



FARM PERFORMANCE, PRODUCTIVITY and SUSTAINABILITY



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

NEW DATA FOR MONITORING AND EVALUATION



NIVA - Data
interoperability for
farmer
performance
measurement tool



The FLINT
Farm Return
data recording
system



MIND STEP

Database and

Model Interfaces



The
DEMETER
Agricultural
Information
Model



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Outputs: NEW DATA FOR M&E



NIVA - Data interoperability
for farmer performance
measurement tool

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- widens the range of data that is relevant for evaluating farm performance and sustainability
- offers information about beneficiaries and nonbeneficiaries (enabling counterfactual analysis)



The FLINT Farm Return data recording system

- offers additional data and complements the national/regional FADN sample
- offers a system for recording additional data required



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Outputs: NEW DATA FOR M&E



MIND STEP
Database and
Model Interfaces

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- offers access to farm-level data, relevant for evaluating agricultural and rural development policies by linking them with individual decision making models at the farm level
- offers a simulation model that can be used to evaluate the effects of agricultural policy on different farming systems



The DEMETER
Agricultural
Information
Model

- offers a multi-data source integration considering IoT, legacy systems, open data, geographical and satellite information to provide an open and interoperable data integration model
- makes data from different sources available through the interoperability of existing databases (data for all CAP Objectives)
- provides access to new data that can address evaluation questions for significant policy interventions



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Output: NEW INDICATORS



FLINT - Sustainability indicators at the farm level for monitoring and evaluating the CAP

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- offers 33 sustainability indicators (additional to existing ones), some of which are relevant for assessing the resilience of the farm sector
- allows the evaluation of trade-offs and coherence of policy measures. For example, a policy measure may improve environmental performance at the expense of economic performance, or the action may support environmental and economic performance



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

METHODOLOGIES



SPARD - Spatial
econometric
models for
evaluating RDP
measures



- A methodological tool for the ex ante evaluation of CAP reforms based on FADN data
- A methodological tool for the ex post evaluation of past CAP reforms based on FADN data
- Methodology for assessing the impact of adopting organic farming on farms' economic and environmental performance
- Methodological tool to evaluate farm performance



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Output: METHODOLOGIES



SPARD - Spatial
econometric models for
evaluating RDP
measures

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- offers a methodological framework for examining the effects of RDP programmes on different result and impact indicators considering the spatial dependence in the data
- covers indicators related to productivity in agriculture



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Output: METHODOLOGIES



A methodological tool for the ex ante evaluation of CAP reforms based on FADN data

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- allows the estimation of various developments such as price changes or policy changes on the cost function of EU farms utilising only FADN data
- allows scenario analysis and the ex ante evaluation of likely policy impacts
- may be used to assess the ex ante effects of the CAP Strategic Plans on productivity and farm viability



A methodological tool for the ex post evaluation of past CAP reforms based on FADN data

- allows the ex post estimation of the effects of policy changes (reforms) on the cost function of European farms by utilising only FADN data
- can be used to estimate policy impacts on competitiveness since the cost of production directly links to farm competitiveness



CAP Objective: Resilient farm sector

Output: METHODOLOGIES



Methodology for assessing the impact of adopting organic farming on farms' economic and environmental performance

Potential use in evaluation of the CAP

- offers a method to evaluate the cost difference between conventional and organic farming using only FADN data
- may be used in an ex ante context to assess the costs and benefits of interventions that support organic farming compared with conventional farming
- can be used in an ex ante or ex post context to assess the likely or actual effects of proposals or interventions on sustainability through organic farming practices



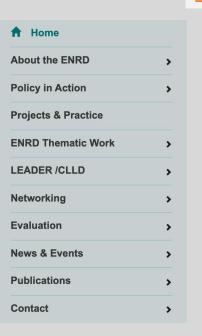
Methodological tool to evaluate farm performance

- helps overcome specific data difficulties such as outliers, to lift data constraints or fill in data gaps
- can be used to evaluate farm performance, examine farm efficiency and inefficiency, and make specific reference to economies of scale and competitiveness
- useful in evaluating indicators related to farming performance and competitiveness or examining the impacts of various measures on a farm's performance





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The 'Rural Voices'

report provides a qualitative

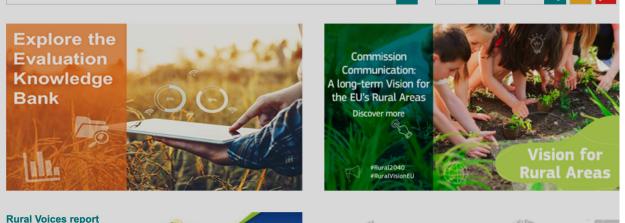
analysis of the findings from

contributing to the long-term

This ENRD port records the

stakeholder workshops

vision for rural areas.



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Rural

Voices

Evaluation Knowledge Bank

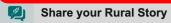
Insights into various outputs developed in initiatives and projects at the EU and Member States levels concerning data infrastructures and data use.

A quick guide on potential use, showing how these outputs could be used for monitoring and evaluation of the CAP.

TOOLS









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