







Community Innovation Survey 2016 - 2018

The aim of the survey is to collect information on the enterprises' innovations and innovation activities during the three years **2016 to 2018 inclusive**.

The survey is conducted on a <u>mandatory</u> basis in all Member States of the European Union in implementation of the <u>European Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 995/2012</u>¹. The National Documentation Centre (http://www.ekt.gr/en), as the national authority of the Hellenic Statistical System (3482 β /2017²) for European Research, Development and Innovation statistics, carries out the collection, analysis and production of Innovation statistics for Greek enterprises in <u>cooperation</u>³ with the Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT).

Following the national regulation 3832/2010, the provision of data is <u>mandatory</u>, the content of the questionnaire is <u>exclusively used for statistical purposes</u> and <u>treated</u> <u>as confidential</u>.

A **business innovation**⁴ is a new or improved product or business process (or combination thereof) that differs significantly from the firm's previous products or business processes and that has been introduced on the market or brought into use by the firm.

There are <u>two major types</u> of business innovation: innovations that change the firm's products (*product innovations*), and innovations that change the firm's business processes (*business process innovations*). A product is a good or service (or combination thereof). Business processes include all core activities by the firm to produce products and all ancillary or supporting activities

The survey questionnaire consists of the following sections:

- Section 1: Enterprise identification
- Section 2: Strategies and work organisation
- Section 3: Knowledge flows and intellectual property rights
- Section 4: Innovation
- Section 5: Enterprise basic information
- Section 6: Questionnaire evaluation

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¹ https://metrics.ekt.gr/sites/metrics-ekt/files/pages-pdf/Implementing Regulation No 995 2012.pdf

² https://metrics.ekt.gr/sites/metrics-ekt/files/pages-pdf/FEK_3482_B_5.10.2017.pdf

³ https://metrics.ekt.gr/sites/metrics-ekt/files/pages-pdf/mnimonio_synergasias_ELSTAT_EKT.PDF

⁴ <u>OECD/Eurostat (2018), Oslo Manual 2018: Guidelines for Collecting, Reporting and Using Data on Innovation, 4th Edition, The Measurement of Scientific, Technological and Innovation Activities, OECD</u>





Section 1: Enterprise identification

Name of the enterprise :	
VAT:	
Address :	
Postal code :	
City:	
Municipality:	
Regional unit :	
Website :	
Primary sector of economic	activity (NACE rev. 2 – in terms of highest turnover):
First name :	······································
	the enterprise for this questionnaire
Last name :	
Department :	
Position :	
Telephone :	
E-mail:	
(if different from the pers	r the completion of the questionnaire son reported in question 1.2 above)
First name :	
Last name :	
Department :	
Department : Position :	
Department :	

Please answer all further questions <u>only</u> for the activities of the enterprise reported in question 1.1. Exclude the activities of all subsidiaries or parent enterprises.

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⁵ A group consists of two or more legally defined enterprises under common ownership. Each enterprise in the group can serve different markets, as with national or regional subsidiaries, or serve different product markets. The head office is also considered part of an enterprise group (Eurostat Statistics Explained Glossary).





Section 2: Strategies and work organisation

2.1 During the three years 2016 to 2018, how important were the following strategies to the economic performance of your enterprise?

Strategy	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important
Focus on improving your existing goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on introducing new goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on low-price (price leadership)	0	0	0	0
Focus on high-quality (quality leadership)	0	0	0	0
Focus on a broad range of goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on one or a small number of key goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on satisfying established customer groups	0	0	0	0
Focus on reaching out to new customer groups	0	0	0	0
Focus on standardised goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on customer-specific solutions	0	0	0	0

2.2 During the same period, how important were the following strategies to the digital advancement of your enterprise?

Strategy	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important
Focus on digital transformation as a constant strategy for further development of the enterprise	0	0	0	0
Focus on digital technology for improving and developing goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on digital technology for enhancing the logistics, delivery and distribution of goods or services	0	0	0	0
Focus on the installation / development of customer management systems (CRM)	0	0	0	0
Focus on enhancing digital channels (social media, apps, etc.) in order to continually improve customer communication	0	0	0	0
Focus on streamlining business processes based on new digital technologies (ERP systems)	0	0	0	0
Focus on enhancing digital skills of staff	0	0	0	0





2.3 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise offer any of the following types of goods or services to meet user requirements⁶?

