## Reporting of Government Deficits and Debt Levels

in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) N ${ }^{\circ}$ 479/2009, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No 220/2014 and the Statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993

Set of reporting tables revised to comply with Council Regulation (EC) ${ }^{\circ}$ 479/2009, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No 220/2014

## Member State: Poland <br> Date: 14/04/2021

DD/MM/YYYY
The information is to be provided in the cover page only

Table 1: Reporting of government surplus/deficit and debt levels and provision of associated data.

Tables 2A to 2D: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the national definitions of government balance and the surplus/deficit (B.9) of each government subsector.

Tables 3A to 3E: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the government surplus/deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the government debt level, and the consolidation of debt (general government and general government subsectors).

Table 4: Provision of other data in accordance with the statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993.

Yellow and grey cells: compulsory detail; green cells: automatic compilation; blue cells: voluntary detail.
Not applicable: M ; Not available: L
For all "vertical and horizontal checks" cells is used "Comma Style" Format. Thus, cell which is equal to " 0.00 " (zero) is shown as "-". Also 1000 separator is used.

Table 1: Reporting of government surplus/ deficit and debt levels and provision of associated data


Table 2A: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the public accounts budget balance and the central government surplus/deficit

(ESA 2010 accounts)
(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other.

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice


## Table 2C: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the working balance and the local government surplus/ deficit


(ESA 2010 accounts)
(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, othe

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

## Table 2D: Provision of the data which explain the transition between the working balance and the social security surplus/ deficit



## (ESA 2010 accounts)

(1) Please indicate accounting basis of the working balance: cash, accrual, mixed, other

Note: Member States can adapt tables 2A, B, C and D to their national specificity according to the established practice

Table 3A: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the surplus/ deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level (general government)

(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases. (4) Including capital uplift
(2) Consolidated within general government
(5) AF.2, AF. 3 and AF. 4 at face value.
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.

## Table 3B: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the surplus/ deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level

and the consolidation of debt (central government)

(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decrease
(2) Consolidated within central government.
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplift
(5) AF.2, AF. 3 and AF. 4 at face value.

Table 3C: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the surplus/ deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level
and the consolidation of debt (state government)


Table 3D: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the surplus/ deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level
and the consolidation of debt (local government)


Table 3E: Provision of the data which explain the contributions of the surplus/ deficit and the other relevant factors to the variation in the debt level and the consolidation of debt (social security funds)

(1) A positive entry in this row means that nominal debt increases, a negative entry that nominal debt decreases.
(2) Consolidated within social security.
(3) Due to exchange-rate movements.
(4) Including capital uplift
(5) AF.2, AF. 3 and AF. 4 at face value.

Table 4: Provision of other data in accordance with the statements contained in the Council minutes of 22/11/1993.


