

FLASH CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDICATOR FOR EU AND EURO AREA

In June 2013, the DG ECFIN flash estimate 1 of the consumer confidence indicator 2 improved markedly in both the euro area (-18.8 after -21.9 in May 2013) and the EU (-17.5 after -20.2 in May 2013). 3



source: European Commission services

Information

Computation of the Flash CCI

To compute the flash consumer confidence indicator for the EU and euro area, DG ECFIN uses the data available on the cut-off date. The estimation procedure combines historical data with information from those Member States for which data are available in the reference month. Experience has shown this procedure to be statistically reliable.

Further information on the computation procedure can be found in the <u>European Business Cycle Indicators</u> of January 2010. The European Commission publishes the Consumer Confidence Indicator every month. The data of the surveys is processed by the Directorate-General Financial and Economic Affairs (DG ECFIN), Unit Economic situation, forecasts, business and consumer surveys (A4), Sector Business and consumer surveys and short-term forecast.

To obtain additional information regarding these survey results you can contact the European Commission at the following addresses:

Email: ECFIN-BCS-MAIL@ec.europa.eu Website: http://ec.europa.eu/economy/finance/bcs

Upcoming releases: Economic Sentiment Indicator 27 June 2013

Business Climate Indicator for the euro area 27 June 2013 Flash Consumer Confidence Indicator 23 July 2013



¹ This month's Flash CCI for the EU aggregate is computed on the basis of consumer survey data from 26 EU countries, covering about 99.9% of the total private final consumption expenditure. For the euro-area indicator, the 16 countries included represent

² The consumer confidence indicator is built on selected questions addressed to consumers according to the Joint Harmonised EU Programme of Business and Consumer Surveys. More details on the consumer confidence indicator as well as long time series can be found via the following link: http://ec.europa.eu/economy_finance/db_indicators/surveys/index_en.htm

³ The improvements are partly driven by a significant increase in Italian data. Given a change in the sampling approach as from this month, there might be a break in the Italian series.