		Yes	NO
•	Goods or services <u>co-created with users</u> , i.e. the user had an active role in the creation of the idea, design and development of the product (co-creation)	0	0
•	Goods or services designed and developed specifically to meet the needs of particular users (<u>customisation</u>). This excludes mass customisation, i.e. customised versions of standard products.	0	0
•	Standardised goods or services offered to different users in the same way. This includes <u>mass customisation</u> .	0	0

If 'yes' to at least one of the options 'co-creation' or 'customisation, go to question 2.4. Otherwise, go to question 2.6.

2.4 For the products resulting from 'customisation' (excluding mass customisation) or 'co-creation', the users included:

		Yes	No
•	Private business enterprises	0	0
•	Public sector organisations ⁷	0	0
•	Individuals or households	0	0
•	Non-profit organisations	0	0

2.5 Please provide an estimate for the percentage of turnover in 2018 from:

	%
Products resulting from 'customisation' or 'co-creation'	
Standardised products	
Total turnover in 2018	100%

2.6 During the three years 2016 to 2018, how important to the management of your business were the following methods of organising work?

Methods of organising work	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important
Planned job rotation of staff across different functional areas	0	0	0	0
Regular brainstorming sessions for staff to think about improvements that could be made within the business	0	0	0	0
Cross-functional work groups or teams (combined across different working areas or functions)	0	0	0	0
Use of digital channels (such as web conferencing, skype, intranet, internal chat, etc.) to enhance communication and exchange of ideas between staff	0	0	0	0

⁶ A user can be an end customer or an enterprise which uses a product as an intermediate product.

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⁷ Public sector includes all bodies of general government, such as ministries, regional and local authorities and their subunits, all public organisations, state-owned/public enterprises (like DEI SA, OASA SA), non-profit public institutions and any other body that is financed by the aforementioned organisations (http://www.statistics.gr/el/statistics/-/publication/SEL08/-).





Section 3: Knowledge flows and intellectual property rights

Technical services include any consulting activity that involves any kind of technic engineering information, e.g. engineering services, measurement and testing services design services, R&D services, certification services, digital transformation service refitting and retrofitting services. Yes	al, sciei vices, in	ntific or dustrial
No ○		
If yes, please note from which the technical services were purchased: Tick all that apply		
 Private business enterprises 		
Public research organisations, universities or other higher education institutionsOther		
3.2 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise purchase equipment or software based on:		
	Yes	No
 The same or improved technology <u>used</u> in your enterprise before 	0	0
 New technology that was <u>not used</u> in your enterprise before 	0	0
3.3 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise use any of channels to acquire knowledge?	the fol	lowing
	Yes	No
Conferences, trade fairs or exhibitions	0	0
 Scientific/technical journals or trade publications 	0	0
 Professional or industry associations 	0	0
 Published patents 	0	0
 Standardisation documents or committees 	0	0
 Social web-based networks or crowd-sourcing 	0	0
 Open business-to-business platforms or open-source software 	0	0
 Extracting knowledge or design information from goods or services (reverse engineering) 	0	0
3.4 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise:	Yes	No
 Apply for a patent 	0	0
 Register an industrial design right 	0	0
Register a trademark	0	0
Claim a copyright	0	0
 Use trade secrets 	0	0
- Ose trade secrets	O	O
3.5 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise:		
	Yes	No
 License out its own intellectual property rights (IPRs)⁸ 	0	0
 Sell its own IPRs (or assign IP rights) to others 	0	0
Exchange IPRs (pooling, cross-licensing, etc.)	\circ	\circ

⁸ Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) are private legal rights that protect intellectual property, such as patents, industrial designs, and trademarks.





