





# DG ECFIN WORKSHOP: "Medium-term challenges for the Belgian economy"

The Current Institutional Setup of Belgium: Bonus or Handicap for the Economy?

By Prof. Giuseppe PAGANO

Three questions

conomic growth and efficiency

Size of government and fiscal consolidation

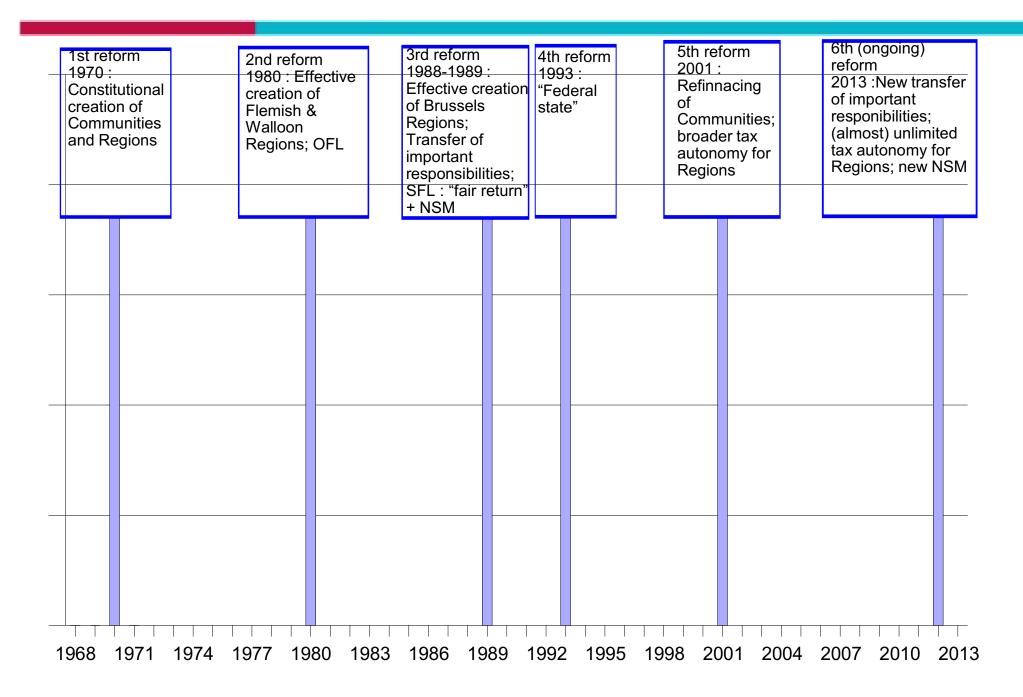
Solidarity and convergence

Conclusion

Const. Art. 1: Belgium is a federal state composed of Communities and Regions (1993)

"Double layer" or "twofold" system

ecentralization process: 6 stages



### Responsibilities of Communities Regions Education Economy Culture Research (broadcasting) Preventive side of health care nfrastructures Transport Local autorities Employment (training) Personal matters Airports Town planning

**Environment** 

Water & energy Agriculture

### Three questions

#### Three questions

### **Economic growth & efficiency**

## Size of government and fiscal consolidation

### Solidarity and convergence

Three questions

### conomic growth and efficiency

### **Economic growth and efficiency**

## Why decentralization fosters efficiency and ecnomic growth

Reduces cost of information

Makes choice possible (Tiebout)

Makes benchmarking possible

Makes tailored policies possible when preferences differ (Oates - 1972)

# Why decentralization curb efficiency and ecnomic growth and efficiency

Economies of scale or (increasing returns)

