RURAL MOBILITY AND DIGITALISATION

Experiences with rural mobility in Brandenburg

20 March 2018

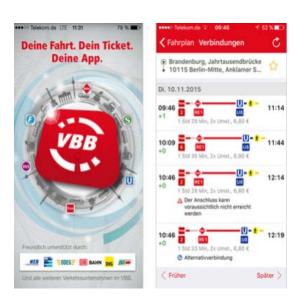
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Verkehrsverbund Berlin-Brandenburg

A Verkehrsverbund

- Organises the entire public transport network of one region
- Provides a harmonised ticket-system for all modes of public transport
- Provides a passenger information system for the entire network
- Co-ordinates the offers of rail, bus, tram, metro to ensure efficient connections from A to B









One ticket from Neuhardenberg to Berlin Tegel









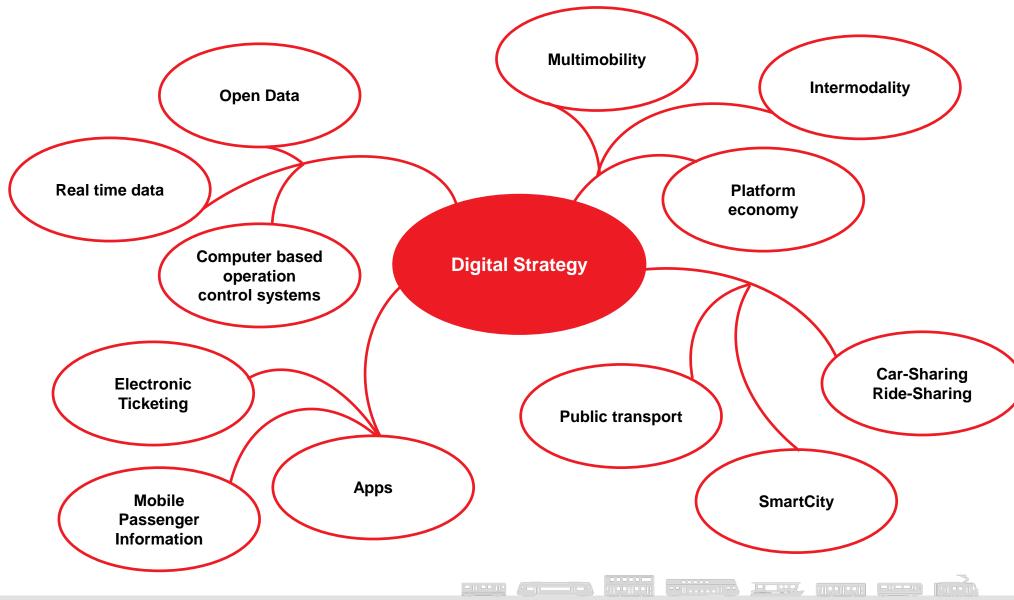








Digital Strategy...



... and Analog Reality in Rural Brandenburg

Lack of mobile network!











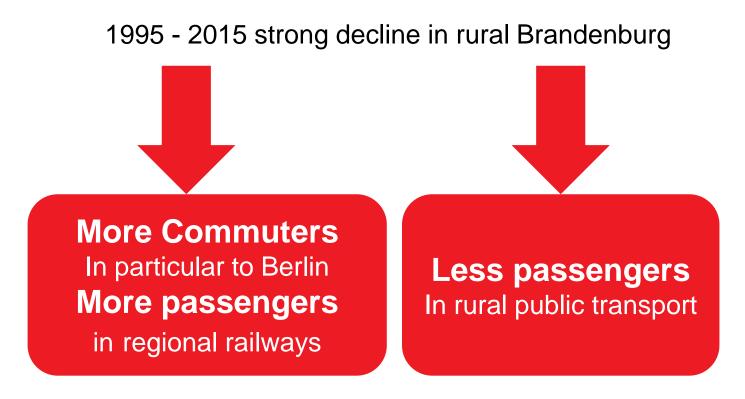








Decline in Brandenburg



2000: ~ 90 % of passengers in rural public transport were schoolchildren

Because of emigration of the working population the number of schoolchildren fell since then by 50-60 %















Public transport

- The idea of public transport is to bundle demand; one driver, many passengers
- Where this is no more possible public transport comes to its limits
- Do we need public transport in rural areas?
- In 2005 VBB started to set up demand responsive systems. The "Rufbus" = Call a Bus was flexible like a taxi but tried to bundle demand
- Flexibility of a taxi; price of public transport



 Very low demand; low ridership figures; in small niches successful but not as a general solution



















New approaches thanks digitalisation

- New services enable more flexible routing and ride sharing
- Integrated into intermodal travel planners (as vbb-fahrinfo) and electronic ticketing systems
- UBER, door2door, clever shuttle... follow the same approach of shared rides which can also be a potential for rural areas
- Is it more efficient to subsidise buses or shared mobility offers?

Are sharing platforms in reality more efficient?

















Do we need public transport in rural areas?

- Even in the rural parts of Brandenburg most people live in cities and along the main corridors
- Older people more and more have a car and are socialised by the car. If they are to old for a car they are to old for public transport as well!
- The neighbourhood cares for those who are not mobile!
- Young people use bikes or get driven!
 Quality of school transport often does not promote the use of public transport

















Our approach now

Aim: A good basic service for everyone

Regular services every hour along the larger corridors



Accepting the limitations or rural areas and of public transport

Additional services for schoolchildren, demand responsive systems, Taxi

















Possible future

- Public transport for the main corridors (railway, roads between cities, urban areas)
- Autonomous buses that offer flexible door to door services while bundling demand as feeders to the public transport network



















THANK YOU!