3.6	During the or other		years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise purchase or licens	e-in p	oatents
	Yes				
	No	Ö	⇒ Please continue with section 4		
			e from which the intellectual property rights (IPRs) were p	urcha	ased:
	Tick <u>all</u> tha		os antornarios		
			ss enterprises		
		c resear utions	ch organisations, universities or other higher education		
	Other	r			
Se	ction	4: Inn	novation		
tha you Pro tan	t have beer r business. duct innove gible object	n original Simple re ations car ts, such a	ices and that has been <u>introduced on the market</u> . This includes ly developed by other companies or organisations but are new / esale of new goods, as well as changes of purely aesthetic nature, in involve two generic types of products: <u>goods and services</u> . Goods devices, but also knowledge-gathering goods, such as digital gentangible activities, such as banking, insurance or transport services.	improis excluds are allowed are	oved for luded. usually movies,
	■ New or	· improve		Yes	No O
ı		-	d services	0	0
q	uestion 4.	2. he same	of question 4.1, go to question 4.6. Otherwise, please cor		
	introduce	ed by yo	ur enterprise were:		
	■ Not n	roviously		Yes	No O
	-	-	offered by any of your competitors ry similar to products already offered by your competitors	0	0
4.3	Please e	stimate	the percentage of your enterprise's total turnover in or services) that were:	201	8 from
	products	(Boods (or services, that were.		%
	New or im		products (goods/services) that were not previously offered by and s	У	
		-	products (goods/services) that were identical or very similar to fered by your competitors	5	
	compared	to your	ervices) that were unchanged or only marginally modified renterprise's previous products (including the resale of new differm other enterprises)		
	Total turn	over in 2	010		100%

⁹ OECD/Eurostat (2018), Oslo Manual 2018: Guidelines for Collecting, Reporting and Using Data on Innovation, 4th Edition, The Measurement of Scientific, Technological and Innovation Activities, OECD





4.4 Who developed these new or improved products (goods and/or services	;)?	
Tick <u>all</u> that apply Your enterprise by itself		
 Your enterprise by itself Your enterprise together with other enterprises or organisations¹⁰ 		
 Your enterprise together with other enterprises or organisations Your enterprise by adapting or modifying processes originally developed by 	othor	Ш
enterprises or organisations	other	
Other enterprises or organisations		
A. F. Havy did the new or improved product/s) (goods/semises) introduced	duning 20	16 +
4.5 How did the new or improved product(s) (goods/services), introduced	auring 20	10 tc
2018, meet your enterprise's expectations by the end of 2018?Expectations were exceeded		0
 Expectations were exceeded Expectations were adequately met 		0
 Expectations were adequately met Expectations were met only to some extent 		0
 Expectations were not met at all 		Ö
 Too early to assess 		Ö
4.6 In 2018 did your enterprise performed sales through e-commerce?		
E-commerce ¹¹ is the sale or purchase of goods or services carried out through co	mputer net	works
with methods designed solely to send or receive orders. Payment and delivery of	•	
not necessarily done electronically. Orders received by telephone/fax or typed em	ail are excl	uded.
Yes		
No		
If yes, please estimate the percentage of your enterprise's total turnove	er in 2018	from
e-commerce sales, as corresponding to:	ararica's tu	* ***********************************
Percentages for the two categories should add up to the percentage of your enterprise from e-commerce ONLY and NO to the total business sales in 2018.	rprise's tui	novei
Products sold by your enterprise through e-commerce		%
New or improved products (goods/services) sold through e-commerce		/6
<u>Unchanged or only marginally modified</u> products (goods/services) sold through e-c	ommerce	
4.7 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise introdu	ce any o	f the
following new or improved business processes that differ significant	-	
enterprise's previous processes?		
New or improved business process ¹² , for one or more business functions, is the	business p	rocess
that <u>differs significantly</u> from the firm's previous business processes and that h	as been <u>bı</u>	rough
<u>into use</u> in the firm.		
The term business process includes the core business function of producing goods		
all supporting functions. Business processes can be delivered in-house or procur	ed from ex	terna
sources.		
New or improved business processes from 2016 to 2018 for:	Yes	No
 Production of goods or provision of services (including methods for 	r O	0
developing goods or services)		
 Logistics, delivery or distribution of goods or services 	0	0
 Information processing or communication (including information systems) 	s o	0
(software/hardware), databases etc.)	0	0
 Accounting or other administrative operations Business practices for organising procedures or external relations 	0	0
 Business practices for organising procedures or external relations Organisation of work responsibility, decision making or human resource 	_	\cup
management		0
 Promotion, packaging, pricing, product placement or after sales services 	0	0

