

68/2020 - 23 April 2020

Fourth quarter of 2019

## Seasonally adjusted government deficit unchanged at 0.7% of GDP in both euro area and EU27

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the seasonally adjusted general government deficit to GDP ratio stood at 0.7% in both the **euro area** (EA19) and the **EU27**, both unchanged compared with the third quarter of 2019.

These data are released by **Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union**.

### Seasonally adjusted\* government revenue, expenditure and surplus/deficit in the euro area and EU

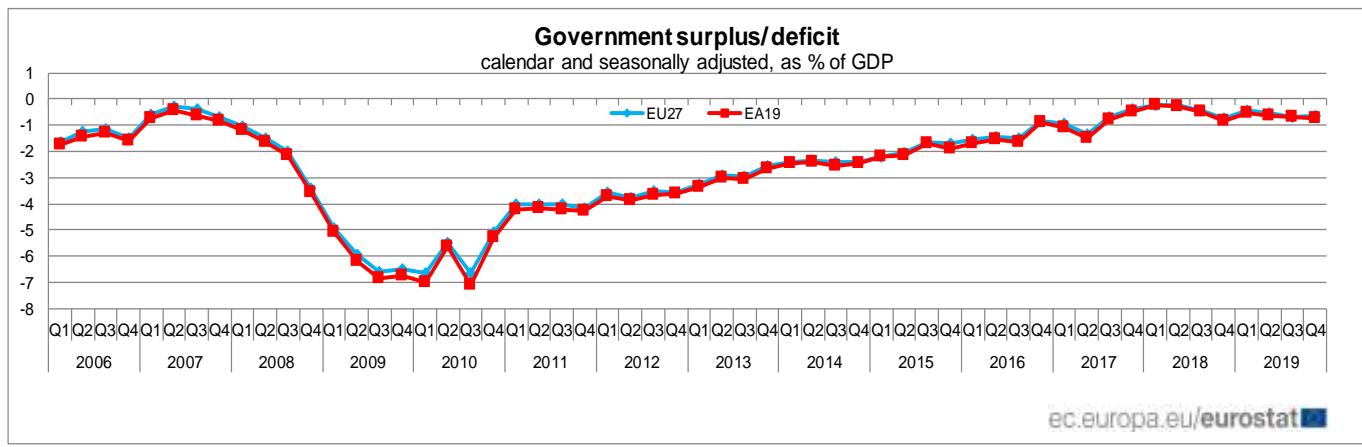
(% of GDP)	2017Q4	2018Q1	2018Q2	2018Q3	2018Q4	2019Q1	2019Q2	2019Q3	2019Q4
<b>EA19</b>									
surplus (+)/ deficit (-)	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	-0.8	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7
total revenue	46.2	46.5	46.5	46.5	46.5	46.4	46.5	46.6	46.4
total expenditure	46.7	46.7	46.8	47.0	47.4	46.9	47.2	47.3	47.1
<b>EU27</b>									
surplus (+)/ deficit (-)	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-0.7
total revenue	46.0	46.2	46.3	46.2	46.2	46.1	46.3	46.2	46.1
total expenditure	46.4	46.4	46.5	46.6	47.0	46.5	46.8	46.9	46.7

\* Calendar day and seasonally adjusted. Data are a combination of national and Eurostat estimates.

### Seasonally adjusted government revenue and expenditure for the euro area and EU27

In the fourth quarter of 2019, total government revenue in the **euro area** amounted to 46.4% of GDP, a decrease compared with 46.6% of GDP in the third quarter of 2019. Total government expenditure in the **euro area** stood at 47.1% of GDP, a decrease compared with 47.3% in the previous quarter.

In the **EU27**, total government revenue was 46.1% of GDP in the fourth quarter of 2019, a decrease compared to 46.2% of GDP in the third quarter of 2019. Total government expenditure in the **EU27** was 46.7% of GDP, a decrease compared with 46.9% of GDP in the previous quarter.



## Geographical information

**Euro area** (EA19): Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Finland.

**European Union** (EU27): Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Malta, the Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland and Sweden.

As of 1 February 2020, the United Kingdom is no longer part of the European Union. Information on dissemination of European statistics after Brexit can be found on [Eurostat website](#).

