

66/2022 - 15 June 2022

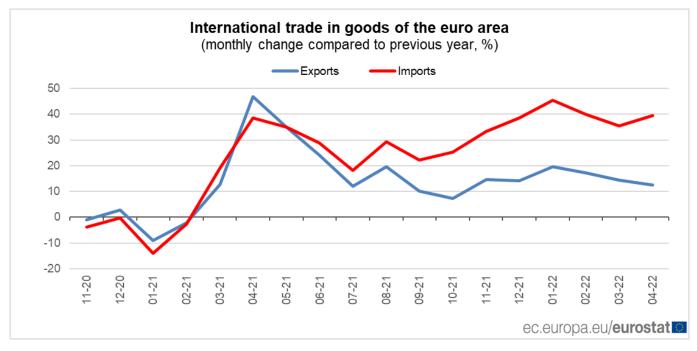
April 2022

Euro area international trade in goods deficit €32.4 bn

€43.6 bn deficit for EU

Euro area

The first estimate for **euro area** exports of goods to the rest of the world in April 2022 was €223.9 billion, an increase of 12.6% compared with April 2021 (€198.8 bn). Imports from the rest of the world stood at €256.4 bn, a rise of 39.4% compared with April 2021 (€183.9 bn), driven again, in particular, by a further increase in energy imports (+164.4% compared with the same month in the previous year). As a result, the **euro area** recorded a €32.4 bn deficit in trade in goods with the rest of the world in April 2022, compared with a surplus of €14.9 bn in April 2021. **Intra-euro area** trade rose to €212.1 bn in April 2022, up by 20.8% compared with April 2021.



In January to April 2022, **euro area** exports of goods to the rest of the world rose to €891.7 bn (an increase of 15.7% compared with January-April 2021), and imports rose to €976.8 bn (an increase of 39.8% compared with January-April 2021). As a result the **euro area** recorded a deficit of €-85.1 bn, compared with a surplus of €+71.7 bn in January-April 2021. **Intra-euro area** trade rose to €851.7 bn in January-April 2022, up by 24.0% compared with January-April 2021.

EA trade - non seasonally adjusted data

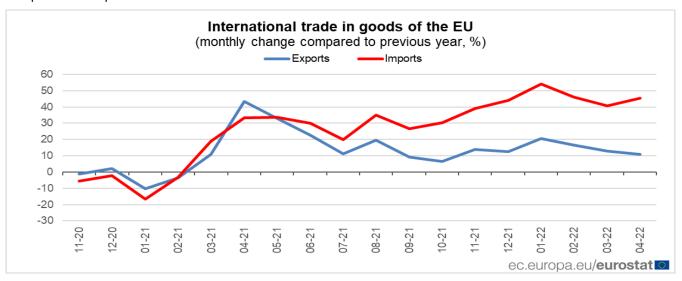
bn €

Flows	Apr 21	Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth
Extra-EA exports	198.8	223.9	12.6%	770.4	891.7	15.7%
Extra-EA imports	183.9	256.4	39.4%	698.7	976.8	39.8%
Extra-EA trade balance	14.9	-32.4		71.7	-85.1	
Intra-EA trade	175.6	212.1	20.8%	686.9	851.7	24.0%

Source dataset: ext_st_ea19sitc

European Union

The first estimate for **extra-EU** exports of goods in April 2022 was €198.5 billion, up by 10.8% compared with April 2021 (€179.1 bn). Imports from the rest of the world stood at €242.1 bn, up by 45.4% compared with April 2021 (€166.5 bn). As a result, the **EU** recorded a €43.6 bn deficit in trade in goods with the rest of the world in April 2022, compared with a surplus of €12.6 bn in April 2021. **Intra-EU** trade rose to €329.7 bn in April 2022, +18.7% compared with April 2021.



