40.2	53.3	84.2	54.0 <sup>(b)</sup>
Bulgaria	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6 <sup>(b)</sup>
Czech Republic	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7 <sup>(c)</sup>
Denmark	90.3	91.1	81.4	78.0	79.5	87.1	112.7	120.6	113.4	115.3	117.2	125.3
Germany	11.4	11.2	13.1	22.4	13.7	25.7	33.7	21.5	22.3	18.3	17.9	22.5
Estonia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3
Ireland	29.7	36.6	52.4	55.9	58.3	59.9	74.2	85.0	93.9	75.5	67.1	62.6 <sup>(c)</sup>
Greece	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.9	2.7	3.0	2.1	1.2
Spain	2.9	4.0	6.0	4.5	5.6	12.0	8.7	12.5	16.7	24.8	20.4	11.5
France	32.3	28.0	45.4	51.9	48.5	59.2	65.5	41.0	35.7	45.8	48.8	51.0
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Italy	4.6	3.8	15.2	11.6	5.5	12.6	14.8	4.0	4.1	5.2	4.6	9.8
Cyprus	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.3 <sup>(b)</sup>	1.3
Latvia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 <sup>(b)</sup>
Lithuania	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 <sup>(b)</sup>
Luxembourg	120.9	103.5	130.5	132.3	149.8	155.8	177.1	202.5	191.4	196.0	190.6	174.4
Hungary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Malta	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Netherlands	41.0	59.5	63.6	56.9	61.1	69.7	65.9	75.2	62.6	53.1	62.3	42.0
Austria	12.2	30.3	18.8	9.8	14.5	14.4	53.6	37.1	13.0	12.2	21.2	10.6
Poland	0.0 <sup>(b)</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1 <sup>(b)</sup>
Portugal	11.8	12.3	10.1	9.8	62.2	9.4	9.5	9.8	15.7	11.7	20.5	27.5 <sup>(c)</sup>
Romania	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Slovenia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3 <sup>(b)</sup>	0.2	0.2	0.3
Slovakia	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	2.7	2.4	2.6	3.2	0.0	0.3	0.3 <sup>(b)</sup>
Finland	14.6	16.4	18.8	20.1	22.1	23.9	29.2	31.8	33.5	42.1	44.0	43.2
Sweden	48.7	44.2	49.2	68.5	61.1	70.8	78.6	80.5	75.7	71.1	70.6	102.6
United Kingdom	21.2	22.5	19.0	22.5	33.2	50.6	72.6	29.7	28.7	32.7	37.4	39.0
Iceland	12.5	19.2	18.0	15.3	16.8	18.8	28.6	28.7	34.9	29.5	26.3	22.8
Liechtenstein	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Norway	81.7	80.5	107.1	114.3	111.0	124.1	134.3	143.1	147.0	135.6	147.0	156.9
Switzerland	24.4	24.0	27.7	31.4	28.1	34.0	33.6	30.7	25.2	44.1	33.1	48.6 <sup>(b)</sup>
Montenegro	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
FYR of Macedonia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Serbia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Turkey	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3 <sup>(b)</sup>	0.5	0.5	0.4	2.6

Source: OECD (<http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/50/17/5037721.htm>) and Eurostat (online data code: demo\_pjan)

## Definitions

**Balance of payments statistics** are based on the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) Balance of Payments Manual (fifth edition). It is a record of a country's international transactions with the rest of the world. This is equivalent to the transactions between residents of a country and non-residents. The balance of payments is divided up into the current account, capital account and financial account.

The **current account** gauges a country's economic position in the world, covering all transactions (other than those in financial items) that involve economic values and occur between resident and non-resident entities. The four main components of the current account are defined as follows:

- Trade in goods
- Trade in services
- Income, which covers two types of transactions: compensation of employees paid to non-resident workers or received from non-resident employers, and investment income accrued on external financial assets and liabilities.
- Current transfers, which include general government current transfers, for example transfers related to international cooperation between governments and payments of current taxes on income and wealth, and other current transfers, for example workers' remittances, insurance premiums (less service charges), and claims on non-life insurance companies.

Under the balance of payment conventions, transactions which represent an inflow of real resources, an increase in assets, or a decrease in liabilities (such as, exports of goods) are recorded as credits, and transactions representing an outflow of real resources, a decrease in assets or an increase in liabilities (such as, imports of goods) are recorded as debits. Net is the balance (credits minus debits) of all transactions with each partner.

**Current account balance** is the sum of net trade in goods and services, net income and net current transfers.

**Services balance (current accounts)** is defined as credits (exports) minus debits (imports) of services. Services include transportation (freight and passenger transportation); travel; communication services; construction services; insurance services; financial services; computer and information services; royalties and license fees; other business services (which includes miscellaneous business, professional and technical services); personal, cultural, and recreational services; and government services.

**Trade balance (current accounts)** is equal to credits (exports) less debits (imports) of goods, both measured on the "free-on-board" (f.o.b.) basis – that is, by the value of the goods at the border of the exporting country. Cost-insurance-freight (c.i.f.) is not included. Goods cover general merchandise, goods for processing, repairs on goods, goods procured in ports by carriers, and non-monetary gold.

In international trade statistics, **exports** cover transactions in goods (sales, barter, gifts or grants) from residents to non-residents.

In international trade statistics, **imports** cover transactions in goods (purchases, barter, gifts or grants) from non-residents to residents.

**Foreign direct investment (FDI)** is the category of international investment made by an entity resident in one economy (direct investor) to acquire a lasting interest in an enterprise operating in another economy (direct investment enterprise). The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of the voting power of the direct investment enterprise.

**Inward flows of FDI** (or FDI flows in the reporting economy, or FDI inflows) are direct investment transactions by foreigners in enterprises resident in the reporting. These statistics are based on the OECD's Benchmark Definition of Foreign Direct Investment, third edition (developed in line with the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual, fifth edition).

**Official Development Assistance (ODA)** relates to grants or concessional loans (i.e. with a grant element of at least 25 percent), undertaken by the official sector, whose main objective is the promotion of economic development and welfare. It is defined as net disbursements for Official Development Assistance (ODA) at market prices to the countries of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) list of recipients.

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With data up to and including the year 2012, this "portrait" includes various domains such as demography, health, education, national accounts, trade, and more. Tables in the eight chapters help the user to gain a detailed view on different aspects, such as mobile phone subscriptions, number of teachers, life expectancy, GDP, tourism, etc.

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