## Methods and definitions

Data for the euro area and EU aggregates are calendar and seasonally adjusted by Eurostat using an indirect approach (by country) for total revenue and total expenditure. Both revenue and expenditure exhibit a clear seasonal pattern. The surplus (+)/deficit (-) is derived indirectly from the above-mentioned transactions. For the ratios to GDP, calendar and seasonally adjusted GDP is used. Most countries supply Eurostat with their own estimates of calendar and seasonally adjusted data for general government total revenue and total expenditure on a voluntary basis and permit Eurostat to publish these estimates.

Detailed metadata on seasonal adjustment is available in [Statistics Explained](#).

Quarterly non-financial accounts for general government use concepts that are in line with the methodology laid out in the European System of Accounts (ESA 2010) as well as the concept of general government deficit/ surplus used in the context of the Excessive Deficit Procedure. Annual Excessive Deficit Procedure data, next due to be notified by Member States in October 2020, are the subject of a thorough verification by Eurostat.

Quarterly data on GDP are the most recent transmitted by the EU Member States. While non-seasonally adjusted quarterly government deficit/surplus figures are consistent with annual figures, differences between the sum of quarterly non-seasonally adjusted data and annual figures may occur for EU and euro area aggregates due to exchange rates effects. Differences between annualised seasonally adjusted data and annual data occur for technical reasons. Differences between quarterly and annual GDP figures also occur.

Differences between the change in total revenue and total expenditure and the change in surplus (+)/ deficit (-) are due to rounding, as are differences between data in percentage of GDP and changes in data in percentage points of GDP.

## For more information

[Quarterly government finance statistics](#) in "Statistics Explained"

[Quarterly non-financial accounts for general government](#)

Further data are available in the [integrated publication on quarterly government finance statistics](#)

ESA 2010: [Regulation \(EU\) No 549/2013 on the European system of national and regional accounts in the European Union](#)

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### Seasonally adjusted\* surplus/ deficit

	% of GDP									Change on the previous quarter in percentage points of GDP								
	2017Q4	2018Q1	2018Q2	2018Q3	2018Q4	2019Q1	2019Q2	2019Q3	2019Q4	2018Q1	2018Q2	2018Q3	2018Q4	2019Q1	2019Q2	2019Q3	2019Q4	
EA19	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	-0.8	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	
EU27	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-0.7	0.1	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	0.3	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	
EU28	-0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6	-0.9	-0.7	-0.8	-0.9	-0.9	-0.1	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	
Belgium	-0.5	-0.4	-0.2	-0.7	-1.9	-2.1	-2.3	-1.9	-1.4	0.1	0.2	-0.5	-1.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.4	0.4	
Bulgaria	1.3	1.3	2.8	1.4	2.6	1.9	1.3	1.9	3.5	0.0	1.5	-1.4	1.2	-0.7	-0.6	0.6	1.6	
Czechia	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.0	-0.3	-0.5	0.3	-1.1	0.2	0.5	-0.7	-0.4	-0.3	
Denmark	1.9	0.5	-0.2	1.3	0.2	3.9	4.1	3.0	3.7	-1.3	-0.7	1.5	-1.0	3.7	0.2	-1.1	0.7	
Germany	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.0	0.9	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.1	-0.4	-1.0	1.0	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2	
Estonia	0.2	0.5	0.2	-0.3	-2.6	-0.8	-0.1	-0.4	0.1	0.3	-0.2	-0.5	-2.4	1.8	0.7	-0.3	0.5	
Ireland	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Greece	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Spain	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
France	-2.4	-2.1	-2.2	-2.6	-2.2	-3.0	-2.9	-2.6	-3.5	0.2	-0.1	-0.4	0.4	-0.8	0.1	0.3	-0.8	
Croatia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Italy	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Cyprus	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Latvia	-1.9	-0.5	1.8	-2.1	-2.6	-0.5	-0.7	-0.5	0.3	1.3	2.4	-4.0	-0.4	2.0	-0.1	0.1	0.8	
Lithuania	-0.3	0.7	0.9	0.8	-0.1	-0.2	0.2	-0.2	1.5	1.1	0.2	-0.2	-0.8	-0.1	0.4	-0.3	1.7	
Luxembourg	0.6	1.4	2.3	4.3	4.5	4.0	2.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	2.0	0.1	-0.5	-1.1	-1.9	0.1	
Hungary	-4.0	-3.0	-2.6	-0.7	-2.4	-1.2	-1.1	-3.0	-2.9	1.0	0.4	1.9	-1.7	1.2	0.1	-1.9	0.1	
Malta	4.0	3.0	3.2	2.1	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	-1.0	0.2	-1.1	-1.2	0.0	-0.4	-0.1	0.2	
Netherlands	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.9	0.1	2.1	1.7	1.3	2.0	0.0	-0.4	0.4	-1.8	1.9	-0.4	-0.4	0.7	
Austria	-0.6	0.8	0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.0	1.2	0.4	1.3	1.5	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4	0.3	1.1	-0.8	0.9	
Poland	-1.2	-0.9	-0.3	-0.6	0.6	0.0	-1.0	-0.8	-1.3	0.4	0.6	-0.3	1.2	-0.6	-1.1	0.2	-0.5	
Portugal	-1.5	-0.6	-2.0	2.0	-1.1	0.4	-0.6	0.7	0.2	0.9	-1.4	4.0	-3.1	1.5	-0.9	1.3	-0.5	
Romania	-2.7	-3.5	-2.5	-3.7	-2.3	-4.5	-4.4	-5.6	-3.1	-0.8	0.9	-1.1	1.4	-2.2	0.1	-1.3	2.6	
Slovenia	-0.2	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.5	1.3	-0.5	-0.3	0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.5	-0.2	
Slovakia	0.1	-1.1	-1.1	-1.2	-0.7	-1.1	-0.9	-1.6	-1.4	-1.2	0.0	-0.1	0.5	-0.4	0.2	-0.7	0.2	
Finland	0.0	-0.7	-0.9	-1.0	-0.7	-1.4	-1.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.8	-0.2	-0.1	0.3	-0.7	-0.3	0.9	0.1	
Sweden	1.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.0	1.0	0.2	0.7	-0.6	-0.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	1.0	-0.7	0.4	
United Kingdom	-2.0	-3.0	-1.9	-1.8	-2.2	-1.4	-2.5	-2.0	-2.3	-1.0	1.1	0.1	-0.4	0.8	-1.1	0.5	-0.3	
Switzerland	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