In January to April 2022, **extra-EU** exports of goods rose to €791.0 bn (an increase of 14.9% compared with January-April 2021), and imports rose to €916.9 bn (an increase of 46.2% compared with January-April 2021). As a result, the **EU** recorded a deficit of €125.9 bn, compared with a surplus of €61.1 bn in January-April 2021. **Intra-EU** trade rose to €1 325.2 bn in January-April 2022, +21.8% compared with January-April 2021.

EU trade - non seasonally adjusted data

bn €

Flows	Apr 21	Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth
Extra-EU exports	179.1	198.5	10.8%	688.4	791.0	14.9%
Extra-EU imports	166.5	242.1	45.4%	627.3	916.9	46.2%
Extra-EU trade balance	12.6	-43.6		61.1	-125.9	
Intra-EU trade	277.7	329.7	18.7%	1 088.2	1 325.2	21.8%

Source dataset: ext_st_eu27_2020sitc

In the first four months of 2022, the highest increases were recorded in the imports and, with a lower value, exports of energy, leading to a significant increase in the EU trade deficit in energy (-€183.6 bn in January- April 2022 compared with -€66.8 bn in January- April 2021).

Main products - EU bn €

	Ext	ra-EU export	S	Ext	ra-EU import	S	Trade balance		
	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	
Total	688.4	791.0	14.9%	627.3	916.9	46.2%	61.1	-125.9	
Primary goods:	106.7	136.2	27.6%	163.3	318.0	94.7%	-56.6	-181.7	
Food & drink	55.3	61.1	10.5%	36.4	45.0	23.6%	18.9	16.1	
Raw materials	23.2	25.1	8.2%	31.9	39.4	23.5%	-8.7	-14.3	
Energy	28.3	50.0	76.7%	95.1	233.6	145.6%	-66.8		
Manufactured goods:	567.8	639.0	12.5%	451.4	580.5	28.6%	116.4	58.5	
Chemicals	143.5	178.2	24.2%	82.2	118.9	44.6%	61.3	59.2	
Machinery & vehicles	269.3	282.9	5.1%	210.8	248.0	17.6%	58.5	35.0	
Other manuf'd goods	155.0	177.9	14.8%	158.3	213.6	34.9%	-3.4	-35.7	
Other	13.9	15.8	13.7%	12.6	18.4	46.0%	1.3	-2.6	

Source dataset: ext_st_eu27_2020sitc

Main trading partners - EU

bn €

	El	J exports to		El	J imports fro	m	Trade balance		
	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	Growth	Jan-Apr 21	Jan-Apr 22	
China	73.8	72.8	-1.4%	139.6	194.9	39.6%	-65.8	-122.0	
United States	125.6	157.2	25.2%	71.0	103.9	46.3%	54.6		
United Kingdom	88.3	103.5	17.2%	42.5	65.8	54.8%	45.8	37.7	
Switzerland	51.6	58.4	13.2%	39.0	48.5	24.4%	12.6	10.0	
Russia	27.9	21.4	-23.3%	42.6	84.0	97.2%	-14.7	-62.6	
Norway	17.6	20.4	15.9%	18.1	44.4	145.3%	-0.5	-23.9	
Turkey	26.4	29.7	12.5%	24.8	32.2	29.8%	1.6	-2.5	
Japan	19.8	24.0	21.2%	20.4	22.0	7.8%	-0.6	2.0	
South Korea	16.8	18.0	7.1%	17.9	21.5	20.1%	-1.0	-3.5	
India	13.5	13.9	3.0%	14.3	21.5	50.3%	-0.8	-7.5	