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¹⁰ Other enterprises include independent enterprises plus other parts of your enterprise group (subsidiaries, sister enterprises, head office, etc.). Organisations include universities, research institutes, non-profits etc.

¹¹ ELSTAT, Survey on the use of information and e-commerce technologies in enterprises

¹²OECD/Eurostat (2018), Oslo Manual 2018: Guidelines for Collecting, Reporting and Using Data on Innovation, 4th Edition, The Measurement of Scientific, Technological and Innovation Activities, OECD





If 'no' to all options of question 4.7, go to question 4.11. Otherwise, please continue with question 4.8.

4.8 Who developed these new or improved business processes? Tick <u>all</u> that apply		
Your enterprise by itself		
 Your enterprise together with other enterprises or organisations¹³ 		
 Your enterprise by adapting or modifying processes originally developed by 	y other	
enterprises or organisations		
 Other enterprises or organisations 		
4.9 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise use digital the development of the new or improved business processes for:	technologi	es for
	Yes	No
 Production of goods or provision of services (including methods of developing goods or services) 	for O	0
 Logistics, delivery or distribution of goods or services 	0	0
 Information processing or communication (including information system (software/hardware), databases etc.) 	ms O	0
 Accounting or other administrative operations 	0	0
 Business practices for organising procedures or external relations 	0	0
 Organisation of work responsibility, decision making or human resour management 	rce	0
 Promotion, packaging, pricing, product placement or after sales services 	0	0
If digital technologies were used for the new or improved business these developed in-house 14? Yes O No O	processes,	were
4.10 How did the new or improved business processes introduced dur meet your enterprise's expectations by the end of 2018?	ing 2016 to	2018
 Expectations were exceeded 		0
 Expectations were adequately met 		\circ
 Expectations were met only to some extent 		\circ
 Expectations were not met at all 		0
 Too early to assess 		0

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¹³ Other enterprises include independent enterprises plus other parts of your enterprise group (subsidiaries, sister enterprises, head office, etc.). Organisations include universities, research institutes, non-profits etc.

¹⁴ In-house development involves the development of business processes either by the enterprise itself or by the enterprise together with other enterprises or organisations with the active participation of staff specialised in digital technologies.





During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise have any of the following 4.11 types of innovation activities?

Innovation activities¹⁵include all developmental, financial and commercial activities undertaken by a firm that are intended to result in an innovation for the firm, either in products and/or in business processes.

		Yes	No
•	Completed activities that resulted in the introduction of new or improved products (goods / services) and/or business processes	0	0
•	Ongoing innovation activities at the end of 2018	0	\circ
•	Abandoned innovation activities	0	\circ
•	In-house Research and Development (R&D) activities ¹⁶	0	\circ
•	Contracted-out R&D activities to other enterprises (including enterprises in your own group) or to public or private research organisations)	0	0
	se of in-house R&D activities carried out during the period of 2016 to	2018,	these

In activities were implemented:

•	Continuously (your enterprise had permanent R&D staff in-house)	C
•	Occasionally (as needed only)	C

If 'no' to all options of question 4.11, go to question 4.14. Otherwise, please continue with question 4.12.

4.12 How much did your enterprise spend on each of the following innovation activities in 2018?

If the precise values are not available, please fill in the best estimate. If there were no expenses for an activity in 2018, please fill in '0'.

