



ANCs criteria, aggregation procedures and soil data base issues

Workshop on Areas facing natural or other specific constraints

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**EC DG JRC** 

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Joint Research Centre



# Content

- Biophysical criteria
- Spatial aggregation
- Combining criteria
- Procedure





JRC Scientific and Technical Reports

Updated common bio-physical criteria to define natural constraints for agriculture in Europe

# Criteria Factsheets - Art 32.3

DEFINITION

ODITEDION

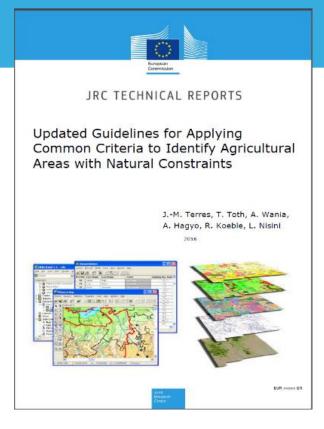
DEFINITION	natural constraints for agriculture in Euro
	Definition and scientific justification for the common biophysical crit
Length of Growing Period (number of days) (LGP <sub>t5</sub> ) OR	Editors: Jos Van Orshoven, Jean-Michel Terres, Tibor Tóth
Thermal-time sum (degree-days) for Growing Period	Contributors: Robert Jones, Christine Le-Bas, Freddy Nachtergaele, David Rossiter, Jos Van Orshoven, Rogier Schulte, Harrij van Velthuizen
Ratio of the annual precipitation (P) to annuall (PET)	F
Number of days at or above Field capacity	
Areas which are water logged for significant duration of the year	
same feature (	
	EII 2000EV 2004
Relative abundance of clay, silt, sand, organic matter (weight %)	2
and coarse material (volumetric %) fractions	JRC iss EVINDYEAR COMMISSION Extraction
	Topsoins neary day (= 0070 day) on
	Organic soil (organic matter ≥30%) OR
different features	Topsoil contains 30% clay vertic properties
	≤ 30cm
Presence of salts, exchangeable sodium, excessive acidity	Salinity: ≥ 4 (dS/m) OR
	Sodicity: ≥ 6 (ESP) OR
	Seil Acidity: pH ≤ 5 (in water)
Change of elevation with respect to planimetric distance (%).	≥ 15% <b>3</b>
Centre	
	Length of Growing Period (number of days) (LGP <sub>t5</sub> ) OR Thermal-time sum (degree-days) for Growing Period Ratio of the annual precipitation (P) to annuall (PET)  Number of days at or above Field capacity  Areas which are water logged for significant duration of the year Same feature  Relative abundance of clay, silt, sand, organic matter (weight %) and coarse material (volumetric %) fractions  different features  Depth (cm) from soil surface to coherent hard rock / hard pan  Presence of salts, exchangeable sodium, excessive acidity



# **Updated guidelines document**

To guide MS on ANC delineation process for best use of their capacities and **data characteristics** 

Used as reference to ensure consistent assessment



- no single answer fits all, not a detailed description on steps / procedures
- not legally binding
- but recommendations to be adapted by MS
- draws on feedback from experts, meetings with MS and JRC 'in-house' experience
- 'living document': takes into account situations encountered in MS, technically discussed with Commission's services

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#### **Data requirements: Climate**

Time series of daily meteorological data over 30 recent years

WMO reference climatic period: 1 January 1961 – 31 December 1990

or update • 1 January 1971 – 31 December 2000

• 1 January 1981 – 31 December 2010

- Use the same time period for all climate criteria
- Climate criteria: probabilistic way to account for inter-annual variability threshold is passed > 20% of years





### Data requirements: Soil data

- Drainage
- Stoniness
- Texture
- Organic matter content and thickness
- Vertic properties
- Rooting depth (cm)
- Salinity
- Sodicity
- Acidity (pH)

- Less harmonized
- Soil map scale: possibly 1:25.000 1:50.000 -compatible with admin unit size
- Preferably direct soil information rather than soil classification
- Soil mapping unit: possible correction with share of soil types
- If the semantic resolution is not appropriate (different classes)
  - Use the classes that fulfil the threshold or
  - Reclassification with verification
- Topsoil: definition (ISO 11074, Jones et al., 2008)