Source dataset: ext_st_eu27_2020sitc

			Total e	xports				Total imports						Trade balance					
	То	tal	Intra	a-EU	Extra	a-EU	To	tal	Intra	a-EU	Extr	a-EU	То	tal	Intra	a-EU	Extra-E	U	
	Jan-Apr	Growth /	Jan-Apr	Growth /	Jan-Apr	Growth /	Jan-Apr	Jan-Apr	Jan-Apr	Jan-Apr	Jan-Apr	Jan-Apr							
	22	Jan-Apr	22	Jan-Apr	22	Jan-Apr	22	Jan-Apr	22	Jan-Apr	22	Jan-Apr	22	21	22	21	22	21	
		21		21		21		21		21		21							
Belgium	188.3	36%	126.4	37%	61.8	33%	188.3	44%	112.2	36%	76.1	58%	0.0	8.6	14.2	10.2	-14.2	-1.6	
Bulgaria	14.6	33%	10.0	37%	4.6	26%	16.7	41%	9.4	29%	7.3	59%	-2.1	-0.9	0.6	0.1	-2.7	-0.9	
Czechia	71.4	12%	58.6	14%	12.9	5%	69.5	23%	50.9	22%	18.6	28%	1.9	7.2	7.6	9.4	-5.7	-2.3	
Denmark	39.0	16%	21.5	22%	17.5	9%	38.5	19%	26.0	19%	12.4	21%	0.5	1.5	-4.6	-4.3	5.1	5.8	
Germany	492.9	10%	270.2	12%	222.7	8%	470.4	25%	286.1	19%	184.3	36%	22.5	70.3	-16.0	0.2		70.1	
Estonia	6.7	23%	4.8	32%	2.0	7%	7.9	33%	5.8	36%	2.1	25%	-1.2	-0.5	-1.0	-0.6	-0.2	0.1	
Ireland	68.5	34%	26.8	36%	41.7	33%	40.8	36%	14.1	20%	26.7	47%	27.7	21.1	12.7	7.9	15.0	13.2	
Greece	15.7	31%	8.7	34%	7.0	28%	27.0	46%	12.1	20%	14.9	77%	-11.3	-6.6	-3.4	-3.6	ļ	-3.0	
Spain	124.1	21%	79.5	24%	44.6	17%	146.5	37%	73.9	21%	72.7	60%	-22.4	-4.2	5.6	2.9	-28.0	-7.1	
France	186.5	18%	107.1	24%	79.4	11%	241.1	27%	151.7	19%	89.4	44%	-54.6	-31.4	-44.6	-41.0	-10.0	9.6	
Croatia	7.6	34%	5.4	43%	2.2	16%	12.6	42%	9.1	35%	3.5	66%	-5.0	-3.2	-3.6	-2.9	-1.4	-0.3	
Italy	195.0	21%	105.8	23%	89.3	18%	205.8	43%	107.6	28%	98.2	64%	-10.8	17.4	-1.9	1.8	-8.9	15.6	
Cyprus	1.1	38%	0.3	12%	8.0	53%	3.4	27%	2.1	25%	1.3	31%	-2.3	-1.9	-1.8	-1.4	-0.5	-0.5	
Latvia	6.6	30%	4.6	43%	2.0	8%	8.0	40%	6.0	36%	2.0	55%	-1.4	-0.6	-1.4	-1.2	0.0	0.6	
Lithuania	13.2	30%	8.6	46%	4.7	8%	15.7	45%	9.4	20%	6.3	111%	-2.4	-0.6	-0.8	-1.9	-1.6	1.3	
Luxembourg	5.5	22%	4.5	22%	1.0	21%	8.3	22%	7.4	22%	0.9	23%	-2.8	-2.3	-2.9	-2.4	0.1	0.1	
Hungary	45.6	15%	35.7	13%	9.9	19%	47.6	26%	33.3	22%	14.3	36%	-1.9	2.0	2.4	4.2	-4.3	-2.2	
Malta	0.9	2%	0.4	-9%	0.4	17%	2.1	36%	1.3	40%	0.8	30%	-1.2	-0.7	-0.9	-0.5	-0.3	-0.2	
Netherlands	274.1	25%	196.2	30%	77.9	15%	257.8	33%	103.8	26%	153.9	38%	16.3	25.0	92.3	68.7	-76.0	-43.7	
Austria	63.4	15%	44.5	17%	19.0	12%	69.4	19%	50.9	13%	18.5	38%	-6.0	-3.3	-6.5	-6.9	0.5	3.6	
Poland	105.2	15%	80.2	17%	25.0	11%	114.9	31%	72.8	20%	42.2	56%	-9.7	3.8	7.5	8.4	-17.2	-4.6	
Portugal	24.4	18%	17.8	20%	6.6	13%	33.6	35%	23.7	27%	9.9	57%	-9.1	-4.2	-5.9	-3.8	-3.2	-0.4	
Romania	28.9	22%	21.1	19%	7.8	32%	38.9	26%	27.7	21%	11.2	38%	-10.0	-7.3	-6.6	-5.0	-3.4	-2.3	
Slovenia	19.5	29%	13.0	29%	6.5	30%	20.5	46%	11.1	33%	9.4	66%	-1.0	1.0	1.9	1.8	-3.0	-0.7	
Slovakia	32.2	10%	26.4	13%	5.8	-2%	33.5	19%	25.5	14%	8.0	38%	-1.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	-2.2	0.1	
Finland	24.7	20%	14.4	27%	10.3	12%	28.7	32%	18.4	19%	10.3	65%	-4.0	-1.2	-4.0	-4.2	0.0	3.0	
Sweden	60.5	19%	32.9	20%	27.6	18%	60.2	22%	38.3	14%	21.8	40%	0.3	1.4	-5.4	-6.3	5.7	7.7	