	Expenditures in 2018 (in euros)
In-house Research and Development (R&D) activities Including labour cost, other current costs, capital costs for buildings/equipment specifically for R&D	€
Contracted-out R&D activities to others	€
All other innovation activities, excluding R&D, for the introduction of new or improved products (goods/services) and/or business processes Including acquisition of machinery, equipment, software, intellectual property rights, external knowledge, design of goods / services, preparation of production & distribution, staff training, marketing activities and market research	€
Total expenditure for innovation activities in 2018	€

¹⁵ OECD/Eurostat (2018), Oslo Manual 2018: Guidelines for Collecting, Reporting and Using Data on Innovation, 4th Edition, The Measurement of Scientific, Technological and Innovation Activities, OECD

¹⁶ Research and Development (R&D) comprises creative and systematic work undertaken in order to increase the stock of knowledge - including knowledge of humankind, culture and society - and to devise new applications of available knowledge (Frascati Manual 2015, OECD).





4.13 How much do you expect your enterprise's total innovation expenditures to change in 2019 and 2020?

Change in 2019 and 2020:	
2019 compared to 2018	2020 compared to 2019
○ Increase	O In organia
If yes, by approximately %	○ Increase
○ Stay about the same (+/- 5%)	○ Stay about the same (+/- 5%)
O Decrease If yes, by approximately %	○ Decrease
O No innovation expenditures expected	O No innovation expenditures expected
○ Don't know (yet)	○ Don't know (yet)
During the three years 2016 to 2019 following types of funding?	8, did your enterprise try to obtain the
	Yes, successfully

4.14

		Yes, successfully obtained some funding of this type	Tried, but not successfully	No
•	Equity finance (finance provided in exchange for a share in the ownership of the enterprise)	0	0	0
•	Debt finance (finance that the enterprise must repay)	0	0	0

If your enterprise obtained funding, please report for which activities the funding was used.

Tick all that apply

		Research and Development (R&D) activities	Other innovation activities, excluding R&D ¹⁷	Any other business activities
•	Equity finance (finance provided in exchange for a share in the ownership of the enterprise)			
•	Debt finance (finance that the enterprise must repay)			

4.15 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise receive any public financial support for innovation activities from the following levels of government?

Include financial support via tax credits or deductions, grants, subsidised loans, and loan guarantees, participations in projects via NSRF and other funded projects.

Exclude financing of activities conducted entirely for the public sector under contract. 18

		Yes	NO
•	Regions, Municipalities (via NSRF ¹⁹)	\circ	0
•	Regions, Municipalities (other than NSRF)	\circ	0
•	Ministries and other bodies of general government (via NSRF)	\circ	0
•	Ministries and other bodies of general government (other than NSRF)	\circ	0
•	EU Horizon 2020 Programme for Research and Innovation	\circ	0
•	Other financial support from a European Union institution	0	0

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¹⁷ Other innovation activities, excluding R&D, Include the acquisition of machinery, equipment, software, intellectual property rights, external knowledge, design of goods / services, preparation of production & distribution, staff training, marketing activities and market research.

¹⁸ Public sector includes all bodies of general government, such as ministries, regional and local authorities and their subunits, all public organisations, state-owned/public enterprises (like DEI SA, OASA SA), non-profit public institutions and any other body that is financed by the aforementioned organisations

¹⁹ NSRF stands for National Strategic Reference Framework.





If your enterprise obtained public financial support, please report for which activities the funding was used.

