## Reporting of Government Deficits and Debt Levels

in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) N ${ }^{\circ}$ 479/2009 and the Statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993

# Set of reporting tables as endorsed by the CMFB on 06/08/2009. 

## Country: BULGARIA <br> Date: 30/09/2009

The information is to be provided in the cover page only

Table 1: Reporting of government deficit/surplus and debt levels and provision of associated data.
Tables 2A to 2D: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the national definitions of government balance and the deficit/surplus (EDP B.9) of each government sub-sector.

Tables 3A to 3E: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the government deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the government debt level, and the consolidation of debt (general government and general government subsectors).

Table 4: Provision of other data in accordance with the statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993.

Yellow cells: compulsory detail; green cells: automatic compilation; blue cells: voluntary detail.
Not applicable: M ; Not available: L

Table 1: Reporting of government deficit/surplus and debt levels and provision of associated data

(1) Please indicate status of data: estimated, half-finalized, final.

## Table 2A: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the public accounts budget balance and the central government deficit/surplus



## Net borrowing (-)/lending(+) (EDP B.9) of central government (S.1311)

(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

## Table 2B: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the working balance and the state government deficit/surplus



Net borrowing (-)/lending(+) (EDP B.9) of state government (S.1312)
(ESA 95 accounts)
(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

## Table 2C: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the working balance and the local government deficit/surplus


(ESA 95 accounts)
(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other.

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

## Table 2D: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the working balance and the social security deficit/surplus

Country: BULGARIA
Data are in ...(millions of units of national currency) Date: 30/09/2009
Working balance in social security accounts
Basis of the working balance
Financial transactions included in the working balance
Loans (+/-)
Equities (+/-)
Other financial transactions (+/-)
of which: transactions in debt liabilities (+/-)
Detail 1
Detail
Non-financial transactions not included in the working balance Detail 1
Detail 2
Difference between interest paid ( + ) and accrued (EDP D.41)(-)
Other accounts receivable (+)
Detail 1
Detail 2
Other accounts payable (-)
Detail
Detail
Working balance (+/-) of entities not part of social security funds
Net borrowing (-) or net lending (+) of other social security bodies
Detail
Detail
Other adjustments (+/-) (please detail)
Detail 1
Detail 2
Detail 3
Net borrowing (-)/lending(+) (EDP B.9) of social security (S.1314)
(ESA 95 accounts)
(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

## Table 3A: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level (general government)


(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases.
(2) Consolidated within general government.
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplifl
(5) AF.2, AF. 33 and AF.4. At face value

Table 3B: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the government debt level and the consolidation of debt (central government)

(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases.

| (2) Consolidated within central government. | (4) Including capital uplift |
| :--- | :--- |
| (3) Due to exchange-rate movements. | (5) AF.2, AF.33 and AF.4. At face value. |

Table 3C: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level and the consolidation of debt (state government)

*Please note that the sign convention for net borrowing / net lending is different from tables 1 and 2.
(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases
(2) Consolidated within state government.
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplift
(5) AF.2, AF. 33 and AF.4. At face value

Table 3D: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level and the consolidation of debt (local government)

*Please note that the sign convention for net borrowing / net lending is different from tables 1 and 2.
(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases.
(2) Consolidated within local government
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplift
(5) AF.2, AF. 33 and AF.4. At face value

Table 3E: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the deficit/surplus and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level and the consolidation of debt (social security funds)


## *Please note that the sign convention for net borrowing / net lending is different from tables 1 and 2

(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decrease
(2) Consolidated within social security
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplift
(5) AF.2, AF. 33 and AF.4. At face value.

Table 4: Provision of other data in accordance with the statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993.


