

Common Agricultural Policy post-2020

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#FutureofCAP





COMMON CAP OBJECTIVES

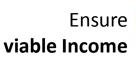
Increase **Competitiveness**

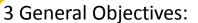




Rebalance
Power in Food Chain







- Foster a Resilient Farm Sector
- Bolster Environment and Climate
- Strengthen Fabric in Rural Areas

Protect Food & Health Quality



9 specific

CAP

OBJECTIVES



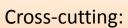
Sustainable Resource Management



Preserve

Landscapes &

Biodiversity



- Knowledge & Innovation
- Sustainable Development
- Simplification



Vibrant Rural Areas

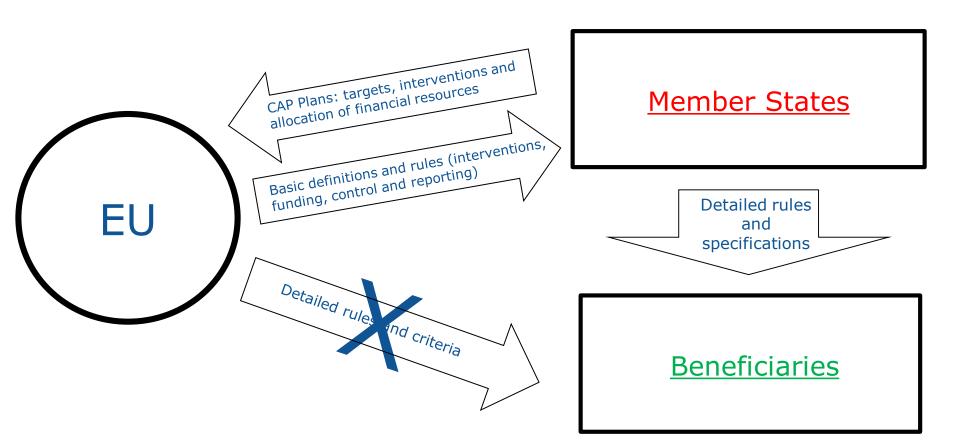
Support

Generational Renewal





A NEW CAP DELIVERY MODEL







A NEW GOVERNANCE

The Commission assesses and approves CAP plans and monitors progress.

Development of a national CAP Strategic Plan (MS)

Identification of needs, selection of interventions and quantified objectives, responsibility for the implementation, strong role of "partnership principle"

Annual and multiannual monitoring (MS, EU)

Annual report on the performance of the policy implementation



Definition of the European framework (EU)

9 objectives, indicators to monitor implementation, types of possible measures (interventions)





Implementation tailored to local realities (MS)

In order to improve the economic, social and environmental performance

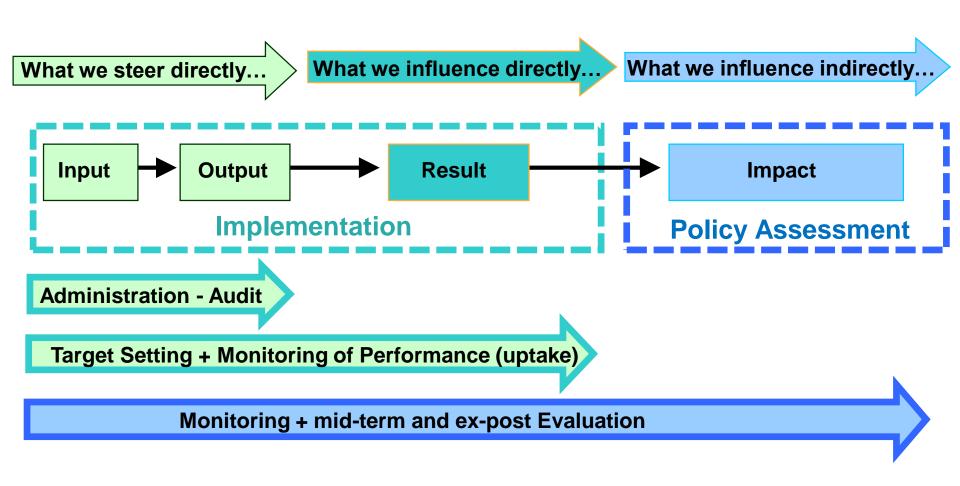
Stability in national governance structures

(paying agencies, certifying bodies and systems in the management of agricultural plots)





Intervention Logic: Output, Result, Impact







A COMMON SET OF INDICATORS



NB: Output counts each action once but one action can contribute to several results

NB: One result can contribute to several impacts



Implementation

Output Indicators



CAP Assurance

Output indicators give actions a number. They serve the purpose of linking expenditure to output. They are used for annual performance clearance.

Result Indicators



CAP Plan Management

Result indicators give actions a purpose. They are used for target setting in CAP plans and for monitoring progress towards those targets (annual performance review)

Policy Assessment

Impact Indicators



CAP Policy Performance

Impact indicators contribute to evaluating performance in relation to overall objectives (midterm and ex-post).