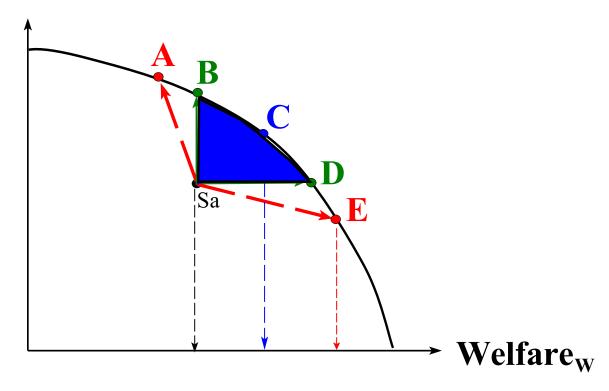
Makes structure more complicated

Spillover & tax export

### **Economic growth and efficiency**

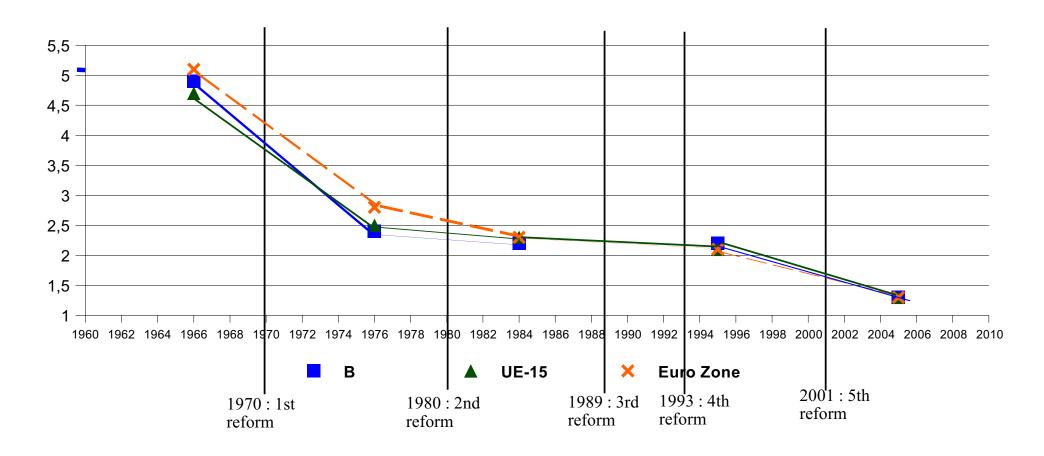
# Citizens' welfare can be improve by implementing the optimal level of centralization / decentralization





#### **Economic growth and efficiency**

## Did decentralization in Belgium have an impact on growth?



## Did decentralization in Belgium have an impact on growth?

Test:  $G_B = f(G_{UE} + Decentralization)$ 

Linear regressions								
Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig
OECD	0.745	0.000	UE	0.858	0.000	EZ	0.095 7	0.000
Period	0.006	0.961	Perio d	0.040	0.634	Perio d	0.048	0.542

## Did decentralization in Belgium have an impact on growth?

Decentralization in Belgium seems to have had little influence on overall economic growth. Between 1960 and 2010, Belgium has followed the global trend of OECD and EU towards reduced growth rates and there is no indication in data analysis that the reduction of the growth rates could have been in Belgium more or less significant than it has been elsewhere.

# Small open country (export = 80 % of GDP), sensitive to the economic cycle of its partner's

Belgian decentralization process also pursued non economic goals:

culture and language diversity, political stability

successfully

Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

Size of government and fiscal consolidation

(1) Size of government

## Why decentralization can increase the size of government

Multiplication of administrative bodies (two layer system)

Diseconomies of scale

## Why decentralization can reduce the size of government

Competition among federate entities

Avoid "Waffle-iron policy"



Automatically produces two waffles even when only one is needed or wanted

# Did decentralization rather increase or reduce the size of governmentin Belgium?

Test: 
$$PE_B = f(PE_{UE} + Decentralizat.)$$

Linear re	gressions							
Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig
OECD	1.971	0.000	UE	1.506	0.000	EZ	0.767	0.000
Period	-1.890	0.000	Period	-1.222	0.000	Period	-0.728	0.000

# Did decentralization rather increase or reduce the size of governmentin Belgium?

There is a strong indication that decentralization in Belgium at least did not hamper the reduction of the size of overall government, or even may have fostered it.

Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

## Size of government and fiscal consolidation

(1) Size of government

(2) Deficit

# Reducing the size of government generally implies reducing the deficit; What in Belgium?

Test: 
$$BB_B = f(BB_{UE} + Decentralizat.)$$

Linear regressions								
Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig
OECD	1.972	0.000	UE	1.237	0.000	EZ	0.954	0.000
Period	2.091	0.000	Period	1.638	0.000	Period	1.680	0.000

## Did decentralization play a positive role in the reduction of the deficit?

There is a strong indication that decentralization in Belgium at least did not hamper the reduction of the deficit, or even may have fostered it. This conclusion is coherent with the the preceding one.

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Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

## Size of government and fiscal consolidation

- (1) Size of government
- (2) Deficit
- (3) Public Debt

# The impact of decentralization on the level of public debt is probably of indirect nature: through deficit

# Did decentralization in Belgium play a positive role in the reduction of the debt ratio?

Test: 
$$PD_B = f(PD_{UE} + Decentralizat.)$$

Linear regressions	
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Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig	Indep. Var.	β	Sig
USA 1	0.518	0.119	UE	0.419	0.051	EZ	0.405	0.109
Period	3.346	0.342	Period	-22.063	0.000	Period	-24.806	0.000

### Did decentralization play a positive role in the reduction of the debt ratio?

Globally, there remains a strong indication that decentralization in Belgium at least did not hamper the reduction of the public debt, or even may have fostered it. This conclusion is coherent with the one of the preceding sections.

