

38/2020 - 5 March 2020

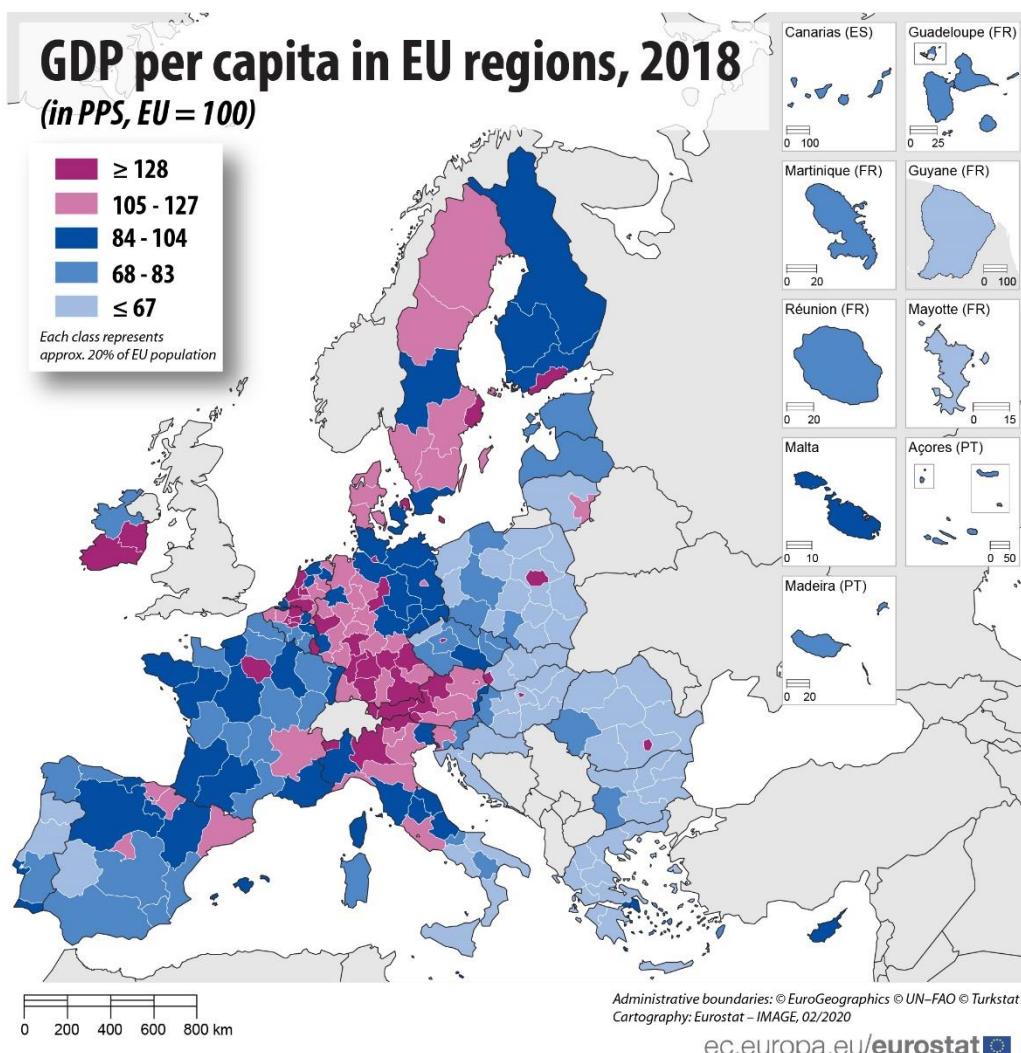
GDP per capita in EU regions

Regional GDP per capita ranged from 30% to 263% of the EU average in 2018

Regional disparities in labour productivity are smaller

In 2018, regional GDP per capita, expressed in terms of purchasing power standards (PPS), ranged from 30% of the European Union (EU) average in **Mayotte**, an overseas region of France, to 263% in **Luxembourg**.

As the map below shows, there is a considerable variation both between and within the EU Member States. This information is taken from data released by **Eurostat**, the statistical office of the European Union.



The leading regions in the ranking of regional GDP per capita in 2018, after **Luxembourg** (263% of the EU average), were **Southern** (225%) and **Eastern & Midland** (210%) in Ireland, **Brussels Region** (203%) in Belgium, **Hamburg** in Germany (197%) and **Prague** in Czechia (192%).

The 39 EU regions with GDP per capita equal to or above 128% of the EU average account for 20% of the EU's population and 32% of the EU's GDP in PPS.

In contrast, after the overseas region of France **Mayotte** (30% of the EU average), the lowest regions in the ranking were three Bulgarian regions: **North-West** (34%), **North-Central** (35%) and **South-Central** (36%). In the case of Mayotte the low GDP per capita is mainly explained by demographic factors, since 42% of the population is less than 15 years old.

The 57 EU regions with GDP per capita equal to or below 67% of the EU average account for 21% of the EU's population and 12% of the EU's GDP in PPS.

The other three groups of regions depicted in the map, with GDP per capita from 105 to 127, 84 to 104 and 68 to 83 of the EU average represent 25%, 18% and 14% respectively of EU GDP in PPS.