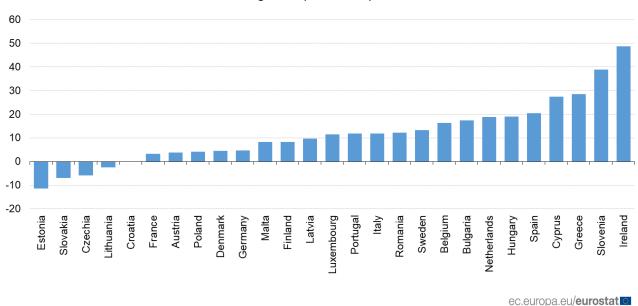
Source dataset: ext_st_27_2020msbec

Annual comparison by Member State

In April 2022, compared with April 2021, the large majority of Member States registered an increase in **extra-EU** exports except **Estonia** (-11.3%), **Slovakia** (-6.9%), **Czechia** (-6.0%), **Lithuania** (-2.5%), with **Croatia** nearly stable (-0.2%). The highest increases were registered in **Ireland** (+48.6%) and **Slovenia** (+38.8%).

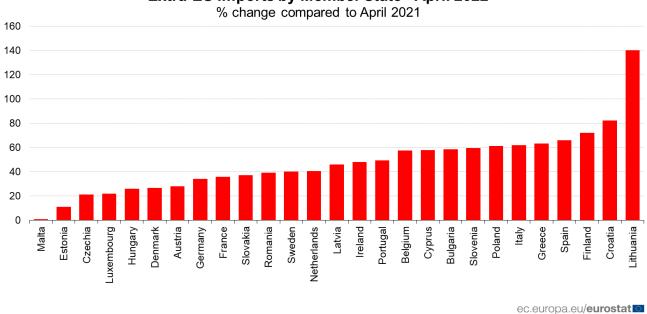
Extra-EU exports by Member State - April 2022

% change compared to April 2021



With regard to the **extra-EU** imports, all Member States registered an increase compared with the same month in the previous year. The highest increases were observed in **Lithuania** (+140.4%), **Croatia** (+82.5%) and **Finland** (+72.0%).

Extra-EU imports by Member State - April 2022



Geographical information

The euro area (EA19) includes Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Finland.

The European Union includes Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland and Sweden.

Methods and definitions

Since the introduction of Intrastat for intra-EU trade on 1 January 1993, the value of intra-EU exports has been consistently higher than that of intra-EU imports. In theory, as exports are declared FOB and imports CIF, the value of corresponding imports should be slightly higher than that of exports. Eurostat uses intra-EU exports as the more reliable measure of total intra-EU trade as, at aggregated levels, total intra-EU exports has better coverage than total intra-EU imports. Due to this divergence in intra-EU trade, and to the difficulties of interpreting figures in absolute terms at the level of individual Member States, trade balances for individual Member States must be interpreted with caution. The same caution applies to the trade balance of the euro area, which includes some intra-EU trade.

