The partnership approach and the local action group

Acting as a "partner"

- To take part in (association)
- To become involved (choice)
- To take a stand (commitment)
- To convey (communication)



Local partnership

- **New form of organisation in order to**
 - ✓ unite prime movers around a project
 - √ allow everyone to express their views
 - √ take a wider view of resources
 - √ ensure a link between actions
 - ✓ stay closer to local realities
 - √ manage in a flexible manner



Partnership, innovation and innovation levers

- construction or reconstruction of a social link (identity)
- formation of a network of relations and support groups
- prerequisite
 for the process of change

The LEADER partnership

The expression of a group of development players (public and private)



constituted in various forms

capable of organising and managing a collective approach

and with the legitimacy to manage public, funds

Components of a partnership

- A network of contacts
- Contractually agreed cooperation
- **⇒** A climate of trust
- Administrative and organisational ability
- Variable geometry depending on types of concerns

The local action group (LAG)

- An organisation with different beginnings and legal statuses (neither public administration nor private sector), set up to:
 - ✓ represent the interests of the development players and communities concerned
 - ✓ establish a strategy and implement the development programme
 - ✓ wield the power of decision

The team of practitioners

⇒ A team qualified to

- √ "animate" the development approach
- √ inform, train and advise
- √ foster dialogue
- ✓ identify those to be associated with the projects
- √ support project leaders

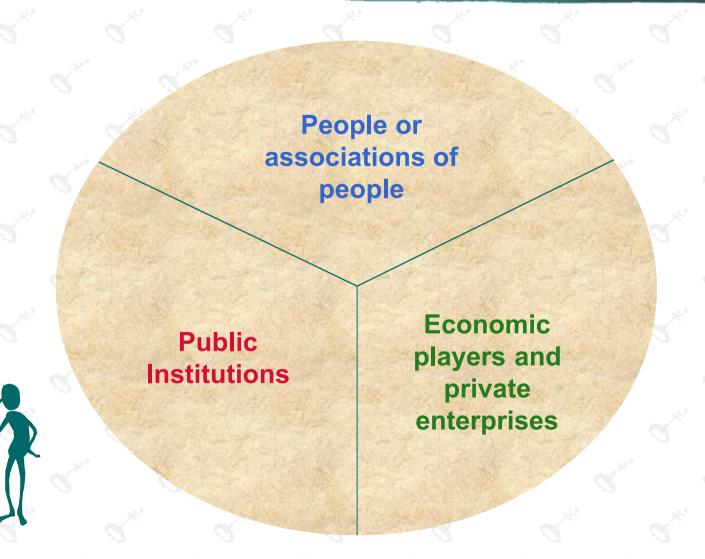


Tasks of the local action group

Forms of support appropriate to each stage of the project:

- √ information and advice
- √ "animation" and identification of project leaders
- √ training
- ✓ drawing up the business plan and sourcing finance
- √ interface with specialised bodies
- √ support and project monitoring
- ✓ collective actions