OVERVIEW - DIRECT PAYMENTS

Reduction of Direct Payments in 4 progressive Steps (25% from EUR 60 000 to EUR 100 000)

Couple Income Support

Complementary income support for young farmers (2% EAGFL)

Eco Schemes

Complementary Redistributive Income Support

Basic Income Support for Sustainability (BISS)





COMMON MARKET ORGANISATIONS

Largely unchanged

CMO instruments remain largely unchanged (safety net composed of public intervention and private storage aid and exceptional measures, but also marketing standards, rules on farmers' cooperation, etc.)

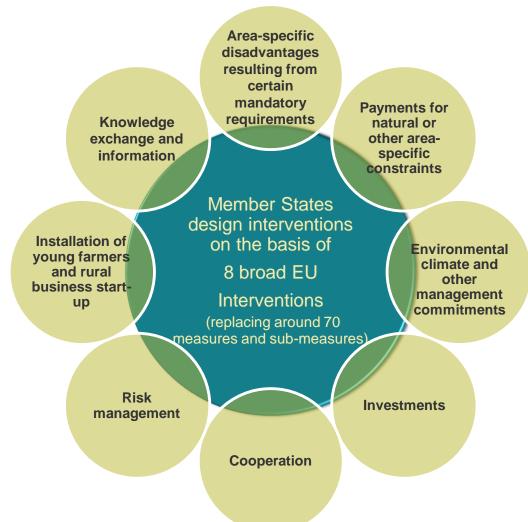
... but a few important points for higher effectiveness and simplification

- Integration of sectoral interventions in the CAP plan Regulation (for fruit and vegetables, wine, olive oil, hops and apiculture)
- Extension of the possibility to initiate sectorial interventions to other agricultural sectors
- Amendments to rules on geographical indications to make them more attractive and easier to manage
- Adjustment of allocations following the MFF proposal
- Delete a number of obsolete provisions





RURAL DEVELOPMENT



Specific Features

Ring-fencing of **total EAFRD** contribution:

- 30% for interventions addressing the 3 environmental/ climate objectives
- **5%** for LEADER

Mandatory risk management tools and Risk Management Strategy

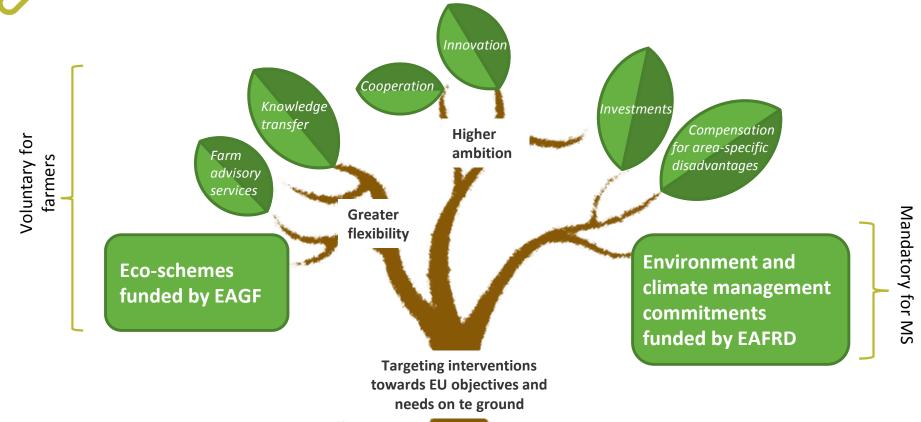
Simplified implementation of **LEADER**

Digital strategie to be included in CAP Strategic Plans

Possibilities for combining Financial Instruments and grants

Simpler way of ensuring coherence with other EU funds: CAP Plan instead of Partnership Agreement

THE NEW GREEN ARCHITECTURE



Mandatory for beneficiaries

Enhanced conditionality: 14 practices built on EU standards related to climate, water, soil, biodiversity, and landscapes and requirements from Nitrates Directive, Water Framework Directive, and Natura 2000





CAP STRATEGIC PLANS: CONTENT

Needs

- Analysis of sectorial and territorial needs
- Prioritisation

Strategy

- Definition of intended results (targets)
- Budget allocations

Interventions

- Intervention design
- Description of eligibility criteria and rules

Common issues

- Definitions, conditionality, CAP Network
- Payment rights, reductions of payments

Planning parameters

- Financial plan, target values, milestones, goverance
- Modernisation and simplification







WHAT HAPPENS IF MS ARE OFF TARGETS/MILESTONES*?

Scenario A
Insufficient progress
MS develops action
plan and...



Problem fixed!
Implementation
back on track. No
further action
needed..

Scenario B
Insufficient progress
MS develops action
plan but...



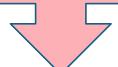
Problem isn't fixed!
No sanctions because
MS did as agreed.
Potential
readaptation of plans

Scenario C

Insufficient progress
MS develops no or insufficient action plan



Commission suspends funds for x % of the future declarations related to the relevant interventions <u>or</u> spread over expenditure related to the pillar(s) concerned



MS introduces a proper action plan → Scenario A/B

MS does not react.
Amounts
suspended are



