Compound	2-Ethyl hexanal (read-across from n-Butanal)		Factsheet	
Parameter	Note	Comments	Value / descriptor	
EU-LCI Value and Status				
EU-LCI value	1	Mass/volume [μg/m³]	900	
EU-LCI status	2	Draft / Final	Final	
EU-LCI year of issue	3	Year when the EU-LCI value has been issued	2013	
General Information				
CLP-INDEX-Nr.	4	INDEX		
EC-Nr.	5	EINECS – ELINCS – NLP	204-596-5	
CAS-Nr.	6	Chemical Abstract Service number	123-05-07	
Harmonised CLP classification	7	Human Health Risk related classification	Not harmonized	
Molar mass	8	[g/mol]	128.21	
Key Data / Database				
Key study, Author(s), Year	9	Critical study with lowest relevant effect level		
Read across compound	10	Where applicable	n-Butanal	
Species	11	rat, human		
Route/type of study	12	Inhalation, oral feed,		
Study length	13	Days, subchronic, chronic		
Exposure duration	14	Hrs/day, days/week		
Critical endpoint	15	Effect(s), site of		
Point of departure (POD)	16	LOAEC*L, NOAEC*L, NOEC*L, Benchmark dose,	EU-LCI for n-Butanal	
POD Value	17	[mg/m³] or [ppm]	$0.662 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
Assessment Factors (AF)	18			
Adjustment for exposure duration	19	Study exposure hrs/day, days/week		
AF Study Length	20	sa→ sc→ c ( <i>R8-5</i> )		
Route-to-route extrapolation factor	21	(1.0 0)		
AF Dose-response	22 a	Reliability of dose-response, LOAEL → NOAEL		
	22 b	Severity of effect (R 8-6d)		
<u>Inter</u> species differences	23 a	Allometric Metabolic rate (R8-3)		
	23 b	Kinetic + dynamic		
Intraspecies differences	24	Kinetic + dynamic Worker - General population		
AF (sensitive population)	25	Children or other sensitive groups		
Other adjustment factors Quality of whole database	26	Completeness and consistency Reliability of alternative data (R8-6 d,e)		

Result			
Summary of assessment factors	27	Total Assessment Factor (TAF)	
POD/TAF	28	Calculated value (µg/m³ <u>and</u> ppb)	
Molar adjustment factor	29	Used in read-across (100.16/72.11)	1.39
Rounded value	30	$[\mu g/m^3]$ (6.1 $\mu g/m^3$ x 1.39 = 920.3 $\mu g/m^3$ )	900
Additional Comments	31		

Rationale Section	32				

## Rationale for read-across

- Data poor compound: no adequate toxicological data for 2-ethyl hexanal exist from which a LCI could be derived directly using the de novo procedure.
- Read-across from EU-LCI value of butanal: within the chemical class 'saturated aldehydes', butanal is the closest homologue compound with an EU-LCI value: two additional CH<sub>2</sub> group in the aliphatic main side chain of 2-ethyl hexanal, and one in the second minor side chain.
- Toxicological critical endpoint for butanal: irritation (squamous metaplasia of the nasal cavity).
- The key assumption underlying the read across of the EU-LCI value from butanal to 2-ethyl hexanal is that both compounds have the same critical endpoint (irritation) and this is caused by the common functional group (and not by the additional CH<sub>2</sub> groups).

Compound	Structure	MW [g/mol]	EU-LCI value
2-ethyl hexanal	H <sub>3</sub> C H	128.21	? (read-across to be used) $900 \mu g/m^3$
butanal	ОН	72.11	650 μg/m <sup>3</sup> (de novo protocol)  Unrounded value: 662.1 μg/m <sup>3</sup> or 223.2 ppb

- Unrounded EU-LCI value of butanal:  $662.1 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3 \rightarrow$  to be used for read across EU-LCI of 2-ethyl hexanal.
- Cut-off rule in place: difference in change length between the two homologue compounds is larger than two CH2 groups per aliphatic chain → cut-off to hexanal.
- Thus, EU-LCI value for 2-ethyl hexanal is 662.1  $\mu$ g/m³. After MW conversion at 23 °C and 1.013 atm (+ cut-off rule at 2C): EU-LCI 2-ethyl hexanal = 662.1  $\mu$ g/m³ x 1.39 = 920.3  $\mu$ g/m³  $\rightarrow$  rounded to 900  $\mu$ g/m³.