The players involved



Individuals or associations



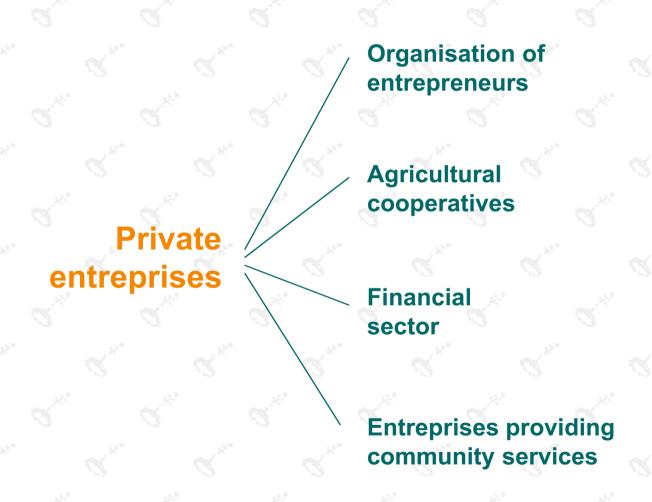
Associations representing an interest

Associations with a territorial dimension

Associations working in a cultural field

Persons or groups

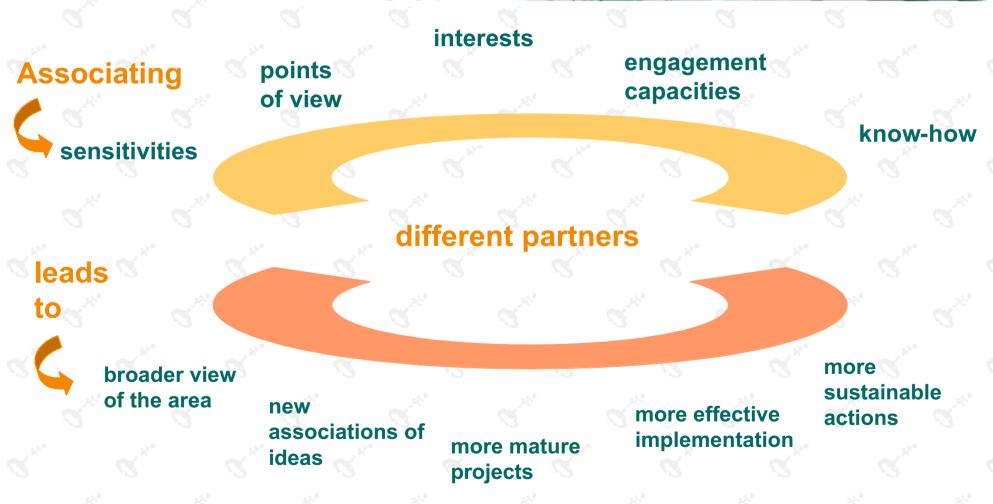
Economic players



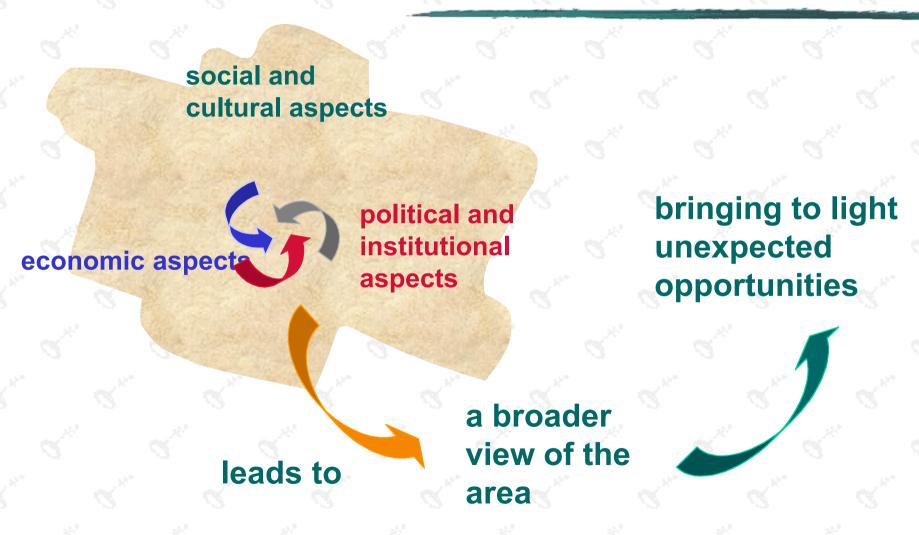
Public players



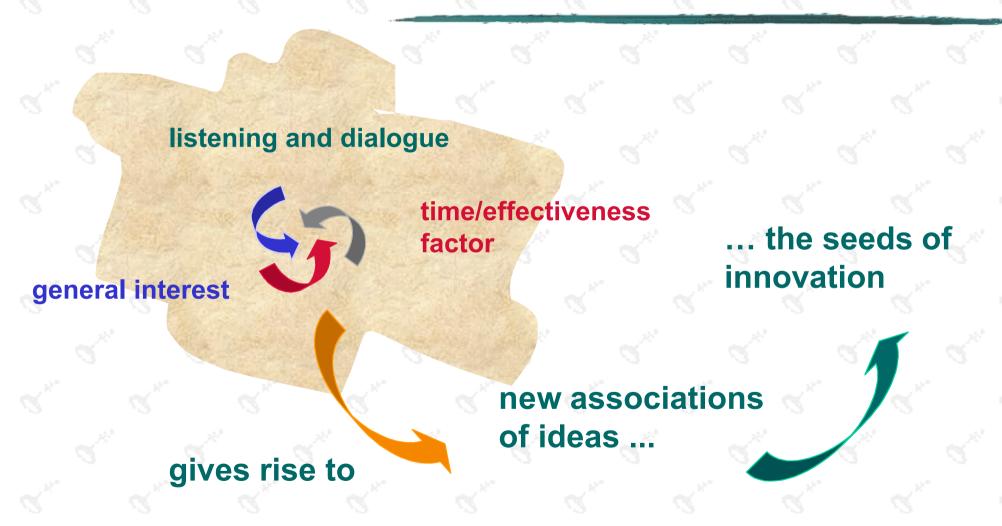
Partnership - the driving force for innovation