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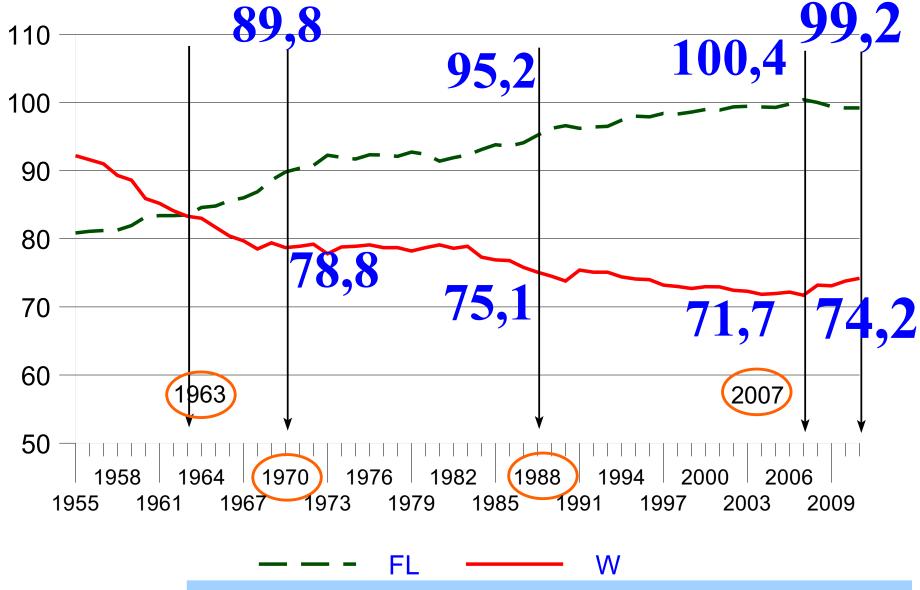
Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

Size of government and fiscal consolidation

# Solidarity and convergence (1) Solidarity

### GDP per capita; indices : Belgium = 100



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# Impact of "fair return" (Milliard Bef of 1989 or %)

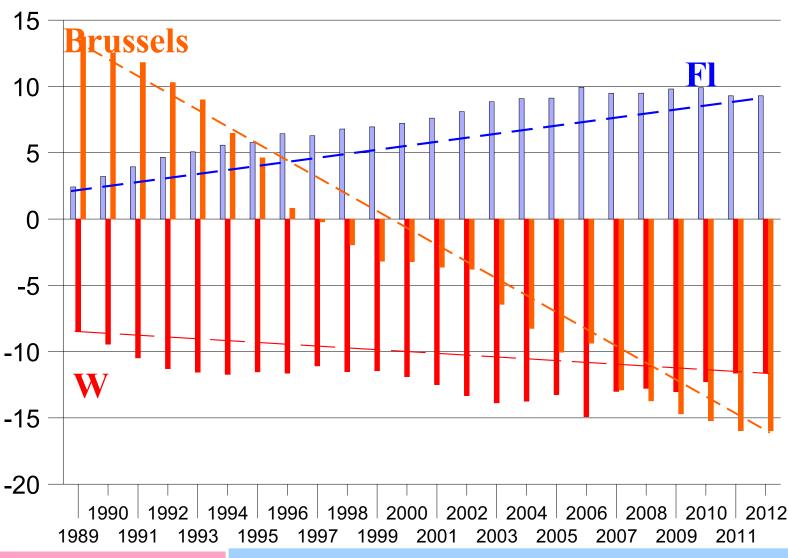
eg	Cost of Resp.	IT share (%)	"FR"	Diff.
FI	121.1	58.57	137.5	+16.3
W	87.3	30.07	70.6	-16.7
Brus	26.3	11.36	26.7	+ 0.4
Tot	234.7	100.0	234.7	0.0

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# The SFL of 1989 is based on the principle of "fair return" but also sets out a NSM

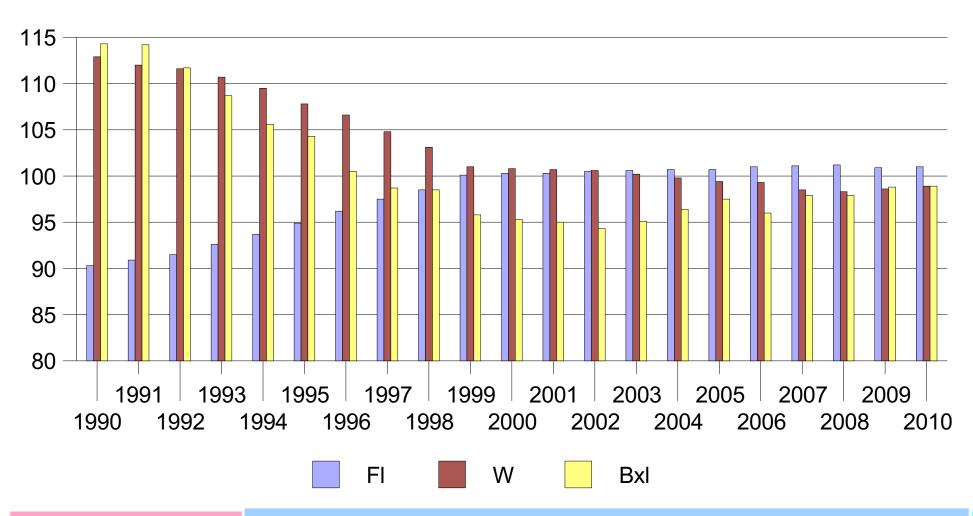
 $468 \, Bef \, indexed \, x \, Pop_R \, x \left( \frac{IT_B}{Pop_B} - \frac{IT_R}{Pop_B} \right) x \, 100$ 