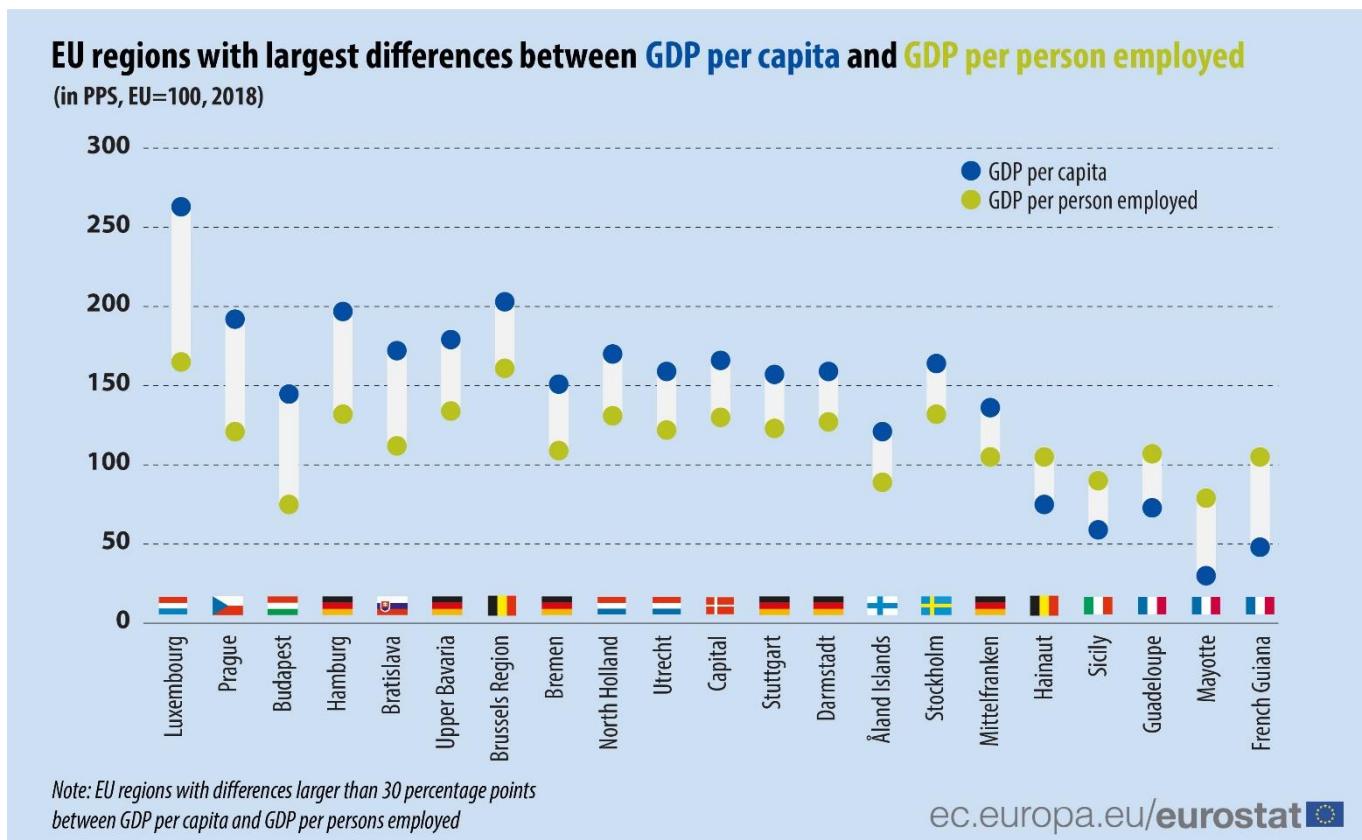
Regional GDP differences from 35% to 235% for labour productivity

In 2018, regional GDP per person employed, expressed in terms of purchasing power standards, ranged from 35% of the European Union (EU) average in **South-Central** in Bulgaria, to 235% of the average in **Southern** in Ireland.

After **Southern** (235% of the average) and **Eastern & Midland** (205%) in Ireland, the leading regions in the ranking of regional GDP per person employed in 2018, were **Luxembourg** (165%), **Brussels Region** (161%) in Belgium, **Île de France** in France (158%) and three regions in Belgium: **Walloon Brabant** (157%), **Flemish Brabant** (144%) and **Antwerp** (143%).

For many of these regions, GDP per capita is higher than GDP per person employed. This can be a result of multiple factors. A common factor in EU regions with the highest GDP per capita is a net commuter inflow that tends to increase GDP per capita in regions where these commuters are employed and decrease it in regions of their residence. Other factors include higher labour market participation rates, lower unemployment rates and a higher proportion of the working-age population. The impact of these factors can be analysed by comparison of GDP per capita and GDP per person employed.

In 2018, among regions where GDP per capita was higher than GDP per person employed, the largest differences were observed in **Luxembourg** (263% of the EU average compared to 165%), ahead of **Prague** (192% compared to 121%) in Czechia and **Budapest** (145% compared to 75%) in Hungary.

