

## Highlights

- Austria has an ambitious new reform programme, although it does not always directly build on previous reforms.
- Austria has recently invested heavily in higher education, reforming its funding system to boost quality.
- Austria has a comprehensive approach to citizenship education and aims to promote a holistic concept of citizenship.
- While Austria continues to spend 5 % of GDP on education, the outcomes do not match the spending levels yet.
- Those from poorer socio-economic and/or migrant backgrounds continue to have weak education outcomes.



[ec.europa.eu/education/monitor](http://ec.europa.eu/education/monitor)

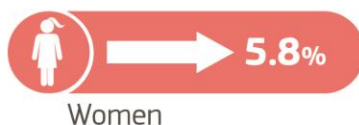
## Key indicators

		Austria		EU average	
		2014	2017	2014	2017
<b>Education and training 2020 benchmarks</b>					
Early leavers from education and training (age 18-24)		7.0%	7.4%	11.2%	10.6%
Tertiary educational attainment (age 30-34)		40.0%	40.8%	37.9%	39.9%
Early childhood education and care (from age 4 to starting age of compulsory primary education)		94.0%	94.9%	94.2%	95.3%
Proportion of 15 year-olds underachieving in:	Reading	19.5%	22.5%	17.8%	19.7%
	Maths	18.7%	21.8%	22.1%	22.2%
	Science	15.8%	20.8%	16.6%	20.6%
Employment rate of recent graduates by educational attainment (age 20-34 having left education 1-3 years before reference year)		87.2%	89.4%	76.0%	80.2%
Adult participation in learning (age 25-64)		14.3%	15.8%	10.8%	10.9%
Learning mobility	Degree mobile graduates	:	4.6%	:	3.1%
	Credit mobile graduates	:	9.8%	:	7.6%

## Early leavers from education and training (age 18-24)

Education and Training  
Monitor 2018

**Austria 7.4%**



Source: Eurostat (EU-LFS, 2017)  
Extracted on 08/2018  
Illustration: © European Commission



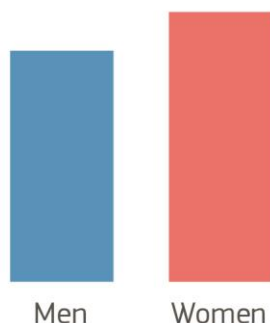
## Tertiary educational attainment (age 30-34)

Education and Training  
Monitor 2018

**Austria 40.8%**



**37.7%**   **44.0%**



Source: Eurostat (EU-LFS, 2017)  
Extracted on 08/2018  
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