Tick all that apply

than NSRF) Ministries and other bodies of general government (via NSRF) Ministries and other bodies of general government (other than NSRF) EU Horizon 2020 Programme for Research and Innovation	
general government (other than	
Research and Innovation	_
- 01 (: : 1) (
 Other financial support from a European Union institution 	
4.16 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise use tax incent allowances for the following purposes? Yes	No
 Research and Development (R&D) activities or other innovation activities²⁰ Any other business activities 	0
4.17 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise co-operate with enterprises or organisations for any of the following types of activities? Co-operation is active participation with other enterprises or organisations on your ent activities. Both partners do not need to commercially benefit. Exclude pure contracting work with no active co-operation of your enterprise.	erprise's
Yes	No
 Research and Development (R&D) activities 	0
 Other innovation activities, excluding R&D²⁰ 	0
 Any other business activities 	0

If 'yes' to at least one of the first two options of question 4.17, please continue with question 4.18. Otherwise, go to question 4.19.

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²⁰ Other innovation activities, excluding R&D, Include the acquisition of machinery, equipment, software, intellectual property rights, external knowledge, design of goods / services, preparation of production & distribution, staff training, marketing activities and market research.





4.18 Please indicate the type of innovation co-operation partner by location. Tick <u>all</u> that apply

Type of co-operation partner	Greece	Other EU or EFTA countries ²¹	All other countries	No co- operation
Consultants, commercial labs, or private research institutes				
Suppliers of equipment, materials, components or software				
Enterprises that are your clients or customers				
Enterprises that are your competitors				
Other enterprises				
Enterprises within your enterprise group				
Universities or other higher education institutes				
Public research institutes				
Clients or customers from the public sector				
Non-profit organisations				

4.19 In which of the following areas did your enterprise's activities <u>mainly</u> contribute during the three years 2016 to 2018?

•	Agro-food	0
•	Biosciences, Health – Medicines	0
•	Information & Communication Technologies	0
•	Energy	0
•	Environment & Sustainable Development	0
•	Transport and Supply Chain	0
•	Materials – Constructions	0
•	Culture - Tourism – Cultural & Creative Industries	0
•	Other(please report the other area):	0

²¹ The Member States of the European Union (EU), except Greece, are: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. The EFTA countries are Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.





4.20 Please assess the effect of the following legislation or regulations and of the digital public services on your enterprise's innovation activities during the three years 2016 to 2018:

Tick <u>all</u> that apply

	Initiated or facilitated innovation activities	Prevented, hampered or increased costs of innovation activities	Had no effect / not relevant
Type of legislation or regulation			
Product safety, consumer protection			
Environmental			
Intellectual property			
Data protection			
Tax			
Employment, worker safety or social affairs			
Digital public services for enterprises			
Tax services			
Staff recording services such as recruitment, employment contracts, etc.			
Services for participation in research / development programmes			

4.21 During the three years 2016 to 2018, how important were the following factors in hampering your enterprises' decision to start/execute innovation activities?

	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important
Lack of internal finance for innovation	0	0	0	0
Lack of credit or private equity	0	0	0	0
Difficulties in obtaining public grants or subsidies	0	0	0	0
Costs too high for innovation activities	0	0	0	0
Lack of skilled employees within your enterprise	0	0	0	0
Lack of collaboration partners for innovation activities	0	0	0	0
Lack of access to external knowledge	0	0	0	0
Uncertain market demand for your enterprise's ideas	0	0	0	0
Too much competition in your enterprise's market	0	0	0	0
Different priorities within your enterprise	0	0	0	0





	ction 5: Enterprise basic information		
5.1	In which year was your enterprise established?		
5.2	In 2018, was your enterprise part of an enterprise group ²² ? Ye a. If yes, in which country is the head office of your group locat b. Please define the name of the group:	ed? nterprises o	
	Tes o No	O	. 2016
5.3	What was the average number of persons employed by your 2018?	enterprise	in 2016 and
	partners working regularly in the unit and unpaid family workers), as outside the enterprise's premises and are paid by it (e.g. sales represer repair and maintenance teams).	•	
		2016	2018
	Total number of persons employed		
	on the positions of general managers and department manager	rs?	
	If there are no executives for a category, please fill in '0'.	20	14.0
	if there are no executives for a category, please fill in 'U'.)18
		20 Men	018 Women
	Board of Directors		_
	Board of Directors General Managers		_
5.4	Board of Directors General Managers Department Managers Approximately what percent of the persons employed in your university or technical institution degree? Include first degree, master or/and PhD.	Men	Women
5.4	Board of Directors General Managers Department Managers Approximately what percent of the persons employed in your university or technical institution degree? Include first degree, master or/and PhD. 0% to less than 1% 1% to less than 5%	Men	Women
5.4	Board of Directors General Managers Department Managers Approximately what percent of the persons employed in your university or technical institution degree? Include first degree, master or/and PhD. 0% to less than 1%	Men enterprise in	Women