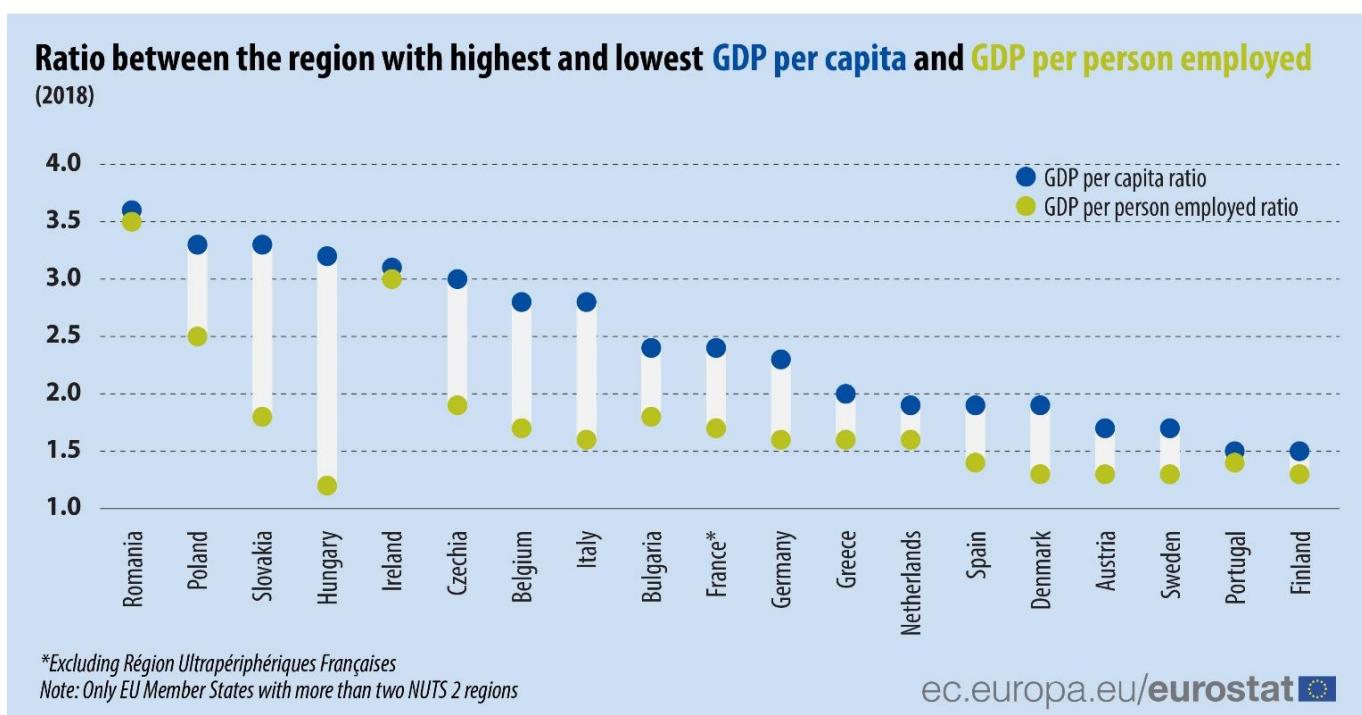


In contrast, among regions where GDP per person employed was higher than GDP per capita, the largest differences were observed in **French Guiana**, an overseas region of France (105% of the EU average compared to 48%), ahead of two other overseas region of France: **Mayotte** (79% compared to 30%) and **Guadeloupe** (107% compared to 73%), followed by **Sicily** (90% compared to 59%) in Italy and **Hainaut** (105% compared to 75%) in Belgium.

Lower GDP per capita compared to labour productivity as percentage of the EU average is the result of a lower share of employed persons compared to total population, which is explained by lower labour market participation rates, higher unemployment rates, a higher proportion of population of non working-age and/or net commuter outflow.

Regional differences in labour productivity are considerably smaller than in GDP per capita

Among the EU Member States with more than 2 NUTS2 regions, the highest regional disparities between the regions with the highest and the lowest GDP per capita are observed in **Romania** (ratio of 3.6), **Poland** and **Slovakia** (both 3.3), **Hungary** (3.2), **Ireland** (3.1) and **Czechia** (3.0), while the lowest ratios are recorded in **Finland** and **Portugal** (both 1.5), **Sweden** and **Austria** (both 1.7) as well as **Denmark**, **Spain** and the **Netherlands** (all 1.9).



These notable regional disparities in GDP per capita within EU Member States are substantially narrower when expressed per person employed (labour productivity), with the largest decreases observed in **Hungary** (from 3.2 for GDP per capita to 1.1 for GDP per person employed), **Slovakia** (from 3.3 to 1.8), **Italy** (from 2.8 to 1.6), **Belgium** (from 2.8 to 1.7), and as well as **Czechia** (from 3.0 to 1.9).

Among EU Member States with the highest regional disparities, the ratio for GDP expressed per capita remains at a similar level when expressed per person employed only in **Romania** (3.5) and **Ireland** (3.0).

Geographical information

These data are based on the **Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics** (NUTS 2016) as set out in the amending Regulation (EU) 2017/2391 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017. NUTS 2016 (valid from 1 January 2018) provides an uniform, consistent breakdown of territorial units for the production of regional statistics for the EU and the United Kingdom.

The **European Union** (EU27) includes Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland and Sweden.

The United Kingdom left the European Union on 31 January 2020. Information on dissemination of European statistics from 1 February 2020 is published on the [Eurostat website](#).

Methods and definitions

GDP, and thus **GDP per capita**, provides a measure of the total economic activity in a region. It may be used to compare the degree of economic development of regions. GDP does not measure the income ultimately available to private households in a region.

Labour productivity in this release is calculated as **GDP per person employed**. Productivity measured per hour worked can produce substantial different results, as average hours worked per person employed varies significantly across countries.

The **PPS** (purchasing power standard) is an artificial currency that takes into account differences in national price levels. This unit allows meaningful volume comparisons of economic indicators over countries. Aggregates expressed in PPS are derived by dividing aggregates in current prices and national currency by the respective Purchasing Power Parity (PPP). Regional PPPs are not compiled by EU National Statistical Institutes.

More detailed data for other variables and by NUTS 3 area is available up to the year 2018 at Eurostat's database.

In the text of this News Release, the names of the regions are in English, while the tables in the annex list regions in the national language as set out in the NUTS.

Country notes

Data on GDP per person employed in Lithuania is calculated according to the place of residence and not of work.

For more information

Overview of [NUTS](#)

Eurostat manual on [regional accounts methods](#)

Eurostat [website section](#) dedicated to regional statistics

Eurostat [database](#) on regional statistics by NUTS classification

Eurostat [Regions and Cities Illustrated](#)

Eurostat "My region" app

European Statistics [Code of Practice](#)

Eurostat [news release](#) on regional employment

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Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP	Share in EU-27 / national GDP	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per person employed
	€ million	%	€	PPS	€, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
BELGIUM	459 820	3.4	40 200	35 600	133	118	129
<i>Brussels Region</i>	83 987	18.3	69 400	61 300	230	203	161
<i>Vlaams Gewest</i>	269 886	58.7	41 000	36 300	136	120	129
Prov. Antwerpen	88 015	19.1	47 400	41 900	157	139	143
Prov. Limburg (BE)	28 707	6.2	32 800	29 000	109	96	110
Prov. Oost-Vlaanderen	56 415	12.3	37 300	33 000	124	109	122
Prov. Vlaams Brabant	49 832	10.8	43 600	38 600	145	128	144
Prov. West-Vlaanderen	46 916	10.2	39 300	34 700	130	115	117
<i>Région Wallonne</i>	105 695	23.0	29 000	25 700	96	85	112
Prov. Brabant Wallon	19 299	4.2	47 900	42 300	159	140	157
Prov. Hainaut	34 239	7.4	25 500	22 500	84	75	105
Prov. Liège	31 639	6.9	28 500	25 200	95	84	108
Prov. Luxembourg (BE)	7 056	1.5	24 700	21 800	82	72	97
Prov. Namur	13 461	2.9	27 100	24 000	90	80	104
<i>Extra-regio*</i>	253	0.1	:	:	:	:	:
BULGARIA	56 087	0.4	8 000	15 400	26	51	47
<i>Severna i Yugoiztochna Bulgaria</i>	20 952	37.4	6 000	11 500	20	38	40
Severozapaden	3 924	7.0	5 200	10 100	17	34	39
Severen tsentralen	4 301	7.7	5 400	10 500	18	35	36
Severoiztochen	5 955	10.6	6 400	12 400	21	41	41
Yugoiztochen	6 772	12.1	6 500	12 600	22	42	42
<i>Yugozapadna i Yuzhna Tsentralna Bulgaria</i>	35 135	62.6	10 000	19 300	33	64	53
Yugozapaden	27 192	48.5	12 900	25 000	43	83	62
Yuzhen tsentralen	7 943	14.2	5 600	10 900	19	36	35
CZECHIA	207 570	1.5	19 500	27 500	65	91	83
Praha	53 612	25.8	41 200	58 000	137	192	121
Střední Čechy	24 063	11.6	17 700	24 900	59	82	84
Jihozápad	20 561	9.9	16 800	23 600	56	78	75
Severozápad	15 213	7.3	13 600	19 200	45	64	64
Severovýchod	24 652	11.9	16 300	23 000	54	76	74
Jihovýchod	30 482	14.7	18 000	25 300	60	84	77
Střední Morava	19 345	9.3	15 900	22 400	53	74	70
Moravskoslezsko	19 641	9.5	16 300	23 000	54	76	74
DENMARK	301 341	2.2	52 000	38 900	172	129	117
Hovedstaden	122 244	40.6	66 800	50 000	222	166	130
Sjælland	29 903	9.9	35 800	26 800	119	89	104
Syddanmark	57 352	19.0	46 900	35 100	156	116	111
Midtjylland	62 243	20.7	47 300	35 400	157	117	107
Nordjylland	26 104	8.7	44 300	33 200	147	110	105
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	3 495	1.2	:	:	:	:	:

: Data not available Source datasets: *nama_10r_2gdp* (GDP), *nama_10r_3empers* (employment)

* EU27 represents the European Union of 27 Member States after 1 February 2020.

** **Extra-regio:** The extra-regio territory is made up of parts of the economic territory of a country which cannot be assigned to a single region. It consists of the national air-space, territorial waters and the continental shelf lying in international waters over which the country enjoys exclusive rights, territorial exclaves, deposits of oil, natural gas, embassies, etc.

Until 2011, the gross value added (GVA) produced in the extra-regio was allocated pro-rata to the inhabited regions of the country concerned. The order of magnitude of the extra-regio GVA depends in particular on the resource endowment in terms of natural gas and oil. For EU Member States the share of extra-regio GVA varies typically from almost zero to about 1.2% of total GVA at national level. In 2011, Member States and the European Commission agreed to give countries the possibility to calculate regional GDP also for the extra-regio. The resulting GDP is available only in absolute values, because the extra-regio territory by definition does not have a resident population.

Member States are entitled, but not obliged to calculate GDP for the extra-regio. In the table extra-regio GDP appears only for those Member States which decided to make use of this possibility.

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP	Share in EU-27 / national GDP	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per person employed
	€ million	%	€	PPS	€, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
GERMANY	3 344 370	24.8	40 300	37 000	134	123	105
Baden-Württemberg	504 276	15.1	45 700	41 900	151	139	112
Stuttgart	213 362	6.4	51 600	47 400	171	157	123
Karlsruhe	123 302	3.7	44 000	40 400	146	134	109
Freiburg	86 859	2.6	38 400	35 300	127	117	97
Tübingen	80 753	2.4	43 600	40 100	145	133	108
Bayern	617 146	18.5	47 300	43 500	157	144	114
Oberbayern	273 696	8.2	58 600	53 900	194	179	134
Niederbayern	48 466	1.4	39 300	36 100	130	120	100
Oberpfalz	47 273	1.4	42 700	39 200	142	130	103
Oberfranken	40 595	1.2	38 000	34 900	126	116	96
Mittelfranken	78 647	2.4	44 600	40 900	148	136	105
Unterfranken	53 690	1.6	40 800	37 500	135	124	102
Schwaben	74 780	2.2	39 800	36 500	132	121	101
Berlin	145 698	4.4	40 100	36 900	133	122	102
Brandenburg	72 872	2.2	29 100	26 700	96	88	91
Bremen	33 708	1.0	49 400	45 400	164	151	109
Hamburg	119 046	3.6	64 800	59 600	215	197	132
Hessen	289 044	8.6	46 200	42 400	153	141	116
Darmstadt	207 713	6.2	52 100	47 800	173	159	127
Gießen	35 925	1.1	34 300	31 500	114	105	96
Kassel	45 406	1.4	37 200	34 200	123	113	96
Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	44 450	1.3	27 600	25 400	92	84	83
Niedersachsen	292 533	8.7	36 700	33 700	122	112	100
Braunschweig	70 733	2.1	44 300	40 700	147	135	119
Hannover	82 753	2.5	38 500	35 400	128	117	102
Lüneburg	48 438	1.4	28 300	26 000	94	86	91
Weser-Ems	90 609	2.7	35 900	33 000	119	109	93
North Rhine-Westphalia	697 072	20.8	38 900	35 700	129	118	103
Düsseldorf	215 672	6.4	41 500	38 100	138	126	108
Köln	190 785	5.7	42 800	39 300	142	130	110
Münster	88 113	2.6	33 600	30 900	111	102	94
Detmold	77 739	2.3	37 800	34 700	125	115	97
Arnsberg	124 763	3.7	34 800	32 000	115	106	95
Rheinland-Pfalz	147 021	4.4	36 000	33 100	120	110	102
Koblenz	51 766	1.5	34 600	31 800	115	105	97
Trier	16 751	0.5	31 600	29 000	105	96	89
Rheinhessen-Pfalz	78 504	2.3	38 200	35 100	127	116	109
Saarland	35 448	1.1	35 700	32 800	118	109	93
Sachsen	124 600	3.7	30 500	28 100	101	93	85
Dresden	49 605	1.5	31 000	28 500	103	95	86
Chemnitz	41 498	1.2	28 800	26 500	96	88	82
Leipzig	33 497	1.0	32 200	29 600	107	98	88
Sachsen-Anhalt	62 686	1.9	28 300	26 000	94	86	88
Schleswig-Holstein	95 903	2.9	33 100	30 400	110	101	95
Thüringen	62 868	1.9	29 300	26 900	97	89	84
ESTONIA	26 036	0.2	19 700	24 800	65	82	77