Dutch trade flows are over-estimated because of the so-called 'Rotterdam effect' (or quasi-transit trade): that is goods bound for other EU countries arrive in Dutch ports and, according to EU rules, are recorded as extra-EU imports by the Netherlands (the country where goods are released for free circulation). This in turn increases the intra-EU flows from the Netherlands to those Member States to which the goods are re-exported. Although to a lesser extent, trade figures of other Member States like Belgium or Luxembourg may also be overestimated due to quasi-transit.

The United Kingdom is considered as an extra-EU partner country for the EU for the reference time period covered by this news release. However, the United Kingdom was still part of the internal market until the end of the transition period (31 December 2020), meaning that data on trade with the United Kingdom for reference periods up to December 2020 were still based on statistical concepts applicable to trade between the EU Member States. The end of the transitory period thus had an impact on the trade flows between the United Kingdom and the EU Member States.

As of January 2021 onwards, data on trade with the United Kingdom is based on a mixed concept. In application of the Withdrawal Agreement Protocol on Ireland / Northern Ireland, for trade with Northern Ireland the statistical concepts applicable are the same as those for trade between Member States while for trade with the United Kingdom (excluding Northern Ireland) the same statistical concepts are applicable as for trade with any other extra-EU partner country.

For these reasons data on trade with the United Kingdom are not fully comparable with data on trade with other extra-EU trade partners, and for reference periods before and after the end of 2020.

National concepts may differ from the harmonised methodology used by Eurostat, leading to differences between figures in this release and those published nationally, both for raw data and for seasonally adjusted series.

Products are classified according to the Standard international trade classification (SITC), Revision 4.

Data collection for international trade in goods has in many countries been affected by the COVID-19 crisis. The data in this release are, for several Member States, based on fewer statistical observations than usual. For missing data, imputation and estimation methods were applied. Information on the compilation of international trade in goods statistics during the COVID-19 crisis can be found here.

Revisions and timetable

This News Release is based on data available on 9 June 2022. These are provisional figures based on information provided by Member States. They are subject to frequent revision for up to two years after the month in question.

For more information

Eurostat website section on international trade in goods Eurostat database section on international trade in goods Eurostat Statistics Explained article on international trade in goods statistics Eurostat €-indicators release calendar European Statistics Code of Practice

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Annex - Seasonally adjusted data

In April 2022 compared with March 2022, **euro area** seasonally adjusted exports increased by 1.5%, while imports increased by 7.1%. The seasonally adjusted balance was -€31.7 bn, a fall compared with March (-€17.8 bn).

EA trade - seasonally adjusted data

bn €

Flows	May 21	Jun 21	Jul 21	Aug 21	Sep 21	Oct 21	Nov 21	Dec 21	Jan 22	Feb 22	Mar 22	Apr 22
Extra-EA exports	199.4	198.4	202.1	203.4	202.9	207.7	214.7	213.6	222.1	224.1	226.3	229.7
Extra-EA imports	185.6	186.7	189.0	194.9	198.2	208.3	218.6	226.6	231.2	236.6	244.2	261.4
Extra-EA trade balance	13.8	11.7	13.1	8.4	4.7	-0.6	-3.9	-13.0	-9.1	-12.5	-17.8	-31.7
Intra-EA trade	175.6	177.1	180.4	183.4	187.6	194.1	197.3	202.7	204.1	209.1	211.2	215.1

Source dataset: ext_st_ea19sitc

In April 2022 compared with March 2022, **EU** seasonally adjusted exports increased by 2.1%, while imports increased by 7.9%. The seasonally adjusted balance was -€43.5 bn, a fall compared with March (-€29.5 bn).