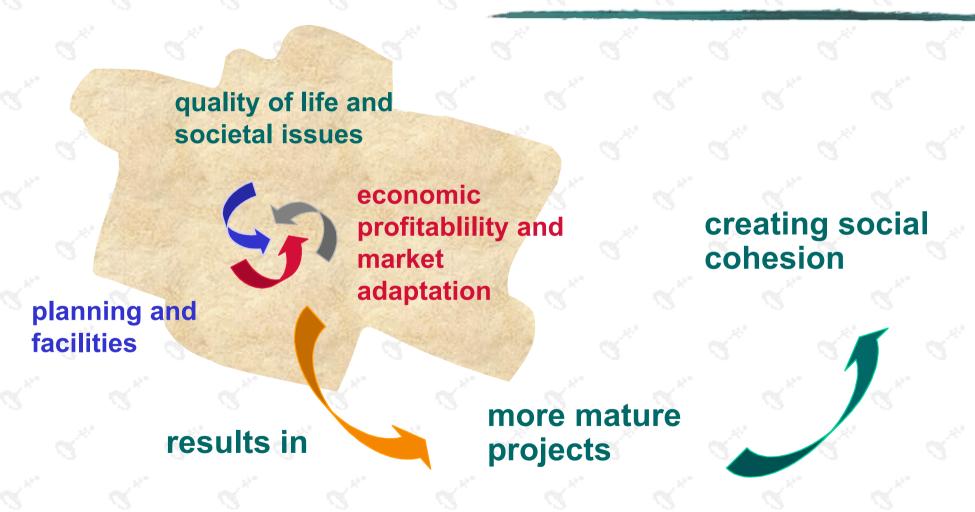
Associating sensitivities



Associating points of view



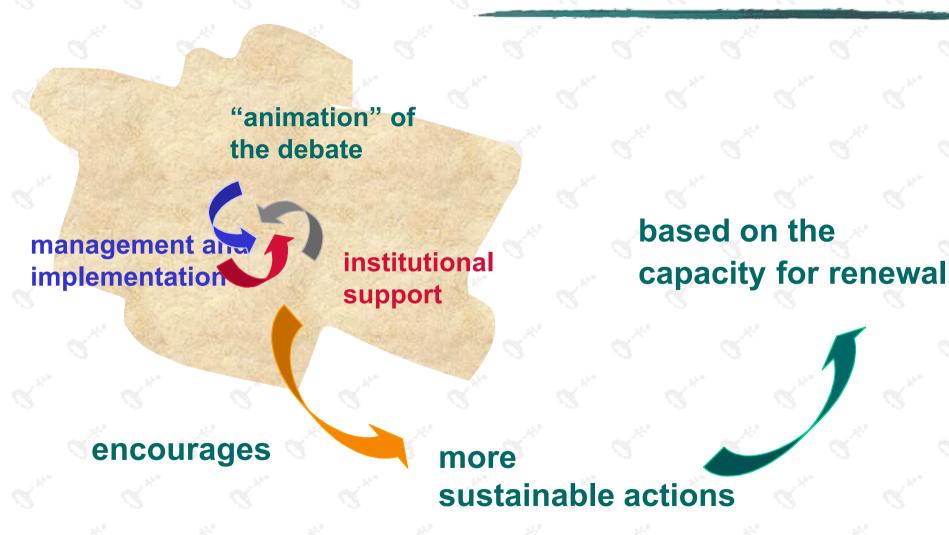
Associating interests



Associating the capacities for harnessing support



Associating know-how



Partnership chart



- 2- Debate, position and propose
- Representatives and resource persons
- Working groups



 Investors and administrations

- 4- Prepare, implement and monitor
- Project leaders



- 1- Instigate, identify and engage
- Limited partnership



- 5- Evaluate, adapt to needs and relaunch
- Stakeholders
- Strategic group

The LAG "galaxy

mation" partnership

Citizens and local organisations

External networks and research

> **Professional** interest groups

Local Other institutions and partners development programmes

> Territorial bodies (regions, **Member States, European** Union)

Local financial services

Sectoral administrative **bodies**

Looking ahead

- How do you obtain the effective participation of the entities involved in the partnership?
- How do you achieve broad representation within the partnership?
- Effect of the partnership approach on the local dynamic?
- Originality of the LEADER partnership?