: Data not available

Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP € million	Share in EU-27 / national GDP %	GDP per capita €	GDP per capita PPS	GDP per capita €, EU27=100	GDP per capita PPS, EU27=100	GDP per person employed PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
IRELAND	324 038	2.4	66 700	57 500	221	191	194
Northern & Western	21 797	6.7	25 300	21 900	84	73	79
Southern	126 936	39.2	78 700	67 900	261	225	235
Eastern & Midland	175 305	54	73 400	63 400	244	210	205
GREECE	184 714	1	17 200	20 700	57	69	81
Voreia Ellada	40 764	22.1	13 300	15 900	44	53	68
Anatoliki Makedonia, Thraki	7 166	3.9	11 900	14 300	40	48	61
Kentriki Makedonia	25 558	13.8	13 600	16 400	45	54	69
Dytiki Makedonia	3 963	2.1	14 800	17 700	49	59	79
Ipeiros	4 077	2.2	12 200	14 700	40	49	63
Kentriki Ellada	38 249	20.7	14 100	16 900	47	56	69
Thessalia	9 658	5.2	13 400	16 100	44	53	65
Ionia Nisia	3 257	1.8	16 000	19 100	53	63	71
Dytiki Ellada	8 322	4.5	12 700	15 200	42	50	65
Stereia Ellada	8 767	4.7	15 800	18 900	52	63	81
Peloponnisos	8 245	4.5	14 300	17 200	48	57	68
Attiki	87 378	47.3	23 300	28 000	77	93	99
Nisia Aigaio, Kriti	18 322	9.9	15 400	18 400	51	61	72
Voreio Aigaio	2 549	1.4	11 800	14 200	39	47	67
Notio Aigaio	6 387	3.5	18 700	22 400	62	74	79
Kriti	9 386	5.1	14 800	17 800	49	59	68
SPAIN	1 202 193	8.9	25 700	27 600	85	91	100
Noroeste	99 712	8.3	23 200	24 800	77	82	97
Galicia	62 570	5.2	23 200	24 900	77	82	95
Principado de Asturias	23 341	1.9	22 800	24 400	76	81	98
Cantabria	13 801	1.1	23 800	25 500	79	84	100
Noreste	138 003	11.5	31 000	33 300	103	110	109
País Vasco	72 170	6.0	33 200	35 600	110	118	114
Comunidad Foral de Navarra	20 282	1.7	31 400	33 700	104	112	109
La Rioja	8 513	0.7	27 200	29 200	90	97	102
Aragón	37 038	3.1	28 200	30 200	93	100	101
Comunidad de Madrid	230 795	19.2	35 000	37 600	116	125	111
Centro (ES)	119 299	9.9	21 700	23 200	72	77	94
Castilla y León	57 926	4.8	24 000	25 800	80	85	97
Castilla-La Mancha	41 345	3.4	20 400	21 800	68	72	93
Extremadura	20 028	1.7	18 800	20 100	62	67	88
Este	372 202	31.0	27 300	29 300	90	97	102
Cataluña	228 682	19.0	30 400	32 600	101	108	106
Comunidad Valenciana	110 979	9.2	22 400	24 000	74	80	93
Illes Balears	32 542	2.7	27 700	29 700	92	98	104
Sur	195 358	16.3	19 400	20 800	64	69	88
Andalucía	160 622	13.4	19 100	20 500	63	68	88
Región de Murcia	31 458	2.6	21 300	22 800	71	76	84
Ciudad Autónoma de Ceuta	1 709	0.1	20 100	21 600	67	72	91
Ciudad Autónoma de Melilla	1 568	0.1	18 500	19 900	61	66	87
Canarias	45 720	3.8	20 900	22 400	69	74	90
Extra-regio**	1 103	0.1	:	:	:	:	:

: Data not available

Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP	Share in EU-27 / national GDP	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per person employed
	€ million	%	€	PPS	€, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
FRANCE	2 353 090	17.5	35 000	31 500	116	104	115
Île de France	733 875	31.2	59 700	53 700	198	178	158
Centre-Val de Loire	72 382	3.1	28 100	25 200	93	84	99
Bourgogne-Franche-Comté	75 557	3.2	26 900	24 200	89	80	96
Bourgogne	45 037	1.9	27 600	24 800	92	82	97
Franche-Comté	30 521	1.3	25 900	23 300	86	77	95
Normandie	94 980	4.0	28 500	25 600	94	85	102
Basse-Normandie	40 231	1.7	27 300	24 600	91	81	95
Haute-Normandie	54 749	2.3	29 400	26 500	98	88	108
Nord-Pas-de-Calais-Picardie	161 723	6.9	26 900	24 200	89	80	101
Nord-Pas-de-Calais	113 565	4.8	27 900	25 100	92	83	101
Picardie	48 158	2.0	24 900	22 400	82	74	101
Alsace-Champagne-Ardenne-Lorraine	156 910	6.7	28 200	25 400	94	84	101
Alsace	61 054	2.6	32 100	28 900	106	96	107
Champagne-Ardenne	37 675	1.6	28 400	25 600	94	85	100
Lorraine	58 181	2.5	25 000	22 400	83	74	98
Pays-de-la-Loire	119 149	5.1	31 400	28 200	104	94	102
Bretagne	99 490	4.2	29 700	26 700	99	89	100
Aquitaine-Limousin-Poitou-Charentes	177 037	7.5	29 500	26 500	98	88	101
Aquitaine	106 776	4.5	30 900	27 800	102	92	103
Limousin	19 655	0.8	26 800	24 100	89	80	97
Poitou-Charentes	50 606	2.2	27 900	25 100	92	83	98
Languedoc-Roussillon-Midi-Pyrénées	171 197	7.3	29 000	26 000	96	86	102
Languedoc-Roussillon	73 149	3.1	25 700	23 100	85	77	99
Midi-Pyrénées	98 049	4.2	32 000	28 700	106	95	104
Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes	269 964	11.5	33 600	30 200	111	100	109
Auvergne	36 365	1.5	26 600	23 900	88	79	94
Rhône-Alpes	233 599	9.9	35 100	31 600	116	105	112
Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	162 852	6.9	32 100	28 900	107	96	107
Corse	9 643	0.4	28 200	25 400	94	84	103
Région Ultrapériphériques Françaises	47 249	2.0	21 500	19 400	71	64	98
Guadeloupe	10 250	0.4	24 400	21 900	81	73	107
Martinique	9 508	0.4	25 900	23 300	86	77	97
Guyane	4 499	0.2	16 000	14 400	53	48	105
La Réunion	20 331	0.9	23 600	21 200	78	70	97
Mayotte	2 661	0.1	10 000	9 000	33	30	79
Extra-regio**	1 081	0.0	:	:	:	:	:
CROATIA	51 625	0.4	12 600	19 100	42	63	72
Jadranska Hrvatska	16 735	32.4	12 200	18 500	41	61	71
Kontinentalna Hrvatska	34 890	67.6	12 800	19 400	43	64	72