EU trade - seasonally adjusted data

bn €

Flows	May 21	Jun 21	Jul 21	Aug 21	Sep 21	Oct 21	Nov 21	Dec 21	Jan 22	Feb 22	Mar 22	Apr 22
Extra-EU exports	178.7	178.0	180.9	181.4	181.3	185.9	192.2	189.6	199.6	199.9	200.2	204.4
Extra-EU imports	168.9	170.5	173.0	180.8	183.6	192.9	203.2	210.5	216.8	221.5	229.7	247.9
Extra-EU trade balance	9.8	7.5	7.9	0.6	-2.3	-7.0	-10.9	-20.8	-17.1	-21.7	-29.5	-43.5
Intra-EU trade	277.0	278.6	284.1	285.8	291.1	300.5	308.1	315.4	318.3	325.8	330.4	334.1

Source dataset: ext_st_eu27_2020sitc

Contribution of EU Member States to extra-EU trade - seasonally adjusted data

bn €

	1	Total exports	3	T	otal imports	,	Trade balance		
	Mar 22	Apr 22	Growth	Mar 22	Apr 22	Growth	Mar 22	Apr 22	
EU	200.2	204.4	2.1%	229.7	247.9	7.9%	-29.5	-43.5	
Belgium	15.3	15.0	-2.2%	18.3	20.6	12.2%	-3.0	-5.6	
Bulgaria	1.2	1.2	-0.5%	1.9	2.0	4.4%	-0.7	-0.8	
Czechia	3.2	3.2	-0.2%	4.8	4.7	-0.2%	-1.6	-1.6	
Denmark	4.5	4.4	-1.7%	3.0	3.4	12.1%	1.4	1.0	
Germany	55.7	56.1	0.8%	46.5	48.8	5.0%	9.2	7.3	
Estonia	0.6	0.5	-17.3%	0.5	0.5	11.0%	0.1	-0.1	
Ireland	11.9	10.5	-11.7%	7.0	7.5	6.2%	4.9	3.1	
Greece	1.8	2.0	9.3%	3.2	4.1	27.1%	-1.4	-2.1	
Spain	10.7	12.0	11.5%	16.8	20.5	21.9%	-6.1	-8.6	
France	19.9	20.2	1.6%	22.5	22.7	0.6%	-2.6	-2.5	
Croatia	0.6	0.6	7.4%	0.9	1.1	18.4%	-0.3	-0.5	
Italy	23.4	24.3	3.9%	24.3	26.6	9.6%	-0.9	-2.4	
Cyprus	0.2	0.2	11.1%	0.4	0.3	-11.3%	-0.2	-0.1	
Latvia	0.6	0.6	0.5%	0.5	0.6	9.5%	0.0	0.0	
Lithuania	1.2	1.2	2.3%	1.8	1.9	5.3%	-0.6	-0.7	
Luxembourg	0.3	0.2	-8.1%	0.2	0.2	15.8%	0.1	0.0	
Hungary	2.5	2.6	5.6%	3.6	3.7	4.3%	-1.1	-1.1	
Malta	0.1	0.1	12.5%	0.2	0.3	67.7%	-0.1	-0.1	
Netherlands	19.7	21.6	9.3%	40.2	42.5	5.9%	-20.5	-21.0	
Austria	4.7	4.8	0.4%	4.4	4.9	10.3%	0.3	-0.1	
Poland	5.9	6.4	8.1%	11.1	11.8	6.5%	-5.2	-5.4	
Portugal	1.7	1.8	6.1%	2.4	2.6	8.8%	-0.7	-0.8	
Romania	2.0	1.9	-3.2%	2.7	3.1	14.7%	-0.7	-1.2	
Slovenia	1.6	1.8	9.2%	2.4	2.6	10.6%	-0.7	-0.9	
Slovakia	1.4	1.5	5.3%	1.9	2.1	7.7%	-0.5	-0.6	
Finland	2.6	2.7	4.2%	2.6	2.8	5.8%	0.0	-0.1	
Sweden	7.1	7.2	1.5%	5.6	6.0	7.3%	1.5	1.2	

Source dataset: ext_st_27_2020_msbec

