Agri - environmental schemes for soil and water

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Sweden - the kingdom of 96 000 lakes

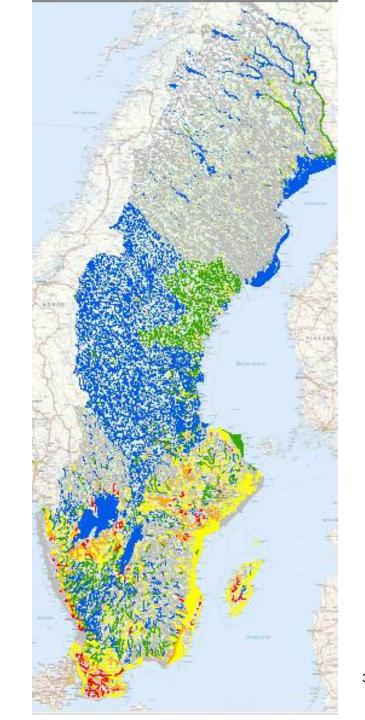




Yet needs for improved water quality

Water quality in terms of nutrient load (WFD)

Source: The Water Authority in the South Baltic Water District



Schemes for water and soil in RDP

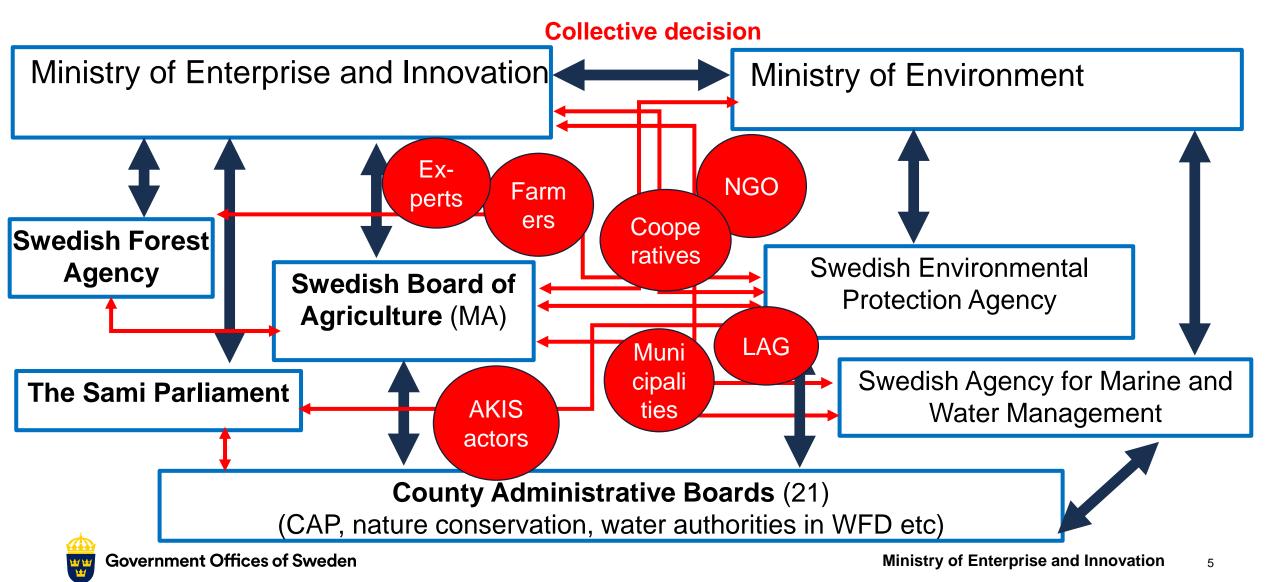
Agri-environmental schemes

- Buffer strips and buffer zones
- Catch crops
- Spring tillage
- Extensive management of permanent grassland

Investments for environment

- Wetlands and ponds
- Two-step ditches
- Regulated drainage
- Structural liming
- Limefilling ditches

Speaking the same langue for CAP in SE



Ex 1. Catch crops

Positive aspects

- + Well established measure
- + Effective on nutrients
- + Acts as carbon sink
- + Enables continued production

Some challenges today

- Sensitive to variations in weather, soil and crop rotation
- Unattractive scheme due to rules and risk for sanctions
- Farmers mess up with the greening?

Future possibility: Annual eco-scheme, indicators for multivalues?



Ex 2. Buffer zones and buffer strips

Positive aspects

- + Well established measure
- + Reduce runoff
- + Acts as carbon sink
- + Protects from pesticides
- + Adds features to landscape

Some challenges today

- Messed up with the greening
- Payment in some cases far to low
- Rules and risk for sanctions
- Need for regenerate the zone don't necessarily follow the 5 year round
- Great variation in effect

Future possibility:

Scheme with paymenet based on modelled effect?

Mapping for spots with risk for erosion

Areas where buffer zones adds high value

Not efficient

spot

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Source: Djodjic & Markensten, SLU, (2018) 8

Riskklasser

 (kg/km^2)

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Ex 3. Structural liming (reactive CaO + Ca(OH)₂)

Positive aspects

- + Improve clay soil structure + Reduced P runoff
- + Attractive for farmers due to increased soil stability and yield
- + Relativly cheap

Some challenges today

- Great variation in effect between different field situations
- Uncertain effect in the long run
- Not accepted in organic farming
- Better and more simple subsidy through national funding in SE

Future possibility:

Continued farm advice + simpler measure attractive enough to include the risk for failure? **Government Offices of Sweden**

Further discussions in SE

- 1. How to design effective voluntary actions that attracts farmers with lack of time and fear of administration?
- 2. Where do we find the balance between simplification and well targeted measures?
- 3. How to get measures done on high value farms or soils with the approach of average "aditional costs and income forgone"?
- 4. Indicators and payment for multifunctions?

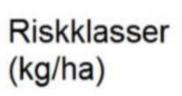


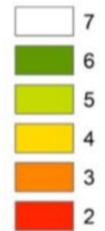
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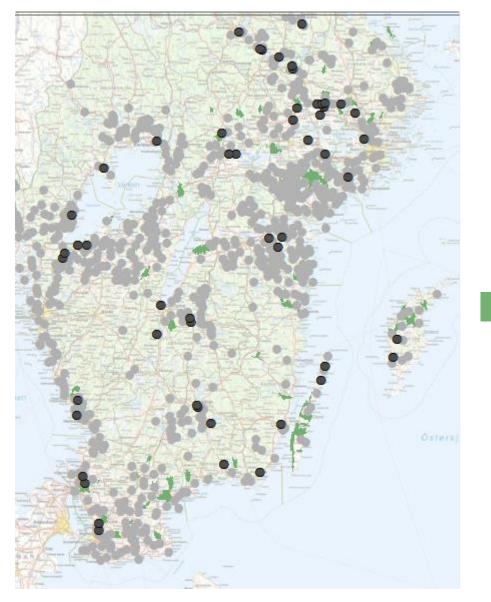




Risk for erosion fieldlevel







Wetlands as a mean to reach good ecological status in WFD

Established wetlands, RDP 2016-2018
Proposed new establishments until 2021

Proposed new establishments 2021-2027

Source: The Water Authority in the South Baltic Water District