: Data not available

Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP € million	Share in EU-27 / national GDP %	GDP per capita €	GDP per capita PPS	GDP per capita €, EU27=100	GDP per capita PPS, EU27=100	GDP per person employed PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
ITALY	1 765 421	13.1	29 200	29 100	97	97	106
<i>Nord Ovest</i>	580 257	32.9	36 100	35 900	120	119	119
Piemonte	137 338	7.8	31 500	31 300	104	104	111
Valle d'Aosta / Vallée d'Aoste	4 895	0.3	38 900	38 700	129	128	122
Liguria	49 900	2.8	32 100	32 000	106	106	110
Lombardia	388 124	22.0	38 600	38 500	128	128	123
<i>Nord Est</i>	407 852	23.1	35 000	34 900	116	116	112
Provincia Autonoma di Bolzano/Bozen	24 921	1.4	47 100	46 900	156	156	127
Provincia Autonoma di Trento	20 539	1.2	38 000	37 900	126	126	119
Veneto	162 866	9.2	33 200	33 100	110	110	110
Friuli-Venezia Giulia	38 021	2.2	31 300	31 200	104	103	106
Emilia-Romagna	161 505	9.1	36 200	36 100	120	120	114
<i>Centro (IT)</i>	380 858	21.6	31 700	31 500	105	105	107
Toscana	117 537	6.7	31 500	31 400	104	104	106
Umbria	22 468	1.3	25 400	25 300	84	84	94
Marche	43 305	2.5	28 300	28 200	94	94	96
Lazio	197 548	11.2	33 600	33 400	111	111	112
<i>Sud</i>	271 088	15.4	19 400	19 300	64	64	87
Abruzzo	33 864	1.9	25 800	25 700	85	85	96
Molise	6 429	0.4	20 900	20 900	69	69	90
Campania	108 053	6.1	18 600	18 500	62	61	88
Puglia	76 914	4.4	19 000	19 000	63	63	84
Basilicata	12 571	0.7	22 200	22 200	74	74	95
Calabria	33 256	1.9	17 000	17 000	56	56	79
<i>Isole</i>	123 917	7.0	18 600	18 500	62	62	88
Sicilia	89 004	5.0	17 800	17 700	59	59	90
Sardegna	34 913	2.0	21 200	21 200	70	70	85
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	1 450	0.1	:	:	:	:	:
CYPRUS	21 138	0.2	24 300	27 100	81	90	85
LATVIA	29 151	0.2	15 100	20 900	50	69	69
Excluding extra-regio	29 111	99.9	15 100	20 900	50	69	69
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	40	0.1	:	:	:	:	:
LITHUANIA	45 264	0.3	16 200	24 400	54	81	76
Sostinės regionas	18 908	41.8	23 400	35 300	78	117	98
Vidurio ir vakarų Lietuvos regionas	26 357	58.2	13 200	19 900	44	66	65
LUXEMBOURG (GRAND-DUCHY)	60 053	0.4	98 600	79 300	327	263	165
HUNGARY	133 782	1.0	13 700	21 500	45	71	69
<i>Közép Magyarország</i>	62 575	46.8	20 700	32 500	69	108	73
Budapest	48 792	36.5	27 900	43 700	92	145	75
Pest	13 783	10.3	10 800	17 000	36	56	69
<i>Dunántúl</i>	35 330	26.4	12 100	18 900	40	63	68
Közép Dunántúl	13 336	10.0	12 600	19 800	42	66	69
Nyugat Dunántúl	13 683	10.2	13 900	21 800	46	72	71
Dél Dunántúl	8 312	6.2	9 400	14 800	31	49	61
<i>Alföld es Észak</i>	35 876	26.8	9 400	14 700	31	49	63
Észak Magyarország	10 674	8.0	9 400	14 800	31	49	66
Észak-Alföld	12 798	9.6	8 800	13 800	29	46	61
Dél-Alföld	12 405	9.3	10 000	15 700	33	52	64

: Data not available

Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP € million	Share in EU-27 / national GDP %	GDP per capita €	GDP per capita PPS	GDP per capita €, EU27=100	GDP per capita PPS, EU27=100	GDP per person employed PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
MALTA	12 379	0.1	25 500	29 700	85	99	94
Excluding extra-regio	12 360	99.8	25 500	29 700	84	98	94
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	19	0.2	:	:	:	:	:
NETHERLANDS	774 039	5.7	44 900	39 200	149	130	110
<i>Noord-Nederland</i>	59 889	7.7	34 800	30 300	115	100	94
Groningen	24 963	3.2	42 800	37 300	142	124	112
Friesland (NL)	19 837	2.6	30 700	26 700	102	89	84
Drenthe	15 090	1.9	30 700	26 700	102	89	86
<i>Oost-Nederland</i>	135 495	17.5	37 300	32 500	124	108	96
Overijssel	43 219	5.6	37 500	32 700	124	108	92
Gelderland	78 265	10.1	37 900	33 000	126	110	97
Flevoland	14 010	1.8	33 800	29 500	112	98	104
<i>West-Nederland</i>	415 846	53.7	50 600	44 100	168	146	121
Utrecht	71 522	9.2	55 000	47 900	182	159	122
Noord-Holland	166 941	21.6	58 700	51 200	195	170	131
Zuid-Holland	163 805	21.2	44 300	38 700	147	128	114
Zeeland	13 579	1.8	35 500	30 900	118	102	97
<i>Zuid-Nederland</i>	160 593	20.7	44 000	38 300	146	127	105
Noord-Brabant	116 090	15.0	45 800	39 900	152	132	107
Limburg (NL)	44 503	5.7	39 800	34 700	132	115	101
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	2 216	0.3	:	:	:	:	:
AUSTRIA	385 712	2.9	43 600	38 700	145	128	117
<i>Ostösterreich</i>	166 443	43.2	43 100	38 300	143	127	119
Burgenland	9 005	2.3	30 700	27 300	102	90	100
Niederösterreich	61 021	15.8	36 500	32 300	121	107	114
Wien	96 417	25.0	51 000	45 200	169	150	125
<i>Südösterreich</i>	70 486	18.3	39 100	34 700	130	115	107
Kärnten	20 883	5.4	37 200	33 000	123	110	107
Steiermark	49 604	12.9	40 000	35 400	133	118	107
<i>Westösterreich</i>	148 645	38.5	46 800	41 500	155	138	119
Oberösterreich	65 850	17.1	44 600	39 500	148	131	116
Salzburg	29 044	7.5	52 400	46 500	174	154	125
Tirol	34 673	9.0	46 100	40 900	153	136	115
Vorarlberg	19 078	4.9	48 500	43 000	161	143	131
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	138	0.0	:	:	:	:	:

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Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP € million	Share in EU-27 / national GDP %	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per person employed
			€	PPS	€, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
POLAND	496 361	3.7	12 900	21 400	43	71	77
<i>Makroregion Południowy</i>	101 425	20.4	12 800	21 100	42	70	78
Małopolskie	40 427	8.1	11 900	19 700	39	65	72
Śląskie	60 999	12.3	13 400	22 200	45	74	83
<i>Makroregion Północno-Zachodni</i>	77 679	15.6	12 500	20 700	41	69	73
Wielkopolskie	48 617	9.8	13 900	23 000	46	76	77
Zachodniopomorskie	18 263	3.7	10 700	17 700	36	59	67
Lubuskie	10 798	2.2	10 600	17 600	35	58	67
<i>Makroregion Południowo-Zachodni</i>	51 284	10.3	13 200	21 800	44	72	81
Dolnośląskie	41 149	8.3	14 200	23 400	47	78	85
Opolskie	10 135	2.0	10 300	17 000	34	56	66
<i>Makroregion Północny</i>	63 752	12.8	10 900	18 000	36	60	67
Kujawsko-Pomorskie	21 814	4.4	10 500	17 300	35	57	64
Warmińsko-Mazurskie	12 710	2.6	8 900	14 700	29	49	59
Pomorskie	29 227	5.9	12 600	20 800	42	69	74
<i>Makroregion Centralny</i>	41 268	8.3	11 100	18 400	37	61	64
Łódzkie	29 663	6.0	12 000	19 800	40	66	66
Świętokrzyskie	11 605	2.3	9 300	15 400	31	51	58
<i>Makroregion Wschodni</i>	48 756	9.8	9 000	14 800	30	49	56
Lubelskie	18 470	3.7	8 700	14 400	29	48	54
Podkarpackie	19 418	3.9	9 100	15 100	30	50	59
Podlaskie	10 868	2.2	9 200	15 200	30	50	57
<i>Makroregion Województwo Mazowieckie</i>	112 198	22.6	20 800	34 400	69	114	111
Warszawski stołeczny	86 564	17.4	28 500	47 000	94	156	133
Mazowiecki regionalny	25 633	5.2	10 900	18 000	36	60	71
PORTUGAL	203 896	1.5	19 800	23 200	66	77	74
<i>Continente</i>	194 591	95.4	19 900	23 300	66	77	75
Norte	60 240	29.5	16 900	19 700	56	65	64
Algarve	9 672	4.7	22 000	25 800	73	86	77
Centro (PT)	38 244	18.8	17 200	20 100	57	67	68
Area Metropolitana de Lisboa	73 334	36.0	25 800	30 200	86	100	92
Alentejo	13 102	6.4	18 500	21 700	61	72	73
<i>Região Autónoma dos Açores</i>	4 262	2.1	17 500	20 500	58	68	66
<i>Região Autónoma da Madeira</i>	4 891	2.4	19 200	22 500	64	75	71
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	153	0.1	:	:	:	:	:

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Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the European Union, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP € million	Share in EU-27 / national GDP %	GDP per capita €	GDP per capita PPS	GDP per capita €, EU27=100	GDP per capita PPS, EU27=100	GDP per person employed PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
ROMANIA	204 641	1.5	10 500	19 900	35	66	69
<i>Macroregiunea Unu</i>	47 966	23.4	9 800	18 700	33	62	66
Nord-Vest	24 948	12.2	9 800	18 500	32	61	61
Centru	23 018	11.2	9 900	18 800	33	62	72
<i>Macroregiunea Doi</i>	42 226	20.6	7 500	14 300	25	47	49
Nord-Est	21 277	10.4	6 600	12 600	22	42	39
Sud-Est	20 949	10.2	8 700	16 500	29	55	64
<i>Macroregiunea Trei</i>	79 797	39.0	15 200	28 800	50	96	96
Sud - Muntenia	23 946	11.7	8 100	15 400	27	51	57
Bucureşti - Ilfov	55 851	27.3	24 200	45 900	80	152	135
<i>Macroregiunea Patru</i>	34 477	16.8	9 300	17 600	31	58	63
Sud-Vest Oltenia	15 269	7.5	7 900	14 900	26	50	51
Vest	19 207	9.4	10 800	20 500	36	68	78
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	175	0.1	:	:	:	:	:
SLOVENIA	45 755	0.3	22 100	26 400	73	87	82
Vzhodna Slovenija	19 819	43.3	18 100	21 700	60	72	75
Zahodna Slovenija	25 936	56.7	26 500	31 600	88	105	88
SLOVAKIA	89 721	0.7	16 500	22 200	55	74	77
Bratislavský kraj	25 450	28.4	38 800	52 300	129	173	112
Západné Slovensko	27 476	30.6	15 000	20 300	50	67	70
Stredné Slovensko	17 556	19.6	13 100	17 700	43	59	64
Východné Slovensko	19 240	21.4	11 800	16 000	39	53	69
FINLAND	234 453	1.7	42 500	33 700	141	112	108
<i>Manner-Suomi</i>	233 027	99.4	42 500	33 700	141	112	109
Länsi-Suomi	51 929	22.1	37 600	29 800	125	99	101
Helsinki-Uusimaa	91 241	38.9	54 800	43 500	182	144	120
Etelä-Suomi	43 877	18.7	38 000	30 100	126	100	104
Pohjois- ja Itä-Suomi	45 979	19.6	35 700	28 300	118	94	102
Åland	1 365	0.6	46 000	36 500	153	121	89
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	61	0.0	:	:	:	:	:
SWEDEN	471 208	3.5	46 300	36 600	154	121	112
<i>Östra Sverige</i>	214 105	45.4	53 200	42 100	176	139	122
Stockholm	145 659	30.9	62 600	49 500	208	164	132
Östra Mellansverige	68 446	14.5	40 300	31 900	134	106	106
<i>Södra Sverige</i>	186 755	39.6	42 400	33 500	141	111	105
Småland med öarna	34 911	7.4	40 500	32 100	134	106	99
Sydsverige	59 578	12.6	39 400	31 100	131	103	103
Västsverige	92 266	19.6	45 500	36 000	151	119	109
<i>Norra Sverige</i>	70 245	14.9	40 100	31 700	133	105	104
Norra Mellansverige	32 081	6.8	37 600	29 700	125	98	102
Mellersta Norrland	15 058	3.2	40 000	31 700	133	105	102
Övre Norrland	23 106	4.9	44 400	35 100	147	116	109
<i>Extra-regio**</i>	103	0.0	:	:	:	:	:

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Source datasets: [nama_10r_2qdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)

Regional GDP in the United Kingdom, 2018

Region (NUTS 2016)	GDP	Share in EU-27 / national GDP	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per capita	GDP per person employed
	€ million	%	€	PPS	€, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100	PPS, EU27=100
EU27*	13 483 857		30 200	30 200	100	100	100
EU28	15 907 594		31 000	30 400	103	101	100
UNITED KINGDOM	2 423 737		36 500	32 000	121	106	100
North East (England)	69 376	2.9	26 100	22 900	87	76	84
Tees Valley & Durham	28 660	1.2	23 900	20 900	79	69	85
Northumberland and Tyne & Wear	40 715	1.7	27 900	24 500	93	81	83
North West (England)	232 597	9.6	31 900	27 900	106	93	90
Cumbria	15 175	0.6	30 400	26 600	101	88	80
Greater Manchester	90 182	3.7	32 100	28 100	106	93	87
Lancashire	43 315	1.8	28 900	25 300	96	84	86
Cheshire	41 250	1.7	44 300	38 800	147	129	108
Merseyside	42 675	1.8	27 500	24 100	91	80	87
Yorkshire & the Humber	156 975	6.5	28 600	25 100	95	83	82
East Yorkshire & Northern Lincolnshire	25 689	1.1	27 600	24 100	91	80	82
North Yorkshire	26 307	1.1	31 900	28 000	106	93	85
South Yorkshire	34 690	1.4	24 700	21 700	82	72	78
West Yorkshire	70 290	2.9	30 300	26 500	100	88	83
East Midlands (England)	138 376	5.7	28 800	25 200	96	84	85
Derbyshire & Nottinghamshire	61 414	2.5	27 800	24 400	92	81	84
Leicestershire, Rutland & Northamptonshire	57 939	2.4	31 500	27 600	104	91	88
Lincolnshire	19 022	0.8	25 200	22 000	83	73	82
West Midlands (England)	179 570	7.4	30 400	26 700	101	88	88
Herefordshire, Worcestershire & Warwickshire	46 976	1.9	34 700	30 400	115	101	92
Shropshire & Staffordshire	44 102	1.8	27 100	23 700	90	79	80
West Midlands	88 490	3.7	30 300	26 600	101	88	91
East of England	209 000	8.6	33 700	29 500	112	98	94
East Anglia	81 599	3.4	32 400	28 400	108	94	89
Bedfordshire & Hertfordshire	73 217	3.0	39 500	34 600	131	115	101
Essex	54 183	2.2	29 600	25 900	98	86	93
London	571 807	23.6	64 200	56 200	213	186	139
Inner London - West	254 771	10.5	213 400	186 900	708	620	162
Inner London - East	137 068	5.7	57 000	49 900	189	165	133
Outer London - East & North East	47 536	2.0	24 800	21 700	82	72	106
Outer London - South	41 052	1.7	31 500	27 600	104	92	111
Outer London - West & North West	91 379	3.8	43 800	38 300	145	127	131
South East (England)	352 087	14.5	38 500	33 800	128	112	106
Berkshire, Buckinghamshire & Oxfordshire	120 073	5.0	49 900	43 700	165	145	117
Surrey, East & West Sussex	106 127	4.4	36 700	32 100	122	107	104
Hampshire & Isle of Wight	72 022	3.0	36 300	31 800	120	105	103
Kent	53 865	2.2	29 200	25 600	97	85	95
South West (England)	177 000	7.3	31 600	27 700	105	92	86
Gloucestershire, Wiltshire & Bristol/Bath area	93 009	3.8	37 100	32 500	123	108	94
Dorset & Somerset	38 135	1.6	28 600	25 100	95	83	81
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly	13 918	0.6	24 500	21 500	81	71	77
Devon	31 938	1.3	26 700	23 400	89	78	79
Wales	82 656	3.4	26 300	23 100	87	76	82
West Wales & The Valleys	45 243	1.9	23 000	20 100	76	67	79
East Wales	37 414	1.5	32 000	28 100	106	93	86
Scotland	180 479	7.4	33 200	29 100	110	96	97
North Eastern Scotland	23 157	1.0	47 400	41 500	157	138	114
Highlands & Islands	15 471	0.6	33 000	28 900	109	96	92
Eastern Scotland	73 377	3.0	36 800	32 300	122	107	108
West Central Scotland	48 000	2.0	31 100	27 300	103	90	87
Southern Scotland	20 475	0.8	21 600	18 900	72	63	78
Northern Ireland	53 591	2.2	28 500	24 900	94	83	88
Extra-regio**	20 226	0.8	:	:	:	:	:

: Data not available

Source datasets: [nama_10r_2gdp](#) (GDP), [nama_10r_3empers](#) (employment)