	Total expenditure (in euros)	% of each item in total expenditure
Acquisition of machinery, equipment, buildings and other tangible assets		
Marketing, brand building, advertising		
Training own staff	_	
Product design	€	
Software development, database work and data analysis		
Registering, filing and monitoring own Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs) and purchasing or licensing IPRs from others		

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²² A group consists of two or more legally defined enterprises under common ownership. Each enterprise in the group can serve different markets, as with national or regional subsidiaries, or serve different product markets. The head office is also considered part of an enterprise group (Eurostat Statistics Explained Glossary).





5.6 What was your enterprise's total turnover in 2016 and 2018?

	2016	2018
Total turnover (in euros)	€	€

5.7 Approximately, what was the percentage of your enterprise's turnover in 2018 from:

	%
Customers located in Greece	
Customers located in other EU and EFTA countries ²³	
Customers located in all other countries	
Total turnover in 2018	100%

5.8 During the three years 2016 to 2018, did your enterprise increase its share of existing markets (domestic or foreign) and/or expand into new markets (domestic or foreign)?

		Yes	No
•	Increase market share in existing markets (domestic or foreign)	0	0
•	Expansion to new markets (domestic or foreign)	0	0

5.9 During the three years 2016 to 2018, how important were the following practices for your enterprise's access in the markets (domestic or foreign)?

	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important / Not available
Operating a website with detailed information about the enterprise's goods or services	0	0	0	0
Interacting with customers online through live chats and/or digital social media	0	0	0	0
Operating an e-shop to serve all business customer profiles	0	0	0	0
Mobile app for direct customer access to the enterprise's goods or services	0	0	0	0
Regular feedback from customers through digital technologies (such as social media) on the enterprise's goods or services aiming at future improvements	0	0	0	0

5.10 How important are the following digital technologies for the future growth of your enterprise?

Digital technologies	Very important	Important	Less important	Not important / Not relevant
Big data analytics	0	0	0	0
3D printing	0	0	0	0
Automation and robotics	0	0	0	0
Artificial intelligence	0	0	0	0
Cloud computing	0	0	0	0
Internet of things	0	0	0	0
Blockchain technologies	0	0	0	0

²³ The Member States of the European Union (EU), except Greece, are: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. The EFTA countries are Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.





Section 6: Questionnaire evaluation

6.1 Please	provide	your	rating	on	the	questionnaire	with	reference	to	the	following
charact	teristics:										

	Very satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Somewhat dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied
Structure	0	0	0	0	0
Comprehension of terms/concepts	0	0	0	0	0
Ease of filling out the electronic questionnaire	0	0	0	0	0

6.2 During the survey period and the completion of questionnaire, did the ass	igned
partner contact you?	
 Yes, and we received support regarding the survey / completion of the questionnaire 	\circ
Yes, but there was no need for support regarding the survey / completion of the questionnaire	0
■ No	0
If yes, please provide your rating on your satisfaction from the contact of the ass	signed

If yes, please provide your rating on your satisfaction from the contact of the assigned partner:

	Very satisfied	Somewhat satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Somewhat dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied
Contact from assigned partner	0	0	0	0	0

6.3 Please provide an estimate for the time needed and the number of persons involved in the completion of the questionnaire.

and completion of the questionnance	
Time to complete the questionnaire (in hours)	
Number of people involved in the completion of the questionnaire	

6.4 Please write below any comments/suggestions for future improvements of the questionnaire.

---- END OF QUESTIONNAIRE - THANK YOU ----