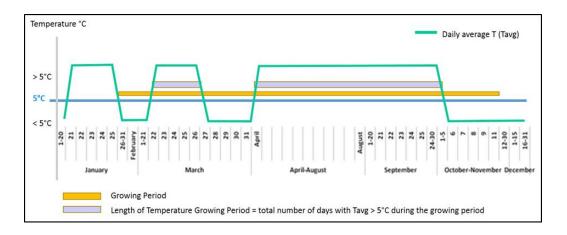
#### **Derivation of each criterion**

#### Low temperature

#### How to calculate

- daily average temperature
- duration of the growing period

- Thermal-time sum, TS<sub>5</sub> (°Cd) or
- Length of the temperature growing period (LGP<sub>5</sub>, days)



Interpolation method





#### **Derivation of each criterion**

#### Limited soil drainage

- 1 definition 3 thresholds
- Wetness duration (depth, number of months); or
- poorly drained/very poorly drained (ground water table); or
- Gleyic colour pattern within 40cm from the surface;
- 3 thresholds not all to be assessed
   Use the one that corresponds best to available soil data
- Soil types can be used (e.g. Gleysols)
- if direct relationship between the taxonomic class and actual drainage conditions, or
  - if confirmed by soil profile datasets





# Agricultural area

EU reg. 1305/2013 Art 2: definition of agricultural area

→ Maximum Eligible Area defined at reference parcel level, as in Art. 5(2)(b) of R640/2014)



Aggregation procedure: diagnostic administrative unit

Art 32.3

Criteria A

Criteria B

Agricultural area

Non agriculture

Agricultural area constrained

One criterion can qualify an area to be constrained

Overlap to be counted only once

 Minimum 60% of agricultural area of administrative unit must be constrained to qualify for ANC

- Agricultural area to consider
- Spatial analysis necessary (with GIS)





Aggregation procedure: diagnostic administrative unit

Art 32.4

Criteria A

Criteria C (20% margin)

Criteria D (20% margin)

Agricultural area

Non agriculture

Agricultural area constrained

Overlaying criteria (with negative synergy) qualify for an area to be constrained (both thresholds at 20% margin)

 Criterion (at threshold level) + overlapping criteria (with neg. synergy) (thresholds at 20% margin): possible to reach the 60% of agricultural area of the administrative unit --- ANC specific

Spatial analysis necessary (with GIS)





## Required documentation in the ANC report

- Meteorological datasets, characteristics, calculation, also interpolation method + validation
- Soil datasets characteristics, soil classification system, applied methodology to derive the soil criteria, validation when necessary
- Terrain dataset characteristics, applied methodology
- Description of the aggregation method
- Intermediate and final results:
  - maps and tables by criterion
  - map and table of the aggregated result





# Updated guidelines Information, documentation

Previous (LFA) delimitation [EC 1698(2005)]

	Art. 18	Art. 19	Art. 20	Not LFA
Agricultural				
area (ha)				

ANC with bio-physical criteria (before Fine-tuning)

	Art. 19 Agricultural area (ha)	Not Art. 19 (outside Art 18) Agricultural area (ha)	Total Agricultural area (ha)
ANC Art 32.3			
Not ANC Art 32.3			
Total			

ANC designation EU 1305/2013, Art.32 (after Fine-tuning)

2	ANC 'mountain' Art32.1.a)	ANC 'other than mountain' Art32.1.b)	ANC 'Specific' Art32.1.c)
Agricultural area (ha) Joint			



# Art 32.4: Combining criteria Methodological document

- Explore options within the legal framework to sensibly combine biophysical criteria
- Provide guidance and recommendations
- Propose credible sub-severe thresholds for combinations (within the margin of 20% of the initial value) which could still trigger a limitation to agricultural activity
- Provide factsheets for plausible combination
- Reference for consistent assessment





## Art 32.4: Combining criteria

#### Sub-severe threshold with agronomic relevance for criteria combination (1)

CRITERION	DEFINITION	THRESHOLD	Margin ≤ 20% of threshold value
		Regulation EU(1305)2013 – Annex III	(value suggested by JRC expert group)
CLIMATE			
Low Temperature	LGP TS	≤ 180 days ≤ 1500 °C-days	≤ 195 days (216 days) ≤ 1575 °C-days
Dryness	P / PET	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.6
CLIMATE AND SOIL			
Excess Soil Moisture	FCD	≥ 230 days	≥ 210 days
SOIL			
Limited Soil Drainage		Wet 80cm > 6 months, Poorly or very poorly drained Gleyic colour pattern	No change No change No change