\* Calendar and seasonally adjusted. EU and euro area data are a combination of national and Eurostat estimates.

: confidential or Eurostat estimate

Source dataset: [gov\\_10q\\_gqnfa](#)

### Non-seasonally adjusted surplus/ deficit

	% of GDP									Change on the previous year's quarter in percentage points of GDP				
	2017Q4	2018Q1	2018Q2	2018Q3	2018Q4	2019Q1	2019Q2	2019Q3	2019Q4	2018Q4	2019Q1	2019Q2	2019Q3	2019Q4
EA19	0.2	-1.7	0.4	-0.4	-0.2	-2.1	-0.1	-0.8	<b>0.4</b>	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.4	<b>0.6</b>
EU27	-0.1	-1.4	0.5	-0.3	-0.5	-1.7	0.1	-0.7	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4	-0.4	<b>0.5</b>
EU28	-0.5	-1.1	-0.1	-0.6	-0.9	-1.2	-0.5	-1.0	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	-0.4	<b>0.4</b>
Belgium	5.4	-7.1	4.8	-4.8	3.2	-8.2	2.7	-5.5	<b>2.7</b>	-2.3	-1.1	-2.1	-0.7	<b>-0.5</b>
Bulgaria	-4.8	4.4	6.1	2.1	-3.6	4.8	4.8	2.7	<b>-3.1</b>	1.2	0.4	-1.3	0.7	<b>0.5</b>
Czechia	0.0	0.2	3.1	1.2	-0.8	-0.2	1.9	0.9	<b>-1.4</b>	-0.8	-0.4	-1.2	-0.3	<b>-0.7</b>
Denmark	1.3	0.6	0.7	0.9	-0.3	4.2	5.0	2.6	<b>2.9</b>	-1.7	3.6	4.3	1.6	<b>3.2</b>
Germany	1.0	2.4	3.9	1.1	0.1	2.2	3.2	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6	-0.8	<b>0.0</b>
Estonia	-0.8	-0.9	1.4	1.0	-3.6	-2.1	0.9	0.7	<b>-0.9</b>	-2.8	-1.2	-0.5	-0.3	<b>2.7</b>
Ireland	3.0	-2.1	-0.7	-1.7	4.8	-2.6	1.1	-1.3	<b>4.2</b>	1.9	-0.4	1.8	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>
Greece	-1.0	-1.4	0.0	4.8	0.1	-4.0	0.7	4.9	<b>3.5</b>	1.1	-2.6	0.7	0.1	<b>3.5</b>
Spain	-5.7	-1.2	-6.3	2.7	-5.1	-1.3	-7.1	3.0	<b>-5.5</b>	0.6	-0.1	-0.8	0.3	<b>-0.5</b>
France	0.4	-5.5	-1.6	-2.7	0.7	-7.0	-3.0	-3.9	<b>1.6</b>	0.3	-1.5	-1.4	-1.1	<b>1.0</b>
Croatia	1.0	-2.9	2.2	4.7	-4.3	-2.2	2.5	3.3	<b>-2.7</b>	-5.3	0.6	0.2	-1.4	<b>1.6</b>
Italy	1.8	-7.2	-0.3	-2.9	1.1	-7.1	-0.2	-2.2	<b>2.4</b>	-0.8	0.1	0.0	0.6	<b>1.4</b>