## Solidarity and convergence Fiscal capacity



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### Solidarity and convergence Equalization and paradox of revenue



### **Poverty trap**

## Fair return and NSM have opposite effects; which one is strongest?

### **Poverty trap**

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	Walloon Region	Flemish Region	Brussels Region	Federal state
		Increase of Walloon IT		
NSM	- 41,3	0	4,8	
Fair return	27	- 23,9	4,8 - 3,2	1,0071,000
Total	- 14,2	- 23,9	1,7	136,5
76795569710	763.1901	Increase of Flemish IT	30430	
NSM	16,2	0	4,8	
Fair return	- 10,6	13,8	- 3,2	
Total	5,6	13,8	1,7	79
. 1000 2000	111500	Increase of Brussels IT	385.72	
NSM	16,1	0	- 52,6	
Fair return	- 10,6	- 23,9	34,5	
Total	5,5	- 23,9	- 18,2	136,5

Source: Pagano G. et Vandemoot J. (2010).

### **Poverty trap**

Is real but has to be tempered:

- does not exist if Communities are included,
- is slowly diminishing
- disappears with the 6th reform

Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

Size of government and fiscal consolidation

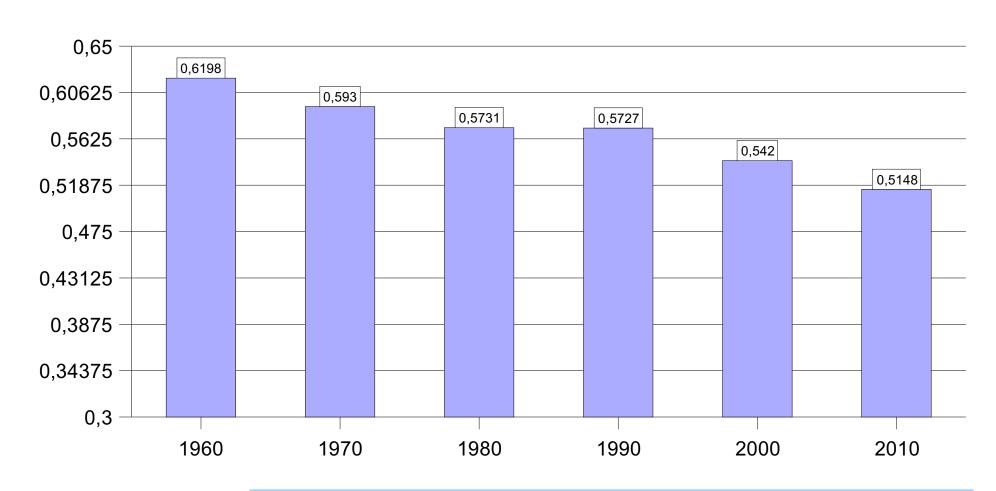
### Solidarity and convergence

(1) Solidarity

(2) Convergence

# Did the Regions of Belgium rather convergence or diverge through the decentralization process?

## Standard deviations (/ means) of GDP per capita



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Three questions

**Economic growth and efficiency** 

Size of government and fiscal consolidation

Solidarity and convergence

### Conclusion

#### **Conclusion**

### Decentralization in Belgium ...

- 1. Has probably not had any noticeable impact on growth
- 2. Has been efficient in preserving culture and language diversity and in preserving (to some extent) polictical stability (at least, at this stage; for the future, see your cristal ball...

#### **Conclusion**

### Decentralization in Belgium ...

- 3. Has probably had a positive impact on reducing the size of government, the deficit and the debt
- 4. Had been associated with a strong solidarity mechanism bringing about to large equalization of revenue per capita

#### **Conclusion**

### Decentralization in Belgium ...

5. Has been associated with a rather convergent evolution of GDP per capita

Thus... globally rather bonus than handicap for the Belgian society.





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Thank you very much...