



Dutch collective approach and result-based AECM

Aard MULDERS

Nature and Biodiversity Department Ministry of Agriculture, Nature, Food Quality a.n.a.m.mulders@minez.nl

The Netherlands



Background: what did we want to achieve?



- Long term Goal (2020 ->): sustainable rural areas with a vital agricultural sector;
 - supported by a new farmland-linked CAP delivery model;
- Short term goal (2014-2020): Nature efficiency;
 - supported by a collective approach for AECM;
 - started on 1^e January 2016;
- Key-rôle for farmers to improve biodiversity and water quality;
- It comes together in rural areas, with groups of farmers (collectives) in a central position.



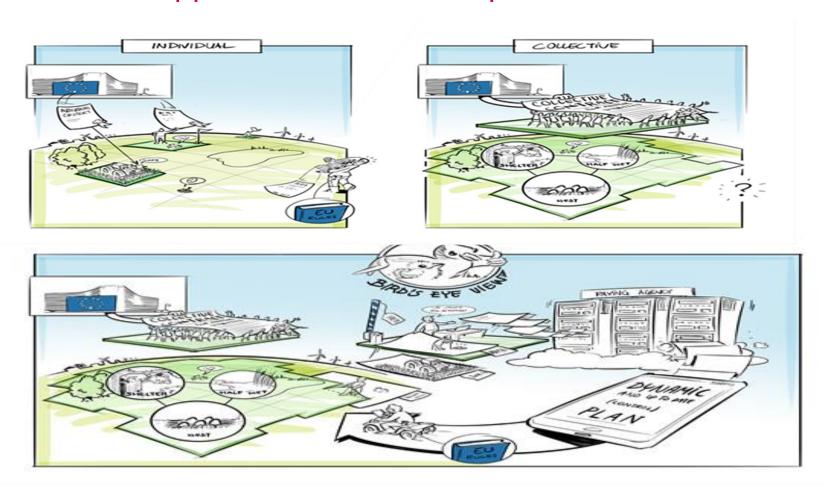
A new approach to agri-environmental delivery



- Focus on creating good habitat conditions for rare species and water quality protection (regionally) instead of commitments on farm level;
- 40 certified collectives as final beneficiaries to:
 - enhance effectiveness;
 - improve efficiency;
 - improve knowledge-skills;
 - make better use of local skills and energy;
- Improve policy monitoring: goals versus commitments;
- Flexibility to respond to changes in nature and climate.

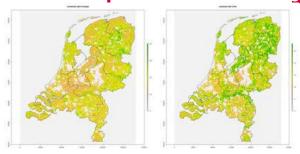


A collective approach on a landscape level



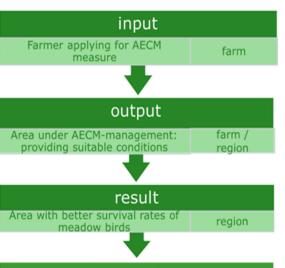


Output and objectives



 Local output: yearly management plans for habitats, made by the collectives;

 Regional objectives: Regional nature conservation plans (habitat / focus area);



impact

region /

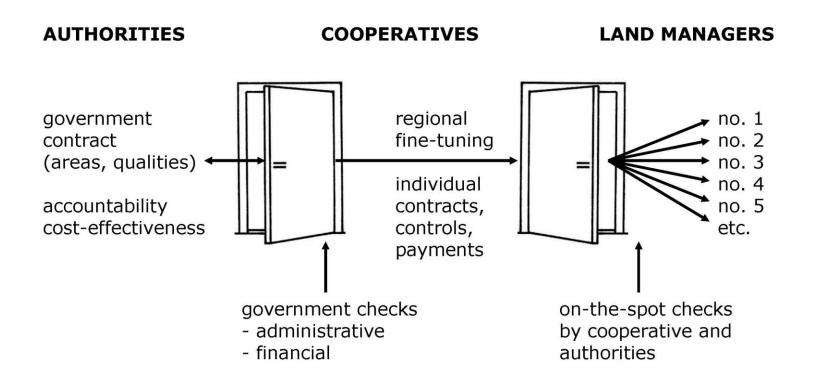
country

Stable/positive farmland bird

- National objectives: species that are largely dependent of farmland:
 - defining habitat characteristics;
 - national map of species and promising areas;
- EU Objective: Birds- and Habitat Directive conservation objectives.



Front door - back door





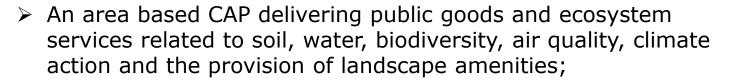
Lessons learned: what are the policy needs for a good management of habitat/waterways?

- a regionally targeted approach;
- flexibility in nature management;
- support of cooperation between farmers, and other stakeholders;
- strengthening of monitoring and a knowledge network;
- assurance of a sound implementation under EU and national regulations;
- a good coordinator!



Looking towards the future CAP





- A better connection between the two pillars in the CAP: all area-based CAP support in one regional / targeted approach as a new concept for delivering SDG's;
- Improve the result-based component of the scheme;
- National and regional sustainable development plans with (groups of) farmers as final beneficiary, depending on the measure;
- Adjusting the compliance framework and new possibilities for control and application;
- > Pilots



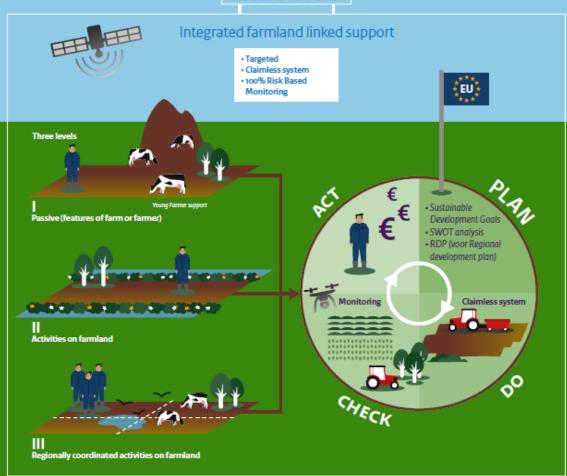
Farmland linked CAP support

OLD SYSTEM

Area based support (IACS) 100% administrative and 5% on the spot controls First Pillar Second Pillar Direct payment · Agro Environment & greening Climate measures No SWOT Analysis & Areas with Natural Constraints SWOT analysis Not Area based support Basic Payment Scheme **Area with Natural Constraints** Greening Young Farmer support

Young Farmer support

NEW SYSTEM







Thank You!