# Art 32.4: Combining criteria Sub-severe threshold for criteria combination (2)

		≥ 15% topsoil is coarse material,	≥ 10% of topsoil volume is coarse
Unfavourable		Sand, loamy sand in half of 1m	Sand, loamy sand in 40% of 1m
Texture and		Texture heavy clay (≥ 60% clay)	Texture ≥ 50% clay
Stoniness		Organic matter ≥30%, at least 40cm	Organic matter ≥ 30%, at least 30cm
		Clay and vertic properties	No change
Shallow Rooting	Depth	Rooting depth ≤ 30cm	Rooting depth ≤ 35cm
Depth	(cm)		
		Salinity ≥ 4 dS/m	Salinity ≥ 3.2 dS/m
Poor Chemical		Sodicity ≥ 6 ESP	Sodicity ≥ 4.8 ESP
Properties			
		pH (H <sub>2</sub> 0) ≤ 5	Topsoil pH $(H_20) \le 5.5$
TERRAIN			
Steep Slope		Slope ≥ 15%	Slope ≥ 12%





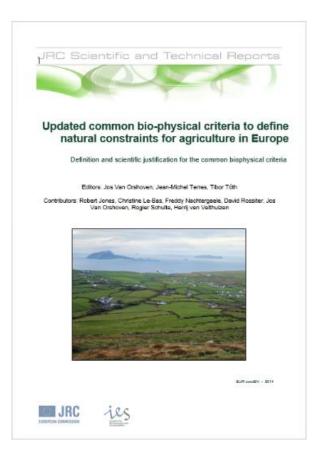


## Art 32.4: Combining criteria

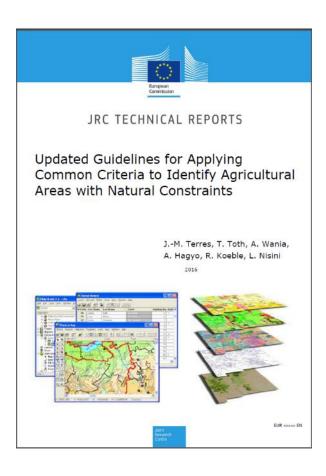
- Interaction means also more uncertainties, it requires more detailed semantic and geographical data to be quantified
- Complex: 8 criteria but 14 sub-criteria → 91 pair-wise combinations
- Difficulties for some sub-severe thresholds:
  - ❖ Not present in soil databases (e.g. shallow rooting depth at 36cm!)
  - Not a constraint anymore at +20% (e.g. LGP ≤ 216 days)
  - ❖ Not definable (qualitative attribute) (e.g. clay with vertic properties)



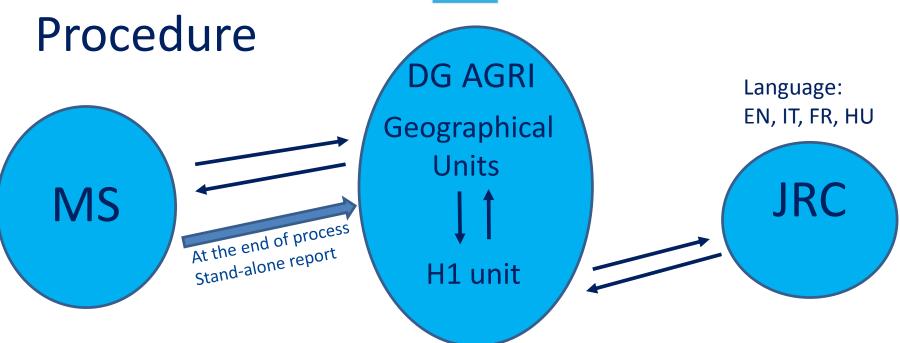
# Guiding documents produced by JRC











Technical meeting/discussion between JRC & MS possible



# ANC delineation status as 18th October 2016 to knowledge of JRC