Cyprus	-2.2	7.5	2.5	-20.6	-3.3	1.3	3.1	7.3	<b>-5.1</b>	-1.0	-6.2	0.6	27.9	<b>-1.8</b>
Latvia	-8.8	2.0	5.1	-0.2	-9.2	1.7	2.7	1.0	<b>-5.8</b>	-0.4	-0.3	-2.3	1.2	<b>3.4</b>
Lithuania	-3.6	-0.5	4.6	1.4	-3.0	-2.2	3.4	0.2	<b>-0.5</b>	0.6	-1.7	-1.2	-1.2	<b>2.5</b>
Luxembourg	-0.2	-0.9	5.7	4.1	3.5	1.9	6.1	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	3.7	2.8	0.4	-3.5	<b>-3.3</b>
Hungary	-6.8	-0.7	-1.3	-0.6	-5.5	1.3	0.3	-3.0	<b>-5.9</b>	1.3	1.9	1.6	-2.4	<b>-0.4</b>
Malta	6.5	-0.4	3.8	3.5	0.5	-1.4	1.5	1.4	<b>0.5</b>	-6.0	-1.0	-2.4	-2.0	<b>0.0</b>
Netherlands	1.8	5.2	0.2	0.5	-0.2	5.4	0.4	-0.2	<b>1.5</b>	-2.1	0.3	0.1	-0.7	<b>1.7</b>
Austria	-1.8	-0.5	1.1	1.6	-1.4	-1.4	2.3	1.7	<b>0.3</b>	0.4	-0.9	1.2	0.1	<b>1.8</b>
Poland	-3.4	2.0	-0.2	-0.2	-2.1	2.8	-0.5	0.0	<b>-4.5</b>	1.2	0.7	-0.3	0.2	<b>-2.4</b>
Portugal	-1.9	-1.0	-3.2	5.4	-3.0	0.1	-2.0	4.5	<b>-1.9</b>	-1.1	1.2	1.2	-0.9	<b>1.1</b>
Romania	-4.2	-4.3	-1.6	-2.3	-3.6	-5.7	-3.2	-4.4	<b>-4.2</b>	0.6	-1.4	-1.6	-2.0	<b>-0.6</b>
Slovenia	0.3	-0.1	1.1	0.4	1.4	-0.8	0.8	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	1.1	-0.7	-0.3	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>
Slovakia	-1.6	-0.4	-0.6	-0.5	-2.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.9	<b>-3.4</b>	-1.0	0.0	0.3	-0.4	<b>-0.8</b>
Finland	-5.1	0.5	3.4	-1.7	-5.5	-0.5	2.4	-4.2	<b>-2.3</b>	-0.4	-1.0	-1.0	-2.6	<b>3.2</b>
Sweden	-0.8	0.6	4.1	0.7	-2.2	-0.8	4.3	0.1	<b>-1.7</b>	-1.4	-1.4	0.1	-0.5	<b>0.5</b>
United Kingdom	-3.2	0.3	-3.5	-2.3	-3.4	1.8	-4.2	-2.5	<b>-3.4</b>	-0.2	1.5	-0.7	-0.2	<b>-0.1</b>
Iceland	2.4	3.3	0.1	-0.1	0.2	-0.8	-0.5	-1.6	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.3	-4.1	-0.6	-1.5	<b>-1.2</b>
Norway	2.9	7.5	10.3	7.3	6.3	8.8	10.8	3.4	<b>2.6</b>	3.4	1.3	0.5	-3.9	<b>-3.7</b>
Switzerland	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	<b>1.4</b>	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	<b>0.0</b>

Source dataset: gov\_10q\_ggnfa